



Enclosure 2: Department of the Navy





THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY
WASHINGTON DC 20350-1000

INFO MEMO

FOR: UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE (PERSONNEL AND READINESS)

FROM: John C. Phelan, Secretary of the Navy *John C. Phelan*

SUBJECT: Fiscal Year 2024 Department of Defense Annual Report on Sexual Assault in the Military

- **Purpose.** In response to your request, please see attached responses from the Department of the Navy, United States Navy, and United States Marine Corps to inform the *Fiscal Year 2024 Department of Defense (DoD) Annual Report on Sexual Assault in the Military*.
- **Background.** During Fiscal Year (FY) 2024, the Department of the Navy (DON) has advanced its sexual violence prevention and response capabilities to include integrated primary prevention, enhanced support to victims of sexual assault and sexual harassment, and research innovation.

In FY 2024, the Navy received 2,027 reports of sexual assault, representing a 4.4% increase from the previous year (1,942 in FY2023).

In FY2024, the Marine Corps received 1,239 reports of sexual assault, representing a 0.89% increase from the previous year (1,228 in FY2023).

- The Chief of Naval Operations, the Commandant of the Marine Corps, and I have a shared commitment to eliminate sexual violence throughout the DON.

Attachments:

Tab A – FY2024 Annual Report on Sexual Assault in the Military Executive Summary: DON

Tab B – FY2024 Annual Report on Sexual Assault in the Military Executive Summary: United States Navy

Tab C – FY 2024 Annual Report on Sexual Assault in the Military Executive Summary: United States Marine Corps

FY 2024 Annual Report on Sexual Assault in the Military: Department of the Navy

Executive Summary:

To optimize the fighting force, the Department of the Navy (DON) aims to eliminate sexual assault and sexual harassment and other harmful behaviors which undermine unit cohesion and threaten mission readiness of Sailors and Marines. The DON Office of Force Resiliency (OFR) achieves this aim by advancing sexual violence prevention and response efforts through training, policy development, data analytics, program evaluation, and implementing evidence-informed strategies to build resilience and sustain the well-being of the Total Force. In Fiscal Year (FY) 2024, DON OFR invested in integrated primary prevention, victim support, sexual harassment response, and research innovation. The DON made these investments in conjunction with its ongoing efforts to implement recommendations made by the Independent Review Commission on Sexual Assault in the Military (IRC-SAM). To date, the DON has fully implemented nearly half (20) of the IRC-SAM recommendations for which it is responsible (41).

Investing in Integrated Primary Prevention. By implementing tailored prevention strategies and advising commands on how to reduce harmful behaviors, the DON is equipping its leaders with the skills necessary to quickly address emerging harmful behaviors and set conditions for healthy command climates. The DON strengthened its prevention capabilities by making a historic investment in a professionalized workforce, established with dedicated, qualified personnel which support command efforts to prevent harmful behaviors across the Total Force. In accordance with the IRC-SAM and National Defense Authorization Acts (NDAA) 2022, 2023, and 2024, approximately one third of the DON's intended prevention workforce (over 660 personnel) were hired to work with Navy and Marine Corps leaders to implement evidence-informed strategies to reduce the prevalence of sexual violence. Additionally, DON OFR hosted an inaugural Integrated Primary Prevention Training Symposium on 23-25 April 2024, in Arlington, Virginia. This symposium provided enhanced knowledge and skill building opportunities for 120 personnel from the Navy and Marine Corps Integrated Primary Prevention Workforce on various aspects of initiating primary prevention programs, employing leadership engagement strategies, and instituting program evaluation methods. To further prevention-oriented skill development, DON OFR hosted a webinar on 20 September 2024, entitled *Identifying Risk and Protective Factors Related to Sexual Assault and Sexual Harassment*, which featured a subject matter expert in the field of violence prevention and response. The webinar was designed to assist stakeholders to identify risk and protective factors related to sexual assault and harassment, develop skills to intervene and address when they see these emerging behaviors, and improve command climates. Nearly 200 participants from the Sexual Assault Prevention and Response and Military Equal Opportunity Program Workforces representing Navy and Marine Corps installations throughout the globe participated in this engagement.

Standardization and Professionalization of the Sexual Assault Response Workforce. DON OFR is responsible for oversight of the Sexual Assault Response Workforce (SARW) and has played a critical role in supporting the revision of this workforce, including establishing standardized paygrades and functions for key personnel. The SARW is transitioning to fully civilian staff to decrease the need for collateral duty service members serving in those roles.

The DON continues to restructure its Sexual Assault Response Coordinators and Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Victim Advocates to improve coordination, collaboration, and consistency in victim support. To this end, DON OFR established eight standardized position descriptions, which had an immediate positive impact on recruiting and hiring efforts. DON OFR collaborated with Navy and Marine Corps to develop coordinated strategies, including establishment of a resiliency workforce planning team, to provide enhanced support to the Services in their efforts to fully implement the restructured SARW. These efforts have resulted in standardizing and professionalizing a fully civilian SARW of over 400 personnel to date (per NDAA 2024).

Enhancing Sexual Harassment Response and Prevention Efforts. DON professionalized investigative capabilities, designed policies that broaden options for victims, and developed a multi-purpose, centralized database. To prepare for the sexual harassment mission launched on January 1, 2025, the Naval Criminal Investigative Service bolstered its ranks by hiring 225 full-time employees. The agency prioritized recruiting, hiring, and training both new and experienced personnel. A robust training program was implemented, covering topics such as the nature of sexual harassment offenses, Uniformed Military Justice operating environment, investigative protocols, tools and techniques, and officer safety. This training was delivered through various methods, including specialized curriculum at the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC), training symposia conducted at NCIS Headquarters, mobile training teams, and on-the-job training.

Both the Navy and Marine Corps released interim guidance for the implementation of the confidential reporting option for sexual harassment. This change further empowers victims of sexual harassment by expanding access to a range of options based on victim choice and desired support.

The DON developed the Misconduct Report Incident Tracker (MRIT), a centralized case management system, to reliably track substantiated allegations of sexual harassment, publish outcomes of complaints and disciplinary actions, and collect data to inform prevention and response strategies. On 17 July 2024, the DON established MRIT as the sole system of record for information collection on sexual harassment and other Military Equal Opportunity behaviors. These efforts satisfy two IRC recommendations: “Services should publish nature and results of disciplinary actions related to sexual misconduct and disseminate this information to troops periodically,” “Publish data for SH complaints,” and other requirements contained in the 2020 NDAA.

Innovative Research Initiative. DON OFR piloted a research project to improve violence prevention specifically focusing on the intersection of sexual violence and alcohol use. DON OFR partnered with the Naval Health Research Center (NHRC), Brown University, and Georgia State University on the +Change Sailor project. This initiative aims to reduce alcohol misuse within the Navy by creating an online educational course tailored to individual Sailors using data on alcohol misuse and its connection to sexual assault risk. Findings are forthcoming.

United States Navy

In FY24, there were 2,027 reports of sexual assault in the Navy representing a 4.4% increase from FY23 (1,942). The Navy prioritized tools for commanders and standardizing its prevention and response workforce to prevent and respond to sexual violence. The Navy continues its efforts to enhance the environment for its Sailors by redefining the Culture of Excellence 2.0 (COE 2.0), the integrated prevention framework that provides actionable steps for building healthy command climates. Navy commands also utilize the new Commander's Risk Mitigation Dashboard (CRMD), a new tool for commanders to identify and increase their understanding of the risk of harmful and destructive behaviors within their units. To compliment these efforts, the Navy employed a phased hiring approach to ensure that the Fleet is fully staffed with highly skilled and well-trained personnel who are credentialed appropriately at the tactical, operational, and strategic levels to identify risk and protective factors to support commands in building healthy command climates. The Navy has also standardized its SARW to refine its victim advocacy and support capabilities. Hiring continues to be expanded for SARW personnel to increase civilian manning and to reduce the reliance on collateral duty service members in victim advocate roles. To bolster efforts regarding sexual harassment, Navy established a confidential process available to service members.

United States Marine Corps

In FY24, the Marine Corps received 1,239 reports of sexual assault, representing a 0.89% increase from FY2023 (1,228). The Marine Corps leverages an integrated prevention approach towards addressing sexual violence via Marine Corps Total Fitness (MCTF). Leaders work with Marines to center four domains (i.e., mental, physical, spiritual, and social) to develop the resiliency to respond to adversity in combat and in their daily lives. Leaders also utilize The Watch List, a research informed tool that assists in creating command climates that enhance protective factors and reduce risk factors related to sexual violence. Additional strategies for addressing sexual violence include enhanced partnerships with the Office of Special Trial Counsel (OSTC), Victims' Legal Counsel (VLC), the IPPW, and SARW to enable leaders to address and respond to harmful behaviors.

FY 2024 Annual Report on Sexual Assault in the Military: Navy

Executive Summary:

The Navy's Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program reflects the force-wide commitment to advancing the Navy's Culture of Excellence (COE) by building great people, leaders, and teams, and not tolerating, condoning, or ignoring sexual assault. People, leaders, and teams drive healthy unit climates to enhance unit connectedness and cohesion, and reduce risk factors that propagate toxic work environments, sexual harassment and sexual assault, and self- and other-directed harm.

The Navy's COE is a framework that helps to ensure every member of the Navy Team has the opportunity to become Forged by the Sea: becoming the best version of themselves and doing the most valuable work of their lives alongside people they trust and respect. Through the COE, the Navy deliberately builds upon the strength and resilience of our people focusing on their mind, body, and spirit, and providing them leaders who are not evaluated simply by the outcomes they achieve, but also by the effectiveness reflected by the culture and teams they build in delivering those outcomes.

The Navy advances our culture and cements a strong foundation to support mission readiness by revising standards and measures that simplify, streamline, and align how we develop our warfighters. The Navy's culture furthers the unmatched advantage of the American Sailor, preparing warfighting teams to execute, learn, and adapt faster than our adversaries.

The Navy is also implementing primary prevention initiatives by creating a skilled prevention workforce and improving victim support, recovery, resiliency, and reintegration by expanding the manning strength of civilian professionals in our sexual assault response workforce (SARW). The Navy continues to refine its victim advocacy and support capabilities, as well as its investigative and accountability components through readily available, high-quality support services and process improvement protocols. Navy's SAPR resources include Sexual Assault Response Coordinators (SARC), civilian and military Victim Advocates (VA), Deployed Resiliency Counselors (DRC), Victims' Legal Counsel (VLC), Chaplains, and medical and mental healthcare providers. These stakeholders work collaboratively with SARW personnel to direct response system coordination, ensure victim safety, facilitate access to restorative services and referrals, and ensure appropriate accountability throughout the Navy's response system.

The Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS) continued its efforts to ensure all special agents and investigators are highly trained and responsive to allegations of sexual assault. This effort, along with sustained collaboration with Special Victim Investigation and Prosecution (SVIP) personnel, the Office of Special Trial Counsel (OSTC) and VLC, is crucial for a holistic approach to sexual assault investigations. The overarching goal is to encourage victim participation without subjecting those who come forward to re-victimization.

In the first quarter of Fiscal Year (FY) 24, OSTC accomplished all statutory and regulatory requirements to achieve Full Operational Capability (FOC). Throughout FY24, the OSTC exercised exclusive prosecutorial authority over covered offenses under the Uniform Code of

Military Justice (UCMJ), as enumerated by 10 U.S.C. § 801(17). The OSTC and its authorities represent the culmination of significant reforms to the military justice system and the Navy's processes for adjudication of sexual assault offenses under the UCMJ. Additionally, the Navy Office of the Judge Advocate General (OJAG) and VLC Program (VLCP) improved the quality of legal support for victims of sexual assault through the addition of skilled personnel and an expansion of training courses. The goal of these changes and enhancements is to further support victims of crime and increase overall confidence in the military justice system.

The Navy's SAPR mission in FY24 diligently maintained the expectation that every Service member will promote an environment of dignity, respect, and trust. Institutional standards of professional behavior, continued implementation of the COE, and a robust training regimen for all practitioners in the SAPR space will invigorate a service-wide standard of mutual respect that fosters healthy command climates.

1. Goal 1—Prevention: “Institutionalize evidenced-based, informed prevention practice and policies across the Department so that all Military Service members are treated with dignity and respect, and have the knowledge, tools, and support needed to prevent sexual assaults.”

1.1 Strategic Summary: The Navy continues a phased hiring approach with its Integrated Primary Prevention Workforce (IPPW) to ensure infrastructure is in place across the Fleet to test fully manned proof of concept locations. The Navy prioritized IPPW hires that include strategic, operational, and tactical positions for testing the proof-of-concept at specific installations. These specialized hires allow for early assessment of effectiveness in primary prevention procedures. Additional IPPW positions will be prioritized to ensure fully manned strategic and operational levels, with a focus on areas that practitioners identify as prior risk through initial onsite installation evaluation (OSIE) visits. To better support workforce evaluation and establish a collaborative effort in IPPW mission sets, the Navy SAPR program leadership continues to meet with the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD) IPPW evaluation leads.

The Navy released Administrative Message (NAVADMIN) 051/24 redefining COE 2.0 in March 2024, along with the COE 2.0 Playbook and Placemat, to simplify, streamline, and align several Navy programs and concepts into an actionable approach for building a comprehensive organizational culture. These documents provide new tools for Command Triads to better understand and act on the needs of their people. The Navy also held the first annual COE 2.0 and IPPW Conference in August 2024, creating an opportunity for collaboration and connection for over 100 members of the Navy Culture Action Group, IPPW, and other stakeholders across the Fleet.

COE 2.0 builds local climates that produce teams that are ready to dominate in combat, solve hard problems, innovate new processes to achieve mission goals, and utilize the IPPW to prevent harmful behaviors. During the past year these initiatives helped lay the foundation for the launch of COE 2.0:

- Mental Health Playbook V1.1. Supports command leaders to address mental health issues when they occur, and to connect Sailors with the proper mental health care, at the right level, at the right time.
- Naval Military Personnel Manual (MILPERSMAN) 1320-307, Permanent Change of Station (PCS) Warm-Handoff. Ensures Command Triads maintain an unbroken chain of

supervision as a Sailor with known challenges or issues transfers from one command to another.

- NAVADMIN 006/24, Policy for the Assignment of Pregnant Sailors and Sailors Who Experience Perinatal Loss. This policy improves Sailors' ability to balance family and career goals and gives them some flexibility in assignments for continued career advancement, including the option to PCS to another geographic location to fill a critical gap ashore.
- Suicide Related Behavior Response and Postvention Guide. This document provides command leaders a streamlined reference to manage suicide crisis response, suicide related behavior response, reintegration, and suicide postvention, to include a detailed description of Immediate Superior in Command (ISIC) responsibilities in suicide prevention.

In support of COE 2.0, the following tools are now available to every Navy command:

- Warrior Toughness Placemat. The Navy is combining Warrior Toughness (taught at Recruit Training Command in Great Lakes, IL, since 2018) and Expanded-Operational Stress Control (taught Fleet-wide since 2020) into one continuum. This placemat is the first step in that process, outlining a series of skills scientifically proven to enhance personal and team performance, toughness, and resilience.
- Virtual Commanding Officer's (CO) suggestion box. This anonymous feedback is only available to the command triad and is automatically deleted every 90 days.
- Commander's Risk Mitigation Dashboard (CRMD), a new tool for commanders to better understand the risk of destructive behaviors within their commands, enabling them to take appropriate action.

Additionally, an IPPW-specific NAVADMIN is nearing completion and will provide interim guidance on the IPPW until a subsequent Office of the Chief of Naval Operations (OPNAV) IPP policy is released. This NAVADMIN introduces the IPPW, describes the IPPW proof-of-concept and phase-in plan, summarizes roles and responsibilities, and outlines leader expectations. This policy emphasizes the role of the IPPW to facilitate COE 2.0 efforts and support commands in setting, building, and assessing the foundation to foster healthy command climates.

Finally, all dedicated IPPW personnel at strategic, operational, and tactical tiers have been designated at credentialing levels 3 through 5, respectively. These staff are required to complete the full SPARX training and continuing education requirements as outlined in Department of Defense Instruction (DoDI) 6400.11. The Navy is in the process of finalizing expected credentialing for other IPP Support Personnel, detailed in the forthcoming Navy IPPW Policy.

The Navy also continues to work towards the completion of milestones within the Independent Review Commission on Sexual Assault in the Military (IRC-SAM) recommendations. Updates received during quarterly IRC-SAM Office of Primary Responsibility (OPR) Synchronization meetings are transferred to the OSD SharePoint Tool in ADVANA for official tracking of recommendation and milestone status. As of October of 2024, 11 recommendations have been marked as complete and 21 are currently in progress.

1.2 Hiring Integrated Primary Prevention Workforce (IPPW): In FY24, the Navy hired ashore and afloat civilian IPPW positions in phases, similar to the larger Force IPPW, and prioritized the implementation of a full vertical and horizontal prevention workforce infrastructure

at selected locations across the Navy enterprise. This hiring method tested IPPW command and control structure to gauge strengths and weaknesses in execution of Integrated Primary Prevention. The Navy focused on hiring operational and tactical staff throughout the year which included regional supervisory staff and local prevention coordinators and specialists. The Reserve Force also began hiring their IPPW according to their laydown plan.

FY24 Navy recruitment strategies included:

- Vacancy announcements (General Schedule (GS) and Non-Appropriated Fund (NAF)) posted on USAJOBS, Linked-In, and on Family Readiness websites across Navy regions.
- Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Victim Advocate (VA) and Embedded Integrated Prevention Coordinator (EIPC) positions posted as one job announcement on USAJOBS and www.mwr.org/jobs, indicating multiple positions in several locations to maximize the number of qualified candidates.
- Coordinated advertisements at university job fairs.
- Virtual and live job fairs.
- Dissemination of job opportunities to transitioning Service members and spouses.
- Recruitment relocation incentives for EIPC positions to attract qualified candidates.

Additionally, Navy practitioners collaborated throughout the year with stakeholders and hiring authorities across the Department of the Navy (DON) to ensure sustained forward momentum in executing hiring strategies. In FY24, the Navy participated in the DON Office of Force Resilience (OFR) monthly discussions and DoD Integrated Prevention Roundtable meetings, as well as completed tasking concerning hiring updates, the development of the DON IRC Workforce Dashboard to track hiring progress, Direct Hiring Authority (DHA) updates for the prevention and response workforces and outlined ongoing hiring challenges. The Navy hosted bi-weekly meetings with action officers across the Navy enterprise to solidify concept of operations, laydown plans, and proof of concept locations. The Navy's accomplishments included the following highlights:

- Chief of Navy Personnel (CNP), Command Naval Installation Commands (CNIC), and Four Star Fleet Commander's staffs' concurrence on the Navy's IPPW proof of concept and laydown plan to ensure vertical and horizontal incorporation across the Fleet.
- Strategic, operational and tactical level IPPW positions classified with outlined expected scope of work, roles and responsibilities.
- Position designator codes used to facilitate timely and accurate tracking of workforce staffing levels.
- Open, continuous position announcements throughout the Navy workforce.
- Position advertisements distributed to various State Liaison offices, coordinated with human services departments from local universities, social media job postings on installations, and Public Affairs Offices (PAO) disseminated job opportunities for Navy Fleet and Family Support Centers (FFSC).
- CNIC locations established weekly meetings with their Human Resources Offices (HRO) (both NAF and GS) and hiring managers to ensure that reviewers pulled candidate certificates and scheduled interviews expeditiously, and that managers monitored the status of new hires to the maximum extent possible.
- Monthly tracking spreadsheets and data analysis results used to inform higher headquarters about progress and challenges in hiring the prevention and response workforce.

- CNIC established the Integrated Primary Prevention Hiring Guide to support leaders and hiring managers in the selection, hiring, and onboarding of Regional Integrated Prevention Coordinators.

1.3 Efforts to Address Approved Independent Review Commission on Sexual Assault in the Military (IRC-SAM) Recommendations (Lines of Effort 2 & 3):

Line of Effort (LOE) 2.

The Navy took several actions to support the establishment of the service prevention workforce. Specifically, in accordance with IRC-SAM recommendations 2.1b and 2.1c, the Navy is developing a four-module performance evaluation and promotion system to allow for documented expectations for all leaders. This system aims to create and promote a high-performance culture while preventing destructive behaviors at the beginning of every performance cycle. Practitioners will document progress toward expectations in the system as part of the mid-cycle performance review and evaluation. Operators completed development of a proof-of-concept prototype for the four-modular system (Expectation Setting, Mid-cycle Performance Review, Performance Evaluation, and Promotion Recommendation) in December 2023. Development of an enhanced prototype, with fleet User Experience (UX) testing capabilities, commenced in January 2024 with Naval Warfare Information Center Pacific (NIWC-PAC).

Training for prevention workforce and enablers in support of IRC recommendation 2.2c (Tier-level Communities of Practice for Strategic, Operational, and Tactical IPPW personnel and key stakeholders) is ongoing. Training development and updates are in progress, to include contracted prevention training webinars and prevention workforce briefings, as well as establishment of an OPNAV and CNIC working group to inform a comprehensive training approach.

Throughout FY24, OPNAV N17 and CNIC conducted several site visits with a key selection of commands to engage in discussions on the IPPW with leadership, members of Command Resilience Teams (CRT), Fleet and Family Center staff, and others involved in preventing and responding to negative harmful behaviors and self-harm. The Navy continues to collaborate with DoD Integrated Prevention Technical Assistance Center (IPTAC) to develop resources to assist Navy IPPW personnel to identify and select prevention activities.

LOE 3.

The Navy continued its efforts to ensure comprehensive command climate assessments (CCA) regularly deploy in FY24. Commands complete the CCA using the Defense Organizational Climate Survey (DEOCS), specialized focus groups, interviews with personnel, and reviewing command records and reports. The CRT administers the CCA, and they lead development of subsequent action plans. The newly hired staff in the Navy's IPPW will provide support and consultation to CRTs and command leadership on CCAs to inform and instruct commands on the Navy Comprehensive Integrated Primary Prevention (N-CIPP) plans. NAVADMIN 152/24 provided updates on CCA processes, as directed by DoDI 6400.11, regarding DEOCs administration and CCA timelines.

Supplementing these efforts, the Navy Leadership Assessment Program (NLAP) is augmenting current command qualification eligibility screening processes. This program goes beyond only assessing an individual's technical abilities by placing attention on personal character and professional connection as part of the assessment process. The OPNAV instruction for Navy Personnel Assessment and Selection Programs is currently in the routing process, coupled with a specific Bureau of Naval Personnel (BUPERS) Instruction providing further guidance on NLAP processes. Naval leadership schools are implementing the MyNavy Coaching (MNC) process, through peer-to-peer coaching and a renewed focus on mid-term counseling. Coaching services are offered to NLAP participants to augment the feedback process and improve positive professional development. NLAP will move towards a phased Navy-wide implementation plan beginning in FY25. The forthcoming BUPERS instruction will require a narrative related to unit climate and handling of sexual harassment and sexual assault cases in the Remarks section for all service members ranked E-4 and above.

1.4 Future Plans: To advance Navy culture prior to an overhaul of the Performance Evaluation system, the Chief of Naval Operations (CNO) approved development of a Performance Expectation Management (PEM) platform, targeted for release in January 2026, which will include a performance expectation for all Navy Service members to "support a command climate of dignity and respect, and that all members play a role in preventing, responding to, and supporting victims of demeaning language, sexual harassment, and sexual assault." This new metric is a Navy-wide performance expectation that will be evaluated as part of mid-term and performance cycle close-out counseling. PEM is an effort to strengthen and standardize development and counseling mechanisms throughout the fleet, and to reward initiative, skills, performance, and hard work.

Moreover, one future policy proposal offers an interconnected modular performance evaluation and promotion recommendation system - known as Sailor Performance Appraisal and Recommendation (SPAR) - that enables documented and codified expectations to promote a high-performance culture while also preventing destructive behaviors at the beginning of every performance cycle. A Service member's progress toward their leadership's expectations will be documented as part of the mid-cycle performance review and performance evaluation. This record remains with the member and supervisor only, to encourage honest and constructive conversations between the two parties. A proof-of-concept prototype for SPAR is in development that will allow UX testing with the fleet in FY25.

Finally, the Navy will release an updated necessary conversations guide, providing all hands with tools to better listen to and understand each other, and the forthcoming Navy IPPW Policy will be released in Calendar Year (CY) 2025. These guides and tools are integral in generating a workplace environment that encourages understanding between members of different backgrounds, in direct service to preventing incidents of sexual assault and harassment in the military. Each effort described here is a part of that greater mission.

2. Goal 2—Victim Assistance & Advocacy: “Deliver consistent and effective advocacy and care for all Military Service members or their adult dependents, such that it empowers them to report assaults, promotes recovery, facilitates dignified and respectful treatment, and restores military readiness.”

2.1 Strategic Summary: Essential Navy staff corps organizations play a direct and active role in victim advocacy and assistance. The following information provides details on the specific lines of effort these organizations took that contribute to the Navy's victim-support mission, including new assessment mechanisms, training programs, and expansion of available reporting channels.

In FY24, CNIC HQ SAPR maintained its commitment to enhancing victim assistance and advocacy efforts through policy updates, training improvements, and strategic initiatives aimed at strengthening the overall Navy SAPR program. CNIC HQ SAPR continues to host Community of Practice (CoP) sessions, providing a forum for Sexual Assault Response Coordinators (SARC) and SAPR Victim Advocates (VA) to engage in productive discussions about the challenges and best practices in their roles. During the FY24 sessions, SARCs discussed a variety of key topics aimed at enhancing the effectiveness of SAPR programs across the Navy, including mentoring newly appointed SARCs, effective use of the Navy's Assessing for SAPR Eligibility Quick Tool, strategies for handling high-demand periods, and best practices for conducting safety assessments and case management groups. For SAPR VAs, the CoP sessions provided an opportunity to delve into the challenges they face in the field, from workload management to working with UVAs and leadership. Discussions also highlighted the resources, tools, and guidance that SAPR VAs and UVAs need to be successful in their roles, such as professional development opportunities and team collaboration strategies. The CoP sessions continue to serve as a critical space for SAPR professionals to collaborate, share knowledge, and address challenges, ultimately strengthening the overall effectiveness of the SAPR program.

CNIC HQ SAPR also updated training resources for SAPR personnel and key stakeholders to reflect current policies, best practices, and integrated primary prevention efforts. Product updates completed or begun in FY24 include:

- SAPR Resource Guide
- SAPR CO's Toolkit and CO Toolkit Brief
- CMG On-Demand Training
- SAPR Leadership On-Demand Training
- SAPR Professional Code of Ethics On-Demand Training
- 40-Hour Initial SAPR Victim Advocate Training (IVAT) and SAPR Pocket Guide
- Initial Sexual Assault Response Coordinator Training
- Initial SAPR Program Manager Training
- Guide to Developing SAPR Training
- SAPR 101 On-Demand Training

Additionally, CNIC HQ SAPR successfully hosted four live policy panel briefs, one for each quarter of FY24, which provided SARCs and SAPR VAs with education on a wide range of critical topics, including recent policy updates, SAPR confidentiality obligations, and the roles of the OSTC and Victims' Legal Counsel (VLC). The briefs also covered the broader Navy COE 2.0 initiative, fostering a culture of respect and accountability. The policy panels served as an important platform for open dialogue, enabling stakeholders to share knowledge and collaborate more effectively in responding to sexual assault cases.

Continuous assessment of Navy SAPR training and case reporting processes also yielded significant results. Upon completion of the 40-Hour IVAT course, CNIC SAPR received 1,663 voluntary survey responses addressing specific elements of the training material. The survey results are as follows:

- Training Material - 99% agreed that learning objectives were clear; 98% agreed that training material was covered adequately; 96% agreed that training activities and visual aids were appropriate and helpful
- Facilitation - 99% agreed that the trainer was competent and effective; 98% agreed the trainer managed the classroom effectively; 98% agreed that the trainer was able to answer questions appropriately
- Knowledge - 99% agreed that the training was applicable; 99% overall, agreed that the information presented was valuable to the role
- Preparedness- 99% agreed that they had the ability to review and explain reporting options; 99% agreed that they were prepared to respond to a victim presenting an immediate safety concern about self or others; 99% agreed that they have the ability to prioritize victims' needs by engaging leadership; 99% agreed that they are prepared to advocate for victims seeking assistance in difficult situations, such as retaliation
- Quarterly IVAT course summaries are provided by regions and installations for further evaluation.

For DoD Safe Helpline's semi-annual audit, conducted during the months of March and September, each Region verified and submitted any updates or changes to the listings for their SAPR 3-tier response and first responder numbers as they appear on the DoD Safe Helpline's website. Installation SARCs verified their Area of Responsibilities and called their SAPR 3-tier numbers as well as their local first responder numbers (Medical, VLC, Chaplain, Military Police, and Civilian Providers) to test their responsiveness and capture any changes to the listings. CNIC implemented change requests for DoD Safe Helpline immediately. DoD Safe Helpline also conducted the Responder Verification Process (RVP) in March 2024. The Navy March Preliminary Report produced data showing SARCs at an 89% success rate, Responders at 76% success, and 79% overall success for the Navy. The Navy September Preliminary Report resulted with SARCs at 93% success, Responders at 79% success, and 83% overall success for the Navy. CNIC HQ SAPR continued efforts to close these verification gaps through routine monthly and semi-annual reconciliation of 172 Navy SAPR-related response phone lines.

Continuous training programs are also a major contributor to success in the Navy SAPR program. Additional training efforts in FY24 focused on integrating updated SAPR policies into leadership training for senior shore leaders in charge of installation commands to ensure they are aware of and equipped with the latest SAPR policy and tools to properly and compassionately support victims. The Senior Shore Leadership Course (SSLC) is a mandatory course for CNIC Prospective Triad members (Commanding Officers, Executive Officers, Regional Chiefs of Staff, Command Master Chiefs and Senior Enlisted Leaders), and it is a key part of CNIC's leadership development strategy. Over the course of FY24, 90 senior leaders from various installations and regions participated in the SSLC, where CNIC staff provided briefs on key SAPR policy updates, including changes related to retaliation, expanded eligibility for SAPR services, the revised 2910 form series, and civilian reporting procedures. These

updates were also incorporated into the CMG Training Curriculum, reinforcing senior leaders' administrative responsibilities and victim support.

Expansion of reporting mechanisms also greatly improved the Navy's sexual assault prevention capabilities. In FY24, the Navy and Marine Corps collaboratively developed and standardized marketing materials and information with DON OFR on sexual assault and associated retaliation reporting options, collectively referred to as the "Right to Report." Informational products included a website, a brochure entitled "Understanding Retaliation Related to an Unrestricted Report of Sexual Assault", and two posters to appear in high-traffic areas of commands and units: "Options for Reporting Retaliation Related to an Unrestricted Report of Sexual Assault" and "Reporting Options for Adult Victims of Sexual Assault." Additionally, CNIC HQ SAPR provided clarifying guidance and reinforced existing policies regarding the placement of marketing posters in high-traffic areas and locations where SAPR staff typically post informational materials. This guidance emphasized adherence to policy on the required content, reflected current policy, and contained accurate contact information for eligible reporters.

Expansion of reporting mechanisms also greatly improved the Navy's sexual assault prevention capabilities. In FY24, the Navy and Marine Corps collaboratively developed and standardized marketing materials and information with DON OFR on sexual assault and associated retaliation reporting options, collectively referred to as the "Right to Report." Informational products included a website, a brochure entitled "Understanding Retaliation Related to an Unrestricted Report of Sexual Assault", and two posters to appear in high-traffic areas of commands and units: "Options for Reporting Retaliation Related to an Unrestricted Report of Sexual Assault" and "Reporting Options for Adult Victims of Sexual Assault." Additionally, CNIC HQ SAPR provided clarifying guidance and reinforced existing policies regarding the placement of marketing posters in high-traffic areas and locations where SAPR staff typically post informational materials. This guidance emphasized adherence to policy on the required content, reflected current policy, and contained accurate contact information for eligible reporters.

In conjunction with these efforts, Navy Medicine continued to provide uninterrupted sexual assault medical forensic care both ashore and afloat during FY24. Navy Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examiners (SAMFE), assigned to Defense Health Agency (DHA) military medical treatment facilities (MTF), conducted 308 sexual assault forensic exams (SAFE) in FY24, compared to 306 SAFEs in FY23. U.S. Fleet Forces Command (USFFC) and U.S. Pacific Fleet (USPACFLT) SAMFE-trained medical personnel performed 20 SAFEs in deployed and underway settings, compared to 23 exams during FY23.

In addition, Navy Medicine reported 133 certified SAMFE personnel across Navy-led MTFs worldwide – a 9 percent decrease compared to FY23. Navy Medicine took mitigating steps to ensure that command funding will be made available for every prospective SAMFE student seeking to enroll in any of the in-residence initial SAMFE courses offered at the Tri-Service SAMFE school house, located at Fort Sam Houston in San Antonio, TX. A mobile training course option is in development and scheduled to debut in FY26, to allow candidates outside the continental United States (OCONUS) access to the SAMFE course. The mobile course also offers a benefit to candidates facing temporary additional duty (TAD) or temporary duty station (TDY) barriers in the Indo-Pacific and European areas of responsibilities (AOR) at least six times per FY.

USFFC and USPACFLT provided direct oversight of 62 operational SAMFEs who were stationed aboard 34 SAFE-enabled units/vessels, eight Fleet Surgical Teams, two Aegis Ashore ballistic missile defense capabilities in Poland and Romania, and one Fleet Health Services complement in Singapore. To ensure medical personnel report to their duty station fully qualified, intermediate stop orders are automatically funded for these operational healthcare providers to attend the Tri-Service SAMFE school house prior to reporting to their duty station.

Finally, in January 2024, Navy Medicine elevated Warfighter capability by organizing and hosting its second annual virtual SAPR Summit. Nearly 400 Tri-Service frontline stakeholders (i.e., SARCs, SAPR VAs, etc.) received prevention-focused training from subject matter experts from NCIS, OPNAV N17, and the Tri-Service SAMFE schoolhouse.

2.2 Professionalize the Sexual Assault Response Workforce (SARW): In addition to policy panels, CNIC HQ SAPR hosted two key training series for the Sexual Assault Response Workforce (SARW) in FY24. The May Mental Health and Wellness Series and the Summer SARC Leadership Series promoted the professional development of SARCs and SAPR VAs. The training sessions focused on enhancing leadership skills, promoting personal well-being, and addressing the latest SAPR best practices. Both series provided educational opportunities to ensure that the response workforce remains informed, motivated, and prepared to effectively support victims. Participants found both series to be informative and useful in carrying out their duties and responsibilities. Exit survey feedback provided SAPR Analysts information to revise, develop and refine future sessions and series.

2.3 SARC and SAPR VA DoD Sexual Assault Advocate Certification (D-SAACP) Suspension, Revocation, and/or Reinstatement:

POSITION	FY24 SUSPENSION OF CERTIFICATION	FY24 REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATION	FY24 REINSTATEMENT
SARC	0	0	0
Civilian SAPR VA	0	1	0
Military SAPR VA	3	2	0
Total:	3	3	0

Overall, the number of suspensions, revocations and reinstatements did not change from FY23. The Navy did not have any suspensions or revocations of certification for SARCs, while suspensions for Civilian VAs remained at zero and revocations increased to one. Suspensions of UVAs remained consistent with FY23 at three and revocations decreased to two. The number of reinstatements across the workforce remained at zero.

2.4 Sexual Assault Forensic Exam (SAFE) Kits: Navy medical care of Service members was not hindered due to a lack of SAFE kits or any other resources over the course of the last year. Navy Medicine, USFF, USPACFLT, and Navy Criminal Investigative Services (NCIS) ensured that all SAFE-enabled MTFs, units, and platforms maintained enough SAFE kits and

toxicology kits for unit deployments and operational missions. In a proactive stance, the SAMFE program managers at Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery (BUMED), Naval Medical Forces Pacific, Naval Medical Forces Atlantic, and DHA held contingency talks to ensure swift implementation of resource sharing processes in the event any SAFE program reported any supply shortfalls.

Additionally, there were no issues at MTFs with respect to the availability of supplies for testing and treatment for sexual transmitted infections and diseases (e.g., Human Immunodeficiency syndrome (HIV)) or for pregnancy.

2.5 Military Protective Orders: Commanding Officers issue Military Protective Orders (MPO) as lawful orders to ensure one or more Service members do not contact one another which may apply in situations involving alleged victims and offenders of sexual offenses. An MPO is issued on a DD Form 2873 Military Protective Order and is only enforceable against Service members, but COs may coordinate with local civilian authorities to adopt mirrored language in a civilian protective order. The CO will retain a copy of the DD Form 2873 and provide the parties with a copy of the form. The status of requests for MPOs are included on the CMG checklist and reviewed each meeting. Commanding Officers and law enforcement discuss violations of MPOs and actions taken to ensure the safety of the victim as necessary. Each MPO is tracked via DSAID.

In FY24, Navy commanders issued 192 MPOs in response to allegations of sexual assault, with five violations of those orders reported. Commanders issued 43 denials of MPOs, with the most common justifications being:

- Subject type was known to be military, but subject was not named/identified for issuance.
- Subject was a DoD civilian employee or some other kind of civilian (e.g., neighbor, friend) and a MPO was not applicable.
- Subject was a stranger to the victim and not named/identified as a Service member.

2.6 Appropriate Care in Deployed Environments: In accordance with OPNAVINST 1752.1C, SARC work directly with commands to ensure all training, to include pre- and post-deployment trainings, takes place in a timely manner and does not impede the mission. Prior to deployment, SARCs work directly with COs to ensure Command SAPR programs are 100% compliant with Navy policy, always requiring a minimum of two collateral duty VAs.

During Carrier Strike Group (CSG), Amphibious Readiness Group (ARG), or independent unit deployment workups, SARCs work with individual units (e.g. Command Triad, CD VAs, DRCs) and command staff (e.g. CSG, ARG, Destroyer Squadron (DESRON)) to ensure all SAPR stakeholders are trained and prepared to support victims of sexual assault. SARCs also ensure DRCs and CD VAs are engaged in continuous education and are on track to maintain their D-SAACP credentials while deployed, further ensuring continuous capability to support victims afloat or ashore. Additionally, Individual Augmentee deployed personnel are provided with information on local support services.

The SAPR Program has a mission requirement to provide an appropriate and timely response in any case of a reported sexual assault in a deployed or OCONUS environment. CNIC HQ

conducts monthly SAPR validation calls to ensure 24/7 Response Lines are functioning and that calls are being answered appropriately. Due to differences in overseas technology and costs, many OCONUS environments experience connectivity issues, which have the potential to delay a response. Navy continues to address challenges and barriers to communication with information technology and command stakeholders.

Navy Medicine continues to develop innovative methods for supporting afloat, deployed, and overseas SAMFE providers. The BUMED SAPR Office is in constant communication with Fleet Health Services at USFFC and PACFLT to ensure that the 62 operational SAMFEs stationed aboard ships, surgical and fleet health units, and Aegis Ashore facilities, are ready to offer uninterrupted SAFEs. Navy Medicine also maintains communications with the Medical Officer of the Marine Corps regarding SAFE services for Marines deployed as a part of a Marine Expeditionary Unit embarked on an ARG. In addition, in FY 24, all 31 Fleet-designated and deployment-bound students who registered to attend the initial two-week Tri-service SAMFE school course aboard Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, TX, were given top priority for course quotas.

