

ENCLOSURE 3:

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY





THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY
WASHINGTON DC 20350-1000

March 14, 2014

MEMORANDUM FOR ACTING UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR
PERSONNEL AND READINESS

SUBJECT: Fiscal Year 2013 Department of Defense Annual Report on Sexual Assault
in the Military

As requested by your memorandum of September 25, 2013, the attached is provided as input from the Department of the Navy (DON) covering Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 for your Annual Report to Congress on Sexual Assault in the Military, as mandated by the National Defense Authorization Act for FY 2011, Section 1631 and Public Laws 111-84 and 109-163.

The DON is committed to creating a Department-wide culture of gender respect where sexual assault is completely eliminated and never tolerated, and where sexual assault victims receive compassionate and coordinated support. Since assuming the office of the Secretary in 2009, I have made this a top priority for the Department and both Military Services – the United States Navy and the United States Marine Corps. Additionally, I am the only Service Secretary that has created a Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office within the Secretariat, the head of which responds directly to me. Although there are challenges yet to overcome, we have accomplished much. Our input this year details an extensive spectrum of vigorous activity across the Department and each Service. To briefly summarize, we have engaged senior leadership in clear and consistent messages of intolerance for sexual assault; instituted innovative forms of sexual assault prevention training on a broad scale; improved the responsiveness of sexual assault victim support mechanisms; and achieved groundbreaking evidence of sustained sexual assault prevention through pilot initiatives in a high-risk setting. In this context, we interpret across-the-board increases seen in the reporting of sexual assaults by Sailors and Marines as evidence of their increased trust in our support and the improved performance of our programs. Numerous site visits confirm this impression. Many individuals are now more comfortable reporting long-prior sexual assaults, and we see gradual progress in the proportion of male victims now coming forward.

Our commitment is unwavering, and we will not be satisfied until Sailors and Marines everywhere are free of the burden imposed upon us all by the crime of sexual assault. Should you need additional information, my point of contact for this action is Ms. Jill Loftus, who may be reached at (703) 697-2180 or jill.loftus@navy.mil.


Ray Mabus

Attachments:
As stated

Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program Review Data Call: Department of the Navy

Executive Summary (Department of the Navy)

The Department of the Navy (DON) is committed to creating a Department-wide culture of gender respect, where sexual assault is never tolerated and ultimately eliminated, sexual assault victims receive coordinated support and protection, and offenders are held appropriately accountable. The Secretary of the Navy, the Chief of Naval Operations, and the Commandant of the Marine Corps work collaboratively towards these high-priority goals. The Department of the Navy Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office (DON-SAPRO) is an element of the Secretariat that reports directly to the Secretary of the Navy. On behalf of the Secretary, DON-SAPRO maintains visibility and oversight of Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) activities throughout the Navy and Marine Corps, and it conducts a number of Department-level initiatives.

There is no documented precedent for achieving sexual assault prevention in any comparable population, and we will break new ground in doing so. There is also no perfect metric of sexual assault prevention, and assessing our progress requires us to integrate different sources of information, thus creating a critical need for field-level insights on SAPR issues and programs. To meet this need, DON-SAPRO conducts a continuous and aggressive agenda of site visits to Navy and Marine Corps locations world-wide. Visits typically included meetings with regional leaders and facility commanders, separate interviews with key stakeholders, and focus groups involving individual Sailors and Marines. During FY13, the Director and her staff visited 15 major operational locations world-wide, interviewed 110 stakeholders, and conducted 14 focus groups involving 280 individuals. Also during FY13, DON-SAPRO led Departmental efforts to assess initial military training environments. In this effort, a dedicated DON-SAPRO team visited 23 Navy and Marine Corps training sites nation-wide, interviewed 145 stakeholders, and conducted 180 focus groups involving 2,570 Sailors and Marines. In addition, DON-SAPRO also led Departmental efforts to assess recruiting environments. In this effort, another dedicated DON-SAPRO team visited 27 Navy and Marine Corps locations, interviewed 119 stakeholders, and conducted 33 focus groups involving 530 recruits, recruit applicants, and officer applicants. Further still, DON-SAPRO undertook an exploration of SAPR issues unique to the reserve community. In this effort, DON-SAPRO teams visited six reserve component sites, interviewed 23 stakeholders, and conducted 28 focus groups involving 560 individuals. Collective insights from these visits suggest that we are on the right path. Commanders at all levels are now clearly engaged in combatting sexual assault, Sailors and Marines consistently tell us they are now more comfortable in reporting a sexual assault, and impressions of command climates are positive.

Late in FY13, DON-SAPRO and the Navy Education and Training Command (NETC), working in partnership, began initial implementation of a program for continuously ongoing sexual assault surveys of all graduating Navy post-recruit "A-School" students. Our intent is to develop data sufficient to assess trends in sexual assault incidence

among young Sailors in training, to use in comparing experiences between specific sites, and to correlate with other facility-specific data on actual reports of sexual assault (both restricted and unrestricted reports). During FY13, voluntary web-based surveys began at Great Lakes, Illinois, and Pensacola, Florida. Early indications suggest that Sailors in “A-School” training environments have a relatively lower incidence of sexual assault than comparable others, and they express very positive impressions of “A-School” command climates. In fairness, this survey effort is still in its early stages, and our processes are maturing. Its very existence underscores our commitment to building new insight and assessing our progress in combatting sexual assault. We believe that our early results directly reflect efforts made in training environments and the engagement of local commanders, and they challenge us to sustain that commitment. Specific other assessments at Training Support Command, Great Lakes show that reports of sexual assault among “A-School” students there have decreased by 60-70% since multiple pilot initiatives were begun at Great Lakes in 2011-2012.

During FY13, DON-SAPRO worked in partnership with the Navy, Marine Corps, and DON Civilian Human Resources to develop and deploy a professionally produced SAPR training module for all DON civilian employees. The module combined guided in-person facilitation with video training tools, and was created specifically for civilian employees. Its content covered Department-wide efforts to combat sexual assault, the roles of civilians in addressing sexism and sexual assault involving Sailors and Marines, and also information relevant to their own risks and resources available to civilian victims of sexual assault. Virtually all 195,000 DON civilians received this training during FY13.

The Department has also been active in supporting innovative training for Sailors and Marines. During FY13, DON-SAPRO sponsored “No Zebras, No Excuses ...” training at over 30 Navy and Marine Corps locations world-wide. These large-audience programs are live acted and vignette based, emphasizing the responsibility of every individual to be responsible for their own actions and to intervene on behalf of others in jeopardy. Over 41,000 Sailors and Marines attended these sessions in FY13. Separate but related large-audience training for Navy and Marine Corps commanders and other leaders was also conducted at eight locations by Mr. Steve Thompson, a civilian expert on sexual assault criminal investigations and offender profiling.

The Department continued during FY13 to collaborate with the Department of Justice and the DON Bureau of Medicine and Surgery to explore potential applications of tele-medicine support for Sexual Assault Forensic Exams (SAFE). Necessary equipment was obtained and training conducted at two pilot demonstration sites – Naval Hospital Twentynine Palms, California, and Naval Hospital Jacksonville, Florida. Our goal is to explore the potential for supporting proficiency at locations with organic SAFE capability but where the procedure is infrequently performed, and also for supporting a basic level of capability in remote and operational settings where it would be impossible to maintain normal SAFE capability.

The Department was also active during FY13 in partnership with the United States Naval Academy (USNA). A DON-SAPRO review of the Academy's SAPR program helped identify manpower and process changes to improve sexual assault victim support and emphasize victim confidentiality. Specific impacts included the hiring of two full-time civilian Sexual Assault response Coordinators, two full-time Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Victim Advocates, and the relocation of SAPR offices to promote convenient yet less-visible access. In addition, training and SAPR program management functions were more clearly distinguished from actual victim support.

In order to improve the timeliness of sexual assault criminal investigations, the Department in FY13 approved funding for 54 additional civilian positions at Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS), including 41 Special Agents at 13 support personnel. Individual hiring and training is still underway. A pilot effort at Norfolk suggested that NCIS criminal investigations of sexual assaults could be reduced to about 89 days (not counting some lab processing) using a team approach that is in place there and at a few other large sites. This underscores ongoing overall NCIS efforts to confront sexual assault, and suggests what might be possible at more sites as the new assets come online.

Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program Review Data Call: United States Navy

Executive Summary

U.S. Navy

Eliminating sexual assault remains a top priority for our Navy. We have made significant strides in elevating Sailor trust and confidence in command leadership and understanding the SAPR process, as evidenced by an unprecedented increase in sexual assault reporting this past fiscal year. Increased reporting supports our ability to understand circumstances of sexual assault and enables continuous improvement in our response and implementation of pertinent prevention methodologies as well as a better ability to hold offenders accountable as appropriate. Critical to increased reporting is the support and compassion shown to victims when they come forward. Our ability to respond well to incidents will drive additional reporting. Navy provides initial crisis support and sustained services and advocacy to victims throughout the reporting, investigative and adjudication process and as far beyond as the victim requests. When sexual assault victims report, they are provided a safe environment and offered medical care, counseling, legal assistance, and victim witness assistance.

Utilizing numerous approaches across the spectrum of lines of effort, we are creating a culturally-aware, educated Total Force environment intolerant of sexual assault, supported by well-defined prevention, reporting, investigation, military justice, and victim advocacy programs.

Summary/Principal Challenges

Part I (Program Overview) In compliance with DoD initiatives and DoD SAPRO's five lines of effort, Navy took the following actions in support of sexual assault prevention and response during FY13:

Prevention: In FY13, Navy implemented a comprehensive, tailored Sexual Assault Prevention and Response training program that reached 100% of the Fleet. Training focused on consistent messaging, prevention, and intervention and was tailored to specific audiences from junior Sailors and new Accessions at Boot Camp, ROTC and Officer Candidate School, to fleet leadership.

In conjunction with the Department of Navy's Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office (DoN SAPRO), we conducted Fleet Workshops and Personnel Readiness Summits in Fleet concentration areas. These programs incorporated Bystander Intervention training and innovative sexual assault training (e.g., *Sex Signals, No Zebras*). We held a comprehensive Sexual Assault Awareness Month campaign in April along with a DoD-wide SAPR safety stand-down. These events provided opportunities to further open lines of communication and discuss safety and accountability.

Prevention best practices from the Great Lakes pilot program such as partnerships with local business and civic leaders and barracks patrols have been implemented in all Navy Fleet concentration areas. We are also leveraging the creativity and innovation of our junior Sailor-led Coalition of Sailors Against Destructive Decisions (CSADD) chapters and other peer-to-peer organizations in our sexual assault prevention efforts.

To get at factors contributing to sexual assault, we revamped our annual sexual harassment training curriculum to remove the "green light, yellow light, red light" system and have replaced it with a clear definition of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors. As part of our alcohol de-glamorization efforts Navy-wide, we removed all distilled spirits from MiniMarts (often co-located with barracks and ships), and restricted distilled spirit sales to main exchanges or dedicated package stores. We limited floor space dedicated to the sale and display of alcohol in locations other than package stores to no more than 10% of total retail floor space and moved them to the rear of facilities. Finally, we limited the hours for sale of alcohol to 0600-2200.

Additional FY13 prevention efforts include:

- Developed SAPR Strategic Roadmap
- Developing SAPR-Sustainment training product that will leverage both SAPR-Leadership and SAPR-Fleet products and will be the foundational enduring training product
- Deployed SAPR-Delayed Entry Program Training for future Sailors
- Established comprehensive, audience-focused SAPR training at every Navy entry point (Recruit Training Command, U.S. Naval Academy, Reserve Officer

Training Corps, Officer Candidate School)

- Updated Prospective Commanding Officer/Senior Enlisted Academy SAPR course curriculum
- Made DoN SAPRO's Commander's Guide available to all Prospective Commanding and Executive Officers, and Senior Enlisted Leaders during Command Leadership Course
- Implemented annual Navy Flag Officer training
- Identified and implemented regional pilot program best practices throughout the Navy
- Implemented roving barracks patrols with the intent of increasing the visible presence of leadership to deter behavior that may lead to sexual assault or other misconduct
- Established Resident Advisors program for all Navy barracks and created indoctrination training requirements to improve safety of barracks residents
- Surveyed facilities to identify areas that require better lighting, visibility, or other safety improvements to reduce the vulnerability of Sailors
- Launched alcohol de-glamorization campaign and fielded Alcohol Detection Devices
- Made single-use alcohol detection devices available for sale in Navy Exchange facilities
- Created 16 SAPR Officer billets in the grade of O-4 or above for our most senior commands to improve program oversight
- Required SAPR-related Uniform Code of Military Justice training for all O-6 Prospective Commanding Officers (P-COs) and Major Commanders, as well as most Prospective O-5 Commanding Officers, Executive Officers and Officers in Charge
- Designated Flag Officers as the SAPR program leaders for each Navy installation/Fleet Concentration Area and associated local commands to increase the level of oversight of sexual assault cases
- Enhanced requirements for monthly Sexual Assault Case Management Group meetings for installation and unit leadership
- Mandated that command climate surveys be conducted within 90 days of a Commanding Officers assuming command and annually thereafter, results shall be reviewed by all units' Immediate Supervisor In Command (ISICs)
- Continued Sexual Assault Response Coordinator in-person briefings to Commanding Officers, Executive Officers and Senior Enlisted Leaders upon changes of command

Investigation: To decrease investigation timelines and increase capacity, the Department of Navy doubled sexual assault investigative resources in FY13, hiring 54 additional Special Agents, forensic scientists, and adult sexual crime investigators. There are now 108 agents dedicated to adult sexual assault cases, integrated into Adult Sexual Assault Program Teams deployed throughout fleet concentration areas. We have also increased sexual assault training resources for investigators and judge advocates who support the Navy's Special Victim Capability.

A multi-disciplinary approach allows investigators, trial counsel, and sexual assault prevention and response personnel to troubleshoot sexual assault investigations, prosecution, and victim care issues as they arise. This forms the basis of our Special Victim Capability. To further this goal, seamless coordination between NCIS and the JAG Corps is essential. Over the past year a pilot program was conducted initially with two NCIS Sexual Assault Task Forces, as part of their Adult Sexual Assault Program (ASAP), to ensure early collaboration and ongoing multidisciplinary review of cases at the senior trial counsel and supervisory special agent level. ASAP has been expanded to all fleet concentration areas except two, with plans to expand to those areas.

Furthermore, we instituted a comprehensive the Sexual Assault Forensic Examination (SAFE) training program to enhance response to victims. All 24/7 Navy medical treatment facilities (MTFs) now have Sexual Assault Forensic Examination (SAFE) capability, and all Navy ships have a SAFE trained medical provider assigned.

Additional investigation efforts include:

- Mandated early trial counsel/NCIS collaboration & multidisciplinary review of cases
- Implemented Defense Sexual Assault Incident Database
- Continued specialized sexual assault training for military trial and defense counsel, including trial counsel attendance at the Army's Special Victim Unit Investigations Course

Accountability: During FY13, we enhanced pretrial investigations by continuing the practice of using only judge advocates (JAs) as Article 32 Investigating Officers (IOs) for sexual assault cases. We also continued the withholding of authority to Initial Disposition Authority Special Court-Martial (SPCM) convening authority (CA) O-6s in cases involving allegations of rape and sexual assault under Article 120, Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ), forcible sodomy, Article 125, UCMJ, and attempts to commit those offenses under Article 80, UCMJ. Commanding Officers (COs) were required to make a face-to-face report to the first Flag Officer (Admiral) in the chain of command within 30 days of a sexual assault being reported. Additionally, a Flag Officer is appointed as the SAPR Program Leader for each Navy installation/Fleet Concentration Area and associated local commands, providing leadership and program oversight.

Additional accountability efforts include:

- Integrated facilitated SAPR-Leadership training into the Navy's Command Leadership Course (mandatory for all prospective Commanding and Executive Officers and Senior Enlisted Leaders)
- Published court-martial outcomes on Navy public websites to make them available to both the Fleet and the general public
- Established Special Victim Capability
- Created and held first ever Special Victim Capability Course with judge advocates, Victim Advocates, paralegals and Legalmen

- Slated for assignment JAG Corps O-5s as Directors of Litigation in our three largest Region Legal Service Offices to enhance prosecution and mentoring

Advocacy/Victim Assistance: Reporting, advocacy coordination, medical services, legal support and counseling for the victim, as well as appropriate advocacy and legal support of the alleged offender are the cornerstones of our FY14 advocacy and victim assistance efforts.

Additional advocacy and victim support efforts include:

- Completed hiring and professionalization of Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC) and SAPR Victim Advocate cadre, including establishment of SARC/SAPR VA certification program and specialized training
- Targeted assignment of SARCs in fleet concentration areas based upon sexual assault trend analysis to optimize intervention/prevention programs and victim support
- Targeted training by professional SAPR Victim Advocates to current cadre of over 3,000 volunteer uniformed Victim Advocates
- Published expedited transfer procedures. Enhanced victim command transfer requirements established to ensure timely adjudication of requests and transfer execution - includes provision for Flag Officer oversight of process
- Redesigned victim response phone access
- Established SARC-certified civilian Deployed Resiliency Counselors (DRCs) program to ensure continuity of care for deployed victims. DRCs will deploy onboard aircraft carriers and amphibious assault ships to provide victims with another avenue for reporting and support. (First civilian SARC-certified DRC to be assigned in spring 2014)
- Implemented Victims' Legal Counsel (VLC) program by Judge Advocate General's (JAG) Corps

Assessment: We continue work to effectively standardize, measure, analyze, assess, and report program progress with the goal of incorporating responsive, meaningful, and accurate systems of measurement and evaluation into every aspect of the SAPR program.

FY13 assessment efforts include:

- Held quarterly 4-star Flag Officer SAPR discussions to review program progress with Fleet commanders and make adjustments as necessary to ensure effectiveness and responsiveness
- Formalized bi-weekly senior Navy leadership review of all incident reporting, trends and status of SAPR programs
- Established rigorous analysis of incidents to determine trends and identify causal factors to be addressed

- Required first Flag Officer reports to assess command climate factors
- Added Defense Equal Opportunity Survey SAPR questions to Navy command climate surveys
- Conducted SAPR Quick Poll (Apr 13)
- Partnered with DoN SAPRO to establish recruit location/Military Entrance Processing Station assessments
- In conjunction with DoN SAPRO, implemented Initial Training schools ("A" School) site assessments

Part II (Statistical Overview): Highlights of Unrestricted and Restricted Reports of sexual assault which were reported during Fiscal Year (FY)13 as well as a brief profile (Sexual Assault Synopses report) disposition of sexual assault cases investigated are as follows:

Reporting (percentage increase/decrease, FY13 and FY12 raw totals/proportions):

- Total Reports (+46%): FY13 – 1,057; FY12 – 726
- Unrestricted (+52%): FY13 – 801; FY12 – 527
- Restricted (+29%): FY13 – 256; FY12 – 199
- Conversions (+4%): FY13 – 49; FY12 – 47
- Latent reports over 31 days (+84%): FY13 – 340; FY12 – 185
- Latent reports over 31 days as % of total Unrestricted Reports: FY13 – 42%; FY12 – 35%
- Penetration offenses (+34%): FY13 – 446 (56%); FY12 – 333 (63%)
- Contact offenses (+82%): FY13 – 355 (44%); FY12 – 194 (37%)

Navy has instituted a strategic, audience-focused training program designed to educate at all levels of rank and responsibility. Our Fleet is better trained and educated on sexual assault, and it shows in survey results and increased numbers of incident reporting. Navy SARCs and SAPR VAs are well-trained and credentialed, providing strong support to victims. Sexual Assault Forensic Exam (SAFE) kits are available at all 24/7 Navy medical treatment facilities. Through the Victims' Legal Counsel (VLC) program we have dedicated 30 specially selected and specially trained judge advocates to provide legal support to victims.

We will continue a metrics-based approach to evaluate our progress, improve our prevention efforts, and identify leading indicators of sexual assault in order to accurately focus action and policy. In FY13, based on observing how well their respective leadership responded to reports of sexual assault and as a result of being equipped with a better understanding of what constitutes sexual assault due to the increased fleet-wide training provided, more Sailors than ever came forward to report incidents, many of which occurred months or even years prior. Building on this, our goal must continue to be to reduce actual *incidents* of sexual assault, not *reports* of sexual assault. Reported incidents represent only a percentage of actual incidents, some of which may have occurred years earlier. The increase in reporting, as a result of increased trust and confidence by Sailors, as opposed to an increase in incidents, cannot empirically be

shown until the results of the FY14 Workplace Gender Relations Survey of Active Duty Members are released. While reports of both penetration and contact crimes increased this year, reports of contact crimes are up more significantly. This trend supports our strategic imperative to reduce more severe crimes in the continuum of harm by concentrating our efforts on less severe offenses such as hazing, fraternization, discrimination, and sexual harassment (the Broken Window Theory).

Focus on world class response and victim advocacy must, and will, remain a priority; preventing sexual assaults from occurring is an imperative, and will be the primary focus of our effort going forward. This coming year, we will focus on prevention by first better understanding why sexual assaults continue to occur and be a problem. Our prevention goal is to deliver consistent and effective prevention methods and programs. Sustained leader emphasis by Commanders and first line supervisors is critical to preventing criminal behavior from occurring and responding appropriately when incidents occur, as these personnel are central in establishing the climate of dignity, respect, sensitivity, and environmental expectations that can reduce or eliminate sexual assault. Navy is developing and instituting core competencies and learning objectives for all SAPR training, starting with pre-command and Senior Enlisted, to ensure consistent learning and standardization throughout the Fleet. We are also deploying innovation and assessment teams to identify promising prevention strategies and techniques. Navy's desired end state is an atmosphere where cultural imperatives of mutual respect and trust, professional values, and team commitment are reinforced to create an environment where sexual harassment and sexual assault is not tolerated, condoned, or ignored.

Additionally, the Navy has completed and/or is in compliance with the Secretary of Defense (SECDEF) prevention initiatives directed in FY13. These initiatives included the Sexual Assault stand-down (all-hands training, SARC/VA and recruiter refresher training/recertification); ensuring appropriate command climate through visual inspections; ensuring safety through assessments of Recruiting Organizations, MEPS, and ROTC sites; assessment of standardized protections/policies in place for recruiter/recruit and trainer-trainee relationships. Navy will remain focused on the SECDEF's objectives so that we may succeed in reducing, and ultimately eliminating sexual assault from our ranks.

Organizational Structure

The Deputy Chief Naval Operations for Manpower, Personnel, Training and Education (DCNO) (N1) serves as the SAPR Executive Agent (EA), overseeing SAPR policy, program and initiatives across the Navy. In June 2013, the 21st Century Sailor Office was established to ensure that every Sailor's total fitness needs – including physical, mental, social and spiritual – are met so they can better navigate the challenges faced during their military service. Working on improving a Sailor's resilience ensures their combat readiness and effectiveness. The Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) program is a crucial part of this effort.

OPNAV N17 (Navy Flag Officer, Director of 21st Century Sailor Office/Navy SAPRO) chairs the SAPR Cross Functional Team (CFT), a body established by CNO to ensure coordination among major stakeholders on SAPR-related issues, strategies, and initiatives. Collaboration via this CFT is critical in bringing program challenges to the forefront as well as multi-dimensional resolution for the Total Force. The following is a list of key members of the Navy SAPR CFT:

- Office of Chief of Naval Operations (OPNAV N17)
- Commander, Navy Installations Command (CNIC)
- United States Fleet Forces Command (USFFC)
- Commander, Pacific Fleet (PACFLT)
- Naval Education and Training Command (NETC) Center for Personal and Professional Development (CPPD)
- U.S. Navy Chief of Information (CHINFO)
- Office of the Judge Advocate General (OJAG)
- Bureau of Medicine and Surgery (BUMED N095)
- Chief of Chaplains Corps (CHC N097)
- Navy Personnel Research, Studies, and Technology (NPRST)
- Naval Criminal Investigative Services (NAVCRIMINSERV)
- Office of the Master Chief Petty Officer of the Navy (MCPON)
- Office of the Chief of Naval Reserves (OCNR N093)
- Commander, Naval Reserve Forces Command (CNRFC)
- Military Sealift Command (MSC)

The SAPR Strategic Communications Plan is coordinated with OPNAV N1 and other major stakeholders to ensure its messaging and activities promote sexual assault awareness and education and are synchronized with each major initiative.

Navy SAPR is a command program consisting of multiple key stakeholders and first responders. As the program manager for Navy SAPR execution, CNIC (N91) is responsible for managing, implementing, and overseeing installation SAPR programs to include maintaining a coordinated approach between medical, legal, investigations, security, chaplains, Fleet and Family Support Centers (FFSC), operational, installation, and tenant commands, and civilian resources. The structure of Navy SAPR is hierarchical and consistent both afloat and ashore. A brief description of that structure follows.

Regional Level:

Regional Commanders (RADM/O-8/ and RDML/O-7/USN) promulgate local, updated, SAPR regional or installation guidelines for installation commanders who are responsible for ensuring Service members and their family members have access to well-coordinated, highly responsive SAPR programs.

- Regional Fleet and Family Readiness Program (N9)
- Regional Fleet and Family Support Program Directors
- Regional Counseling and Advocacy Program Managers

Regional SARCs - As SAPR Subject Matter Experts (SMEs) for Regional Command, Regional SARCs are responsible for overseeing implementation and execution of SAPR programs within their designated regions. Additionally, Regional SARCs have program oversight over SARCs and SAPR Victim Advocates in their Area of Responsibility (AOR).

Installation Level:

Installation Commanders (CAPT/O-6/USN)

Installation Fleet and Family Support Center Directors/Site Managers

Installation Fleet and Family Support Program (FFSP) Counseling and Advocacy Supervisors

Installation SARCs - As SAPR subject matter experts (SMEs) for the command, installation SARCs are responsible for providing consistent, standardized program support to victims and facilitating communication and transparency among responders who provide victim support services.

Echelon II and III commands establish and maintain the SAPR program, ensuring subordinate commands support and maintain effective SAPR programs. Commanders, Commanding Officers (COs), and Officers in Charge (OICs) designate the following required SAPR program personnel who are assigned to individual commands and deploy with commands:

- SAPR Victim Advocates (duties supervised by installation SARCs, regardless of the deployment location)
- SAPR Command Points of Contact (POCs) (responsible for Command SAPR training and prevention program)
- SAPR Command Liaisons (liaisons between victims and Commanding Officer/Officer in Charge (CO/OIC) to ensure victim support)
- Data Collection Coordinators (assists command in data collection for SITREPs)

Each receives required initial and annual refresher training provided by Installation SARCs.

Other key SAPR Program stakeholders and their roles include the following:

- NCIS investigates all unrestricted reports of sexual assaults and maintains the authoritative database of unrestricted reports of sexual assault incidents within the Department of the Navy (DON).
- The Bureau of Medicine and Surgery (BUMED) provides oversight and policy to Navy Medicine personnel, partnering with Regional Commands, the Medical Officer of the Marine Corps (TMO), and civilian healthcare facilities. BUMED Medical Operations provides oversight and policy to Navy's healthcare providers and commands, which include Navy Medicine Regions, Medical Treatment

Facilities (MTFs) and branch clinics. BUMEDINST 6310.11a outlines the SAFE program which ensures comprehensive medical management for victims of sexual assault at MTFs and provides templates for Memorandums of Understanding (MOUs) if needed. Civilian medical facilities conduct Sexual Assault Forensic Examinations (SAFEs) to maintain a 24/7 response capability when such services are not available at the local military MTF or command.

- Chaplains provide pastoral and spiritual counseling to sexual assault victims upon request.
- Judge advocates provide instruction and guidance regarding the legal aspects of sexual assaults and responder training, serve as judges, trial, defense, and victims' legal counsel throughout the criminal litigation process, serve as Article 32 Investigation Officers and provide consultation and advice to Commanders, installation SARCs and health care providers (HCPs).
- In coordination with CNIC, NETC Center for Personal and Professional Development (CPPD) is responsible for the development and delivery of a communication, education and training strategy and program that is aligned with Navy's overall SAPR Program.
- CHINFO is responsible for development and implementation of Navy's SAPR Program.
- USFF; Commander, U.S. Naval Forces Europe-Africa (CNE/A); Commander, U.S. Naval Forces Central (CUSNC); and PACFLT bring expertise and insight from the Fleet perspective to create synergy and focused effort among constituents.

The structure of Navy's SAPR program is consistent both afloat and ashore. Victims are supported by trained and certified full-time and collateral duty SAPR Victim Advocates (SAPR VAs) and the installation SARC. Collateral duty SAPR VAs deploy with commands and are trained and supported by the installation SARC (reach back for support). Sailors serving as Individual Augmentees (IAs) or assigned to non-Navy installations are provided support by the affiliated/lead Military Service SARC and SAPR VA within that installation/environment (e.g., Combat Area of Interest, Marine Base, etc.).

Authorizing regulations and/or instructions

1. SECNAVINST 1752.4B, "Sexual Assault Prevention and Response," 8 August 2013, provides overall direction for the establishment of a sexual assault prevention and response program within the Department of the Navy (DON).
2. SECNAVINST 5430.108, "Department of the Navy Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office," 10 June 2010, outlines the mission and functions of the Department of the Navy Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office (DON-SAPRO).
3. SECNAVINST 1730.9, "Confidential Communications to Chaplains," 7 February 2008, provides policy on confidential communications with Navy chaplains.

4. OPNAVINST 1752.1B, "Sexual Assault Victim Intervention (SAVI) Program," 29 December 2006, is Navy's comprehensive policy of sexual assault prevention and response. Currently under revision, it encompasses DoD requirements of both DODD 6495.01 and DODI 6495.02 which were published in 2013.
5. OPNAVINST F3100.6J, Change Transmittal 3, "Special Incident Reporting Procedures", 7 September 2012, updated procedures for reporting sexual assault incidents and the definition of sexual assault.
6. OPNAVINST 1752.3, "Policy for Sex Offender Tracking, Assignment, and Access restrictions Within Navy," 27 May 2009, establishes guidance and areas of responsibility to implement policy on sex offender tracking, assignment, and access restrictions within Navy.
7. CNICINST 1752.2A, Monthly Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Validation Procedures," 16 March 2013, outlines standard procedures validating SAPR program response protocols.
8. BUMEDINST 6310.11A, "Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program," 2 May 2013, provides guidance for the evaluation and care of the sexual assault victim via guidelines on Medical Department personnel training and forensic evidence examinations.
9. Navy Leadership Messages:
 - NAVADMIN 128/05 - Changes to Navy Policy regarding Confidentiality for Victims of Sexual Assault
 - NAVADMIN 061/09 – Alcohol Abuse Prevention
 - NAVADMIN 172/09 - DEOMI Equal Opportunity Climate Survey
 - NAVADMIN 179/05 - Changes to the Navy Sexual Assault Intervention Program
 - f. NAVADMIN 282/09 - Sexual Assault Prevention and Response
 - g. NAVADMIN 315/09 - Personal For Message on Sexual Assault
 - h. NAVADMIN 372/09 - OPNAVINST 3100.6J
 - i. NAVADMIN 096/10 - Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Quarterly Update
 - j. NAVADMIN 098/10 - General Military Training
 - k. NAVADMIN 119/10 - Sexual Assault Awareness Month
 - l. NAVADMIN 377/10 - Personal For Message on Sexual Assault
 - m. NAVADMIN 122/11 - Sexual Assault Awareness Month
 - n. NAVADMIN 154/11 - OPNAVINST F3100.6J Interim Change 1
 - o. NAVADMIN 182/11 - OPNAVINST F3100.6J Urgent Change 2
 - p. NAVADMIN 269/11 - Personal For Message – Department of the Navy Sexual Assault Survey
 - q. NAVADMIN 302/11 - OPNAVINST F3100.6J Change 2
 - r. NAVADMIN 386/11 - General Military Training
 - s. NAVADMIN 106/12 - Sexual Assault Awareness Month

- t. NAVADMIN 132/12 - Expedited Transfer of Service Members Who File Unrestricted Reports of Sexual Assault
- u. NAVADMIN 136/12 - Reporting Requirements for Sexual Assault
- v. NAVADMIN 161/12 - Personal For Message on Sexual Assault
- w. NAVADMIN 195/12 - Implementation of Sexual Assault Initial Disposition Authority
- x. NAVADMIN 199/12 - Guidance for Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Leadership (SAPR-L) and Fleet (SAPR-F) Training
- y. NAVADMIN 225/12 - Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Leadership and Fleet Training Completion Reporting Requirements
- NAVADMIN 258/12 - Sexual Assault Prevention and Response-Leadership Training Completion and Reporting Requirements
- NAVADMIN 272/12 - OPNAVINST F3100.6J, Urgent Change 3
- NAVADMIN 333/12 - Personal For Message on Sexual Assault
- NAVADMIN 336/12 - Guidance for Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Fleet Training
- NAVADMIN 012/13 - Use of Hand-Held Alcohol Detection Devices
- NAVADMIN 024/13 - Member Designated Benefits And Guidance On Benefits For Same Sex Partners
- NAVADMIN 027/13 - Coalition Of Sailors Against Destructive Decisions Monthly Topics
- NAVADMIN 030/13 - Sexual Assault Prevention And Response-Fleet Training Completion
- NAVADMIN 054/13 - Department Of Defense Sexual Assault Advocate Certification Program
- NAVADMIN 067/13 - FY13 SAPR General Military Training Completion
- NAVADMIN 075/13 - Sexual Assault Awareness Month
- NAVADMIN 079/13 - Guidance On Command Climate Assessments
- NAVADMIN 152/13 - Training Required To Extend Benefits To Same-Sex Domestic Partners
- mm. NAVADMIN 153/13 - Establishment Of Navy's 21st Century Sailor Office (OPNAV N17)
 - NAVADMIN 156/13 - Sexual Assault Prevention And Response (SAPR) Stand-Down
 - NAVADMIN 158/13 - Guidance For Sexual Assault Prevention And Response Stand-Down
 - NAVADMIN 181/13 - Implementation Of Navy SAPR Program Initiatives
 - NAVADMIN 216/13 - Navy Performance Evaluation Changes
 - NAVADMIN 218/13 - Guidance On Benefits For Same-Sex Spouses
 - NAVADMIN 264/13 - FY14 General Military Training Schedule
 - MILPERSMAN 1300-1200 - Safety and Expedited Transfers
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1. Line of Effort (LOE) 1—Prevention—The objective of prevention is to “deliver consistent and effective prevention methods and programs.”

1.1 Summarize your Service or Component’s efforts to achieve the Prevention End state: “cultural imperatives of mutual respect and trust, professional values, and team commitment are reinforced to create an environment where sexual assault is not tolerated, condoned, or ignored.”

U.S. Navy

Understanding the realities of sexual assault and the conditions under which they occur is a primary, continuous activity. Prevention initiatives continue using a multi-faceted approach focusing on command climate, deterrence, and bystander intervention (BI). Leadership is charged with fostering an environment where behaviors and actions that may lead to sexual assault, as well as sexual assault itself, are not tolerated, condoned or ignored.

Prevention-based practices shifted to a focus on examining the cultural elements present in the military workplace, and assessing whether or not those elements adequately encourage positive and appropriate behavior. These cultural elements included the policies and statements of the command, but more importantly included the values and personal comportment of the entire crew. All Navy commands are expected to create a culture where Sailors will not tolerate questionable or inappropriate behavior, such as sexism, sexual jokes, or innuendo. This type of culture will discourage or help prevent sexual assault.

Command Climate

Our strategy for attaining climate and behavioral changes is aimed at education and prevention strategies that will precipitate a reduction in incidents of sexual assault and increase trust in the Navy organization and its leaders. By taking conscious steps to understand, identify and reduce environmental risks, high-risk behaviors, and personal vulnerabilities associated with sexual assaults or other abuse crimes, commanders can demonstrate that there is no tolerance for behaviors along the entire continuum of harm. Command leaders who promote climates and environments that incorporate SAPR principles as habitual and inherent command characteristics ultimately safeguard our core values and Navy culture. In FY13, Navy

- Designated Flag Officers as the SAPR Program Leaders for each Navy installation/Fleet Concentration Area and associated local commands. This designated Flag Officer will establish routine coordination meetings with appropriate installation/local command representatives, and local community and civic leaders to review SAPR program efforts. This designated Flag Officer will also ensure that community outreach and engagement—including base and region commander cooperation, coordination and consultation with local law enforcement, hospitals and hotels -- is part of each area's prevention and

response measures.

- Updated Prospective Commanding Officer/Senior Enlisted Academy (PCO/SEA) SAPR course curriculum.
- Educated frontline commanders and leaders at all levels and held them accountable for establishing a climate of dignity, respect and professionalism.
- Mandated that command climate surveys be conducted within 90 days of assuming command and annually thereafter; results shall be reviewed by all units' Immediate Supervisor In Command (ISICs), presenting a Plan of Action and Milestones to address any area identified as a shortcoming.
- Ensured leadership involvement.
 - Navy has updated the rating criteria for officer fitness reports and enlisted evaluations, and has implemented additional initiatives to prevent sexual assaults, some focused directly on leadership presence.
 - SAPR training for leaders in the Fleet (SAPR-L) was developed for all senior leadership in the grade of E-7 and above. SAPR-L training provided command leadership triads (Commanding Officer/Officer in Charge, Executive Officer/Assistant Officer in Charge and Command Master Chief/Chief of the Boat/Senior Enlisted Leader) the skills to promote a culture of change through interactive video and facilitated face-to-face (F2F) discussion with command members E-7 and above.
 - SAPR training is integrated into critical leadership training curricula including those classes taught at our Senior Enlisted Academy (SEA) and Command Leadership School (CLS), as well as the Senior Officer Course. This comprehensive approach to training has allowed us to ensure continuous messaging and to tailor training to various audiences from the at-risk demographic to leadership who are accountable for prevention and response
- Established comprehensive, audience-focused SAPR training at every Navy entry point (Recruit Training Command, U.S. Naval Academy, Reserve Officer Training Corps, Officer Candidate School).
- Created 16 SAPR Officer billets in the grade of O-4 or above for our most senior commands to improve program oversight.
- Conducted mandatory SAPR training for all civilian employees entitled "Sexual Assault Prevention: One Team, One Fight." The training addressed bystander intervention (BI), reporting options and resources for civilian employees, and the impact of sexual assault on victims, commands and mission accomplishment.

Deterrence

Navy has undertaken a series of initiatives to align with SECDEF initiatives and export best practices.

- Launched alcohol deglamorization campaign, restricted alcohol sales, and fielded Alcohol Detection Devices (ADDs).
- Implemented roving barracks patrols with the intent of increasing the visible presence of leadership to deter behavior that may lead to sexual assault or other misconduct.
- Implemented barracks Resident Advisor (E-6 and above) training.

- Conducted safety assessments of all facilities and areas on base (lighting, visibility, monitoring).
- Published results of trial of all Navy courts-martial to increase transparency of accountability actions and serve as general deterrence to other potential offenders.
- Conducted All Hands safety stand-down to address criticality of problem, initiatives to resolve.
- Performed visual inspection of spaces to assess factors that may contribute to negative command climate and take corresponding action.
- Identified and implemented regional best practices throughout the Navy:
 - Sigonella Safe and Rota 25 (implemented in Commander, Navy Region Europe, Africa, Southwest Asia (CNREURAFSWA)) are one-day programs for service members aged 25 and younger. Topics include consequences of unsafe behaviors, risk reduction, social media, and BI.
 - Great Lakes installation's SAPR program supported a lead initiative by providing a BI program for all "A" school students assigned. In FY13, the SAPR Program and Fleet and Family Support Center counselors have supported 598 classes with over 14,000 Sailors in attendance.
 - Commander, Navy Region Hawaii (CNRH) organized a "Commissary bagging event" where volunteers bagged groceries and distributed SAPR materials reaching more than 200 commissary patrons over a two-day period. (PACFLT provided Navy Region Hawaii (NRH) SAPR office with grocery bags with "DoD Safe Helpline" logo).
 - Commander, Navy Region Mid-Atlantic (CNRMA) SARCs provided multiple training evolutions promoting sexual assault prevention, such as Sexual Assault Awareness (SAA) training, SAPR General Military Training (GMT), Safety Stand-down, pre-deployment briefs, SAPR Victim Advocate (SAPR VA) training, and BI training.
 - Naval Base Guam released a sexual assault awareness and reporting public service announcement (PSA) involving the CO, XO, and Command Master Chief (CMC). The SARC and Civilian SAPR VA also filmed a public service announcement (PSA) enabling area personnel to readily identify SAPR roles, location, and availability.
 - Most PACFLT Regions have a SAPR Drumbeat Counsel meeting led by the Region Commander and including Major Fleet/Force Flag Officers in the same geographic area. These meetings assist in aligning program goals, sharing best practices, and identifying leading indicators that may require leadership awareness and action.
 - USS WAYNE E MEYER (DDG 108) Command Triad (CO, XO, and CMC) implemented a SAPR Roundtable Luncheon for junior Sailors to find out how sexual assault affects them and solicited their inputs in resolving this issue. Each week, a new group of junior Sailors have lunch with the Command Triad, Chaplain, Medical, and SAPR Team members: (SAPR VAs, and key SAPR personnel) in the Wardroom for a 'no holds barred' discussion about sexual assault. The CO sets the tone for honest and forthright discussion, ensuring the junior Sailors that their inputs are vital and can make a

difference in preventing their shipmates from becoming offenders or victims.

Bystander Intervention (BI)

- All Training Support Centers/Advanced training sites ("A" schools deliver BI training to post-recruit training Sailors; over 44,000 students have completed training to date).
- Completed SAPR-Fleet training for all junior Sailors.
- Leveraged Navy's Coalition of Sailors Against Destructive Decisions (CSADD) – over 200 Chapters - which provide peer-to-peer mentoring and SAPR strategic messaging.
- Delivered (FY10-FY13) Fleet Workshops and Personnel Readiness (PR) Summits to the Fleet concentration areas (FCAs); programs incorporate BI training and innovative sexual assault training (e.g., "Sex Signals", "No Zebras, No Excuses").

Navy additionally has completed and/or is in compliance with the SECDEF prevention initiatives directed in FY13. These initiatives included the SAPR Stand-down (all-hands training, SARC/SAPR VA and recruiter refresher training/recertification); ensuring appropriate command climate through visual inspections; ensuring safety through assessments of Recruiting Organizations, Military Entrance Processing Station (MEPS), and Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) sites; assessment of standardized protections/policies in place for recruiter/recruit and trainer-trainee relationships.

1.2 Identify the ways you are changing organizational prevention-based practices.

U.S. Navy

There are a variety of ways in which we are changing organizational prevention-based practices across the Navy and at various levels of command. These include the following actions:

- Unit Commanding Officers are required to report incidents of sexual assault to the first Flag Officer in their chain of command within 30 days of any unrestricted report. During this "First Flag Report" the Commanding Officer and Flag Officer discuss command climate and SAPR readiness issues. This report is then rolled up to four-star Fleet Commanders who share their findings quarterly with the Chief of Naval Operations.
- Navy Command Leadership School SAPR classes equipped leaders with the necessary tools needed to establish a culture of prevention, and encourage and foster a culture of BI.
- Organizational prevention-based practices within regions reflect increased use of the "continuum of harm" concept, focusing on BI as an opportunity to engage command leadership and Sailors in discussions of sexual assault, high-risk behaviors, and how they relate to the Navy Core Values. Additionally, shifting training methods from "lecture based" to "engaged facilitation" has assisted in Sailors better understanding the materials and retaining the prevention message as a whole.

- Navy also initiated prevention focused discussions with watch, resident advisor and roving patrol personnel.
- Command leaders have increased community engagement and outreach with local hotel proprietors, restaurant and bar owners, liquor store managers to educate them on sexual assault prevention efforts and make them aware of resources. Navy made significant progress in community engagement and increasing our presence off base. Representatives from boards of commerce as well as local establishments welcome the Navy's intervention efforts as they see the positive results in curbing incidents of sexual assault and other unacceptable behaviors that may occur or begin in the local community.
- The 21st Century Sailor Office is partnering with university leaders to understand and share best practices.
- Some communities actively participated in Sexual Assault Awareness Month (SAAM) by supporting numerous initiatives throughout April. SARCs engaged in over 575 prevention-based activities and outreach to over 113,000 personnel Navy-wide, a 13% increase from FY12. Media campaigns directed at raising awareness and promoting BI were developed across numerous Navy regions. Events provided prevention outreach and training throughout the installations.
- During FY13, CNIC HQ provided updated educational and marketing materials focusing on prevention-based strategies to the SARCs to facilitate dialogues on bystander strategies and what resources are available to prevent sexual violence.
- Navy Recruiting Command (NRC) implemented SAPR-DEP (Delayed Entry Program), a mandatory pre-accession training for all future officer and enlisted personnel. SAPR-DEP defines fraternization, sexual harassment and sexual assault as related to Navy policy standards, professional expectations and disciplinary action.
- Navy Regions under the CNIC claimancy and other shore and training commands increased sharing of best prevention-based practices to include the following:
 - Naval Station Everett SARCs established a proactive "Welcome Door" (open-door) availability to meet at any time for candid, yet comfortable, direct lines of communication, which are critical to response protocol and prevention efforts.
 - Commander Navy Region Mid-Atlantic (CNRMA) has incorporated the use of social media in order to ensure that Sailors have the knowledge of various ways (direct and indirect), that they can intervene, as well as the expectation to do so without feeling intimidated or confrontational. In addition, the CNRMA Public Affairs Officer (PAO) developed a SAPR strategic plan outlining marketing and media/marketing goals, processes, and venues to disseminate information, increase awareness, and support prevention.
 - Navy Region Europe, Africa, Southwest Asia (CNREURAFSWA) installations' Morale, Welfare and Recreation (MWR) and CSADD chapters are collaborating on Single Sailor events to create a safe and healthy environment that appeals to more junior services members,

- Commander Navy Region Midwest's (CNRMW) SARCs and SAPR VAs worked closely with command and regional representation to explore and develop new multi-modal educational tools and practices. SARCs recommended that credentialed SAPR VAs be trainers for standardized SAPR training within their commands. Credentialed civilian victim advocates provided commands with general program and indoctrination briefs.
- Naval Education and Training Security Assistance Field Activity (NETSAFA) made a concerted effort to reach each staff member via face-to-face contact at "All Hands" and awards ceremonies. Pertinent information was disseminated via the Plan of the Week, Current Notice/Flyers on the Official Bulletin boards, and leadership emails to promulgate DoD/Navy/NETC/NETSAFA policy, their rights and available resources.
- NETC tenant commands initiated a policy of phased liberty for students. Completion of required SA training is part of the requirement for increased liberty and off-base overnight liberty which sets the tone for personal accountability and responsibility.
- Naval Service Training Command (NSTC) initiated an avatar-based simulation training pilot program. This effort will help quantify the effectiveness of using avatars to train soft skills such as SAPR counseling, by considering student performance and engagement level. This project is designed to help students recognize potential signs of distress, understand SAPR guidelines and policy, and develop and practice applying interpersonal skills during situations involving SAPR issues. Students (prospective Recruit Division Commanders (RDCs) at Recruit Training Command (RTC) interact with an avatar that is inhabited by a remotely located subject matter expert (SME). Two-way auditory and visual communications allow trainer operating avatar to respond to trainee verbal and non-verbal cues. SME assumes the identity of a victim, bystander, or perpetrator, while trainers have the option of assuming multiple ethnic, racial and gender identities.
- Naval Air Technical Training Command (NATTC) focused on the prevention aspect during training and being an active bystander to prevent sexual assault. Their efforts included:
 - Actively promoted use of the 24-hour DoD Safe Helpline along with the new mobile telephone application to ensure victims are aware of the policy in place to protect their privacy.
 - SAPR VAs met monthly with the installation SARC to discuss best practices among the many commands in their respective areas. Collaboration with SAPR VAs from other commands resulted in improved training aids and delivery methods as well as the most up-to-date program information being disseminated thoroughly.
 - Focus groups within different ranks and utilized feedback to create more effective training. For example, holding abbreviated SAPR briefs with emphasis on BI, implementing the use of multimedia applications, and inputs/critiques for weekly student indoctrination.
 - To target sexual assault and collateral misconduct, drug abuse, and

improper alcohol use, commands utilized the Assistant Command Duty Officer/Barracks Petty Officer (CDO/BPO) to brief barracks policies and Center for Naval Aviation Technical Training Unit (CNATTU) regulations to each new resident upon check-in. The students are tested on their understanding and have acknowledgement of their completion of the training in their service records. Students received follow-on affirmation during indoctrination, weekly pre-liberty safety briefs and at required Navy Military Training and General Military Training (NMT/GMT) and training stand-downs.

- CSADD NATTC enforced liberty buddy policies and encouraged participation. CSADD has grown in size and strength from a small group of 18 Sailors meeting once monthly to a multi-service organization of over 360 service members who are actively holding events that involve the entire command on a near weekly basis.

1.3 Describe your efforts to comply with DoD SAPR core competencies for all SAPR training to ensure consistency. Include Professional Military Education, Pre-Command, and Senior Enlisted training.

U.S. Navy

In March 2013, DoD published its revised DoD SAPR Program policy, enhancing procedures and standardizing SAPR efforts across the Department. As of April 2013, standardized SAPR core competencies and learning objectives are being taught at DoD-wide pre-command and senior NCO training courses, SAPR training courses for basic training, victim advocates, and continuing professional military education.

The Navy identified the leadership training continuum as the location to satisfy proscribed Professional Military Education (PME) requirements. Training has been developed and implemented in the following courses consistent with the DOD SAPRO core competencies and learning objectives:

- Petty Officer Selectee Leadership
- Petty Officer Second Class Selectee Leadership
- Petty Officer First Class Selectee Leadership
- Chief Petty Officer Selectee Leadership
- Chief's Mess Training
- Command Master Chief/Chief of the Boat Leadership
- Division Officer Leadership
- Department Head Leadership
- Prospective Executive Officer Leadership
- Prospective Commanding Officer Leadership
- Major Command Leadership
- New Flag Officer and Senior Executive Course (NFLEX)

FY13 NDAA Section 574(d) required SAPR training at Pre-Command training.

Command Leadership School (CLS) provides training to all Sequential Commanders, Major Commanders, Prospective Commanding Officers, Prospective Executive Officers and Command Master Chiefs/Chiefs of the Boat in small mixed groups. Discussion among groups is facilitated by instructors who are all post-Command or post-Command Master Chiefs.

Navy also developed specific first responder training using the DoD Core Competencies:

- Judge Advocate General (JAG)
 - The Naval Justice School in Newport, Rhode Island provides mandatory training on SAPR to all judge advocates attending the Basic Lawyer Course (BLC), a ten-week course judge advocates must complete in order to receive Article 27(b), Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) certification. These judge advocates receive two one-hour block courses of instruction on SAPR and the role of the Sexual Assault Initial Disposition Authority (SA-IDA).
 - Additionally, the Naval Justice School hosts a three-day Senior Officer Course (SOC), required for all O-6s en route to command positions. The course is open to officers assigned as or reporting to duty as COs, XO's or OICs and other officers, O-4 and above, with a mission-essential need on a space-available basis. This course covers numerous subjects in military justice and civil law important to COs, XO's, and OICs in the administration of legal matters, to include training on a wide range of sexual assault related topics. Training includes the following subjects: Introduction to Military Justice, Search and Seizure, Self-Incrimination, Court-Martial Procedures, Responsibility of the Convening Authority, Hazing, SA-IDA, SAPR, and Victim and Witness Assistance Program (VWAP).
 - In addition to the SAPR stand-down that was executed Fleet-wide, the JAG Corps required SAPR training for all judge advocates, with specific emphasis on topics of special relevance to trial and defense counsel, and staff judge advocates.
- Chaplain Corps. In cooperation with DoD and DON SAPRO, Navy Chaplain Corps developed additional Core Competencies and Learning Objectives for Chaplain specific SAPR training which includes:
 - Summarize the critical issues in combatting sexual assault in the military.
 - Describe DoD and military Service-specific SAPR policies, including SAPR roles and responsibilities.
 - Demonstrate awareness of sexual assault policies and procedures in their command and in forward-deployed locations, including remote locations.
 - Describe the possible flow and outcomes of sexual assault investigations.
 - Recognize the range of reactions to victimization and the impact of trauma on the victim's behavior and ability to communicate clearly.
 - Demonstrate sensitivity in interactions with victims and avoid re-victimization.

- Educate victims on self-care strategies to prevent re-victimization.
 - Listen attentively to victims and alleged offenders and use the information they provide to identify crisis situations and offer appropriate care.
 - Identify and apply effective strategies to provide victim and alleged offenders care in contingency and remote areas.
 - Explain Chaplain's confidentiality and role in sexual assault victim support.
 - Refer victims and alleged offenders to appropriate resources regarding their situation.
 - Assess and address victim and alleged offender safety issues.
 - Provide support to sexual assault witnesses, bystanders, and any other unit members impacted by the crime, addressing the effects of trauma and stress.
 - Provide support to sexual assault first responders (SARCs, SAPR VAs, healthcare personnel, chaplains, JAGs, law enforcement, or any other professionals) regarding the secondary effects of trauma and stress.
 - Provide guidance to unit members on how to mitigate the impact of sexual assault in the unit, while keeping in mind the needs and concerns of the victim, the alleged offenders and their families.
 - Provide guidance to command leadership team on how to mitigate the impact of sexual assault in the unit, while keeping in mind the needs and concerns of the victim, the alleged offenders and their families.
- Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery (BUMED). BUMED has been effective in the implementation of all SAPR PMEs achieving 94% or higher for all required training. They developed a Prospective Commanding Officer/Prospective Executive Officer (PCO/PXO) course in FY13 on new SAPR program initiatives including; commanders accountability, climate review, administrative compliance, advocacy and prevention efforts. The SAPRO and Sexual Assault Forensic Exam (SAFE) Program Manager (PM) briefed all Commanding Officers at the Surgeon General's Leadership Symposium on the SAPR program. Senior enlisted personnel are included on working groups to develop and implement training.
 - Commander Navy Reserve Forces (COMNAVRESFOR). Leaders at all levels in the Navy Reserve Force continue to work diligently to eradicate sexual assault. Understanding that the Navy works as a Total Force and Reserve Sailors are heavily integrated with the Active Component, COMNAVRESFOR is in strict alignment with Navy and DoD SAPR training, adding content only as necessary for Reserve-specific variations in policy. To that end, COMNAVRESFOR completed all Total Force requirements for FY13 to include core training events such as SAPR-F, SAPR-L, General Military Training (GMT) SAPR topic, and SAPR Stand-Down All Hands Leadership Engagement.
 - SARC and SAPR VAs. CNIC updated the initial SARC and SAPR Victim Advocate 40-hour trainings, coordinated 40-hour SARC Annual Training, and provided monthly webinars to increase subject matter expertise, resulting in

increased SARC and SAPR VA ability to provide culturally competent and effective services. These efforts ensure SARCs are delivering consistent training as outlined in the Department of Defense Instruction (DoDI) 6495.02.

- Regions. Navy Regions have implemented best practices resulting in a commitment to a SAPR team presence during training. Regions have implemented best practice efforts in which core competencies are addressed and reviewed during:
 - Executive Leadership SAPR training
 - Command Triad SAPR Toolkit

1.4 Describe your progress in implementing the findings and recommendations from the SAPR Initial Military Training reviews. Include your efforts to enhance accession training by including SAPR policies and implementation of SAPR training within 14 days of entrance to active duty.

U.S. Navy

At the Navy's Recruit Training Command (RTC), SAPR training is embedded in basic Sailorization; embracing Navy Core Values and the concept of "what a Shipmate is and does" is at the forefront of each RTC Staff Sailors' minds as they transform civilians into basic Sailors over a 59-day period.

Recruit Training (Enlisted Accessions). Recruits receive SAPR training almost immediately after arrival at Recruit Training Command (RTC) and throughout their accession training. The training is provided by experts and is in multiple formats.

- Recruits view a video of RTC CO articulating six programs and policies: Sexual Assault and Harassment, Racism, Hazing, Fraternization, Substance Abuse, and Recruit-to-Recruit Contact. This video is shown again when the recruits are completing in-processing. A formal RTC instructor-led topic (UCMJ) is presented to recruits during their processing week (from 5 to 8 days after arrival) of training. Enabling objectives applicable to SAPR:
 - Explain the relationship between Navy Core Values and the UCMJ.
 - Explain the meanings of the punitive articles (77 through 134, specifically including, Article 120) of the UCMJ.
- During the first week, at RTC (in-processing) recruits are provided over one hour of male/female wellness training by Naval Health Clinic Great Lakes (NHCGGL) senior clinical personnel. During this training, recruits are split into separate classrooms by gender. Recruits are given a questionnaire which asks if they have ever been a victim of sexual assault, and if they would like individual counseling concerning the assault. Recruit Evaluation Unit (REU) personnel offer psychological counseling or refer the recruit to Counseling in a Recruit Environment (CARE).
- A formal RTC instructor-led topic ("Sexual Assault Prevention and Response

Training for the Fleet” (SAPR-F)) is presented to recruits during the first week of training. The content is periodically reviewed by a Regional SAPR Representative for accuracy. Enabling objectives of the topic are:

- Identify definitions of sexual assault-related terms.
- Identify procedures to follow by victim of sexual assault.
- Identify Navy's policy on sexual assault.
- Identify common myths/facts concerning rape/sexual assault.
- Explain preventive measures and survival tactics for sexual assault.
- Explain sources of assistance for a victim of sexual assault.
- Explain relationship between Navy Core Values and sexual assault.
- The Chaplain presents training on Navy Core Values during the first week of training. Enabling objectives are:
 - Explain values and their influence on a person's behavior.
 - Define the Navy Core Values.
 - Identify behaviors that detract from Navy Core Values.
 - Explain the effects of low self-esteem on relationships with RDCs and other recruits.
 - Identify the limitations of gender relationships between male and female recruits, and RDCs during recruit training.
 - Explain the goals of Navy Core Values.
 - Explain the relationship between teamwork and behavior according to the Navy Core Values.
- RTC CARE advocates provide individual and group counseling to recruits that were victims of sexual assault, as well as address other emotional issues. The CARE program was established to assist recruits experiencing difficulties in completing basic training requirements or adjusting to the military environment due to distressing personal backgrounds. The primary targets from the recruit population are those who have experienced abuse or had a traumatic experience. CARE is manned by RDCs who have been thoroughly screened and have attended an 8-hour SAPR course. These individuals provide initial evaluation, as well as individual, direct motivational guidance to recruits requiring or desiring intervention. They facilitate recruit access to chaplains, local social workers and mental health providers as needed.
- RDCs are trained at RDC “C” school about resources available (e.g., CARE, Recruit Evaluation Unit (REU)) if a recruit requests counseling or if the RDC suspects a recruit's sub-standard performance may be due to emotional issues.
- NHC Great Lakes provides an hour-long follow-up male and female recruit wellness brief during the fifth week of training called the Reinforcing Education to Achieve Health (REACH) brief on several topics including Sexual Health Awareness and stressing good decision making in sexual matters.
- Prior to graduation and liberty weekend, recruits are given an hour-long liberty brief by the Ship's Officer, a Fleet O-3. The brief covers the “Buddy System” requirement and reinforces the no alcohol policy/no hotel room for early liberty weekends (phased liberty). An emphasis is placed on the importance of Shipmates looking after each other and avoiding situations that place them at risk.

- Formal instructor-led training is provided to students enrolled in advanced specialty courses immediately after transfer from RTC by Training Support Center (TSC) during indoctrination week. The training is titled “Violent Crime” and includes crimes that are sexual in nature. Enabling objectives are:
 - Define terms (i.e., Blue-on-Blue, assault, domestic violence, child abuse)
 - Identify reporting requirements for violent crime
 - State what a victim or witness to a violent crime should do
 - List two consequences of being involved in a violent crime

Officer Accessions:

- Officer Training Command Newport (OTCN). OTCN has developed a plan that keeps SAPR in the forefront of the minds of both staff and students. The plan includes:
 - Week 1 of their respective classes OTCN students receive an initial in-brief from the Chaplain and initial SAPR training on:
 - Navy and OTCN SAPR policies
 - The definition of sexual assault
 - Restricted/Unrestricted reports
 - Role of the SARC/VA and what to do if a sexual assault occurs
 - SAPR-L is provided to each class at a specific point in their training:
 - Officer Candidate School (OCS)—Week 8,
 - Officer Development School (ODS)—Week 3,
 - Direct Commissioning Officer Indoctrination Course (DCOIC)—Week 1,
 - Limited Duty Officer/Chief Warrant Officer (LDO/CWO)—Week 1
 - Additional SAPR training:
 - Continuation of SAPR-L for all OTCN students,
 - Annual observance of SAPR Awareness Month every April,
 - Quarterly review of SAPR training and awareness, and
 - Monthly training and awareness events.
- NROTC Units
 - During Freshman Orientation, all incoming freshmen receive SAPR-F as part of the training program. Any freshmen not attending Freshman Orientation must complete a make-up session within 14 days of joining the unit.
 - Within two weeks of the semester start date, each unit must complete the 2013 SAPR Stand-down requirements.
 - Within 60 days of the semester start date, all sophomores, juniors, and 1st/2nd year Seaman to Admiral 21 (STA-21) Officer Candidates and Marines participating in the Marine Enlisted Commissioning Education Program (MECEP) students must complete SAPR-F.
 - Within 90 days of the semester starting, the seniors and final year STA-21/MECEP students must complete Leadership training curriculum (SAPR-L).
- United States Naval Academy (USNA)
 - Plebes (freshmen) take four hours of sexual harassment and sexual assault

training within their first month. The new Plebe SAPR training was introduced during Academic Program Year (APY) 12-13.

- The comprehensive training is divided into four phases.
 - o Phase 1 (Induction Day), plebes are introduced to USNA's SAPR Program and staff and receive an informational flyer with response/reporting information.
 - o Phase 2 (first week of Plebe Summer). Plebes receive an introductory SAPR brief and are offered a voluntary, anonymous SHAPE survey designed to understand entering midshipmen's beliefs on gender and sexual violence.
 - o Phase 3 (end of the first week of Plebe Summer; continues through the third week). Company officers provide SAPR briefs and reinforced prevention and awareness messages at the Company leadership level.
 - o Phase 4, (end of week one through week three). Command leaders provide two-hour SAPR Stand-down training to each platoon of 40-45 plebes.
- In addition to the formal Sexual Harassment and Assault Prevention and Education (SHAPE) curriculum, midshipmen receive briefings by the SAPR Office at the Fall and Spring Reforming of the Brigade, as well as prior to summer training. The briefings are designed to increase awareness, improve Brigade safety by identifying specific risks and providing BI training, and reinforce concepts introduced in formal training. During APY 12-13, every midshipman received both SAPR-Leadership (SAPR-L) and SAPR-F training as well. SAPR-F trainings were facilitated by Company Officers and Senior Enlisted Non-Commissioned Officers who, during APY 12-13, were trained and qualified as Master Mobile Training Team members.
- The Department encourages USNA explain to all midshipmen during SAPR training the role of the USNA Inspector General (IG) so they are aware of an important reporting channel for sexual harassment, reprisal, or violations of policy.
 - All Company Officers, Senior Enlisted Leaders, and Battalion Officers should receive a USNA-modified version of the Navy's Pre-command Training prior to beginning of classes or within 30 days of reporting for duty.

1.5 Identify specific SAPR monitoring, measures, and education that impart individual skills associated with BI and appropriate risk reduction that does not blame victims.

U.S. Navy

Navy Education and Training Command (NETC) deployed a series of turn-key products for Navy use in support of the SAAM recognition efforts. BI training, developed by Mentors in Violence Prevention (MVP) has been fully integrated into all post-recruit training schoolhouses with a NMT Program. This course continues to be well received

and is fully supported by base and installation SARCs and command SAPR VAs to ensure any student needing assistance, even with a pre-service assault, is provided support and guidance.

Messaging and learning objectives consistent with the Department of Defense Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office has been integrated in all levels of leadership training from accessions to Major Command. SAPR- L continues to be delivered at officer accession sources (i.e., USNA, ROTC, Officer Training Command Newport (OTCN)); SAPR-F continues to be delivered at RTC. Specific efforts within the NETC domain include:

- As students arrive, they are given briefs of BI and SAPR training to include victim rights and reporting and signs of predatory behaviors.
- “No Zebras” training for all command and student personnel and follow-on SAPR training for all command and student personnel.
- Quarterly SAPR/BI training.
- BI role-play, videos and lectures, so service members understand the different aspects of intervention and how to intervene.
- Quarters (formal morning meeting) for the entire crew on SAPR policies and the fact that command leadership has an open door policy for reporting any instances/perceived instances.
- All Hands BI training.
- Center for Explosive Ordnance Disposal and Diving (CEODD). During student indoctrination, the sailors received information about BI and how to report potential problems without fear of reprisal. They were encouraged to use buddy system at all times and understand that they will be held accountable if and when they don’t follow regulations.
- TSC Great Lakes BI training was provided to all students within the first week of checking onboard. Additionally, large and small group contract training was provided 4-6 weeks post BI training and built on the foundational BI.
- Quarterly SAPR training and GMT to include BI and command involvement at every level at Center for Naval Aviation Technical Training (CNATT).
- Command indoctrination, Petty Officer Indoctrination, Chief Petty Officer (CPO) 365 training, student weekly Operational Risk Management (ORM) brief, student indoctrination, and command observed sexual assault awareness month with command participation from students and staff. During Command Indoctrination, a brief is given to new Sailors/Marines on the SAPR program including points of contact and advocates and there is a BI discussion.
- Instructors give their students briefs before weekend liberty, reminding them to be vigilant and aware of their surroundings to reduce or eliminate sexual assaults. As part of the introduction to each class, Instructors give students an overview of the command SAPR Program and the steps to keep themselves and others safe.
- Safety stand-down periods prior to each holiday weekend to include liberty planning, responsible alcohol use and BI training. Individual training was conducted in the form of Navy Military Training (NMT) and GMT briefs for both staff and students. In addition, The CSADD utilize Sailor and Marine instructors

to impart facilitated discussion for adherence of SAPR foundation principles, analyzing the more common pitfalls that lead to inappropriate situations.

- Initial Accession students complete the NMT curriculum, which incorporates scenario-based training on topics such as alcohol abuse, team building, sexual activity, sexual harassment as a victim and as a witness, grievance and redress procedures, and sexual assault. Members of the chain of command emphasize the importance of displaying professionalism as Sailors/Marines and focuses on military bearing and abiding by the Navy's Core Values. In the Navy "A" School, BI was taught as a part of required NMT. BI and appropriate risk reduction that does not blame victims were also topics that were specifically emphasized during the recent SAPR Stand-Down, SAPR-F, and SAPR-L training.
- BI is a primary topic during our command indoctrination (INDOC), and is also specifically included in the CO's remarks. INDOC is provided on a weekly basis to all new student personnel by the SAPR VA with a focus on command policies and BI. It is also reinforced by the CO, Sergeant Major (SgtMaj), XO and Maintenance Chief. Additionally, all students are required to have a liberty buddy when off base liberty is granted.
- All permanent personnel are required to check in with the SAPR VA, SAPR Point of Contact (POC), XO, and CO upon assignment to the Command during which the Command policies on sexual assault and BI are covered and reaffirmed in detail. Male and female mentorship is conducted on a weekly basis. BI is taught once a week. Operational Risk Management (ORM) briefs were conducted prior to the weekend and holidays, covering available ways to report, BI, liberty buddy policies, and how to stay safe.

Best Practices

USFF

- Leveraged Highly Qualified Expert (HQE) Mr. Eric Hipple (University of Michigan Depression Center) as a guest speaker in the 11 Fleet SAPR workshops (34 individual sessions), for command leadership, front line supervisors, and program managers. Mr. Hipple brings qualities and expertise to these sessions that were critical in laying the foundation for USFF and Navy SAPR strategies, which include SAPR, BI, victim blaming, and Sailor Resiliency as integral elements.
- Collaborated with Mr. Bernie McGrenahan of "Comedy is the Cure" to bring an innovative approach to Sailors in the Fleet. These sessions brought realistic and effective examples of BI, responsible use of alcohol, and SAPR to the "deckplate". Participants were provided tools they could use which will help influence behavior change and raise awareness.

PACFLT

- Encourages sharing best practices and innovated resources concerning risk reduction and is highly encouraged throughout PACFLT commands. For example, disseminating information regarding tools and Smart phone applications.

- Increased focus on the responsible use of alcohol campaigns, especially during social events where alcohol may be available, in efforts to reduce alcohol related-incidents and alcohol-related sexual assaults.
- Conducted All Hands Call upon arrival taking command and periodically through the year. Leaders addressed sexual assault as one of their policy priorities.
- Revised on base, especially overseas, alcohol serving restrictions and server training requirements.
- Rigorously promoted and advertised “Keep What You Earn” initiative of alcohol deglamorization, continually placing emphasis on the importance of key Sailorization programs, MWR Single Sailor Programs, and off duty education.

SARCs

- Navy wide, SARCs focused on infusing BI strategies into training for various other programs as well. Additionally, SARCs received advanced BI training from Dr. Jackson Katz from Mentors in Violence Prevention (MVP) Project during the 40-hour annual training session.
- In an effort to develop an evidence base, the key SAPR Program personnel and BI Facilitators performed analysis of data trends provided on anonymous surveys taken by BI students. This interpretation of trends better informed instructors on the needs of their classes and changes necessary to their facilitation. As a result, SARCs incorporated a BI training module into the initial and refresher training for SAPR VAs. SARCs continue to provide refresher SAPR VA training on a monthly and/or quarterly basis to ensure they disseminate the latest information and build their knowledge and skills. These trainings enable commands to reduce re-victimization and improve response to potential victims.
- Naval Air Station Lemoore (NASL) SARCs frequently receive feedback from command leadership regarding the results of Defense Equal Opportunity Command Survey (DEOCS) surveys as they relate to SAPR. SARCs ensure that the discussion of survey results are incorporated into the CO’s toolkit briefs to facilitate development of the plan of action for addressing the lack of knowledge and skills/comfort with intervention. For example, one of the tenant commands reported having low scores in their level of confidence with intervention. As a result, SARCs worked with the tenant SAPR team to develop initiatives to increase confidence.
- Regional SAPR Program Officers developed and supported advertisements that had messages of positive BI strategies and skills.
- Specific SAPR “edutainment” such as “No Zebras, No Excuses”, “Sex Signals,” and “Shot of Reality” were conducted to help Sailors hone focus on BI. These types of presentations creatively catered to the demographic in need of this unique form of training. Feedback received from Sailors attending these trainings has been positive. They state that it allows them to receive SAPR training in an interactive way as they are included in the dialogue by the performers. The “theatrical vignettes” used in “No Zebras, No Excuses” and “Sex Signals” are fresh and effective methods of reaching our Sailors and leaders.

- Student critiques are reviewed for comments that may suggest beliefs that could possibly lead to inappropriate behavior. All students receive SAPR training from the command SAPR Point of Contact (POC) or SAPR VA promptly upon check-in during their respective indoctrination briefs. Topics addressed include BI, reporting procedures, and reporting options for victims, the benefits and limitations of each option, as well as victim assistance programs and tools available via the DoD Safe Helpline. Students are also provided with wallet cards and handouts that provide a quick-reference for contacting a SARC or VA should they require immediate assistance.

1.6 Describe your efforts to establish policies that create and sustain safe environments free of sexual assault. Include policies and practices that address alcohol consumption and barracks/dormitories visitation.

U.S. Navy

In July 2013, NAVADMIN 181/13 established that the following policies would be implemented by Fleet Commanders no later than 1 October 2013:

- Roving barracks patrols led by Chief Petty Officers or experienced commissioned officers (O-3 and above) and augmented with First Class Petty Officers to deter behavior that may lead to sexual assault or misconduct.
- Indoctrination training within 30 days of occupancy for all Sailors residing in barracks.
- Pay grade (E-6 or above) and training requirements for Resident Advisors (RAs).
- Facility surveys to identify areas that require better lighting, visibility or other safety improvements to reduce vulnerability of Sailors while walking on base.

In July, 2013, the CNO revised alcohol sales policies at Navy Exchanges (NEX) as follows:

- Distilled spirits only to be sold at main exchanges or at dedicated package (liquor) stores.
- Alcohol displays and merchandise in stores other than package stores will be no more than 10% of the total retail floor space and not displayed on the front of stores.
- Alcohol can only sold only between the hours of 0600 - 2200.

Many commands are working with local civilian establishments to reduce underage drinking and ensure that those of legal age are served a reasonable amount of alcohol. SARCs train bartenders and resident advisors on how to access resources for those in need of the SAPR program, how to support residents who have been affected by sexual assault and how to implement the policies set forth by their commands that reinforced a safe environment. Additionally, SARCs supported commands with their efforts in establishing unaccompanied housing policies and procedures, including the implementation of SAPR initiatives such as the addition of lighting around installation

buildings and installation-wide roving patrols.