The regional SAPR officers assigned to Naval Medical Forces Pacific and Naval Medical Forces Atlantic also met with the embedded medical staff of USNS Mercy (T-AH-19) and USNS Comfort (T-AH-20) prior to each of their FY24 multinational humanitarian assistance and disaster relief missions, Pacific Partnership 2024 and Continuing Promise 2024, respectively, to ensure an adequate number of SAFE kits as well as the correct equipment were stocked prior the start of each deployment.

Finally, NAVMED 6310/5, the “Department of the Navy Sexual Assault Restricted Reporting Evidence Submission Chain of Custody” form, was updated to provide data fields for which a SAMFE could list out (with greater intricacy and detail) each piece of evidence being submitted to the NCIS Consolidated Evidence Facility for storage.

From a victim legal services perspective, Navy VLC offices are in 28 locations around the globe including Bahrain, Spain, Italy, Guam and Japan. Although all the Services support operations in and around the Middle East, the Navy is the only Service with a permanent VLC billet in the Arabian Gulf to ensure victims stationed in the region or arriving on ships during frequent port calls have VLC immediately available.

Navy victims in remote locations or deployed on ships are provided immediate VLC contact via remote means through the closest VLC office or the VLC office located in the homeport of a deployed ship, whichever is most quickly available in or near that time zone. In-person contact with VLC is arranged as soon as practicable given the victim’s location, operational considerations, and travel/safety restrictions.

To facilitate victim access to services in remote locations globally, the VLCP maintains an internally controlled travel budget earmarked specifically for VLC mission essential travel. VLC are equipped with Wi-Fi capable laptops, tablets, and smart phones with international calling capabilities to facilitate maximum virtual contact options with victims regardless of the victim’s available technology or preferences.

In addition, the Special Victims' Counsel (SVC) and VLC programs across the Services signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) in FY21 formalizing a long-standing agreement to provide victims' counsel services to other Service victims when a SVC/VLC of the victim's own Service is not immediately or locally available. The Service programs regularly coordinate inter-service support of victims under this MOU.

2.7 Victim Expedited Transfer Request Oversight in Monthly Case Management Group

(CMG) Meetings: There are no CMG notes documenting the circumstances of a delayed expedited transfer. However, a DSAID CMG quality assurance review found 65 cases identifying challenges with the execution of expedited transfers within the required timeframe. There were 41 expedited transfers outside of the requestor's current command's geographical area that took longer than 30 days to process and 24 local expedited transfers that took longer than 7 days. The top three reasons for delays were victim choice, unit deployed/underway, and additional time needed for the victim to be medically cleared from limited duty status. The Navy and Marine Corps collaborated with DoD SAPRO to develop a robust DSAID Change Request to more effectively document and track delays associated with Expedited Transfers.

2.8 SAPR-Related Inquiry Catch a Serial Offender (CATCH) Entries Utilizing a DD Form 2910-4:

CNIC HQ SAPR facilitated CNIC-hosted webinars on the DD Form 2910 series with a special focus on utilization and proper DSAID encryption and retention requirements. The training, coupled with ongoing DSAID quality assurance, has ensured proper utilization of the 2910-4 and document retention. CNIC trainings highlighted the expanded eligibility for individuals who do not file an official sexual assault report but elect to submit a CATCH entry via a SAPR-Related Inquiry, to include DoD civilian victims with identified military subjects. The training, along with ongoing collaborative CATCH and DSAID quality assurance, ensures that all report managers are properly maintaining the CATCH program within the CATCH system and maintaining proper form encryption, as well as retention of SAPR Related Inquiries (SRI) within DSAID for those who elect to participate in the CATCH program. The training has a train-the-trainer component designed for the facilitation of the training by Region SAPR Program Managers and SARCs when training newly hired and appointed SAPR personnel, thereby increasing the opportunities for personnel to receive the training in a timely manner. The training can also be facilitated as refresher training.

In addition, all Navy SARCs completed the mandatory DoD SAPRO CATCH02 (CATCH training for SARCs) via Joint Knowledge Online (JKO). All SARW are provided CATCH Program materials to include the Victim Information Sheet, CATCH Program Procedures, and CATCH Program Talking Points for SARCs. These items are also readily available via the CNIC Milbook Website and sapr.mil/catch.

2.9 Efforts to Address Approved IRC-SAM Recommendations: The co-location model is already in effect at Navy Fleet and Family Support Centers. There are approximately 5 locations where the co-location model is partially in effect, but CNIC did not discover any gaps in support for members in FY24, with suitable access to focused entities supporting victims.

Collaboration between SAPR stakeholders also improved, creating greater overlap in support networks for reporting victims. CNIC HQ SAPR introduced and hosted a Collaboration Working Group on a quarterly basis with the following stakeholders to improve coordination,

collaboration, and consistency in victim support: NCIS, BUMED, DHA, CNIC HQ Integrated Primary Prevention Program (IPP), CNIC HQ Family Advocacy Program (FAP), OSTC, VLCP, and OPNAV N17. Each member brings specific experience to the prevention mission and expands the Navy's SAPR network capacity.

In February 2024, NAVADMIN 022/24 established the confidential sexual harassment reporting process available to service members. OPNAV N17 provided several training opportunities for SAPR Personnel to discuss and answer questions about the new confidential reporting option for sexual harassment and further explained the specific procedures when implementing the No Wrong Door approach. If a Service member discloses sexual harassment directly to a SARC or SAPR VA, those personnel will:

- Assist the Service member to address any immediate safety needs, explain their sexual assault reporting options (as applicable), and recommend any behavioral health or other services that may be helpful.
- With Service member's permission, conduct a warm hand-off, as outlined in the DON No Wrong Door Policy, to the Command Climate Specialist (CCS) or the Command Managed Equal Opportunity (CMEO) program manager.
- If a Service member declines the warm hand-off, the SARC or SAPR VA is not required to notify the Service member's CO or commander, the CCS, or the CMEO program manager.

Navy Medicine continued its ongoing partnership with DoD SAPRO, DHA, PACFLT, USFFC, The Medical Officer of the Marine Corps, NCIS, and OPNAV N17 to lay the groundwork for full implementation of IRC recommendation 4.1d "Train Independent Duty Corpsmen to be Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examiners so patient care and evidence collection can be provided in deployed and isolated environments." To facilitate the identification and preservation of crucial evidence, this recommendation mandates that victims are offered non-intrusive forensic evidence collection and appropriate care in deployed and isolated settings prior to being transferred to a higher echelon of care. The Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs (OASD(HA)) placed a temporary hold on this evolution midway through FY24 to determine whether healthcare personnel other than trained SAMFEs could collect evidence, and, if proposed chain of custody procedures inherent in this initiative satisfied the appropriate legal tests.

2.10 Future Plans: CNIC HQ SAPR developed a set of training plans aimed at further enhancing the professional development and capabilities of the SARW, with a continued focus on victim assistance and advocacy, and overall resiliency. Building on the success of the 2024 SARW Mental Health & Wellness Series and Summer SARC Leadership Series, CNIC HQ SAPR is committed to offering more specialized training opportunities in FY25 that will further refine the leadership and facilitation skills of SARCs and VAs.

The 2025 Winter Leadership Series will focus on key areas essential for enhancing the effectiveness of SARCs and VAs in the field, covering topics such as Adult Learning Theory, Facilitation Finesse, and Facilitating Standardized Curriculum. These sessions will equip SARW personnel with the tools and techniques needed to deliver more engaging and impactful training

to their peers and team members, ensuring that SAPR education is not only effective but also tailored to the needs of adult learners. The goal of this series is to enhance the ability of SARCs to facilitate training that is both informative and compelling, helping to improve the quality of support provided to victims.

In support of Mental Health Awareness month in May the SARW Mental Health & Wellness Series will increase SARW knowledge to recognize burnout, manage stress and coping mechanisms, and recommend mindfulness practices. The series will target individual-level strategies, strengthening supervisory confidence and skills to support employees and navigate resources. These practices will increase resiliency skills for SARW members that are at greater risk of burnout, secondary traumatic stress, vicarious trauma, and compassion fatigue.

The Navy is also currently developing a Health & Wellness Pilot program to target SARW members' time and access to resources. The pressures of delivering a 24/7 response capability, crisis intervention, and frequent exposure to secondary trauma exposes the SARW to chronic workplace stress, including exhaustion, depersonalization, and reduced personal accomplishment. The Health & Wellness Pilot will permit select installations' SARW members to voluntarily participate in up to three hours of administrative leave per week, based upon supervisor recommendation and mission requirements. This approach strengthens the Office of Personnel Management's (OPM) 8 Dimensions of Wellness through participation in command-sponsored fitness and health promotion program, including physical activities, preventative health events, and education on health promotion topics (such as nutrition and exercise principles). Increasing the workforce's awareness and knowledge of wellness services and resources is a best practice and prioritizes leading a healthier and more positive lifestyle and state of mind. The Navy anticipates that increased access and support to strengthening wellness will positively impact SARW victim advocacy and support duties.

Additionally, CNIC HQ SAPR plans to increase the frequency and scope of training sessions to ensure that SARCs and VAs are not only equipped with the latest policies and procedures but also have the leadership skills needed to foster strong, supportive environments within their units and communities. Training efforts are continually evaluated for effectiveness and modified to address emerging needs, ensuring that the SARW is always prepared and equipped to provide the highest standard of victim advocacy.

Finally, the Navy Surgeon General's four main Lines of Effort (LOEs) greatly influenced the Navy SAMFE program, specifically the increase in Sailor and Marine deployment support (i.e., SAFEs are offered aboard aircraft carriers and large-deck amphibious assault ships), the provision of quality healthcare and patient safety programs across the Naval Force (i.e., medical management is trauma-informed, victim-centered, compassionate, non-judgmental, and specific to one's biological sex), and the retention and reintegration of Navy victims back into the warfighting force.

With these LOEs in mind, Navy Medicine and DHA are currently refining annual refresher training delivery through didactic and hands-on simulation (i.e., mock exam) methods, in order to ensure that SAMFEs in the MTF and operational settings can maintain their skillset after attending the initial SAMFE course.

3. Goal 3—Investigation: “Sustain a high level of competence in the investigation of adult sexual assault using investigative resources to yield timely results.”

3.1 Strategic Summary: In FY24, NCIS expanded its personnel support for sexual assault investigations as part of the DON’s five-year plan to establish a dedicated career track for special victim investigators pursuant to IRC Recommendation 1.4. The increase of 42 personnel included additional field elements such as special agents and supervisors, investigators, forensic graphics specialists, and digital forensic examiners, as well as support staff including information technology and human resources specialists.

In April 2024, in conjunction with National Sexual Assault Awareness Month, NCIS launched a new sexual assault information webpage on the NCIS public-facing website, to lower the barriers to sexual assault reporting by educating victims on the NCIS investigative process and preparing them for a potential investigative interview. This NCIS initiative will empower victims to make a more informed decision about their participation in the military justice process and help them understand what to expect when reporting a sexual assault to law enforcement. This effort initiative builds upon the 2023 update to the NCIS TIPS Web and Mobile App that provides a specific reporting mechanism for sexual assault. Notably, sexual assault reporting through NCIS Tips increased 17% in FY24. Of the 77 total sexual assault Tips reported in FY24, 30 of those Tips resulted in an investigation of some type (39%).

In addition to its internal process improvements, NCIS established the NCIS-OSTC Liaison Program to support inter-office collaboration during the investigation and prosecution of certain military justice offenses. The Liaison Program co-locates NCIS investigative personnel within Navy and Marine Corps OSTC offices to increase organizational communications in covered offenses and to assist with minor investigative endeavors while preparing special victim cases for prosecution once the active phase of the investigation is complete.

Additionally, in furtherance of NCIS Special Victim Investigation and Prosecution (SVIP) efforts, NCIS created a new SVIP screen within the NCIS case management and investigative reporting system to better capture and document collaborative efforts between NCIS investigators, OSTC prosecutors, and SAPR victim advocacy personnel. This new feature streamlines SVIP data reporting requirements for NCIS case agents, reduces redundancies in documentation, and increases efficiencies in investigative case reporting.

NCIS also implemented a new mobile training team (MTT) initiative to provide special agents in the field with education on and tools for conducting more effective adult sexual assault investigative interviews. This training offers scientific and legal perspectives along with investigative interview guidance and recommendations. The training will assist field agents in conducting thorough and effective subject/victim interviews while navigating the challenging landscape of adult sexual assaults. The training addresses three primary areas: research perspectives on sexual consent communications, adult sexual assault investigation interview guidance, and legal perspectives on investigative interviews.

In FY24, NCIS began transitioning to a new Evidence Management Portal (EMP) for managing custody of SAFE kits and other physical evidence collected for sexual assault investigations. The EMP is a cloud-based inventory management system designed specifically for law

enforcement use in logging and maintaining evidence collected for criminal and counterintelligence investigations. The system is a Common Access Card (CAC) enabled digital interface where each authorized Special Agents and support staff can submit, track, maintain, and even request a United States Army Criminal Investigation Laboratory (USACIL) forensic review from anywhere and at any time around the world. Roles and authorities in EMP are compartmentalized by facilities and every piece of evidence has a unique identifier with an accompanying digital audit trail. Evidence labels are barcoded to ensure quick and efficient inspections and interoperability across the agency. In collaboration with United States Army Criminal Investigation Division (USACID) and Air Force Office of Special Investigations (AFOSI), this proven system will advance a secure chain of custody and redefine paperless evidentiary controls for NCIS.

Finally, as the executive agency for the DoD CATCH website and database, NCIS completed a number of Information Technology (IT) updates in FY24 to enhance user capabilities. Most notably, an automated matching feature was deployed at the end of FY24, which will match CATCH entries to other CATCH entries with the same suspect identified, to include entries between the Military Services.

3.2 Evidence Processing Challenges: NCIS implemented a number of training initiatives in FY24 to enhance evidence collection and submission capabilities. The NCIS Office of Forensic Support coordinated with USACIL to send additional NCIS Special Agents to attend the Special Agent Laboratory Training (SALT), a week-long in-person class that educates attendees on laboratory examination capabilities, driving better evidence identification and collections from sexual assault scenes and involved persons. A total of four classes were held in FY24. NCIS also implemented a new training initiative focused on Field Office Major Case Response Teams (MCRTs). The MCRT Advanced Course was created to build the skills of MCRT Team Leaders, who oversee crime scene documentation and evidence collection efforts for sexual assault and other special victim investigations. Three MCRT Advanced Training courses were held in FY24.

As noted in section 3.1, NCIS started transitioning to a new electronic evidence management system, which is anticipated to further to reduce the number of administrative errors attributed to NCIS evidence custody tags and documents, which were historically completed by hand.

NCIS continued to successfully maintain SAFE kits and other evidence collected in sexual assault investigations in FY24. However, as evidence inventory increases, coupled with retention timeframes lasting multiple decades, greater storage capacity will be required. NCIS is working with the other USACID and AFOSI to mitigate these concerns in the way of a proposed joint long-term evidence facility.

3.3 Future Plans: In FY25, NCIS will conduct its first Field Training Agent (FTA) Conference since before the COVID-19 pandemic outbreak in 2020. The FTA Conference will be an event designed to enhance capabilities of the NCIS FTA corps by providing updates on policies affecting the FTA program, sexual assault investigations, operations, global presence, and topics identified wherein trainees generally struggle. Additional topics include effective communication, best practices for responding to challenges with trainees, and discussing what resources are available for support.

Additional planned FY25 initiatives include quarterly crime prevention campaigns that target sexual assault, increased use of social media to engage the public, and production of a sexual assault impact video aimed at fostering trust between NCIS and DON civilian and military personnel to encourage greater reporting of sexual assaults. Lastly, all NCIS Field Offices will complete their transition to the new EMP.

4. Goal 4—Accountability: “Maintain a high competence in holding alleged offenders appropriately accountable.”

4.1 Strategic Summary: The Navy’s Office of the Judge Advocate General (OJAG) continued to improve accountability in reporting, investigation, and adjudication of sexual assault in FY24. OJAG engaged several component offices in multiple lines of effort to ensure practitioners received the highest standards of training, substantial resources were provided to subject matter experts in sexual assault and harassment investigations, and new strategies for encouraging Service members to seek out SAPR reporting services were implemented. OJAG’s Criminal Law Division (Code 20) and Trial Counsel Assistance Program (TCAP) expanded its collaboration with OSTC, the VLCP, OPNAV N17, and the DON OFR to execute a comprehensive approach in how the Navy addresses sexual assault and harassment reporting.

In FY24, OJAG personnel delivered in person and virtual Military Justice Reform training that educated the Fleet on the significant changes to the military justice system, specifically targeting the stand up of the OSTC in the referral and adjudication of charges of sexual assault in the military. Additionally, the training delivered information on victims’ rights to participate in the process with OSTC, the specialized experience of Special Trial Counsel (STC) in prosecuting sexual assault, and additional FY24 changes to the UCMJ, including expansion of OSTC discretionary “reachback” authority over allegations occurring before 28 December 2023 and establishment of sexual harassment as a covered offense under Article 134, UCMJ. OJAG’s training efforts contributed to increased accountability in the Navy’s processes for responding to sexual assault by providing Fleet commanders, legal partners, and deckplate sailors with role-specific information on how the new standards of review and case processing will function going forward. In addition, Code 20 updated and released a new edition of the Model Plea Agreement in FY24. This document accounted for changes to Article 53a of the UCMJ, binding a convening authority to the terms of a plea agreement negotiated by the OSTC and the accused.

The Navy’s TCAP provided limited technical assistance to OSTC counsel in FY24, as TCAP’s primary responsibilities shifted into training the nine Region Legal Service Offices (RLSO) for non-covered offenses. TCAP continued to maintain and share training webinars on covered offenses for all counsel to review. Additionally, TCAP executed 2 two-week Military Justice Orientation Courses (MJOC) for new trial counsel, expanding upon the basics learned at Naval Justice School’s (NJS) Basic Lawyer Course (BLC). MJOC used a mock Special Victim Investigation and Prosecution (SVIP) case file and trained trial counsel on all litigation steps from the initial investigation through trial and sentencing. The program continued to focus efforts on establishing a baseline level of SVIP training for all trial counsel, while ensuring quality specialized training for counsel seeking SVIP certification. Finally, TCAP worked with the Assistant for Prosecution Services (APS) to maintain the Trial Counsel Manual, a comprehensive guide to prosecuting cases which promotes consistency across the trial

enterprise. The Trial Counsel Manual, ultimately served as the foundation for OSTC's Trial Counsel Manual.

The Navy VLCP continued to enhance support of its victim assistance programs and services by filling 11 additional judge advocate billets, growing in strength to 44 active duty judge advocates. Additionally, the Naval Justice School (NJS) expanded its annual VLC Certification course by 2.5 additional training days and instituted new elements to the course curriculum addressing cases of domestic violence. In April 2024, 15 new VLC completed the certification course. OJAG Code 20 also collaborated with SAPR Program leads in CNIC to update and improve its training regimen for SARCs and SAPR VAs who provide the day-to-day frontline support for victims of sexual assault.

Further details on the Navy's focused efforts in Accountability are included below.

4.2 Improvements to Offices of Special Trial Counsel (OSTCs) Capabilities: After reaching Full Operating Capacity (FOC), OSTC continued to maintain high-level training for its personnel. In February 2024, the Navy OSTC hosted a week-long "Sea Service Symposium" with the Marine Corps and Coast Guard OSTC offices that included officer, civilian, and enlisted personnel from all three sea services. The timing of the course enabled the Navy OSTC to train on new procedures that were implemented in the FY24 NDAA, including the authorization for the OSTC to exercise discretionary authority over offenses occurring before 28 December 2023. In May 2024, in conjunction with the other Sea Services, the Navy held its second annual Sea Services Special Trial Counsel (STC) Certification Course. After training in person for one week, the counsel attended a second week of training provided by the Army on substantive law, policy and practical skills. As a result of this course, and the selection of additional counsel to the Navy's Military Justice Litigation Career Track (MJLCT), the Navy JAG certified an additional 12 STCs. The Navy's successful implementation of the military justice reforms expanded and strengthened the Navy capacity to adjudicate allegations of sexual assault with highly trained legal professionals and improved collaborative processes across the Sea Services.

The Navy continued to assess the number of cases assigned to the OSTC throughout the year and, based on the metrics collected, increased the number of OSTC personnel in FY24. The Navy JAG Corps assigned 8 additional counsel to the OSTC, and the service approved 12 new civilian positions and one GS-15 expert to the organization. These additional personnel enhanced OSTC's capabilities and ability to provide timely prosecution services to the Fleet.

4.3 Effectiveness of the Special Victims' Counsel (SVC)/Victims' Legal Counsel (VLC) Program: The Navy VLCP continues to grow its billet footprint in support of its mission, with a projected additional 10 VLC and 15 civilians in FY26-27. These billets were approved to help address the mandate in the FY20 NDAA Sections 548 and 541(c) to provide legal counsel to victims of domestic violence (not just those cases involving sexual offenses) beginning in December 2020, and to work toward compliance with the caseload limit of 25 cases per VLC by December 2023. Although previous increases in billets have assisted in reducing caseloads to manageable levels in most areas, the caseloads remain close to or higher than the mandated cap in several areas including fleet concentration areas such as Norfolk and San Diego. Therefore, during the budgeting process for FY26, the VLCP has been approved for 10 additional judge advocate billets. Those billets will be at the O3 and O4 level and will be detailed

in 2026-27 to meet the caseload cap mandate in Norfolk, San Diego, Japan, Jacksonville, and Washington, DC.

In addition to these active duty VLC billets, the VLCP added seven civilians between FY21-24, and has been approved for the FY26 funding of fifteen additional civilian positions to support VLC in the field and provide continuity across the Program. All new civilian billets include additional policy, appellate, and training support as well as paralegal and administrative support to ensure field VLC are adequately supported to focus on advocating for victims' rights throughout the investigative, military justice, and administrative processes.

The VLCP maintains a robust internal training program with monthly All-Hands trainings focusing on victims' rights issues in both litigation and administrative processes. These trainings are led by an internal Training Team comprised of VLC from each region acting in a collateral duty role as a regional training officer. Additionally, the VLCP holds an annual symposium bringing together all VLC, support staff, and VLCP HQ to train on relevant victims' rights matters and collaborate on practical exercises.

VLCP also maintains an Appellate Team comprised of VLC from each region acting in a collateral duty role as the regional appellate subject matter expert. The Appellate Team most recently trained together at the inaugural Sea Service Appellate Advocacy Course, which brought together Navy, Marine, and Coast Guard government, defense, and victims' appellate counsel. The Appellate Team proactively files writs and amicus briefs and supports victims in other appellate matters.

Since April 2022, the Naval Justice School (NJS) has provided an annual VLC Certification Course focused on Navy and Marine Corps practice and procedure. In addition to providing a Navy/Marine Corps-specific certification training, this course also includes required child victim representation training and domestic violence training. This course was lengthened by 2.5 training days in FY23 and further refined to include more hours of small-group practical exercises in FY24. In April 2024, 15 Navy VLC completed the certification course and were certified by the Navy Judge Advocate General.

4.4 Trends in the Incidents, Disposition, and Prosecution of Sexual Assault: In FY24, the conviction rate in cases with referred sexual assault charges was consistent with recent years. There was a continued downward trend in the referral of sexual assault charges to court-martial and a continued upward trend in alternate dispositions (other than referral to courts-martial) in cases involving initial allegations of sexual assault during FY24. Most sexual assault cases in FY24 originated in the Navy Region Mid-Atlantic and Navy Region Southwest areas of responsibility, with a significant number also originating in the Navy Region Northwest, Navy Region Southeast, and Naval District Washington areas of responsibility.

4.5 UCMJ Article 93a (Prohibited Activities with Military Recruit or Trainee by Person in Position of Special Trust) Investigations and Convictions: In FY24, the Navy investigated 11 individuals for violation of Art. 93a, UCMJ. One individual was convicted at court-martial, two individuals were acquitted at courts-martial, and five cases are pending trial. Three individual cases investigated in FY24 were resolved through alternative disposition.

4.6 Efforts to Address Approved Independent Review Commission (IRC)

Recommendations (Line of Effort 1): In FY24, OJAG continued to focus on the implementation of IRC LOE 1. Specific efforts and accomplishments include:

Recommendation 1.1: Creation of the Office of the Special Victim Prosecutor within the Office of the Secretary of Defense. The Navy achieved FOC of the OSTC prior to the statutory requirement of December 27, 2023. In the time since stand-up, OSTC has detailed or filled 98 total billets, including 35 Military Justice Litigation Career Track (MJLCT) qualified judge advocates, 18 legalmen (LN) rate support staff, and 25 civilian personnel

Recommendation 1.2: Independent, trained investigators for sexual harassment and mandatory initiation of involuntary separation for all substantiated complaints. In FY24, NCIS recruited, vetted, and hired an additional 103 new employees to further supplement the 80 new employees hired in FY23 to address the IRC requirement for a professional response to sexual harassment allegations by independent investigators. The 103 new personnel were positioned globally and represent job specialties that include investigators, investigative analysts, administrative professionals, inventory management specialists, and field computer specialists. By the end of FY24, NCIS had hired a total of 183 personnel toward an approved end strength of 225. The remaining positions will be filled prior to mission acceptance on January 1, 2025.

In addition, NCIS developed and implemented a multi-pronged training protocol to deliver required training to those supporting the sexual harassment response mission. First, NCIS collaborated with the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC) to establish and schedule a new training curriculum tailored to the requirements of sexual harassment investigations. The first iteration of that 8-week curriculum was delivered to new investigators in February 2024 with a second iteration conducted at NCIS HQ in April 2024. All sexual harassment investigative and support personnel hired since the previous conference were in attendance. Mobile training teams were utilized as a platform to deliver specific training where deemed necessary and on-the job training was completed at all geographic field offices where independent investigators are employed.

In absence of the requested support funds necessary to obtain law enforcement equipment, IT, vehicles, training, and PCS costs, NCIS requested and received authorization to utilize unexecuted labor funds toward support requirements, equipment purchases, and vehicle leases needed by the new sexual harassment investigative team members.

Recommendation 1.3: Judge-ordered Military Protective Orders for victims of sexual assault and related offenses. In FY22, the JSC submitted a report on Military Protective Orders to the DoD Office of General Counsel (OGC) recommending an amendment to DoD policy that would allow civilian authorities to enforce MPOs. JSC is awaiting direction from the OGC.

Recommendation 1.4: Professionalized career billets for military justice personnel handling special victim crimes. This recommendation was modeled on the Navy's MJLCT which began in 2007 and created professionalized career billets to develop and retain a cadre of specialized litigators as military justice practitioners. Today, the Navy has 111 designated officers in various paygrades and is being used as a model for other services in accomplishing this recommendation.

Recommendation 1.5: Judge-alone sentencing in all noncapital general and special courts-martial and establishment of sentencing parameters. The Sentencing Parameters and Criteria Board developed a series of sentencing parameters and criteria for adoption across the military justice enterprise as required by the FY22 NDAA. These parameters and criteria are tailored to a set of offenses under the UCMJ and consist of enumerated ranges or criteria for military judges to apply in the sentencing phase of courts-martial, consistent with the transition to military-judge alone sentencing as required by the FY22 NDAA. These sentencing parameters became effective on 27 December 2023 and are included in the Manual for Courts-Martial (MCM).

Recommendations 1.7 a-f: Modify the UCMJ in several key areas to increase uniformity, reliability, and consistency in the military justice system. The FY24 NDAA expanded the authority of OSTC over covered offenses, including known or related offenses to the covered offense that occurred on or before the FOC date of 27 December 2023. Articles 128b (domestic violence) and 130 (stalking) were also amended to include “dating partners” as among the types of potential victims of those offenses. The FY24 NDAA also directed the DOD to conduct a study to determine the feasibility of requiring all sexual assault victim advocates assigned to victims be from outside the chain of command of the victim.

4.7 Future Plans: Continued support of the OSTC – through expanded manning and administrative resources – is a top priority for the Navy’s military justice mission. OJAG relies upon an adaptive and responsive planning process to assess OSTC needs. Assessment of OSTC also includes identification of both the strengths and any gaps in the overall process of how the Navy prosecutes cases of sexual assault. The role of ensuring appropriate accountability in the system is one that OJAG considers essential to enhancing trust and confidence in the military justice system. Additionally, training Fleet practitioners on how the OSTC operates and enacts military justice reforms continues to be a principal responsibility for OJAG going forward.

A primary objective over the next fiscal year will be the deployment of additional assessment and oversight mechanisms to review our military justice processes function within the framework established by recent military justice reforms. Comprehensive assessment is fundamental to making these processes more efficient, projecting strength and confidence in the our practice, and continuing to instill trust in the military justice system.

5. Goal 5—Assessment: “Effectively measure, analyze, assess, and report SAPR Program progress to improve effectiveness.”

5.1 Strategic Summary: The DON SAPR components engaged in several assessment evolutions in FY24 to identify gaps and improve its internal processes. One of these tools was the SAPR Program Satisfaction Survey. This survey is an opportunity for sexual assault victims and the SARW to volunteer anonymous feedback about aspects of the Navy’s SAPR Program that practitioners can use to avoid common areas of concern and improve quality of services to victims. Maximum participation is encouraged to ensure that data is complete and representative. The survey is not intended to gather feedback regarding SAPR stakeholders, such as investigative, legal, or medical services, and all responses are optional. DoD Safe

Helpline information is shared at the beginning of the survey for individuals that may seek victim assistance. The SAPR Program Satisfaction Survey launched in October 2021 and again in 2024, after several revisions seeking to broaden the scope to engage SARW employees. The survey evaluates the following areas: victim feedback of initial meeting (48 hours) and ongoing support (48 hours+) accessibility, responsiveness, communication, safety planning, No Wrong Door implementation, cultural competency, and appropriate medical care. SARW members may provide voluntary open-ended feedback to obtain best practices, program improvement, and overall support.

5.2 Developing a Comprehensive Integrated Primary Prevention Plan in Support the 2024 Defense Organizational Climate Survey (DEOCS): NAVADMIN 152/24 provides revisions to the CCA process to improve implementation of COE 2.0 and align with DOD CIPP Plan requirements, to include additional information on the CCA timeline as well as N-CIPP Plan submission deadlines. COE 2.0 is dependent on high-quality CCAs that are thoroughly debriefed to their command and ISIC.

During the 2023 CCA cycle, the N-CIPP Plan was tested with a subset of ECH II Commands. The feedback received and lessons learned were used to inform the process and modify content for the 2024 CCA cycle. The N-CIPP Plan consists of the Executive Summary (EXSUM) and Plan of Action and Milestones (POAM) developed for Navy-wide implementation during the CY24 CCA cycle and will be used as the roadmap for units to describe their current climate and needs, most at-risk populations, planned research-based prevention activities, and evaluation plans.

The Navy initiated monthly office hours to provide updates and address questions related to the CCA process and N-CIPP Plan development.

5.3 Adequacy of SAPR Activities at Training Commands: All Navy recruits receive SAPR training as part of their basic military training at Recruit Training Command (RTC), and again at their advanced military training at follow-on Navy “A-Schools” as part of their CMT. The current SAPR training establishes a firm and positive foundation for Sailors moving to operational Fleet units and meets the objectives of SAPR training in Basic and Advanced Military Training environments. The Navy is working continuously to ensure SAPR training remains relevant and effective.

The Navy’s training process includes entry-level SAPR training at two separate in-person training sessions and a written form in the Recruit Trainee Guide. SAPR materials are also covered in testing to ensure recruits retain the training before proceeding to the next phase at RTC. The first SAPR training session is delivered by RTC instructors during week one, day four, and consists of a ninety-minute presentation covering an overview of the SAPR program with the terminal learning objective of understanding the Navy’s sexual assault policies and procedures. Senior RTC leadership conducts the second training session during week three, day four of recruit training. This training emphasizes the importance of the SAPR Program at all levels of the Navy and reviews key policies and procedures. Recruits undergo an exam covering basic military training concepts, which includes questions on SAPR policies and procedures, presented at both in-person trainings and in the SAPR portion of the Recruit Trainee Guide. Recruits who do not pass the overall exam receive remedial training.

In addition to SAPR trainings at the recruit entry level, the Navy has expanded the scope of military training to incorporate different sexual assault prevention concepts. In January 2022, the Navy added two weeks onto basic training to include the “Sailor for Life” program, which adds more leadership and professional development to the basic military training curriculum. The “Sailor for Life” program includes several interactive, scenario driven modules that focus on healthy relationships, sexual consent, sexual assault reporting options, and active intervention techniques. This program along with other initiatives and trainings have shown positive results including a downward trend in overall RTC attrition across FY24.

During advanced military training at Navy “A-Schools,” SAPR training is presented by command SAPR Administrative Unit Victim Advocates to all students and instructors via facilitated small groups in accordance with Navy policy and requirements. Navy continues to use a post-training assessment, first implemented in FY23, to measure understanding of key concepts and learning objectives and test for the level of effectiveness of the Navy SAPR CMT. Practitioners reviewed the results of this assessment and implemented updates for the training program to be introduced across the Navy in 2nd Quarter FY25.

Based on the results of training assessments, an increased willingness of recruits and new Sailors to report sexual assaults, and a minimum number of sexual assault incidents occurring during Recruit Training and A-Schools, the Navy is confident that its SAPR training is effective and meets the objectives of SAPR training through Basic and Advanced Military Training. To ensure SAPR training remains relevant to a changing service force, training content, dosage, and assessments are reviewed on an annual and as needed basis. These reviews ensure training stays in alignment with changes in policy and utilize recruit feedback to ensure training remains effective.

5.4 Ensuring Safe and Secure Living Environment: Commanders and COs determine necessary prevention and awareness training and initiatives for their units based on current conditions and unit feedback via the DEOCS, CCA and virtual CO suggestion boxes. The necessary training is presented through one or several stakeholders including local or assigned IPPW, NCIS Field Agents, local SARCs, and/or VLC. Although the primary method of enhancing and ensuring safety and security in living and working environments is through prevention training, situational awareness, and Sailor intervention, a variety of deterrence measures are available to installation and unit COs across the Navy enterprise. Measures include, but are not limited to, roving barracks patrols, with the goal of increasing the visible presence of leadership to deter behavior that may lead to sexual assault or other misconduct, increased oversight by leaders for government-contracted berthing, and safe ride home programs. Commanders are empowered to utilize “All Hands,” social media, Public Service Announcements, and Plans of the Day, Week, and Month at a unit level to educate personnel on personal safety as well as sexual assault prevention strategies.

5.5 Sexual Assault Information Data Tools: DSAID is a centralized case-level database, which collects and maintains information on sexual assaults involving Armed Forces members and is the only DoD-authorized database for electronic retention of DD Forms 2910, 2910-1, 2910-2, 2910-3, 2910-4, 2910-5, 2910-6, 2910-7, and certain 2910-8 to ensure the protection of Personally Identifying Information (PII). CNIC HQ SAPR relies on Microsoft Excel as a data visualization tool to generate pivot tables and charts to display caseload, SARW laydown, and

other non PII data. The DSAID Data Warehouse provides a QA Tool Dashboard and MCIO Interface Dashboard that assist with identifying data errors, tracking issues, and assists with providing oversight of field data input. DSAID Case Level Reports are utilized for case data and interface monitoring.

5.6 Future Plans: Navy leadership supports continued collaborative force-wide initiatives such as Cultural Workshops, Resilient Workshop Summits, and the COE Working Group to further develop, improve, and assess program effectiveness. The Navy's prevention and response subject matter experts will continue to leverage data and insights from these efforts to identify and address program gaps, focus on vulnerable populations, and determine the Navy's ability to scale initiatives to the Fleet. The Navy will continue analyzing data and programs at all levels to implement policies and procedures that improve program effectiveness. Beyond efforts previously mentioned in Goals 1 through 4, the following are additional efforts:

The Navy CATCH stakeholders, including CNIC HQ SAPR, NCIS, VLCP, and OPNAV N17, will continue to review program performance and update training and awareness efforts to include unrestricted reporters who have not named the alleged offender, SRIs, and DoD civilians to maximize participation.

As mentioned in Goal 1 – Prevention, OPNAV N17 continues to assess feedback and best practices from the FOC of the CRMD, which is Navy's common operating platform to inform leadership of potential unit-level counterproductive workplace behavior risks and trends. Also being assessed is the corresponding Commanders Guidebook, which provide unit Commanders with solutions to address issues identified by data in the CRMD.

Assessment efforts assist in collecting and analyzing data to measure and report the impact of the Navy SAPR programs and help drive adjustments to prevention and response efforts. These assessments support the Navy's ability to continually improve overall command culture, and set conditions to prevent, respond to, or intervene in destructive behaviors.

6. Core Functions (Communication and Policy):

6.1 DD Form 2910-8, "Reporting Preference Statement for DoD Civilian Employees to Report Sexual Assault": CNIC HQ SAPR developed a course of action (COA) and training slide deck to educate and guide the Sexual Assault Response Workforce (SARW) on the availability and use of DD Form 2910-8, the Reporting Preference Statement for DoD Civilian Employees to Report Sexual Assault. These materials are to be released to the SARW and Navy leaders upon further clarification and guidance from DoD SAPRO as well as a final legal review.

Once finalized, the training will ensure that leaders, SAPR personnel, and the DoD Civilian Workforce are informed of the new reporting options available to DoD civilian employees who are victims of sexual assault. The training will also provide instructions on how to assist civilian employees in completing the DD Form 2910-8, ensuring that they are aware of their rights, and the processes for reporting incidents while maintaining confidentiality and victim autonomy.