Best Practices:

- CSADD is a peer led group located around the world that deglamorizes the use of alcohol by planning alcohol-free liberty activities like movie nights, day-trips, and sporting events. The group meets regularly to discuss alcohol use, BI, core values, healthy lifestyle choices, and other Junior Sailor issues and responsibilities. In some chapters, students are given Arrive Alive wallet cards that guarantee transportation home via cab to individuals that may be vulnerable to assault. Also, leadership conducts weekly liberty briefs covering the alcohol consumption policy, BI (e.g., not only as it pertains to sexual assault, but also intervening should a Shipmate attempt to engage in drunk driving, etc.), and good decision making principles.
- Naval Base Kitsap's SAPR Team participated with Right Spirit OkSOBERfest, hosted by the Intermediate Maintenance Facility, with the goal of effectively delivering a message to deglamorize substance abuse while encouraging productive activities to Sailors, Marines, and military family members. The event focused on providing participants with an abundance of information, fun games, activities, food, and services that all contributed to healthier lifestyles and productive performance of the community members.
- Commander, Navy Region Southwest (CNRSW) conducts targeted training ensuring that all MWR bartenders, servers, and management staff receive Controlling Alcohol Risks Effectively (CARE) training to recognize alcohol is the weapon of choice to facilitate sexual assaults, understand bodily alcohol absorption rates, and intercept irresponsible drinking.
- Commander, Navy Region Midwest (CNRMW) SAPR staff trained bartenders and resident advisors on how to access resources for those in need of SAPR services.
- Naval Aviation Schools Command (NASC) has a female mentoring program which is led by female instructors as well as older mature female students. They meet once a month to discuss good decision making choices during liberty, BI, and grievance and redress procedures.

1.7 Describe progress, assessment, efforts, and/or approved plans for requiring commanders to conduct an organizational climate assessment within 120 days of assuming command and annually thereafter. Include policy for providing results to the next level in the chain of command.

U.S. Navy

NAVADMIN 181/13, reinforced command climate surveys requirement within 90 days of assuming command and annually thereafter. The policy also directs execution of a face-to-face debrief of command climate survey results with the ISIC. The debrief covers significant findings, areas of strength and concerns, and the actions taken by the command to develop a Plan of Actions and Milestones (POA&M) to improve the command climate.

Equal Opportunity Advisors (EOAs) monitor compliance and provide reports to the commander. Under OPNAVINST 5354.1F (Navy EO Policy), EOAs track and report compliance on a quarterly basis using the DEOMI Data Retrieval System (DRS).

Additional Resources and Best Practices:

- Commander, Navy Region Northwest (CNRNW) SAPR Team supports installations and commands with their efforts to address sexual assault within the command climate assessment. SARC's discuss climate trends and concerns with Command Triads during Commander's Toolkit training, at the Sexual Assault Case Management Group (SACMG), or as needed. The SAPR program staff has regular meetings with command leadership to discuss published aggregate data and trends. SARC's conducted approximately 32 Commander's Toolkit Briefs and follow-on conversations with all command triads within their area of responsibility (AOR).
- Commander, Submarine Forces Pacific (COMSUBPAC) commands foster an active partnership with the Submarine Cultural Workshop Program which focuses on communications, integrity, and trust throughout the command as a means to identify at risk behaviors that may have become cultural norms.

1.8 Describe collaboration efforts concerning prevention with external experts, federal partners (e.g. NATO), advocacy organizations, and educational institutions, to include prevention subject matter experts. Describe results and/or implementations of lessons learned from collaboration efforts.

U.S. Navy

In FY13, CNIC Headquarters (HQ) connected with MVP Project, a civilian prevention SME, in an effort to develop an evidence-based BI strategy which is now being utilized by the SARC's. SARC's continue to successfully create alliances at the installation level in collaboration with Navy and DoD SAPR stakeholders as well as community coalitions and networks working to prevent sexual assault and/or sexual violence. These collaborative efforts also include Navy programs such as the Family Advocacy Program (FAP), Work and Family Life programs, Ombudsman Assemblies, Family Readiness Groups and Clinical counseling service providers. SARC's strengthened collaborative efforts with CSADD Chapter members who are proving beneficial in fostering prevention-related efforts. SARC's have persisted in networking with local Sexual Assault Response Teams (SARTs) and other community prevention committees as well.

- Regions evaluate the effectiveness of the SARC's' response to sexual assaults, coordinate programming efforts, and ensure that victim services are streamlined and addressing victims' needs. Additionally, some Regional Commanders hosted experts to include Catharsis Productions "Sex Signals" and "After Burner"

<p>performances as well as Steve Thompson and the “No Zebras, No Excuses”, performance. All regions report positive results in these collaborations and initiatives.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monthly meetings titled, “Kitsap Special Assault” are held onboard Naval Base Kitsap, in which military and civilian SAPR VAs, civilian prosecutors, civilian law enforcement, NCIS, Child Protective Service (CPS), Adult Protective Service, juvenile justice, corrections, probation, and tribal personnel meet to discuss challenging cases, changes in policies, legislative changes, and strengthening relationships. In addition, participants discuss lessons learned, opportunities for increased collaboration, and areas for growth. • Naval Air Station Lemoore Installation SAPR Team engaged in several new partnerships which resulted in increased knowledge and an overall comprehensive prevention approach that is applicable for the DoD Community. They include Central Valley Against Human Trafficking Task Force, Federal Bureau of Investigation’s (FBI) Victim Specialist in Fresno County, the Family Support Center Advocacy unit of Tulare County and the local Sexual Violence Advocacy Group. • CNRMW collaborated with the local Military Sexual Trauma (MST) Coordinator and the local Veteran’s Affairs hospital to coordinate services for members affected by sexual assault that transitioned out of the military. • COs within the NETC domain participated in monthly strategic SAPR meetings with other area leadership. This communication and synergy promote efforts for the COs to work with external partners to develop sustained plans based on the advice of experts in the fields of victim advocacy and law enforcement. These meetings have fostered open communication between base SARCs, Base COs and tenant commands and local law enforcement regarding the necessary situational awareness with regards to preventing sexual assault cases. Quarterly SACMGs also provide a forum for sharing lessons learned and available resources on base and within respective communities. Experts, local organizations, and other federal partners have been brought into command efforts to reduce and eliminate sexual assault cases.
<p>1.9 Describe your efforts to establish and implement policies that prevent individuals convicted of a Federal or State offense of rape, sexual abuse, sexual assault, incest, or other sexual offenses, from being provided a waiver for commissioning or enlistment in the Armed Forces.</p>
<p>U.S. Navy</p> <p>Per Commander, Navy Recruiting Command Instruction (CNRCINST) 1130.8J, Volume II, Chapter 5, Article 010104, application for enlistment or affiliation shall be rejected (no waivers authorized) from any individual who is required by any state or federal court, statute, or administrative regulation, to register as a sex offender or has been convicted of rape, sexual abuse, sexual assault, incest, carnal knowledge, forcible sodomy, sodomy of a minor, prostitution involving a minor, indecent assault, assault with intent to</p>

commit rape, assault with intent to commit sodomy, indecent act with a minor, indecent language with a minor, kidnapping of a minor (by a person not a parent), pornography involving a minor, attempt to commit any of the foregoing, conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing, any other sexual offense, or solicitation to commit any of the foregoing. This policy has been in effect since 2003.

1.10 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to delivering consistent and effective prevention methods and programs, including how these efforts will help your Service plan, resource, and make progress in your SAPR program.

U.S. Navy

OPNAV N17 has requested programming for three full-time military billets to support SAPR work and provide much needed continuity and support to Navy's SAPR Program. OPNAV N17 is working to identify SAPR-related expenses across the Navy by use of unique identifiers in order to ascertain the total cost of the Navy SAPR program. We are working to ascertain the associated travel costs as SAPR related travel increases throughout the Fleet.

Training. Navy will continue to provide a wide range of enhanced training programs based on the standardized SAPR core competencies and using audience-focused, interactive, and adult learning methods. BI will remain a focus throughout the training program. Specific examples of training are:

- Navy Education and Training Command (NETC). In FY14, CPPD will develop both a standardized command indoctrination product; formalize the programmatic elements of BI to improve the efficiency of instructors at training locations; develop a standardized pre- and post-deployment series of products; and plan for the development, beginning FY15, of an end-to-end video diary project including a full system review of the SAPR program from time of incident report to adjudication and disposition.
- NETC as a whole will continually assess Command Leadership School (CLS) SAPR training for consistency and improvement. This includes actively engaging All Hands to practice prevention before sexual assaults take place, creating/fostering a climate with Sailors where reporting sexual assaults becomes instinctive, and reinforces the fact that the Command will act accordingly should a sexual assault or related incidents occur.
- CHC requested the design, development, and delivery of the FY14 Chaplain Professional Development Training Course themed, "Pastoral Care in Cases of Military Sexual Assault." The course will provide the essential knowledge, skills, and abilities to develop core competencies for chaplains and Religious Program Specialists to provide effective ministry and care to victims of Military Sexual Assault. In addition to caregiving competencies, the course includes an overview of the physiological and psychological impact of sexual trauma and a synopsis of the military justice process in circumstances of sexual assault.
- BUMED is currently undertaking the following:

- Revision of healthcare personnel first responder training and incorporating bystander training into command indoctrination.
- Coordination with the Fleet, Systems Commands (SYSCOMS), and Installations to align sexual assault data throughout the Navy to better understand sexual assault data. This will help to identify trends by locality as well as share best practices in training, administrative requirements, and resources.
- Revision of training vignettes that focuses on the continuum of harm, and help staff members identify and stop behaviors that may lead to sexual assault. BUMED is also revising first responder training for healthcare personnel.
- PACFLT initiatives are as follows:
 - TYCOM-led PCO/PXO Training (a Commander, Naval Surface Forces Pacific (COMNAVSURFPAC) Best Practice), Workshop messages from previous trainings will help to establish a strong prevention foundation that will ultimately reinforce the Navy's culture and core values. Participant's critiques will serve as tools for informing the effectiveness of presentations and for ensuring optimal program management.
 - Command Leadership SAPR briefings for the command triad and deck-plate leadership will include key note speakers and experts on the sexual assault. Additionally, annual SAPR non-computer-based (live) GMT Training will continue to be focused on a multi-level approach to prevention across command leadership levels utilizing subject matter experts in program/policy compliance, substance abuse prevention as it relates to SAPR.
 - Development of an "outside the box" training plan in order to not only provide required training topics, but to focus on the positive side of being an active by-stander. This uses the premise that service members join the Navy due to a desire to stand up for and protect others.
- USFF initiatives are as follows:
 - Continue focus, high quality Fleet workshop delivery in FY14. The agenda will continue to focus on prevention with expectations for leadership, personal behavior, Navy Core values, and our Navy Ethos while aligned with Navy's overall theme of respect.
 - Development of metrics for measures of effectiveness to ensure our training and communications are having a long-term desired effect in changing our culture.
 - Utilized Mr. Mike Domitrz of the Date Safe Project's "Can I Kiss You" at the All Hands sessions during all FY13 USFF SAPR workshops to focus on BI and to encompass the Navy's theme this year.
- Region leadership will undertake the following:
 - Continue to work with commands to institute the Navy BI Model, creating an environment where Sailors will effectively step-up and speak-up to challenge and reduce sexual assault incidents.
 - Implement focused social media outreach programs including at training events.
 - Navy Region Northwest and the USS JOHN C STENNIS are working with

the University of Washington (Seattle) and Olympic Community College (Bremerton) officials regarding their sexual assault programs targeting similar demographics.

2. LOE 2—Investigation—The objective of investigation is to “achieve high competence in the investigation of sexual assault.”

2.1 Summarize your Service or Component’s efforts to achieve the Investigation End state: “investigative resources yield timely and accurate results.”

All allegations of sexual assault (from penetration to contact offenses) are referred to Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS) for investigation. Seamless JAG coordination with NCIS is essential, and over the past year two NCIS Sexual Assault Task Forces conducted a pilot program with JAG Corps prosecutors to ensure early collaboration and ongoing multidisciplinary review of cases at the senior trial counsel and supervisory special agent level.

Each task force consisted of a small group of special agents assigned to sexual assault allegation investigations; the task forces meet weekly to review case progression, and monthly with the senior trial counsel for the region and installation SARCs. This multi-disciplinary approach allows investigators, prosecutors, and sexual assault prevention and response personnel to troubleshoot sexual assault investigations, prosecution, and victim care issues as they arise. It also promotes early cooperation between stakeholders to improve the quality of practice and serves as the model for our special victim capability. The program quickly expanded and is now known as the Adult Sexual Assault Program (ASAP). The program is employed in other Navy geographic regions and fleet concentration areas (FCAs), tailored to the size and scope of each region’s area of responsibility.

Navy established dedicated NCIS agent-teams in Norfolk, Virginia; San Diego, California; Bangor, Washington; and Okinawa, Japan that exclusively handle adult sexual assault investigations. NCIS expanded this model during FY13 to Yokosuka, Japan. Expansion for Hawaii and Mayport, Florida are forthcoming.

To improve the overall quality of Navy court-martial litigation, the JAG Corps established the Military Justice Litigation Career Track (MJLCT) in 2007. The JAG Corps continues to select Military Justice Litigation Qualified (MJLQ) judge advocates to lead trial and defense departments at Region Legal Service Offices and Defense Service Offices, which provide Navy trial and defense counsel, respectively. These officers provide proven experience in the courtroom, personally conducting, adjudicating, or overseeing litigation in sexual assault and other complex cases. The MJLCT program leverages trial counsel, defense counsel, and judicial experience to enhance the effectiveness of complex court-martial practice.

We also continued to implement the SECDEF-directed policy (of 20 Apr 12) that increased the seniority of commanders authorized to decide the initial disposition of certain sexual assault cases (Article 120, Rape and Sexual Assault, Article 125,

Forcible Sodomy, and Article 80, Attempts to commit those offenses) and required that commanders consult judge advocates in making disposition decisions.

As a matter of practice for several years, and even prior to SECDEF direction on 14 August 2013 that judge advocates serve as Article 32 Investigating Officers (IOs) for sexual assault cases, judge advocates have served as IOs for all Navy Article 32 pretrial investigations, not just those with sexual assault charges. The Navy fully implemented the SECDEF's requirement in policy through a change to the Manual of the Judge Advocate General (JAGMAN), promulgated by ALNAV 080/13.

Navy measures how it performs in terms of victim support. To do so, we measure metrics such as the timeline from report to investigation completion and adjudication to ensure system responsiveness. NCIS conducts an independent, thorough and professional investigation of every unrestricted report of sexual assault. They have enhanced their capability through specialized training for complex-crimes at the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center, development of an agent-team approach, doubling their cadre of agents to provide a surge capability, and by early collaboration with trial counsel. Although this timeline does not include the time required to complete evidence analysis and prosecution, shorter periods taken to conduct investigations, 300 days down to an average of 80 days, markedly impacted the overall time it took between a victim reporting the crime until the final adjudication.

All unrestricted reports of sexual assault, regardless of severity, within Navy are fully investigated by the NCIS and, in the most egregious cases involving rape, forcible sodomy, sexual assault, and attempts thereof, are reviewed for disposition by an O-6 or above special court-martial convening authority commander with disposition authority for sexual assault cases. Victims who desire to make an unrestricted report are encouraged to report sexual assaults to a SARC or SAPR VA, medical personnel, command leadership, judge advocate, base police, master-at-arms, NCIS or civilian law enforcement as soon as possible after the incident. The decision to make a restricted or unrestricted report rests with the victim; a victim can make a restricted report and later change to an unrestricted report. Once a victim files an unrestricted report, investigation and reporting requirements are mandated.

Victim studies and surveys indicate an excessively long investigative/judicial process adversely impacts victims. To lessen this impact, NCIS initiated an operational shift wherein teams of NCIS personnel have been dedicated to investigate reports of adult sexual assault in an effort to reduce the length of investigations. Upon receipt of a sexual assault report, NCIS personnel employ a team surge response to complete investigative activity expeditiously; resulting in a quicker delivery of the investigative package to the Convening Authority. The NCIS initiative includes early engagement with legal and victim advocacy personnel. These NCIS surge teams are located in the large Fleet concentration areas where the volume of sexual assault reports is the greatest; however, NCIS maintains a surge capability at our smaller or remote NCIS offices. As a result of the team approach, NCIS field offices are experiencing a significant improvement in timeliness for completion of investigative leads or steps

within NCIS control. Current data indicates a significant improvement in the duration of these investigations. NCIS will continue to monitor the timeliness of our investigations as a measure of effectiveness in combating sexual assaults in the military.

All 24/7 Navy medical treatment facilities (MTFs) now have Sexual Assault Forensic Examination (SAFE) capability, and all Navy ships have a SAFE trained medical provider assigned. The availability of SAFEs has been increased to facilitate evidence collection and support services for the victims who desire them. SAFE kits processed through United States Army Criminal Investigation Laboratory (USACIL) have significantly faster processing times- 70-78 days average versus 150 days in civilian labs.

2.2 Describe your Service or Component's implementation plan for the establishment of a Special Victim Capability (SVC), comprised of specially trained investigators, judge advocates, administrative paralegal support, and victim-witness assistance personnel.

U.S. Navy

Navy has executed the establishment of a Special Victim Capability (SVC), as defined by Section 573 of the FY13 NDAA, and has worked diligently to cohesively integrate the professionals involved in (1) investigating and prosecuting allegations of child abuse, serious domestic violence, or sexual offenses; and, (2) providing support for the victims of such offenses. Trial counsel, NCIS investigators, credentialed SARCs and SAPR VAs, and paralegals form the core of the Navy's Special Victim Capability. The Navy and Marine Corps special victims counsel programs provide additional support. This multi-disciplinary approach at multiple organizational levels promotes early cooperation between stakeholders to optimize case development and management. Navy implementation efforts and plan include the following:

The Investigation, Prosecution, and/or Final Disposition of SVC Cases

- In support of the SVC mandate, NCIS created the Adult Sexual Assault Program (ASAP) approach to provide distinct and recognizable groups of specially trained NCIS special agents to investigate SVC related offenses. It also includes early engagement with legal and victim advocacy personnel. ASAP is an initiative in which teams of NCIS special agents and personnel are dedicated to investigate reports of adult sexual assault. NCIS ASAP teams or Task Forces meet monthly with the Senior Trial Counsel (STC) and installation SARCs to collaborate and troubleshoot sexual assault investigations, prosecution, and victim care issues as they arise.
- NCIS created the ASAP as one prong of a two-pronged approach to providing distinct and recognizable groups of personnel to investigate SVC related offenses. The ASAP initiative is an operational shift in which teams of NCIS special agents are dedicated to investigate reports of adult sexual assault. Upon receipt of a sexual assault report, ASAP personnel will employ a team surge response to complete investigative activity in a timely manner; resulting in

quicker delivery of the investigative package to the Convening Authority. All NCIS special agents assigned to an ASAP Team have completed the Criminal Investigator Training Program (CITP) and Special Agent Basic Training Program at the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC). Investigators and prosecutors from the USN, USMC and USA have the option to attend the course at either FLETC or Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri since the curriculum is similar and the instructors are the same. ASAP Teams are located in the large Fleet concentration areas where reports of sexual assaults are highest.

- The second prong of NCIS' response to the DoD SVC initiative is the development of a cadre of investigators skilled in conducting serious domestic violence and child abuse investigations. The NCIS version of the Special Victim Unit Investigations Course (SVUIC) is titled the Advanced Adult Sexual Violence Training Program (AASVTP). NCIS personnel responsible for investigating domestic violence or child abuse offenses must attend the NCIS AFSVTP at the FLETC. The AFSVTP, a two-week advanced course focused on domestic violence and child abuse collaboratively created by NCIS and Army Criminal Investigation Command (CID). The AASVTP course curriculum satisfies the requirements outlined in the DoD Instructions. Experts from within and without the DoD instruct students on victim and offender dynamics, domestic violence and child abuse injuries, risk assessments, stalking, and other relevant topics. Within the AASVTP, students receive advanced training on victim and offender dynamics as well as interview techniques designed for trauma survivors. Students conduct case reviews and "table top" exercises facilitated by nationally recognized experts and military senior trial counselors. Students must complete a comprehensive examination at the conclusion of the course. In addition to the AFSVTP, these investigators attend the Trial Component Training Program (TCTP).
- Training has also been developed for NCIS ASAP members in the form of the 1-day Trial Component Training Program (TCTP), a joint learning environment wherein investigators and prosecutors discuss topics such as trial preparation, courtroom testimony, and investigative tips designed to enhance the successful prosecution of a case at trial. TCTP is held locally and delivered by the regional Senior Trial Counsel. Through the joint training environment, investigators and prosecutors enhance their working relationship while working toward a more refined investigation and trial.
- Navy prosecutors, including all STC attended the Army two-week Special Victims Unit Investigations Course (SVUIC) along with investigators to better understand and integrate the investigation and prosecution of sexual assault cases. Navy Trial Counsel Assistance Program (TCAP) personnel also regularly taught at the course.

Judge Advocate Training

- Navy litigation training is overseen by the Litigation Training Coordination Counsel (LTCC), chaired and led by the Director of the Office of the Judge Advocate General (OJAG) Criminal Law Division (Code 20).
- The LTCC identifies and centralizes military justice litigation and trial advocacy

training for both the prosecution and defense bars.

- LTTC meets quarterly and the chair closely coordinates with the Naval Justice School to review and improve existing curricula, as well as to design and develop new curricula responsive to the changing landscape of military justice.
- The LTCC provides a macro-level comprehensive review of the litigation training pipeline to ensure training is available at the appropriate stages of a judge advocate's career, to include training for U.S. Marine Corps and Coast Guard judge advocates executed by the Naval Justice School.
- At the beginning of their careers, judge advocates must complete special Professional Development Standards (PDS), checklists of tasks and skills that must be demonstrated prior to accretion of greater responsibility. Those judge advocates who exhibit both an aptitude and a desire to further specialize in litigation may apply for inclusion in the Navy's Military Justice Litigation Career Track (MJLCT).
- The JAG Corps established the MJLCT in 2007 to identify, develop, and retain those judge advocates who demonstrate significant military justice knowledge, litigation, and trial advocacy skills, while providing a structure for developing and maintaining a cadre of judge advocates who specialize in court-martial litigation. This community of military justice litigators forms the nucleus for reach-back capability for trial practitioners and SJAs worldwide, while providing advanced leadership opportunities for seasoned prosecutors. Career track judge advocates are board-selected and approved by the Judge Advocate General of the Navy.
- Once selected, MJLCT officers will spend the majority of their careers in litigation-related billets as trial counsel, defense counsel and military judges. In the course of their career, a MJLCT officer will advance from Specialist I to Specialist II to Expert. Failure to advance through these stages results in the officer exiting the track.
- Most MJLCT officers also receive an advanced law degree (a Masters of Law or LL.M.) in trial advocacy or litigation from a civilian institution. These officers are then required to complete a follow-on tour in a courtroom intensive billet with leadership requirements.
- Finally, the Trial Counsel Assistance Program (TCAP) provides on scene and online training to trial counsel in a variety of specialized areas and then monitors effective completion of this training to ensure world-wide capability in a variety of court-martial skills.

Specially Trained Trial Counsel

- The Navy has an experienced cadre of highly-trained judge advocates, litigation specialists, and military justice experts serving in litigation-intensive billets. This includes the nine regional Senior Trial Counsel (STC), who prosecute complex cases while supervising, mentoring, and training junior trial counsel.
- The Navy also hired a former civilian prosecutor as a highly qualified expert (HQE) to join TCAP's highly qualified GS civilian former prosecutor to assist trial counsel in all aspects of case preparation. Their assistance includes motion drafting, expert witness preparation, devising trial strategy, assisting

with post trial matters, and providing advice concerning professional responsibility issues.

- In SVC cases, HQEs and the civilian GS attorney play a key role in enhancing information flow and knowledge sharing, promoting consolidation of Government resources and collaboration between investigators and trial counsel located worldwide. In addition, the Navy's newly hired headquarters HQE with significant civilian prosecution experience to develop specialized training for SVC cases completed her first year in the position.
- TCAP personnel and HQEs conduct on-site training and field assist visits as needed, hold monthly distance learning training online on a variety of topics, and participate as instructors at Naval Justice School training in trial advocacy, military justice management, and criminal law. They conduct training for trial counsel at every level of experience and expertise to educate and improve counsel judgment and performance. This training includes concentration on every aspect of case preparation, including any necessary supplementary investigation, case management, trial advocacy, and post-trial responsibilities.
- In the prosecution of special victim crimes, the trial counsel capability rests in the STC and in TCAP, which provides significant reach-back assistance and details trial counsel for many special victim cases.
- TCAP conducts annual Targeted Mobile Training, site visits with flexible training sections on special victims crimes and process inspection; live Defense Connect Online (DCO) training, interactive web-based training sponsored by TCAP and conducted by subject matter experts; Archived Online Training, including web-based recordings of previous trainings that can be accessed as needed as part of local training plans; and Mobile Training Teams, with on-site training sessions conducted in coordination with NCIS and Navy and Marine Corps TCAP that focus on complex cases including special victims crimes.
- Within each prosecution office, the senior prosecutor regularly evaluates the skills and experience of individual trial counsel in order to determine the detailing of new cases and additional training requirements.
- All STC and all uniformed TCAP personnel are members of the MJLCT and attend many specialized courses. Five of nine STC have received their LL.M. in litigation or trial advocacy from a civilian law school. All STC, all TCAP personnel and a majority of trial counsel successfully completed the Army Special Victims Unit Investigations Course, which also includes instruction on exploring the neurobiology of sexual trauma and focusing on investigative techniques unique to these cases.
- All STC and a large majority of trial counsel attended Prosecuting Alcohol Facilitated Sexual Assaults (PAFSA) and all prosecution offices will have completed a nine-hour online course of lectures on special victim offenses by the end of January 2014.
- Annually, each prosecution office is inspected by TCAP to ensure compliance with instructions, emphasize new developments, and identify best practices. TCAP receives weekly updates of nearly all felony-level investigations and courts-martial, including all special victim offenses, and engages offices in proactive interactions on the development of those cases.

Special Victims Capability Course

- In September of 2013, OJAG Code 20 offered the first Special Victims Capability Course of its kind which was a multi-disciplinary course integrating training for Legalmen (LN), victim advocates, and judge advocates.
- The goal of the course was to improve and enhance victim care, victim support, prosecution support, and provide a more comprehensive and standardized response to allegations of child abuse, serious domestic violence, and sexual assault offenses.
- The training focused on giving the attendees a better understanding of the dynamics of special victim crimes, working with victims, and to increasing collaboration of effort within the military justice system.

Paralegal Support

- Navy paralegals, or LN, possess knowledge and expertise regarding military and civilian legal systems and substantive and procedural law, which qualify them to provide the broad variety of legal support under the supervision of an attorney. LN receive wide-ranging training in military justice, court-martial procedures, legal assistance, and administrative, civil, operational, and procedural law. The course includes classroom instruction and practical application. Once trained, LN may perform a diverse array of military justice duties including preparation of records and hearings, investigations, courts-martial and courts of inquiry, processing appeals, and the coordination of non-judicial punishment hearings. LN may act as trial paralegals for SVC prosecution teams.
- The Naval Justice School based in Newport, Rhode Island, with additional command detachments in Virginia and California, provides extensive training for enlisted personnel performing legal duties. The LN Accession Course, for example, is an 11-week course which offers intensive paralegal training to Sailors selected for the LN rating. Select graduates from the Legal Services Specialist Course receive additional training in the preparation of verbatim records of trial.

VWAP Personnel

- The Navy's VWAP is governed by OPNAVINST 5800.7A and provides for a two-tiered approach. Oversight of the program is conducted locally by Victim Witness Liaison Officers (VWLO) who are appointed by the Region Commander or Type Commander. They provide supervision and oversight of the VWAP in their area of responsibility. This individual, VWLO, works in the Region Legal Service Office to provide legal support to the Region/Type Commander and either is a SJA, civilian attorney, or paralegal with legal training/experience with VWAP in the grade of GS-9 or above.
- All commands are required to appoint, in writing, a Victim Witness Assistance Program Coordinator (VWAC). This individual must be an E-5 (Noncommissioned Officer) or above or a civilian equivalent, but may not be a Chaplain. Navy VWACs are required to distribute the DD Form 2701, "Initial Information for Victims and Witnesses of Crimes," to all crime victims within their

command.

- Additionally, NCIS agents and all trial counsel are educated in the VWP as they play a role in advising victims and witnesses of their rights. NCIS provides initial notification and information, while trial counsel are responsible for advising victims at key milestones throughout the court-martial process.

Sexual Assault Response Coordinators (SARCs)

- The Navy hired more than 66 credentialed sexual assault prevention and response coordinators who work with specially-trained NCIS investigators and JAG Corps trial counsel to improve and enhance victim care, confidence, and participation in unrestricted reports of sexual assault.
- The Navy requires SARCs to receive 80 hours of National Advocate Credentialing Program (NACP) approved training (40 hours of online SARC training and 40 hours of in-person initial SAPR VA training provided by a SARC). SARC training includes training on how to supervise staff, case management, trainer skill building, Sexual Assault Case Management Group (SACMG) facilitation, SAPR Command Personnel cross training (SAPR Point of Contact, SAPR Data Collection Coordinator (DCC), SAPR Command Liaison), and other sexual assault topics. All SARCs are certified through the Defense-Sexual Assault Advocate Certification Program (D-SAACP) prior to providing direct services to sexual assault victims. Every two years, SARCs are required to recertify with D-SAACP by completing a minimum of 32 hours of approved continuing education (including two hours of mandatory ethics training).
- Navy annual SARC Training exceeds the minimum D-SAACP requirements for continuing education. SARCs received a total of 40 hours of in-person training including Special Victims' Capabilities, SAPR program updates, Mock SACMG, and Victims' Legal Counsel.

Civilian and Uniformed SAPR Victim Advocates (SAPR VAs)

- The Navy hired 66 full-time professional, credentialed victim advocates to augment the over 4,000 Unit SAPR VAs. They work with specially-trained NCIS investigators and JAG Corps trial counsel to improve and enhance victim care, confidence, and participation.
- SAPR VAs receive 40 hours of NACP-approved initial SAPR VA training as required by DoD. Training topics include: dynamics and effects of sexual assault, sexual assault in the military, prevention strategies, ethics, trauma informed care, cultural competency, confidentiality policy, SARC and SAPR VA roles and responsibilities, crisis intervention, self-care, the military and civilian judicial process, the medical process, resources and referrals, and victims' rights. SAPR VAs are certified through D-SAACP prior to providing direct services to sexual assault victims and are required to recertify every two years.

Victims' Legal Counsel (VLC). Although not a statutory component of SVC, the Navy established a Victims' Legal Counsel Program (VLCP) to provide trained and certified military counsel to help victims understand the investigation and military justice

processes, advocate for the victims' rights and interests, and help victims obtain access to other support services. The legal support VLC provide to victims will complement and augment the support provided by VAs and SARCs.

2.3 Describe your efforts to enhance training and/or plans for enhanced training for investigators of sexual violence. Include your measures of effectiveness or means by which you are measuring enhancements.

U.S. Navy

SECNAVINST 1752.4B provides comprehensive guidance on SAPR training requirements for all Department of Navy personnel. To standardize services throughout the DoD, all DON sexual assault responders receive the same baseline training. First responders include SARCs, SAPR VAs, healthcare personnel, DON law enforcement, NCIS, judge advocates, chaplains, firefighters and emergency medical technicians.

With regard to responding patrol officers, specialized law enforcement personnel training includes:

- How to respond in accordance with the SAPR program, specifically how to notify the command, SARC, and SAPR VA and how to work with SAPR VAs;
- How to work with sexual assault victims, to include the effects of trauma on sexual assault victims;
- Ensuring victims are informed of and accorded their rights by contacting the appropriate Victim Witness Assistance Program personnel;
- Taking into consideration other victim's safety concerns and medical needs;
- Reviewing IG policy and applicable Service guidance regarding the legal transfer of the SAFE Kit and the retention of the DD Form 2911 or reports from civilian SAFEs in archived files; and
- Discussion of related sex offender issues.

NCIS agents selected to conduct special victim investigations receive specialized training, to include advanced family and sexual violence training and/or advanced adult special victims training programs. The TCTP, a joint specialized course taught by senior prosecutors focusing on case presentation in court, is also offered to these agents. NCIS has established ASAP teams in key areas that are designed to be a nucleus for investigative capabilities and maintain ongoing relations with other SVC services.

DoD Instructions 6495.02 and 5505.18 provide specific training requirements for investigators of sexual violence. NCIS has enhanced its advanced training course to reflect the DoD's specific requirements and is pursuing plans for enhancing basic and annual refresher training to include the additional training aspects related to sexual violence investigations. Specifically, NCIS has partnered with USACID to expand the Special Victim Unit Investigations Course (SVUIC) held at Fort Leonard Wood, MO to accommodate NCIS investigators. Investigators and trial counsel from the USN, USMC

and USA have the option to attend the course at either FLETC or Fort Leonard Wood since the curriculum is similar and the instructors are the same.

Enhancements to NCIS' basic and refresher training are ongoing. Plans to incorporate interview techniques presented in the advance course are an example of changes occurring within basic training.

Measures of effectiveness, will include at least the following:

- Percentage of SVC cases preferred, compared to overall number of courts-martial preferred in each FY;
- Percentage of special victim offense courts-martial tried by, or under direct supervision of, a specially trained prosecutor;
- Percentage of specially-trained prosecutors and other legal support personnel having received additional and advanced training in SVC topical areas; and
- Victim feedback on the effectiveness of SVC support services and recommendations for possible improvements; feedback mechanisms will be coordinated and standardized within the Military Service so that victims do not have to unnecessarily complete multiple questionnaires.

2.4 Describe your Service's efforts to participate in Defense Enterprise Working Group of Military Criminal Investigation Organizations and Defense Criminal Investigative Services to assess and validate joint investigative technology, best practices, and resource efficiencies benchmarked against external law enforcement agencies.

U.S. Navy

As result of participation in DOD's Working Group of Military Criminal Investigation Organizations and Defense Criminal Investigative Services, specially trained investigators, victim advocates, prosecutors, and paralegals form the core of our special victim capability to respond to incidents of sexual assault within Navy.

NCIS participates in an MCIO working group focused on comparing and sharing sexual assault investigation training at the basic, periodic and advanced levels. Through the working group, the MCIOs are exposed to best practices and techniques included in the various training platforms of the other participating MCIOs. Subsequently, NCIS and USACID collaborated in a joint training project for an advanced sexual assault investigation training course where the curriculum is developed, discussed, and shared. In establishing a joint curriculum, NCIS and USACID assessed best practices of each agency for inclusion in the curriculum and continue to assess the curriculum for areas of improvement.

Further, OSD SAPRO hosted a training summit wherein instructors and subject matter experts representing the MCIOs compared advanced sexual assault investigation training courses to determine best practices and curriculum strategies. The primary result of the summit was the continued evaluation and collaborative efforts regarding

advances in victim interviewing and the understanding of the impact trauma has on memory and recall.

2.5 Describe your Military Criminal Investigative Organization's (MCIO) progress on establishment of a Working Group to review initial baseline, periodic refresher, and advanced sexual assault investigation training in order to establish common criteria, measures of effectiveness, and leverage training resources and expertise. If already in progress or completed, briefly describe recommendations, results, and ongoing efforts.

In September 2011, the DoD IG initiated a project to determine if the MCIOs sexual assault investigation training conforms to DoD policy and standards as well as commonly accepted best practices. The DoD IG determined all of the MCIO's training was satisfactory. Since the conclusion of the DoD IG project, representatives from NCIS, USACID, and AFOSI formed a working group to compare and develop training. The effectiveness of the working group has been enhanced due to the co-location of the three agencies within the Russell-Knox Building, Quantico, Virginia. As mentioned in 2.3, NCIS and USACID have a training relationship in which investigators from both agencies attend the same advanced training course. The training partnership between NCIS and USACID is indicative of established common criteria, measure of effectiveness and leveraging of resources and expertise between agencies.

As part of the Navy's continuing effort to prevent sexual assaults and promote essential climate changes within the force, a SAPR Task Force (SAPR TF) was established under the command of the Deputy Chief of Naval Operations for Manpower, Personnel, Training and Education (DCNO) (MPTE) (N1) to facilitate delivery of targeted sexual assault prevention training to all active and reserve personnel. Navy uses metrics such as the timeline from report to investigation completion to adjudication to ensure system responsiveness.