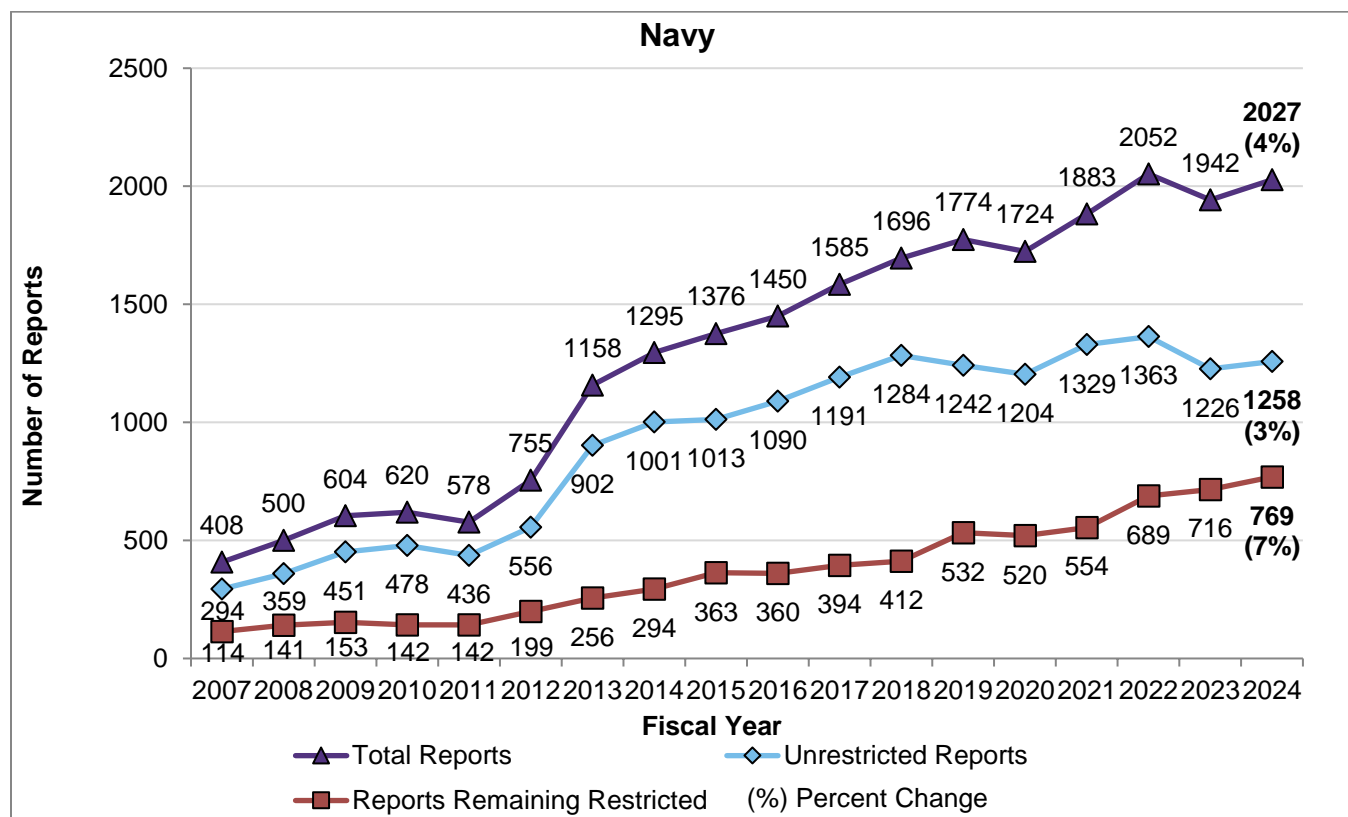
The Navy is committed to providing timely, accurate, and accessible resources to support the successful implementation of these updates and ensure that all personnel, including DoD civilian employees, have the necessary information to make informed decisions regarding the reporting of sexual assault incidents.

7. Analytics Discussion

7.1 Military Services/NGB*:

I. Overview

In FY24, there were 2,027 reports of sexual assault in the Navy, representing a 4.4% increase from FY23 (1,942). The increase in reporting suggests the Navy is regaining progress in closing the gap between reporting and prevalence of sexual assault. While these results indicate the trends are moving in the right direction, much work remains in understanding, preventing, and responding to this destructive behavior.



II. Unrestricted Reports

In FY24 there were 1,258 unrestricted reports, representing a 2.6% increase from FY23 (1,226). Unrestricted reporting triggers command notification initiates a MCIO investigation and provides an opportunity to hold alleged offenders accountable, in addition to giving victims access to support and advocacy services.

Service Member on Service Member

The Navy Service member on Service member (or “blue-on-blue”) allegations of sexual assault represented 47.5% (598 of 1,258) of Unrestricted Reports compared to 45.0% (552 of 1,226) in FY23. There was a 79.5% increase in blue-on-blue penetration allegations (201 compared to 112 in FY23) and a 43.8% increase in blue-on-blue contact allegations (371 compared to 258 in FY23). In FY23 there was an unusually high number of reports where an offense code (penetration, contact) was not available. It is believed that this skewed the year over year comparison for penetration and contact crimes for FY24.

Male Victim Reporting

Male Service member victims continue to be an area of strategic focus for the Navy SAPR program and reporting by this population increased in FY24. Unrestricted Reports made by males decreased to 271 reports as compared to 274 in FY23 and they accounted for a smaller percentage of unrestricted reports than in FY23 (21.5% compared to 22.3%).

Service Member Victim Unrestricted Reports (by Sex)			
Fiscal Year (FY)	Males	Females	Total
FY24	271	888	1,159
FY23	274	856	1,130
FY22	262	1,048	1,310

Expedited Transfers

In FY24, there were 236 requests for Expedited Transfers made by Service member victims (compared to 304 in FY23). Of these, 41 were unit/duty requests and 195 were installation requests (compared to 47 unit/duty and 257 installation requests in FY23). Of the denied requests, one was denied due to the report being found non-credible, and one was denied due to victim pending a medical evaluation board.

Expedited Transfer Requests				
Fiscal Year (FY)	Requested	Approved	Denied	Total SVM Unrestricted Reports
FY24	236	234	2	1,258
FY23	304	293	11	1,226
FY22	334	327	7	1,363

Military Protective Orders (MPO)

In FY24, there were 170 MPOs issued, representing a 12.6% increase from FY23 (151). Five MPO violations were reported during this fiscal year.

III. Restricted Reports

In FY24, there were 948 Restricted Reports of sexual assault in the Navy, representing an 8.6% increase from FY23 (873). Of those, 179 or 18.9% were converted to unrestricted reports (compared to 157 or 18.0% in FY23), resulting in 769 reports remaining restricted (compared to 716 in FY23). Restricted reports enable a victim to receive support services, without command notification or initiation of an investigation. SARCs do not report the types of offenses for Restricted Reports.

IV. Victims Support Services

Unrestricted Reports

In FY24, there were 10,373 support service referrals for victims who made unrestricted reports, representing a 21.9% increase from FY23 (8,506). Of those referrals, 9,145 or 88.2% were for military resources and 1,228 or 11.8% were for civilian resources.

The top three military resources requested by victims were: victim advocate (2,710), legal (1,394), and behavioral health (1,300) referrals. These military resource referrals accounted for 59.1% of all requests made in this category.

The top three civilian resources requested by victims were: Victim Advocate (501), Other (279), and Behavioral Health (138) referrals, and they accounted for 74.7% of all requests made in this category.

Restricted Reports

In FY24, there were 5,113 support service referrals for victims who made restricted reports representing a 9.5% increase from FY23 (4,669). Of those referrals, 4,544 or 88.9% were for military resources and 569 or 11.1% were for civilian resources.

The top three military resources requested by victims were: victim advocate (1,167), behavioral health (739), and legal/special victims counsel (SVC) (644) referrals. These military resource referrals accounted for 56.1% of all requests made in this category.

The top three civilian resources requested by victims were: victim advocate (250), other (87), and behavioral health (71) referrals. They accounted for 71.7% of all requests made in this category.

V. Investigations

In FY24, 1,112 investigations were completed, representing a 3.7% increase from FY23 (1,072). Of those investigations, 1,098 or 98.7% were completed by the service MCIOs and 14 or 1.3% were completed by either U.S. civilian or foreign law enforcement agencies.

The average length of investigations conducted by the NCIS was 108 days and the median was 80 days, compared to an average of 78 days and a median of 63 days in FY23 (representing a 38.5% increase in the average, and a 27.0% increase in the median). This average includes offenses involving complex investigation, scientific analysis of evidence, and/or procurement of expert witnesses, as well as simpler cases involving confessions or limited evidence (e.g., cases involving victim declinations or unknown subjects).

The average length of time between the date the investigation was closed and the date the Navy took a command action was 90 days and the median was 80 days, compared to 102 days on average and a median of 91 days in FY23 (representing a 11.8% decrease in average days and 12.1% decrease in median days).

In cases disposed of at courts-martial, the average length of time between the date the victim made an Unrestricted Report and the date the sentence was imposed, or an accused was acquitted at courts-martial was approximately 445 days (a 19.1% decrease from FY23's 550 days) and the median was 405 days in FY24 (a 26.9% decrease from FY23's 554 days). In cases disposed of at non-judicial punishment, the average length of time between the date the victim made an Unrestricted Report, and the date non-judicial punishment was concluded was approximately 254 days, representing a 3.1% decrease from 262 days in FY23.

Victims Declining to Participate in the Military Justice Process

In FY24, the percentage of victims who declined to participate in the military justice process decreased to 0.9% (6 of 688) compared to 6.7% (51 of 760) in FY23 and 9.1% (72 of 794) in FY22.

OSTC and Command Action for Military Subjects Under DoD Legal Authority

In FY24, action was taken against 315 (45.8% of 688) Service members for both sexual assault and non-sexual assault (e.g., failure to obey order or regulation) allegations. In FY23, command action was taken against 353 (54.6% of 647) Service members for these allegations. Types of action include court-martial, non-judicial punishment, administrative separation, and other adverse administrative actions.

Sexual Assault Court-Martial Outcomes

In FY24, there were 33 (4.8% of 688) cases where court-martial charges were preferred for a sexual assault offense, compared to 51 (6.7% of 760) in FY23. A total of 20 (2.9% of 688) cases

proceeded to trial on at least one sexual assault offense. Of those, 11 cases were for penetrating offenses, resulting in 9 (81.8%) convictions and 2 (18.2%) acquittals. The remaining 9 cases were for contact offenses and attempted sexual assault, resulting in 7 (77.8%) convictions and 2 (22.2%) acquittal.

Other Sexual Assault Case Outcomes

In FY24, there were 255 total outcomes other than Court Martial Preference from sexual assault reports compared to 285 in FY23. The other outcomes included 95 non-judicial punishments (89 in FY23), 97 administrative discharges (118 in FY23), 63 other adverse administrative actions (78 in FY23) taken during FY24.

7.2 Personnel Support:

Job/Duty Title	Description of Job/Duty	Full Time	Collateral Duty
SAPR Program Managers	Capability in developing policy, or program management and execution; and completion of 40+ hours of Military Service-specific D-SAACP requirements and approved SARC training.	19	0
Dedicated Headquarters-Level SAPR Professionals	Include policy, advocacy, administrative support, and prevention professionals (e.g., data analysts, training analysts, and D-SAACP analysts) who support the headquarters-level SAPR program offices at each Military Service/NGB (<i>not including program managers, who are counted in their own category</i>).	19	0
Uniformed SARCs (collateral duty)	Serve as the single point of contact at an installation or within a geographic area to oversee sexual assault awareness, prevention, and response training; coordinate medical treatment, including emergency care, for victims of sexual assault; and track the services provided to victims from the initial report through final disposition and resolution and are certified through D-SAACP.	0	2
Civilian SARCs (full-time)	See above.	88	0
Principal SARCs (formerly known as Lead SARCs) (full-time)	Serve as the primary focal point for directing and coordinating response activities at the installation (tactical level) for supported tenant commands; fulfills a supervisory capacity at the installation for all SARCs and SAPR VAs (at least 25 percent of the time).	2	0
Uniformed SAPR-VAs (collateral duty)	Provide non-clinical crisis intervention, referral, and ongoing non-clinical support to adult sexual assault victims; offer information on available options/resources to victims; coordinate liaison assistance with other organizations and agencies on	0	5,481

	victim care matters; and report directly to the SARC and are certified through D-SAACP.		
Civilian SAPR-VAs (full-time)	See above.	109	0
Civilian SAPR-VAs (collateral duty)	See above.	0	0
Sexual Assault-Specific Legal Personnel	Legal personnel who specialize in sexual assault cases including prosecutors, Victim Witness Assistance Program personnel, paralegals, legal experts, and Special Victims' Counsel/Victims' Legal Counsel.	262	0
Sexual Assault-Specific Investigators	Military Criminal Investigative Office investigators who specialize in sexual assault cases.	227	419
Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examiners	Medical providers that have completed the DoD Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examiner Course at Fort Sam Houston, or equivalent.	188	7

Notes:

1. Program Managers:
 - a. CNIC: 17 (includes former Region SARCs and Region Support SARCs)
 - b. USNA: 1
 - c. OPNAV N17: 1
2. Dedicated HQ Level Professionals:
 - a. N17: 4
 - b. NCIS: 2
 - c. CNIC HQ SAPR: 10
 - d. USNA: 3
3. Sexual Assault-Specific Legal:
 - a. OSTC: 98 (includes OSTC HQ, Special Trial Counsel, Legalmen, and civilian support). In FY24, the TCAP and Region Legal Service Offices discontinued prosecution of sexual assault cases as OSTC established authority over covered offenses.
 - b. DCAP and Defense Service Offices: 46 officers (including core counsel and DCAP attorneys available for detailing to sexual assault cases); 42 non-specialized staff including paralegals, 1 civilian attorney advisor, and 8 investigators support all defense cases including sexual assault.
 - c. VLC Program: 58 personnel: VLC (44), VLC HQ (4), Enlisted Administrative Support (2), and Civilian Paralegals (6).
 - d. OJAG Code 20: 9 personnel.

Unrestricted Reports

NAVY FY24 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS IN THE MILITARY		
A. FY24 REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT (rape, sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, forcible sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses) BY or AGAINST Service Members. Note: The data on this page is raw, uninvestigated information about allegations received during FY24. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year. This data is drawn from Defense Sexual Assault Database (DSAD) based on Service affiliation of the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC) who currently manages the Victim case.	FY24 Totals	
# FY24 Unrestricted Reports (one Victim per report)		1224
# Service Member Victims		1159
# Non-Service Member Victims in allegations against Service Member Subject		60
# Relevant Data Not Available		5
# Unrestricted Reports in the following categories		1224
# Service Member on Service Member		598
# Service Member on Non-Service Member		60
# Non-Service Member on Service Member		19
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member		320
# Relevant Data Not Available		227
# Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault occurring		1224
# On military installation		498
# Off military installation		384
# Unidentified location		342
# Service Member Victims in Unrestricted Reports		1159
# Army Victims		5
# Navy Victims		1140
# Marine Corps Victims		11
# Air Force Victims		2
# Space Force Victims		0
# Coast Guard Victims		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		1
# Victim in Unrestricted Reports Referred for Investigation		1224
# Victims in investigations initiated during FY24		1193
# Victims with Investigations pending completion at end of 30-SEP-2024		416
# Victims with Completed Investigations at end of 30-SEP-2024		777
# Victims with Investigative Data Forthcoming		24
# Victims where investigation could not be opened by DoD or Civilian Law Enforcement		7
# Victims - Alleged perpetrator not subject to the UCMJ		1
# Victims - Crime was beyond statute of limitations		0
# Victims - Unrestricted Reports for Matters Occurring Prior to Military Service		0
# Victims - Other		6
# All Restricted Reports received in FY24 (one Victim per report)		948
# Converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report* (report made this year and converted this year)		179
# Restricted Reports Remaining Restricted at end of FY24		769
B. DETAILS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS FOR FY24	FY24 Totals	FY24 Totals for Service Member Victim Cases
Length of time between sexual assault and Unrestricted Report	1224	1159
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	299	287
# Reports made within 4 to 10 days after sexual assault	112	101
# Reports made within 11 to 30 days after sexual assault	106	95
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	203	186
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	85	80
# Relevant Data Not Available	419	410
Time of sexual assault	1224	1159
# Midnight to 6 am	194	180
# 6 am to 6 pm	155	147
# 6 pm to midnight	262	242
# Unknown	155	150
# Relevant Data Not Available	458	440
Day of sexual assault	1224	1159
# Sunday	111	103
# Monday	106	103
# Tuesday	94	86
# Wednesday	108	103
# Thursday	99	92
# Friday	120	112
# Saturday	166	149
# Relevant Data Not Available	420	411

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

C. UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS BY OR AGAINST SERVICE MEMBERS (VICTIM AND SUBJECT SEX)	Male on Female	Male on Male	Female on Male	Female on Female	Unknown on Male	Unknown on Female	Multiple Mixed Sex Assault	Relevant Data Not Available	FY24 Totals			
	455	135	19	58	60	231	1	265	1224			
	# Service Member on Service Member	374	125	17	56	4	21	1	0	598		
	# Service Member on Non-Service Member	57	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	60		
	# Non-Service Member on Service Member	13	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	19		
	# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	8	5	0	0	56	210	0	41	320		
	# Relevant Data Not Available	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	223	227		
	FY24 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT BY MATTER INVESTIGATED TYPE (May not reflect what crimes can be charged upon completion of investigation)											
UNRESTRICTED REPORTS MADE IN FY24	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses							
D. UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS BY OR AGAINST SERVICE MEMBERS (MOST SERIOUS CRIME ALLEGED, AS CATEGORIZED BY THE MILITARY CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE ORGANIZATION)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	FY24 Totals	
	D1.	62	5	319	1	20	483	1	0	31	302	1224
	# Service Member on Service Member	23	2	176	0	13	357	1	0	11	15	598
	# Service Member on Non-Service Member	12	1	24	0	1	15	0	0	3	4	60
	# Non-Service Member on Service Member	7	0	1	0	0	6	0	0	1	4	19
	# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	17	2	104	0	5	92	0	0	16	84	320
	# Relevant Data Not Available	3	0	14	1	1	13	0	0	0	195	227
	D2.											
TOTAL Service Member Victims in FY24 Reports	50	4	294	1	19	464	1	0	28	298	1159	
# Service Member Victims: Female	45	3	254	1	10	323	1	0	22	229	888	
# Service Member Victims: Male	5	1	40	0	9	141	0	0	6	69	271	
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

E. SUMMARY OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS WITH INVESTIGATIONS		FY24 Totals
E1. Subjects in Unrestricted Reports Made to Your Service with Investigation Initiated During FY24		
Note: This data is drawn from DSAID based on Service affiliation of the SARC who currently manages the Victim case associated with the investigation and Subject below.		
# Investigations Initiated during FY24		1145
# Investigations Completed as of FY24 End (group by MCIO #)		758
# Investigations Pending Completion as of FY24 End (group by MCIO #)		387
# Subjects in investigations Initiated During FY24		1067
# Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		5
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		5
# Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		618
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		599
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		19
# Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		1
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		1
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Service Investigations		20
Note: Non-Service Member Subjects are drawn from all CID, NCIS and AFOSI investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Unidentified Subjects in Service Investigations		416
Note: Unidentified Subjects are drawn from all CID, NCIS and AFOSI investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		1
Note: Service Member Subjects are drawn from Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		1
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		1
# Unidentified Subjects in Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		2
# Subject or Investigation Relevant Data Not Available		3
E2. Service Investigations Completed during FY24		
Note: The following data is drawn from DSAID and describes criminal investigations completed during the FY24. These investigations may have been initiated during the FY24 or any prior FY.		
# Total Investigations completed by Services during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)		1112
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim		35
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject		112
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject		1
# Subjects in investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service		1103
# Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		12
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		12
# Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		677
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		666
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		11
# Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in completed Service Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		27
# Unidentified Subjects in completed Service Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		386
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available		1
# Victims in investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service		1162
# Service Member Victims in CID investigations		16
# Your Service Member Victims in CID investigations		10
# Other Service Member Victims in CID investigations		6
# Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		1062
# Your Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		1057
# Other Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		5
# Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		0
# Your Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		0
# Other Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		0
# Non-Service Member Victims in completed Service Investigations, supported by your Service		81
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available		3

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

E3. Subjects and Victims in Investigations Completed by US Civilian and Foreign Agencies during FY24	
Note: This data is entered by your Service SARC for cases supported by your Service.	
# Total Investigations completed by US Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)	14
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject	0
# Subjects in investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service	11
# Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	3
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service	5
# Unidentified Subjects in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service	3
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Victims in investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service	14
# Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	11
# Your Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	11
# Other Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	0
# Non-Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations in a case supported by your Service	3
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available	0
E4. Subjects and Victims in Investigations Completed by Military Police/Security Forces/Master At Arms/Marine Corps CID (MPs) during FY24 (all organizations regardless of name are abbreviated below as MPs)	
Note: This data is entered by your Service SARC for cases supported by your Service.	
Note: As of 1 Jan 2013, all sexual assault investigations are referred to MCIO for investigation. This section captures remaining Subjects from investigations opened in prior years by Military Police/Security Forces/Master At Arms/Marine Corps CID.	
# Total Investigations completed by MPs during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject	0
# Subjects in MP investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in MPs involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Unidentified Subjects in MPs involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Victims in MP investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Your Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Other Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Non-Service Member Victims in MP Investigations, supported by your Service	0
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available	0

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

Victims in Investigation Completed in FY24	Victim Data From Investigations completed during FY24										
	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses						
F. DEMOGRAPHICS ON VICTIMS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY24 (Investigation Completed within the reporting period. These investigations may have been opened in current or prior Fiscal Years)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	FY24 Totals
F1. Sex of Victims	78	7	317	1	12	463	2	0	27	269	1176
# Male	8	1	42	0	3	143	0	0	4	69	270
# Female	70	6	275	1	9	317	2	0	23	200	903
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
F2. Age of Victims	78	7	317	1	12	463	2	0	27	269	1176
# 0-15	1	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	8	14
# 16-19	18	2	60	0	2	108	0	0	6	43	239
# 20-24	30	2	125	1	7	188	0	0	6	49	408
# 25-34	15	1	37	0	0	50	0	0	6	27	136
# 35-49	3	0	7	0	0	9	0	0	0	3	22
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	11	1	85	0	3	107	2	0	9	139	357
F3. Victim Type	78	7	317	1	12	463	2	0	27	269	1176
# Service Member	61	6	287	1	11	438	2	0	21	262	1089
# DoD Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	3
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# US Civilian	17	1	29	0	1	18	0	0	6	3	75
# Foreign National	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	6
# Foreign Military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
F4. Grade of Service Member Victims	61	6	287	1	11	438	2	0	21	262	1089
# E1-E4	46	6	229	1	8	362	2	0	16	183	853
# E5-E9	12	0	49	0	2	61	0	0	4	49	177
# WO1-WO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# O1-O3	3	0	5	0	1	14	0	0	1	11	35
# O4-O10	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	19	23
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F5. Service of Service Member Victims	61	6	287	1	11	438	2	0	21	262	1089
# Army	0	0	1	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	6
# Navy	60	6	283	1	11	433	2	0	21	261	1078
# Marines	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
# Air Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Space Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
F6. Status of Service Member Victims	61	6	287	1	11	438	2	0	21	262	1089
# Active Duty	58	6	281	1	9	423	2	0	20	236	1036
# Reserve (Activated)	3	0	2	0	2	14	0	0	1	7	29
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	19	23
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

G. DEMOGRAPHICS ON SUBJECTS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY24 (Investigation Completed within the reporting period. These investigations may have been opened in current or prior Fiscal Years)	Subject Data From Investigations completed during FY24										FY24 Totals
	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses						
	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	
G1. Sex of Subjects	92	8	351	1	12	467	2	0	29	152	1114
# Male	55	3	211	1	7	312	2	0	14	61	666
# Female	2	0	13	0	0	42	0	0	0	11	68
# Unknown	32	5	124	0	5	110	0	0	15	61	352
# Relevant Data Not Available	3	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	19	28
G2. Age of Subjects	92	8	351	1	12	467	2	0	29	152	1114
# 0-15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 16-19	5	0	20	0	1	51	0	0	1	22	100
# 20-24	27	3	85	1	4	86	1	0	5	20	232
# 25-34	11	0	57	0	1	86	0	0	2	12	169
# 35-49	8	0	15	0	0	50	0	0	1	4	78
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	1	6
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
# Relevant Data Not Available	37	5	173	0	6	189	1	0	20	93	524
G3. Subject Type	92	8	351	1	12	467	2	0	29	152	1114
# Service Member	45	3	210	0	7	346	1	0	14	66	692
# Drill Instructors/Drill Sergeants											
# Recruiters											
# DoD Civilian	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# US Civilian	10	0	6	0	0	2	0	0	0	5	23
# Foreign National	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	6
# Foreign Military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	34	5	131	0	5	114	0	0	15	79	352
# Relevant Data Not Available	2	0	10	1	0	7	1	0	0	18	39
G4. Grade of Service Member Subjects	45	3	210	0	7	346	1	0	14	66	692
# E1-E4	33	3	127	0	4	195	1	0	8	47	418
# E5-E9	9	0	75	0	3	130	0	0	3	15	235
# WO1-WO5	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
# O1-O3	3	0	6	0	0	13	0	0	3	1	26
# O4-O10	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	2	9
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G5. Service of Service Member Subjects	45	3	210	0	7	346	1	0	14	66	692
# Army	0	1	5	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	12
# Navy	44	2	200	0	7	336	1	0	13	66	669
# Marines	1	0	5	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	11
# Air Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Space Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G6. Status of Service Member Subjects	45	3	210	0	7	346	1	0	14	66	692
# Active Duty	45	3	208	0	7	336	1	0	12	63	675
# Reserve (Activated)	0	0	1	0	0	10	0	0	2	2	15
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

H. FINAL DISPOSITIONS FOR SUBJECTS IN COMPLETED FY24 INVESTIGATIONS		H1. ASSOCIATED VICTIM DATA FOR COMPLETED FY24 INVESTIGATIONS	
# Subjects in Unrestricted Reports that could not be investigated by DoD or Civilian Law Enforcement Note: These Subjects are from Unrestricted Reports referred to MCIOs or other law enforcement for investigation during FY24, but the agency could not open an investigation based on the reasons below.	2		
# Subjects - Not subject to the UCMJ	1		
# Subjects - Crime was beyond statute of limitations	0		
# Subjects - Matter alleged occurred prior to Victim's Military Service	0		
# Subjects - Other	1		
# Subjects in investigations completed in FY24 Note: These are Subjects from Tab1b, Cells B29, B59, B77.	1114	# Victims in investigations completed in FY24	1176
# Service Member Subjects in investigations opened and completed in FY24	417	# Service Member Victims in investigations opened and completed in FY24	734
# Total Subjects with allegations unfounded by a Military Criminal Investigative Organization	35	# Total Victims associated with MCIO unfounded allegations	33
# Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	19	# Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	30
# Non-Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	2	# Non-Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	3
# Unidentified Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	14		
# Subjects with Subject data not yet available and with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0	# Victims with Victim data not yet available and involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Total Subjects Outside DoD Prosecutive Authority	154		
# Unknown Offenders	118	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Unknown Offender Reports	65
		# Service Member Victims in remaining Unknown Offender Reports	29
# US Civilians or Foreign National Subjects not subject to the UCMJ	32	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	27
		# Service Member Victims in remaining Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	5
# Service Members Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority	4	# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports against a Service Member who is being Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority	3
		# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports with a deceased or deserted Subject	0
# Subjects who died or deserted	0	# Service Member Victims in remaining reports with a deceased or deserted Subject	0
# Total Command Action Precluded or Declined for Sexual Assault	176		
# Service Member Subjects where Victim declined to participate in the military justice action	3	# Service Member Victims who declined to participate in the military justice action	4
# Service Member Subjects whose investigations had insufficient evidence to prosecute	162	# Service Member Victims in investigations having insufficient evidence to prosecute	182
# Service Member Subjects whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	1	# Service Member Victims whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	1
# Service Member Subjects with allegations that were unfounded by Command	10	# Service Member Victims whose allegations were unfounded by Command	8
# Service Member Subjects with Victims who died before completion of military justice action	0	# Service Member Victims who died before completion of the military justice action	0
# Subjects disposition data not yet available	767	# Service Member Victims involved in reports with Subject disposition data not yet available	678
# Subjects for whom Command Action was completed as of 30-SEP-2024	143		
# FY24 Service Member Subjects where evidence supported Command Action	143	# FY24 Service Member Victims in cases where evidence supported Command Action	151
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred	8	# Service Member Victims involved with Courts-Martial preferalls against Subject	7
# Service Member Subjects: Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15 UCMJ)	12	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15) against Subject	14
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges	31	# Service Member Victims involved with Administrative discharges against Subject	33
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions	20	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions against Subject	19
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred for non-sexual assault offense	1	# Service Member Victims involved with Courts-Martial preferalls for non-sexual assault offenses	1
# Service Member Subjects: Non-judicial punishment for non-sexual assault offense	36	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishment for non-sexual assault offenses	41
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges for non-sexual assault offense	8	# Service Member Victims involved with administrative discharges for non-SA offense	7
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions for non-sexual assault offense	27	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions for non-SA offense	29
* Restricted Reports that convert to Unrestricted Reports are counted with the total number of Unrestricted Reports.			

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

I. COURTS-MARTIAL ADJUDICATIONS AND OUTCOMES (Sexual Assault Charge). This section reports the outcomes of Courts-Martial for sexual assault crimes completed during FY24	FY24 Totals
# Total Subjects with Courts-Martial Charge Preferred for a Sexual Assault Charge Pending Court Completion	61
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>51</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>10</i>
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial action was NOT completed by the end of FY24	0
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial was completed by the end of FY24	31
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>21</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>10</i>
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial was dismissed	0
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer followed by Art. 15 punishment	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer followed by Art. 15 acquittal	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial followed by Art. 15 punishment	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial followed by Art. 15 acquittal	0
# Subjects who resigned or were discharged in lieu of Courts-Martial	21
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>6</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>5</i>
# Officer Subjects who were allowed to resign in lieu of Courts-Martial	1
# Enlisted Subjects who were discharged in lieu of Courts-Martial	0
# Subjects with Courts-Martial charges proceeding to trial on a sexual assault charge	11
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>16</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>6</i>
# Subjects Acquitted of Charges	0
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
# Subjects Convicted of Any Charge at Trial	8
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>3</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
# Subjects with unknown punishment	0
# Subjects with no punishment	0
# Subjects with pending punishment	0
# Subjects with Punishment	0
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
# Subjects receiving confinement	14
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	0
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	0
# Subjects receiving a punitive discharge (Dishonorable, Bad Conduct, or Dismissal)	0
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	0
# Subjects receiving extra duty	0
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects to be processed for administrative discharge or separation subsequent to sexual assault conviction	0
# Subjects receiving UOTHC administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving General administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving Honorable administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving Uncharacterized administrative discharge	0
# Convicted Subjects with a conviction under a UCMJ Article that requires Sex Offender Registration	0
J. NONJUDICIAL PUNISHMENTS IMPOSED (Sexual Assault Charge). This section reports the outcomes of nonjudicial punishments for sexual assault crimes completed during FY24	FY24 Totals
# Total Subjects with Nonjudicial Punishment (Article 15) for a Sexual Assault Charge in FY24	43
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was not completed by the end of FY24	11
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was completed by the end of FY24	32
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment was dismissed	3
# Subjects administered nonjudicial punishment	29
# Subjects with unknown punishment	0
# Subjects with no punishment	2
# Subjects with pending punishment	0
# Subjects with Punishment	27
# Subjects receiving correctional custody	0
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	23
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	17
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	20
# Subjects receiving extra duty	18
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects receiving a reprimand	2
# Subjects processed for an administrative discharge or separation subsequent to nonjudicial punishment on a sexual assault charge	12
# Subjects who received NJP followed by UOTHC administrative discharge	2
# Subjects who received NJP followed by General administrative discharge	9
# Subjects who received NJP followed by Honorable administrative discharge	0
# Subjects who received NJP followed by Uncharacterized administrative discharge	1
K. OTHER ACTIONS TAKEN. This section reports other disciplinary action taken for Subjects who were investigated for sexual assault. It combines outcomes for Subjects in these categories listed in Sections D and E above.	FY24 Totals
# Subjects whose administrative discharge or other separation action was not completed by the end of FY24	2
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge or other separation for a sexual assault offense	60
# Subjects receiving UOTHC administrative discharge	7
# Subjects receiving General administrative discharge	39
# Subjects receiving Honorable administrative discharge	1
# Subjects receiving Uncharacterized administrative discharge	0
# Subjects whose other adverse administrative action was not completed by the end of FY24	15
# Subjects receiving other adverse administrative action for a sexual assault offense	82

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

L. COURTS MARTIAL ADJUDICATIONS AND OUTCOMES (Non sexual assault offense). This section reports the outcomes of Courts Martials for Subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for Subjects in this category listed in Sections D and E above.	FY24 Totals
# Total Subjects with Courts-Martial Charge Preferred for a non-sexual assault offense in FY24	46
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	28
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	16
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial action was NOT completed by the end of FY24	8
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial was completed by the end of FY24	38
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	24
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	13
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial was dismissed	8
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer followed by Art. 15 punishment	6
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer followed by Art. 15 acquittal	2
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial	1
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial followed by Art. 15 punishment	1
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial followed by Art. 15 acquittal	0
# Subjects who resigned or were discharged in lieu of Courts-Martial for a non-sexual assault offense	9
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	13
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	2
# Officer Subjects who were officers that where allowed to resign in lieu of Courts-Martial	0
# Enlisted Subjects who were discharged in lieu of Courts-Martial	1
# Subjects with Courts-Martial charges proceeding to trial on a non-sexual assault offense	0
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	5
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	4
# Subjects Acquitted of Charges	0
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	0
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	0
# Subjects Convicted of Any Non-Sexual Assault Charge at Trial	2
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	1
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	0
# Subjects with unknown punishment	0
# Subjects with no punishment	0
# Subjects with pending punishment	24
# Subjects with Punishment	0
# Subjects receiving confinement	0
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	0
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	0
# Subjects receiving a punitive discharge (Dishonorable, Bad Conduct, or Dismissal)	25
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	24
# Subjects receiving extra duty	0
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects processed for an administrative discharge or separation subsequent to conviction at trial	0
# Subjects receiving UOTHC administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving General administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving Honorable administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving Uncharacterized administrative discharge	0
M. NONJUDICIAL PUNISHMENTS IMPOSED (Non-Sexual Assault Charge). This section reports the outcomes of nonjudicial punishments for Subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for Subjects in this category listed in Sections D and E above.	FY24 Totals
# Total Subjects with Nonjudicial Punishment (Article 15) for a non-sexual assault offense in FY24	270
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was not completed by the end of FY24	NA
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was completed by the end of FY24	NA
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment was dismissed	0
# Subjects administered nonjudicial punishment for a non-sexual assault offense	16
# Subjects with unknown punishment	0
# Subjects with no punishment	0
# Subjects with pending punishment	0
# Subjects with Punishment	0
# Subjects receiving correctional custody	0
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	0
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	37
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	24
# Subjects receiving extra duty	4
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects receiving a reprimand	11
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge subsequent to nonjudicial punishment on a non-sexual assault charge	1
# Subjects who received NJP followed by UOTHC administrative discharge	2
# Subjects who received NJP followed by General administrative discharge	0
# Subjects who received NJP followed by Honorable administrative discharge	0
# Subjects who received NJP followed by Uncharacterized administrative discharge	0
N. OTHER ACTIONS TAKEN (Non sexual assault offense). This section reports other disciplinary action taken for Subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for Subjects in these categories listed in Sections D and E above.	FY24 Totals
# Subjects whose administrative discharge or other separation action was not completed by the end of FY24	NA
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge or other separation for a non-sexual assault offense	NA
# Subjects receiving UOTHC administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving General administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving Honorable administrative discharge	1
# Subjects receiving Uncharacterized administrative discharge	0
# Subjects whose other adverse administrative action was not completed by the end of FY24	NA
# Subjects receiving other adverse administrative action for a non-sexual assault offense	NA

Restricted Reports

NAVY FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	
A. FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	FY24 Totals
# TOTAL Victims initially making Restricted Reports	948
# Service Member Victims making Restricted Reports	943
# Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report involving a Service Member Subject	5
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Total Victims who reported and converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the FY24*	179
# Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	179
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Total Victim reports remaining Restricted	769
# Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	764
# Non-Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	5
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Remaining Restricted Reports involving Service Members in the following categories	769
# Service Member on Service Member	546
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	113
# Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	5
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	105
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
B. INCIDENT DETAILS	FY24 Totals
# Reported sexual assaults occurring	769
# On military installation	256
# Off military installation	324
# Unidentified location	114
# Relevant Data Not Available	75
Length of time between sexual assault and Restricted Report	769
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	150
# Reports made within 4 to 10 days after sexual assault	72
# Reports made within 11 to 30 days after sexual assault	44
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	118
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	153
# Relevant Data Not Available	232
Time of sexual assault incident	769
# Midnight to 6 am	151
# 6 am to 6 pm	81
# 6 pm to midnight	269
# Unknown	220
# Relevant Data Not Available	48
Day of sexual assault incident	769
# Sunday	81
# Monday	67
# Tuesday	50
# Wednesday	57
# Thursday	67
# Friday	91
# Saturday	124
# Relevant Data Not Available	232
C. RESTRICTED REPORTING VICTIM SERVICE AFFILIATION	FY24 Totals
# Service Member Victims	764
# Army Victims	4
# Navy Victims	747
# Marines Victims	7
# Air Force Victims	6
	0
# Coast Guard Victims	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0

Restricted Reports (continued)

D. DEMOGRAPHICS FOR FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	FY24 Totals
Sex of Victims	769
# Male	187
# Female	582
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Age of Victims at the Time of Incident	769
# 0-15	26
# 16-19	171
# 20-24	389
# 25-34	149
# 35-49	31
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	3
Grade of Service Member Victims	764
# E1-E4	438
# E5-E9	255
# WO1-WO5	1
# O1-O3	41
# O4-O10	12
# Cadet/Midshipman	16
# Academy Prep School Student	1
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Status of Service Member Victims	764
# Active Duty	724
# Reserve (Activated)	20
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	3
# Cadet/Midshipman/Prep School Student	16
# Academy Prep School Student	1
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Victim Type	769
# Service Member	764
# DoD Civilian	
# DoD Contractor	
# Other US Government Civilian	
# Non-Service Member	5
# Foreign National	
# Foreign Military	
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E. RESTRICTED REPORTING FOR A SEXUAL ASSAULT THAT OCCURRED PRIOR TO JOINING SERVICE	FY24 Totals
# Service Member Victims making a Restricted Report for Incidents Occurring Prior to Military Service	66
# Service Member Making A Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred Prior to Age 18	38
# Service Member Making a Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred After Age 18	28
# Service Member Choosing Not to Specify	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
F. RESTRICTED REPORTS CONVERSION DATA (DSAID USE ONLY)	FY24 Totals
Mean # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	40.70949721
Standard Deviation of the Mean For Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	58.03335412
Mode # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	3
G. TOTAL VICTIMS WHO REPORTED IN PRIOR YEARS AND CONVERTED FROM RESTRICTED REPORT TO UNRESTRICTED REPORT IN THE FY24	FY24 Totals
Total Victims who reported in prior years and converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the FY24	34
# Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	34
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
* The Restricted Reports are reports that converted to Unrestricted Reports are counted in the total number of Unrestricted Reports listed in Worksheet 1a, Section A.	