2.6 Describe and provide documentation of your Service or Component's implementation of policy for retention of sexual assault documentation (e.g. DD Forms 2910 and 2911). Documentation should be included as an appendix.

U.S. Navy

SECNAVINST 1752.4B documents the policy for retention of sexual assault documentation. (enclosure (1) in Appendix A)

- CNIC HQ executed records retention requirements IAW policy as follows:
 - Electronic copies of the DD Form 2910s for unrestricted reports of sexual assault are uploaded to DSAID for retention for 50 years.
 - Hard copies of the DD Form 2910s for restricted reports of sexual assault are maintained under double-lock filing for five years, unless victim requests DD Form 2910 be retained for 50 years.
- Procedures for evidence collection in restricted and unrestricted sexual assaults are the same. Designated DoD law enforcement agency or MCIO

representatives are trained and capable of collecting and preserving evidence in restricted reports prior to assuming custody of the evidence using established chain of custody procedures.

- NCIS agents received SAFE Kits from the healthcare provider, label, and store such evidence in unrestricted cases.
- According to established chain of custody procedures, the SARC labels the SAFE Kit from restricted reports of sexual assault with non-identifying information, a Restricted report Control Number (RRCN), prior to the evidence processing and storage at the NCIS Consolidated Evidence Facility or applicable Service law enforcement agency. NCIS procedures for documenting, maintaining, and storing the evidence are thereafter followed.
- The NCIS Consolidated Evidence Facility representatives are trained and capable of collecting and preserving evidence to assume custody of the evidence using established chain of custody procedures, consistent with the guidelines published under the authority and oversight of the DoD IG. Memorandums of Understanding/Agreements (MOUs/MOAs) with off base, non-military facilities for the purpose of providing medical care to eligible victims of sexual assault covered under this policy include instructions for the notification of a SARC (regardless of whether a restricted or unrestricted report of sexual assault is involved), procedures for the receipt of evidence, restricted report labelling procedures, and disposition of evidence by NCIS or the NCIS Consolidated Evidence Facility.
- DoD Instruction 5505.18, "Investigation of Adult Sexual Assault in the Department of Defense", requires all MCIOs retain adult sexual assault investigative reports for a period of 50 years. Prior to DoDI 5505.18, NCIS already employed a 50 year retention policy. Additionally, DoDI 5505.18 requires the inclusion of DD Form 2911, or the civilian equivalent, as part of the archived file. NCIS further ensured agency wide compliance by issuing internal policy informing NCIS personnel of the DoDI 5505.18 requirements involving records retention and inclusion of DD Form 2911. NCIS employs Program Support Assistants (PSA) in the field and within NCISHQ. Both field and HQ PSA's are trained internally on DoD Instructions regulating records retention. Specifically, NCIS PSA's are trained to DoD standards enumerated within NCIS policy chapter "File Retention and Disposal of Closed Investigations, Operations, Sources and Security Clearance Adjudication Cases". The NCISHQ Records Management Division is responsible for the physical retention of NCIS investigative records.
- Though not exclusive to sexual assault cases, pursuant to OPNAVINST 5800.7A, Commander, Naval Legal Service Command maintains data on the number of victims and witnesses who received DD Form 2702, Court-Martial Information for Victims and Witnesses of Crimes; 2703, Post-trial Information for Victims and Witnesses of Crimes, and the number of victims and witnesses who elected to be notified of confine status changes via DD Form 2704.

2.7 Describe your efforts to review and implement policies and procedures that ensure all Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault (and attempts) against adults

will be immediately reported to the MCIO, regardless of the severity of the allegation.

U.S. Navy

DODINST 6495.02 (28 March 2013) and SECNAVINST 1752.4 (8 August 2013) directed that all unrestricted reports of sexual assault (and attempts) against adults be immediately reported to the MCIO, regardless of the severity, to include contact offenses. The Navy implemented these procedures as directed.

DODINST 5505.18 (25 January 2013), Investigation of Adult Sexual Assault in the Department of Defense, establishes policy, assigns responsibilities, and provides procedures for the investigation of adult sexual assault within the DoD. Further, it directs that Military Criminal Investigative Organizations (MCIOs) will initiate investigations of all offenses of adult sexual assault of which they become aware that occur within their jurisdiction regardless of the severity of the allegation. NCIS has ensured there is agency wide awareness of the requirements listed in DoDI 5505.18 by issuing internal policy informing NCIS personnel of the specific requirements. As such, NCIS is prepared to receive and respond to all reports of sexual assault, as mandated by DoD Instruction and service specific instructions.

OJAG provides legal review and recommendations to proposed changes to OPNAVINST F3100.6J, which dictates the operational/situational reports (OPREPs/SITREPs) reporting requirements for unrestricted reports of sexual assault. In accordance with this instruction, commands are required to consult judge advocates to ensure that appropriate legal advice is provided and procedural steps followed. OPREP-3 reporting remains the primary tool for tracking MCIO notification within Navy. Notification of MCIO remains an OPREP-3 reporting line item, emphasizing contact prior to release of initial SITREP (within 24 hours of knowledge of incident). These operational messages are subsequently tracked and are followed by mandatory reporting to the First Flag Officer in the COs change of command within 30 days of the report being submitted.

2.8 Describe efforts, policies, and/or programmatic changes undertaken to improve Service member confidence and/or victim participation in the investigative and military justice process, as well as how you are addressing the number of victims declining to participate. Include rate of conversion from Restricted to Unrestricted reporting.

U.S. Navy

In FY13, Navy made significant strides in elevating Sailor trust and confidence in command leadership and understanding the SAPR process, evidenced by an unprecedented increase in sexual assault reporting. Better understanding of what defines a sexual assault, awareness of the multiple avenues to report, trust in the command to take seriously all reports, and confidence that the command will support

the victim throughout the process, have all contributed to the increase in reporting. Sailors observe how those who report a sexual assault are treated by Navy. Based on that observation, Sailors will decide what they themselves will do in a similar situation. In FY13, based on what they saw, more Sailors than ever came forward to report incidents, many of which occurred months or even years prior.

Navy has employed and instituted a number of measures to improve service member confidence and/or victim participation in the investigative and military justice process. Our statistics show an increase in incident reporting during FY13, most likely due to increased victim confidence in the reporting, investigative and adjudicative process. NCIS supports the multidisciplinary approach to sexual assault investigations. As a member of a unified team, NCIS provides victims the continuity of care designed to enhance victim participation, as well as, build confidence in the investigative and military justice process among Service members. Specific efforts include early coordination between NCIS and military prosecutors, and early assignment of trial counsel. With the investigator-prosecutor team, victims receive consistent communication regarding the investigation while reducing the possibility of miscommunication or confusion that occurs during the traditional transition or hand-off from investigator to prosecutor. Further, the early formation of the investigator-prosecutor team reduces the overall length of the process. Victim participation and stamina is significantly improved through improved timeliness of the process.

The DEOCS results showed trust in the organization increased to 3.51 in FY13 from 3.47 in FY12 (scale of 5.0). Positive responses to questions about "leadership responding appropriately to reports of sexual assault" and "promoting a climate free of sexual assault" increased in FY13 to 4.39 from 4.36 in FY12 (scale of 5.0). Concerns of privacy and confidentiality violations have diminished appreciably between FY12 and FY13, down 18 percentage points.

During FY13, our rate of conversion from restricted to unrestricted was 16% (49) as compared to 19% (47) in FY12. We will continue to build trust in the SAPR program, and encourage more victims to report. Our efforts include:

- Awareness and Prevention Training
 - Service members receive SAPR training at multiple times throughout their service in their Navy careers. Training begins within the first two weeks of boot camp or other accession programs such as Officer Candidate School, and continues annually thereafter.
 - Sexual Assault Awareness Month and SAPR stand-down activities enable us to target demographics within the force and assure continuous messaging of the issue, which sends the message to Sailors across the Fleet that sexual assault is not tolerated within the Navy.
 - SAPR training has also been incorporated and held at the command-level, through specialized training such as BI training. This supplemental training allows us to target demographics within the force and ensure continuous messaging.

- SAPR training for the Fleet (SAPR-F) was developed for all Sailors in the grade of E-6 and below with a focus on BI, responsible decision-making, core values, and responsible use of alcohol. The intent of this training is to empower Sailors to recognize and assume personal responsibility to stop inappropriate behavior.
 - SAPR training for leaders in the Fleet (SAPR-L) was developed for all senior leadership in the grade of E-7 and above. SAPR-L training provided command leadership triads (Commanding Officer/Officer in Charge, Executive Officer/Assistant Officer in Charge and Command Master Chief/Chief of the Boat/Senior Enlisted) the skills to promote a culture of change through interactive video and facilitated face-to-face (F2F) discussion with command E-7 and above.
 - SAPR training is integrated into critical leadership training curricula including those of those classes taught at our SEA and CLS, as well as the Senior Officer Course. This comprehensive approach to training has allowed us to ensure continuous messaging and to tailor training to various audiences from the at-risk demographic to leadership who are accountable for prevention and response.
 - The Navy also developed mandatory SAPR training for all civilian employees (SAPR-C) entitled “Sexual Assault Prevention: One Team, One Fight.” The training addresses BI, reporting options and resources for civilian employees, and the impact of sexual assault on victims, commands and mission accomplishment.
- Victim Reporting and Support
 - The Navy hired 66 additional credentialed SARCs and 66 full-time professional, credentialed SAPR VAs. They work with specially-trained NCIS investigators, and JAG Corps trial counsel, and VLC to improve and enhance victim care, confidence, and participation.
 - There continue to be numerous reporting options available to victims who choose to disclose sexual assault. In the event a victim chooses to make a confidential restricted disclosure/report, an investigation is not initiated and the command is notified that an assault has occurred with no identifying information on the victim or suspect. Victims can make restricted reports to SARCs, SAPR VAs, healthcare personnel, or by contacting the DoD Safe Helpline by telephone or online 24 hours per day, 7 days a week.
 - Victims who wish to make an unrestricted report can use the reporting options listed above, or can file a report with NCIS, or contact base police, masters at arms, shore patrol, local law enforcement, members of the command, judge advocates or command leadership.
 - The Navy also offers victims who make an unrestricted report of sexual assault the option to request an expedited transfer to another command or duty station. Other protection measures available to victims include the issuance of a military protective order against the accused prohibiting further contact with the victim and, in appropriate cases, pretrial confinement of the accused.

- The Navy implemented a VLC program will dedicate 30 judge advocates (29 VLC and one COS) with military justice experience to provide eligible victims of sexual assault with legal support. The primary mission of the VLC Program is to provide legal counsel and, as appropriate, advocacy for victims. Navy VLC help protect victims' rights through the investigative and adjudicative stages of the military justice system. VLC will also assist SARCs and SAPR VAs in the successful execution of their duties. VLC duties will include explaining the investigative and military justice processes; advocating the victim's rights and interests; and, when appropriate, appearing in court on the victim's behalf. The legal support VLC provide to victims will complement and augment the support provided by SAPR VAs and SARCs.
- In FY13, the Navy released and published courts-martial results in the public domain, enabling members of both the military and civilian population to see the disciplinary actions taken by commanders on unrestricted reports of sexual assault that were prosecuted at court-martial.

2.9 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to the achievement of high competence in the investigation of sexual assault.

U.S. Navy

Competency is a result of continuing education and advanced training for investigators. In FY14, NCIS intends to increase the availability of training and the rate of agents who attend training. Currently, NCIS is partnered with USN and USMC Trial Counsel Assistance Programs to develop strategies for delivering continuing education to agents and prosecutors while limiting the operational impact. Specific strategies include using webinars and other delivery methods that remove travel costs and lost time in the workplace. Additionally, NCIS is currently partnered with USACID in an advanced sexual assault investigation training course. There are limits to the number of agents that can attend the course; therefore, NCIS is pursuing strategies to increase the rate of agents attending the advanced training.

In FCAs, ASAP Teams, which are composed of dedicated, advanced trained sexual assault NCIS investigators, work in collaboration with SARCs, SAPR VAs, and judge advocates through the investigation and prosecution process in accordance with the Special Victim Capability (SVC) mandated by Congress. NCIS Field Office Europe and Africa implemented a policy requiring collaboration with all Regional and installation SAPR working groups in addition to the required monthly SAPR case management group. Furthermore, within 48 hours of a sexual assault notification, NCIS implements a Sexual Assault Task Force to include RLSO and concerned commands. The goal of this collaborative approach is to enhance the thoroughness and timeliness of investigations and to ensure that all services and support are available and accessible to victims.

In FY14, NCIS will continue to investigate all allegations of sexual assault, to include

both penetration and contact offenses. Navy will also continue its practice of using judge advocates to sit as Investigating Officers for Article 32 hearings in order to enhance competence in the investigation of sexual assaults and has formally adopted the requirement in policy. Additionally, Navy will continue to use VLC to ensure victims are aware of their rights and benefits through ongoing training. VLC duties include explaining the investigative and military justice processes, which in many circumstances will encourage participation by victims during the investigatory, pretrial, and trial phases of the process.

VLC personnel will continue to support the efforts of the SARCs and SAPR VAs. These individuals are key to fostering positive working relationships with other stakeholders to ensure victims and witnesses have a high level of confidence and feel supported throughout the investigative process.

Navy's VLC Program is expected to drive increased reporting, an increased conversion rate of restricted reports of sexual assault to unrestricted reports, and more victims staying in the investigative and adjudicative process through conclusion. The VLC will also be able to liaise with the victim's command, investigators and trial counsel, attend interviews and court proceedings, and represent victims at court proceedings where the victim has standing and interests.

3. LOE 3—Accountability—The objective of accountability is to “achieve high competence in holding offenders appropriately accountable.”

3.1 Summarize your Service or Component's efforts to achieve the Accountability End state: “perpetrators are held appropriately accountable.”

U.S. Navy

Navy is dedicated to ensuring sexual assault investigations proceed in a timely manner and offenders are held appropriately accountable for their actions. Specific actions being undertaken to achieve this goal include:

- The execution of deliberate and engaged management provides strong leadership-driven prevention and response programs, as well as law enforcement, investigative, and criminal justice policies and procedures that address victim safety and, ultimately, hold assailants accountable for their actions as appropriate.
- In order to achieve the desired accountability end state, reports of sexual assaults must be immediately investigated. These continued efforts are being constantly implemented to identify what crimes have been committed, to identify who has been victimized, and who may be held accountable for the crime.
- In this regard, the Navy must ensure COs understand the full range of administrative and disciplinary actions that are available to address inappropriate behavior. In the case of military personnel, these include informal counseling, comments in fitness reports and evaluations, administrative separation, and punitive measures under the UCMJ. In the case of civilians,

<p>options include informal counseling, and disciplinary action including removal from the Federal Service.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Every effort will be made within the confines of our statutes and regulations to ensure that perpetrators are held appropriately accountable for their actions in accordance with Navy guidelines, policies and procedures currently in place. These efforts include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Investigate all reported unrestricted incidents of sexual assault, ensuring NCIS or another MCIO thoroughly investigated all unrestricted allegations of sexual assault. ▪ Increase the availability of SAFEs across Navy. ▪ Handle all sexual assault reports with high importance and a sense of urgency. ▪ Hold sexual assault offenders accountable as appropriate. ▪ Promote command climate where sexual assaults are not tolerated. ▪ Ensure SAPR Program information is displayed at commands to include reporting procedures, Points of contact, consequences of perpetrating sexual assault offenses, results of closed investigations, etc. • The JAG Corps has focused on continuing to grow the pool and enhance the training of litigation specialists to include mentorship by those who lead trial and defense departments in RLSOs and Defense Service Offices (DSOs). Trial and defense counsel attend cutting edge sexual assault training through military and civilian courses. • Senior leadership and command triads were provided training on changes to UCMJ Article 120 (rape and sexual assault) through SAPR-L training. • Update policies regarding requirement to report all known (unrestricted) sexual assaults regardless of the duty status of the victim or subject. This goes above and beyond DoD requirement to report incidents that occur only during active service or inactive duty training. Additional Reserve-specific reporting requirements include the duty status of the alleged offender, serving to clarify the ability to prosecute under the UCMJ. • Inactive duty Reserve Component (RC) Sailors may be retained in an active duty status to receive services and support or participate in the investigative or prosecutorial processes. RC members may also be recalled on active duty for the purpose of court-martial appearances. 	<p>3.2 Describe your efforts to enhance training and/or plans for enhanced SAPR training for attorneys and military judges. Include your efforts to monitor training requirements to ensure the optimal number receive enhanced SAPR training and your measures of effectiveness.</p> <p>U.S. Navy</p> <p>Specialized JAG training and the introduction of several HQEs have enhanced Navy's ability to professionally and efficiently adjudicate complex sexual assault cases. In</p>
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FY13, the JAG Corps enhanced training for attorneys and military judges through the following combined efforts.

Naval Justice School

- In FY13, Naval Justice School (NJS) offered DCO webcasts on emerging issues including, Article 32 Investigations Officer Training (to include those dealing with sexual assault cases), sexual assault initial disposition authority (SA-IDA) Training, and the SAPR JAG - Line of Effort focusing on training the judge advocate community (Train-the-Trainer).
- The SAPR JAG Line of Effort training was developed by NJS and OJAG. It was primarily delivered live, with an online option in two train-the-trainer DCO sessions focused on JAG Corps COs, XOs, and Professional Development Officers. Topics included within this training included SAPR lines of effort by the JAG Corps and Navy, UCMJ Article 120, SA-IDA requirements, restricted reporting, expedited transfers, and Military Rules of Evidence related to sexual assault cases. It also covered Victim/Witness Assistance Provider (VWAP) and victims' rights and services.

Navy Trial Departments

- Navy trial departments are divided into nine regions that reflect the regional structure of the Navy installation organization. Each prosecution shop is supervised by a Senior Trial Counsel (STC) (typically O-4 and above) and staffed by core trial counsel and first tour judge advocates who provide supporting attorney work. Each of the nine regional offices maintains a special victims capability, and that capability is developed through a combination of training and experience. Establishing an in-house sexual assault litigation expertise in each of the nine regional STC facilitates supervision and training of the other trial counsel located in that office.
- Training is conducted through NJS and through mobile training efforts. NJS-sponsored, school house litigation training focuses on the long term development of litigators and ensures base-line consistency among trial counsel and defense counsel. Mobile litigation training is sponsored by the Trial Counsel Assistance Program (TCAP). This training is developed annually and is intended to be a flexible and adaptable method to meet emerging needs, including specialized topics related to sexual assault litigation. Mobile training is provided in a variety of ways, specifically, on-site, at each of the nine regional prosecution shops, and online.
- All litigation training focuses on increasing trial and defense counsels' knowledge base, including mastery of pretrial, court-martial, and post-trial procedure; military offenses; witnesses and evidence; sentencing; adverse administrative proceedings; and ethical behavior. Training also focuses on development of litigation and officer-related skills, including leadership, verbal articulation, written communication, prosecutorial vision, perceptiveness, adaptability, and composure.
- All STC and many trial counsel attend the Army's Special Victims Unit Investigations Course (SVUIC), and all trial shops ensure completion of nine-

hours of online training in special victims' offenses. Participation in these training efforts is monitored by NJS and TCAP.

Military Judges

- Navy military judges also received SAPR training separate and apart from other members of the judge advocate community. During the judicial certification process, all judges attend judges' school, at which they receive instruction on the rules of evidence and procedure that guide trials, to include trials involving sexual assault allegations. Before reaching the trial or appellate bench, each judge receives advanced instruction in the rules applicable to these cases.
- Each year, to include this past fiscal year, the inter-service trial judiciaries gather for training, which includes training on rules, procedures and the law involved in sexual assault cases. At the appellate level, the judges hold an annual conference that addresses related items. While the topics change from year-to-year, topics related to sexual assault cases have been included every year. In FY13, one of training blocks included training on the new Article 120.

3.3 Describe your Service's efforts to conduct an assessment of DoD Pilot Program for Special Victims Counsel. If an assessment has been completed, explain findings and recommendations.

U.S. Navy

In February 2013, the Joint Service Committee on Military Justice (JSC) was asked to review, among other things, the concept of Special Victim Counsel (SVC) representation. Navy OJAG is a voting member of the JSC. In January 2013, the Air Force initiated a Special Victims Counsel (AFSVC) pilot program. When the JSC review and report were completed in September 2013, the AFSVC Program had been operational for approximately six months. The Air Force evaluated their pilot program by surveying 14% of the victims that had been represented by an AFSVC; no other military justice entities were surveyed. The infancy of the program as well as the Air Force's limited and one dimensional analysis of its program made any meaningful assessment challenging.

In an effort to help assess the AFSVC pilot program and training issues, the Navy sent two judge advocates to the Air Force SVC Courses held at Maxwell Air Force Base in Montgomery, Alabama in December 2012 and April 2013. This proved invaluable in identifying the challenges and successes of the program, which assisted the Navy in creating its own Victim's Legal Counsel (VLC) Program.

In August 2013, the Navy established the VLC Program. The VLC program consists of a cadre of specially-trained, independent judge advocates who are detailed to provide legal support to eligible victims of sexual assault. The primary mission of the VLC Program is to provide legal counsel and, as appropriate, advocacy for victims. The Navy VLC Program achieved full operational capability in January 2014, an assessment of its effectiveness at its current nascent stage would be premature.

3.4 Describe your efforts to expand the availability, sequencing, and scope of commander's legal courses. Include your measures of effectiveness.

U.S. Navy

The Naval Justice School provides military justice training to Navy and Marine Corps Commanders at the Senior Officer Course. Each block of instruction below covers issues dealing with sexual assault.

Military Justice Training at the Senior Officer Course

- Introduction to Military Justice. This course is not limited to sexual assault, but it provides instruction on key military justice considerations for commanders that are relevant in sexual assault cases to include the following:
 - Overview of the military justice process from investigation to appellate review
 - Mandatory NCIS investigations
 - Courts-martial forums
 - Differences between the military justice and civilian court systems with respect to self-incrimination
 - Search and seizure
 - Grand jury versus Article 32 hearings
 - Speedy trial
 - Sentencing
- Search and Seizure. This course is not limited to sexual assault, but provides instruction on search and seizure issues for commanders that is relevant in sexual assault cases to include elements of a Fourth Amendment search, probable cause searches, non-probable cause searches, and inspections and inventories.
- Self-Incrimination. This course is not limited to sexual assault, but provides instruction on self-incrimination issues for commanders that is relevant in sexual assault cases to include the differences between Article 31b and Miranda rights, custodial interrogations, the exclusionary rule, the voluntariness doctrine, and self-reporting.
- Court-Martial Procedures. This course is not limited to sexual assault, but provides instruction on court-martial procedures for commanders that is relevant in sexual assault cases to include personal and subject matter jurisdiction, reservist jurisdiction, legal hold, double jeopardy, mechanics of convening and referral of charges, types of courts-martial, roles at a court-martial, court-martial members, clemency, and post-trial review.
- Responsibilities of the Convening Authority. This course is not limited to sexual assault, but provides instruction on the responsibilities of a convening authority for commanders that is relevant in sexual assault cases to include the accuser concept, unlawful command influence, apprehension and pre-trial restraint to

<p>include the pre-trial confinement review process, speedy trial clock and excludable delay, and pre-trial agreements to include scope of agreements, protections, and suspension versus disapproval of punishment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hazing. This course does not directly address sexual assault, but provides instruction on hazing for commanders that may be relevant to other misconduct related to sexual assault cases. Instruction is provided on the hazing references, definitions, command responsibilities, and practical examples. • Sexual Assault Initial Disposition Authority. This course provides instruction to commanders on the Navy and Marine Corps SA-IDA withholding policies, collateral misconduct, distinctions among Article 120 offenses, mechanics of withholding and disposition decisions, initial considerations in sexual assault cases, and reporting requirements. • Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR). This course is primarily taught by an area SARC as a guest instructor. It provides training to commanders on SAPR policy, restricted and unrestricted reporting, SAPR personnel requirements, expedited transfers and SAFE kit/records retention, protected communications, and command responsibilities upon notification of an unrestricted report of sexual assault.
<p>3.5 Describe your efforts to assess the effectiveness of the policy to elevate initial disposition authority to a Special Court Martial Convening Authority in the grade of O-6 or higher. Provide documentation in the appendix. If assessment complete, briefly describe results and recommendations.</p>
<p>U.S. Navy</p> <p>There was a significant increase in the number of sexual assault cases reported in FY13 as compared to FY12. Whether any of that increase was due to victim confidence in the process as a result of the policy to elevate the initial disposition authority (IDA) to a Special Court-Martial Convening Authority is unknown. Elevating the IDA to the grade of an O-6 level though, does help ensure that IDAs who are dealing with sexual assault matters generally have more experience convening courts-martial and have easier access to staff judge advocates for legal consultation and advice.</p> <p>Navy is committed to a fair and robust adjudicative process. Navy Victims' Legal Counsel will provide comprehensive support to sexual assault victims throughout the investigative and adjudicative process in the hope that that fewer victims will withdraw from the process. Additionally, OJAG has implemented specialized Sexual Assault training for JAG prosecutors and defense counsel.</p> <p>Commanders play a critical role in the military justice system. The most serious cases of sexual assault now have initial disposition authority elevated to the O-6 special court-martial convening authority level. All Commanders must consult a JAG prior to making any disposition decision.</p>

3.6 Describe any treatment or rehabilitation programs implemented by your Service or Component for those members who have been convicted of a sexual assault. Include any pertinent referrals such as drug and alcohol counseling, or other types of counseling or intervention.

U.S. Navy

Navy stakeholders (i.e., BUMED, CNIC, Regional commands, chaplains, and NCIS) partnered to support victims and alleged perpetrators as appropriate. Through TRICARE, Service members are eligible to receive medical treatment and counseling services at medical and civilian treatment facilities (as needed).

Sailors and Marines convicted of sex offenses are offered various treatment programs at Naval Consolidated Brigs depending upon the length of their confinement and details of their offense. All sex offenders are required to complete a 10-week Sex Offender Education Course (SOED) to familiarize them with the treatment programs and the legal requirements of being a convicted sex offender. Prisoners with enough time to complete the 24-month Sex Offender Treatment Program (SOTP) are confined for treatment at Naval Consolidated Brig Miramar. Sex Offenders frequently have simultaneous troubles with substance abuse and/or violence, so conjunctive programs are also available and offered as needed: Violent Offender Treatment, Anger Management, Dialectical Behavior Therapy (DBT), and Drug and Alcohol Dependence Treatment. After care programs include referrals to community based treatment for continuance of care. Prisoners without sufficient time on their sentences to complete the SOTP program are referred to community based programs after their release. Often, participation in these community programs is stipulated as a condition of supervised release.

The Naval Consolidated Brig Miramar (NCBM), San Diego, California is designated as Navy Corrections exclusive site for the Sex Offender Treatment Program (SOTP) and the Skills, Training, Options, and Plans (STOP) domestic violence treatment program. The General Offender's Violence Treatment Program (GO) provided at NCBM, Naval Consolidated Brig Charleston (NCBC), and Naval Consolidated Brig Chesapeake (NCBCH). The STOP and GO Programs are components of the Violent Offender Treatment Program (VOTP). NCBM provides comprehensive mental health and rehabilitation services to court-martialed offenders sentenced to confinement for five years or less. (Male prisoners sentenced to confinement over five years are assigned to the U.S. Disciplinary Barracks, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas) Services include psychological and bio-psychosocial assessments, a full range of substance abuse/addiction treatment, violent offender treatment, and group therapies focused on changing criminal thinking attitudes and behavior. The clinical staff evaluates and treats a full range of psychiatric disorders and arranges hospitalization through the military regional medical center for those infrequent occasions/circumstances beyond the capabilities of the brig. Many other specialty treatment services are available to prisoners with dual diagnoses (such as substance abuse/dependence, anger management/ violent offense treatment, emotional regulation, etc.)

All Naval Consolidated Brigs are Level II correctional facilities. Naval Consolidated Brig Charleston and Chesapeake also provide substance abuse education and treatment, sex offender education, anger and stress management, and mental health crisis intervention. The staff at consolidated brig sites includes licensed clinical psychologists and social workers, certified drug/ alcohol abuse counselors, mental health specialists, case managers and correctional counselors. A military medical officer and a psychiatrist are assigned part-time.

Directed by a licensed clinical psychologist (Ph.D.), the Miramar Sex Offender Treatment Program staff is clinically credentialed through the Naval Medical Center San Diego and meets the standards for clinical members of the Association for the Treatment of Sexual Abusers. The treatment staff includes licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers and mental health specialists with training and experience in sex offender treatment. A psychiatrist consults with the program and provides assessment and treatment as needed.

All DOD female offenders are confined and treated at Naval Consolidated Brig Miramar, which is also designated as a Level III women's facility.

History

- 1993 - 2000: Sex offenders were assigned to two Naval Consolidated Brig locations, where they could participate in the Sexual Offender Treatment Program (SOTP) at either location: Naval Consolidated Brig Miramar (the model manager for the program) and Naval Consolidated Brig Charleston. They were assigned to the brig geographically closest to the base where convicted.
- Summer 2000: The SOTP was revised, with a sub-specialty at the NCBM and NCBC locations. Prisoners were assigned to the brig that had the program aligned with their confining offense(s). This took place in conjunction with the realignment of the DOD Women's Correctional Facility to NCBM.
 - Sex offenders convicted of sexual offenses against minors: NCBM for the Sex Offender Treatment Program.
 - Sex offenders convicted of sexual offenses against adults (and other non-sexual violent offenders): NCBC for the Violent Offender Treatment Program (VOTP, the overarching title). (The sex offenders then went into the sub-program, Sexually Violent Offender Treatment Program (SVOTP) and the non-sexual violent offenders went into the general Violent Offender Treatment Program at NCBC.)
- 18 March 2011: NPC (PERS 00D1) published new prisoner transfer/ brig assignment criteria, based on the consolidation of these (sex/violent offender) specialty treatment programs at NCBM.

- 19 April 2011: General violence offenders transferred from NCBC to NCBM. The violent offender program was significantly revised with the move to NCBM, which included all-brig staff training on the issues and the program. That was completed and the prisoners moved from NCBC to NCBM for the general violence treatment (only - not the sexual offenders with adult victims) in April 2011.
- 29 August 2011: Sex offenders with adult victims (formerly eligible for the NCBC Sexually Violent Offender Treatment Program) transferred to NCBM. They now participate in the Sexual Offender Treatment Program (SOTP). The VOTP is (now) only for non-sexually violent offenders.
- Once the BRAC-directed construction of the new 200-bed NCBM brig expansion was completed and the DOD Women's Correctional Facility was moved to the new location (providing increased safety and security measures in anticipation of the transfer of adult victim sex offenders from NCBC), the adult victim sex offenders transferred. Those sexual offenders participate in the longstanding NCBM SOTP, which is standard practice in the field to include both types of offenders in the same program (with different components to address each individual's specific offense behaviors). The Sex Offender Education Program (not treatment, but an educational program to motivate and prepare offenders with sentences too short for brig SOTP to seek treatment in the community) is available at NCBM, NCBC and NCBCH.
- 2013: NCBM remains designated as Navy Corrections' exclusive site for the Skills, Training, Options, and Plans (STOP) domestic violence treatment program. The General Offender's (GO) Violence Treatment Program is provided at NCBM. Both NCBC and NCBCH will begin the GO program in 2013.

Sex Offender Education Course

All brig prisoners convicted of a sexual offense, including possession of child pornography, are mandated to attend a Sex Offender Education Course that is ten weeks long. The goals of the classes are to provide education on the dynamics of sexual deviance and sexual perpetration, provide information regarding offense-specific treatment available during confinement, and motivate the prisoner to participate in such treatment. The prisoner is not required to make personal disclosures during the class. At the conclusion of the class or any time after, a prisoner may request entry into the Sex Offender Treatment Program. It is strongly recommended that any prisoner convicted of a sexual offense attend offense-specific treatment in confinement and upon release.

The Sex Offender Treatment Program is a 24-month comprehensive, specialized cognitive-behavioral treatment program that includes physiological assessment, intensive structured group therapy, educational seminars, training in cognitive-behavioral management techniques, and relapse prevention. The psycho-education modules include cognitive restructuring, victim impact training, cognitive and behavioral

arousal reduction techniques, relationship skills, sexuality and relapse prevention. Psychiatric consultation/assessment is available. Clinical materials are available for bibliotherapy to learn more about their problem areas, with a section of sex offense literature.

Entry Criteria

Naval Consolidated Brig Miramar is designated as the site for offense-specific treatment for sexual offenders who have sufficient time to complete treatment. Upon entry into the Sex Offender Treatment Program (SOTP), the individual must have at least 24 months remaining in confinement (after good conduct time and earned time have been factored in), admit some responsibility for the confining offenses and be willing to discuss his/ her sexually deviant behavior in detail. If these initial criteria are met, the individual participates in a screening and evaluation process that includes psychological testing and a clinical interview. During screening, the individual is apprised of the program components and informed of the expectations and behavioral guidelines of the program. Prior to acceptance in the program, the individual must provide voluntary and informed consent to participate and agree to follow program guidelines specified in a Program Agreement.

<u>Sentence Length*</u>	<u>Requirements to complete SOTP</u>
45 months or more	Sufficient time for SOTP
30-45 months	Current and projected abatement (earned time and/or good conduct time) must be held in abeyance until successful completion of SOTP. Accomplished by pre-trial agreement or prisoner volunteers upon arrival
29 months or less	Ineligible

*Generally, sentence length takes into consideration the combined pre-trial confinement time, transfer time, good time abatement credit, earned time abatement credit, general orientation, up to three months wait for sex offender program entry, completion of the Sexual Offender Education Program, assessments, and the treatment program. However, excessive pre-trial time and/or transfer time could make one ineligible. For example, a prisoner with a 36-month sentence who spent seven months in pre-trial confinement would generally not have enough time to complete the program and would be ineligible.

Prisoners who do not have enough confinement time remaining to complete the entire 24 month SOTP are provided guidance to arrange a community-based treatment plan before release. These prisoners voluntarily may address other problem areas while in brig confinement, through substance abuse, anger management, and other related programs. Addressing these problems help them to be ready, immediately upon release, to enter sexual offender treatment in the community.

SOTP Progress and Program Completion

The prisoner's progress in the program is assessed through quarterly case conferences with the treatment team and the prisoner. During the case conference, progress and

participation in all program activities are reviewed and individualized goals identified. Upon satisfactory completion of the treatment program, the prisoner participates in a “maintenance” group to review and modify relapse prevention strategies and solidify aftercare plans. Participation may continue until either paroled or released due to sentence completion.

Prisoners are eligible for parole at one third of the sentence and may be released under strict parole supervision restrictions in the community if there is sufficient time remaining on the sentence after completion of the SOTP. Sex offender community follow-up treatment and other specific restrictions are conditions of parole or Mandatory Supervised Release (MSR). A substantial period of supervised release in the community is crucial to successful long-term success in preventing recidivism.

The offender typically participates in post-release planning and contact between his/ her therapist and the family/ community resources. Satisfactory completion of the treatment program does not constitute a “cure” of the sexual deviance. Following completion of the structured treatment program, the individual should participate in a structured aftercare program continuously to ensure appropriate behavioral management and reduce the risk of recidivism. This is typically a condition of parole or mandatory supervised release.

Additional information:

- Sex Offender Education Course
Frequency & Length: once weekly, 1.5 hours
Duration: 10 weeks
Eligibility: Mandatory for all convicted sex offenders (except those convicted of military-specific crimes involving adults, such as homosexual acts, fraternization or adultery).
Curriculum: NCBM SOTP Education manual
Description: Educational seminars on the dynamics of sexual perpetration and preparation for treatment. Requires no disclosures by participants. Members are informed of programs and may be screened for participation in future programs.
- Education courses are held at least quarterly throughout the year.
- Sex Offender Treatment Program (SOTP)
Sex Offender Treatment Groups (Phase 1)
Frequency & Length: 3x weekly, 1.5 hours per group
Duration: 24 months
Eligibility: Participants must have enough confinement time to complete entire program, consent to program guidelines, admit some responsibility for their offenses, and be willing to discuss their offenses & sexual behavior.
Curriculum: NCBM SOTP manual
Description: A treatment program consisting of psychophysiological assessment and psychological/sexual interest evaluation. Treatment includes cognitive

restructuring, victim awareness, sexuality, cognitive and behavioral arousal reduction techniques, relationship skills and relapse prevention training. Psychiatric consultation is available. (Duration may exceed 24 months based on participant's progress - while rare, a suspension from the program for cause can delay completion.)