NAVY FY24 SUPPORT SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT		
NOTE: Totals of referrals and military protective orders are for all activities during the reporting period, regardless of when the sexual assault report was made.		
A. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS TO SERVICE MEMBERS VICTIMS FROM UNRESTRICTED REPORTS:	FY24 Totals	
# Support service referrals for Victims in the following categories		
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)		9145
# Medical		893
# Behavioral Health		1300
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel (SVC)		1394
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		1006
# Rape Crisis Center		
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate		2710
# DoD Safe Helpline		1092
# Other		723
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)		1228
# Medical		84
# Behavioral Health		138
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)		83
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		64
# Rape Crisis Center		79
# Victim Advocate		501
# DoD Safe Helpline		
# Other		279
# Cases where SAFE's were conducted		116
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam		1
# Military Victims making an Unrestricted Report for an incident that occurred prior to military service		61
B. FY24 MILITARY PROTECTIVE ORDERS (MPO)* AND EXPEDITED TRANSFERS UNRESTRICTED REPORTS	FY24 TOTALS	
# Military Protective Orders issued during FY24		170
# Reported MPO Violations in FY24		5
# Reported MPO Violations by Subjects		5
# Reported MPO Violations by Victims of sexual assault		0
# Reported MPO Violations by Both		0
*In accordance with DoD Policy, Military Protective Orders are only issued in Unrestricted Reports. A Restricted Report cannot be made when there is a safety risk for the Victim.		
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims of sexual assault	41	Total Number Denied
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims Denied	0	Reasons for Disapproval (Total)
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims of sexual assault	195	No credible determination of sexual assault
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims Denied	2	Victim pending medical evaluation
C. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS FOR MILITARY VICTIMS IN RESTRICTED REPORTS	FY24 TOTALS	
# Support service referrals for Victims in the following categories		
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)		4544
# Medical		567
# Behavioral Health		739
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)		644
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		635
# Rape Crisis Center		
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate		1167
# DoD Safe Helpline		550
# Other		220
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)		569
# Medical		38
# Behavioral Health		71
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)		29
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		25
# Rape Crisis Center		68
# Victim Advocate		250
# DoD Safe Helpline		
# Other		87
# Cases where SAFE's were conducted		65
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam		0

Support Services (continued)

CIVILIAN DATA	
D. UNRESTRICTED REPORTS FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS (e.g., DOD CIVILIANS, DEPENDENTS, CONTRACTORS, ETC) THAT DO NOT INVOLVE A SERVICE MEMBER	FY24 Totals
D1. # Non-Service Members in the following categories:	86
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member	2
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member	29
# Relevant Data Not Available	55
D2. Sex of Non-Service Members	86
# Male	6
# Female	63
# Relevant Data Not Available	17
D3. Age of Non-Service Members at the Time of Incident	86
# 0-15	0
# 16-19	3
# 20-24	6
# 25-34	4
# 35-49	2
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	71
D4. Non-Service Member Type	86
# DoD Civilian	7
# DoD Contractor	2
# Other US Government Civilian	0
# US Civilian	56
# Foreign National	4
# Foreign Military	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	17
D5. # Support service referrals for Non Service Members in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)	252
# Medical	20
# Behavioral Health	31
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	46
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	25
# Rape Crisis Center	
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	75
# DoD Safe Helpline	32
# Other	23
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	81
# Medical	6
# Behavioral Health	9
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	3
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	2
# Rape Crisis Center	18
# Victim Advocate	18
# DoD Safe Helpline	
# Other	25
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	12
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0
E. FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS	FY24 Totals
E1. # Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report	8
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	0
# Non-Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	8
# Restricted Reports from Non-Service Member Victims in the following categories:	8
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	5
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member	3
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E2. Sex of Non-Service Member Victims	8
# Male	1
# Female	7
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E3. Age of Non-Service Member Victims at the Time of Incident	8
# 0-15	0
# 16-19	1
# 20-24	3
# 25-34	2
# 35-49	2
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E4. VICTIM Type	8
# DoD Civilian	
# DoD Contractor	
# Other US Government Civilian	
# Non-Service Member	8
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E5. # Support service referrals for Non Service Member Victims in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources	45
# Medical	7
# Behavioral Health	6
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	4
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	5
# Rape Crisis Center	
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	18
# DoD Safe Helpline	4
# Other	1
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	19
# Medical	1
# Behavioral Health	2
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	1
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	1
# Rape Crisis Center	2
# Victim Advocate	11
# DoD Safe Helpline	
# Other	1
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	5
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest

NAVY DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST FY24 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS IN THE MILITARY Note: These Reports are a subset of the FY24 Reports of Sexual Assault.		
<p>A. FY24 REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST (rape, sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, forcible sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses) BY or AGAINST Service Members.</p> <p>Note: The data on this page is raw, uninvestigated information about allegations received during FY24. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.</p> <p>This data is drawn from Defense Sexual Assault Database (DSAD) based on Service affiliation of the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC) who currently manages the Victim case.</p>	FY24 Totals	
# FY24 Unrestricted Reports (one Victim per report)		0
# Service Member Victims		0
# Non-Service Member Victims in allegations against Service Member Subject		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
# Unrestricted Reports in the following categories		0
# Service Member on Service Member		0
# Service Member on Non-Service Member		0
# Non-Service Member on Service Member		0
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
# Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault occurring		0
# On military installation		0
# Off military installation		0
# Unidentified location		0
# Victim in Unrestricted Reports Referred for Investigation		0
# Victims in investigations initiated during FY24		0
# Victims with Investigations pending completion at end of 30-SEP-2024		0
# Victims with Completed Investigations at end of 30-SEP-2024		0
# Victims with Investigative Data Forthcoming		0
# Victims where investigation could not be opened by DoD or Civilian Law Enforcement		0
# Victims - Alleged perpetrator not subject to the UCMJ		0
# Victims - Crime was beyond statute of limitations		0
# Victims - Unrestricted Reports for Matters Occurring Prior to Military Service		0
# Victims - Other		0
# All Restricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest received in FY24 (one Victim per report)		3
# Converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report* (report made this year and converted this year)		0
# Restricted Reports Remaining Restricted at end of FY24		3
B. DETAILS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST FOR FY24	FY24 Totals	FY24 Totals for Service Member Victim Cases
Length of time between sexual assault and Unrestricted Report	0	0
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	0	0
# Reports made within 4 to 10 days after sexual assault	0	0
# Reports made within 11 to 30 days after sexual assault	0	0
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	0	0
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0
Time of sexual assault	0	0
# Midnight to 6 am	0	0
# 6 am to 6 pm	0	0
# 6 pm to midnight	0	0
# Unknown	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0
Day of sexual assault	0	0
# Sunday	0	0
# Monday	0	0
# Tuesday	0	0
# Wednesday	0	0
# Thursday	0	0
# Friday	0	0
# Saturday	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

C. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS IN DEPLOYED AREA OF INTEREST INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS BY OR AGAINST SERVICE MEMBERS (VICTIM AND SEX GENDER)	Male on Female	Male on Male	Female on Male	Female on Female	Unknown on Male	Unknown on Female	Multiple Mixed Sex Assault	Relevant Data Not Available	FY24 Totals		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
# Service Member on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
FY24 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT BY MATTER INVESTIGATED TYPE (May not reflect what crimes can be charged upon completion of investigation)											
UNRESTRICTED REPORTS MADE IN FY24	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses						
D. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS IN DEPLOYED AREA OF INTEREST INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS BY OR AGAINST SERVICE MEMBERS (MOST SERIOUS CRIME ALLEGED, AS CATEGORIZED BY THE MILITARY CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE ORGANIZATION)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	FY24 Totals
D1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D2.											
TOTAL Service Member Victims in FY24 Reports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member Victims: Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member Victims: Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TIME OF INCIDENT BY OFFENSE TYPE FOR UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN DEPLOYED AREA OF INTEREST MADE IN FY24											
D3. Time of sexual assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Midnight to 6 am	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 6 am to 6 pm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 6 pm to midnight	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D4. Day of sexual assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Sunday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Monday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Tuesday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Wednesday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Thursday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Friday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Saturday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST LOCATION OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS BY TYPE OF OFFENSE											
FY24 DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST LOCATIONS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT. Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY24. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08) (Art. 120)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	FY24 Totals
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED REPORTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bulgaria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cameroon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chad	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Djibouti	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Egypt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estonia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Georgia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hungary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Latvia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lithuania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mali	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Niger	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nigeria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Poland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Romania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Slovakia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Somalia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tunisia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED REPORTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

E. SUMMARY OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS WITH INVESTIGATIONS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST		FY24 Totals
E1. Subjects in Unrestricted Reports Made to Your Service with Investigation Initiated During FY24 in Deployed Areas of Interest		
Note: This data is drawn from DSAID based on Service affiliation of the SARC who currently manages the Victim case associated with the investigation and Subject below.		
# Investigations Initiated during FY24		0
# Investigations Completed as of FY24 End (group by MCIO #)		0
# Investigations Pending Completion as of FY24 End (group by MCIO #)		0
# Subjects in investigations Initiated During FY24		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Service Investigations		0
Note: Non-Service Member Subjects are drawn from all CID, NCIS and AFOSI investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Unidentified Subjects in Service Investigations		0
Note: Unidentified Subjects are drawn from all CID, NCIS and AFOSI investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		0
Note: Service Member Subjects are drawn from Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		0
# Unidentified Subjects in Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		0
# Subject or Investigation Relevant Data Not Available		0
E2. Service Investigations Completed during FY24 in Deployed Areas of Interest		
Note: The following data is drawn from DSAID and describes criminal investigations completed during the FY24. These investigations may have been initiated during the FY24 or any prior FY.		
# Total Investigations completed by Services during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)		0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim		0
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject		0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject		0
# Subjects in investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in completed Service Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		0
# Unidentified Subjects in completed Service Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		0
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available		0
# Victims in investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service		0
# Service Member Victims in CID investigations		0
# Your Service Member Victims in CID investigations		0
# Other Service Member Victims in CID investigations		0
# Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		0
# Your Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		0
# Other Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		0
# Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		0
# Your Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		0
# Other Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		0
# Non-Service Member Victims in completed Service Investigations, supported by your Service		0
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available		0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

E3. Subjects and Victims in Investigations Completed by US Civilian and Foreign Agencies during FY24 in Deployed Areas of Interest Note: This data is entered by your Service SARC for cases supported by your Service.	
# Total Investigations completed by US Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject	0
# Subjects in investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Unidentified Subjects in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Victims in investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	0
# Your Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	0
# Other Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	0
# Non-Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations in a case supported by your Service	0
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available	0
E4. Subjects and Victims in Investigations Completed by Military Police/Security Forces/Master At Arms/Marine Corps CID (MPs) during FY24 (all organizations regardless of name are abbreviated below as MPs) in Deployed Areas of Interest Note: This data is entered by your Service SARC for cases supported by your Service. Note: As of 1 Jan 2013, all sexual assault investigations are referred to MCIO for investigation. This section captures remaining Subjects from investigations opened in prior years by Military Police/Security Forces/Master At Arms/Marine Corps CID.	
# Total Investigations completed by MPs during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject	0
# Subjects in MP investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in MPs involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Unidentified Subjects in MPs involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Victims in MP investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Your Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Other Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Non-Service Member Victims in MP Investigations, supported by your Service	0
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

Victims in Investigation Completed in FY24 in Deployed Areas of Interest	Victim Data From Investigations completed during FY24										
	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses						
F. DEMOGRAPHICS ON VICTIMS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY24 IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST (Investigation Completed within the reporting period. These investigations may have been opened in current or prior Fiscal Years)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	FY24 Totals
F1. Sex of Victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F2. Age of Victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 0-15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 16-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 20-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 25-34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 35-49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F3. Victim Type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# DoD Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# US Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Foreign National	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Foreign Military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F4. Grade of Service Member Victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# E1-E4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# E5-E9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# WO1-WO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# O1-O3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# O4-O10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F5. Service of Service Member Victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Army	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Navy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Marines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Air Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F6. Status of Service Member Victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Active Duty	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Reserve (Activated)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

G. DEMOGRAPHICS ON SUBJECTS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY24 DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST (Investigation Completed within the reporting period. These investigations may have been opened in current or prior Fiscal Years)	Subject Data From Investigations completed during FY24										FY24 Totals
	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses						
	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	
G1. Sex of Subjects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G2. Age of Subjects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 0-15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 16-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 20-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 25-34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 35-49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G3. Subject Type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Drill Instructors/Drill Sergeants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Recruiters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# DoD Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# US Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Foreign National	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Foreign Military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G4. Grade of Service Member Subjects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# E1-E4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# E5-E9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# WO1-WO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# O1-O3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# O4-O10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G5. Service of Service Member Subjects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Army	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Navy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Marines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Air Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G6. Status of Service Member Subjects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Active Duty	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Reserve (Activated)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

H. FINAL DISPOSITIONS FOR SUBJECTS IN COMPLETED FY24 INVESTIGATIONS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals	H1. ASSOCIATED VICTIM DATA FOR COMPLETED FY24 INVESTIGATIONS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
# Subjects in Unrestricted Reports that could not be investigated by DoD or Civilian Law Enforcement Note: These Subjects are from Unrestricted Reports referred to MCIOs or other law enforcement for investigation during FY24, but the agency could not open an investigation based on the reasons below.	0		
# Subjects - Not subject to the UCMJ	0		
# Subjects - Crime was beyond statute of limitations	0		
# Subjects - Matter alleged occurred prior to Victim's Military Service	0		
# Subjects - Other	0		
# Subjects in investigations completed in FY24 Note: These are Subjects from Tab1b, Cells B29, B59, B77.	0	# Victims in investigations completed in FY24	0
# Service Member Subjects in investigations opened and completed in FY24	0	# Service Member Victims in investigations opened and completed in FY24	0
# Total Subjects with allegations unfounded by a Military Criminal Investigative Organization	0	# Total Victims associated with MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0	# Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0	# Non-Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Unidentified Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0		
# Subjects with Subject data not yet available and with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0	# Victims with Victim data not yet available and involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Total Subjects Outside DoD Prosecutive Authority	0		
# Unknown Offenders	0	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Unknown Offender Reports	0
		# Service Member Victims in remaining Unknown Offender Reports	0
# US Civilians or Foreign National Subjects not subject to the UCMJ	0	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	0
		# Service Member Victims in remaining Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	0
# Service Members Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority	0	# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports against a Service Member who is being Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority	0
		# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports with a deceased or deserted Subject	0
# Subjects who died or deserted	0	# Service Member Victims in remaining reports with a deceased or deserted Subject	0
# Total Command Action Precluded or Declined for Sexual Assault	0		
# Service Member Subjects where Victim declined to participate in the military justice action	0	# Service Member Victims who declined to participate in the military justice action	0
# Service Member Subjects whose investigations had insufficient evidence to prosecute	0	# Service Member Victims in investigations having insufficient evidence to prosecute	0
# Service Member Subjects whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	0	# Service Member Victims whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	0
# Service Member Subjects with allegations that were unfounded by Command	0	# Service Member Victims whose allegations were unfounded by Command	0
		# Service Member Victims who died before completion of the military justice action	0
# Subjects disposition data not yet available	0	# Service Member Victims involved in reports with Subject disposition data not yet available	0
# Subjects for whom Command Action was completed as of 30-SEP-2024	0		
# FY24 Service Member Subjects where evidence supported Command Action	0	# FY24 Service Member Victims in cases where evidence supported Command Action	0
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Courts-Martial preferrals against Subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15 UCMJ)	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15) against Subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Administrative discharges against Subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions against Subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred for non-sexual assault offense	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Courts-Martial preferrals for non-sexual assault offenses	0
# Service Member Subjects: Non-judicial punishment for non-sexual assault offense	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishment for non-sexual assault offenses	0
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges for non-sexual assault offense	0	# Service Member Victims involved with administrative discharges for non-SA offense	0
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions for non-sexual assault offense	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions for non-SA offense	0
Restricted Reports that convert to Unrestricted Reports are counted with the total number of Unrestricted Reports.			

Restricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest

NAVY DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST (DAI) FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	
A. FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
# TOTAL Victims initially making Restricted Reports	3
# Service Member Victims making Restricted Reports	3
# Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report involving a Service Member Subject	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Total Victims who reported and converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the FY24*	0
# Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	0
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Total Victim reports remaining Restricted	3
# Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	3
# Non-Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Remaining Restricted Reports involving Service Members in the following categories	3
# Service Member on Service Member	1
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	2
# Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	0
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
B. INCIDENT DETAILS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
# Reported sexual assaults occurring	3
# On military installation	0
# Off military installation	3
# Unidentified location	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Length of time between sexual assault and Restricted Report	3
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	1
# Reports made within 4 to 10 days after sexual assault	0
# Reports made within 11 to 30 days after sexual assault	0
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	0
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	1
# Relevant Data Not Available	1
Time of sexual assault incident	3
# Midnight to 6 am	3
# 6 am to 6 pm	0
# 6 pm to midnight	0
# Unknown	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Day of sexual assault incident	3
# Sunday	0
# Monday	0
# Tuesday	0
# Wednesday	0
# Thursday	1
# Friday	0
# Saturday	1
# Relevant Data Not Available	1
C. RESTRICTED REPORTING VICTIM SERVICE AFFILIATION IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
# Service Member Victims	3
# Army Victims	0
# Navy Victims	2
# Marines Victims	1
# Air Force Victims	0
# Coast Guard Victims	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0

Restricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

D. DEMOGRAPHICS FOR FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
Sex of Victims	3
# Male	0
# Female	3
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Age of Victims at the Time of Incident	3
# 0-15	0
# 16-19	0
# 20-24	2
# 25-34	0
# 35-49	1
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Grade of Service Member Victims	3
# E1-E4	2
# E5-E9	0
# WO1-WO5	0
# O1-O3	1
# O4-O10	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Status of Service Member Victims	3
# Active Duty	3
# Reserve (Activated)	0
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0
# Cadet/Midshipman/Prep School Student	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Victim Type	3
# Service Member	3
# DoD Civilian	0
# DoD Contractor	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0
# Non-Service Member	0
# Foreign National	0
# Foreign Military	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E. RESTRICTED REPORTING FOR A SEXUAL ASSAULT THAT OCCURRED PRIOR TO JOINING SERVICE IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
# Service Member Victims making a Restricted Report for Incidents Occurring Prior to Military Service	0
# Service Member Making A Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred Prior to Age 18	0
# Service Member Making a Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred After Age 18	0
# Service Member Choosing Not to Specify	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
F. RESTRICTED REPORTS CONVERSION DATA (DSAID USE ONLY) IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
Mean # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	0
Standard Deviation of the Mean For Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	0
Mode # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	0
G. TOTAL VICTIMS WHO REPORTED IN PRIOR YEARS AND CONVERTED FROM RESTRICTED REPORT TO UNRESTRICTED REPORT IN THE FY24 IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
Total Victims who reported in prior years and converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the FY24	0
# Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	0
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
TOTAL # FY24 DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	FY24 Totals
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSAULTS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	3
Bulgaria	0
Cameroon	0
Chad	0
Djibouti	0
Egypt	0
Estonia	1
Georgia	0
Hungary	0
Latvia	0
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	0
Lithuania	0
Mali	0
Niger	0
Nigeria	0
Poland	2
Romania	0
Slovakia	0
Somalia	0
Tunisia	0
* The Restricted Reports are reports that converted to Unrestricted Reports are counted in the total number of Unrestricted Reports listed in Worksheet 1a, Section A.	

Support Services in Deployed Areas of Interest

NAVY DAI FY24 SUPPORT SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	
<i>NOTE: Totals of referrals and military protective orders are for all activities during the reporting period, regardless of when the sexual assault report was made.</i>	
A. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS TO SERVICE MEMBERS VICTIMS FROM UNRESTRICTED REPORTS:	FY24 Totals
# Support service referrals for Victims in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel (SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0
# Military Victims making an Unrestricted Report for an incident that occurred prior to military service	0
B. FY24 MILITARY PROTECTIVE ORDERS (MPO)* AND EXPEDITED TRANSFERS UNRESTRICTED REPORTS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 TOTALS
# Military Protective Orders issued during FY24	0
# Reported MPO Violations in FY24	0
# Reported MPO Violations by Subjects	0
# Reported MPO Violations by Victims of sexual assault	0
# Reported MPO Violations by Both	0
<i>*In accordance with DoD Policy, Military Protective Orders are only issued in Unrestricted Reports. A Restricted Report cannot be made when there is a safety risk for the Victim.</i>	
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims of sexual assault	0
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims Denied	0
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims of sexual assault	0
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims Denied	0
C. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS FOR MILITARY VICTIMS IN RESTRICTED REPORTS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 TOTALS
# Support service referrals for Victims in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)	16
# Medical	3
# Behavioral Health	3
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	3
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	3
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	4
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	1
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	1
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0

Support Services in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

CIVILIAN DATA	
D. UNRESTRICTED REPORTS FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS (e.g., DOD CIVILIANS, DEPENDENTS, CONTRACTORS, ETC) THAT DO NOT INVOLVE A SERVICE MEMBER IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
D1. # Non-Service Members in the following categories:	0
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member	0
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
D2. Sex of Non-Service Members	0
# Male	0
# Female	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
D3. Age of Non-Service Members at the Time of Incident	0
# 0-15	0
# 16-19	0
# 20-24	0
# 25-34	0
# 35-49	0
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
D4. Non-Service Member Type	0
# DoD Civilian	0
# DoD Contractor	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0
# US Civilian	0
# Foreign National	0
# Foreign Military	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
D5. # Support service referrals for Non Service Members in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	
# Other	0
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0
E. FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
E1. # Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report	0
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	0
# Non-Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	0
# Restricted Reports from Non-Service Member Victims in the following categories:	0
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	0
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E2. Sex of Non-Service Member Victims	0
# Male	0
# Female	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E3. Age of Non-Service Member Victims at the Time of Incident	0
# 0-15	0
# 16-19	0
# 20-24	0
# 25-34	0
# 35-49	0
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E4. VICTIM Type	0
# DoD Civilian	
# DoD Contractor	
# Other US Government Civilian	
# Non-Service Member	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E5. # Support service referrals for Non Service Member Victims in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	
# Other	0
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0

Unrestricted Report Case Synopses

[illegible]

Unrestricted Report Case Synopses

[illegible]

Unrestricted Report Case Synopses

[illegible]

SAPR Program Managers	Capability in developing policy, or program management and execution; and completion of 40+ hours of Military Service-specific D-SAACP requirements and approved SARC training.		
Dedicated Headquarters-Level SAPR Professionals	Include policy, advocacy, administrative support, and prevention professionals (e.g., data analysts, training analysts, and D-SAACP analysts) who support the headquarters-level SAPR program offices at each Military Service/NGB (<i>not including program managers, who are counted in their own category</i>).	11	
Uniformed SARCs (collateral duty)	Serve as the single point of contact at an installation or within a geographic area to oversee sexual assault awareness, prevention, and response training; coordinate medical treatment, including emergency care, for victims of sexual assault; and track the services provided to victims from the initial report through final disposition and resolution and are certified through D-SAACP.	0	43
Civilian SARCs (full-time)	See above.	93	0
Principal SARCs (formerly known as Lead SARCs) (full-time)	Serve as the primary focal point for directing and coordinating response activities at the installation (tactical level) for supported tenant commands; fulfills a supervisory capacity at the installation for all SARCs and SAPR VAs (at least 25 percent of the time).		0
Uniformed SAPR-VAs (collateral duty)	Provide non-clinical crisis intervention, referral, and ongoing non-clinical support to adult sexual assault victims; offer information on available options/resources to victims; coordinate liaison assistance with other organizations and agencies on victim care matters; and report directly to the SARC and are certified through D-SAACP.	0	1141
Civilian SAPR-VAs (full-time)	See above.	80	0
Civilian SAPR-VAs (collateral duty)	See above.	0	0
Sexual Assault-Specific Legal Personnel	Legal personnel who specialize in sexual assault cases including prosecutors, Victim Witness Assistance Program personnel, paralegals, legal experts, and Special Victims' Counsel/Victims' Legal Counsel.	428	95
Sexual Assault-Specific Investigators	Military Criminal Investigative Office investigators who specialize in sexual assault cases.	227	419
Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examiners	Medical providers that have completed the DoD Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examiner Course at Fort Sam Houston, or equivalent.	188	7

FY 2024 Annual Report on Sexual Assault in the Military: Marine Corps

Executive Summary:

The Marine Corps educates every Marine on how to ensure the readiness, safety, mental well-being, and moral force of themselves and their fellow Marines. Recognizing that there is no substitute for disciplined leadership, the Marine Corps Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) program strategy expands the understanding of accountability. Leaders at all levels are expected to possess the knowledge, skills, and empathy to recognize signs of harmful behaviors on a continuum, respond to hostility or discrimination with urgency, and promote the protective factors of a healthy command. Just as our quality of life (QOL) policies adapted to best support the 21st century family, our prevention training, education, initiatives, and professional development support the modern warfighter using a data-informed public health approach.

From entry level training throughout a Marine Corps leader's career, character development focuses on 14 leadership traits. The August 2024 addition of a 15th leadership trait—empathy—in Marine Corps Warfighting Publication 6-10, *Leading Marines*, underscores our commitment to engaging, understanding, and supporting Marines in all challenges or circumstances. Highlighting empathy as a trust builder and force multiplier promotes social fitness, mission readiness, healthy relationships, and unit cohesion crucial to mission execution. The message to our modern warfighter is clear: Marines who look beyond themselves choose what is right over what is easy. For commanders, this includes placing Marines in mentorship roles who are the most invested in providing peer-to-peer support, promoting a healthy command climate, and preventing the harmful behaviors that are in direct conflict with retention.

The Marine Corps integrated prevention strategy relies on building and maintaining the skills and abilities to recognize harmful behaviors and uses the four Marine Corps Total Fitness (MCTF) domains—mental, physical, spiritual, and social—to develop the resiliency to respond to adversity in combat and in life. At the individual level, MCTF aims to build Marines who are self-aware, show concern and respect for fellow Marines, draw strength from and assist each other, and understand the importance of building and maintaining trust to ensure unit cohesion. Spiritual fitness connects Marines to their foundational values that build trust, cohesion, respect for fellow Marines, moral character, and command climates that do not tolerate harmful behaviors. Social fitness strengthens the protective factors of a healthy command by increasing connectedness, trust, sense of belonging, and the intent to intervene to protect others—reducing the likelihood of violence and building a strong community.

Our restorative response efforts highlight how without people there can be no warfighting. These efforts also seek to reassure Marines who experience sexual assault that they can navigate to a place of strength and resilience and return to a state of readiness by using available resources. Building mentally resilient Marines includes recognizing when a resiliency challenge requires intervention, seeking the necessary support services to rebound from it, eliminating the stigma surrounding help-seeking, and helping other Marines do the same.

A focus on climate and culture is critical to our sexual assault prevention and response efforts. Lack of support for intervention, discrimination, and sexual harassment not only increase

Marines' risk of unwanted sexual contact, but diminish the holistic health of the Marine Corps. Trainings and unit led discussions focus on cultural competency, healthy communication in the digital age, avoiding victim blaming, barriers to reporting, and empowering Marines with the knowledge of the forms of sexual assault and sexual harassment. Partnerships with the Office of Special Trial Counsel, Victims' Legal Counsel, Integrated Primary Prevention Workforce, and other prevention stakeholders enhance our ability to arm leaders with actionable prevention strategies and tactics informed by data.

Updates to Marine Corps sexual assault prevention and response efforts included:

- Releasing the Marine Corps Warfighter Mental Readiness Playbook in 2024 to foster a culture of mental readiness prioritization. It arms Marines of all ranks and responsibilities with the tools to enhance well-being and support unit mental readiness.
- Implementing MCTF, the Marine Corps strategy for integrated prevention, with its focus across four fitness domains: mental, spiritual, social, and physical.
- Developing command-specific data dashboards and implementing quarterly metrics reviews to enable a data-informed prevention approach.
- Hosting the August 2024 Integrated Prevention Forum including partners in prevention from across the Marine Corps focused on MCTF, integrated prevention efforts, and forming key partnerships.
- Gathering leaders and frontline prevention stakeholders at the April 2024 II MEF Wellness Symposium to share integrated prevention best practices and solicit fleet feedback on future policies and trainings.
- Collaborating with the Integrated Primary Prevention Workforce (IPPW) to build a comprehensive prevention system with a strategic focus on skill-building and protective factors to prevent multiple harmful behaviors including sexual assault.
- Continuing Prevention and Response Workforce hiring to ensure robust support to Marines and families.
- Collaborating with the Navy Office of Force Resiliency to update The Watch List, highlighting the five specific behaviors that correlate with an increased risk of unwanted sexual contact.
- Providing SAPR Annual Updates with detailed data and command specific information from the DoD Annual Report on Sexual Assault in the Military.
- Promoting the Interactive Mental Wellness Resource for mental fitness skill building information.
- Creating a Leaders' Guide to integrate sexual assault report data with prevention research and provide valuable context and suggestions for data informed enhancements to prevention efforts.

- Executing No Wrong Door and warm handoffs among SAPR, Military Equal Opportunity, Family Advocacy Program, and other victim services providers.
- Continuing to improve and refine training for SAPR personnel and Marines including Marine leaders.
- Updating training on SAPR-Related Inquiry (SRI) CATCH Entries.
- Messaging practical strategies for prevention and navigating life's stressors for Marines and families via podcasts and articles on the Marine Corps Community Services website.

The Marine Corps remains committed to the implementation of the Independent Review Commission on Sexual Assault in the Military (IRC-SAM) recommendations and milestones to align with guidance. The sexual assault prevention strategy demands a culture of respect that protects the readiness of our Marines, families, and civilian workforce. The Marine Corps values every Marine who chooses to earn the title and fosters a culture where every Marine feels safe in their unit and where the crime of sexual assault is eradicated.

1. Goal 1—Prevention: “Institutionalize evidenced-based, informed prevention practice and policies across the Department so that all Military Service members are treated with dignity and respect, and have the knowledge, tools, and support needed to prevent sexual assaults.”

1.1 Strategic Summary: The Marine Corps recognizes that sexual assault and sexual harassment are force diminishers and targeted a holistic MCTF strategy at eliminating them by enhancing resilience and building skills. The modern, targeted approach begins at entry level training to educate Marines on the continuum of harm, healthy communication, boundaries, and consent.

Our integrated primary prevention efforts rely on collaboration with Primary Prevention Integrators (PPI) and Embedded Preventive Behavioral Health Capability (EPBHC) personnel on command initiatives. SAPR collaboration with IPPW combats siloing, removes barriers, and bridges gaps to form cohesive strategies and initiatives.

Leadership training emphasized the following best practices: prioritizing unit cohesion, rank-group specific SAPR annual training, understanding shared risk and protective factors for harmful behaviors, using Unit Marine Awareness and Prevention Integrated Training (UMAPIT), ensuring Operational Stress Control and Readiness (OSCAR) implementation, promoting MCTF, promoting mental wellness, and including family members in QOL and prevention strategies.

Initial SARC training was significantly refreshed and expanded to three courses, culminating with SARC 301, an instructor led curriculum piloted both virtually and in person that provides real-time application of victim encounter skills, coordinating victim care, quality assurance for SAPR services, executing case notifications, informing advocacy, and analyzing data. A prevention module educates SAPR professionals on the difference between awareness

activities and primary prevention activities. Expanding the SARC training to incorporate education on these primary prevention concepts highlights the commitment to creating a SAPR Workforce with the skills necessary to identify risk and protective factors, share information, and partner with other stakeholders in the prevention of harmful behaviors. This update to SARC training both amplified existing knowledge of prevention and provided SAPR professionals practical examples of prevention in action and best practices for stakeholder collaboration while also ensuring robust response skills.

The Marine Corps ensures all SAPR products and deliverables are evidenced based. SAPR trainings and SAPR services are evaluated for efficacy and fidelity.

In Fiscal Year 2024 (FY24), the Marine Corps partnered with the Evaluation and Technical Assistance Center at the University of Chicago to begin evaluating the SAPR training and small group discussions offered at the Commandant's Combined Commandership Course also known as Cornerstone. This evaluation will measure changes in the attitudes and behaviors regarding sexual assault and the SAPR program among Commanders and Sergeants Major who attend the SAPR training offered at Cornerstone. This study is ongoing and will not be completed until FY25. The results will be used to enhance SAPR education and resources specifically tailored for senior Marine Corps leadership.

In addition to the Cornerstone evaluation, the Marine Corps created a Standardized Evaluation Measurement Framework that includes pre-tests and post training surveys to evaluate SAPR annual training and professional military education. In FY23 this framework was used to launch a pilot study for the SAPR "Step-Up" bystander intervention training. The framework is currently being used to assess the Headquarters Marine Corps SARC training series. The findings from this evaluation will be used to improve course content and inform changes to the course format.

The Marine Corps Military Equal Opportunity (MEO) Program is dedicated to addressing behaviors that detract from operational readiness, including harassment (encompassing bullying and hazing), prohibited discrimination, and sexual harassment. On 31 May 2024, the MEO Program updated MCO 5354.1G to align with multiple recommendations from the Independent Review Commission on Sexual Assault in the Military (IRC-SAM), as well as statutory and higher headquarters policies.

Key updates include:

- IRC-SAM CC1 Compliance: Complainants of sexual harassment are now entitled to limited SAPR services through Equal Opportunity Advisors (EOAs), who will conduct safety assessments and provide necessary referrals and resources.
- Department of the Navy's No Wrong Door Policy: Ensuring accessibility to support services for all personnel.
- Professionalization Initiatives: Enhanced training on the Code of Ethics, suspension/revocation processes, and continuing education requirements.
- Confidential Reporting Mechanisms: Strengthening privacy and support for victims of sexual harassment.

The MEO Program significantly enhanced its Training Framework by incorporating adult learning theory into its annual training initiatives. This approach is tailored to the distinct ranks and roles within the Marine Corps, ensuring that each training module builds upon the individual development of Marines throughout their career progression. The program features three key training levels: junior Marines, small unit leaders, and senior leaders. Each level integrates relevant vignettes from closed cases (with all Personally Identifiable Information redacted) from the past three years, ensuring that the examples presented are not only applicable but also grounded in real-world scenarios.

Moreover, the training emphasizes the four domains of Marine Corps Total Fitness, along with emotional intelligence, to foster a holistic understanding of the issues at hand. By engaging Marines in meaningful and contextually relevant discussions, the training enhances their ability to recognize and address behaviors that detract from readiness. This comprehensive approach not only empowers Marines at every level but also cultivates a culture of accountability and continuous improvement within the ranks.

Prevention collaboration efforts included, but are not limited to, the April 2024 II MEF Wellness Symposium, August 2024 Integrated Primary Prevention Forum, and a MCTF brief and small group discussion conducted by the Semper Fit Program with Marine Corps SAPR and MEO professionals at the NOVA 50th annual Training Event in July 2024.

The Marine Corps delivered briefs on connectedness as a protective factor for Marine Corps spouses at Cornerstone. These briefs educated spouses on their role as prevention stakeholders and helped them understand their potential role in building the health of their commands by fostering community, social support, and empathy. Sharing information on the risk and protective factors for harmful behaviors with spouses facilitates meaningful conversations within command teams and increases leadership buy in and support for prevention initiatives.

1.2 Hiring Integrated Primary Prevention Workforce (IPPW): The Marine Corps IPPW consists of civilian behavioral and public health experts who provide commanders with analysis and coordination of unit-wide prevention strategies and resources. The Embedded Preventive Behavioral Capability (EPBHC) was established in 2014 and continues expanding to meet new requirements. OSCAR is also expanding as part of IPPW. Hiring actions started in FY22 and will continue through FY28.

The Marine Corps expanded the IPPW footprint to commands which previously did not have prevention personnel. As billets are approved, commands are briefed about the roles and responsibilities, so they are effectively integrated into the command prevention strategy. Onboarding calls for newly hired personnel are scheduled quarterly with the HQMC team to assist fleet staff in understanding their roles and training requirements, including DoD SPARX training. Onboarding process improvements utilizing SharePoint enabled more efficient communications and improved distribution of policy and programmatic guidance.

The MEO Program is strategically aligned with IPP Level 2 workforce under IRC-SAM hiring protocols. MPE has conducted a comprehensive workforce analysis across all O-5 and above commands to evaluate the necessity for additional IRC-SAM billets through a tiered methodology.

Phase one successfully facilitated the expansion of the Equal Opportunity Advisor (EOA) workforce, adding 40 civilian billets at GS-11 to GS-13 and an additional 16 military billets. Currently, we have the following vacant billets: MARFORRES 11 vacant billets; MARFORCYBER- 1 vacant billet; TECOM- 1 vacant billet; MCRD PI- 1 vacant billet; I MEF- 3 vacant billets.

Additionally, MEO has issued MARADMIN 262/24, titled, "Independent Review Commission on Sexual Assault in the Military Update as it Relates to the MEO Program" which delineates the process and requirements for EOA hiring actions. This communication reinforces our commitment to enhancing our workforce and upholding the standards set forth by the Independent Review Commission.

1.3 Efforts to Address Approved Independent Review Commission on Sexual Assault in the Military (IRC-SAM) Recommendations (Lines of Effort 2 & 3): The Marine Corps published NAVMC 1700.41 and forthcoming updates to MCO 1700.41 will implement and guide its prevention workforce. IPPW hiring actions underway across the Marine Corps will equip commands to fully execute integrated prevention. The Marine Corps implemented the Prevention Plan of Action (PPOA) 2.0 and made recommendations to senior leadership on PPOA 3.0 and future prevention system efforts.

A partnership with Training and Education Command developed entry-level skills for all Marines that emphasized how sexual harassment, sexual assault, and other harmful behaviors do not align with the Marine Corps core values and will not be tolerated. The trainings along with annual training, professional military education, and leadership training provide active intervention scenarios to ensure Marines apply the knowledge and skills presented.

The NOVA 50th Annual Training Event, held from 29 July to 1 August 2024 in Washington, D.C., marked the inaugural inclusion of EOAs, fostering networking among civilian and military victim service providers. The sessions centered on prevention and response strategies for sexual violence, as well as discussions on sexual harassment and hazing.

Furthermore, the EOA Symposium at the Defense Equal Opportunity Management Institute (DEOMI), Patrick Space Force Base, Florida, from 10-13 September 2024, facilitated candid dialogue and insightful instruction with senior departmental leaders. This training equipped service leaders and participants with a deeper understanding of current mission readiness concerns and strategies for providing effective guidance to commanding officers and supervisors regarding Military Equal Opportunity.

To further these initiatives, the Manpower Plans and Policy Division (MP) executed a Prohibited Activities and Conduct (PAC) Information Campaign throughout calendar year 2024. This campaign aimed to educate command teams and leadership across the Marine Corps on the newly published Marine Corps PAC Prevention and Response Order (MCO 5354.1G).

The PAC Information Campaign encompassed physical visits to various Marine Corps commands and installations, delivering briefings to key leaders and command teams and conducting Key Leader Engagements (KLE). In alignment with the Commandant's directive to focus on reducing destructive behaviors through coordinated information-sharing campaigns, this initiative emphasized critical updates in MCO 5354.1G, including processing sexual

harassment allegations, formal and informal complaint procedures, investigation protocols, and associated reporting timelines. To date, MPE engaged with over 800 senior leaders and command teams, fostering a proactive dialogue around these pivotal issues.

The Marine Corps facilitates briefs and group discussion at the First Sergeants School and Cornerstone Course that focus on holistic prevention strategies and highlight the associated risk and protective factors. Discussion groups provide leaders an opportunity to engage in critical thinking about prevention and response strategies using a scenario-based discussion guide.

At these courses, HQMC Marine and Family Programs Division currently disseminates a Development Guide for SAPR Standard Operating Procedure (SOP), which includes The Watch List. This guide is provided during Cornerstone for board-slated Commanders and Sergeants Major, and the First Sergeants School, to inform development of their command SOP. The Watch List identifies behaviors that signal a higher risk of sexual assault and other harmful outcomes for Marines and Sailors, and highlights command climate issues that need attention. By flagging these risk factors, leaders are better equipped to address potential issues early, before they escalate. The Watch List fosters awareness of harmful behaviors within a command climate, enabling commanders and senior enlisted leaders to intervene proactively. This early intervention helps create a safer environment and reinforces a culture of accountability and respect, ultimately reducing the likelihood of harmful incidents. Additionally, the Watch List content is incorporated into other scenario-based training offered by programs who partner with SAPR and IPPW for prevention.