- SOTP Seminars (Phase I)
Frequency & Length: Once weekly, 1 hour
Duration: 16 months
Eligibility: Prisoners participating in the SOTP
Curriculum: NCBM SOTP Seminar workbook

3.7 List updates or efforts to update policies requiring the processing for administrative separation of any member convicted of a sexual assault. Include documentation in the appendix.

U.S. Navy

Enlisted Members

For processing for administrative separation of enlisted members, MILPERSMAN 1910-233 (Mandatory Separation Processing; enclosure (2) in Appendix A), 1910-142 (Separation by Reason of Misconduct - Commission of a Serious Offense; enclosure (3) in Appendix A), and 1910-144 (Separation by Reason of Misconduct - Civilian Conviction; enclosure (4) in Appendix A) require that an enlisted member who commits sexual misconduct which could be charged as a violation of the UCMJ Articles 120, 120a, 120b, or 120c, 125, (and other sexual misconduct) be processed for administrative separation. This mandatory administrative separation processing policy includes enlisted members convicted of a sexual assault.

Officers

For processing for administrative separation officers, SECNAVINST 1920.6C (Administrative Separation of Officers; enclosure (5) in Appendix A) is being updated to require an officer who commits sexual misconduct which could be charged as a violation of UCMJ Articles 120, 120a, 120b, or 120c, 125 (and other sexual misconduct) be processed for administrative separation. The proposed revision would require SECNAV to approve any exception to mandatory administrative processing of an officer for sexual misconduct. While the revised SECNAVINST with this policy change has not been finalized, this policy change has been incorporated into Navy procedures for handling officer misconduct cases and is currently being employed in effect. Therefore, any officer convicted of a sexual assault would be mandatorily processed for administrative separation, unless an exception was granted by the Secretary of the Navy.

Serious offenses already include sexual misconduct such as rape, sexual assault, stalking, forcible sodomy, child sexual abuse, possession or distribution of child pornography, incestuous relationships, or any other sexual misconduct that could be charged as a violation of or an attempt to violate 10 U.S.C. §920, §920a, §920b, §920c.

3.8 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to the achievement of high competence in holding offenders appropriately accountable.

U.S. Navy

There are numerous efforts that will impact and enhance competence in holding offenders appropriately accountable, to include the following:

- The first step in holding offenders appropriately accountable is ensuring that sexual assaults are reported. The Navy's awareness campaign about the issue, as well as the increased support services for victims are key components of our plan to encourage and improve reporting.
- Mandatory investigation of all allegations of sexual violence, by MCIOs, leads to appropriate adjudication, including contact and penetration offenses.
- Continued training for Commanders and senior leadership.
- Detailing of more experienced Field Grade Officers as directors of litigation (Senior Trial Counsel) into our three largest prosecution offices.
- Enhanced training for judges which includes SAPR training. Additional training for all judges, trial and appellate, was approved for FY14, and commenced in December. The training is hosted by the National Judicial College via webcast. The subject matter for the webcasts will focus around legal issues relevant to sexual assault cases:
 - Military and Federal Rules of Evidence 412/413/414 – (i.e., policy, cases, methods, foundational requirements.)
 - Common legal issues encountered by judges in trials involving sexual assault type offenses.
 - Expert assistants and witnesses for both the prosecution and defense. The use of experts in sexual assault cases to explain the effects of trauma on alleged victims, either by the Prosecution to support their case or by the Defense in order to challenge the government's case.
- Continued JAG support in the implementation of Adult Sexual Assault Program (ASAP) teams, in all Fleet concentration areas. The early collaboration entails a multidisciplinary review of active cases at the STC and Supervisory Special Agent level and allows NCIS, the RLSO and the SARC to troubleshoot sexual assault investigations, prosecutions, and victim care issues as they arise. Furthermore, this multidisciplinary model promotes early cooperation among stakeholders to improve quality of outcomes.
- Specialized military and civilian sexual assault training courses, for example; Prosecuting Alcohol Facilitated Sexual Assault (PAFSA) and Defending Sexual Assault Cases (DSAC.)
- FY14 annual training efforts include the coordination and development of Targeted Mobile Training Teams, site visits with flexible training sections on special victims crimes and process inspection; live online interactive web-based training sponsored by TCAP and conducted by subject matter experts; archived online training, web-based recordings of previous trainings that can be accessed

<p>as needed as part of local training plans; Regionally developed training plans, STC coordinated weekly or bi-weekly training, coordinated with TCAP, and shared online. Additionally, NJS will sponsor the PAFSA course, DSAC course, Trial Counsel and Defense Counsel Orientation, and Basic Trial Advocacy Externships for judge advocates in Sexual Assault Units of District Attorney Offices.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Full implementation of Victims' Legal Counsel (VLC) Program. • Video Vignettes Project, which is a series of online training segments which use both instruction and scripted drama as a vehicle to instruct judge advocates about skills and techniques fundamental to sexual assault litigation. • Continued publication of all results of courts-martial. • Publication of Prosecuting Alcohol Facilitated Sexual Assault Prosecution Manual.
<p>4. LOE 4—Advocacy/Victim Assistance--The objective of advocacy/victim assistance is to “deliver consistent and effective victim support, response, and reporting options.”</p>
<p>4.1 Summarize your Service or Component's efforts to achieve the Advocacy/Victim Assistance End state: “DoD provides high quality services and support to instill confidence and trust, strengthen resilience, and inspire victims to report.”</p>
<p>U.S. Navy</p> <p>Navy achieves the Advocacy/Victim assistance end state of high quality services and support to instill confidence and trust, strengthen resilience, and inspire victims to report through a strong, well trained legal system, victim support from SARCs to SANEs, and the cross pollination of best practices throughout the Fleet. Specifically:</p> <p>Legal System</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation of the VLC Program. • Special Victims Capability Course - Specialized multi-disciplinary course for Legal Personnel, Victim Advocates, and First Tour Judge Advocates. It focused on improving and enhancing victim care and support, prosecution support; providing a more comprehensive and standardized response to allegations of child abuse, serious domestic violence, and sexual assault offenses; gaining a better understanding of the dynamics of special victim crimes, working with victims; increasing collaboration of effort within the military justice system. • Sexual Assault Case Management Group (SACMG), which is a multi-disciplinary group that meets monthly and is co-led by the installation commanders and SARCs to ensure that victims receive all available services and support in relation to their unrestricted reports of sexual assault. • Vigorous awareness, education, and training programs incorporating, among other things, reporting options, support services, legal assistance/victims legal counsel, and expedited transfer options. • Employment of HQE at OJAG HQs, TCAP, and Defense Counsel Assistance

Program (DCAP) to develop and implement training and provide expert advice and experienced reach back to counsel in the field.

Victim Support

- In FY13, CNIC HQ executed the NDAA FY12 requirement of having at least one military or civilian employee full-time Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC) and at least one military or civilian employee SAPR VA assigned to each brigade or equivalent unit level of the armed forces. To meet this requirement, 66 full-time equivalent DoD civilian SARC and 66 full-time equivalent civilian SAPR VAs were hired to deliver consistent and effective victim support and response. Of the SARC FTEs, nine Regional SARC (RSARC) positions were established to streamline communication and ensure better coordination and consistency of services between CNIC, regional leadership, and the SARCs in the field. The RSARCs assist achieving the Advocacy/Victim Assistance goal by coordinating and overseeing regional implementation and execution of the SAPR Program. Commands further achieve these efforts by ensuring they have an appropriate number of Unit SAPR Victim Advocates in accordance with (IAW) with guidance and policy.
- Victim Advocate Training is the cornerstone of an effective SAPR Program. Program training curriculum emphasizes the importance of treating victims with dignity and respect and thereby reinforcing DOD objectives. Prospective SAPR VAs are taught the importance of demonstrating compassion and care for victim welfare and the importance this interaction in instilling victim confidence in the SAPR Program. A portion of SAPR VA Training is designed to familiarize them with local civilian and military resources that are available for victim care and treatment. Overseas, the SAPR VAs visit rape crisis centers in their area and are provided with a tour of the facility to better understand their services and capabilities, as this may be a valuable referral and resource for victims. SAPR VA's also visit the local U.S. Naval Hospital or similar medical facility and receive a briefing by a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) regarding the intricacies of the process to provide support to a victim while undergoing a SAFE. These educational methods assist SAPR VA's in further understanding the resources available to them and their unique capabilities. Periodic trainings and communications with SAPR VA's also serve as continuing education engagements to provide program changes that further expand the range of services offered to victims.
- Chaplain Corps
 - While SECNAV Instruction 1730.9 promulgated policy on confidential communications to chaplains in Feb. 2008, there continues to be a lack of understanding of this policy and this significant and unique capability the Chaplain Corps (CHC) offers to the population it serves. A current poll on NPC's website further points to the need to educate service members and families about this benefit. Given the continuing stigma service members associate with seeking help, chaplains continue to offer Sailors, Marines, Coast Guardsmen, and their families a safe place to talk, without fear or judgment through unbreakable confidentiality.

- The chaplains deployed a campaign to help educate leadership, service members and families on the existence of this core capability, benefits to service members, and the details of SECNAVINST 1730.9 that codify it. The ultimate goal is to increase use of embedded chaplain support as part of an ongoing strategic messaging effort to help define the Chaplain Corps brand; communicate the tremendous value chaplains bring to increase health of the force, personal resilience, and mission-readiness.
- Chaplains provide a safe place to talk 24/7, without fear or judgment, with unbreakable confidentiality. Chaplains will not report what service members share in confidence to the command nor can a commander compel them to break confidentiality.
- Chaplains care for and support all service members and families, regardless of individual faith beliefs, if any.
- Chaplains will not leave an individual alone when the individual or others are at risk.
- Chaplains will always assist in guiding an individual to the appropriate resources.
- Measures of Effectiveness
 - Navy Personnel Command (NPC) poll will serve as baseline to test pre-campaign awareness and overall effectiveness post-campaign.
 - Monitor views of Message to the Fleet and local resource page hits and product downloads.
 - Monitor social media engagement: shares, likes, comments through various channels/pages.
 - Monitor Navy 311 call volume for chaplain requests pre- and post-campaign.
 - Leverage NCMST to source awareness of confidentiality during counseling visits.
 - Admiral Tidd, Admiral Kibben and CAPT Weeden emailed senior service leadership informing of campaign launch and efforts to educate on SECNAVINST 1730.9 prior to official launch.
- SELs engage with SMMC and MCPON regarding campaign to advocate for support in their channels.
- Provide talking points to ensure strategic messaging across CHC. Encourage theme of confidentiality in chapel signage, sermons, Chaplains' Corner, command newsletters and other base publications, during counseling visits, briefs.
- Incorporate materials, including RC scenarios, into current Naval Chaplaincy School and Center "A" course and basic course curriculum for future chaplains and Religious Program Specialist (RPs).
- Work with CCPD to integrate materials into GMTs to standardize curriculum across the enterprise.
- BUMEDINST 6310.11A of May 2013 established the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery policy, responsibility, and guidance in addressing medical - forensic requirements in support of sexual assault victims.
 - The comprehensive victim-centered management of sexual assault

victims requires addressing physical and psychological trauma, appropriate coordination of care, and collection of medical-forensic evidence. SAFE kits are now available at 24/7 military medical treatment facilities. However, the unique and often isolated environments in which Fleet units operate require additional consideration when providing this care.

- In response to CNO and Navy Surgeon General (SG) direction, US Fleet Forces Command (USFFC) and Command Pacific Fleet (CPF) joint message DTG 241414Z JUL 13 outlined SAFE training requirements for Fleet medical providers. Fleet medical departments were directed to establish and maintain the ability to provide SAFE 24/7 in an underway/deployed setting no later than 1OCT13. The training requirement for each Fleet provider consisted of 14.5 hours of computer-based training using disks provided by BUMED through the Navy Medical Professional Development Center (NMPDC). The initial training software was not able to be used by Fleet units due to network security and certification requirements which delayed the commencement of training within the Fleet. NMPDC coordinated the modification of the training software to be Fleet network compliant and initial shipments were initiated on 1AUG13. Additionally, Fleet medical departments began the verification and requisition of SAFE kits required to comply with the policy.
 - From August through September, Fleet ISIC's and TYCOM's executed an aggressive and efficient management campaign that involved the requisition, shipping and tracking of all required supplies and training material to 146 afloat units in world-wide locations. These extraordinary efforts were responsible for the execution of the training and equipping of 191 CPF medical providers in less than eight weeks and resulted in 100% compliance with the CNO and Navy SG goal date of 1OCT13.
- Fleet and Family Support Center
 - USFF ensures that there are the appropriate number of credentialed SAPR VAs on each unit and that they are working collaboratively with the SARCs and Chaplains to ensure the high quality of care for our victims
 - Each of the Fleet training events address reporting from both the accountability perspective and the most important item to provide support for the victim through SMEs and open discussion with leadership in program managers
 - All Commanding Officers, Executive Officers, and Senior Enlisted leaders receive Sexual Assault Prevention and Response training before they assume their position of leadership.
 - Training efforts also focus on making sure that leaders at all levels clearly understand the reporting requirements, the trust placed on them in the event of a sexual assault, and the responsibility they have to identify and mitigate barriers within their command that may prevent a Sailor from reporting.
 - Fleet Commander and Fleet Master Chief visits to each of our areas and

individual commands, Fleet workshops, and other Fleet sponsored events routinely and consistently address reporting. The key message to Sailors is that "if this type of behavior happens to you, we want you to report it."

- **Best Practices**

- Commander, Third Fleet (COMTHIRDFLT) continued to advocate small group sessions with involved command leadership to further develop trust among the command and foster increased reporting. This approach thus far has shown the greatest progress based upon the response from our Sailors. This best practice has been shared via the Naval Recruiting Southwest Cross Functional Team and has been successfully implemented at air, surface and shore commands. The barrier they are now seeing is that victims are not fully participating throughout the investigation and prosecutorial process, which is further impacting the ability to close out the legal process completely. In FY14, CPF commands will be examining ways in which we can improve upon victim participation throughout the process.
- Fleet Combat Camera employs personable, dependable and knowledgeable personnel of varying racial and cultural backgrounds who have volunteered to become victim advocates to decrease the interpersonal barriers that often follow an assault so that the victim can receive the assistance they need in a safe and comfortable climate.
- Due to some unique locations, Navy personnel have the option to receive an Air Force SAPR VA or other Joint SAPR VA and vice versa if the victim so chooses.
- In some of the more remote locations, the installation SARCs have a memorandum of understanding with local hospitals and the YWCA to provide resources. The duty SAPR VA watch bills are pre-coordinated with SAFE sites for that month, improving communication and minimizing collection times for victims.
- Some CPF commands report that their SAPR VA program (coupled with the rest of SAPR) resulted in over 70% of Sailors making unrestricted reports desiring to remain at their present command after reporting a sexual assault (not requesting expedited transfer); this is due to the confidence and empowerment of the victim to overcome the situation with assistance of the trained SAPR VA.
- Commands, especially those with an integrated workforce or a higher frequency of personnel incidents, have increased the number of trained Victim Advocates to provide more reporting and assistance avenues. For example, onboard our tenders, USS FRANK CABLE (AS-40) and USS EMORY S. LAND (AS-39), the number of SAPR VA's onboard have increased from five to 23 in FY13.
- In the Joint arena, Commander, U.S. Naval Forces Korea (CNFK) and Command Naval Forces Region Korea (CNRK) has Inter-Service Support Agreements with the U.S. Army that allows Navy personnel to utilize any Army hospital or medical clinic on the Korean peninsula.

- SANE and Social Work/Mental Health Counseling services are available from Army Hospitals in Korea upon request. Army SARC and SAPR VAs who take a sexual assault report involving a Sailor will provide a warm hand-off to the Navy SAPR VA and SARC in order to ensure that any service-specific reporting and investigation requirements are conducted. A number of local public affairs, media and awareness strategies including Posters in the barracks, POW notes and CNRK webpage and Public Service Announcements on TV and Radio provide POC information and reporting options. Sailors assigned to Special United States Liaison Advisor Korea (SUSLAK) or United States Forces Korea (USFK) are authorized to use Army services offered on US Army Garrison Yongsan. In the event a report of sexual assault involving a Sailor is taken by another service SAPR VA or SARC, that services SAPR VA/SARC provides a “warm hand-off” to a Navy SAPR VA or SARC.
- Command SAPR POCs/SAPR VAs distribute business cards throughout the activities and continue to do so to new check-ins during indoctrination training.
- Reserve Forces
 - Transition to DoD Sexual Assault Advocate Certification Program (D-SAACP) credentialed Unit SAPR VAs has established a quality baseline for the Navy Reserve SAPR VA pool, eliminating advocates who were not willing to dedicate the time and effort to establish or maintain their qualification. Navy Reserve Force currently utilizes Active Component and Full-time Support Unit SAPR VAs, whose accessibility improves victim confidence in their ability to make a report when desired. Selected Reserve SAPR VAs, although credentialed, are utilized only as augmentation when they are able to come on active duty orders for a specified amount of time. Navy Reserve Force currently has two waiver requests submitted for additional efforts to improve quality of advocacy service and support:
 - Allowing stand-alone Navy Operational Support Centers (NOSC) to utilize nearest military installation Duty SAPR VA will reduce missed and dropped calls that occur in geographically remote areas that tend to have inadequate cell phone system coverage.
 - The Reserve Law Program has been heavily involved in the Victim's Legal Counsel (VLC) program through FY13 and took actions to provide the following support in FY14:
 - Ten RC JAG officers on Active Duty for Special Work (ADSW) and two Reserve recalls serving as VLC.
 - Seven RC enlisted Sailors (YN) on ADSW and serving as VLC support
 - Three RC JAG Officers on ADSW and serving to backfill AC JAG officers who are serving as VLC.
 - Pursuing an additional four recall opportunities for JAG officers: two

to serve as VLC and two to backfill AC JAG officers who will fill VLC billets.
4.2 List the total number of full-time SARC/SAPR VAs serving at brigade or equivalent level. If not at 100%, describe your efforts to achieve 100% fill.
<p>U.S. Navy</p> <p>The Navy is in compliance with the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) FY12 requirements that at least one military or full-time equivalent DoD civilian SARC and at least one full-time equivalent DoD civilian SAPR VA be assigned to each brigade or equivalent unit level of the Armed Forces. To be in compliance with this requirement, the Navy was required to provide 66 SARC FTE and 66 SAPR VA FTE positions. The Navy has provided a total of 81 SARCs, 67 civilian SAPR VAs, and 4,395 certified collateral duty SAPR VAs within commands.</p>
4.3 List the total number SARCs and SAPR VAs certified in FY13. If not at 100%, describe your efforts to achieve 100% certified.
<p>U.S. Navy</p> <p>Due to vacancies, turnovers and technical issues, there were three SARCs and four SAPR VAs not certified by the 30SEP13 deadline. CNIC HQ requested OSD SAPRO provide an ad hoc review of these applications. Since then, all seven have been certified.</p>
4.4 Describe your efforts to develop victim continuity of care protocol in collaboration with the Department of Veterans Affairs and external Veterans Service Organizations.
<p>U.S. Navy</p> <p>During FY13, Regions reported new and ongoing collaborative efforts between installation SARCs and Veterans Administration Clinics/Medical Centers. Regions report SARCs work in collaboration with Veterans Administration (VA) services to provide training and education to SAPR Victim Advocates about the extensive services available to victims and transition service members. Examples of best practices include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Naval Air Station Whidbey Island SARC provides a one-on-one, comprehensive “out brief” regarding the effects of trauma, available services, as well as options and/or reasons to contact the SAPR VA and Veterans Service Organization (VSO). Veterans Administration services are co-located with SAPR personnel, enabling immediate referral and SAPR personnel awareness of all SAPR VA services. In addition, the SAPR office continues contact for further assistance post separation.

- Naval Base Kitsap SARC immediately refers victims to the Transition Goals, Plans, Success (T-GPS) program, initiates resume appointments, provides victims with a copy of their DD-2910, and provides information required to acquire additional copies, if needed. In addition, the SARC educates victims about the availability of the Military Sexual Trauma (MST) support through local Department VA (DVA) and provides contact information. If the victim anticipates transition to the Reserve, the SARC provides referral to US Navy Reserve Psychological Health Outreach Program.
- Command Naval Region Mid-Atlantic (CNRMA) SARCs work in collaboration with local Veterans Centers/organizations. Veteran organizations are invited participants/facilitators during various SAPR program refresher training events. Veteran Representatives provide extensive information on services available to victims of sexual assault from Veterans Administration facilities.

4.5 Describe your efforts to improve the portability and availability of victim services in deployed environments, ensuring continuity of victim care. Include a description of the steps taken during that year to ensure that trained personnel, appropriate supplies, and transportation resources are accessible to deployed units in order to provide an appropriate and timely response in any case of reported sexual assault in a deployed unit, location, or environment.

U.S. Navy

The structure of Navy SAPR is consistent both afloat and ashore. SAPR VAs deploy with commands and are trained and supported by the installation SARC (reach back for support). Sailors serving as an Individual Augmentee (IA) or assigned to a non-Navy installation, are provided support by the affiliated/lead Military Service SARC and SAPR VA within that installation/environment (e.g. Iraq, Marine Base, etc.).

- SARCs provide ongoing education to SAPR personnel and pre-deployment training to commands as a part of ensuring timely response to sexual assaults in deployed environments. SARCs track and manage refresher training for designated command SAPR personnel to avoid lapse in their certifications. Even while deployed, installation SARCs are responsible for maintaining contact with SAPR personnel away from their homeport locations to keep them abreast of program updates and command requirements.
- Navy's IAs are provided with wallet sized cards are provided with contact numbers reachable in the combat area of operations.
- NCIS personnel deploy and provide timely response to reported cases of sexual assault in deployed locations. Currently, NCIS maintains personnel in Afghanistan, the Horn of Africa, and Iraq. In deployed locations where NCIS is not currently imbedded, a response capability exists.

As directed, Fleet medical departments established and maintained the ability to provide SAFEs on a 24/7 basis in an underway/deployed setting prior to the end of FY13.

There were no reported gaps in supply inventory for the kits, trained personnel, or transportation resources for deployed naval units in FY13. However, transportation of victims and/or suspects from units at sea (e.g., underway) and those who are able to conduct SAFEs may affect preservation of evidence and victim's willingness to participate in investigations or prosecution.

From August through September, Fleet ISICs and TYCOMs executed an aggressive and efficient management campaign that involved the requisition, shipping, and tracking of all required and training material to 146 afloat units in world-wide locations. These extraordinary efforts were responsible for the execution of the training and equipping of 191 CPF medical providers in less than eight weeks and resulted in 100% compliance with the CNO and the Navy's Surgeon General 1 October 2013 due date.

SAPR VA training is the cornerstone of an effective SAPR Program. Overseas, the SAPR VAs visit rape crisis centers in their area to better understand their services and capabilities. Due to some unique locations, Navy personnel have the option to receive services and support from SARCs and/or SAPR VAs from other Services. In some of the more remote locations, the base has established Memorandums of Agreement/Understanding with local hospitals for the provision of immediate access to SAFEs, improving communications, clarifying expectations, and standardizing evidence collection procedures.

In the Joint Korean arena, Commander, U.S. Naval Forces Korea (CNFK) and Command Naval Forces Region Korea (CNRK) have Inter-Service Support Agreements with the U.S. Army that allows Navy personnel to utilize Army hospitals or medical clinics on the Korean peninsula.

SANE and Social Work/Mental Health Counseling services are available from USA Hospitals in Korea upon request. USA SARC and SAPR VAs who take a sexual assault report involving a Navy Sailor will provide a warm hand-off to the Navy SAPR VA and SARC in order to ensure that any service-specific reporting and investigation requirements are conducted.

COCOMs support the implementation of the SAPR Program in an operational environment. Navy Medicine fully supports training SAFE providers and healthcare personnel that deploy in support of the COCOMs.

USFF Command Chaplain provides Chaplain and RP training through the CHC Navy Knowledge Online website and can be used by Religious Ministry Teams on deployment or in remote locations.

- CHC GMT Plus. The materials used for Chaplain Corps GMT are for awareness and use in providing religious ministry in the area of SAPR. Having been trained in the SAPR Plus program, Chaplains are certified to provide the standard Navy General Military Training (GMT). They may also provide the command the value-based SAPR Plus GMT, at a CO's request and coordinated with the command's program manager and training officer. The chaplain based GMT-

Plus programs are intended to augment, not replace, what is currently being provided by command program managers in SAPR. The program includes a version of the SAPR Plus brief, a student training guide, and a PowerPoint program for use by the chaplain. Additionally, the subject matter of this training program may bring up concerns and issues that chaplains, as trained professionals, are uniquely qualified to address. Also included is a Tri-fold brochure to be used by chaplains as a template for their specific area of ministry.

4.6 Describe revised policies and/or procedures developed that allow Reserve Component Service members who are victims of sexual assault while on active duty to remain on active duty status to obtain the treatment and support afforded active duty members. Include documentation in the appendix.

U.S. Navy

Section 571 of the NDAA FY13 amended 10 U.S.C. Chapter 1209, section 12323 to authorize retention of Reserve sailors on active duty or return Reserve service members to active duty after assaults for line of duty ("LoD") determination upon the member's request. Service Secretaries may order retention until completion of LoD determinations. Members are to be informed of this option as soon as practicable after they report a sexual assault.

- It is important to note that RC members are not eligible to remain on active duty status for the duration of treatment, only as long as necessary to determine approval or disapproval of benefits and service connection. This policy was implemented with release of the March 2013 DODINST 6495.02 and August 2013 SECNAVINST 1752.4B (Appendix CNRF-1) (enclosure (1) of Appendix A), and is available to victims who have filed either a restricted or unrestricted report of sexual assault.
- Relevant training has been incorporated into the RC CO training pipeline and the option for recall or retention is reiterated during First Flag Interviews and one-to-one communications between Reserve Force SAPR Program personnel and the CO.
- Funding for these orders is being approved at the Echelon III level, keeping feasibility of response time well within the 30-day limit as indicated by SECNAVINST 1752.4B; enclosure (1) in Appendix A.
- During FY13, one service member utilized this option and returned to active duty for approximately 30 days. No requests were denied.
- Our SARCs maintain strong relationships with Navy Operational Support Centers (NOSCs) and Reserve units within their area of responsibility (AOR) through meetings and training to discuss SAPR policy revisions and procedures.

4.7 Describe your efforts to enhance sexual assault training for health care providers. Include requirements that ensure training conforms to "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents"; how to handle a Restricted Report; and how to conduct the SAFE exam.

U.S. Navy

BUMEDINST 6310.11A (2 May 2013) established a comprehensive program to provide victims of sexual assault access to Sexual Assault Forensic Exams (SAFE) at both 24/7 military treatment facilities (MTFs) and non-24/7 MTFs by the end of FY13. The efforts and scope of this program extended to our Navy Medicine partners at U.S. Fleet Forces and U.S. Pacific Fleet to provide the same level of training and care in maritime and expeditionary environments for victims of sexual assault.

- As of October 24, 2013, 97 Navy MTFs are now capable of conducting SAFEs. MTFs around the globe have trained a total of 324 Navy MTF SAFE providers. In US Fleet Forces, 287 providers have been trained to provide SAFE care on 123 surface, air, expeditionary and submarine platforms. In US Pacific Fleet, 191 providers have been trained to provide SAFE care on 142 surface, air, and submarine platforms. Additionally, 57 providers attached to the Military Sealift Command have undergone SAFE training.
- Training for these 859 personnel included 14.5 hours of standardized DVD teaching. This interactive DVD training was mapped against the Department of Justice National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examination and helps ensure that all providers receive an industry standard quality training product. Program managers at the Regional and MTF level are actively engaged in laying the groundwork for sustaining proficient, confident, caring, SAFE providers to meet the needs of victims of sexual assault 24/7.
- Navy Medicine is ready in our response to provide forensic exams around the globe and will coordinate a team response to caring for and preventing sexual assault in the military.

4.8 Describe sexual assault related health care initiatives undertaken by your Service in FY13. Include mental health treatment programs and follow-up procedures that are gender-responsive, culturally competent, and recovery-oriented.

U.S. Navy

Creation, implementation and testing of victim care protocols (VCP) at 96 of 97 SAFE capable MTFs have been achieved through Regional program efforts. VCPs ensure standardized and coordinated SAPR/SAFE responses to victims of sexual assault.

- All Navy SAFE kits are submitted by Navy SAFE providers to U.S. Army Criminal Investigation Laboratory (USACIL) which undergo a quality assurance review. Feedback results will be shared with the provider submitting the forensic evidence and trends will be shared with all stakeholders.
- BUMED representatives are currently participating on Psychological Health Counsel for OASD/HA and supporting GAO Male Sexual Assault committees.
- MTFs work to have both male and female SAFE providers available to perform exams, as well as having both sexes available as assistants for the exams if

needed.

- SARCs work to have both male and female SAPR VAs available.
- Gender based sensitivity lectures are included in SAFE orientation classes at MTFs throughout Navy Medical West (NMW). Efforts are underway to standardize this practice for all MTFs.

Navy Regions and CNRF shared the following initiatives in support of these efforts:

- Command Naval Region Mid-Atlantic (CNRMA) Region's Naval Medical Center Portsmouth (NMCP) Sexual Assault Forensic Examiner (SAFE) program has trained and qualified a number of forensic examiners sited in military medical facilities. This allows for exams to begin immediately, which shortens the sexual assault victim wait time for the arrival of the SAFE provider.
- Command Naval Region Midwest (CNRMW) Great Lakes SAPR staff has collaborated with the Recruit Evaluation Unit (REU) to better understand the process for recruits seeking mental health services while at Recruit Training Command (RTC.) Navy Region Midwest (NRMW) SAPR staff also works closely with Fleet and Family Support Center counselors who work with students and staff within the region, particularly those who work in the Counseling in a Recruit Environment (CARE) office to better understand accessing services and the process for recruits seeking counseling services.
- CNRMW SAPR staff works closely with Fleet and Family Support Center (FFSC) counselors who provide services to students and staff within the region, particularly those who work in the Counseling in a Recruit Environment (CARE) office to better understand accessing services and the process for recruits seeking counseling services. Great Lakes SAPR staff also work with the mental health and medical providers at the James A. Lovell Federal Health Care Center to provide members receiving SAPR services expanded resources.
- Navy Reserve Force (NRF) worked with BUMED to identify all SAFE-capable military medical facilities. This nation-wide list is utilized by geographically remote Navy Reserve commands to recommend nearest SAFE-capable clinic to victims who desire to use a military facility or to preserve the capability to maintain a restricted report.
- Navy Reserve Psychological Health Outreach Program (PHOP) Teams are assigned at each of the five Echelon IV Reserve regional commands and facilitate Reserve Sailor access to appropriate psychological health care services.
- In addition to extensive outreach efforts, PHOP staff members are on-call and available by phone, email, and text for consultation and referral services.
- A summary of PHOP services and initiatives for FY13 is included as (enclosure (3) of Appendix A).

4.9 List the number of victims, if any, whose care was hindered due to lack of SAFE kits or timely access to appropriate laboratory testing resources and describe the measures you took to remedy the situation.

U.S. Navy

As directed, BUMED achieved 100% SAFE capability by 30 September 2013. In FY13 there were no instances where victims reported to SARCs that SAFE kits or other supplies were not available at the time of the victim's exam.

4.10 List initiatives and programs implemented to reduce the stigma and overcome barriers associated with reporting sexual assault.

U.S. Navy

Our objective is to deliver consistent and effective victim support, response, and reporting options with the goal of providing high quality services and support. In doing so we will instill confidence and trust, strengthen resilience, and inspire victims to report. Reporting, advocacy coordination, medical services, legal support and counseling for the victim, as well as appropriate advocacy and legal support of the alleged offender, are the cornerstones of this effort. Navy initiatives and programs implemented to reduce the stigma and overcome barriers associated with reporting sexual assault are:

- Credentialed SARCs/SAPR VAs. SARCs serve as the single point of contact to coordinate sexual assault response when a sexual assault is reported. SAPR VAs facilitate care and provide referrals and non-clinical support and advocacy to victims.
- Victims' Legal Counsel (VLC). The VLC program will dedicate 30 Judge Advocates (29 VLC and one COS) with military justice experience to provide eligible victims of sexual assault with legal support. The primary mission of the VLC Program will be to provide legal counsel and, as appropriate, advocacy for victims. Navy VLC will help protect victim's rights through the investigative and adjudicative stages of the military justice system. VLC will also assist SARCs and SAPR VAs in the successful execution of their duties. VLC duties include explaining the investigative and military justice processes; advocating the victim's rights and interests, and when appropriate, appearing in court on the victim's behalf.
- Expedited transfer for the victim to remove the victim from the environment where the assault happened or where the victim feels uncomfortable.
- 24/7 SAFE capability at MTFs
- Increased investigative capacity at NCIS

Other specific Navy best practices are:

- BUMED. During the FY13 SAPR Stand Down, BUMED commands shared sexual assault statistics with staff members including awarded punishment for subjects. BUMED published local and DOD resources that support reporting. Using the DEOCS Survey data, BUMED has created a baseline for SAPR intervention climate and SAPR leadership support. Through use of focus groups and additional surveying, command CMEOs managers will work with SAPR teams to develop initiatives that reduce the stigma associated with sexual

assault reporting.

- Pacific Fleet commands continued training on the availability of support services for victims of sexual assault. Other initiatives and programs include CSADD, DEOMI, SAAM events, Public Service Announcements, and shared personal survival stories during training. Additionally, CO Toolkit briefs have had a positive impact on command climate and on reducing/overcoming barriers. As a result of these toolkits COs have been able to demonstrate a more thorough understanding of their roles and responsibilities regarding the SAPR Program.
 - Persistent command education and awareness training at all levels helped reduce the stigma associated with reporting. Methods used included:
 - Information Tables
 - Display Boards
 - 5K run/walk
 - Facilitation of victim panel during SAPR prevention education programs
 - Reiteration by command leadership regarding support of SAPR Program to include SARCs' involvement during All Hands events;
 - Facilitation of training related to victim sensitivity, myths and facts of sexual assault, and victim blaming biases;
 - Implementation of BI training to provide Sailors with tools to intervene – common understandings about assault and Sailor's responsibilities to each other is a step towards reducing stigma;
 - Reinforcement of the workforce's understanding of the SAPR Program, processes, rights, and expectations, emphasizing the restricted reporting option to protect privacy.
 - Heightened sexual assault awareness will also continue to build confidence and reduce the stigma in reporting sexual assault. Key areas for increased education include increased training and education for Command Duty Officers and Officers of the Deck to ensure understanding of confidentiality policy and victims' rights under the SAPR program and increased marketing and education for all personnel on DoD Safe Helpline.
 - In some PACFLT commands, the combination of facilitated discussion and small group sessions with involved leadership appears to have proven successful in the short term, but further data analysis will describe the efficacy of these approaches. The on-going initiatives which seek to reduce reporting via OPREP-3 and more fully utilize the DSAID database should help to remove barrier associated with reporting and access to information.
 - Barriers to reporting were found to be a common thread throughout all FY13 training sessions. One of the most widely discussed barriers was in relation to reporting of incidents by underage Sailors when alcohol was involved. Sailors stated that if they could ensure they would be exempted from charges for underage drinking, victims might be more willing to make an unrestricted report.
 - Increasing the use of "edutainment" initiatives will build upon the

successes shown during “No Zebras” training sessions. Based upon the feedback received from Sailors, these sessions should get closer to reducing the stigma associated with reporting. All levels of leadership are consistently urged to include sexual assault discussions in their meetings, mess, leadership and mess forums. SAPR representatives are thoroughly engaged in spearheading these efforts. Our commands report constantly training to dispel myths of SA, utilizing facts and statistics. Data compiled from the “Stamp Out Sexual Assault” pay-grade focus groups indicated that open-forum discussion is the most effective tool to reducing the stigma and overcoming barriers associated with SA for our Sailors. It provides an avenue for peers to communicate with one another and provides the SAPR team the opportunity to address any of their concerns. We will continue to conduct more training utilizing this format.

- Commander Naval Forces Korea sponsors a monthly "Meet the SAPR VA" event. SAPR VAs set up a table at a public location on base and answer questions, provide discussions and hand out SAPR literature to US and Korean military and civilian personnel. This event is designed to promote engagement with the SAPR program and a greater comfort level with the individuals and services responsible for prevention, care, and response.
- FFC
 - Command leadership training (CO, XO, CMC) has focused on the need for leadership to create a climate where Victims are comfortable coming forward with Unrestricted or Restricted reports of Sexual Assault.
 - As discussed above, the Mid-Atlantic Region ASAP teams and prosecutors have collaborated earlier in the process and streamlined processes which have cut the amount of time a case will take to be processed through investigation and adjudication.
 - Victim Advocates and Sexual Assault Response Counselors have received significant training on the intricacies of the legal system so they can better educate Victims, return control to victims and to help set expectations for victims.
 - FFC has ensured each command has the appropriate number of credentialed victim advocates to help create a climate where a potential victim will feel comfortable to come forward to report a sexual assault
 - Each of the Fleet training events provide discussion on reducing stigma though the use of SMEs that allow leadership and program managers to learn new tools to enhance their knowledge in this specific area.
 - Training efforts focus on making sure that leaders at all levels clearly understand how stigma effects the reporting of sexual assault, the trust placed on them in the event of a sexual assault, and the responsibility they have to identify and mitigate barriers within their command that may prevent a Sailor from reporting.

4.11 Describe what measures have been taken by your Service to ensure that Service members are informed in a timely manner of the member's option to request a Military Protective Order (MPO) from the command of assignment. Include documentation that requires law enforcement agents to document MPOs in their investigative case files, to include documentation for Reserve Component personnel in title 10 status.

U.S. Navy

CNIC HQ has provided training and guidance for SARCs to provide information on the option of MPO to service members upon initial contact and the completion of an initial safety assessment (as documented on the SAPR Program Intake Data Form (DD Form 2965). Additionally, SARCs provide training to SAPR VAs on the requirement to discuss the option of requesting a military protective order (MPO). Navy built redundancy into our process ensuring the service member is reminded at different times about their option to request a MPO. Specifically:

- The newly hired credentialed SARCs and SAPR VAs are instructed to inform victims about their ability to request an MPO if they file an unrestricted report. All SAPR VA's are required to follow the victim safety worksheet. Part 2 of the victim safety worksheet states: "I am aware of my right to request an MPO and/or a civilian Protection Order (CPO), if desired".
- VLCs inform victims that they may request an MPO.
- Other judge advocates (trial counsel, SJAs, legal assistance attorneys) also routinely inform victims that they can request an MPO.
- The Victim Witness Assistance Program (VWAP) also provides MPO information to victims.
- Separate and apart from a victim's option to request an MPO, commanders are taught safety is paramount, even before requested by the victim. For example, at the Senior Officer Course taught at the Naval Justice School, attendees are instructed on MPOs as part of their SAPR-related training.
- Additionally, judge advocates also provided SAPR-GMT and SAPR-C training to the Fleet, which included a segment on MPOs and expedited transfer procedures. In August 2013, a SECNAV instruction provided additional guidance regarding the issuance of MPOs and expedited transfer procedures.
- DoD and SECNAV instructions issued in 2013 directed law enforcement agents to document MPOs in their investigative case files, to include documentation for Reserve Component personnel in Title 10 status.
- MPOs are part of command indoctrination. Service members who file an unrestricted report of sexual assault shall be informed by the SARC, SAPR VA, or their CO at the time of making the report, or as soon as practicable, of the option to request a MPO in accordance with the DoD Commander's Checklist for unrestricted reports of Sexual Assault.
- During recent SAPR Stand-Down, SAPR-F, and SAPR-L training sessions, commands specifically emphasized the use of MPOs in cases related to sexual assault. Additionally, all victims are briefed by the SARC/SAPR VA regarding their option to request an MPO.

- Chaplains counsel sexual assault victims concerning MPOs

SECNAVINST 1752.4B promulgates policy on this issue for Active and Reserve components and is attached (enclosure (1), Appendix A)

4.12 Describe and provide documentation of your Service or Component's expedited victim transfer request policy, including measures taken to ensure victims are informed in a timely manner of their right to request an expedited transfer. Documentation should be included as an appendix.

U.S. Navy

Navy guidance for an expedited transfer is in Military Personnel Manual (MPM) Article 1300-1200 (enclosure (6), Appendix A) states:

Circumstances may exist that warrant the transfer of a service member who makes an unrestricted report of sexual assault but may not otherwise meet established criteria for effecting the immediate transfer of service members. Those service members may now request an expedited transfer. Any threat to life or safety of a service member, his/her dependents, or military spouse should continue to be processed as a safety transfer.

For the purpose of the expedited transfer policy, a transfer or reassignment includes, but is not limited to, temporary or permanent movement to a unit within the same command, to a unit on the same installation, or to a unit in a different geographic location. A request for a permanent change of station (PCS) transfer out of the area of the permanent duty station is to be granted on an exceptional basis.

For reserve component members, the command should allow for separate training on different weekends or times from the alleged offender or with a different unit in the home drilling location to ensure undue burden is not placed on the service member and his or her family by the transfer.

Procedures. Members who have filed an unrestricted report of sexual assault must be advised of their option to request transfer from the command to which they are assigned.

- A request for an expedited transfer must come from the service member.
- The request must be in writing and include the reason(s) for the request.
- Upon receipt of the request, and within 72 hours, the CO must approve or recommend disapproval of an expedited transfer.
- In making the decision on whether to recommend transfer, the co must determine if the unrestricted report is credible. (i.e., reasonable grounds to believe that an offense constituting sexual assault did occur based on all available evidence and the advice of the supporting judge advocate or other legal advisor or counsel concerned.)

- A presumption shall be established in favor of transferring a service member (who initiated the transfer request) following a credible report of sexual assault. The CO shall consider the following factors when making the transfer decision:
 - The credible report of sexual assault;
 - The service member's written request for transfer or reassignment;
 - Operational necessity, including situational unique requirements in deployed areas;
 - The nature and circumstances of the offense;
 - The location of the alleged offender;
 - Potential transfer or reassignment of the alleged offender instead of the service member;
 - The alleged offender's status (military or civilian);
 - After consultation with the investigating military criminal investigative organization and the supporting judge advocate or other legal advisor or counsel concerned, the status of the investigation and the potential impact of the service member's transfer or reassignment on the investigation and future disposition of the allegation;
 - Training status of the service member requesting the transfer or reassignment; and
 - Other pertinent circumstances or facts

The CO's approval of an expedited transfer request, along with their recommendation as to where the member should be transferred, shall be Immediately forwarded to the Navy Personnel Command (NPC) post selection board matters (Pers-833) for processing and retained on file for a period of three years. NPC career management (Pers-4) will adjudicate transfer of the service member.

The CO must immediately forward any recommendation for disapproval of an expedited transfer request, and the reason(s) for the recommendation, in writing, to the first Flag Officer in the chain of command, or Senior Executive Service (SES) equivalent (if applicable). If at any time the requesting service member elects not to proceed with an expedited transfer request, he or she shall formally withdraw the request in writing to the CO.

These procedures are effective immediately and will remain in effect unless superseded by revisions to OPNAVINST 1752.1B and the MILPERSMAN. Amplifying information can be found in MILPERSMAN article 1300-1200.

SARCs or SAPR VAs are required to brief victims regarding their rights as part of the election to make unrestricted and unrestricted reports of sexual assault. Victims acknowledge receipt of the information by signing the DD Form 2910.

4.12.1 Pertaining to temporary and/or permanent local expedited transfers (a different location within their assigned command or installation), provide:

U.S. Navy

- The number requested: 20
- The number approved as the victim requested: 11
- The number approved different than the victim requested: 4
- The number denied and a summary of why: 2
 - One lacked reasonable grounds that an offense constituting sexual assault had occurred.
 - One was denied because the victim and suspect were not assigned to the same geographical location.
 - Three requests were withdrawn by the respective victims.
- The number moved within 30 days of approval: 15
- The number moved after 30 days of approval: 0

4.12.2 Pertaining to permanent requested expedited transfers (from their assigned command or installation), provide:

U.S. Navy

- The number requested: 128
- The number approved as the victim requested: 120
- The number approved different than the victim requested: 8
- The number denied and a summary of why: 0
- The number moved within 30 days of approval: 61
- The number moved after 30 days of approval: 67

4.13 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to delivering consistent and effective victim support, response, and reporting options.

U.S. Navy

A number of programs are in place and will further develop during FY14 to ensure consistent and effective victim support, response, and reporting options are delivered to the Fleet. These include providing immediate care to the victim, training to ensure responders are prepared to provide the best possible care, and sharing best practices among the Fleet to ensure we are leveraging everything to provide the best support possible. Specifics include:

- The Navy's Victims' Legal Counsel (VLC) Program, which consists of a cadre of specially-trained, independent judge advocates (operating within Naval Legal Service Command under the supervision of an O-6 Chief of Staff) who are detailed to provide legal support to eligible victims of sexual assault. VLC are in place providing assistance to eligible sexual assault victims worldwide. The VLC reached initial operating capability in November 2013 and full operational capability in January 2014. Most of the Navy's initial cadre of VLC attended the

Air Force Special Victims' Counsel (SVC) course in Montgomery, AL. Curriculum included presentations on:

- Fundamental Concepts of Being a Victim's Attorney
 - Appellate Updates on applicable areas of law
 - VWAP/SARC/NCIS/OSI Trial Counsel (TC) Interaction
 - The Neurobiology of Trauma/Cognitive Interviewing
 - Post-Trial Processing for VLC
 - Professional Responsibility concerns
 - Mental Health Issues/Referrals/Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)/Resiliency and Suicide Awareness/Cognitive Biases
 - Behavioral Aspects of Victims and Understanding Sex Offenders
-
- The remaining VLC in the initial cadre attended a training and certification course in January 2014 at the Naval Justice School.
 - The Deployed Resiliency Counselor (DRC) Program will place credentialed and certified civilian counselors on board the Navy's deployed carrier (CVN) and large deck amphibious assault ships (LHA/LHD). These 33 professional counselors will provide deployed support to victims and an additional reporting option outside the chain of command for those who wish to utilize it.
 - Sexual Assault Case Management Group (SACMG) provides the SARC and command a formal opportunity to discuss the needs of and care for victims in sexual assault cases. These monthly meetings will continue through 2014 and are anticipated to further develop effective victim support and command response to sexual assault allegations.
 - First Flag reporting, which was mandated for all sexual assault offenses by the CNO in 2012, will be refined in 2014 to better improve reporting consistency and victim support. By standardizing first Flag Officer reporting requirements the Navy will ensure the first Flag Officer in the chain of command is consistently aware of the victim's situation and the effect on the command.
 - VWAP annual training and additional VWAP training for judge advocates and Legalmen (LNs) will continue to develop and ensure all judge advocates and LNs are aware of and capable of providing victims of sexual assault with assistance and support. Trial counsel and trial department LNs will continue to provide an avenue of communication between victims and convening authorities to keep each informed of case progress, specific desires and concerns. Trial counsel will work with VLC to ensure the rights of the victim are protected through the trial process.
 - Medical treatment and access for victims has developed into a robust, integrated, interdisciplinary program to ensure availability of a SAFE 24 hours per day, seven days per week in the major MTFs, as well as published Victim Care Protocols for each MTF to provide standard, coordinated care for adult victims of sexual assault. In addition, smaller clinics and single provider clinics will provide SAFEs during normal working hours, and will develop a protocol for after hour examination and treatment at an MTF or a civilian facility. Due to the diversity of the missions we support and the variability of platform size,

providers selected for training include nurses, advanced practice nurses, physician assistants, independent duty corpsmen, and physicians – all of whom are required to complete a nationally recognized on line and hands on course leading to specific certification in SAFEs to ensure that competent, compassionate care is available as soon after the incident as possible. BUMED also has, through a dedicated SAPR coordinator, improved communication with the Fleet to ensure that all SAPR Victim Advocates and SARCs are up-to-date on certification and any new policies, procedures, education and training, and best practices on at least a monthly basis. In addition, BUMED is now tracking how many SAFE exams are performed each month.

- Victim Care Protocols will continue to be reviewed and tested at all MTFs to ensure coordinated responses with NCIS, SARC, SAPR VA, SAFE, and medical/behavioral health follow-up care.
- SAFE provider's lectures will continue in FY14 to include best practice lectures from USACIL, Navy VLC and other important SAPR/SAFE resources.
- Review program initiatives that support victim care and share as best practices through monthly stakeholder, monthly newsletter, and Sharepoint resource sites.
- CNIC HQ will focus standardization by reviewing content and approving of SAPR refresher trainings provided by SARCs to SAPR VAs. The field will also benefit from the integration of the Victim's Legal Counsel staff, which will prove beneficial to enhancing the support and options available to victims. As we continue to move into FY14, CNIC will continue to evaluate staffing ratios across the enterprise to ensure adequate allocation of SARCs and professional SAPR Victim Advocates.
- CNIC HQ will work with Regional SARCs, SARCs, and SAPR VAs to complete the required training and credentialing requirements to ensure continuity of services and a superior level of excellence.
- CNIC HQ will work with designated regions in the implementation of the newly developed positions of Deployed Resiliency Counselors for carriers and large amphibious decks. These positions are dedicated civilian Clinical Counselors with SARC training, certification, and credentials who will be able to support victims of sexual assault during deployments and facilitate communication with the homeport SARC.

5. LOE 5—Assessment—The objective of assessment is to “effectively standardize, measure, analyze, assess, and report program progress.”

5.1 Summarize your Service or Component's efforts to achieve the Assessment
End state: “DoD incorporates responsive, meaningful, and accurate systems of measurement and evaluation into every aspect of the SAPR program.”

U.S. Navy

The Navy SAPR program initiated a contract with Navy Personnel Research Studies and Technology (NPRST) to conduct bi-annual training effectiveness studies, called Quick Polls. The purpose of this training effectiveness study is to measure successful

transfer of learning with the self-reported measures from respondents indicating efficacy and willingness to change behavior. The study targets existing, formal, in-place training for accession programs, and field evaluation of the newly created BI training modules. Service members, stratified by officer/enlisted status and gender, were randomly selected to ensure adequate representation of officer/enlisted men and women. The Navy will analytically assess the relationship between identified issues and Sailor self-reported to include:

- Impact of General Military Training on awareness,
- Training included information on SAPR and available resources,
- Who conducted the sexual assault training,
- Barriers to reporting sexual assault, and
- Likelihood of reporting (SAPR quick poll).

During FY13, Regions engaged in proactive methods to incorporate responsive, meaningful, and accurate systems of measurement and evaluation into every aspect of the SAPR program. Monthly SACMGs are utilized by all regions to evaluate the effectiveness of the SAPR program. SACMGs provide an avenue to assess the quality of care and support being provided to sexual assault victims and also provides a method to review the effectiveness, or lack thereof, of various resources being provided within each case. Additionally, FFSCs have quarterly and annual surveys that are provided to FFSC clients to complete anonymously to provide feedback on SAPR services they've received. Regional practices also include the following:

- CNRNW SAPR team evaluates the Initial Victim Advocate 40-hour course (paper evaluation at end of class) and a secondary follow-up evaluation (in-person or via telephone) of the education program after the first case response by a SAPR VA.
- CNRMA Norfolk has developed a survey to be issued to SAPR VAs 90 days after they have completed the 40 hour SAPR VA Basic training to identify what aspects of the training were most effective. The survey also incorporated a programmatic evaluation question of the SACMG meeting. As each command presents the status of their case, the discussion concludes with the opportunity to address any issue or concern the command may have regarding the SAPR program and its various entities, all of which are represented during the meeting.
- An informal evaluation (in-person or via telephone) of the responding SAPR Victim Advocate provided by the victim.
- Evaluation of Command Indoctrination, GMT, and other command directed SAPR training programs (paper evaluations at conclusion of training)
- SARC participation in the Executive Steering Committees (ESC) to provide subject matter expertise based on their findings on LOE 5

As BUMED's SAPR program evolves, Navy Medicine will continue to focus on accountability, communication, training, compliance, and metrics. BUMED developed a sexual assault database that tracks all SITREP data including; equal opportunity, suicide, driving under the influence, motorcycle accidents, and sexual assault in support

of higher echelon reports. In alignment with this database is the development of Navy Medicine's Dashboard that standardizes metrics throughout the enterprise and provides the Surgeon General and the regional commanders a roll-up view of all cases.

USFF developed and maintains a SAPR database based on OPREP/SITREP data that follows the report from initial report to legal adjudication. This allows USFF to analyze demographics, trends, case reporting, legal process timelines, as well as case outcomes. This database is used for internal assessments of the nature of the conditions surrounding sexual assault incidents that are reported using an Unrestricted Report. This data will allow the commander to discern unique conditions in the Fleet and to understand progress made in reducing the prevalence of destructive behaviors.

COMPACFLT and our commands have established databases for SAPR reports and continue to refine the relevant statistics. Other efforts to achieve the assessment end state are focused on general observations and prime risk factors that are captured in our statistics. As we capture data, it's compared to efforts from FY10 through the FY13. This assists in better honing focus in certain demographics and gauge efforts in the SAPR program for the future.

NETC: An assessment of the command's SAPR program was aided by a DEOMI Command Climate Surveys conducted with several questions specifically tailored towards determining the degree of awareness of the program and its individual leaders. Results from the surveys illustrated areas where the command needed to better communicate and advertise the program and processes for reporting. Where needed, follow-up focus groups confirmed specific response measures taken in the wake of the survey, along with regularly-scheduled training for All Hands (e.g., SAPR-Stand Down) adequately addressing any identified deficiencies.

Command's SAPR Point of Contact binders are constantly updated with training, General Military Training, qualifications and muster reports for training attendance. Assessments are sent to both Navy and Marine Corps Chain of Command. The following best practices were utilized to achieve the end state of incorporating responsive, meaningful, and accurate systems of measurement and evaluation:

- Sexual assault and prevention surveys were promoted in commands to provide feedback in regards to the program currently in place.
- SAPR program was also targeted for assessment annually using the Manager's Internal Control Program.
- Command SAPR team received base statistics at monthly base meetings with the SARC and tracks current trends.
- POCs and data analysis stayed current with information from base SARC providing an accurate input and feedback to measure effectiveness for training and support.
- Commands focused on training and prevention. Monthly SAPR training numbers were pushed to SARCs for tracking purposes.
- Service members were encouraged to participate in the 2013 DoN Sexual

<p>Assault survey to provide accurate metrics.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The base SARC provided training to the SAPR POCs, any questions or concerns about the program are addressed. A SAPR “Commanders Toolkit” is provided to all the SAPR POCs for guidelines. <p>Proper reporting of sexual assault, per victim desires, was critical to a meaningful and accurate measurement of the success of this program. Commands provide reports via naval message, the SARC organization, and electronic data call in accordance with guidance. Additionally, commands coordinate proper reporting via the Navy JAG and NCIS organizations.</p>
<p>5.2 Describe oversight activities during FY13 that assess the SAPR program effectiveness. Include frequency, methods used, findings and recommendations, corrective action taken (e.g., program management review and Inspector General inspections), and other activities. Include documentation of published reports in appendix.</p>
<p>U.S. Navy</p> <p>CNIC HQ continuously reviews the SAPR Program through the Regional SARCs, to include monthly monitoring of DSAID data entry, monthly monitoring of 24/7 on-call installation response, and monthly verification of all 24/7 Navy first responder numbers for DoD Safe Helpline. Corrective actions in DSAID are addressed through tasking and SARCs are provided 1-2 weeks to address any errors in the system depending on programming issues. Any findings with the 24/7 response system that requires corrective action are addressed immediately and results are typically provided within four hours.</p> <p>Regions report participation in the ESCs service to also support oversight activities and assess the SAPR program effectiveness. Participation by Installation Commanders, SARCs, and other stakeholders allows an opportunity to review installation reports, sub-committee reports on LOE efforts, and special interest programs. Additional Regional practices include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Commander Navy Region Japan’s (CNRJ) SAPR program is reviewed on a continuous basis by the Region, to include the monitoring of SITREPS, DSAID, and ensuring call-on SAPR VAs can be contacted via telephone 24/7 as required. • CNRMA program management staff attended a cross section of SACMG meetings, observed trends, and identified issues. One outcome was the development of SACMG standard operating procedure (SOP) to standardize the SACMG process and ensure it is aligned with requirements. • On a weekly basis, CNRMA Regional Operations Center tests phone response by SARCs and SAPR VAs to ensure they comply with required timelines. The RSARC followed up with installations on all negative reports, identified trends, and ensured corrective actions were taken. • CNRNW FFSC created and distributed a Command Readiness Checklist

inclusive of all FFSP programs. The checklist offers commands the opportunity to complete a self-evaluation to determine readiness in regards to SAPR. The Installation SARCs complete informal reviews with command leadership at command request.

In FY13, Naval Education and Training Command (NETC) conducted a review of SAPR processes, resulting in discrepancies being identified and addressed. Corrective actions were made by SAPR PMs. Training is consistently monitored throughout the domain to ensure training effectiveness. Additionally, surveys are administered after “Sex Signals” and “After Burner” trainings to measure training effectiveness.

BUMED developed a sexual assault database that tracks all unrestricted reported sexual assault cases. Data is entered into the system daily and validated by BUMED for accuracy and compliance. In addition to sexual assault data, BUMED is tracking all SITREP data that requires a SITREP to include: DUIs, suicide, EO complaints, arrests, and FAP to analyze trends by command, region, and location.

- Through daily case management, BUMED communicates with commands regarding sexual assault cases and identifies if there is a correlation of the reported incident with other 21st Century Sailor Office programs.
- FFRs are conducted within 30 days of the reported sexual assault incident which assist the commander in identifying trends, environmental factors, and sharing best practices with senior leadership.
- Monthly SAPR/SAFE training and Town Hall meetings are conducted with all BUMED commands by region. BUMED SAPRO and SAFE Program Managers (PMs) attend these meetings and answer all pertinent policy questions regarding implementation.
- The BUMED SAPRO/SAFE PMs have coordinated with the BUMED IG team to revise the SAPR IG checklist, respond to requests for information (RFIs) when requested, and review administrative requirements through SITREP reporting.

The SAPR program went through several oversight activities to include SAPR Stand down, Regional IG inspection, and the credentialing process. The Stand down consisted of visual workplace inspections, SARC and SAPR VA recertification, revalidation, and civilian SAPR training. Commands (particularly Regions) executed oversight of the SAPR Program through the development of program guidance standards, trainings, and resources for survivor care and support. Implementation and quality assurance were under the purview of CNIC regional and installation Commanders. Compliance with guidance and policy are reviewed regularly through a robust FFSC accreditation process.

- The Commander’s Checklist for SAPR includes all of the essential elements for meeting command program requirements and for ensuring effective command prevention and response to sexual assault incidents. Following the guidelines of this checklist ensures commanders address all areas and provide a timely and sensitive response to each incident of sexual assault.
- At CNFK/CNRK, the SARC assessed SAPR program effectiveness in this year’s

Manager's Internal Control (MIC) Plan. This plan captured the organization's approach to implementing an effective internal control program. For the SAPR program; mission, strategic plans, organizational structure, control activities, information and communications management, and monitoring activities were detailed. Accomplishments and corrective actions were also documented. The CNRK SAPR program was found to be in compliance with requirements set forth in OPNAVINST 1752.1B (enclosure (7), Appendix A).

USFF established a SAPR Executive Steering Committee Task Force led by the Commander and composed of fellow Echelon II Commanders and subordinate Echelon III Commanders in the LANTFLT AOR. This body meets quarterly to review the work of five established trans-regional working groups focused on each Line of Effort as laid out by the DoD's SAPR Strategic Plan. The trans-regional working groups meet at least monthly, with each Line of Effort meeting bi-weekly.

- USFF conducted an annual Fleet-wide review of Command Climate Survey compliance.
- USFF IG includes the SAPR Program Manager on all ECH III and Direct Reporter inspections.

Navy Reserve Forces

- NAVRESFOR Echelon III, IV, and V SAPR command programs are assessed on a triennial basis as a function of the Command Assessment Program, executed by the CNRF IG.
- Commanders, COs and OICs take appropriate actions to address areas of concern highlighted during the assessment process. Assessed commands provide a progress report to their ISIC on the status of each identified area of concern.
- FY13 areas of concern at Echelon IV commands are provided as an example of findings and corrective actions in CNRF 4 (enclosure (8), Appendix A).

5.3 Describe any and all implementations of Government Accountability Office (GAO) and Defense Task Force-Sexual Assault in the Military Services (DTF-SAMS) recommendations. Include any assessments of implementation.

U.S. Navy

There were no DTF-SAMS recommendations in FY13. However, in FY13 GAO did make recommendations to the DoD to take steps to improve compliance with first responders in completing annual refresher training on sexual assault prevention and response. CNIC HQ and BUMED have met these recommendations by updating the training requirements and strictly implementing the DoD Sexual Assault Advocate Certification Program (D-SAACP) credentialing process for the SARCs and SAPR VAs and increasing the availability of SAFE capability at 24/7 MTFs and aboard ships.

In 2011, the GAO recommended the following; DoD develop a standard procedure for

sexual assault investigations, DoD develop an evaluation process for MCIO investigations, and the MCIOs leverage the newly constructed joint MCIO facility in Quantico, VA to increase communication and sharing of resources between the MCIOs.

Subsequently, DoD IG released DoDI 5505.18 which established baseline standards for sexual assault investigations. NCIS is compliant with all elements of the 5505.18. Additionally, the DoD IG initiated a case review project of MCIO sexual assault investigations. NCIS cooperated with the DoD IG project and has responded to the findings. Finally, NCIS has entered a joint training relationship with USACID wherein NCIS and USACID personnel receive advanced sexual assault investigation training together. The joint training efficiently utilizes training sites and instructors. The joint facility has also contributed to an MCIO working group focused on basic and periodic training efficiencies in addition to the joint advanced training. Further, the joint facility has fostered communication and cooperation between the MCIOs on high profile projects such as the ongoing Response Systems Panel. NCIS has benefitted from collocating and the resulting improved relationships with USACID and AFOSI.

5.4 Describe your efforts to ensure integrity of data collected in the Defense Sexual Assault Incident Database.

U.S. Navy

SECNAVINST 1752.4B directs the use of DSAID as the primary system of recording reported incidents of sexual assaults for the Navy. Effective FY14, SARCs must enter information related to reported sexual assaults into DSAID within 48 hours of the initial report. In deployed locations that have internet connectivity issues, the timeframe is extended to 96 hours. Only SARCs who have, at a minimum, a favorable National Agency Check (NAC) are permitted access to enter sexual assault reports into DSAID. SARCs must also maintain in DSAID an account of the services referred to and requested by the victim for all reported sexual assault incidents, from medical treatment through counseling, and from the time of the initial report of a sexual assault through the final case disposition or until the victim no longer desires services.

Commanders are required to provide reports of disposition of sexual assault cases to NCIS, who is responsible for providing the results of investigation for upload into DSAID.

5.5 Describe any measures your Service or Component has established to assess and manage your SAPR program. If you have begun assessing your program based on these measures, describe your findings thus far and actions taken.

U.S. Navy

Navy's fundamental means to measure the success of its SAPR Program is through an annual survey of Navy service members. Surveys are conducted by the DOD on even years and by the DON's SAPRO in odd calendar years. Surveys utilize a series of

standard questions to measure the incidence of sexual assault over the previous 12 months. These survey results are compared to actual reports of sexual assault (restricted and unrestricted) to assess service member confidence in the system and willingness to report. Others metrics also include the timeline from report to investigation completion to adjudication to ensure system responsiveness, Commander accountability through command climate surveys, and the First Flag Officer 30-day Report process. The First Flag Report process requires any CO with a victim or alleged offender conduct a face-to-face discussion with the first Flag Officer in his/her chain of command to review potential root causes and key enablers to sexual assault. Navy also measures system responsiveness through feedback from SARCs, SAPR VAs, Victim's Legal Counsels and victims themselves. Together, these metrics are reviewed quarterly by Navy senior leadership to ensure adjustment to the SAPR program.

The biennial DoD Workplace Gender Relations for Active Duty (WGRA) survey provides insight and feedback on, among other things, unwanted sexual contact and unwanted gender-related behavior. The analysis of the survey results informs Navy training, policy and practices. The SAPR portion of the DEOCS includes several SAPR questions, two of which measure the effectiveness of BI training.

The first question is situation based and asks respondents to indicate which action they would take if in a given situation. The second question presents respondents with a scenario and asks at which point they would most likely intervene if they were witnessing an escalating situation. The responses to these questions indicate the climate of the command regarding propensity to intervene. Command-wide visual inspections are being conducted by leaders on an ongoing basis across the Navy to ensure offensive and sexually suggestive media are not present in the workplace. The effectiveness of this policy will be measured by incidents reported where any prohibited material is found since implementation of this policy (ALNAV 038/13 of 7JUN13).

In April 2013, COMNAVRESFOR Navy Reserve Force established a permanent billet for a dedicated SAPR program manager in the grade of O-4, who reports directly to the Commander. Having this officer in place has greatly improved our ability to provide oversight and closer management of the SAPR program in the Reserve Component.

Additionally, metrics and details pertaining to reported sexual assaults (demographics, type of incident, case specifics) are continually collected, tracked and analyzed across the Fleet to inform policy and procedures for preventing and responding to sexual assault within Navy.

5.6 Provide a summary of your research and data collection activities conducted in FY13. Include documentation in the appendix.

U.S. Navy

The Navy's 2013 SAPR Quick Poll (enclosure (9,) Appendix A) was conducted from 22 April to 31 May 2013 to measure the effectiveness of the SAPR training, awareness of

how to report a SA, and the different reporting options, perceptions of leadership's role in tolerating and impeding reporting, and barriers to reporting. Key findings (enclosure (10,) Appendix A) included:

- SAPR L/F training was very well accepted (over 80%) and increased awareness of the problem and appropriate preventative measures (i.e., BI) in 80% of Enlisted and 75% of Officers.
- 94% of Enlisted and over 90% of Officers know who the SAPR POC and Victim Advocate are at their command.
- Over 85% said that SA training is taken seriously at their command.
- 90% know what to do if they or a friend were sexually assaulted.
- 80% indicated that if assaulted, they would likely report the SA to Navy authorities.
- Over 90% of Enlisted and 95% of Officers report knowing what actions are considered sexual assault (SA).
- Over 91% correctly identified the difference between restricted and unrestricted reporting.

Starting July 1, 2012, the Navy initiated the DOD-led phased transition to the data collection tool (DSAID) for all SAPR case data. Key SAPR Program stakeholders simultaneously managed the data collection and system capability to ensure data entry protocols for SARCs and data transport procedures for NCIS were synchronized and effective to facilitate trend analysis. To fulfill a Congressional mandate for a single case-tracking system, the Case Management System (CMS), used by the Marine Corps since 2010, was adopted to track military justice cases in both the Navy and the Marine Corps. Starting July 1, 2013, the Navy underwent a phased transition, with new military justice cases being tracked using CMS while cases that are already entered into the Navy's existing Court-Martial Tracking and Information System continued tracking within that system for a period of time. On 1 October 2013, the Navy completely transitioned to the single DoN Case Management System to manage the military cases at the trial and appellate levels and maintain complete accountability for all cases.

5.6.1 Describe your efforts to develop and harmonize sexual assault focused survey efforts to align with DoD and other Services.

U.S. Navy

In collaboration with DOD SAPRO and other Services, Navy worked to harmonize and align sexual assault focused survey efforts with DoD strategies through use of standardized surveys such as DEOCS on an ongoing basis throughout the year.

SAPR Quick Polls are conducted by the Navy Personnel Research, Studies, and Technology (NPRST) to query Sailors on current DoD and Navy SAPR related issues identified through close work and collaboration. Navy leadership encourages maximum participation. The 2013 SAPR Quick Poll was conducted from April to May 2013.

5.7 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to effectively standardizing, measuring, analyzing, assessing, and reporting program progress.

U.S. Navy

The Chief of Staff - Region Legal Service Offices and the Director, Trial Counsel Assistance Program (TCAP) receive weekly updates on all special victims' cases through a standardized report of high-visibility cases. Weekly meetings are held to discuss upcoming case events and identify issues. TCAP staff regularly use the weekly reports to identify trends across prosecution regions and to spot complex issues that provide opportunity for outreach and support to trial counsel worldwide. Additionally, trial counsel provide monthly case descriptions on completed courts-martial involving adult sexual assault allegations including lessons learned and case summaries of all completed Special and General Courts-martial.

The Naval Justice School continues to offer numerous courses and standardized training to judge advocates and senior officers from the Fleet that cover sexual assault related topics. By offering standardized training, the Navy ensures students are properly and adequately trained.

CNIC HQ will continue to gather information and data from the Regions to identify gaps and areas of improvement. Additionally, CNIC HQ SAPRO plans to survey the SARCs to identify and assess areas of program improvement. Lastly, CNIC HQ is collaborating with N17 and other stakeholders on standardizing SAPR metrics to properly assess trends and program effectiveness.

Commands continually monitor command climate through surveys and Command Assessment Team engagement. This provides some measure of program progress. Staff and students will continue to be trained on current procedures and policies involving the reporting and disposition of sexual assault cases and the overall SAPR program with DoD or service updates. Based on assessment information, revisions will be made to command instructions in FY14 to effectively standardize and update the SAPR program across Navy.

In FY14, all chaplains will report SAPR metrics in the Navy Chaplaincy Ministry Support Tool (NCMST) following the same criteria and reporting procedures. Queries will be developed in NCMST to measure the performance and effectiveness of pastoral response to sexual assault.

BUMED has developed an internal sexual assault tracker to analyze sexual assault data in support of both prevention and response programs. They are currently sharing their database, templates, and best practices with other Navy Echelon II commands to collaborate and better understand data requirements. In alignment with DoD requirements, BUMED is working towards a Navy management tool that tracks unrestricted reported sexual assaults. They will continue to collaborate with installation

and regional commanders regardless of service to identify trends and best practices in support of the sexual assault program and establish a budget for SAPRO/SAFE to conduct site visits to support SAPR/SAFE program implementation and ensure command coordinators are fully aware of the resources available to them and are in compliance with regulations.

Naval commands will continue meetings, briefs and discussion to ensure appropriate execution of program requirements and initiatives. Additionally, commands will evolve in training trends from indoctrination to permanent change of station for correlations between awareness and reporting statistics. Navy will continue to build on FY13 efforts in FY14 to reinforce established program objectives and initiatives (e.g., First Flag Officer Reports); make improvements based on lessons learned and best practices; and focus on specific avenues in improving prevention and response.

CNRF provides consolidated reports on a quarterly and annual basis to the CNO and works closely with USFF, CPF, and CNIC to synchronize reporting and subsequent assessment of program progress with the Active Component. CNRF participates as a member of the SAPR Task Force Trans-Regional Subcommittee for Assessments, seeking to effectively standardize, measure, analyze and assess program progress.

6. Overarching Tenet: Communication and Policy

6.1 Summarize your Service or Component's efforts to synchronize and standardize the SAPR program across the Joint Force (from Joint/Service basing to forward stationed deployed units worldwide).

U.S. Navy

Navy utilizes DoD and DoN instructions, directives and initiatives as the foundation for Navy-specific SAPR policies, ensuring synchronization across the Joint Force.

- Commander Naval Forces Korea (CNFK) is a member of the US Forces Korea (USFK) Sexual Assault Task Force, an organization that seeks to:
 - Identify and analyze sexual assault trends, review successful prevention practices, assess best victim support models and eliminate sexual assaults within USFK.
 - Develop prevention strategies and increase awareness and education in response capabilities, reporting procedures, and victim support.

During FY13, Regions engaged in ongoing collaborations with other Service SAPR Programs to address Joint Service SAPR Program issues and concerns. Additionally, CNIC HQ, as well as the Regions, collaborated and coordinated SAPR Program issues with USFF and CPF to ensure continuity of the SAPR Program across Navy. The release of the new DoDI 6495.02 helped close a gap and established that the service Installation SARC is the lead SARC and established protocols as to victim response and case management. This has further helped to facilitate communication especially as it

relates to participation in the case management review and ensuring there is appropriate representation for the victim. As CNIC HQ, Regional SARCs, and Installation SARCs continue to work within this new policy, efforts will be further synchronized and standardized to ensure that cases in Joint environments are appropriately supported and reviewed.

6.2 Describe your efforts to post and widely disseminate sexual assault information (e.g., hotline phone numbers and internet websites) to Service members, eligible dependents, and civilian personnel of the DoD.