The Marine Corps wide Barriers to Help-Seeking study concluded in FY24. This study identified common barriers to seeking help for behavioral health concerns and general life stressors. Results indicate common barriers to help-seeking include: finding time or being allowed time to meet with resources, finding transportation to meet with resources, and concerns that seeking help will have negative impacts on one's career. A key takeaway from the barrier study was that Marines are more inclined to seek help when their leadership fosters a supportive environment, characterized by regularly showing openness about their own experiences, accommodating leave for appointments, and sharing information on available resources. Findings from this study are currently being disseminated, to include at the Cornerstone and First Sergeants School briefs mentioned above.

In conjunction with Judge Advocate Division (JAD), SECNAV, DON, and Marine Corps Military Equal Opportunity (MEO) Programs, IRC 3.8 was codified to publish the results of all disciplinary actions related to sexual harassment. JAD continues to publish all Court Martial Disposition information on their website (Monthly Court Martial Reports (marines.mil)) and administrative data will be published on a SECNAV portal. Per IRC requirement 4.1b, the MEO Program continued the phase out of collateral duty EORs to align with DoDI 6400.09 that MEO personnel must complete the required DEOMI training when providing services to Service Members reporting a Prohibited Activity and Conduct violation.

1.4 Future Plans: By the end of FY28, the Marine Corps is expected to have 351 IPPW personnel supporting the Active and Reserve Components. The Marine Corps Total Fitness holistic approach to prevention utilizes four domains (spiritual, social, mental, and physical) to address readiness and reduce the impact of harmful behaviors. The Marine Corps

implementation of effective prevention activities is hindered by difficulties in hiring and retaining prevention personnel, largely due to higher pay and career advancement opportunities offered by other military branches. Additionally, the fast-paced and ready to deploy mission requirements of the Marine Corps can make it difficult to maintain a stable and consistent prevention culture.

The Marine Corps continues to provide Service-specific implementation guidance for IPPW in their role coordinating the development and submission of the required Comprehensive Integrated Prevention Plan (CIPP). The Marine Corps is enacting a phased approach to this requirement and each year, more commands are participating in CIPP development and reporting. Informed by Command Climate Assessments, CIPPs guide primary prevention efforts and track impacts.

An updated Combat and Operational Stress Control Marine Corps Order 5351.1A is forthcoming, with input gathered throughout FY24. OSCAR provides Marines and their medical and religious personnel partners with the skills to recognize stress and its impacts and to connect Marines to the supports they need. Peer to peer support remains a critical resource for Marines, connecting Marines to the services and supports they need.

The Marine Corps Military Equal Opportunity Program is currently creating the Equal Opportunity Senior Leader's Workshop (EOSLW) designed to familiarize senior leaders with intrapersonal, interpersonal, and organizational aspects of human relations and equal opportunity and understand its impact on unit cohesion, mission accomplishment, and combat readiness. The EOSLW will:

- Develop and demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of intrapersonal, interpersonal, and organizational human relations principles, including equal opportunity practices, and their impact on unit cohesion, mission accomplishment, and combat readiness, by effectively applying these principles and policies in case studies, simulations, and real-world scenarios.
- Intrapersonal Skills: Demonstrate self-awareness by effectively identifying personal strengths/weaknesses and applying intrapersonal principles to enhance personal performance and contribute positively to unit cohesion and mission success in diverse scenarios.
- Interpersonal Relationships: Develop and apply effective communication techniques and strategies for building and maintaining positive relationships, enhancing teamwork, and resolving conflicts in diverse interpersonal scenarios.
- Organizational Policy: Understand Military Equal Opportunity policies and initiatives contributing to unit morale and operational effectiveness by taking care of Marines.

The target audience includes commanders and key staff/department heads (O-1 to O-6), senior enlisted members (E-6 to E-9), legal officers, chaplains, and inspector general personnel who hold leadership positions within their respective organizations. Requestors outside of these ranks will not be permitted to attend.

The ability to deliver effective prevention and advocacy hinges on effective IPPW and SAPR professionals to deliver it. Obstacles to implementation include personnel shortages, rapid

program changes, and frequently changing policy that require extensive communications across the workforce and regular training updates. Staffing shortages, frequent changes in guidance and professional skills requirements, and new policies and directives slow the delivery of consistent programmatic messaging.

2. Goal 2—Victim Assistance & Advocacy: “Deliver consistent and effective advocacy and care for all Military Service members or their adult dependents, such that it empowers them to report assaults, promotes recovery, facilitates dignified and respectful treatment, and restores military readiness.”

2.1 Strategic Summary: Prevention training evolves as new policies emerge, reporting options expand, and our understanding of victim care expands. The Marine Corps developed strategies to improve the consistency and effectiveness of victim care. SARC and SAPR VA courses utilize pre-test and post-test knowledge checks to identify gaps in participant knowledge, feedback for future trainings, and training fidelity.

Training for staff non-commissioned officers and officers was combined into a single updated SAPR Training for Leaders. The new training format afforded a more engaged and interactive experience than the previous versions.

The Development Guide for SAPR SOP provided updated tools and guidance for the practical application of command responsibilities in prevention and response to incidents of sexual assault. Our leaders are engaged, emotionally intelligent and show an increased support for the program that allows them to contribute more effectively to victim response, advocacy, and recovery.

The Marine Corps expanded initial SARC training and piloted SARC 301, which amplifies the prevention concepts presented in both the Prevention In Action-Stakeholders training and the SAPR VA 40-hour Initial Training. The newest training in the SARC training series included advanced discussions on the components of an effective sexual assault prevention and response program. A Victim Care module highlighted multiple trauma responses, empathy, engaging response resources, and removing barriers to care. Additionally, SARCs attending the pilot sessions learned how to identify sexual assault risk and protective factors, how to develop and test prevention strategies, and how to identify the role of the SARC in skill building, healthy climates, and primary prevention initiatives.

The Marine Corps began implementation of the Not All Struggles Are Seen Barracks Initiative and will begin distribution of a variety of materials promoting crisis resources for harmful behaviors, including sexual assault. Barracks managers at each installation can request marketing materials, informational posters, window clings, and retractable banners to display in the barracks to ensure response resource messaging reaches junior Marines.

The Marine Corps provided training and guidance to the Total Force on the DD Form 2910-4 and associated forms through live trainings, messaging, and published guidance to Marine Corps SARCs.

The Marine Corps Military Equal Opportunity (MEO) Program is committed to enhancing operational readiness by addressing behaviors that undermine it, such as harassment,

prohibited discrimination, and sexual harassment. On 31 May 2024, the MEO Program updated MCO 5354.1G to align with recommendations from the Independent Review Commission on Sexual Assault in the Military (IRC-SAM) and statutory policies. Key updates include granting complainants of sexual harassment access to limited SAPR services through Equal Opportunity Advisors (EOAs), implementing the Department of the Navy's No Wrong Door Policy for accessible support services, and strengthening confidential reporting mechanisms. These initiatives reflect a strategic commitment to victim advocacy and operational integrity.

To support these efforts, the MEO Program has revamped its Training Framework by integrating adult learning theory into annual training initiatives. Tailored to various ranks and roles, the program encompasses three training levels—Junior Marines, Small Unit Leaders, and Senior Leaders—utilizing relevant vignettes from closed cases to ensure practical applicability. Emphasizing the four domains of Marine Corps Total Fitness and emotional intelligence, the training fosters a comprehensive understanding of issues related to harassment and discrimination. This approach not only empowers Marines to recognize and address detrimental behaviors but also cultivates a culture of accountability and continuous improvement within the Corps.

In addition, the NOVA 50th Annual Training Event, held from 29 July to 1 August 2024, and the EOA Symposium at the Defense Equal Opportunity Management Institute (DEOMI) in September 2024, provided crucial platforms for networking among civilian and military victim service providers. These events facilitated in-depth discussions on prevention and response strategies for sexual violence, equipping service leaders with the knowledge to guide their commands effectively. To further these advocacy goals, the Manpower Plans and Policy Division is executing a Prohibited Activities and Conduct (PAC) Information Campaign throughout 2024, focusing on educating command teams about MCO 5354.1G. Through physical visits and briefings, the campaign aims to foster proactive dialogue around critical updates in complaint processing and investigation protocols, engaging over 800 senior leaders and command teams to ensure a unified approach to victim advocacy.

The Marine Corps Recruiting Command (MCRC) SAPR Team conducted approximately (55) site/assist visits to the Recruiting Regions, Recruiting Stations, and Recruiting Sub Stations consisting of Command Meet & Greets, Annual SAPR Training, extensive review of the SAPR Functional Area Checklist (FAC), and onboarding and training of SAPR personnel to ensure all Marines, Sailors, civilians, and their families are supported by the MCRC SAPR Program and the SECDEF IRC recommendations are implemented.

The Western Recruiting Region (WRR) and Eastern Recruiting Region (ERR) Supervisory Regional SARCs conducted a SAPR Brief at the Basic Recruiter's Course (BRC) aboard Marine Corps Recruit Depot (MCRD) San Diego. The SAPR training and education for future Recruiters equips them with resources and assists with the prevention of harmful behaviors. Additionally, the WRR Supervisory Regional SARC conducted Healthy Relationship Briefs to Recruits awaiting training on MCRD San Diego, and the ERR Supervisory Regional SARC conducted Welcome Aboard SAPR Briefs to new Recruits aboard MCRD Parris Island.

Commanders across the Marine Corps observed and supported Sexual Assault Awareness and Prevention Month (SAAPM) in April 2024. The Commanding General of the U.S. Marine Corps

Recruiting Command, Major General William J. Bowers, signed the 2024 SAAPM Proclamation and the 2024 Denim Day Authorization. The MCRC Commanding General participated in events with MCRC Headquarters, WRR, and ERR.

Marine Corps SAPR professionals enhanced their skills through professional development. Examples included attending the 2024 End Violence Against Women International (EVAWI) Conference and the 2024 National Organization for Victim Advocacy (NOVA) Training Event. These events provide continuing education training and professional development as well as the opportunity to collaborate with SARCs and SAPR VAs across the Department of Defense.

2.2 Professionalize the Sexual Assault Response Workforce (SARW): The Marine Corps remains steadfast in its commitment to implement the Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Workforce Model by FY27. Compliance with IRC-SAM recommendations requires the significant expansion of the SARW, and the Marine Corps worked to hire 98 positions in FY24 and 358 in FY23. Civilian and military workforce is increasing across Judge Advocate Division, Naval Criminal Investigative Services, Military Equal Opportunity, SAPR, and Integrated Primary Prevention Workforce.

In accordance with the Independent Review Commission on Sexual Assault in the Military (IRC-SAM) recommendations 4.1 A and 4.1 B, the Marine Corps is modifying its program structure to ensure consistent execution of the SAPR program across the force by undertaking a comprehensive approach to strengthening and resourcing the SAPR workforce. Given the scope of changes, the Marine Corps is carefully and diligently executing steps in conjunction with human resources partners to ensure the retention of current staff while setting the conditions for continued expansion of the SARW in accordance with the 2024 SARW guidance.

At the strategic level, the Marine Corps continues to expand capacity to support the growing civilian workforce. With additional resources, HQMC SAPR is positioned to assist the installations with oversight requirements to include inspections, personnel, funding, data-informed programming, and program execution.

At the operational level, program management offices feature specialized personnel to assist with the policy complexities and requirements that govern the SAPR program. These program offices will provide technical oversight and advisement to ensure program execution complies with legal requirements and effectively supports victims, providing trauma-informed, culturally competent reporting, advocacy, and care.

The Marine Corps is refining tactical level structure such that SARCs and SAPR VAs are supervised by the Principal SARC. SARCs and SAPR VAs report directly to the Principal SARC, or to a responsible Supervisory SARC, while remaining assigned to their unit(s). Principal SARCs co-chair the Case Management Group (CMG) and work collaboratively with program management offices to ensure coordination of services and ensure optimal oversight and use of available resources. Principal SARCs co-chair the Case Management Group (CMG) and work collaboratively with operational program management offices to ensure coordination of services and ensure optimal oversight and use of available resources. This structure is in complete alignment with IRC requirement 4.1A.

The Marine Corps is working to reduce reliance on collateral duty positions. As we increase the number of credentialed civilian personnel as full-time SARCs and SAPR VAs, we will reduce our dependence on collateral duty SAPR personnel. Through the hiring of new SAPR positions, we will provide technical oversight, trauma-informed, victim-centric care, and execute evidence-based prevention efforts. Program execution is in line with the IRC-SAM Recommendations and within the funds allocated from Congress. Similarly, to further optimize its effectiveness, the MEO Program has transitioned away from relying on collateral duty EOAs, ensuring that these positions are now filled by dedicated professionals. This strategic shift has been complemented by the implementation of a new supervisory structure, which enhances oversight and ensures that EOAs receive the guidance and resources necessary to perform their duties effectively. These comprehensive changes reflect a steadfast commitment to fostering a supportive environment, enhancing operational readiness, and prioritizing the well-being of all personnel within the Marine Corps.

The Marine Corps Military Equal Opportunity (MEO) Program has undergone significant enhancements to strengthen its workforce and better support victim advocacy. Notably, the MEO now operates under a formal Code of Ethics, which establishes clear expectations for professional conduct and accountability. The incorporation of trauma-informed care into training practices underscores the program's commitment to understanding and addressing the needs of victims. Additionally, extensive training on safety assessments equips Equal Opportunity Advisors (EOAs) with the skills necessary to provide effective support and resources to those affected by harassment and discrimination.

2.3 SARC and SAPR VA DoD Sexual Assault Advocate Certification (D-SAACP) Suspension, Revocation, and/or Reinstatement: The DoD Sexual Assault Advocate Certification Program (D-SAACP) process, including revocations and suspensions, is included in Marine Corps SAPR personnel training and the Development Guide for SAPR SOP.

In FY24, four revocations and no reinstatements occurred.

SARCs: 0 Revoked

SAPR VAs: 4 Revoked (Two of these SAPR VAs went straight to revocation and were never in a suspended status. The other two were only suspended from duties before being revoked.) All revoked personnel reflect a revoked status on latest D-SAACP roster.

2.4 Sexual Assault Forensic Exam (SAFE) Kits: The medical care of no Service Member was hindered due to the lack of SAFE kits or any other resources over the course of the last year. Navy Medicine, U.S. Fleet Forces Command, U.S. Pacific Fleet, and Navy Criminal Investigative Services worked to ensure that all SAFE-enabled platforms in the Fleet secured and maintained a sufficient number of SAFE kits and toxicology kits in preparation for all deployments and operational missions, in an effort to guarantee that a SAFE kit is on hand for all Restricted and Unrestricted sexual assault cases.

2.5 Military Protective Orders: Marine Corps Commanders issued 96 Military Protective Orders (MPOs) as a result of Unrestricted Reports filed in FY24. Thirty-two requested MPOs were disapproved. No Contact Orders were issued in lieu of an MPO in some cases as

documented in the Safety Notes in DSAID. One MPO violation (by the subject) was reported to HQMC SAPR in FY24 Unrestricted Reports.

2.6 Appropriate Care in Deployed Environments: While decreasing the reliance on uniformed personnel, the Marine Corps will maintain its cadre of credentialed uniformed SARCs and SAPR VAs to ensure SAPR services and peer to peer support for deployed environments, geographically dispersed, and remote or isolated areas of operation. HQMC works closely with commands to identify the areas in need of collateral duty presence.

With Navy Medicine providing indirect guidance and consultation, U.S. Fleet Forces and U.S. Pacific Fleet continues to effectively collaborate with Navy Personnel Command – eight years and counting – to ensure that the permanent change of station orders of all inbound medical staff tapped to serve as sexual assault medical forensic examiners aboard SAFE-enabled platforms are granted funding for an intermediate stop to the Tri-Service SAMFE schoolhouse aboard Joint Base San Antonio/Fort Sam Houston to receive the requisite 80-hour training that will result in a certificate of completion.

Furthermore, the regional SAPR officers assigned to Naval Medical Forces Pacific and Naval Medical Forces Atlantic met with the embedded medical staff of USNS Mercy (T-AH-19) and USNS Comfort (T-AH-20) prior to each of their FY24 multinational humanitarian assistance and disaster relief missions, Pacific Partnership 2024 and Continuing Promise 2024, respectively, to ensure an adequate number of SAFE kits as well as the correct equipment were stocked prior the start of each deployment.

Finally, NAVMED 6310/5, which is the “Department of the Navy Sexual Assault Restricted Reporting Evidence Submission Chain of Custody” form, was updated for the first time in nearly 10 years, in an effort to provide data fields for which a SAMFE could list out (with greater intricacy and detail) each piece of evidence being submitted to the NCIS Consolidated Evidence Facility for storage up to 50 years.

As part of the EOA restructure, military Equal Opportunity Advisors (EOAs) have been repositioned to the O-6 level, a strategic change that allows them to deploy alongside commands. This enhancement is crucial, as it ensures that EOAs are present in the field, providing immediate support and guidance on equal opportunity issues in real-time situations. By being embedded within deployed units, EOAs can address concerns promptly, fostering a culture of accountability and support that is essential for maintaining operational readiness. This direct access enhances the effectiveness of the MEO Program and underscores the Marine Corps commitment to creating a safe and respectful environment for all personnel, even in high-pressure deployment scenarios.

2.7 Victim Expedited Transfer Request Oversight in Monthly Case Management Group (CMG) Meetings: Of the Expedited Transfer requests that the Marine Corps processed in FY24, eight took longer than 30 days between the date of approval and the victim’s Permanent Change of Station (PCS) and 15 took longer than seven days between the date of approval and the victim’s Permanent Change of Assignment (PCA). All delays were reported to the CMG Chair in accordance with Marine Corps procedural guidance. The most common reason for a delay was due to the victim’s request for additional time to move or leave. Other reasons

included administrative processing delays due to incorrectly completed requests; facilitating coordination with an Active-Duty spouse; and delays typical of transfers to or from an OCONUS location.

2.8 SAPR-Related Inquiry Catch a Serial Offender (CATCH) Entries Utilizing a DD Form

2910-4: HQMC SAPR ensures that our Service Members and leaders are trained on the availability of the CATCH program and DD Form 2910-4 through a comprehensive approach that starts with HQMC SAPR personnel training, followed by fleet training development, and fleet training implementation. Once our subject matter experts complete training, they ensure USMC leaders and Service Members are informed through annual training, command touch points, command courses, enlisted leader courses, and by assisting individuals who meet with SAPR professionals.

2.9 Efforts to Address Approved IRC-SAM Recommendations: The Marine Corps conducts briefs and group discussions during the First Sergeants School and Cornerstone. These provide leaders the opportunity to discuss and apply critical thinking on prevention and postvention strategies using a discussion guide that includes a scenario specifically focused on postvention victim care and support.

SAPR personnel training materials were revised to include guidance on how to use new DoD forms, trauma informed victim care, , culture, working with support services in the community, and maximizing adherence to survivor preference on reporting options and services. HQMC updated all leadership training modules and materials on the appropriate response to sexual assault and sexual harassment.

SARC training incorporated an emphasis on victim care and support concepts. Participants were guided in lessons on trauma informed concepts and practices to support victim recovery in a comprehensive manner. Participants engaged in critical thinking by demonstrating how to respond to specific scenarios exploring appropriate victim care and support.

The Marine Corps collaborated with DoD SAPRO on pilots and will assist in the implementation of Encounter Skills Training to enhance engagement with victims and better meet victim needs.

In accordance with DoDI 6400.06 and MCO 1754.11 the Family Advocacy Program (FAP) implements standardized procedures to ensure coordination, collaboration, and consistency in victim support. FAP and SAPR professionals empower victim choice whenever possible and provide warm handoffs between programs to provide access to the most appropriate services and subject matter expertise. To ensure consistency in victim support, FAP Advocates and Prevention Education staff collaborate with SAPR Victim Advocates and SARCs to provide education to commands, law enforcement agencies (LEAs) and Health Care Practitioners (HCP). Implementation of the No Wrong Door approach is outlined below:

In accordance with DoDI 6400.06, when a victim reports domestic abuse to a SARC or SAPR VA, they offer the victim a warm handoff to the FAP. Victims of unmarried intimate partner sexual abuse choose to receive services from the FAP or Sexual Assault Prevention and Response program. If a victim reports sexual assault involving a person they do not consider an intimate partner to a SARC, they receive victim advocacy and assistance in accordance with DoDI 6495.02 Vol 1.

When a victim reports domestic abuse to a SARC or SAPR VA, they offer the victim a warm handoff to the FAP, and this disclosure of the domestic abuse to a SARC or SAPR VA does not prevent the victim from later choosing to make a Restricted Report following FAP procedures.

All FAP Advocates conduct an in-brief with VWAP, PMO, SJA, SAPR Program Managers, and Victim's Legal Assistance Counsel. These in-briefs establish connections that facilitate future warm handoffs and ensure seamless victim care.

The FAP Prevention & Education Specialist provides or coordinates training on child abuse, domestic abuse, and PSB-CY in the military community to key military personnel including SAPR professionals.

The Manpower Plans and Policy Division (MP) is executing a Prohibited Activities and Conduct (PAC) Information Campaign throughout 2024 to educate command teams and leadership across the Marine Corps on the recently published Marine Corps PAC Prevention and Response Order (MCO 5354.1G), which incorporates the No Wrong Door Policy and other IRC-SAM requirements. This campaign involves direct engagements through physical visits to various commands and installations, where briefings are delivered to key leaders and command teams, along with Key Leader Engagements (KLE).

In alignment with the Commandant's directive to reduce destructive behaviors through coordinated information-sharing, the PAC Information Campaign emphasizes critical updates in MCO 5354.1G, covering essential topics such as the processing of sexual harassment allegations, complaint procedures, investigation protocols, and reporting timelines. To date, the initiative has successfully engaged over 800 senior leaders and command teams, fostering proactive dialogue around these vital issues and reinforcing a commitment to a respectful and safe environment for all personnel.

Navy Medicine continued its ongoing partnership – entering its third fiscal year – with DoD Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office (SAPRO), DHA, USPACFLT, USFFC, The Medical Officer of the Marine Corps, NCIS, and OPNAV N17 to lay the groundwork for full implementation of approved IRC recommendation 4.1d ("Train Independent Duty Corpsmen to be Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examiners so patient care and evidence collection can be provided in deployed and isolated environments"). In order to facilitate the identification and preservation of crucial evidence, this recommendation mandates that victims are offered non-intrusive forensic evidence collection and appropriate care in deployed and isolated settings prior to being transferred to a higher echelon of care. However, this collaborative effort was placed on pause by the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs (OASD(HA)) midway through FY24 in order to ascertain if healthcare personnel other than trained SAMFEs could collect evidence and proposed chain of custody procedures inherent in this initiative truly met the legal litmus test.

2.10 Future Plans: The Marine Corps remains steadfast in its commitment to implement the SAPR Workforce Model by FY27. In accordance with the Independent Review Commission (IRC) recommendations, the Marine Corps is modifying its oversight structure to ensure proper, consistent execution of the SAPR program across the force in alignment with DoD guidance and all applicable human resources regulations.

HQMC SAPR efforts to incorporate trauma guided advocacy into revisions of Marine Corps policy, procedures, and training are underway and ongoing.

Collaboration with DoD SAPRO will result in implementation of the SARW Encounter Skills foundational training curriculum to address IRC recommendation 4.4a and 4.4b. The 10-day (80-hour) course will provide standardized lessons for SARCs and SAPR VAs to impart trauma responsive, culturally competent, and ethical victim advocacy knowledge and skill development through in-person instruction. The Marine Corps anticipates providing the training to sixteen SAPR Professionals from across the Marine Corps.

The Marine Corps will continue and expand efforts to integrate prevention, implement MCTF, facilitate seamless victim care, expand the SAPR workforce, enact IRC requirements, and refine training and education for Marines and SAPR personnel.

The Military Equal Opportunity (MEO) Program continues to conduct fleet engagements and awareness campaigns focused on highlighting victim advocacy and the significant updates outlined in MCO 5354.1G. These initiatives are designed to ensure that all personnel are informed about the critical changes and resources available to support victims of harassment and discrimination. By actively engaging with Marines across various commands, the MEO aims to foster a culture of awareness and accountability, reinforcing the importance of a safe and respectful environment. Through these efforts, the MEO Program remains committed to empowering individuals, promoting open dialogue, and ensuring that every member of the Marine Corps understands their rights and available support systems.

The Navy Surgeon General's four main Lines of Effort (LOEs) greatly influenced the Navy SAMFE program, specifically the increase in Sailor and Marine deployability (i.e., SAFEs are offered aboard large-deck carriers and amphibious assault ships), the provision of quality healthcare and patient safety programs across the Naval Force (i.e., medical management is trauma-informed, victim-centered, compassionate, and non-judgmental) and the recruitment and retention of Navy Medicine Shipmates (i.e., the opportunity to reintegrate back into the warfighting force by addressing both physical and behavioral healthcare needs).

With these LOEs in mind, Navy Medicine and DHA are currently in the midst of developing a more standardized approach to providing annual refresher training through didactic and hands-on simulation (i.e., mock exam) methods, in order to ensure that SAMFEs in the MTF and operational settings can maintain their skillset after attending the initial SAMFE course at Joint Base San Antonio/Fort Sam Houston.

3. Goal 3—Investigation: “Sustain a high level of competence in the investigation of adult sexual assault using investigative resources to yield timely results.”

3.1 Strategic Summary: As part of the Department of the Navy's five-year plan to establish a dedicated career track for special victim investigators pursuant to IRC Recommendation 1.4, in FY24, NCIS increased the number of personnel supporting adult sexual assault investigations by 42. This included additional field elements such as special agents and supervisors, investigators, forensic graphics specialists, and digital forensic examiners, as well as support staff such as an information technology and human resources specialists.

In April 2024, in conjunction with National Sexual Assault Awareness Month, NCIS launched a newly created sexual assault information webpage on the ncis.navy.mil public-facing website, intended to lower the barriers to sexual assault reporting by educating victims on the NCIS investigative process and preparing them for a potential investigative interview. By helping victims to better understand what to expect when reporting a sexual assault to law enforcement, this NCIS initiative will empower victims to make a more informed decision about their participation in the military justice process. This initiative builds upon the 2023 update to the NCIS TIPS Web and Mobile App that provides a specific reporting mechanism for sexual assault. Of note, sexual assault reporting through NCIS Tips increased 17 percent in FY24. Of the 77 total sexual assault Tips reported in FY24, 30 of those Tips resulted in an investigation of some type (42%).

In FY24, NCIS established the NCIS Office of Special Trial Counsel (OSTC) Liaison Program to further support NCIS-OSTC collaboration during the investigation and prosecution of certain military justice offenses. NCIS initiated the NCIS OSTC Liaison Program to co-locate NCIS investigative personnel within Navy and Marine Corps OSTC office locations to serve as force multipliers to the NCIS and OSTC offices. NCIS OSTC Liaison personnel assist with minor investigative endeavors to prepare NCIS special victim investigations for prosecution once the active phase of the investigation is complete.

In furtherance of NCIS Special Victim Investigation and Prosecution (SVIP) efforts, NCIS created a new SVIP screen within the NCIS case management and investigative reporting system to better capture and document collaborative efforts between NCIS investigators, OSTC prosecutors, and SAPR victim advocacy personnel. This new feature streamlines SVIP data reporting requirements for NCIS case agents, reduces redundancies in documentation, and increases efficiencies in investigative case reporting.

In FY24, NCIS implemented a new mobile training team (MTT) initiative to provide special agents in the field with education on and tools for conducting more effective adult sexual assault investigative interviews. This training titled, "Interview Training for Adult Sexual Assault Investigations" offers scientific and legal perspectives along with investigative interview guidance and recommendations. The purpose is to assist field agents in conducting thorough and effective subject/victim interviews while navigating the challenging landscape of adult sexual assaults. Three primary areas will be addressed in this training: Research perspectives on sexual consent communications, adult sexual assault investigation interview guidance, and legal perspectives on investigative interviews.

In FY24, NCIS began transitioning to a new Evidence Management Portal (EMP) for managing custody of SAFE kits and other physical evidence collected for sexual assault investigations. The EMP is a cloud-based inventory management system designed specifically for Law Enforcement use in logging and maintaining evidence collected for criminal and counterintelligence investigations. The system is a CAC enabled digital interface where each authorized member can submit, track, maintain, and even request USACIL forensic review from anywhere and at any time around the world. Roles and authorities in EMP are compartmentalized by facilities and every piece of evidence has a unique identifier with an accompanying digital audit trail. Evidence labels are barcoded to ensure quick and efficient inspections and interoperability across the agency. In collaboration with USACID and AFOSI,

this proven system will be advancing a secure chain of custody and redefining paperless evidentiary controls for NCIS.

Finally, as the executive agency for the DOD's Catch a Serial Offender (CATCH) website and database, NCIS completed a number of IT updates in FY24 to enhance user capabilities. Most notably, an automated matching feature was deployed at the end of FY24, which will match CATCH entries to other CATCH entries with the same suspect identified, to include entries between the Military Services.

3.2 Evidence Processing Challenges: NCIS implemented a number of training initiatives in FY24 to enhance evidence collection and submission capabilities. The NCIS Office of Forensic Support coordinated with USACIL to send additional NCIS Special Agents to attend the Special Agent Laboratory Training (SALT), a week-long in-person class that educates attendees on laboratory examination capabilities, driving better evidence identification and collections from sexual assault scenes and involved persons. A total of four classes were held in FY24. NCIS also implemented a new training initiative focused on Field Office Major Case Response Teams (MCRTs). The MCRT Advanced Course was created to build the skills of MCRT Team Leaders, who oversee crime scene documentation and evidence collection efforts for sexual assault and other special victim investigations. A total of three MCRT Advanced Training courses were held in FY24.

Additionally, as noted in section 3.1, NCIS has begun transitioning to a new electronic evidence management system, which is anticipated to further reduce the number of administrative errors attributed to NCIS evidence custody tags and documents, which were formerly currently completed by hand.

NCIS is not currently experiencing challenges maintaining SAFE kits and other evidence collected in sexual assault investigations. However, as evidence inventory increases, coupled with the retention timeframes (20 years/50 years unresolved), greater storage capacity will be required. NCIS is working with the other MCIOs to mitigate these concerns in the way of a proposed joint long-term evidence facility.

3.3 Future Plans: In FY25, NCIS will conduct its first Field Training Agent (FTA) Conference since before the COVID-19 pandemic outbreak in 2020. The FTA Conference will be an event designed to enhance capabilities of the NCIS FTA corps by providing updates on policies affecting the FTA program, sexual assault investigations, operations, global presence, and topics identified wherein trainees generally struggle. Additional topics to be covered include effective communication, best practices for responding to challenges with trainees, and discussing what resources are available for support.

Additional initiatives continue to include quarterly crime prevention campaigns that target sexual assault, increased use of social media to engage the public, and production of a sexual assault impact video aimed at fostering trust between NCIS and Department of Navy civilian and military members, ultimately encouraging reporting by SA victims. All NCIS Field Offices will complete their transition to the new EMP.

4. Goal 4—Accountability: “Maintain a high competence in holding alleged offenders appropriately accountable.”

4.1 Strategic Summary: The primary focus of the Marine Corps in addressing the Accountability goal was the establishment of the Office of Special Trial Counsel (OSTC). During Fiscal Year 2024, OSTC reached full operational capability ahead of the effective date of 28 December 2023. However, additional statutory reforms will become effective in 2025, including the addition of sexual harassment as a covered offense. Efforts to integrate the Additional Military Occupational Specialty (AMOS) designators established in FY 2023 continued in FY 2024, including designating key OSTC billets with AMOS-based assignment preferences. On 15 December 2023, the Staff Judge Advocate to the Commandant modified the previously-issued criteria for Marine Corps judge advocates to qualify to become STCs, by incorporating these newly-established AMOSs as the experiential baseline to become an STC.

On 22 December 2023, the Lead Special Trial Counsel BGen K. S. Woodard issued revisions of the Marine Corps OSTC Standard Operating Procedures to comply with Executive Order 14103 of 28 July 2023 and updates to JAGINST 5800.7G CH-2 Chapter 1. Additional revisions are expected to be issued by the LSTC at the end of Calendar Year 2024.

Due to promotion timelines, some of the original Marine Corps STCs were, with the approval of the Lead Special Trial Counsel, rotated out of the OSTC, or are pending orders to rotate out of the OSTC, and into other non-STC judge advocate billets across the fleet. In the spring and fall of 2024, additional STC screening boards were held in order to identify qualified judge advocate replacements to backfill those STCs who left the organization or who are leaving in FY25. Among those favorably screened, two (2) reservist judge advocates were screened and certified in FY24 and placed on Active Duty for Operational Support orders to support and reinforce OSTC operations in the Western Region. An additional six (6) reservist judge advocates were favorably screened in FY25 and are working towards attending the third annual OSTC certification course in April-May 2025 to become STC-certified.

In June 2024, NCIS and OSTC leadership signed a Memorandum of Understanding, which memorialized the terms and conditions surrounding the embedding of NCIS Liaison Officers (LNOs) at the four OSTC regional offices (MCB Quantico, Camp Lejeune, Camp Pendleton, and Camp Butler, Okinawa), as well as at the OSTC field office aboard MCB Hawaii, to support OSTC operations. NCIS placed investigators with an 1801 designator into these LNO positions. Discussions are ongoing to have NCIS LNOs embedded at the remainder of USMC OSTC field offices as conditions permit.

4.2 Improvements to Offices of Special Trial Counsel (OSTCs) Capabilities: Since becoming fully operationally capable on 28 December 2023, the OSTC has made significant strides in addressing identified staffing and resourcing shortfalls. First, the Marine Corps has filled all 33 special trial counsel billets, and three (3) OSTC auxiliary counsel billets, across the fleet. Additionally, the number of enlisted legal support personnel has been increased from 16 Marines at the beginning of 2024 to 28 Marines at present. On 4 November 2024, the OSTC’s GS-15 Senior Policy and Training Advisor onboarded at OSTC HQ. In coordination with the Chief Trial Counsel of the Marine Corps, 11 trial counsel from the Trial Services Organization are also now on detail to OSTC field offices across the fleet on 12-month rotations. And, as

previously noted, in the summer of 2024, the OSTC welcomed four NCIS investigators into its Regional offices, as well as one special agent to the MCB Hawaii OSTC field office.

4.3 Effectiveness of the Special Victims' Counsel (SVC)/Victims' Legal Counsel (VLC)

Program: During 2024, the Navy and Marine Corps continued collaboration on the design and implementation of the third Navy-Marine Corps VLC Certification Course offered at Naval Justice School (NJS) in Newport, Rhode Island from 29 April-8 May April 2024. This course trained 42 military students as Victims' Counsel or Victims' Paralegals, including 16 Marine Corps VLC selectees and one Marine Corps paralegal. The curriculum included instruction from experts on prosecution of sexual assault and issues unique to victims. Attendees observed a panel discussion including former clients, conducted practical application exercises, and received classes on the neurobiology of trauma, strategic litigation, resilience/vicarious trauma, sentencing and motions advocacy, unique aspects of representing male victims, and child clients. Students also received instruction on domestic violence and sexual assault prevention and response (SAPR), including alcohol facilitated sexual assault, domestic violence specific legal issues, working with the Family Advocacy Program (FAP), and SAPR specific training related to case processing and victim rights. This course will be offered annually in late April, and substantially expands the training offered to Navy and Marine Corps VLC prior to their certification.

The majority of USMC VLC currently have caseloads that exceed 25 clients. Of the 21-line VLC and Regional Victims' Legal Counsel (RVLC), 17 counsel have more than 25 cases. Of those, 14 have more than 30 cases. The average caseload among USMC VLC is 29.4. The Marine Corps VLCO is working toward reducing client caseloads consistent with its professional obligations and responsibilities to clients.

Two additional VLC billet were filled in VLCO-West, and VLCO-East in FY 25. Additionally, two billets in VLCO-NCR, and VLCO-PAC are being informally allocated by the local Regional Director of Legal Services for FY25. Both of these efforts will reduce the average caseload. Of note, despite the OSTC becoming fully operationally capable in December 2023, the VLCO has not seen a corresponding client caseload reduction. While some cases may be processing faster depending on the OSTC recommendation, client detailings remain consistent with or have exceeded FY 23 levels at this time.

4.4 Trends in the Incidents, Disposition, and Prosecution of Sexual Assault: The total number of reported sexual assaults slightly increased (0.9%) over FY 2023. The proportion of reports that were unrestricted increased, as compared to restricted reports, potentially indicating greater trust in the system since the stand-up of the OSTC. The number of sexual assault prosecutions is down, partially as a result of the OSTC's charging standard. However, among those cases that are prosecuted, conviction rates have increased over the previous fiscal year.

4.5 UCMJ Article 93a (Prohibited Activities with Military Recruit or Trainee by Person in Position of Special Trust) Investigations and Convictions: Five total Marines were subject to ongoing investigations for violation of Article 93a, UCMJ, in FY 2024.

Three of those Marines were convicted in FY 2024. Two convictions were at special court-martial; one conviction was at general court-martial. One additional Marine was acquitted. The last Marine is pending trial in FY 2025.

Violations of Article 93a, UCMJ, are typically investigated at the command level. These investigations, when they do not result in a Request for Legal Services, are not tracked in any centralized military justice database. As a result, there may be additional investigations in FY 2024 which are not yet tracked.

4.6 Efforts to Address Approved Independent Review Commission (IRC)

Recommendations (Line of Effort 1): The Marine Corps participated in a number of efforts through the Joint Service Committee on Military Justice and the Defense Advisory Committee on Investigations, Prosecution, and Defense of Sexual Assault in the Armed Forces with regard to IRC-SAM recommendations 1.3, 1.5, 1.6, and 1.7. Additionally, the Marine Corps also made significant progress internally on a number of different fronts.

First, the Marine Corps Prohibited Activities and Conduct Order, Marine Corps Order 5354.1G, received a significant update to require independent trained investigators for sexual harassment, building off the interim changes published by the Department of the Navy via ALNAV 024/22. Further policy refinements, including involuntary separation of all substantiated complaints, were drafted and staffed during FY 2024, and are expected to be published prior to 1 January 2025, aligning those efforts with other sexual harassment reforms, such as investigative jurisdiction being assumed by the Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS) and designation of sexual harassment as a covered offense under the authority of the Office of Special Trial Counsel.

At the beginning of FY 2024, the Marine Corps Deputy Director of Military Justice at Judge Advocate Division participated in a review of optimum military justice processing timelines. Furthermore, the Marine Corps continues to adapt its defense counsel funding policies to changing circumstances and emerging needs.

Lastly, efforts to professionalize career billets for military justice personnel continue with ongoing screenings for 4450 (Litigator), 4451 (Senior Litigator), 4452 (Supervisory Litigator), and 4453 (Expert Litigator) AMOS designators. Several assignments, including Special Trial Counsel, Special Trial Counsel Team Lead, Regional Special Trial Counsel, Deputy Lead Special Trial Counsel, and Lead Special Trial Counsel were coded to a corresponding AMOS appropriate expertise in the Authorized Strength Report. This coding creates an assignment preference, whereby an officer not possessing the appropriate AMOS would only be assigned to that billet by exception. An additional AMOS screening board will be held prior to the next assignments cycle to identify those with the requisite education and experience.