U.S. Navy

Navy diligently and consistently posts and disseminates sexual assault information in a variety of ways so that the information is accessible and available to as many people as possible. Common best practices are as follows:

- Ongoing, audience focused training
- Posters/information in high traffic areas on bases and in command spaces
- SAPR notes and information published in POWs
- Use of social media (Twitter, Command Facebook accounts, websites)
- Monthly publication of Courts-Martial results
- Articles in base newspapers
- PSAs

Examples of specific best practices

- VLC program utilizes numerous avenues:
 - Outreach to SARCs, SAPR VAs, SJAs, TCs, NCIS, and local commands
 - VLC participate in local sexual assault awareness briefings to publicize their services
- CNIC HQ webpage provides:
 - Sexual assault prevention and response information to victims, bystanders, friends/family, and command
 - Victims with an understanding of the program's crisis response services, including an explanation of the different reporting options
 - Bystanders with tools to prevent sexual assault and information on available services to victims
 - Commanders with information on their responsibilities to create a climate of prevention
 - Information on the DoD Safe Helpline
- Navy installations
 - SARCs provide sexual assault prevention tips, statistics, and sexual assault facts on Installation Facebook and Twitter sites
 - Incorporate information on reporting options into all SAPR-related briefs
 - SARC engagement with Ombudsman and FRG teams to pass support

- message to beneficiaries
- SARCs provide briefs at pre-deployment nights with commands to reach spouses and other adult beneficiaries
- CNRMA PNS
 - Digital Signs at both gate entrances with DoD Safe Helpline information, 24/7 SAPR VA response numbers
 - SAPR training is advertised in the monthly MWR publication
- CNRF continues in to ensure a strong and unified message is being sent by:
 - Personal videos by Chief of the Navy and Reserve Force Master Chief, emphasizing policy and expectations
 - CNRFC blog post on “Taking a Stand Against Sexual Assault”
 - *The Navy Reservist* magazine full back cover highlighting SAPR program in July 2013 edition
 - CNRF IG inspects availability and visibility of SAPR information at every Echelon IV and V visit
- Regions
 - Regional Focus Groups
 - “SAPR boards” are posted in multiple locations with photos and personal contact information for members of the team as well as reporting option guidelines and optional reporting contact information
 - At some commands, a BLOG website has been established for all personnel to voice concerns, opinions, and personal experiences regarding sexual assault. The Blog allows personnel to remain anonymous with they choose.
- NETC
 - Squadron read boards are routinely screened and updated with information containing Unit Victim Advocates and hotlines are available in student common areas
 - Cards for the 24-hour Safe Helpline are issued during the command indoctrination
 - The most current information is kept on the command SAPR information board
 - SAPR is discussed at weekly safety briefs
 - Command spaces have customized posters with hotline phone numbers and internet websites and photos of all Command SAPR VAs
 - For all SAPR training, team members distribute information by visual aid (i.e., posters, flyers, information boards) and multi-media resources (i.e., Smart Phone Applications, YouTube Videos: BI- “Who Are You?”)
 - Information is continually reinforced through use of personal one on one interaction between staff and students during school indoctrination period
 - “HELP” wallet cards with the appropriate websites for SAPR information, 24/7 SAPR Base contact numbers for SARC and SAPR VAs along with other useful telephone numbers such as the quarterdeck number

- Pacific Fleet
 - Joint Region Marianas (JRM): all sexual assault hotline and contact numbers are distributed around the bases in the restroom facilities. The info is also seen on the JRM television channel, FFSC online websites, pocket-sized cards with point of contact information for distribution, marketing advertisements, emails, and word of mouth.
 - SARCs speak at monthly Command Duty Officer (CDO) meetings to inform CDOs of procedures and resources in case they receive a call concerning sexual assault
 - SAPR Drumbeat Meetings were held to increase proactive Senior Leadership involvement
 - Increased training on Liberty policies and how they relate to sexual assault prevention
- BUMED
 - Sexual assault procedures are posted on BUMED'S Sharepoint website, each command's website's, computer desktops, common areas, and information areas
 - DoD SAFE Helpline key chains have been are sent to commands and handed out at indoctrination training
- USS RONALD REAGAN (CVN 76)
 - Created posters that include pictures of all 19 of their SAPR VAs, Chaplains, the ship's SARC and the ship's psychologist. Under each picture are the person's telephone number and the location of their work space.
 - Duty section watch bill has the duty SAPR representative at the top
 - List of all the SAPR VA's is posted in the duty section folder of Outlook.
- All Navy Reserve commands are required to post a DoD Safe Helpline button on their command home web page. This button is an active link to the DoD Safe Helpline web site. Nearest Duty SAPR VA and SARC telephone numbers are listed below the button for local access to information and assistance. Presence and functionality of the button as well as accuracy of the listed phone numbers are audited monthly by the cognizant Echelon IV command and quarterly by the Echelon III command.

6.3 Describe your development and implementation of specialized medical and mental health care policy for sexual assault victims. Include a copy of your implementation plan in the appendix.

U.S. Navy

Medical care is covered under the outlined victim care protocols developed per BUMEDINST 6310.11A. Patients are referred for mental health services as outlined; however, Health Affairs is reviewing to develop a more specialized treatment plan.

Regions have reported the following practices in support of medical and mental health policies in place within their AORs:

- CNRMA Regional SARC Program Manager is collaborating with Regional CAP Program Manager to research and develop a clinical therapeutic group for victims of sexual assault. The group will provide clinical group therapy to victims who continue to suffer trauma symptoms after their cases have been through the legal process, dispositions determined, and cases closed. Victims who chose restricted or unrestricted reporting options can be screened for acceptance to this group. CNRMA is also coordinating referrals to a non-clinical support group for sexual assault victims, being provided by Naval Medical Center Portsmouth.
- CNRMW SARCs and SAPR VAs will offer office hours at a Recruit Training Command Medical Facility so that victims who disclose sexual assault to medical providers will be able to speak to an advocate and can be directed to counseling services as necessary.
- MTF's have algorithm process in place for hospital staff to follow in the event a sexual assault victim requires treatment.
- Referrals are made to provide victims of sexual assault and Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) specialized mental health treatment at Veteran Centers, especially in remote areas.
- SARCs work with MTFs SAFE Coordinators to provide SAPR training.
- Development of sexual assault support groups for men and women.

6.4 Describe your efforts to review, revise, update, and issue policy pertaining to:

- **The record of dispositions of unrestricted reports.**
- **General education for correction of military records when victims experience retaliation.**

Provide documentation in the appendix.

U.S. Navy

Per Navy's SAPR policy (SECNAVINST 1752.4B; enclosure (1,) Appendix A), retaliation or reprisal against any person, or their family and friends for bringing forward a complaint, cooperating in the investigation of a complaint, or participating in the discipline process for an alleged violation of this policy will not be tolerated. Reprisals are prohibited regardless of who originates the reprisal action. SAPR VAs and SARCs are required to advise victims of their rights and options for reporting retaliatory actions, to include facilitating access to additional resources such as VLC.

Additionally, sexual assault victims who elect to use the services of a VLC are notified in writing that there may be additional legal rights implicated in their case which the attorney will discuss with them during the course of their attorney-client relationship. Clients who experience retaliatory personnel action for making a report of sexual assault or harassment will be advised by their VLC of their right to seek redress via a personal meeting with their Commanding Officer, submission of a written statement

rebutting an Enlisted Evaluation or a Fitness Report, an article 1150, U.S. Navy Regulations (1990) Complaint of Wrongs against a superior who is not the service member's commanding officer, an Article 138, UCMJ Complaint of Wrongs if the wrong was committed by the service member's commanding officer, and a hotline complaint to the Inspector General.

When the alleged perpetrator is the commander or in the victim's chain of command, victims may elect to inform someone outside of the chain of command to report the offense, including to NCIS, another command, other commanding officers or an Inspector General, or other law enforcement officials. Victims can also seek assistance from the DoD Safe Helpline and consult with legal assistance counsel. They are referred to the VWAP Coordinator to ensure they are provided information concerning the prosecution in accordance with VWAP procedures.

Applications for correction of military records when a Service member experiences any retaliatory personnel action for making a report of sexual assault are submitted in accordance with SECNAVINST 5420.193, Board for Correction of Naval Records (BCNR) (enclosure (11), Appendix A), the Military Personnel Manual (MPM), or the Reserve Personnel Manual (RPM). Current policy under MILPERSMAN 1910-010 (enclosure (12), Appendix A) about the correction of military records requires that information regarding the purpose and authority of the BCNR and the Naval Discharge Review Board (NDRB) to be provided in the form of a written fact sheet or similar document to each member being administratively processed, unless the sailor is immediately reenlisting. This section applies regardless if the member has experienced retaliation. Applications to BCNR for correction of naval records must be submitted on DD Form 149, Application for Correction of Military Record.

6.5 Describe your efforts to establish policy for General or Flag Officer review of and concurrence in adverse administrative actions and separation of victims making an Unrestricted Report of sexual assault in FY13.

U.S. Navy

Current policy contained in OPNAVINST 1752.1B and MILPERSMAN 1910-704 requires that Naval Personnel Command (NPC), a 2-star Admiral, review and approve any administrative separation of an enlisted active duty member who is the alleged victim of sexual assault. Similarly, SECNAVINST 1920.6C requires that all officer separations be reviewed by CNPC before being forwarded to ASN (M&RA) for approval. This would include any alleged sexual assault victims.

Navy is revising the Navy SAPR instruction (OPNAVINST 1752.1 series) to include policy and procedures for Flag Officer review of the circumstances of, and grounds for, the proposed involuntary separation of active duty sexual assault victims within one year of an Unrestricted Report being made. To facilitate dissemination, new policy will also be released via naval message.

6.6 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to synchronizing and standardizing the SAPR program across the Joint Force (from Joint/Service basing to forward stationed and deployed units worldwide).

U.S. Navy

Navy will continue to adhere to DoD and DoN policies and initiatives as foundations for Navy-specific SAPR policies.

CNIC HQ will provide enhanced SARC and SAPR VA training in collaboration with other service SAPR programs to synchronize and standardize efforts.

NETC will continue to build on existing collaboration with stakeholders in the area of sexual assault to increase a climate of confidence with reporting sexual assaults across the services. SARCs from all branches of service have identified continued marketing of SAPR programs and facilitate ongoing education to raise service members' awareness about various reporting options for those training together in a joint environment. For example, Naval Air Station Pensacola, Florida, has all services represented. Whether soldier, sailor or marine, all services must work together to provide the basis and correct climate for the joint training command environment. In some instances, the Marine Corps continues to encourage formal collaboration through Memoranda of Understanding with the Navy to ensure victims receive proper delivery of service and support for victims.

COMPACFLT's commands operating in a Joint environment will continue growth with other Services within their respective Region for working relationships, sharing best practices, and effective communication on SAPR initiatives, training, and processes. In Korea, CNFK/CNRK will continue to collaborate with USFK via the USFK Sexual Assault Task Force.

- This Task Force will review and make recommendations to policies, procedures, and command guidance for the USFK SAPR Program.
- Focus will be on prevention, mitigating strategies, policies, and regulatory guidance.
- Task Force guidance will provide recommendations for the minimum requirements all leaders must follow, implement, and monitor within their areas of responsibility.

7. Secretary of Defense Initiatives

7.1 Enhancing Commander Accountability—Describe your efforts thus far to develop methods to assess the performance of military commanders in establishing command climates of dignity and respect and incorporating SAPR prevention and victim care principles in their commands, and hold them accountable.

U.S. Navy

The Navy continues to evaluate the tools commanders are provided to ensure they can execute their charge of command and establish environments where sexual assault and other inappropriate behaviors are not tolerated. In particular, Navy is focused on improving the development of leadership and character in our leaders on their way to command. Today, all of our leaders complete high quality, tailored training on sexual assault prevention and response. This training is designed to help leaders identify factors and the kind of environment that contributes to sexual harassment or sexual assault, and understand response requirements when a sexual assault occurs.

While tailored to sexual assault prevention and response, this training is not enough to fully prepare commanders to create an appropriate command climate. The Navy recently instituted a concerted leader development program to guide young officers and enlisted personnel to be effective commanders and senior enlisted leaders. Over the next year, we will advance this program as a cornerstone of our training for future commanders and SEA/SELs and leaders. Due to the inherent responsibility of our commanders, our screening processes to select them are rigorous. They include:

- a formal, command qualification program reviewed and approved by each community Flag Officer leader (normally, a Vice Admiral)
- professional qualification standards for each selected commander
- an oral qualification board for each candidate in front of former commanders
- a command screen board, led by Flag Officers
- full training, and acknowledgement of, the “Charge of Command”

Despite the rigors of the selection and training process, Navy inevitably has failures and must hold commanders accountable for their command climate, their efforts to maintain a safe work environment of dignity and respect, and the good order and discipline of their commands. Today, Navy do this by requiring commanders to assess their organizational climate at regular intervals, while requiring those with multiple commands under their leadership to monitor the climates of subordinate commands. Navy also evaluate our commanders (and all officers) in their regular fitness reports (performance evaluations used for determination of advancement) in three areas: Command Climate/Equal Opportunity, leadership, and in written summary, where documentation of poor command climates would be listed.

Commanders are held responsible and accountable when they do not meet acceptable standards. There are 1,254 command positions in the Navy. In calendar year 2012, Navy relieved 11 commanders for personal misconduct and eight commanders were relieved for failure to provide effective leadership; four of these eight were relieved for poor command climate. Statistics for 2013 are still being compiled.

As part of the Navy’s accountability process, commanders are required to brief their respective ISIC and the first Flag Officer in the chain of command on each sexual assault incident occurring in their command. As part of that brief, commanders evaluate the command climate of the suspect’s command, as well as the factors surrounding the

sexual assault, such as location and environment surrounding the incident, demographics, and the role of alcohol. Means to prevent further incidents are discussed.

Our Navy four-star Flag Officers reinforce accountability for command climate by reviewing these “first flag” reports each quarter, including trends, demographics, common features and environments and best practices to prevent sexual assaults. Navy apply the insights from the reports to adjust emphasis within our SAPR Program. Empowering our commanders while holding them accountable for identifying and implementing change is critical to changing the climate in the Navy and ensuring we successfully and appropriately prevent and respond to sexual assault across the force. A series of instructions and other guidance govern specific accountability measures regarding Sexual Assault prevention and response. Summaries are provided below.

Per Navy’s current instruction (OPNAVINST 1752.1 series), Commanders and COs will implement and support the SAPR program through prevention education using the standardized DoD definitions promulgated for training and education purposes; provide the safest possible physical and emotional Navy environment; and institute and publicize a means of informing the chain of command of situations which may place individuals at risk of sexual assault and provide feedback concerning the final disposition of suggestions and complaints. Additionally, they will ensure the following:

- Swift, sensitive and fair response to sexual assault allegations, and when appropriate, prosecution of sexual assault cases;
- All allegations of sexual assault within their ranks are referred, as soon as possible, to NCIS;
- Disposition of sexual assault incidents in the most serious cases is reserved for commanders (O-6 and above) with a minimum of special courts-martial convening authority, ensuring a consistent response to alleged sexual assault; and all unrestricted reports of alleged sexual assault that involve victims and alleged offenders who are family members, active duty members, or RC personnel on active duty are reported regardless of the military affiliation of the victim or alleged offender. Reports of allegations of active duty members of another Service assigned to a Navy command, regardless of location are also required.

The following policy documents have been written to assess the performance of military commanders in establishing command climates of dignity and respect and incorporating SAPR prevention and victim care principles in their commands, and holding them accountable:

- MILPERSMAN 1910-142 - SEPARATION BY REASON OF MISCONDUCT - COMMISSION OF A SERIOUS OFFENSE
Direct processing is mandatory for sexual misconduct - rape, sexual assault, stalking, forcible sodomy, child sexual abuse, possession or distribution of child

pornography, incestuous relationships, or any sexual misconduct.

- NAVADMIN 272/12 - OPNAVINST 3100.6J URGENT CHANGE 3. Directs that COs directly report their assessment in person to the first Flag Officer in the chain of command within 30 days of receiving a report of sexual assault. The first Flag Officer will be responsible for tracking all sexual assault offenses under their cognizance.
- ALNAV 038/13 - DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY COMPREHENSIVE VISUAL INSPECTION OF ALL DON WORKPLACES
Required that all DON Commanders, Commanding Officers, Officers in Charge, and civilian directors direct comprehensive and regular inspections of all workplaces and common access spaces under their control for materials to affect the removal of material that a reasonable person would consider degrading or offensive and document any material discovered during the course of workplace inspections. They also remain responsible and accountable for ensuring compliance with this ALNAV, and must provide clear guidance and intent to those members delegated authority to conduct inspections.
- NAVADMIN 158/13 - GUIDANCE FOR SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE STAND-DOWN
Directed Commander Engagement All Hands training and reporting by 1 July 2013 for the active duty component and NLT 22 July 2013 for the Reserve component and deployed personnel.
- NAVADMIN 181/13 - IMPLEMENTATION OF NAVY SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PROGRAM INITIATIVES
All Commanding Officers were directed to take the following actions:
 - Review their compliance with the Navy Equal Opportunity Policy (OPNAVINST 5354.1F, CH-1) and ensure command climate surveys are conducted within 90 days of the CO assuming command, and annually thereafter.
 - If not already completed, conduct a face-to-face debrief of their most recent command climate assessment with their ISIC using the Defense Equal Opportunity Management Institute Organizational Climate Survey, to include a plan of action and milestones for corrective actions. ISICs will certify completion via their administrative chain of command.
 - Use the Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Commander's Guide in shaping their command program.
 - Along with the XO and Command Master Chief, complete the SARC Commander's Toolkit brief with the regional or installation SARC and report completion to their ISIC.
 - Review command policies to ensure adherence to requirements regarding the submission of OPREPs/Unit SITREPs and Sexual Assault Incident Data Collection Reports (NAVPERS Form 1752/1).

- **NAVADMIN 216/13 - NAVY PERFORMANCE EVALUATION CHANGES**

Provided guidance on evaluating performance in two areas: Command or Organizational Climate/Equal Opportunity and Military Bearing/Character. These changes should be viewed as complementary and synchronized with the command climate survey outcomes provided to commanding officers and immediate superiors in command. To achieve high marks in these areas, Sailors must demonstrate how they have cultivated or maintained command climates where improper discrimination of any kind, sexual harassment, sexual assault, hazing, and other inappropriate conduct is not tolerated; where All Hands are treated with dignity and respect; and where professionalism is the norm.

The process for evaluating the performance of Flag Officers differs from that used for officers in the grades of O-6 and below. However, all Flag officers are required to demonstrate they have created or maintained command climates where discrimination of any kind, including sexual harassment, sexual assault, hazing, and other inappropriate conduct is not tolerated. Further, Flag officers must demonstrate they have created or maintained a command climate where all hands are treated with dignity and respect; and where professionalism is the norm. Their annual command climate survey results are fully discussed with the next senior Flag officer in their chain of command to ensure full disclosure.

- Navy O-7 Flag officers receive written fitness reports and the guidance for completing those reports was recently modified to specifically address cultivation of command climate.
- Flag officers in the pay grades of O-8 to O-10 do not receive written fitness reports. Instead, the CNO evaluates their performance through observation and consultation with his other four star Flag officers. Additionally, quarterly SAPR meetings provide an opportunity to evaluate trends across the Fleet and identify where Flag officer leadership is having positive or negative impacts.
- The CNO nominates O-8 Flag officers to positions at the O-9 and O-10 level based on their performance along several variables including their ability to execute guidance with regard to command climate.

7.2 Improving Response and Victim Treatment—Describe your efforts thus far to implement and monitor methods to improve victim treatment by their peers, co-workers, and chains of command.

U.S. Navy

Any threat to life or safety of a service member shall be immediately reported to the command and DoD law enforcement authorities. The unit-level CO is directly responsible to ensure all Navy service members are treated with dignity and respect and can work in a safe, professional environment. A request to expeditiously transfer a victim of sexual assault will be handled in accordance with established Navy regulations

(e.g., safety transfer, expedited transfer).

Service members who file an unrestricted report of sexual assault may initiate a request for transfer from their assigned command or installation, or to a different location within their assigned command or installation and submit the request to their COs. The CO must approve or disapprove the service member's request within 72 hours of its receipt based on a determination that the report of sexual assault is credible. If the Service member's transfer request is disapproved by the CO, the request is reviewed by the first Flag Officer in the chain of command of the member, or an SES equivalent (if applicable) who must make a final decision to approve or disapprove the request for transfer within 72 hours. If approved, every reasonable effort to minimize disruption to the normal career progression of a service member who reports that he or she is a victim of a sexual assault will be made. Potential transfer of the alleged offender instead of the service member is also considered.

Victims also have the opportunity to go outside the chain of command to report the offense when the alleged perpetrator is the commander or in the victim's chain of command, including to NCIS, another command, other COs or an Inspector General, or other law enforcement officials.

Victims can also report and seek assistance from the DoD Safe Helpline and consult with legal assistance counsel. They are referred to the VWAP personnel to ensure they are provided information concerning the prosecution in accordance with VWAP procedures.

The Navy uses a variety of measures to ensure victims are safe from reprisal.

- SAPR VAs are trained to recognize reprisal and retaliation actions against the victim; on procedures for responding to reprisal actions and their immediate reporting to the SARC and the VWAP; and on safety planning to include how to prevent retaliation or reprisal actions against the victim.
- COs receive detailed training on SAPR and their personal accountability for the security, safety, and wellbeing of the personnel in their unit. Their command climate is measured within the first 90 days of their command and annual thereafter through a command climate survey. Survey results are then reviewed in detail by their ISIC to identify areas of improvement. This then allows both the CO and his/her superior to be fully aware of any command climate issues that could allow reprisal directly or indirectly and take appropriate action. Further, COs with sexual assault victims meet regularly with their base SACMG. This venue and individual consultation with victim care representatives such as the SARCs, SAPR VAs, and regional Victim's Legal Counsel provide feedback to the CO on key victim support issues.

Per SECNAVINST 1752.4B (8AUG13) and DODI 5505.81 (JAN13), commanders must take every report of sexual assault seriously, immediately refer unrestricted reports to the NCIS for investigation, support investigative and criminal justice procedures that enable persons to be held appropriately accountable, and actively protect sexual

assault victims from retaliation or re-victimization.

Some reported sexual assaults involve circumstances where the victim may have engaged in some form of misconduct (e.g., underage drinking or other related alcohol offenses, adultery, fraternization, or other violations of certain regulations or orders). Commanders have discretion to defer action on alleged collateral misconduct by the sexual assault victims until final disposition of the sexual assault case, taking into account the trauma to the victim and responding appropriately so as to encourage reporting of sexual assault and continued victim cooperation, while also bearing in mind any potential speedy trial and statute of limitations concerns.

Administrative separation actions involving service members who filed unrestricted reports of sexual assault are reviewed by a Flag Officer to ensure they receive full and fair consideration for their Military Service and determinations are consistent and appropriate, per SECNAVINST 1752.4B.

A victim who believes he/she is being retaliated against will be advised of services available via their VLC at the earliest stages of their professional relationship. Complaints of Wrong (1150/138) are specifically addressed in the Scope of Representation Letter signed by both the VLC and the client under the section dealing with Scope of Legal Services provided. Additionally, victims may call an IG hotline or seek the assistance of defense counsel in order to determine their options or pursue a complaint.

Service members who experience any retaliatory personnel action for making a report of sexual assault may also submit an application for correction of military records in accordance with SECNAVINST 5420.193 and the MILPERSMAN.

7.3 Ensuring Safety—Describe your efforts to improve the effectiveness of SAPR programs in recruiting organizations, Military Entrance Processing Stations, and the Reserve Officer Training Corps. These assessments will include: 1) the selection, SAPR training, and oversight of recruiters; 2) the dissemination of SAPR program information to potential and actual recruits; and 3) the prevention and education programs in ROTC environments and curricula.

U.S. Navy

Navy recruiters are carefully selected, trained, and overseen using a very formal and comprehensive screening program. A typical Navy Recruiter is a mid-level enlisted Non-Commissioned Officer (NCO), between 25-30 years of age, with five to ten years of military service. While some level of recruiter misconduct does occur, most cases involve common forms of alcohol-related incidents or personal financial matters, and allegations of sexual misconduct are rare. Recruiter oversight mechanisms are numerous. They repeatedly and consistently undergo scheduled and unscheduled inspections for procedural compliance and professionalism. Navy utilizes unannounced personal visits by Commanding Officers and others, including Flag Officers. Team-

based inspection visits are also common. In addition, recruiters are not reluctant to police themselves and they report misbehavior of fellow recruiters.

Recruiters receive extensive SAPR training. NRC's Basic Student Professional Behavior Training has recently been revamped to include two extra hours of SAPR-focused training, based on the SAPR SD facilitation guide with a NRC-specific curriculum co-module. Additionally, there are 8 to 13 hours of specific behavior trainings consisting of reinforcement briefs, group discussions, NRC Leadership visits/discussions, and interactive workshops for case studies, role play, and testing of potential recruiters to ensure understanding and compliance with standards of conduct. Topics such as deglamorization of alcohol, fraternization, sexual harassment (SH), and sexual assault (SA) are covered intensely. In fact, SH/SA issues dominate with approximately eight hours of direct training.

Navy Recruiting Command is committed to fully manning the Navy Recruiting Orientation Unit (NORU) with "fit" not "fill" personnel. Upon check-in, student screening includes:

- Service record review within ten days of reporting
- Security clearance adjudication check/initiation if they do not have a National Agency Check with Local Agency Check and Credit Check (NAC-LC)
- Body Composition Assessment
- Health assessment (mental and physical)
- Instructor interview to identify changes in status since applying for recruiting duty to screen for additional involvement with civilian authorities while in leave/transit, or any amplifying condition missed or otherwise undisclosed making the Sailor unsuitable for Special Duty

Navy recruit applicants are - surveyed and asked about their recruiter's performance and behavior. All Future Sailors receive SAPR training. In most cases, this formal SAPR training is their first structured exposure to concepts of sexual assault and sexual harassment; most have not received any such training previously on any level. During a recent DoN SAPRO assessment, reviewers noted the consistent knowledge that recruit Future Sailors had gained from the SAPR training received while in the DEP. Virtually all were familiar and conversant with the terms "sexual assault," "BI," and "victim advocate" and understood their definitions. In addition, all Future Sailors are provided information on standards of recruiter conduct and mechanisms for reporting misconduct.

Hotline notices are prominently posted and listed on provided wallet cards. In some places, wallet cards detail recruiter and Future Sailor rights, along with prohibited recruiter behaviors, and list hotline numbers for the recruiting command's Inspector General (IG) office. In addition, recruits in training have numerous opportunities to disclose recruiter misconduct they have observed or experienced, and recruits in training are often asked specifically about these matters during recruit training.

Specific Accession Training

- Enlisted/Entry Level: SAPR-Fleet is delivered at Navy RTC ("Initial Military

Training") to all new recruits.

- Enlisted/Post-Recruit: Navy Military Training (NMT) with a SAPR module and BI is taught at all Navy "A" School locations.

Naval Service Training Command (NSTC) made the following report regarding its efforts in dealing with safety and its efforts to improve the effectiveness of SAPR with regards to our NROTC units:

- SAPR-F/L training is conducted in the following manner: During Freshman Orientation, all incoming freshmen must receive SAPR-F as part of the training program. Any freshmen not attending Freshman Orientation must complete a make-up session within 14 days of joining their unit. Within two weeks of the semester starting, each unit must complete the SAPR Stand-down.
- Within 60 days of the semester starting, the sophomores, juniors, and 1st/2nd year STA-21/MECEP students must complete SAPR-F. Within 90 days of the beginning of the semester, the seniors and final year STA-21/MECEP students must complete SAPR-L.

All other SAPR training and awareness requirements are met to include: observance of SAAM (each unit partners with their university to create unique training and experiences to create further awareness of sexual assault and ways of prevention), mandatory SAPR Stand-Downs (CO/XO/Senior Enlisted present all required SAPR materials), and completion of SAPR GMT. Lessons Learned and Best Practices are compiled from each university and shared among the units.

7.4 Ensuring Appropriate Command Climate—Describe your efforts to ensure DoD facilities promote an environment of dignity and respect and are free from materials that create a degrading or offensive work environment. Include findings and actions taken from regular visual inspections.

U.S. Navy

In FY13 and in accordance with the requirements of ALNAV 038/13, all Navy commands and activities conducted a comprehensive visual inspection of all workplaces and common areas to ensure they were free from materials that create a degrading, hostile, or offensive work environment. These inspections enhanced awareness of questionable offensive material (i.e., health magazines, cartoons, and jokes that emphasized the importance of promoting an environment of dignity and respect). While command leadership is responsible for mandating that their organizations be periodically swept for offensive or degrading material, it is the responsibility of all Navy personnel responsible for monitoring work spaces for material and behavior that are not in line with the Navy's Core Values as professionals, commands strive to support established policies that create and sustain safe environments free of sexual assault.

All Navy personnel are required to look out for degrading or offensive material in the work environment, regularly conduct walk-through of all command spaces and notify

individuals with questionable material visible to remove such material. Additionally, during meetings, leadership actively promotes an environment of dignity and respect in what is done and said in the workplace. Specifically, commands continue to engage in the following best practices:

- Commands enforce and support base policies concerning barracks inspections and visitation on/off duty hours, ensuring proper climate in living quarters.
- Commands make an important notice during weekly pre-liberty briefs, scheduled holiday and safety stand-downs in SAPR education and monitoring, imparting skills associated with BI and appropriate risk reduction that does not blame victims, responsible alcohol consumption and suicide prevention/intervention.
- Work environment expectations are discussed in conjunction with All Hands SAPR training.
- Commands maintain an open door policy if issues arise and convey this information regularly.
- New staff/students are informed during Command Indoctrination, through various presentations, what type of command climate is expected and degrading or disparaging remarks or materials will not be tolerated.
- Command's Standard Organization and Regulations Manuals (SORMs) are updated to ensure zone inspections adhere to the guidelines outlined in ALNAV 038/13, Comprehensive Visual Inspection of all DON Work Places (enclosure (13), Appendix A).
- Commands continue to work with CMEO to train on sexual harassment awareness and preventions, in addition to situational awareness and prevention methods.
- Anonymous command climate surveys also continue to be employed to ensure that a dignified and professional environment exists across the Navy domain.

Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program Review Data Call: United States Marine Corps

Executive Summary

In Fiscal Year 2013 (FY13), the Marine Corps continued the implementation of its Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Campaign Plan, a three-phase strategy with the stated purpose to reduce – with a goal to eliminate – incidents of sexual assault from within the ranks. Calling for large-scale, institutional reform, the SAPR Campaign Plan was designed to revive the Corps' sense of tradition and ethics and, by doing so, uproot the underlying conditions that allow sexual assaults to occur. Since its launch in June 2012, the Marine Corps has seen several significant, positive developments suggestive of an increased level of trust that reports of sexual assault will be taken seriously, and victims will be treated with dignity, respect, and professionalism.

Phase I of the Campaign Plan spanned five months, from June to November 2012, during which time 40 tasks were assigned and completed, to include the top-down

implementation of prevention training on an unprecedented scale and frequency. Phase II reinforced these efforts from the bottom up, continuing the refinement of SAPR training Corps-wide, while strengthening capabilities pertaining to victim care, offender accountability, and program assessment. These efforts are described in detail herein and include such institutional-level changes as the complete reorganization of the Marine Corps legal community, the establishment of Sexual Assault Response Teams (SARTs) at every installation, the development and implementation of new command climate and victim advocacy surveys, and several other initiatives that comprise the Marine Corps' holistic, multidisciplinary approach to this problem.

One of the most successful outcomes of the SAPR Campaign Plan thus far has been the continued rise in reporting. Between FY11 and FY12, reports of sexual assault increased by 31 percent. Through FY13, they have increased by an additional 86 percent. For a crime that is universally – in both the armed services and the civilian sector – underreported, a rise in reporting is not necessarily indicative of more sexual assaults being committed. This rise in reports was anticipated by Marine Corps leaders whose many SAPR efforts were dedicated entirely to reinforcing a climate of trust built around the central role of the Commander.

A closer look at the FY13 reports also reveals two significant overlapping statistics: 27 percent of all FY13 reports were made for incidents that occurred prior to the beginning of the fiscal year and 22 percent were made for incidents that occurred before the victim joined the Corps. From a purely statistical perspective, such latent reports contribute to the spike in reporting without adding to the prevalence for the fiscal year. More importantly, these reports suggest that Marine Corps efforts are working to reach silent victims who were once uncertain about seeking support.

In August 2013, the Commandant of the Marine Corps called for a review of the state of the Campaign Plan and its impact, which concluded with the decision to extend Phase II indefinitely. An addendum was issued to expand Phase II with supplemental tasks designed to build on the Corps' positive developments since the Campaign Plan's launch, and further integrate its efforts into the larger Defense Department strategy. The third and final phase of the Campaign Plan, to begin on order, will focus on the sustainment of SAPR efforts and progress.

Ultimately, the goal of the Marine Corps is to have every Marine take personal ownership of the core values that have defined this institution since its inception – honor, courage, and commitment – and to demonstrate them consistently throughout their lives. While efforts to reach this end have had a positive impact thus far, Marine Corps leadership recognizes that a lot of work has yet to be done and remains personally committed to restoring these defining values that have made the Marine Corps the finest expeditionary force in history. In FY14, the Campaign Plan will continue to guide the implementation of large-scale initiatives that affect Marines on an individual level, steadily transforming the Corps into a leading institution in both preventing and responding to sexual assault.

The following list compiles all SAPR-related policy documents and other authorizing regulations disseminated to the fleet since the start of FY13:

Marine Corps Orders (MCOs):

- MCO1752.5B: Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program, published 1 March 2013
- MCO1900.16: Separation and Retirement Manual (MARCORSEPMAN), published 26 November 2013

Marine Administrative Messages (MARADMINs):

- 610/12: Credentialing Certification of Sexual Assault Response Coordinators, Victim Advocates, and Uniformed Victim Advocates, published 22 October 2012
- 624/12: Sexual Assault Prevention and Response 8-Day Brief, published 31 October 2012
- 130/13: National Observance of Sexual Assault Awareness Month, published 18 March 2013
- 234/13: Revised Training Requirements for Sexual Assault Prevention And Response (SAPR) Training, published 2 May 2013
- 291/13: Visual Inspection of All USMC Workspaces, published 14 June 2013
- 392/13: Annual Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Training for 2013, published 7 August 2013
- 413/13: Execution Guidance for the Implementation of Sexual Assault Response Teams, published 22 August 2013
- 464/13: Command Climate Assessments, published 17 September 2013
- 548/13: 2013 Department of the Navy Sexual Assault Survey, published 22 October 2013
- 583/13: Establishment of the Marine Corps Victims' Legal Counsel Organization (VLCO), published 31 October 2013
- 586/13: Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Training Requirements for Judge Advocates and Supporting Personnel, published 1 November 2013
- 640/13: Revision of MCO P1900.16F Separation and Retirement Manual (MARCORSEPMAN)

Other SAPR-related Policy Documents:

- Standard Operating Procedures for Sexual Assault Advocate Certification/ Credentialing Program with Instructions, published 18 October 2012
- BUMED Instruction 6310.11A: Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Medical-Forensic Program, published 2 May 2013
- CMC White Letter No. 3-13 on Command Climate, published 10 May 2013

- Directive Letter pertaining to the SAPR Stand-down, in compliance with SecDef Memo dated 17 May 2013, published 23 May 2013.
- Standard Operating Procedures for Sexual Assault Response Teams (SARTs), published 19 August 2013

1. Line of Effort (LOE) 1—Prevention—The objective of prevention is to “deliver consistent and effective prevention methods and programs.”

1.1 Summarize your Service or Component’s efforts to achieve the Prevention Endstate: “cultural imperatives of mutual respect and trust, professional values, and team commitment are reinforced to create an environment where sexual assault is not tolerated, condoned, or ignored.”

The Marine Corps intensified its prevention efforts in FY13, continuing the implementation of the SAPR Campaign Plan, which was built around the evidence-based best practices of leadership engagement and bystander intervention. The Marine Corps’ approach to prevention charges all leaders with setting and enforcing an environment that is non-permissive to all crimes, but remains consistent with the Commandant’s assertion that the duty of preventing sexual assault belongs, ultimately, to Marines of every rank.