4.7 Future Plans: The Marine Corps will continue to develop policies and procedures to enhance accountability across LOE 1 Accountability. One major approved plan is that, starting 1 January 2025, the Marine Corps and the Navy will begin leveraging NCIS to investigate formal complaints of sexual harassment. NCIS reports directly to the Under Secretary of the Navy, ensuring independence from the chain of command as well as training and experience. Additionally, the Department of the Navy will issue policy, effective 1 January 2025, directing

mandatory processing for involuntary separation for substantiated formal complaints that are not prosecuted by the OSTC.

5. Goal 5—Assessment: “Effectively measure, analyze, assess, and report SAPR Program progress to improve effectiveness.”

5.1 Strategic Summary: The Marine Corps ensures all SAPR products and deliverables are evidenced based. SAPR trainings and SAPR services are evaluated for efficacy and fidelity. The expansion of SARC training to incorporate education on data collection and analysis highlights the commitment to creating a SAPR Workforce with the skills necessary not only to identify risk and protective factors, but to share information and partner with other stakeholders in the prevention of harmful behaviors. This update to SARC training both amplified existing knowledge of prevention and provided SAPR professionals practical examples of how to collect, store, interpret, and communicate data.

The Marine Corps created a Standardized Evaluation Measurement Framework that includes pre-tests and post training surveys to evaluate SAPR annual training and professional military education. In FY23 this framework was used to launch a pilot study for the SAPR “Step-Up” bystander intervention training. The framework is currently being used to assess the Headquarters Marine Corps SARC training series. The findings from this evaluation will be used to improve course content and inform changes to the course format.

In FY24, the Marine Corps continued to improve data training innovations. Notably, the Marine Corps DSAID Field Guide has undergone updates to account for changes in policy and DSAID functionality. Updates to the SARC training curriculum included content relevant to data collection and management in DSAID. Similarly, additions to SARC training content amplified knowledge of data interpretation and data briefing skills. This new content ensures that all Marine Corps SARCs are equipped with the knowledge and skills necessary to use the available data effectively.

The Marine Corps remains committed to a high standard of data quality, security, and utility. Frequent, comprehensive data quality audits have enabled more actionable analyses and reports for leaders at multiple levels. Additionally, our data management practices alert us to systemic data quality issues requiring prompt action.

5.2 Developing a Comprehensive Integrated Primary Prevention Plan in Support the 2024 Defense Organizational Climate Survey (DEOCS): The Marine Corps provided Service-specific implementation guidance for the required comprehensive integrated prevention plans (CIPP). The Marine Corps enacted a phased approach to this requirement and each year more commands participate in CIPP development and reporting. Informed by Command Climate Assessments, CIPPs guide primary prevention efforts and track impacts.

The Marine Corps expanded the Comprehensive Integrated Primary Prevention Plan (CIPP) requirements to additional commands, the CIPP template was updated, and the fleet received the CIPP tasker. DEOCS will be administered across O5/O6 commands.

A Command Climate Assessment administrative message (MARADMIN) published in July 2024 encouraged leaders to actively promote maximum participation in the survey and provide ample opportunity for all personnel, both military and civilian, to complete the survey during working hours. HQMC conducts technical assistance meetings to educate fleet staff on DEOCS, CCA, and CIPP way forward. The meetings address questions, promote cross talk between prevention stakeholders and clearly define the roles and responsibilities of the EOA and EPBHC/PPI personnel.

The HQMC Integrated Prevention Section briefed at the September 2024 EOA on CCA and CIPP way forward. Despite the incredibly short and difficult timeline of administering DEOCS from August to October then submitting CIPP by 31 January, IPPW—with their partners in prevention and command teams—are preparing high quality CIPPs reflecting their understanding of shared risk and protective factors for harmful behaviors while leveraging MCTF as the strategy behind integrated prevention.

In July 2024, the MEO Program issued MARADMIN 342-24, serving as a reminder for commands regarding the annual DEOCS requirement for Command Climate Assessments. This communication underscores the importance of maintaining a proactive approach to evaluating and enhancing command climates across the Marine Corps. By reinforcing this requirement, the MEO Program emphasizes its commitment to fostering a culture of accountability and continuous improvement within all units.

Furthermore, the MEO Program successfully collaborated with Marine and Family Programs Integrated Prevention, which oversees command climate initiatives, as well as the Comprehensive Integrated Primary Prevention Plan (CIPP) and the Office of Violence Prevention Cell. This collaboration aims to enhance coordination between Equal Opportunity Advisors (EOAs) and prevention personnel, addressing concerns related to the command climate process. Through these strategic partnerships, the MEO Program is better positioned to implement effective prevention strategies and ensure a supportive environment for all Marines.

5.3 Adequacy of SAPR Activities at Training Commands: Through an ongoing partnership with Marine Corps Training and Education Command (TECOM), SAPR training was customized to build skills and introduce concepts progressively, from entry level through senior leadership. Prevention initiatives are informed by HQMC data evaluation and ensures that trainings provide rank specific education and recommendations for action.

In FY24, feedback was collected from Marines following E1-E3 active intervention training to measure their intent to intervene to prevent harmful behaviors to assess the adequacy of the training. Marines attending Cornerstone (E9, O4-O6) provided feedback on their level of knowledge of SAPR concepts. First Sergeants School attendees completed surveys to assess their understanding of roles and responsibilities for senior enlisted Marines in prevention and response.

SAPR training conducted during Basic Military Training is delivered via a New Join Brief format by either a SARC or SAPR VA at the company level for new recruits and officer candidates at MCRD San Diego, MCRD Parris Island, and Officer Candidates School (MCB Quantico). Topics covered during Basic Military Training include: reporting types, referral options, Safe to

Report policy, SAPR VA and SARC roles, confidentiality, and how to request SAPR services while in the Basic Training or OCS environment.

The Schools of Infantry, The Basic School (newly commissioned officers), and MOS Schools conduct SAPR training in a New Join Brief format to re-emphasize reporting options, respectful conduct, healthy relationships, and referral options. In addition, some MOS schools introduce MOS students to bystander intervention techniques via an early presentation of Step Up, which is normally provided to Marines once they arrive at their first duty station.

5.4 Ensuring Safe and Secure Living Environment: Marine Corps prevention trainings emphasize trust, cohesion, the continuum of harmful behaviors, and bystander intervention. Dedicated safety efforts employed strategies to increase not only the sense of wellbeing and protection afforded by unit cohesion, but the physical safety at every installation to provide every Marine and Sailor a safe living and working environment.

The most common strategies utilized are improving the safety features in and around the barracks. There has been a significant increase in exterior building lighting, lighting in surrounding parking lots, interior hallway lighting and a thorough assessment and upgrade of locks to include keyless/key card entry, and window locks. In addition to physical safety and security improvements made at the installations, there are some commands who have devoted senior level presence at the barracks through a resident advisor program. One installation developed a program with the Provost Marshal Office to create a Barracks Resource Officer. The program was developed in FY23 and a survey of Marines found that their presence made Marines feel safer. According to PMO, overall incidents in the barracks, property crimes, and physical assaults were down since the development of this Barracks Resource Officer program. Further data analysis on the program's impact on sexual assaults is planned for FY25.

5.5 Sexual Assault Information Data Tools: DSAID is the only system of record that the Marine Corps uses to collect sexual assault reporting data. All Marine Corps analytic tools for the SAPR program rely on data exported from DSAID. As of the end of FY24, most of the data tools employed provide snapshots of data tailored to address a specific question or to meet the needs of a particular area of responsibility (AOR). Data security and privacy are the first consideration when building data tools; all data are appropriately secured and small numbers masked to preserve the confidentiality of the individuals involved.

We provide SAPR Data from DSAID to our Senior Marine Corps Leaders, as well as our SAPR staff, to inform prevention and response efforts across the service. This includes monthly reports to the Commandant (CMC) and other senior leaders as well as tools specifically in support of SAPR personnel. These data informed efforts target the prevention of harmful behaviors.

The Marine Corps SAPR Dashboard is a tool updated monthly that includes several data visualizations relevant to victim demographics, incident details, and subject information. It is available to SAPR leaders and SARCs in certain AORs, for which the data is limited to reports in the commands they support. All Marine Corps SARCs have access to a flattened document that includes a snapshot of total force data from the Marine Corps SAPR Dashboard.

The Marine Corps distributed the SAPR Annual Update, a series of documents that provide analysis of FY23 report data. All SARCs received a copy of the Total Force analysis, while distribution of command-specific analyses was limited to the SAPR personnel and leaders in that AOR. The SAPR Annual Update also included a Leaders Guide, which provided prevention-focused context for leaders and SAPR stakeholders.

Other innovation projects completed in FY24 laid the groundwork for future developments related to meeting the Assessment goal. This includes utilization of the Power BI App that helps bridge gaps between initial notifications of Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault and submission of the SAPR 8-Day Incident Report. This process improved the user experience for all SARCs and Command Teams when submitting a SAPR 8-Day Incident Report and greatly reduced the administrative burden associated with these processes.

With support from the DoD SAPRO DSAID team, we completed a comprehensive scrub and reorganization of DSAID SARC Location Codes. This effort made it possible for the Marine Corps to more effectively analyze report data by Command from the General Officer to the O-6 level and/or Installation, meaning that our future data tools will be more relevant, actionable, and robust.

Efforts also included implementing a new Active SARC List, which will help with Power BI Row Level Security (RLS) for all future data visualizations and future improvements to the SARC Workspace in SharePoint. It also serves as a roster for Marine Corps SARCs and HQMC SAPR to identify SARCs by AOR and easily view notes about which SARCs are covering specific vacancies.

The Marine Corps continues to refine and integrate reporting of harmful behaviors. By systematically disseminating information, the Marine Corps underscores its commitment to transparency and accountability, fostering an environment where the seriousness of these issues is acknowledged and addressed effectively.

5.6 Future Plans: The Misconduct Report Incident Tracker (MRIT) is an innovative case management system designed to standardize data collection related to Military Equal Opportunity (MEO) behaviors, including harassment (encompassing bullying and hazing), prohibited discrimination, and sexual harassment across the Enterprise that went live 1 Oct 2024. This system aims to revolutionize how the Navy and Marine Corps collect, interpret, respond to, and ultimately prevent harmful MEO behaviors. MRIT will serve as the Department of the Navy's (DON) authoritative data repository, effectively reporting, managing, and tracking all incidents of harassment.

MRIT enhances the accuracy of tracking formal, informal, and anonymous reports of prohibited activities and conduct (PAC) incidents, capturing nuanced details about problematic behaviors, including the methods of harassment and the experiences of victims. It also facilitates the identification of serial offenders, allowing for targeted interventions. The insights generated by MRIT will inform both the DON and the Marine Corps in their efforts to prevent harmful behaviors and support survivors. The Marine Corps Judge Advocate Division will utilize MRIT to publish accountability actions related to substantiated allegations of sexual harassment, providing narratives on the nature of the allegations, investigative findings, and subsequent

judicial, nonjudicial, or administrative actions. Additionally, independent military prosecutors will leverage MRIT to ensure uniformity and fairness in handling sexual harassment cases, while Command Climate Specialists and Equal Opportunity Advisors will employ it as a vital case management tool for field reports.

The Marine Corps planned several new data tools to leverage the dynamic data visualization capabilities and higher data security of Power BI. Because of the work completed in FY24, (e.g., the Active SARC List, the DSAID Location Code Reorganization), all SARCs will have access to on-demand data visualization tools for their own AOR. The Marine Corps is committed to right-sizing data visualization products; therefore, future plans focus on creating several smaller reports and dashboards that meet specific data needs. We acknowledge that the challenge of delivering the right data to the right users requires development and innovation that is sustainable in the long-term. Our plans are ambitious; the development and subsequent deployment of each planned innovation described below will likely span the next two fiscal years.

The Marine Corps completed development of a SAPR Compliance Report at the end of FY24, currently pending release. This is a data management dashboard that will enhance programmatic oversight capabilities for SARCs and HQMC SAPR personnel using DSAID report data. It leverages the full capabilities of Power BI Row Level Security (RLS), which secure the data and limit what each individual user can see based on their AOR, using DSAID Location Codes. The SAPR Compliance Report is intended to be an oversight and data quality assurance tool; it will not be used to provide official counts of sexual assault reports. The SAPR Compliance Report is expected to deploy in FY25.

In FY24, development of a Pre-Inspection Report began. This data analytics product will provide key information and data visualizations for HQMC SAPR personnel serving as augment inspectors for the Inspector General of the Marine Corps (IGMC). Authorized users will view a summary of Unrestricted Reports and credentialed SAPR personnel of inspected commands. The Pre-Inspection Report is expected to be implemented in FY25.

Creation of a staffing dashboard is being explored to synthesize data from Human Resources, the weekly DSAACP roster, and DSAID; allowing HQMC SAPR staff to easily track hiring actions, onboarding, credentialing, and SAPR vacancies across the Fleet. This product will provide information relevant to Operational and Tactical level billets (e.g., SAPR PMs, SARCs, SAPR VAs) only to those HQMC SAPR staff with a need-to-know.

Other planned tools include future modernization of the current Marine Corps SAPR Dashboard, in which the current Excel workbook will be replaced by Power BI dashboards using RLS. Plans also include development of a Quarterly Case Management Group (CMG) Report, which will provide installation-level data appropriate for all attendees of an installation's Quarterly CMG. It will be available to all SARCs, using RLS to limit the individual users' view to the data relevant to installations where they work. To meet the data needs of Marine Corps leaders, plans to develop high-level SAPR dashboards will allow our leadership on-demand access to a snapshot of data points.

6. Core Functions (Communication and Policy):

6.1 DD Form 2910-8, “Reporting Preference Statement for DoD Civilian Employees to Report Sexual Assault”: The Marine Corps is working with partner Services to implement usage of the DD Form 2910-8 in coordination with responsible OCHR entities. Training and implementation guidance for leaders, SAPR personnel, and DoD civilians are pending the issuance of final guidance from DoD regarding retention of the DD Form 2910-8. Pending DSAID protocols are still under review at the time of this publication and cases will be reviewed and managed on a case-by-case basis with the appropriate civilian authorities until finalization.

Once finalized guidance and clarification is received from DoD SAPRO, training will be updated for leaders, SAPR professionals, and DoD civilians with information on the new reporting options available to DoD civilian victims of sexual assault. Training will ensure that civilian employees are aware of their rights, know how to complete the DD Form 2910-8, and are able to make informed decisions about their reporting options following a sexual assault.

7. Analytics Discussion

7.1 Military Services/NGB*:

SUMMARY OF THE DATA

Overview of Sexual Assault Reports in the Marine Corps

The Marine Corps received 1,239 reports of sexual assault involving Service Members as either victims or subjects in FY24. Of the 1,239 reports filed in FY24, 130 (10%) were for incidents that occurred prior to the victim entering military Service and 95 involved non-military victims. The number of Unrestricted (781) and Restricted Reports (458) in FY24 is comparable to the last two years. The proportion of Unrestricted to Restricted Reports remained consistent since FY19. Eighty-two percent of FY24 reports were for in-Service incidents, the same as FY23. Fewer reports received in FY24 (130) were for prior-to-Service incidents than in any year since FY14.

Data Source

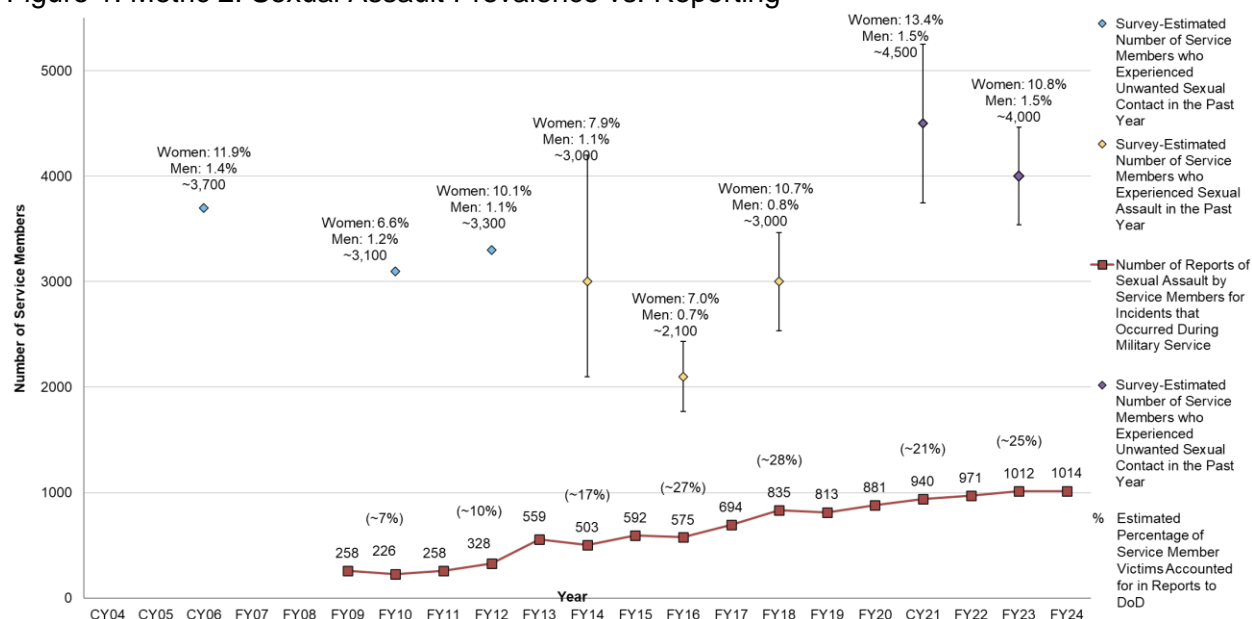
In accordance with the 2009 NDAA, the DoD maintains a centralized, case-level database for the collection and maintenance of information regarding sexual assaults reports in the military. The Defense Sexual Assault Incident Database (DSAID) is a Service-wide database that relies on data from multiple sources, including Sexual Assault Response Coordinators (SARCs), Headquarters Marine Corps (HQMC) Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR), HQMC Judge Advocate Division, and Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS). As the system of record for all sexual assault report data in the military, we used DSAID to compile the information in this report.

The results of the 2023 Workplace and Gender Relations Survey of Military Members (WGRA) were not available during the FY23 annual report cycle and are included in this analytic discussion. DSAID data are live and subject to change and this analytic discussion represents a snapshot in time from the live database. All data are current as of 6 December 2024.

SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVALENCE VS REPORTING

The results of the 2023 WGRA demonstrated that the prevalence of sexual assault decreased for female Marines in FY23 (13.4% to 10.8%). Paired with the number of in-Service reports since FY18, the reporting gap appears to be getting smaller, suggesting a decrease in unreported crimes. In FY23, more than one in three female Marines and one in seven male Marines reported their sexual assault. Figure 1 below includes the Marine Corps prevalence estimates since calendar year 2006 and the number of reports of in-Service incidents of sexual assault made to the Marine Corps since FY09.

Figure 1. Metric 2: Sexual Assault Prevalence vs. Reporting



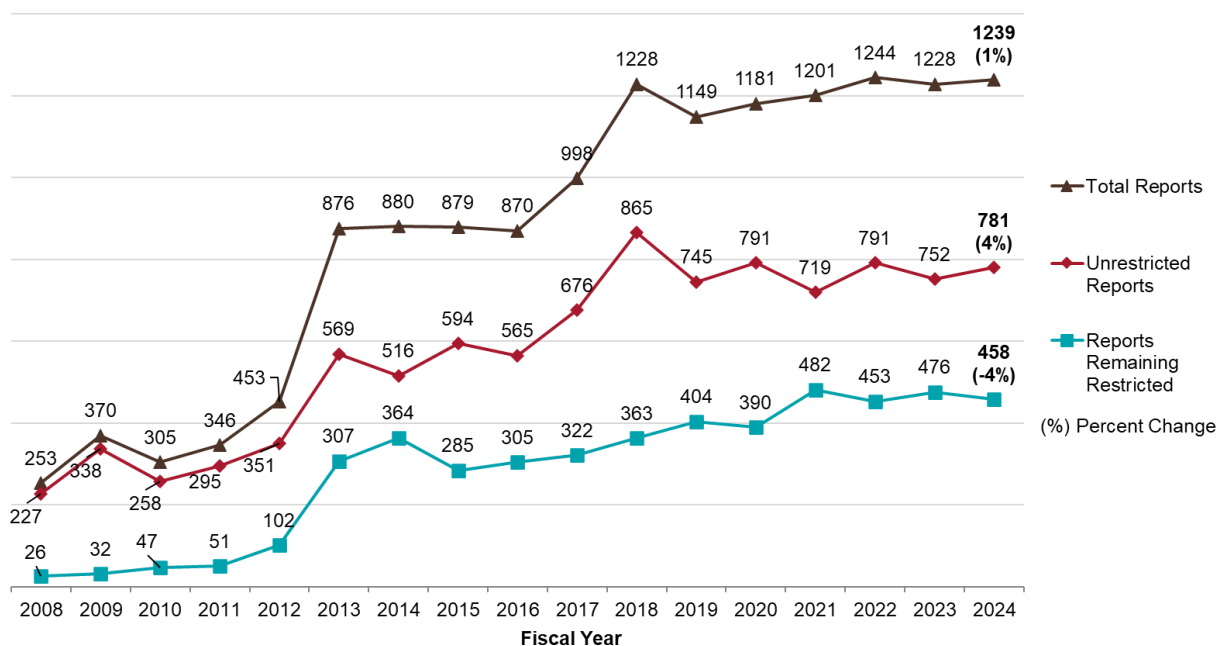
ALL SEXUAL ASSAULT REPORTS

Reports of Sexual Assault over Time (Metric #11)

In FY24, the Marine Corps received 1,239 total victim reports of sexual assault. Despite slight variation from year to year, reports remain consistent over time since FY18. The number of Unrestricted (781) and Restricted Reports (458) in FY24 is comparable to the last two years.

Figure 2 shows the number of sexual assaults reported to the Marine Corps from FY08-FY24. Victim choice largely drives reporting and support services with the SAPR program. Marines continue to seek supportive services to which they may not otherwise have access.

Figure 2. Metric 11: Marine Corps Victim Reports of Sexual Assault by Report Type (FY08-FY24)



Victims in All Reports

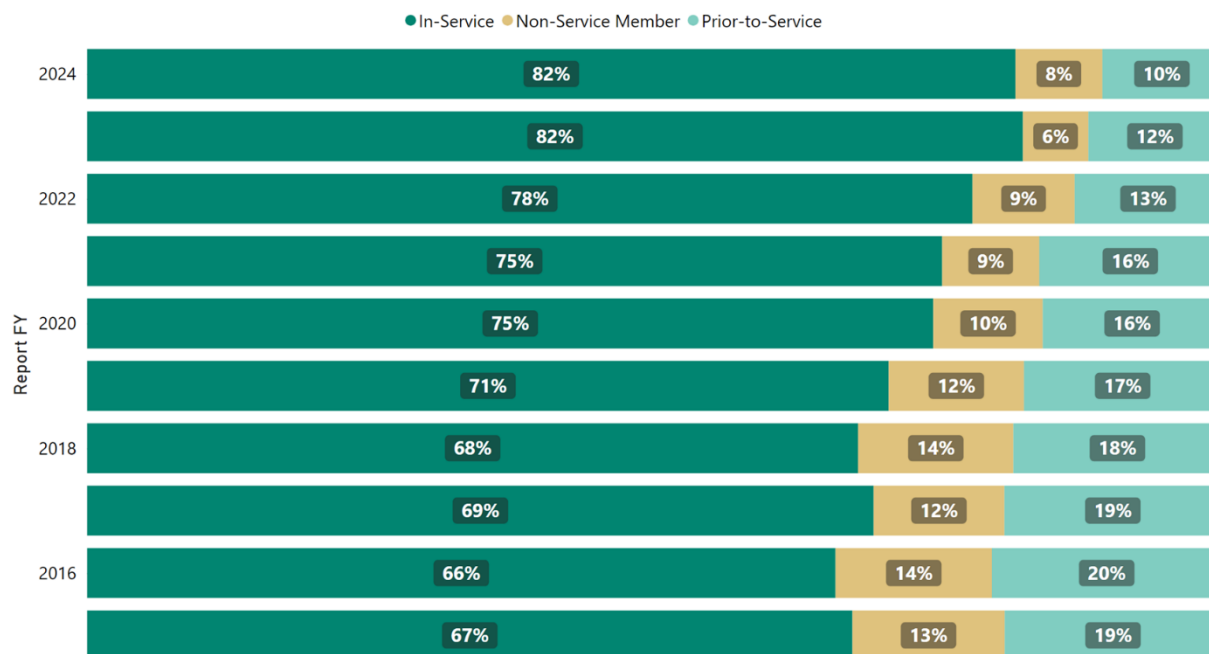
Most victims in FY24 sexual assault reports were women (72%), similar to FY23 (70%). The percentage of male victims in sexual assault reports (28%) was also comparable to FY23 (30%). Men and women file Unrestricted Reports at similar rates overall. Since FY15, 65 percent of women and 64 percent of men reporting a sexual assault to the Marine Corps have done so via an Unrestricted Report.

Victim Military Status

The Marine Corps offers SAPR services to active duty and reserve members of the military, adult military dependents, and DoD employees and contractors OCONUS. Figure 3 below depicts the proportion of all reports involving a non-Service member victim, Service member victim reporting a prior-to-Service incident, and Service member victim reporting an in-Service incident. The 130 Prior-to-Service incidents in FY24 (10%) were comparable to the previous two years (12% in FY23; 13% in FY22), as were in-Service incidents (82% in FY24 and FY23; 78% in FY22).

In the graph below (Figure 3), in-Service refers to incidents that occurred while the victim served in the active or reserve component; non-Service member indicates that the victim was a civilian (either SAPR-eligible or non-eligible) or foreign national; and prior-to-Service are incidents occurring before the victim entered military Service.

Figure 3. Most Marine Corps Sexual Assault Reports are for In-Service Incidents



NON-MILITARY VICTIMS

Summary of Reports with Non-Military Victims

The Marine Corps supported 95 victim reports of sexual assault involving non-military victims and Service Member subjects. This constituted 8 percent of all FY24 reports.

Prior-to-Service Incidents

The Marine Corps encourages Service Members to report incidents of sexual assault at any time, regardless of when the incident occurred. Of the 1,239 reports filed in FY24, 130 (10%) were for incidents that occurred prior to the victim entering military Service. This is comparable to FY23 (12%) and represents the fewest number of prior-to-Service incidents reported since FY14.

Most reports of prior-to-Service incidents were filed via the Restricted Report option (65%, down slightly from 70% in FY23). Many Marines who reported a prior-to-Service sexual assault using the restricted reporting option indicated reasons for choosing a Restricted Report such as a desire to avoid retelling their story or that they did not want law enforcement involved. In this way, Restricted Reports are likely an indicator of help-seeking behavior. For many Marines, this may be the first time they have had access to supportive services since they experienced a sexual assault.

VICTIMS WITH REPORTS OF IN-SERVICE INCIDENTS

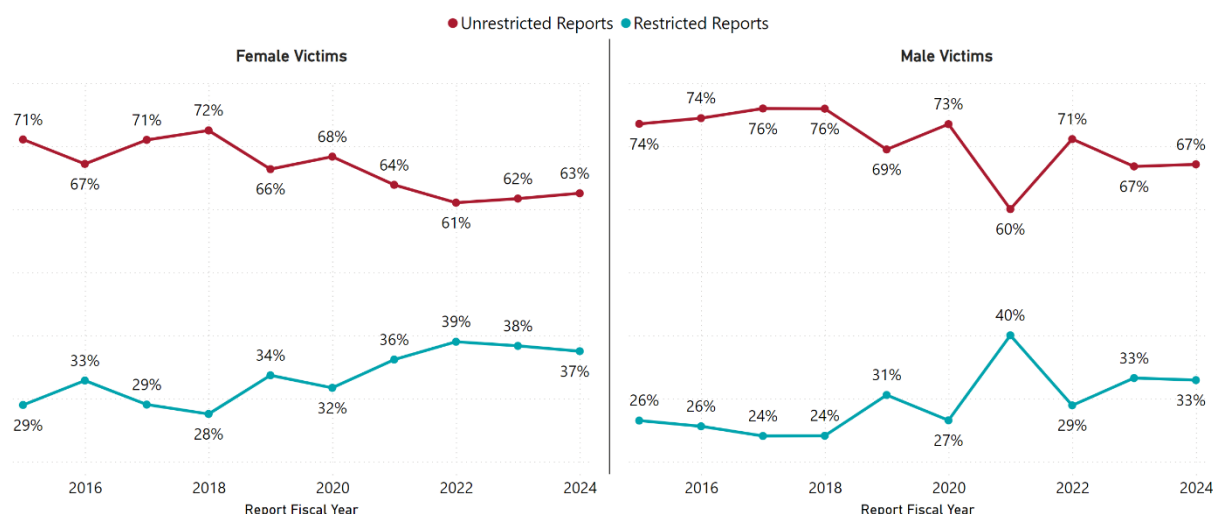
As in previous years, the majority of victim reports (1014) the Marine Corps received in FY24 (82%) were for incidents occurring during a Service member's time in the military. The

proportion of FY24 in-Service incidents reported via the unrestricted reporting option (64%) was comparable to FY23 (63%).

Victim Demographics for In-Service Incidents

Thirty percent of the victims in FY24 reports of in-Service incidents were men, similar to 31 percent in FY23. The proportion of men and women electing an Unrestricted Report for in-Service incidents in FY24 are similar (63% and 67%). The Marine Corps encourages all victims of sexual assault to seek support services in the way that is most beneficial for them. Figure 4 shows in-Service incidents by victim and report type over time.

Figure 4. Report Election for Men and Women with In-Service Incidents from FY15



Ranks and Relationship between Victim and Subject

Since FY15, 97 percent of all victims reporting in-Service sexual assaults have been enlisted; the remaining three percent of victims were commissioned officers or chief warrant officers. Lance corporals (E-3) and privates first class (E-2) continue to be the most frequent victim ranks to report a sexual assault to the Marine Corps, comprising approximately 60 percent of all victims. In FY24, 37 percent of all in-Service reports involved an E-3 victim, comparable to FY23 (34%). Twenty-three percent of FY24 in-Service reports involved an E-2 victim, similar to 24 percent in FY23.

Although E-2 and E-3 Marines make up 40 percent of the Marine Corps, they account for 60 percent of reported sexual assault cases. It is unclear whether Marines in these ranks are more vulnerable to assault or are more likely to report incidents when they do occur.

In FY24, Service Members indicated that the subject was an acquaintance or coworker (38%), friend (13%), or otherwise known (35%). Analysis of in-Service Unrestricted Reports over time suggests that Service Member victims and subjects are often peers or near-peers (no more than one rank higher or lower). It is worth noting that subject rank data are limited to Unrestricted

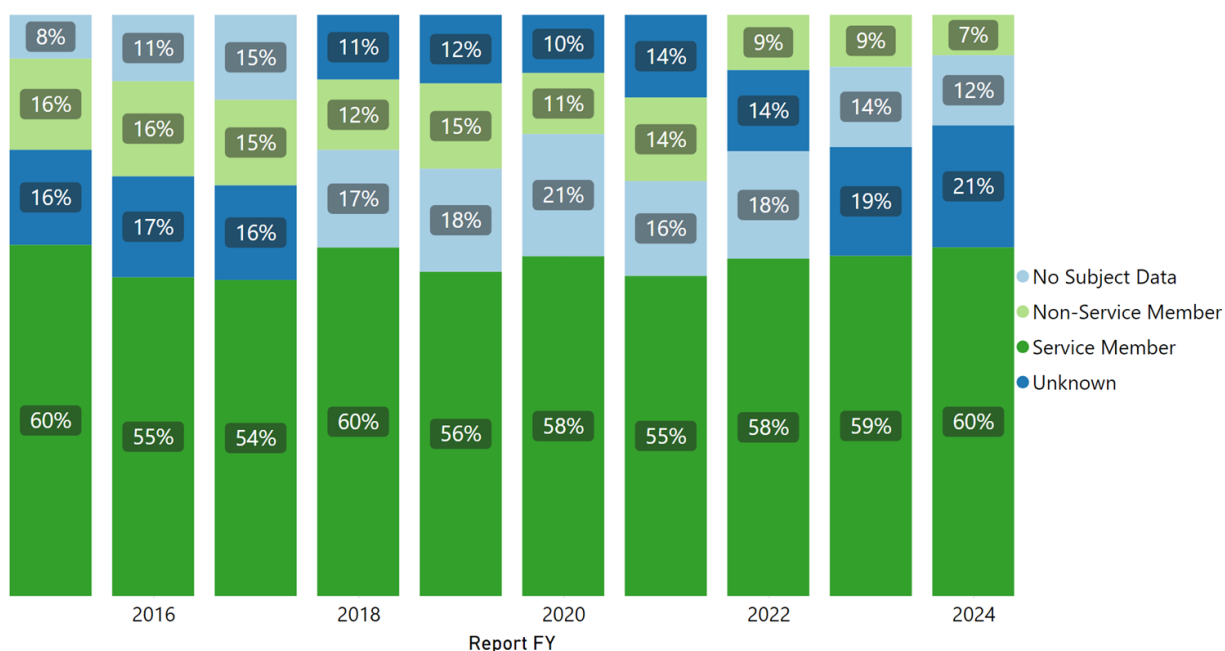
Reports as the Marine Corps only collects detailed subject information for individuals titled in a law enforcement investigation.

Incident Details

Incident data rely on information voluntarily provided by the victim to the SARC, SAPR VA, or law enforcement. SARCs and SAPR VAs do not interview victims for the purpose of data collection.

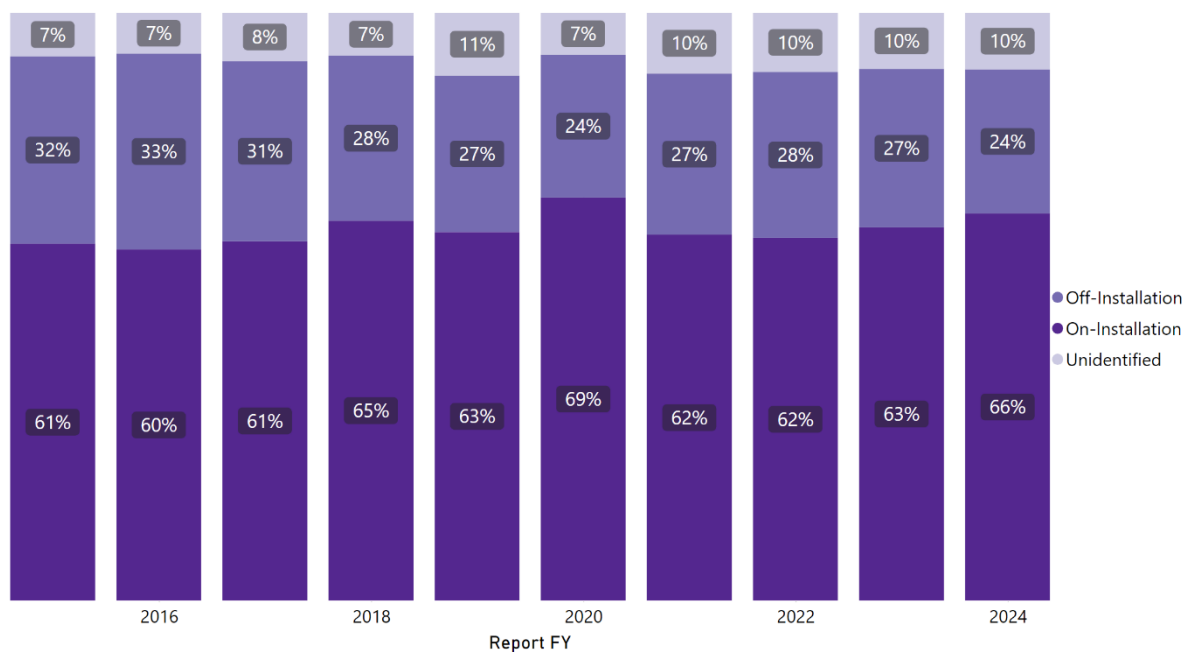
In FY24, 60 percent of all in-Service reports were Service member-on-Service member incidents. Despite some slight annual variation, this has remained consistent since FY15 (60%). Figure 5 below includes additional details. Subject demographic data are limited to Unrestricted Reports involving individuals subject-titled in a law enforcement investigation or Restricted Reports in which the victim voluntarily disclosed information about the subject. In the chart below, *Unknown* indicates that the victim did not know or did not disclose the subject's identity in a Restricted Report or reflects that law enforcement did not identify a subject by name. *No Subject Data* refers to Unrestricted Reports for which law enforcement did not title a subject at all.

Figure 5. Subjects in In-Service Incidents



Sixty-six percent of FY24 in-Service incidents occurred on a military installation or ship, comparable to previous years (63% in FY23). Figure 6 below displays updated incident location for in-Service incidents from FY15 through FY24.

Figure 6. Most Reported In-Service Incidents Occur on a Military Installation



LAW ENFORCEMENT AND DISPOSITION

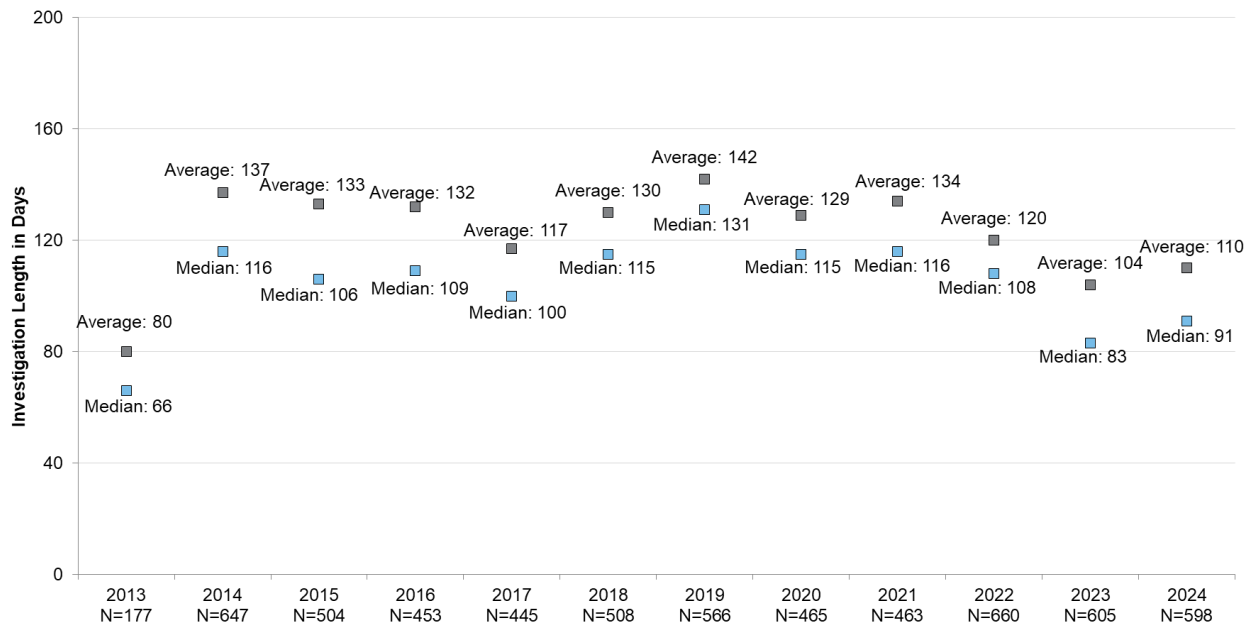
USMC: NCIS investigations with a primary US Marine Corps nexus in FY24 (**Non-Metric # 6**)

- Average Length of Investigation: 110 days
- Median Length of Investigation: 91 days
- Total cases in which active investigation was complete in FY24: 598

Investigations

NCIS completed 598 investigations for Marine Corps Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault in FY24. These investigations may have been initiated in FY24 or in a previous year. The median length of an NCIS investigation was 91 days, up slightly from 83 days in FY23. Figure 7 below includes median and average investigation length for NCIS investigations from FY13-FY24.

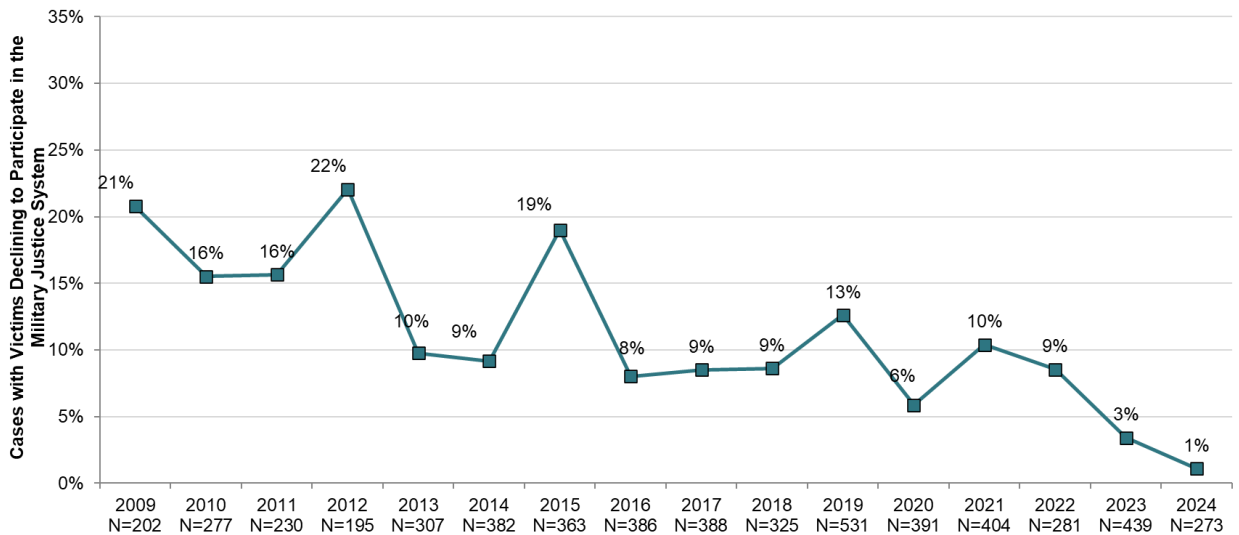
Figure 7. Non-Metric 6: Investigation Length (FY13-FY24)



Victims Declining to Participate in Military Justice Process (Metric #7)

In FY24, three victims (1%) declined to participate in the military justice process. This percentage has steadily declined since FY19 (13%). Figure 8 displays the percentage of cases with victims declining to participate in the military justice process from FY09-FY24.

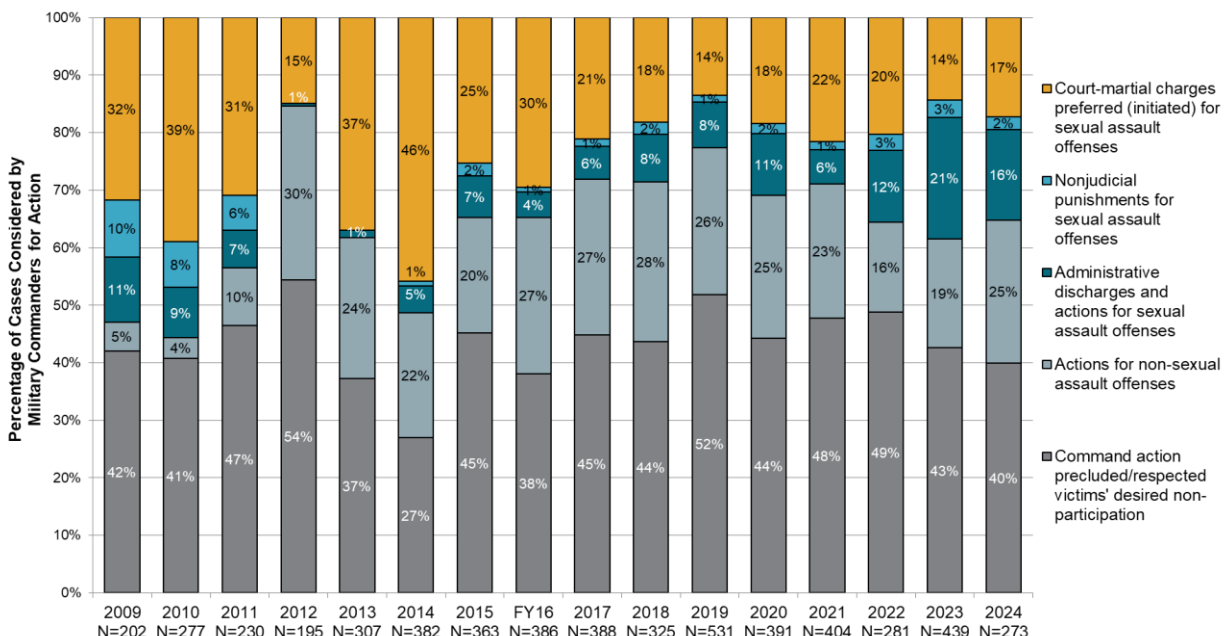
Figure 8. Metric 7: Victims Declining to Participate in the Military Justice Process



Command Actions for Military Subjects (Non-Metric #1)

The Marine Corps reported disposition information for 331 subjects of investigations in FY24, which includes cases reported in FY24 and previous years. Of these, there was sufficient evidence to support command action in 273 cases. Sexual assault charges were substantiated in 96 of those, resulting in 47 court-martial preferrals, 6 non-judicial punishments (NJPs), 38 administrative discharges, and 5 other adverse administrative actions. Figure 9 shows command actions taken for military subjects in FY24 (Non-Metric #1).

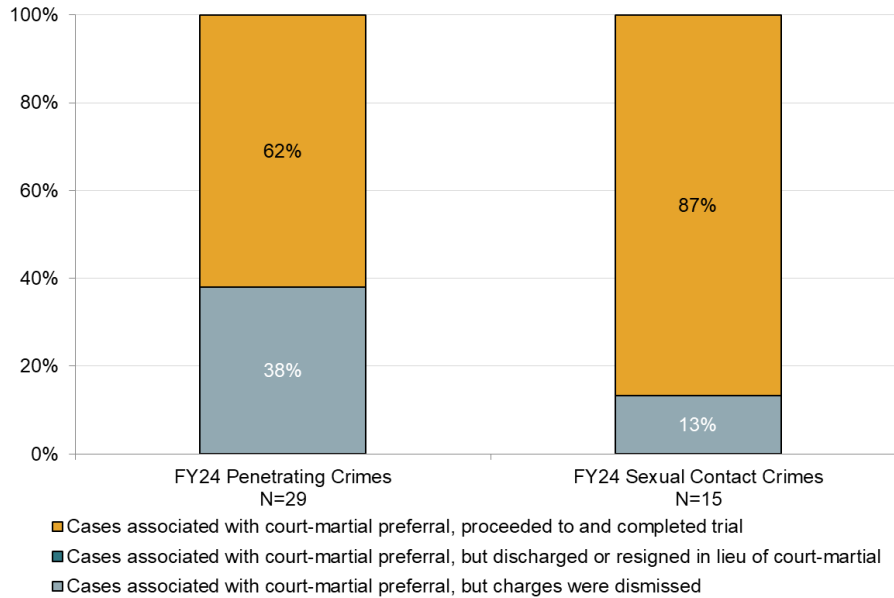
Figure 9. Non-Metric 1: FY24 Command Action for Alleged Military Offenders Under DoD Legal Authority



Courts-Martial Outcomes (Non-Metric #2)

In FY24, 44 cases had court-martial actions completed involving at least one sexual assault offense. In 28 of those cases, the subject was convicted of at least one charge, though not necessarily a sexual assault. Figure 10 depicts court-martial actions by crime charged (Non-Metric #2).

Figure 10. Non-Metric 2: FY24 Sexual Assault Courts Martial with Actions Completed

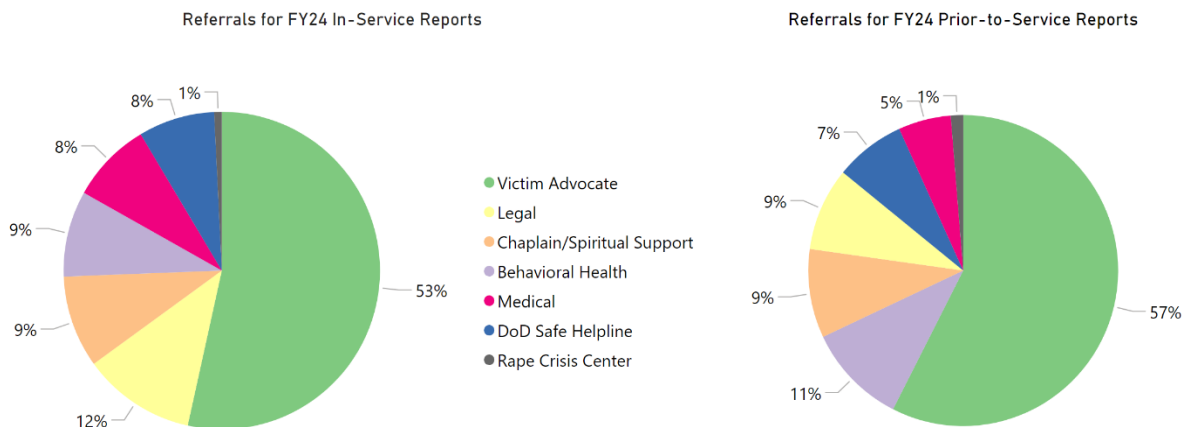


Summary of Victim Referrals

Marine Corps SARCs and SAPR VAs offered over 7,400 referrals for Service Member victims filing Restricted and Unrestricted Reports in FY24, with more than half of these for SAPR VA services. Referrals categorized as “Other” support types have been excluded from this analysis, as many of these document recurrent safety assessments without identified concerns.

Figure 11 below displays the referrals offered to Service Member victims with In-Service and prior-to-Service incidents reported in FY24, excluding “Other” support types.

Figure 11. Referrals Offered to Military Victims in FY24 Reports (Excluding “Other”)



Other Services

In FY24 the Marine Corps received 104 expedited transfer requests from Marines and eligible dependents with Unrestricted Reports, up slightly from FY23 (93). These expedited transfer requests could have been associated with Unrestricted Reports filed in FY24 or in a previous

year. One hundred requests were approved by the victim's Commander or after review by a General Officer. The Marine Corps continued to educate leaders on the regulations, policies, and processes associated with this critical support service.

7.2 Personnel Support:

Job/Duty Title	Description of Job/Duty	Full Time	Collateral Duty
SAPR Program Managers	Capability in developing policy, or program management and execution; and completion of 40+ hours of Military Service-specific D-SAACP requirements and approved SARC training.		
Dedicated Headquarters-Level SAPR Professionals	Include policy, advocacy, administrative support, and prevention professionals (e.g., data analysts, training analysts, and D-SAACP analysts) who support the headquarters-level SAPR program offices at each Military Service/NGB (<i>not including program managers, who are counted in their own category</i>).	11	
Uniformed SARCs (collateral duty)	Serve as the single point of contact at an installation or within a geographic area to oversee sexual assault awareness, prevention, and response training; coordinate medical treatment, including emergency care, for victims of sexual assault; and track the services provided to victims from the initial report through final disposition and resolution and are certified through D-SAACP.	0	43
Civilian SARCs (full-time)	See above.	93	0
Principal SARCs (formerly known as Lead SARCs) (full-time)	Serve as the primary focal point for directing and coordinating response activities at the installation (tactical level) for supported tenant commands; fulfills a supervisory capacity at the installation for all SARCs and SAPR VAs (at least 25 percent of the time).		0
Uniformed SAPR-VAs (collateral duty)	Provide non-clinical crisis intervention, referral, and ongoing non-clinical support to adult sexual assault victims; offer information on available options/resources to victims; coordinate liaison assistance with other organizations and agencies on victim care matters; and report directly to the SARC and are certified through D-SAACP.	0	1141
Civilian SAPR-VAs (full-time)	See above.	80	0
Civilian SAPR-VAs (collateral duty)	See above.	0	0
Sexual Assault-Specific Legal Personnel	Legal personnel who specialize in sexual assault cases including prosecutors, Victim Witness Assistance Program personnel, paralegals, legal	428	95

	experts, and Special Victims' Counsel/Victims' Legal Counsel.		
Sexual Assault-Specific Investigators	Military Criminal Investigative Office investigators who specialize in sexual assault cases.	227	419
Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examiners	Medical providers that have completed the DoD Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examiner Course at Fort Sam Houston, or equivalent.	188	7

Unrestricted Reports

MARINE CORPS FY24 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS IN THE MILITARY		
A. FY24 REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT (rape, sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, forcible sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses) BY or AGAINST Service Members. Note: The data on this page is raw, uninvestigated information about allegations received during FY24. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year. This data is drawn from Defense Sexual Assault Database (DSAD) based on Service affiliation of the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC) who currently manages the Victim case.	FY24 Totals	
# FY24 Unrestricted Reports (one Victim per report)		764
# Service Member Victims		677
# Non-Service Member Victims in allegations against Service Member Subject		87
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
# Unrestricted Reports in the following categories		764
# Service Member on Service Member		353
# Service Member on Non-Service Member		87
# Non-Service Member on Service Member		6
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member		170
# Relevant Data Not Available		148
# Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault occurring		764
# On military installation		483
# Off military installation		247
# Unidentified location		34
# Service Member Victims in Unrestricted Reports		677
# Army Victims		2
# Navy Victims		25
# Marine Corps Victims		645
# Air Force Victims		4
# Space Force Victims		1
# Coast Guard Victims		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
# Victim in Unrestricted Reports Referred for Investigation		764
# Victims in investigations initiated during FY24		716
# Victims with Investigations pending completion at end of 30-SEP-2024		260
# Victims with Completed Investigations at end of 30-SEP-2024		456
# Victims with Investigative Data Forthcoming		16
# Victims where investigation could not be opened by DoD or Civilian Law Enforcement		32
# Victims - Alleged perpetrator not subject to the UCMJ		5
# Victims - Crime was beyond statute of limitations		0
# Victims - Unrestricted Reports for Matters Occurring Prior to Military Service		9
# Victims - Other		18
# All Restricted Reports received in FY24 (one Victim per report)		567
# Converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report* (report made this year and converted this year)		109
# Restricted Reports Remaining Restricted at end of FY24		458
# Restricted Reports Remaining Restricted at end of FY24		
B. DETAILS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS FOR FY24	FY24 Totals	FY24 Totals for Service Member Victim Cases
Length of time between sexual assault and Unrestricted Report	764	677
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	240	215
# Reports made within 4 to 10 days after sexual assault	98	86
# Reports made within 11 to 30 days after sexual assault	81	73
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	165	133
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	116	111
# Relevant Data Not Available	64	59
Time of sexual assault	764	677
# Midnight to 6 am	168	141
# 6 am to 6 pm	122	108
# 6 pm to midnight	238	217
# Unknown	167	148
# Relevant Data Not Available	69	63
Day of sexual assault	764	677
# Sunday	93	85
# Monday	77	69
# Tuesday	65	57
# Wednesday	80	69
# Thursday	82	71
# Friday	126	115
# Saturday	176	151
# Relevant Data Not Available	65	60

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

C. UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS BY OR AGAINST SERVICE MEMBERS (VICTIM AND SUBJECT SEX)	Male on Female	Male on Male	Female on Male	Female on Female	Unknown on Male	Unknown on Female	Multiple Mixed Sex Assault	Relevant Data Not Available	FY24 Totals			
	313	98	12	4	44	140	1	152	764			
	# Service Member on Service Member	221	96	12	4	3	16	1	0	353		
	# Service Member on Non-Service Member	84	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	87		
	# Non-Service Member on Service Member	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6		
	# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	3	0	0	0	41	123	0	3	170		
	# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	148	148		
	FY24 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT BY MATTER INVESTIGATED TYPE (May not reflect what crimes can be charged upon completion of investigation)											
UNRESTRICTED REPORTS MADE IN FY24	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses							
D. UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS BY OR AGAINST SERVICE MEMBERS (MOST SERIOUS CRIME ALLEGED, AS CATEGORIZED BY THE MILITARY CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE ORGANIZATION)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	FY24 Totals	
	D1.	63	5	285	1	11	320	0	0	17	62	764
	# Service Member on Service Member	16	3	118	0	5	202	0	0	5	4	353
	# Service Member on Non-Service Member	17	0	32	0	2	29	0	0	4	3	87
	# Non-Service Member on Service Member	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	6	
	# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	20	1	82	1	3	54	0	0	8	1	170
	# Relevant Data Not Available	8	1	52	0	1	34	0	0	0	52	148
	D2.											
TOTAL Service Member Victims in FY24 Reports	46	5	253	1	9	291	0	0	13	59	677	
# Service Member Victims: Female	37	5	202	0	2	174	0	0	9	37	466	
# Service Member Victims: Male	9	0	51	1	7	117	0	0	4	22	211	
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

E. SUMMARY OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS WITH INVESTIGATIONS		FY24 Totals
E1. Subjects in Unrestricted Reports Made to Your Service with Investigation Initiated During FY24		
Note: This data is drawn from DSAID based on Service affiliation of the SARC who currently manages the Victim case associated with the investigation and Subject below.		
# Investigations Initiated during FY24		683
# Investigations Completed as of FY24 End (group by MCIO #)		440
# Investigations Pending Completion as of FY24 End (group by MCIO #)		243
# Subjects in investigations Initiated During FY24		684
# Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		3
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		3
# Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		425
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		409
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		16
# Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		1
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		1
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Service Investigations		5
Note: Non-Service Member Subjects are drawn from all CID, NCIS and AFOSI investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Unidentified Subjects in Service Investigations		245
Note: Unidentified Subjects are drawn from all CID, NCIS and AFOSI investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		3
Note: Service Member Subjects are drawn from Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		3
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		1
# Unidentified Subjects in Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		1
# Subject or Investigation Relevant Data Not Available		0
E2. Service Investigations Completed during FY24		
Note: The following data is drawn from DSAID and describes criminal investigations completed during the FY24. These investigations may have been initiated during the FY24 or any prior FY.		
# Total Investigations completed by Services during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)		598
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim		22
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject		90
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject		1
# Subjects in investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service		649
# Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		2
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		2
# Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		395
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		378
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		17
# Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		2
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		2
# Non-Service Member Subjects in completed Service Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		6
# Unidentified Subjects in completed Service Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		244
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available		0
# Victims in investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service		657
# Service Member Victims in CID investigations		2
# Your Service Member Victims in CID investigations		2
# Other Service Member Victims in CID investigations		0
# Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		579
# Your Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		558
# Other Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		21
# Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		1
# Your Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		1
# Other Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		0
# Non-Service Member Victims in completed Service Investigations, supported by your Service		75
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available		0

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

E3. Subjects and Victims in Investigations Completed by US Civilian and Foreign Agencies during FY24	
Note: This data is entered by your Service SARC for cases supported by your Service.	
# Total Investigations completed by US Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)	3
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject	0
# Subjects in investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service	3
# Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service	1
# Unidentified Subjects in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service	2
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Victims in investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service	3
# Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	3
# Your Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	3
# Other Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	0
# Non-Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations in a case supported by your Service	0
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available	0
E4. Subjects and Victims in Investigations Completed by Military Police/Security Forces/Master At Arms/Marine Corps CID (MPs) during FY24 (all organizations regardless of name are abbreviated below as MPs)	
Note: This data is entered by your Service SARC for cases supported by your Service.	
Note: As of 1 Jan 2013, all sexual assault investigations are referred to MCIO for investigation. This section captures remaining Subjects from investigations opened in prior years by Military Police/Security Forces/Master At Arms/Marine Corps CID.	
# Total Investigations completed by MPs during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject	0
# Subjects in MP investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in MPs involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Unidentified Subjects in MPs involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Victims in MP investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Your Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Other Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Non-Service Member Victims in MP Investigations, supported by your Service	0
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available	0

Victims in Investigation Completed in FY24	Victim Data From Investigations completed during FY24										
	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses						
F. DEMOGRAPHICS ON VICTIMS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY24 (Investigation Completed within the reporting period. These investigations may have been opened in current or prior Fiscal Years)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	FY24 Totals
F1. Sex of Victims	69	7	213	2	8	302	0	0	16	43	660
# Male	10	0	31	2	3	102	0	0	5	28	181
# Female	59	7	182	0	5	200	0	0	11	15	479
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F2. Age of Victims	69	7	213	2	8	302	0	0	16	43	660
# 0-15	3	1	6	1	0	1	0	0	0	4	16
# 16-19	21	2	78	1	4	127	0	0	2	19	254
# 20-24	30	3	91	0	1	117	0	0	10	12	264
# 25-34	5	1	17	0	0	37	0	0	3	1	64
# 35-49	1	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	6
# 50-64	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# 65 and older	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	6
# Unknown	7	0	20	0	2	15	0	0	1	4	49
F3. Victim Type	69	7	213	2	8	302	0	0	16	43	660
# Service Member	51	6	190	2	7	275	0	0	14	40	585
# DoD Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Other US Government Civilian	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# US Civilian	16	1	20	0	1	25	0	0	1	1	65
# Foreign National	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	6
# Foreign Military	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F4. Grade of Service Member Victims	51	6	190	2	7	275	0	0	14	40	585
# E1-E4	40	6	167	1	6	248	0	0	13	40	521
# E5-E9	8	0	21	1	1	19	0	0	1	0	51
# WO1-WO5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# O1-O3	2	0	2	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	11
# O4-O10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F5. Service of Service Member Victims	51	6	190	2	7	275	0	0	14	40	585
# Army	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
# Navy	2	1	6	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	19
# Marines	49	5	183	2	7	264	0	0	14	40	564
# Air Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Space Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F6. Status of Service Member Victims	51	6	190	2	7	275	0	0	14	40	585
# Active Duty	48	6	183	2	7	258	0	0	13	37	554
# Reserve (Activated)	3	0	7	0	0	17	0	0	1	3	31
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

G. DEMOGRAPHICS ON SUBJECTS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY24 (Investigation Completed within the reporting period. These investigations may have been opened in current or prior Fiscal Years)	Subject Data From Investigations completed during FY24										FY24 Totals
	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses						
	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	
G1. Sex of Subjects	75	6	219	1	8	307	0	0	16	20	652
# Male	44	5	124	0	4	197	0	0	6	16	396
# Female	0	0	2	0	0	10	0	0	1	1	14
# Unknown	30	1	91	1	4	100	0	0	9	2	238
# Relevant Data Not Available	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4
G2. Age of Subjects	75	6	219	1	8	307	0	0	16	20	652
# 0-15	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
# 16-19	4	1	24	0	1	51	0	0	2	8	91
# 20-24	26	2	81	0	2	85	0	0	2	7	205
# 25-34	10	2	12	0	1	49	0	0	2	0	76
# 35-49	1	0	2	0	0	12	0	0	1	0	16
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	33	1	100	1	4	107	0	0	9	5	260
G3. Subject Type	75	6	219	1	8	307	0	0	16	20	652
# Service Member	41	5	124	0	4	203	0	0	7	15	399
# Drill Instructors/Drill Sergeants											
# Recruiters											
# DoD Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# US Civilian	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	6
# Foreign National	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Foreign Military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	32	1	94	1	4	101	0	0	9	3	238
# Relevant Data Not Available	2	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	8
G4. Grade of Service Member Subjects	41	5	124	0	4	203	0	0	7	15	399
# E1-E4	33	4	99	0	4	146	0	0	5	15	306
# E5-E9	8	1	23	0	0	50	0	0	2	0	84
# WO1-WO5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
# O1-O3	0	0	2	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	7
# O4-O10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G5. Service of Service Member Subjects	41	5	124	0	4	203	0	0	7	15	399
# Army	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
# Navy	2	2	4	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	17
# Marines	39	3	117	0	4	193	0	0	7	15	378
# Air Force	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
# Space Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G6. Status of Service Member Subjects	41	5	124	0	4	203	0	0	7	15	399
# Active Duty	39	5	119	0	3	196	0	0	7	12	381
# Reserve (Activated)	2	0	5	0	1	7	0	0	0	3	18
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

H. FINAL DISPOSITIONS FOR SUBJECTS IN COMPLETED FY24 INVESTIGATIONS	FY24 Totals	H1. ASSOCIATED VICTIM DATA FOR COMPLETED FY24 INVESTIGATIONS	FY24 Totals
# Subjects in Unrestricted Reports that could not be investigated by DoD or Civilian Law Enforcement Note: These Subjects are from Unrestricted Reports referred to MCIOs or other law enforcement for investigation during FY24, but the agency could not open an investigation based on the reasons below.	5		
# Subjects - Not subject to the UCMJ	1		
# Subjects - Crime was beyond statute of limitations	0		
# Subjects - Matter alleged occurred prior to Victim's Military Service	2		
# Subjects - Other	2		
# Subjects in investigations completed in FY24 Note: These are Subjects from Tab1b, Cells B29, B59, B77.	652	# Victims in investigations completed in FY24	660
# Service Member Subjects in investigations opened and completed in FY24	284	# Service Member Victims in investigations opened and completed in FY24	412
# Total Subjects with allegations unfounded by a Military Criminal Investigative Organization	10	# Total Victims associated with MCIO unfounded allegations	6
# Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	3	# Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	6
# Non-Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	1	# Non-Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Unidentified Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	6		
# Subjects with Subject data not yet available and with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0	# Victims with Victim data not yet available and involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Total Subjects Outside DoD Prosecutive Authority	41		
# Unknown Offenders	37	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Unknown Offender Reports	19
		# Service Member Victims in remaining Unknown Offender Reports	10
# US Civilians or Foreign National Subjects not subject to the UCMJ	3	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	2
		# Service Member Victims in remaining Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	1
# Service Members Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority	1	# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports against a Service Member who is being Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority	1
		# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports with a deceased or deserted Subject	0
# Subjects who died or deserted	0	# Service Member Victims in remaining reports with a deceased or deserted Subject	0
# Total Command Action Precluded or Declined for Sexual Assault	72		
# Service Member Subjects where Victim declined to participate in the military justice action	2	# Service Member Victims who declined to participate in the military justice action	2
# Service Member Subjects whose investigations had insufficient evidence to prosecute	70	# Service Member Victims in investigations having insufficient evidence to prosecute	57
# Service Member Subjects whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	0	# Service Member Victims whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	0
# Service Member Subjects with allegations that were unfounded by Command	0	# Service Member Victims whose allegations were unfounded by Command	0
# Service Member Subjects with Victims who died before completion of military justice action	0	# Service Member Victims who died before completion of the military justice action	0
# Subjects disposition data not yet available	541	# Service Member Victims involved in reports with Subject disposition data not yet available	486
# Subjects for whom Command Action was completed as of 30-SEP-2024	63		
# FY24 Service Member Subjects where evidence supported Command Action	63	# FY24 Service Member Victims in cases where evidence supported Command Action	95
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred	14	# Service Member Victims involved with Courts-Martial referrals against Subject	40
# Service Member Subjects: Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15 UCMJ)	3	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15) against Subject	5
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges	6	# Service Member Victims involved with Administrative discharges against Subject	7
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions	5	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions against Subject	6
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred for non-sexual assault offense	2	# Service Member Victims involved with Courts-Martial referrals for non-sexual assault offenses	2
# Service Member Subjects: Non-judicial punishment for non-sexual assault offense	11	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishment for non-sexual assault offenses	12
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges for non-sexual assault offense	9	# Service Member Victims involved with administrative discharges for non-SA offense	7
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions for non-sexual assault offense	13	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions for non-SA offense	16
* Restricted Reports that convert to Unrestricted Reports are counted with the total number of Unrestricted Reports.			

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

I. COURTS-MARTIAL ADJUDICATIONS AND OUTCOMES (Sexual Assault Charge). This section reports the outcomes of Courts-Martial for sexual assault crimes completed during FY24	FY24 Totals
# Total Subjects with Courts-Martial Charge Preferred for a Sexual Assault Charge Pending Court Completion	63
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>48</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>15</i>
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial action was NOT completed by the end of FY24	0
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial was completed by the end of FY24	34
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>25</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>9</i>
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial was dismissed	0
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer followed by Art. 15 punishment	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer followed by Art. 15 acquittal	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial followed by Art. 15 punishment	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial followed by Art. 15 acquittal	0
# Subjects who resigned or were discharged in lieu of Courts-Martial	25
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>9</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>8</i>
# Officer Subjects who were allowed to resign in lieu of Courts-Martial	1
# Enlisted Subjects who were discharged in lieu of Courts-Martial	0
# Subjects with Courts-Martial charges proceeding to trial on a sexual assault charge	20
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>17</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>6</i>
# Subjects Acquitted of Charges	0
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
# Subjects Convicted of Any Charge at Trial	15
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>2</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
# Subjects with unknown punishment	0
# Subjects with no punishment	0
# Subjects with pending punishment	0
# Subjects with Punishment	0
<i># of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
<i># of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals</i>	<i>0</i>
# Subjects receiving confinement	1
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	0
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	4
# Subjects receiving a punitive discharge (Dishonorable, Bad Conduct, or Dismissal)	0
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	0
# Subjects receiving extra duty	0
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects to be processed for administrative discharge or separation subsequent to sexual assault conviction	0
# Subjects receiving UOTHC administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving General administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving Honorable administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving Uncharacterized administrative discharge	0
# Convicted Subjects with a conviction under a UCMJ Article that requires Sex Offender Registration	0
J. NONJUDICIAL PUNISHMENTS IMPOSED (Sexual Assault Charge). This section reports the outcomes of nonjudicial punishments for sexual assault crimes completed during FY24	FY24 Totals
# Total Subjects with Nonjudicial Punishment (Article 15) for a Sexual Assault Charge in FY24	13
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was not completed by the end of FY24	10
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was completed by the end of FY24	3
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment was dismissed	0
# Subjects administered nonjudicial punishment	3
# Subjects with unknown punishment	0
# Subjects with no punishment	0
# Subjects with pending punishment	0
# Subjects with Punishment	3
# Subjects receiving correctional custody	0
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	2
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	3
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	2
# Subjects receiving extra duty	1
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects receiving a reprimand	1
# Subjects processed for an administrative discharge or separation subsequent to nonjudicial punishment on a sexual assault charge	3
# Subjects who received NJP followed by UOTHC administrative discharge	1
# Subjects who received NJP followed by General administrative discharge	1
# Subjects who received NJP followed by Honorable administrative discharge	1
# Subjects who received NJP followed by Uncharacterized administrative discharge	0
K. OTHER ACTIONS TAKEN. This section reports other disciplinary action taken for Subjects who were investigated for sexual assault. It combines outcomes for Subjects in these categories listed in Sections D and E above.	FY24 Totals
# Subjects whose administrative discharge or other separation action was not completed by the end of FY24	5
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge or other separation for a sexual assault offense	16
# Subjects receiving UOTHC administrative discharge	28
# Subjects receiving General administrative discharge	7
# Subjects receiving Honorable administrative discharge	1
# Subjects receiving Uncharacterized administrative discharge	0
# Subjects whose other adverse administrative action was not completed by the end of FY24	13
# Subjects receiving other adverse administrative action for a sexual assault offense	70

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

L. COURTS MARTIAL ADJUDICATIONS AND OUTCOMES (Non sexual assault offense). This section reports the outcomes of Courts Martials for Subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for Subjects in this category listed in Sections D and E above.	FY24 Totals
# Total Subjects with Courts-Martial Charge Preferred for a non-sexual assault offense in FY24	24
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	14
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	34
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial action was NOT completed by the end of FY24	3
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial was completed by the end of FY24	21
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	9
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	33
# Subjects whose Courts-Martial was dismissed	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	0
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer followed by Art. 15 punishment	4
# Subjects in Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer followed by Art. 15 acquittal	3
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial	2
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial followed by Art. 15 punishment	1
# Subjects in Charges dismissed for any other reason prior to Courts-Martial followed by Art. 15 acquittal	0
# Subjects who resigned or were discharged in lieu of Courts-Martial for a non-sexual assault offense	2
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	10
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	8
# Officer Subjects who were officers that where allowed to resign in lieu of Courts-Martial	0
# Enlisted Subjects who were discharged in lieu of Courts-Martial	0
# Subjects with Courts-Martial charges proceeding to trial on a non-sexual assault offense	0
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	3
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	4
# Subjects Acquitted of Charges	0
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	0
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	2
# Subjects Convicted of Any Non-Sexual Assault Charge at Trial	2
# of those stemming from OSTC Preferrals	0
# of those stemming from Command Action Preferrals	0
# Subjects with unknown punishment	0
# Subjects with no punishment	0
# Subjects with pending punishment	17
# Subjects with Punishment	0
# Subjects receiving confinement	1
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	4
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	0
# Subjects receiving a punitive discharge (Dishonorable, Bad Conduct, or Dismissal)	15
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	17
# Subjects receiving extra duty	0
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects processed for an administrative discharge or separation subsequent to conviction at trial	0
# Subjects receiving UOTHC administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving General administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving Honorable administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving Uncharacterized administrative discharge	0
M. NONJUDICIAL PUNISHMENTS IMPOSED (Non-Sexual Assault Charge). This section reports the outcomes of nonjudicial punishments for Subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for Subjects in this category listed in Sections D and E above.	FY24 Totals
# Total Subjects with Nonjudicial Punishment (Article 15) for a non-sexual assault offense in FY24	182
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was not completed by the end of FY24	NA
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was completed by the end of FY24	NA
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment was dismissed	0
# Subjects administered nonjudicial punishment for a non-sexual assault offense	34
# Subjects with unknown punishment	0
# Subjects with no punishment	1
# Subjects with pending punishment	0
# Subjects with Punishment	0
# Subjects receiving correctional custody	0
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	0
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	21
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	9
# Subjects receiving extra duty	5
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects receiving a reprimand	1
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge subsequent to nonjudicial punishment on a non-sexual assault charge	0
# Subjects who received NJP followed by UOTHC administrative discharge	1
# Subjects who received NJP followed by General administrative discharge	0
# Subjects who received NJP followed by Honorable administrative discharge	0
# Subjects who received NJP followed by Uncharacterized administrative discharge	0
N. OTHER ACTIONS TAKEN (Non sexual assault offense). This section reports other disciplinary action taken for Subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for Subjects in these categories listed in Sections D and E above.	FY24 Totals
# Subjects whose administrative discharge or other separation action was not completed by the end of FY24	NA
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge or other separation for a non-sexual assault offense	NA
# Subjects receiving UOTHC administrative discharge	2
# Subjects receiving General administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving Honorable administrative discharge	0
# Subjects receiving Uncharacterized administrative discharge	0
# Subjects whose other adverse administrative action was not completed by the end of FY24	NA
# Subjects receiving other adverse administrative action for a non-sexual assault offense	NA

Restricted Reports

MARINE CORPS FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	
A. FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	FY24 Totals
# TOTAL Victims initially making Restricted Reports	567
# Service Member Victims making Restricted Reports	558
# Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report involving a Service Member Subject	9
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Total Victims who reported and converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the FY24*	109
# Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	108
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	1
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Total Victim reports remaining Restricted	458
# Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	450
# Non-Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	8
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Remaining Restricted Reports involving Service Members in the following categories	458
# Service Member on Service Member	283
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	80
# Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	8
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	87
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
B. INCIDENT DETAILS	FY24 Totals
# Reported sexual assaults occurring	458
# On military installation	211
# Off military installation	161
# Unidentified location	85
# Relevant Data Not Available	1
Length of time between sexual assault and Restricted Report	458
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	68
# Reports made within 4 to 10 days after sexual assault	36
# Reports made within 11 to 30 days after sexual assault	21
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	73
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	111
# Relevant Data Not Available	149
Time of sexual assault incident	458
# Midnight to 6 am	88
# 6 am to 6 pm	59
# 6 pm to midnight	154
# Unknown	157
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Day of sexual assault incident	458
# Sunday	40
# Monday	39
# Tuesday	36
# Wednesday	39
# Thursday	29
# Friday	48
# Saturday	78
# Relevant Data Not Available	149
C. RESTRICTED REPORTING VICTIM SERVICE AFFILIATION	FY24 Totals
# Service Member Victims	450
# Army Victims	0
# Navy Victims	16
# Marines Victims	433
# Air Force Victims	1
# Coast Guard Victims	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0

Restricted Reports (continued)

D. DEMOGRAPHICS FOR FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT		FY24 Totals
Sex of Victims		458
# Male		132
# Female		326
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
Age of Victims at the Time of Incident		458
# 0-15		54
# 16-19		145
# 20-24		196
# 25-34		49
# 35-49		4
# 50-64		0
# 65 and older		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		10
Grade of Service Member Victims		450
# E1-E4		367
# E5-E9		55
# WO1-WO5		2
# O1-O3		15
# O4-O10		11
# Cadet/Midshipman		0
# Academy Prep School Student		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
Status of Service Member Victims		450
# Active Duty		431
# Reserve (Activated)		19
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)		0
# Cadet/Midshipman/Prep School Student		0
# Academy Prep School Student		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
Victim Type		458
# Service Member		450
# DoD Civilian		
# DoD Contractor		
# Other US Government Civilian		
# Non-Service Member		8
# Foreign National		
# Foreign Military		
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
E. RESTRICTED REPORTING FOR A SEXUAL ASSAULT THAT OCCURRED PRIOR TO JOINING SERVICE		FY24 Totals
# Service Member Victims making a Restricted Report for Incidents Occurring Prior to Military Service		84
# Service Member Making A Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred Prior to Age 18		58
# Service Member Making a Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred After Age 18		24
# Service Member Choosing Not to Specify		2
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
F. RESTRICTED REPORTS CONVERSION DATA (DSAID USE ONLY)		FY24 Totals
Mean # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted		41.26605505
Standard Deviation of the Mean For Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted		63.14586908
Mode # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted		1
G. TOTAL VICTIMS WHO REPORTED IN PRIOR YEARS AND CONVERTED FROM RESTRICTED REPORT TO UNRESTRICTED REPORT IN THE FY24		FY24 Totals
Total Victims who reported in prior years and converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the FY24		17
# Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24		17
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
* The Restricted Reports are reports that converted to Unrestricted Reports are counted in the total number of Unrestricted Reports listed in Worksheet 1a, Section A.		

MARINE CORPS FY24 SUPPORT SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT		
NOTE: Totals of referrals and military protective orders are for all activities during the reporting period, regardless of when the sexual assault report was made.		
A. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS TO SERVICE MEMBERS VICTIMS FROM UNRESTRICTED REPORTS:		FY24 Totals
# Support service referrals for Victims in the following categories		
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)		6967
# Medical		365
# Behavioral Health		606
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel (SVC)		657
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		417
# Rape Crisis Center		
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate		2325
# DoD Safe Helpline		338
# Other		2247
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)		995
# Medical		42
# Behavioral Health		80
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)		33
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		21
# Rape Crisis Center		44
# Victim Advocate		394
# DoD Safe Helpline		
# Other		380
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted		71
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam		1
# Military Victims making an Unrestricted Report for an incident that occurred prior to military service		46
B. FY24 MILITARY PROTECTIVE ORDERS (MPO)* AND EXPEDITED TRANSFERS UNRESTRICTED REPORTS		FY24 TOTALS
# Military Protective Orders issued during FY24		91
# Reported MPO Violations in FY24		1
# Reported MPO Violations by Subjects		1
# Reported MPO Violations by Victims of sexual assault		0
# Reported MPO Violations by Both		0
*In accordance with DoD Policy, Military Protective Orders are only issued in Unrestricted Reports. A Restricted Report cannot be made when there is a safety risk for the Victim.		
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims of sexual assault		21
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims Denied		1
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims of sexual assault		81
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims Denied		4
C. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS FOR MILITARY VICTIMS IN RESTRICTED REPORTS		FY24 TOTALS
# Support service referrals for Victims in the following categories		
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)		3683
# Medical		237
# Behavioral Health		388
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)		287
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		316
# Rape Crisis Center		
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate		1349
# DoD Safe Helpline		252
# Other		835
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)		484
# Medical		18
# Behavioral Health		48
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)		8
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		13
# Rape Crisis Center		26
# Victim Advocate		208
# DoD Safe Helpline		
# Other		163
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted		25
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam		0

	FY24 TOTALS
Total Number Denied	5
Reasons for Disapproval (Total)	2
Victim pending separation	3
Victim pending UCMJ action	2

Support Services (continued)

CIVILIAN DATA	
D. UNRESTRICTED REPORTS FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS (e.g., DOD CIVILIANS, DEPENDENTS, CONTRACTORS, ETC) THAT DO NOT INVOLVE A SERVICE MEMBER	FY24 Totals
D1. # Non-Service Members in the following categories:	99
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member	2
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member	27
# Relevant Data Not Available	70
D2. Sex of Non-Service Members	99
# Male	1
# Female	90
# Relevant Data Not Available	8
D3. Age of Non-Service Members at the Time of Incident	99
# 0-15	0
# 16-19	10
# 20-24	17
# 25-34	8
# 35-49	1
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	6
# Relevant Data Not Available	57
D4. Non-Service Member Type	99
# DoD Civilian	4
# DoD Contractor	0
# Other US Government Civilian	1
# US Civilian	58
# Foreign National	4
# Foreign Military	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	32
D5. # Support service referrals for Non Service Members in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)	204
# Medical	17
# Behavioral Health	17
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	26
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	8
# Rape Crisis Center	
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	62
# DoD Safe Helpline	15
# Other	59
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	122
# Medical	5
# Behavioral Health	9
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	7
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	3
# Rape Crisis Center	15
# Victim Advocate	18
# DoD Safe Helpline	
# Other	65
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	4
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0
E. FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS	FY24 Totals
E1. # Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report	9
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	1
# Non-Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	8
# Restricted Reports from Non-Service Member Victims in the following categories:	8
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	2
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member	4
# Relevant Data Not Available	2
E2. Sex of Non-Service Member Victims	8
# Male	0
# Female	7
# Relevant Data Not Available	1
E3. Age of Non-Service Member Victims at the Time of Incident	8
# 0-15	0
# 16-19	1
# 20-24	1
# 25-34	2
# 35-49	3
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	1
E4. VICTIM Type	8
# DoD Civilian	
# DoD Contractor	
# Other US Government Civilian	
# Non-Service Member	6
# Relevant Data Not Available	2
E5. # Support service referrals for Non Service Member Victims in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources	42
# Medical	3
# Behavioral Health	4
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	2
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	2
# Rape Crisis Center	
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	17
# DoD Safe Helpline	3
# Other	11
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	18
# Medical	1
# Behavioral Health	1
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate	10
# DoD Safe Helpline	
# Other	6
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	6
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest

MARINE CORPS DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST FY24 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS IN THE MILITARY Note: These Reports are a subset of the FY24 Reports of Sexual Assault.		
<p>A. FY24 REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST (rape, sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, forcible sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses) BY or AGAINST Service Members.</p> <p>Note: The data on this page is raw, uninvestigated information about allegations received during FY24. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.</p> <p>This data is drawn from Defense Sexual Assault Database (DSAD) based on Service affiliation of the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC) who currently manages the Victim case.</p>	FY24 Totals	
# FY24 Unrestricted Reports (one Victim per report)		0
# Service Member Victims		0
# Non-Service Member Victims in allegations against Service Member Subject		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
# Unrestricted Reports in the following categories		0
# Service Member on Service Member		0
# Service Member on Non-Service Member		0
# Non-Service Member on Service Member		0
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
# Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault occurring		0
# On military installation		0
# Off military installation		0
# Unidentified location		0
# Victim in Unrestricted Reports Referred for Investigation		0
# Victims in investigations initiated during FY24		0
# Victims with Investigations pending completion at end of 30-SEP-2024		0
# Victims with Completed Investigations at end of 30-SEP-2024		0
# Victims with Investigative Data Forthcoming		0
# Victims where investigation could not be opened by DoD or Civilian Law Enforcement		0
# Victims - Alleged perpetrator not subject to the UCMJ		0
# Victims - Crime was beyond statute of limitations		0
# Victims - Unrestricted Reports for Matters Occurring Prior to Military Service		0
# Victims - Other		0
# All Restricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest received in FY24 (one Victim per report)		0
# Converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report* (report made this year and converted this year)		0
# Restricted Reports Remaining Restricted at end of FY24		0
B. DETAILS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST FOR FY24	FY24 Totals	FY24 Totals for Service Member Victim Cases
Length of time between sexual assault and Unrestricted Report	0	0
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	0	0
# Reports made within 4 to 10 days after sexual assault	0	0
# Reports made within 11 to 30 days after sexual assault	0	0
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	0	0
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0
Time of sexual assault	0	0
# Midnight to 6 am	0	0
# 6 am to 6 pm	0	0
# 6 pm to midnight	0	0
# Unknown	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0
Day of sexual assault	0	0
# Sunday	0	0
# Monday	0	0
# Tuesday	0	0
# Wednesday	0	0
# Thursday	0	0
# Friday	0	0
# Saturday	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

C. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS IN DEPLOYED AREA OF INTEREST INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS BY OR AGAINST SERVICE MEMBERS (VICTIM AND SUBJECT SEX)	Male on Female	Male on Male	Female on Male	Female on Female	Unknown on Male	Unknown on Female	Multiple Mixed Sex Assault	Relevant Data Not Available	FY24 Totals		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
# Service Member on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
FY24 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT BY MATTER INVESTIGATED TYPE (May not reflect what crimes can be charged upon completion of investigation)											
UNRESTRICTED REPORTS MADE IN FY24	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses						
D. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS IN DEPLOYED AREA OF INTEREST INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS BY OR AGAINST SERVICE MEMBERS (MOST SERIOUS CRIME ALLEGED, AS CATEGORIZED BY THE MILITARY CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE ORGANIZATION)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	FY24 Totals
D1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D2.											
TOTAL Service Member Victims in FY24 Reports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member Victims: Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member Victims: Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TIME OF INCIDENT BY OFFENSE TYPE FOR UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN DEPLOYED AREA OF INTEREST MADE IN FY24											
D3. Time of sexual assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Midnight to 6 am	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 6 am to 6 pm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 6 pm to midnight	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D4. Day of sexual assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Sunday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Monday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Tuesday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Wednesday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Thursday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Friday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Saturday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST LOCATION OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS BY TYPE OF OFFENSE											
FY24 DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST LOCATIONS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT. Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY24. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08) (Art. 120)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	FY24 Totals
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED REPORTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bulgaria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cameroon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chad	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Djibouti	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Egypt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estonia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Georgia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hungary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Latvia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lithuania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mali	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Niger	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nigeria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Poland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Romania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Slovakia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Somalia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tunisia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED REPORTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

E. SUMMARY OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS WITH INVESTIGATIONS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST		FY24 Totals
E1. Subjects in Unrestricted Reports Made to Your Service with Investigation Initiated During FY24 in Deployed Areas of Interest		
Note: This data is drawn from DSAID based on Service affiliation of the SARC who currently manages the Victim case associated with the investigation and Subject below.		
# Investigations Initiated during FY24		0
# Investigations Completed as of FY24 End (group by MCIO #)		0
# Investigations Pending Completion as of FY24 End (group by MCIO #)		0
# Subjects in investigations Initiated During FY24		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Service Investigations		0
Note: Non-Service Member Subjects are drawn from all CID, NCIS and AFOSI investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Unidentified Subjects in Service Investigations		0
Note: Unidentified Subjects are drawn from all CID, NCIS and AFOSI investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		0
Note: Service Member Subjects are drawn from Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service.		
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement		0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		0
# Unidentified Subjects in Civilian or Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		0
# Subject or Investigation Relevant Data Not Available		0
E2. Service Investigations Completed during FY24 in Deployed Areas of Interest		
Note: The following data is drawn from DSAID and describes criminal investigations completed during the FY24. These investigations may have been initiated during the FY24 or any prior FY.		
# Total Investigations completed by Services during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)		0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim		0
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject		0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject		0
# Subjects in investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by CID		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by NCIS		0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by AFOSI		0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in completed Service Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		0
# Unidentified Subjects in completed Service Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service		0
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available		0
# Victims in investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service		0
# Service Member Victims in CID investigations		0
# Your Service Member Victims in CID investigations		0
# Other Service Member Victims in CID investigations		0
# Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		0
# Your Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		0
# Other Service Member Victims in NCIS investigations		0
# Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		0
# Your Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		0
# Other Service Member Victims in AFOSI investigations		0
# Non-Service Member Victims in completed Service Investigations, supported by your Service		0
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available		0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

E3. Subjects and Victims in Investigations Completed by US Civilian and Foreign Agencies during FY24 in Deployed Areas of Interest Note: This data is entered by your Service SARC for cases supported by your Service.	
# Total Investigations completed by US Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject	0
# Subjects in investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Unidentified Subjects in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Victims in investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	0
# Your Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	0
# Other Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement investigations	0
# Non-Service Member Victims in Civilian and Foreign Law Enforcement Investigations in a case supported by your Service	0
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available	0
E4. Subjects and Victims in Investigations Completed by Military Police/Security Forces/Master At Arms/Marine Corps CID (MPs) during FY24 (all organizations regardless of name are abbreviated below as MPs) in Deployed Areas of Interest Note: This data is entered by your Service SARC for cases supported by your Service. Note: As of 1 Jan 2013, all sexual assault investigations are referred to MCIO for investigation. This section captures remaining Subjects from investigations opened in prior years by Military Police/Security Forces/Master At Arms/Marine Corps CID.	
# Total Investigations completed by MPs during FY24 (Group by MCIO Case Number)	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Subject	0
# Of these investigations with more than one Victim and more than one Subject	0
# Subjects in MP investigations completed during FY24 involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Your Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Other Service Member Subjects investigated by MPs	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects in MPs involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Unidentified Subjects in MPs involving a Victim supported by your Service	0
# Subject Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Victims in MP investigations completed during FY24, supported by your Service	0
# Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Your Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Other Service Member Victims in MP investigations	0
# Non-Service Member Victims in MP Investigations, supported by your Service	0
# Victim Relevant Data Not Available	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

Victims in Investigation Completed in FY24 in Deployed Areas of Interest	Victim Data From Investigations completed during FY24										
	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses						
F. DEMOGRAPHICS ON VICTIMS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY24 IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST (Investigation Completed within the reporting period. These investigations may have been opened in current or prior Fiscal Years)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	FY24 Totals
F1. Sex of Victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F2. Age of Victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 0-15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 16-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 20-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 25-34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 35-49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F3. Victim Type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# DoD Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# US Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Foreign National	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Foreign Military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F4. Grade of Service Member Victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# E1-E4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# E5-E9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# WO1-WO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# O1-O3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# O4-O10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F5. Service of Service Member Victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Army	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Navy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Marines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Air Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F6. Status of Service Member Victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Active Duty	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Reserve (Activated)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

G. DEMOGRAPHICS ON SUBJECTS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY24 DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST (Investigation Completed within the reporting period. These investigations may have been opened in current or prior Fiscal Years)	Subject Data From Investigations completed during FY24										FY24 Totals
	Penetrating Offenses				Contact Offenses						
	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12)	Sexual Assault (After Jun12) (Art. 120)	Forcible Sodomy (Pre 2019 Art. 125)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Offense Code Data Not Available	
G1. Sex of Subjects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G2. Age of Subjects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 0-15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 16-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 20-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 25-34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 35-49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G3. Subject Type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Drill Instructors/Drill Sergeants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Recruiters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# DoD Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# US Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Foreign National	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Foreign Military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G4. Grade of Service Member Subjects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# E1-E4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# E5-E9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# WO1-WO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# O1-O3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# O4-O10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G5. Service of Service Member Subjects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Army	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Navy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Marines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Air Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G6. Status of Service Member Subjects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Active Duty	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Reserve (Activated)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Unrestricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

H. FINAL DISPOSITIONS FOR SUBJECTS IN COMPLETED FY24 INVESTIGATIONS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals	H1. ASSOCIATED VICTIM DATA FOR COMPLETED FY24 INVESTIGATIONS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
# Subjects in Unrestricted Reports that could not be investigated by DoD or Civilian Law Enforcement Note: These Subjects are from Unrestricted Reports referred to MCIOs or other law enforcement for investigation during FY24, but the agency could not open an investigation based on the reasons below.	0		
# Subjects - Not subject to the UCMJ	0		
# Subjects - Crime was beyond statute of limitations	0		
# Subjects - Matter alleged occurred prior to Victim's Military Service	0		
# Subjects - Other	0		
# Subjects in investigations completed in FY24 Note: These are Subjects from Tab1b, Cells B29, B59, B77.	0	# Victims in investigations completed in FY24	0
# Service Member Subjects in investigations opened and completed in FY24	0	# Service Member Victims in investigations opened and completed in FY24	0
# Total Subjects with allegations unfounded by a Military Criminal Investigative Organization	0	# Total Victims associated with MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0	# Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0	# Non-Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Unidentified Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0		
# Subjects with Subject data not yet available and with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0	# Victims with Victim data not yet available and involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Total Subjects Outside DoD Prosecutive Authority	0		
# Unknown Offenders	0	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Unknown Offender Reports	0
		# Service Member Victims in remaining Unknown Offender Reports	0
# US Civilians or Foreign National Subjects not subject to the UCMJ	0	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	0
		# Service Member Victims in remaining Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	0
# Service Members Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority	0	# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports against a Service Member who is being Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority	0
		# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports with a deceased or deserted Subject	0
# Subjects who died or deserted	0	# Service Member Victims in remaining reports with a deceased or deserted Subject	0
# Total Command Action Precluded or Declined for Sexual Assault	0		
# Service Member Subjects where Victim declined to participate in the military justice action	0	# Service Member Victims who declined to participate in the military justice action	0
# Service Member Subjects whose investigations had insufficient evidence to prosecute	0	# Service Member Victims in investigations having insufficient evidence to prosecute	0
# Service Member Subjects whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	0	# Service Member Victims whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	0
# Service Member Subjects with allegations that were unfounded by Command	0	# Service Member Victims whose allegations were unfounded by Command	0
		# Service Member Victims who died before completion of the military justice action	0
# Subjects disposition data not yet available	0	# Service Member Victims involved in reports with Subject disposition data not yet available	0
# Subjects for whom Command Action was completed as of 30-SEP-2024	0		
# FY24 Service Member Subjects where evidence supported Command Action	0	# FY24 Service Member Victims in cases where evidence supported Command Action	0
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Courts-Martial preferrals against Subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15 UCMJ)	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15) against Subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Administrative discharges against Subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions against Subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred for non-sexual assault offense	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Courts-Martial preferrals for non-sexual assault offenses	0
# Service Member Subjects: Non-judicial punishment for non-sexual assault offense	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishment for non-sexual assault offenses	0
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges for non-sexual assault offense	0	# Service Member Victims involved with administrative discharges for non-SA offense	0
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions for non-sexual assault offense	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions for non-SA offense	0
Restricted Reports that convert to Unrestricted Reports are counted with the total number of Unrestricted Reports.			

Restricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest

MARINE CORPS DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST (DAI) FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	
A. FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
# TOTAL Victims initially making Restricted Reports	0
# Service Member Victims making Restricted Reports	0
# Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report involving a Service Member Subject	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Total Victims who reported and converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the FY24*	0
# Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	0
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Total Victim reports remaining Restricted	0
# Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	0
# Non-Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
# Remaining Restricted Reports involving Service Members in the following categories	0
# Service Member on Service Member	0
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	0
# Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	0
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
B. INCIDENT DETAILS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
# Reported sexual assaults occurring	0
# On military installation	0
# Off military installation	0
# Unidentified location	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Length of time between sexual assault and Restricted Report	0
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	0
# Reports made within 4 to 10 days after sexual assault	0
# Reports made within 11 to 30 days after sexual assault	0
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	0
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Time of sexual assault incident	0
# Midnight to 6 am	0
# 6 am to 6 pm	0
# 6 pm to midnight	0
# Unknown	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
Day of sexual assault incident	0
# Sunday	0
# Monday	0
# Tuesday	0
# Wednesday	0
# Thursday	0
# Friday	0
# Saturday	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
C. RESTRICTED REPORTING VICTIM SERVICE AFFILIATION IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
# Service Member Victims	0
# Army Victims	0
# Navy Victims	0
# Marines Victims	0
# Air Force Victims	0
# Coast Guard Victims	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0

Restricted Reports in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

D. DEMOGRAPHICS FOR FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST		FY24 Totals
Sex of Victims		0
# Male		0
# Female		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
Age of Victims at the Time of Incident		0
# 0-15		0
# 16-19		0
# 20-24		0
# 25-34		0
# 35-49		0
# 50-64		0
# 65 and older		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
Grade of Service Member Victims		0
# E1-E4		0
# E5-E9		0
# WO1-WO5		0
# O1-O3		0
# O4-O10		0
# Cadet/Midshipman		0
# Academy Prep School Student		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
Status of Service Member Victims		0
# Active Duty		0
# Reserve (Activated)		0
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)		0
# Cadet/Midshipman/Prep School Student		0
# Academy Prep School Student		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
Victim Type		0
# Service Member		0
# DoD Civilian		
# DoD Contractor		
# Other US Government Civilian		
# Non-Service Member		0
# Foreign National		
# Foreign Military		
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
E. RESTRICTED REPORTING FOR A SEXUAL ASSAULT THAT OCCURRED PRIOR TO JOINING SERVICE IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST		FY24 Totals
# Service Member Victims making a Restricted Report for Incidents Occurring Prior to Military Service		0
# Service Member Making A Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred Prior to Age 18		0
# Service Member Making a Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred After Age 18		0
# Service Member Choosing Not to Specify		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
F. RESTRICTED REPORTS CONVERSION DATA (DSAID USE ONLY) IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST		FY24 Totals
Mean # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted		0
Standard Deviation of the Mean For Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted		0
Mode # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted		0
G. TOTAL VICTIMS WHO REPORTED IN PRIOR YEARS AND CONVERTED FROM RESTRICTED REPORT TO UNRESTRICTED REPORT IN THE FY24 IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST		FY24 Totals
Total Victims who reported in prior years and converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the FY24		0
# Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24		0
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24		0
# Relevant Data Not Available		0
TOTAL # FY24 DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT		FY24 Totals
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSAULTS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST		0
Bulgaria		0
Cameroon		0
Chad		0
Djibouti		0
Egypt		0
Estonia		0
Georgia		0
Hungary		0
Latvia		0
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		0
Lithuania		0
Mali		0
Niger		0
Nigeria		0
Poland		0
Romania		0
Slovakia		0
Somalia		0
Tunisia		0
* The Restricted Reports are reports that converted to Unrestricted Reports are counted in the total number of Unrestricted Reports listed in Worksheet 1a, Section A.		

Support Services in Deployed Areas of Interest

MARINE CORPS DAI FY24 SUPPORT SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	
<i>NOTE: Totals of referrals and military protective orders are for all activities during the reporting period, regardless of when the sexual assault report was made.</i>	
A. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS TO SERVICE MEMBERS VICTIMS FROM UNRESTRICTED REPORTS:	FY24 Totals
# Support service referrals for Victims in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)	15
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel (SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	5
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	10
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0
# Military Victims making an Unrestricted Report for an incident that occurred prior to military service	0
B. FY24 MILITARY PROTECTIVE ORDERS (MPO)* AND EXPEDITED TRANSFERS UNRESTRICTED REPORTS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 TOTALS
# Military Protective Orders issued during FY24	0
# Reported MPO Violations in FY24	0
# Reported MPO Violations by Subjects	0
# Reported MPO Violations by Victims of sexual assault	0
# Reported MPO Violations by Both	0
<i>*In accordance with DoD Policy, Military Protective Orders are only issued in Unrestricted Reports. A Restricted Report cannot be made when there is a safety risk for the Victim.</i>	
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims of sexual assault	0
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims Denied	0
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims of sexual assault	0
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member Victims Denied	0
C. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS FOR MILITARY VICTIMS IN RESTRICTED REPORTS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 TOTALS
# Support service referrals for Victims in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0

Support Services in Deployed Areas of Interest (continued)

CIVILIAN DATA	
D. UNRESTRICTED REPORTS FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS (e.g., DOD CIVILIANS, DEPENDENTS, CONTRACTORS, ETC) THAT DO NOT INVOLVE A SERVICE MEMBER IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
D1. # Non-Service Members in the following categories:	0
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member	0
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
D2. Sex of Non-Service Members	0
# Male	0
# Female	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
D3. Age of Non-Service Members at the Time of Incident	0
# 0-15	0
# 16-19	0
# 20-24	0
# 25-34	0
# 35-49	0
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
D4. Non-Service Member Type	0
# DoD Civilian	0
# DoD Contractor	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0
# US Civilian	0
# Foreign National	0
# Foreign Military	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
D5. # Support service referrals for Non Service Members in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	
# Other	0
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0
E. FY24 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS IN DEPLOYED AREAS OF INTEREST	FY24 Totals
E1. # Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report	0
# Non-Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in FY24	0
# Non-Service Member Victim reports remaining Restricted	0
# Restricted Reports from Non-Service Member Victims in the following categories:	0
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	0
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E2. Sex of Non-Service Member Victims	0
# Male	0
# Female	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E3. Age of Non-Service Member Victims at the Time of Incident	0
# 0-15	0
# 16-19	0
# 20-24	0
# 25-34	0
# 35-49	0
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E4. VICTIM Type	0
# DoD Civilian	
# DoD Contractor	
# Other US Government Civilian	
# Non-Service Member	0
# Relevant Data Not Available	0
E5. # Support service referrals for Non Service Member Victims in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	0
# Medical	0
# Behavioral Health	0
# Legal/Special Victims' Counsel(SVC)	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	
# Other	0
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of Victim's exam	0

Unrestricted Report Case Synopses

[illegible]

No.	Host Serious Sexual Assault Allegation Subject is Investigated On	Incident Location	Victim Affiliation	Victim Pay Grade	Victim Sex	Subject Affiliation	Subject Pay Grade	Subject Sex	Subject Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Sexual Harassment/Assault?	Subject: Referral Type	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Host Serious Sexual Assault Offense Charged	Host Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Not Prosecuted, If Applicable	Host Serious Offense Convicted	Administrative Discharge Type	Host: Register as Sex Offender?	Allegation Use	Case Synopsis Note
108	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-4	Male		No	No	Q1 (April-June)	CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense								Both Victim and Subject	Adverse Administrative Action Type: Letter of Counseling (LOC)
109	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (April-June)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 12 hearing officer	Evidence did not support a recommendation for prosecution				Both Victim and Subject	
110	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Japan	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Unknown		Unknown				Q2 (January-March)	Offender's Unknown									
111	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Unknown		Unknown				Q3 (April-June)	Offender's Unknown								Unknown	
112	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q2 (January-March)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense					Under Other than Nonlethal Conditions (UDCH)				
113	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-1	Female	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense									
114	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	United States	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-7	Male	No	No			CA non judicial punishment for nonsexual assault offense		Failure to obey order or regulation (Art. 52)	Article 15 Punishment Imposed		General				
115	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-6	Male					CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense					Uncharacterized				
116	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-1	Female	Marine Corps	E-7	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense								Victim (single victim)	
117	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense					General			Both Victim and Subject	
118	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	N/A	US Civilian	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No		Q2 (January-March)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Convicted	Assault (Art. 128)				Both Victim and Subject	
119	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Romania	Marine Corps	E-4	Female	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	No	No		Q1 (April-June)	CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense								Both Victim and Subject	
120	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-1	Female	Marine Corps	E-1	Male	No	No	Other	Q2 (January-March)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Article 15 Punishment Imposed		Under Other than Nonlethal Conditions (UDCH)				
121	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-4	Female	Unknown		Unknown				Q1 (October-December)	Offender's Unknown								Unknown	
122	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Multiple Victims - Female	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	No	No			CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense								Victim (single victim)	
123	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Unknown		Unknown	No	No		Q3 (April-June)	CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense									
124	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-5	Female	Marine Corps	E-5	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense								Both Victim and Subject	
125	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	No	No	Multiple Referrals	Q1 (October-December)	CA administrative discharge for nonsexual assault offense					General				
126	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	N/A	US Civilian	Multiple Victims - Female	Marine Corps	E-6	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	CA non-judicial punishment for nonsexual assault offense			Assault (Art. 128)	Article 15 Punishment Imposed	Under Other than Nonlethal Conditions (UDCH)			All victims (multiple victims)	
127	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Unknown	Marine Corps	E-5	Female	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	No	No		Q2 (January-March)	CA court-martial punishment for nonsexual assault offense		Failure to obey order or regulation (Art. 52)	Article 15 Punishment Imposed		None			Both Victim and Subject	
128	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No		Q1 (October-December)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Convicted	Perjury (Art. 131)				Both Victim and Subject	
129	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-1	Female	Marine Corps	E-5	Male	No	No	Other	Q2 (January-March)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Convicted	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Yes			
130	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	No	No		Q4 (July-September)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense			Adultery (Art. 134-2)	Article 15 Punishment Imposed		None		Both Victim and Subject	
131	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Unknown	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	No	No		Q1 (October-December)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 12 hearing officer	Evidence did not support a recommendation for prosecution				Both Victim and Subject	
132	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Unknown		Unknown	No	No	Other	Q4 (July-September)	CA court-martial charge preferred for non sexual assault offense			Assault (Art. 128)	Convicted	Failure to obey order or regulation (Art. 52)	Under Other than Nonlethal Conditions (UDCH)			
133	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Unknown		Unknown	No	No		Q4 (July-September)	Offender's Unknown								Both Victim and Subject	
134	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Naval	Cadet/Recruitman	Female	Marine Corps	E-5	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense								Victim (single victim)	
135	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Unknown		Unknown	No	No		Q4 (July-September)	No action taken								Unknown	
136	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Unknown	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No		Q1 (October-December)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense					Member Retained			Both Victim and Subject	
137	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-4	Female	Marine Corps	E-4	Male				Q3 (April-June)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Convicted	Assault (Art. 128)				Unknown	
138	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	No	No		Q2 (January-March)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense					Member Retained				
139	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No		Q1 (October-December)	CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense									
140	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	United States	Marine Corps	E-5	Female	Marine Corps	E-5	Male					CA other adverse administrative action for sexual assault offense									
141	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	United States	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-5	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	OSDC court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Convicted	Assault (Art. 128)	Under Other than Nonlethal Conditions (UDCH)			Unknown	
142	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-6	Male	No	No		Q3 (April-June)	CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense									
143	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No		Q2 (January-March)	CA non-judicial punishment for nonsexual assault offense			Unlawfulness (Art. 134-1b)	Article 15 Punishment Imposed	Under Other than Nonlethal Conditions (UDCH)			Subject (a single subject)	
144	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q4 (July-September)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense								Under Other than Nonlethal Conditions (UDCH)	
145	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	O-4	Female	Marine Corps	O-4	Male				Q3 (April-June)	CA non-judicial punishment for nonsexual assault offense			Product Unrecovered (Art. 122)	Article 15 Punishment Imposed		None		Unknown	
146	Rape (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-5	Female	Marine Corps	E-5	Male	No	No		Q2 (January-March)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Charges dismissed by an other referral prior to Court-Martial						
147	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Marine Corps	E-3	Male	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other			Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Article 15 Punishment Imposed		Under Other than Nonlethal Conditions (UDCH)				
148	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Marine Corps	E-5	Male	No	No	Other	Q2 (January-March)	CA other adverse administrative action for sexual assault offense									
149	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	VA Judge	E-4	Female	Marine Corps	E-5	Male	No	No		Q4 (July-September)	No action taken								Both Victim and Subject	
150	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No		Q2 (January-March)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Convicted	Assault (Art. 128)	Under Other than Nonlethal Conditions (UDCH)				
151	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-5	Male	No	No		Q4 (July-September)	CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense								Both Victim and Subject	
152	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Unknown		Unknown				Q3 (April-June)	Offender's Unknown								Unknown	
153	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 8)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	Marine Corps	E-6	Male	No	No	Chaplain/Spiritual Support	Q2 (January-March)	CA administrative discharge for nonsexual assault offense					General			Unknown	
154	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	United States	Marine Corps	E-5	Female	Unknown		Unknown	No	No		Q2 (January-March)	Offender's Unknown									
155	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	United States	Marine Corps	E-5	Female	Unknown		Unknown	No	No		Q2 (January-March)	Offender's Unknown									
156	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	Yes		Multiple Referrals	Q1 (October-December)	CA court-martial charge preferred for non sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Convicted	Assault (Art. 128)	Under Other than Nonlethal Conditions (UDCH)			Victim (single victim)	
157	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-1	Male	Marine Corps	E-1	Male	No	No	Unknown	Q4 (July-September)	CA administrative discharge for nonsexual assault offense					Uncharacterized				
158	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Marine Corps	E-1	Male	Yes		Multiple Referrals	Q4 (July-September)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Convicted	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Under Other than Nonlethal Conditions (UDCH)		Yes		
159	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	N/A	US Civilian	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No		Q4 (July-September)	CA other adverse administrative action for non sexual assault offense								Subject (a single subject)	
160	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Unknown		Unknown	No	No		Q1 (October-December)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense					Member Retained				

Unrestricted Report Case Synopses

No.	Host Serious Sexual Assault Allegations Subject to Investigative Pursuit	Incident Location	Victim Affiliation	Victim Pay Grade	Victim Sex	Subject Affiliation	Subject Pay Grade	Subject Sex	Subject's Investigative Pursuit for Sexual Assault	Subject's Moral Hazard Assessment	Subject's Referral Type	Quarter/Disposition Completed	Cause Description	Host Serious Sexual Assault Offense Charged	Host Serious Offense Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art. 15 Hearing, if Applicable	Host Serious Offense Convicted	Administrative Discharge Type	Host Referral as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Case Synopsis Note	
100	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)			Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
101	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-4	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						General		Both Victim and Subject	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
102	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-1	Female	Marine Corps	E-1	Male	Yes	Yes	Multiple Referrals	Q1 (July-September)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Convicted		Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)		Unknown	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. Charges were preferred. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense. The Subject was later administratively separated for a conviction of a serious offense.	
103	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense		Failure to obey order or regulation (Art. 31)	Article 15 Punishment Imposed		None		Victim (single victim)		Articles of Pay and Allowances: Yes; Pay: No; Rebuttal: Yes; Rebuttal Letter: Yes; Rebuttal Length (Days): 30; Rebuttal Rate (Per Day): 100; Pay Grade Reduced To: 1; Extra Duty: No; Corrected Conduct (NCP Only): No	
104	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)			E-2	Male	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA other adverse administrative action for sexual assault offense									Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
105	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (January-March)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense		Drunk on duty (Art. 112)	Article 15 Punishment Imposed			Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)			Articles of Pay and Allowances: Yes; Pay: No; Rebuttal: Yes; Rebuttal Letter: Yes; Rebuttal Length (Days): 30; Rebuttal Rate (Per Day): 100; Pay Grade Reduced To: 1; Extra Duty: No; Corrected Conduct (NCP Only): No	
106	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-5	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (January-March)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense		Failure to obey order or regulation (Art. 31)	Article 15 Punishment Imposed			Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)		Unknown	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
107	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	O-3	Female	Marine Corps	O-4	Male	No	No	Multiple Referrals	Q1 (October-December)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						Member Retained		Both Victim and Subject	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
108	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Other	Q2 (January-March)	Offender's Unknown									Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
109	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Article 15 Punishment Imposed			Member Retained			Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
110	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense								Subject (a single subject)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
111	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	JAPAN	Marine Corps	E-5	Female	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	Yes	Yes	Other	Q1 (October-December)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)		Victim (single victim)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
112	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Multiple Victims - Female	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (January-March)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Article 15 Punishment Imposed			Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)			Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
113	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-1	Male	Unknown	Unknown	No	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	Offender's Unknown								Victim (single victim)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
114	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Japan	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q4 (July-September)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense	Assault (Art. 120)		Article 15 Punishment Imposed		None		Subject (a single subject)		Articles of Pay and Allowances: Yes; Pay: No; Rebuttal: Yes; Rebuttal Letter: Yes; Rebuttal Length (Days): 30; Rebuttal Rate (Per Day): 100; Pay Grade Reduced To: 1; Extra Duty: No; Corrected Conduct (NCP Only): No	
115	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q2 (January-March)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	Evidence did not support a recommendation for prosecution			Both Victim and Subject		Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. Charges were preferred. At Art. 32 was held. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
116	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-5	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (January-March)		Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Convicted			Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)		Both Victim and Subject	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
117	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-1	Male	Unknown	Unknown	No	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	Offender's Unknown									Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
118	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Japan	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q4 (July-September)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense	Assault (Art. 120)		Article 15 Punishment Imposed		None		Subject (a single subject)		Articles of Pay and Allowances: Yes; Pay: No; Rebuttal: Yes; Rebuttal Letter: Yes; Rebuttal Length (Days): 30; Rebuttal Rate (Per Day): 100; Pay Grade Reduced To: 1; Extra Duty: No; Corrected Conduct (NCP Only): No	
119	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q2 (January-March)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	Evidence did not support a recommendation for prosecution			Both Victim and Subject		Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. Charges were preferred. At Art. 32 was held. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
120	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q2 (January-March)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	Evidence did not support a recommendation for prosecution			Victim (single victim)		Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. Charges were preferred. At Art. 32 was held. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
121	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-5	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Convicted			Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)		Both Victim and Subject	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
122	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Multiple Victims - Female	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (January-March)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Article 15 Punishment Imposed			Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)			Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
123	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-1	Male	Unknown	Unknown	No	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	Offender's Unknown								Victim (single victim)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
124	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Japan	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q4 (July-September)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense	Assault (Art. 120)		Article 15 Punishment Imposed		None		Subject (a single subject)		Articles of Pay and Allowances: Yes; Pay: No; Rebuttal: Yes; Rebuttal Letter: Yes; Rebuttal Length (Days): 30; Rebuttal Rate (Per Day): 100; Pay Grade Reduced To: 1; Extra Duty: No; Corrected Conduct (NCP Only): No	
125	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q2 (January-March)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	Evidence did not support a recommendation for prosecution			Both Victim and Subject		Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. Charges were preferred. At Art. 32 was held. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
126	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-5	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Convicted			Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)		Both Victim and Subject	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
127	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	No	No	Other	Q2 (January-March)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	Evidence did not support a recommendation for prosecution			Victim (single victim)		Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. Charges were preferred. At Art. 32 was held. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
128	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-5	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Convicted			Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)		Both Victim and Subject	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
129	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q2 (January-March)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	Evidence did not support a recommendation for prosecution			Victim (single victim)		Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. Charges were preferred. At Art. 32 was held. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
130	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense									Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
131	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-6	Male	Marine Corps	E-6	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						General		Subject (a single subject)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
132	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense									Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
133	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	JAPAN	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	Unknown	Unknown	No	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	Offender's Unknown									Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
134	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Unknown	Unknown	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)		Subject (a single subject)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
135	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 124)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q4 (July-September)	CA other adverse administrative action for sexual assault offense									Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
136	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	OJ Unknown	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						Member Retained		Both Victim and Subject	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
137	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	JAPAN	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Convicted		Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Yes	Victim (single victim)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
138	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Unknown	Unknown	No	No	No	Other	Q2 (January-March)	Offender's Unknown									Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
139	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (January-March)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	Evidence did not support a recommendation for prosecution			Subject (a single subject)		Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. Charges were preferred. At Art. 32 was held. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
140	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Navy	E-4	Male	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	Other	Q3 (April-June)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						General		Subject (a single subject)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
141	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-4	Multiple Victims - Female	Marine Corps	E-5	Male	Yes	Yes	Other	Q2 (January-March)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						General		All victims and subject (single subject)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
142	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-3	Female	Unknown	Unknown	No	No	No	Other	Q4 (July-September)	Offender's Unknown								Victim (single victim)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
143	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	United States	Marine Corps	E-1	Male	Unknown	Unknown	No	No	No	Other	Q4 (July-September)	Offender's Unknown									Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
144	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	Multiple Victims - Female	Multiple Victims - Female	Marine Corps	E-2	Male	No	No	Other	Q4 (July-September)	CA non-judicial punishment for sexual assault offense	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)		Article 15 Punishment Imposed			Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)		Both Victim and Subject	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
145	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	O-2	Female	Marine Corps	E-6	Male	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Assault (Art. 120)		Acquitted				Subject (a single subject)		Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
146	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)			E-1	Male	Unknown	Unknown	No	No	No	Other	Q1 (October-December)	Offender's Unknown									Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
147	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Marine Corps	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	No	No	Other	Q4 (July-September)	CA court-martial charge preferred for sexual assault offense	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)		Charges dismissed subsequent to recommendation by Art. 32 hearing officer	Evidence did not support a recommendation for prosecution			Under Other than Honorable Conditions (USCH)		Both Victim and Subject	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.
148	Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	UNITED STATES	Marine Corps	E-2	Female	Unknown	Unknown	No	No	No	Other	Q4 (July-September)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						Member Retained		Victim (single victim)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
149	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	JAPAN	Marine Corps	O-1	Female	Marine Corps	E-4	Male	No	No	No	Q1 (October-December)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						Member Retained			Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	
150	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	JAPAN		E-3	Male	Marine Corps	E-3	Male	No	No	No	Q1 (October-December)	CA administrative discharge for sexual assault offense						Member Retained		Subject (a single subject)	Notes: Victim reported that the Subject sexually assaulted the victim. NC2 conducted an investigation. The Commanding Authority reviewed the investigation and considered the views of the victim. After consultation with the SJA, the Commanding Authority administratively separated the Subject for a conviction of a serious offense.	