Initiating a top-down strategy, Phase I of the Campaign Plan was launched in June 2012 to ensure that leaders across the Corps understand both the extent of the problem, as well as the harmful ripple effects that even one incident of sexual assault can have on unit readiness, cohesion, and morale. In FY13, the Campaign Plan transitioned into Phase II, focusing on the implementation and strengthening of prevention training at every stage of a Marine’s career. With revised annual training requirements and customized prevention programs, the Marine Corps reinforced the SAPR training continuum in its entirety, updating and developing courses to match the grade and level of responsibility of the individual Marine.

Accordingly, SAPR training at the Delayed Entry Program, initial military training environments, and Military Occupational Specialty (MOS) schools takes a values-based, “whole of character” approach aimed at instilling the Marine Corps’ high tradition of integrity and professionalism, and teaches ethical behavior as a necessary component of the warrior ethos. At Professional Military Education (PME) and Officer PME environments, SAPR training begins to focus on leadership’s central role in prevention and includes training material specifically designed to reduce stigma and dispel myths about sexual assault. SAPR training at the Commanders Course compiles each of these core competencies while underscoring the importance of establishing a positive command climate in which Marines are willing to intervene when needed and victims feel confident in coming forward.

While these and other Campaign Plan efforts have resulted in many positive developments, leadership recognizes that a lot of work must still be done to effect a lasting change on Marine Corps culture. The Marine Corps will continue to explore new ways to meet the remaining challenges of reducing the prevalence of sexual assault, further increasing the quality of all aspects of its response system, and ensuring that all

Marines understand that sexual assault has no place in this institution.

1.2 Identify the ways you are changing organizational prevention-based practices.

Since its launch in June 2012, the SAPR Campaign Plan has driven a tremendous amount of training across the Corps, restructured Marine Corps oversight organizations, and directed senior leadership involvement throughout the command process – all focused on leadership’s steadfast commitment to prevent sexual assault and provide support to victims who come forward.

Ultimately, the elimination of sexual assault is predicated on the successful implementation of these large-scale efforts collectively aimed at changing the culture of the Marine Corps. Since the beginning of the Campaign Plan, the Marine Corps has implemented an unprecedented amount of training, which, in addition to instilling core values and promoting ethical behavior, delineates SAPR-related definitions, provides example descriptions of sexual offenses, and clearly communicates all reporting options and SAPR resources.

In FY13, the above training efforts were supplemented by the following prevention-based initiatives:

- Leadership Summit: Directed by the Commandant, the Leadership Summit was held in July 2013 for all Commanding Generals, Commanding Officers, and their Senior Enlisted Advisors. Utilizing case studies and small-group discussions, the summit underscored how the ripple effects of command climate impact the lives of individual Marines, the effectiveness of the unit, and the overall strength of the Corps.
- “Lost Honor” Video: Developed by the Judge Advocate Division, the “Lost Honor” video is a deterrence initiative that includes interviews with four Marines convicted of sexual assault, each recounting the various circumstances and decisions leading up to the incident.
- Publication of Courts-Martial Results: Beginning in July 2013, public notices for all special and general courts-martial results have been published quarterly on www.Marines.mil in an effort to increase transparency and general deterrence.
- Recruiting Ethics Program and Training: One-day refresher course designed to provide new and existing recruiters with awareness, tools, and skills to enhance their SAPR decision making and overall performance on recruiting duty. To further enhance prevention in this area, the Marine Corps also instituted a “two-person integrity” policy, which requires that at least two recruiters be present during any interaction with recruit applicants.

1.3 Describe your efforts to comply with DoD SAPR core competencies for all SAPR training to ensure consistency. Include Professional Military Education, Pre-Command, and Senior Enlisted training.

Marine Corps Professional Military Education (PME) focuses on the central role of leadership in sexual assault prevention and response. Officer PME at the Expeditionary Warfare School and the Command and Staff College utilizes case studies to emphasize

the importance of response protocol, command climate, and leadership engagement. All PME – to include Sergeants Course, Staff Academy, Advanced Academy, and First Sergeants Course – is aligned with DoD Instruction 6495.02 and covers the following requirements:

- Explanation and analysis of the SAPR program;
- Explanation and analysis of the necessity of immediate responses after a sexual assault has occurred to counteract and mitigate the long-term effects of violence. Long-term responses after sexual assault has occurred will address the lasting consequences of violence;
- Explanation of rape myths, facts, and trends pertaining to the military population;
- Explanation of the commander's and senior enlisted Service member's role in the SAPR program;
- Review of all items found in the commander's protocols for Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault; and
- Explanation of what constitutes reprisal and procedures for reporting allegations of reprisal.

In addition, the Marine Corps SAPR Commanders Course was updated to meet all core competencies and set learning objectives as defined by the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD) and in accordance with the Secretary of Defense Memorandum signed September 25, 2012. The updated course also includes further training direction from the Commandant. Mandatory for all prospective Commanders and Senior Enlisted Advisors, the course emphasizes the importance of command climate and the central role of leadership in both prevention and response. The four-phase course employs a read-ahead, a group lecture/discussion, and practical application (i.e., small-team problem-solving scenarios). The last phase is a brief by the Installation SARC within 30 days of assuming command or getting posted. In addition to teaching the basic concepts and issues related to sexual assault in the military, the training is designed to ensure that all Marine Corps leaders understand:

- Risks and circumstances associated with sexual assault incidence and the proactive measures to prevent sexual assault and associated destructive behaviors within their command;
- Essential elements of a quality victim care response program and the roles and responsibilities of victim service providers;
- Complexity of sexual assault crimes and the appropriate investigation and disposition options available; and
- The roles of Commanders and Senior Enlisted Leaders in fostering a command environment free of sexual assault.

1.4 Describe your progress in implementing the findings and recommendations from the SAPR Initial Military Training reviews. Include your efforts to enhance accession training by including SAPR policies and implementation of SAPR training within 14 days of entrance to active duty.

From October 2012 to January 2013, the Department of the Navy Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office (DON SAPRO) and Headquarters Marine Corps (HQMC) SAPR concluded site visits of Marine Corps initial military training environments, to include Recruit Depots, Schools of Infantry, and the Basic School. Rather than attempting detail-oriented inspections, the visits entailed broad-based inquiries that focused on two major areas: the professionalism and oversight of instructors, and the overall command climate with respect to gender issues and sexual assault in particular. The final report by DON SAPRO indicated many positive findings pertaining to awareness training and victim care access, identifying the SAPR Campaign Plan and personal engagement by the Commandant as best practices. In addition, the report described the effectiveness of chaplain involvement, multiple reporting mechanisms, bystander intervention training, command leadership, and the enforcement of explicit standards of conduct – all of which the Marine Corps continues to improve upon and emphasize.

In FY13, the Marine Corps has incorporated updated SAPR training into the Delayed Entry Program, Recruit Training, and Military Occupational Specialty (MOS) schools. Prior to attending either Recruit Training or Officer Candidates School (OCS), all selectees complete a two-hour values-based training course. The training focuses on the “whole of character” and ethical behavior as a Marine, instilling a refined and sustained understanding of the core values of honor, courage, and commitment. The training teaches that the success of the Marine Corps is founded on the character of all Marines, on their ability to make sound ethical decisions in any situation, and includes scenarios that address sexual assault, sexual harassment, racial discrimination, alcohol abuse, and hazing. Upon completion of the training, recruits and candidates are required to sign a Statement of Understanding, affirming their transformation and acceptance of the Marine Corps ethos.

SAPR training at both Recruit Training and OCS takes place within the first 14 days, providing recruits and candidates with a general overview of the program, reporting options, available resources, and the principles of bystander intervention. Later in the training, Senior Drill Instructors conduct “foot locker” discussions with all recruits, a method used by Senior Drill Instructors to have candid conversations with recruits.

SAPR training at MOS schools is provided by Uniformed Victim Advocates (UVAs) and reinforces the values and instruction they received during Recruit Training. Newly commissioned Second Lieutenants receive SAPR training at The Basic School within the first two weeks of arrival. A SAPR overview is taught by a UVA and is followed by a discussion with the Commanding Officer. Additionally, the Lieutenants break into small groups and go through scenarios with their Platoon Commanders. These scenarios focus on handling a report of sexual assault from a leader’s perspective.

1.5 Identify specific SAPR monitoring, measures, and education that impart individual skills associated with bystander intervention and appropriate risk reduction that does not blame victims.

The principles of bystander intervention have been infused into all Marine Corps SAPR training programs. The “Take A Stand” training course is focused entirely on bystander

intervention and is mandatory for all newly promoted Corporals and Sergeants. This requirement was intended to reinforce the tenets of leadership for all noncommissioned officers (NCOs), who lead close to 83 percent of the Marine Corps force. The three-hour training program includes mini-lectures, guided group discussions, activities, and video recordings of the Commandant, the Sergeant Major of the Marine Corps, senior leaders, subject matter experts, NCOs, victims, and junior Marines.

Based on the success of the “Take A Stand” training program for NCOs, a 90-minute, interactive, bystander intervention program is being developed specifically for junior Marines (E-1 to E-3), the Corps’ highest-risk demographic. In addition, risk mitigation measures are being infused into all SAPR training going forward, with a focus on non-stranger sexual assaults by addressing unhealthy interpersonal relationships and personal/professional boundaries. The focus on shared community responsibility, vice individual responsibility, is intended to preclude victim blaming.

Both the Defense Equal Opportunity Management Institute (DEOMI) Organizational Climate Survey and the Workplace and Gender Relations Survey of Active Duty Members (WGRA) measure the likelihood of bystander intervention. The latest DEOMI Survey rollup for 3rd Quarter FY13 indicated that Marine Corps leadership continues to support a healthy SAPR climate and the majority of Marines are likely to intervene in situations perceived as likely to escalate into a sexual assault. Additionally, the 2012 WGRA found that 93 percent of female Marines and 88 percent of male Marines indicated that they would actively intervene in a situation leading to sexual assault – an increase over the 2010 WGRA, which indicated 91 percent for females and 77 percent for males.

1.6 Describe your efforts to establish policies that create and sustain safe environments free of sexual assault. Include policies and practices that address alcohol consumption and barracks/dormitories visitation.

Prevention efforts put forth by the Campaign Plan have taken a holistic approach, designed to reawaken the Corps’ sense of tradition and ethics that would not only eliminate serious crimes like sexual assault, but other damaging behaviors, such as sexual harassment, hazing, and the misuse of alcohol. To this end, the Commandant has also directed new restrictions pertaining to the sale of alcohol aboard Marine Corps installations. The Commandant’s memo dated 26 August 2013 details these changes, which are intended to support SAPR initiatives, as well as to promote health. They include the following:

- Distilled spirits – or liquor – will be removed from all sites designated as Marine Marts adjacent to barracks.
- Alcoholic beverages will be sold only from 0800 until 2200 in all Marine Corps exchanges.
- Floor space dedicated to the sale and display of alcohol will be limited to no more than 10 percent of total retail space in stores not considered a package store.
- Alcohol and displays will be relocated to the sides or rears of exchanges, farther from main entrances and sections used by underage patrons; in-store marketing

will be limited to those sections.

In addition, at the General Officers Symposium held on 23 September 2013, the Commandant also called for several new initiatives pertaining to the barracks, to include the following:

- Sergeants and Corporals will return to the barracks, as basic allowance for housing is no longer allowed for single NCOs. This policy change was made in 2011, with the Commandant saying it was necessary to save money and put the Corps' new, impressive bachelor enlisted quarters to full use.
- Senior officers, staff NCOs, and NCOs will be in and out of the barracks regularly, especially between 2000 and 0400.
- Company-grade officers will be assigned as officers on duty, and staff NCOs will be assigned as staff officers on duty. All Marines on duty will be required to wear service uniforms, either "Bravos" or "Charlies," depending on which uniform is in season.
- Two NCOs will be on duty per barracks, and a firewatch will be conducted on each floor of each building.
- Television and video games will not be allowed in the watchstander's place of duty. They must be out and about, and not behind a desk.

The Marine Corps has also complied with all directives from the Office of the Secretary of Defense, to include implementing comprehensive and regular visual inspections of Marine Corps workplaces, ensuring that all facilities promote an environment of dignity, respect, and professionalism, and are free from materials that create degrading offensive work environment. Inspections will take place regularly, not less than annually.

1.7 Describe progress, assessment, efforts, and/or approved plans for requiring commanders to conduct an organizational climate assessment within 120 days of assuming command and annually thereafter. Include policy for providing results to the next level in the chain of command.

All Commanders are required to ensure all members administratively attached to their commands have the opportunity to participate in the assessment process. For this purpose, the Marine Corps utilizes two separate, mandatory command climate surveys, both of which must be briefed to the next level in the chain of command after completion (policy is included as Appendix A).

For commands with more than 50 personnel, the DEOMI organizational climate survey (DEOCS) will be conducted within 90 days of assumption of command, and annually thereafter. Subordinate commands of 50 or less personnel will be surveyed with a larger unit in the command to ensure anonymity. All survey results will be briefed to the next higher level Commander in the chain of command within 30 days of receipt of the survey results. To ensure this requirement is being met, new features have been added to the command climate survey request form and notification emails. Per MARADMIN 464/13, survey administrators will now enter the next level Commander's information of their DEOCS request to ensure he/she is aware that the survey has been requested

and that a brief will be required.

In addition, a new command climate survey directed by the Commandant was implemented in June 2013 to supplement the existing DEOMI survey. The Commandant's command climate survey is mandatory within 30 days of assuming command, and annually thereafter. Per MARADMIN 316/13, survey results are briefed to the next higher level Commander in the chain of command.

Command climate surveys identify areas in a unit that can be improved, allowing Commanders to prevent misconduct that may lead to serious crimes, such as sexual assault. These surveys are designed to measure the overall health and well-being of a command, helping to identify and mitigate the high-risk behaviors that tear at the fabric of the Corps.

1.8 Describe collaboration efforts concerning prevention with external experts, federal partners (e.g. NATO), advocacy organizations, and educational institutions, to include prevention subject matter experts. Describe results and/or implementations of lessons learned from collaboration efforts.

The Marine Corps continues to seek opportunities to work with external entities to enhance both its prevention efforts, as well as its victim care capabilities. Close collaboration with the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD) SAPRO is ongoing and facilitated by their prevention roundtable. This venue allows the Marine Corps additional opportunities to utilize best practice prevention practices from other entities.

At the installation level, Sexual Assault Response Coordinators (SARCs) continue to build collaborative relationships with local rape crisis centers and civilian medical facilities, including Amberly's Place (Yuma, Arizona), Eisenhower Medical Center and Redlands Medical Center (Southern California), and Boston Medical Center. In addition, all Navy chaplains will receive further training specific to sexual assault by Kristen Leslie, a professor of pastoral theology at Eden Theological Seminary. Leslie is also the author of the book *When Violence Is No Stranger*, which focuses on acquaintance rape.

Other external collaborators were present at the Annual SAPR Training Event, which took place in Quantico, Va. from August 27 to 29. The event was attended by all SARCs and SAPR VAs and included lectures from representatives of the following entities:

- Office of Legislative Affairs (OLA): Discussed hot-button issues of the 113th Congress on macro and micro levels, and provided an overview of the role of OLA.
- Veterans Health Administration: Presentation focused on Military Sexual Trauma (MST) and the response the Veterans Health Administration provides to those with MST-related diagnoses.
- Bon Secours St. Mary's Hospital (Richmond, Va.): Provided an overview of the role of the Forensic Nurse, contrasted against the Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE), and a procedural outline of the forensic evaluation.
- Blue Tower Training: Provide a "motivational journey" specifically designed for victim service professionals, discussing common stressors and effective coping mechanisms.

- Bob Pike Group: Conducted specialized train-the-trainer workshop with the aim to help build the Marine Corps as a learning organization and to strengthen message retention.
- Senior Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Office for Yakima County, Washington: Discussed specific issues pertaining to trials for sexual offenses, including impediments to disclosure on the part of the victim, the influence of public opinion on jurors, the victim's immediate response, how offenders operate, and making a connection with the jury.

Marine Corps prevention efforts in FY13 were also greatly enhanced by the following organizations:

- Catharsis Productions: The Marine Corps has maintained a close relationship with Catharsis Productions, a theater company and advocacy organization whose mission is to reduce interpersonal violence by producing artistically innovative and research-supported programming that challenges oppressive attitudes, transforms behavior, and inspires communities to create a world without violence. Their flagship program "Sex Signals" supports the Marine Corps SAPR mission through innovative, non-traditional training techniques. Incorporating improvisation, audience interaction, humor, and education, "Sex Signals" provides a fresh and provocative look at dating, sex, and the core issue of consent. In FY13, "Sex Signals" was performed 74 times across 16 Marine Corps installations and two reserve sites, receiving consistently positive reviews.
- Sexual Aggression Peer Advocates (SAPA): Established at Central Michigan University in 1996, SAPA has become one of the foremost peer advocate programs in the country, providing training and educational programs on sexual assault and violence prevention. Their renowned program "No Zebras. No Excuses." is a survivor-centered, perpetrator-focused stage production that uses vignettes to present audience members with scenarios related to bystander intervention. In FY13, a truncated version of this program – called "Zebras Lite" – was performed on seven Marine Corps installations. These performances were funded by DON SAPRO.

1.9 Describe your efforts to establish and implement policies that prevent individuals convicted of a Federal or State offense of rape, sexual abuse, sexual assault, incest, or other sexual offenses, from being provided a waiver for commissioning or enlistment in the Armed Forces.

Marine Corps Order (MCO) 1100.1 for Recruiting Command states that any applicant who was prosecuted, and convicted, or received an adverse adjudication for a Major Misconduct Offense (felony) or Misconduct Offense (misdemeanor) as an adult or juvenile of any sexual-related crime, or sexual assault is disqualified for enlistment or commissioning. Any applicant with a conviction for an offense which results in the mandatory registration as a sexual offender on the National Sex Offender Registry is ineligible for enlistment. No waivers will be considered.

Waivers for substantiated sexual assault are not granted and there are no "moral" waivers for prior sexual misconduct.

1.10 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to delivering consistent and effective prevention methods and programs, including how these efforts will help your Service plan, resource, and make progress in your SAPR program.

The Campaign Plan's primary purpose – to reduce, with a goal to eliminate, incidents of sexual assault – remains at the forefront of all Marine Corps SAPR efforts. Specific FY14 initiatives being implemented to support this ongoing fight include the development of eight new video-based Ethical Discussion Groups (EDGs), all designed from direct feedback from the Operating Forces. The new EDGs will be used with training specifically developed for Corporals and Sergeants Courses, SAPR training for staff noncommissioned officers (SNCOs) and officers, and training for junior Marines.

Also in FY14, a new 90-minute, interactive, bystander intervention program is being developed for junior Marines (E-1 to E-3), the Corps' highest-risk demographic. The new program will be based on the Marine Corps' successful "Take A Stand" bystander intervention program designed for NCOs, which comprised of mini-lectures, guided group discussions, activities, and video recordings of the Commandant, the Sergeant Major of the Marine Corps, senior leaders, subject matter experts, and victims.

The Marine Corps will also infuse risk mitigation measures into all SAPR training going forward. This initiative will focus on non-stranger sexual assaults by addressing unhealthy interpersonal relationships and personal/professional boundaries. The focus on shared community responsibility, vice individual responsibility, is intended to preclude victim blaming.

In addition to these SAPR-specific efforts, in October 2013, the Commandant of the Marine Corps launched his "Reawakening" Campaign, which is designed to refocus Marine Corps efforts on the foundations of discipline, faithfulness, self-excellence, and concerned leadership, as the institution transitions from more than a decade of continuous combat. Reinforcing the tenets of the SAPR Campaign Plan, the Reawakening Campaign emphasizes strong leadership at every level, demanding accountability and responsibility from all leaders – from junior Marines, to NCOs and SNCOs, to officers and Generals – and calling on them to lead the charge against an "insurgency of wrongdoing." In addition to sexual assault, this insurgency includes the failure to maintain personal fitness and appearance, substance abuse, hazing, self-destructive behavior, disregarding Marine Corps orders and standards, and other crimes and misconduct that disrupt the institution's return to immediate readiness and destroy its credibility.

2. LOE 2—Investigation—The objective of investigation is to "achieve high competence in the investigation of sexual assault."

2.1 Summarize your Service or Component's efforts to achieve the Investigation Endstate: "investigative resources yield timely and accurate results."

Starting in August 2012, Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS) began implementation of the Adult Sexual Assault Program (ASAP). ASAP links specially trained investigators into teams focused on adult sexual assault investigations, creating a surge team response that expedites the investigative process. ASAP teams have

specialized training in legal jurisdiction, investigative procedures, evidence collection, sexual assault victim sensitivities, and the handling of reports and official statements.

NCIS agents are integrated with judge advocates, victim advocates, medical and other skilled professionals assisting special victims. NCIS agents are required to engage with trial counsel (TC) to discuss specific investigation development and trial preparation. Additionally, NCIS agents interact with SARCs, VAs, the Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery (BUMED), and other stakeholders as needed and during established case management meetings.

ASAP is currently established at: Norfolk, Camp Lejeune, Camp Pendleton, San Diego, the Northwest Region (Bangor/Bremerton), and Okinawa. It is in the planning stages for Hawaii, the National Capital Region, and the Jacksonville/Mayport Region. In smaller and remote NCIS locations where ASAP teams are not present, the training of agents to the ASAP standard is ongoing.

In addition, the Marine Corps Criminal Investigation Division (CID) contributes assets to NCIS through the Marine Special Agent Program and to the Judge Advocate Division (JAD) through Complex Trial Team (CTT) investigators assigned to the Regional Trial Counsel (RTC) offices. Both assignments can and do impact sexual assault investigations/prosecutions.

2.2 Describe your Service or Component's implementation plan for the establishment of a Special Victim Capability (SVC), comprised of specially trained investigators, judge advocates, administrative paralegal support, and victim-witness assistance personnel.

The Marine Corps Special Victim Capability (SVC) is fully implemented and operating through regional Legal Services Support Sections (LSSS) with the goal of having the right counsel detailed to the right case at the right time. The Marine Corps legal community is organized into four LSSSs – National Capital Region, East, West, and Pacific – each responsible for a particular region. The LSSS region in which a joint base is located is responsible for providing legal support to any Marine Corps convening authority at that base. Existing arrangements with the Navy at certain installations allow for Navy personnel to prosecute Marine cases.

Each LSSS is supervised by a Colonel Judge Advocate and contains a Regional Trial Counsel (RTC) office with a Complex Trial Team (CTT) capability. Each RTC office is supervised by an experienced Lieutenant Colonel, is supported by a highly qualified expert (HQE) who is an experienced civilian prosecutor, and contains two CTT military prosecutors, two experienced military criminal investigators, a legal administrative officer, and paralegal support. The HQEs who are resident in the RTC office have significant experience in complex criminal litigation as a successful trial-level prosecutor on sexual assault cases. The HQE's primary job is to train trial counsel (TC) to prosecute sexual assault cases. TC must consult with their regional HQE within 10 days of being detailed to any sexual assault case.

Only TC who have been certified as a Special Victim Qualified Trial Counsel (SVTC) may be detailed to sexual assault cases. Additionally, the RTC can assign further litigation, research, or investigative support to form a CTT. Prior to being detailed to a

sexual assault case, the detailing authority looks at all available SVTC and details the most qualified SVTC based on grade, experience, education, training, ability, existing case load, professional responsibilities, and the individual characteristics of the case. To be certified as an SVTC, a TC must:

- Be a General Court-Martial Qualified TC;
- Receive a written recommendation from the RTC that the judge advocate possesses the requisite expertise to try a special victim's case;
- Demonstrate to the LSSS Officer-in-Charge's (O-6 judge advocate) satisfaction that he or she possesses the requisite expertise, experience, education, innate ability, and disposition to competently try special victim cases;
- Prosecute a contested special or general court-martial in a special victim case as an assistant trial counsel; and
- Attend an intermediate level trial advocacy training course for the prosecution of special victim cases.

Additionally, the Marine Corps has 35 litigation billets that require an advanced master of laws degree in criminal law.

2.3 Describe your efforts to enhance training and/or plans for enhanced training for investigators of sexual violence. Include your measures of effectiveness or means by which you are measuring enhancements.

NCIS agents conducting investigations involving special victims (adult sexual assault, domestic violence, and child abuse victims) receive advanced training specific to special victim investigations. Current advanced training platforms are joint-Military Criminal Investigation Organization (MCIO) efforts sharing course material and subject matter expert instructors. NCIS agents and judge advocates attend advanced courses together.

In addition, beginning in FY15, USMC CID will be reincorporated back into the United States Army Military Police School (USAMPS) Special Victims Unit Investigators Course (SVUIC).

2.4 Describe your Service's efforts to participate in Defense Enterprise Working Group of Military Criminal Investigation Organizations and Defense Criminal Investigative Services to assess and validate joint investigative technology, best practices, and resource efficiencies benchmarked against external law enforcement agencies.

Department of Defense Inspector General (DoD IG) evaluated Military Criminal Investigative Organization (MCIOs) sexual assault investigations completed in 2010 to determine if these investigations were completed as required by "guiding policies and procedures." Published results are contained within DoD IG Report No. 2013-091, dated July 9, 2013.

For the sample obtained across all MCIOs, 89 percent met or exceeded standards, while 11 percent were returned for corrective action. Completed, closed, and

adjudicated investigations were reviewed, though “appropriateness” of adjudication was not reviewed. Of the 157 NCIS cases that were reviewed, 26 were considered to have significant deficiencies and 14 were reopened for additional investigative action. Significant deficiencies included: key evidence not collected; no crime scene or inadequate scene examination; and inadequate victim, subject, or witness interviews or reinterviews. Twelve cases with deficiencies were not reopened, as it was determined that too much time had passed or additional work would not influence the outcome of the investigation.

A more thorough analysis of investigative deficiencies among all MCIO sexual assault investigations, resulted in recommendations to further enhance SAPR-related victim issues such as to better document case status to victims, document and encourage notification to Staff Judge Advocate at the initiation of sexual assault investigations, better documenting victim notification of their rights, and documenting notification to the SARC. Recommendations as noted by DoD IG were accepted by respective agency directors.

The Director, NCIS also noted that the sampling was conducted prior to the implementation of agency initiatives such as the assignment of dedicated and better trained investigators responsible for investigating sexual assault investigations, implementation of the Adult Sexual Assault Program, which allows for a focused and dedicated response as well as improving the timeliness of completion and enhance supervisory case review and formal inspections.

In addition, although Marine Corps CID is not recognized as an MCIO, it maintains close relations with the NCIS Family and Sexual Violence Unit (F&SVU) and has been invited to participate in NCIS-level meetings when needed.

2.5 Describe your Military Criminal Investigative Organization’s (MCIO) progress on establishment of a Working Group to review initial baseline, periodic refresher, and advanced sexual assault investigation training in order to establish common criteria, measures of effectiveness, and leverage training resources and expertise. If already in progress or completed, briefly describe recommendations, results, and ongoing efforts.

In September 2011, the DoD IG initiated a project to determine if the MCIOs sexual assault investigation training conforms to DoD policy and standards as well as commonly accepted best practices. The DoD IG determined that all MCIO training was satisfactory. Since the conclusion of the DoD IG project, representatives from NCIS, CID, and AFOSI formed a working group to compare and develop training. The effectiveness of the working group has been enhanced due to the co-location of the three agencies within the Russell-Knox Building, Quantico, Va. In addition, NCIS and CID have a training relationship in which investigators from both agencies attend the same advanced training course. The training partnership between NCIS and CID is indicative of established common criteria, measures of effectiveness, and leveraging of resources and expertise between agencies.

In addition, CID sexual assault training is obtained through the United States Army Military Police School (USAMPS). CID reps are included during periodic reviews of

course curricula.
<p>2.6 Describe and provide documentation of your Service or Component's implementation of policy for retention of sexual assault documentation (e.g. DD Forms 2910 and 2911). Documentation should be included as an appendix.</p> <p>The Marine Corps complies with DoD Instruction 6495.02, which specifies that SARCs will enter the unrestricted report DD Form 2910, "Victim Reporting Preference Statement," in the Defense Sexual Assault Incident Database (DSAID) as an electronic record, where it will be retained for 50 years from the date the victim signed it. In addition, the SARC will retain a hard copy of the restricted report DD Form 2910 for five years, consistent with DoD guidance for the storage of personally identifiable information. The five-year timeframe will start from the date the victim signs the form.</p> <p>In compliance with DoD Instruction 5505.18, all MCIOs must include the DD Form 2911, "DoD Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Report," or reports from civilian sexual assault forensic exams conducted at civilian healthcare facilities (when DoD retains jurisdiction) as part of an archived file. If creating digital records, the DD Form 2911 will be uploaded as part of the archived file. All MCIO adult sexual assault investigative reports will be retained for a period of 50 years. If the investigation was referred to another agency, the MCIO must obtain disposition and final investigative reports and retain them for 50 years.</p> <p>In addition, at the request of a service member who files a restricted report on an incident of sexual assault, the DD Forms 2910 and 2911 filed in connection with the restricted report will be retained for 50 years.</p> <p>All relevant policy is included as Appendix B.</p>
<p>2.7 Describe your efforts to review and implement policies and procedures that ensure all Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault (and attempts) against adults will be immediately reported to the MCIO, regardless of the severity of the allegation.</p> <p>DoD Instruction (DoDI) 5500.18 requires the MCIO to initiate investigations of all offenses of adult sexual assault of which they become aware. Additionally, DoDI 5500.18 states that "all Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault (and attempts) against adults will be immediately reported to the MCIO, regardless of the severity of the allegation." In addition, Marine Corps Order (MCO) 1752.5B on SAPR emphasizes that referral to the MCIO is mandatory. Therefore, Commanders and others do not have any discretion regarding reporting unrestricted reports of sexual assault to NCIS.</p>
<p>2.8 Describe efforts, policies, and/or programmatic changes undertaken to improve Service member confidence and/or victim participation in the investigative and military justice process, as well as how you are addressing the number of victims declining to participate. Include rate of conversion from Restricted to Unrestricted reporting.</p> <p>NCIS takes a surge team approach to sexual assault investigations, assigning to all sexual assault cases a dedicated team that can expeditiously conduct interviews,</p>

gather evidence, and work closely with victims. NCIS agents are also now trained in Forensic Experiential Trauma Interview (FETI) techniques to increase the amount of evidence that can be collected when individuals experience stressful and traumatic events. This specialized training is victim centric and positively influences the active participation in the legal proceedings to follow. Ultimately, more timely and specialized care increases overall victim satisfaction and offender accountability.

In addition, NCIS has continued its use of the NCIS Text & Web Tip Line, an anonymous tip collection system that gives service members a discreet and secure reporting option to express concerns without inhibitions of political correctness, retaliation from peers, or pressure from within the chain of command.

In FY13, 37 of 344 restricted reports were converted to unrestricted reports (11 percent). Only seven such conversions were made in FY12 (6 percent).

2.9 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to the achievement of high competence in the investigation of sexual assault.

The Marine Corps recognizes that timely and thorough investigations are vital to responding to reports of sexual assault. Swift, visible action reassures victims that their voices were heard and justice will be delivered. To achieve this end state, NCIS will continue to implement its ASAP program in FY14, which is in the planning stages for Hawaii, the National Capital Region, and the Jacksonville/Mayport Region. To supplement this effort, the Secretary of the Navy approved the hiring of 54 new ASAP special agents, crime scene personnel, and other support personnel.

3. LOE 3—Accountability—The objective of accountability is to “achieve high competence in holding offenders appropriately accountable.”

3.1 Summarize your Service or Component’s efforts to achieve the Accountability Endstate: “perpetrators are held appropriately accountable.”

Over the last year, the Marine Corps has made significant strides in holding sexual assault offenders accountable. Between FY12 to FY13, sexual offense prosecutions have almost doubled and sexual offense convictions have increased by over 70 percent (“sexual offense” includes penetrative offenses, contact offenses, and other sexual offenses of a non-consensual nature, such as indecent exposure). The Marine Corps also saw similar increases in its numbers of punitive discharges.

The Marine Corps completely reorganized the legal community, affecting more than 49 different commands and more than 800 legal billets, thus increasing expertise and capacity for prosecuting complex cases. This new regional model ensures enhanced special victim capabilities and allows the Marine Corps to place the right prosecutor on the right case, regardless of location.

The Marine Corps is making tremendous progress in holding offenders accountable, but is equally concerned that each Marine accused receives a constitutionally fair trial that will withstand the scrutiny of appeal. To that end, the Marine Corps Defense Services Organization (DSO) has instituted a rigorous training and inspection program, coupled with the hiring of a highly qualified expert (HQE) to assist in sexual assault cases and

other complex litigation.

These institutional changes have resulted in the Marine Corps administering justice more efficiently and fairly than ever and holding more offenders accountable, while ensuring the rights of the accused are protected.

3.2 Describe your efforts to enhance training and/or plans for enhanced SAPR training for attorneys and military judges. Include your efforts to monitor training requirements to ensure the optimal number receive enhanced SAPR training and your measures of effectiveness.

The Marine Corps has taken proactive measures to ensure that the most highly trained judge advocates and supporting personnel work on these mission-essential cases of sexual assault. It is imperative that the Marine Corps continues to improve its response to the criminal acts that constitute sexual assault. Consequently, each judge advocate is required to receive, and report the completion of, annual SAPR training.

Therefore, the Marine Corps judge advocate community sponsors the following events to ensure that its attorneys are properly trained in SAPR:

- Weeklong Trial Counsel Assistance Program (TCAP) Courses: These courses focus primarily on the prosecution of complex sexual assault cases, trial advocacy in sexual assault cases, victim support, and prosecutorial ethics. Instruction is provided by a mix of experienced judge advocates (both active duty and reserve), HQEs, and expert witnesses who frequently testify in sexual assault cases (e.g., computer forensic experts, forensic DNA analysts, sexual assault nurse examiners, etc.).
- Three-day New Prosecutor and Paralegal Sexual Assault MTTs: These courses combine what have traditionally been two two-day courses into one three-day course. These courses serve as a supplement to the weeklong TCAP courses, with a heavier focus on case preparation and legal, evidentiary, and scientific issues relating to sexual assault cases. These courses are designed to incorporate new prosecutors (with less than nine months' experience) and those enlisted legal support specialists who work in military justice offices. Some are conducted jointly with Navy TCAP and NCIS. Instruction is primarily provided by guest lecturers with expertise in issues common to sexual assault cases.
- Prosecuting Alcohol Facilitated Sexual Assaults (PAFSA): Marine Corps TCAP and Navy TCAP co-sponsor the annual Prosecuting Alcohol Facilitated Sexual Assaults (PAFSA) course at the Naval Justice School in Newport, Rhode Island. The PAFSA course, in its current format, began in FY10. The course is specifically tailored to educate and train judge advocates on prosecuting sexual assaults facilitated by alcohol.
- Other Training in FY14: In addition to the above TCAP training, the Marine Corps also plans to send trial counsel to a two-week Special Victims Unit Investigators course at Fort Leonard Wood, Mo. Trial counsel have the opportunity to attend 10 such training events throughout the year.

To track the training for each judge advocate in the Marine Corps, Headquarters Marine

Corps Judge Advocate Division (JAD) developed training codes that must be inputted into the Marine Corps Total Force System (MCTFS), which tracks annual training requirements for every member of the Corps. Once judge advocates receive their annual SAPR training, their local commands input a certain code into MCTFS (JAD developed different codes to track requirements for judge advocates in trial services, defense services, victims legal counsel services, legal assistance services, and in leadership positions) that indicates completion of that requirement. JAD is thus able to track completion of these requirements for every judge advocate through MCTFS.

Additionally, the Navy–Marine Corps Trial Judiciary conducts specialized training for military judges. This SAPR training is conducted annually and the Trial Judiciary reports completion of every judge’s training to the Navy Office of the Judge Advocate General.

3.3 Describe your Service’s efforts to conduct an assessment of DoD Pilot Program for Special Victims Counsel. If an assessment has been completed, explain findings and recommendations.

In compliance with the SecDef memo dated August 14, 2013, the Marine Corps stood up its Victims’ Legal Counsel Organization (VLCO) on November 1, 2013, which will be fully operational, as directed, on January 1, 2014. After one month of initial operating capability, the VLCO is recording statistical data, but no assessment as to the progress of the program has been officially initiated at this time. In addition, the Marine Corps has recently completed the development of an anonymous victim advocacy survey, which is being provided to all victims who utilize SAPR services and includes questions pertaining to the VLCO.

3.4 Describe your efforts to expand the availability, sequencing, and scope of commander’s legal courses. Include your measures of effectiveness.

The 10-day Commanders Program was established by the Commandant of the Marine Corps in 1992, providing enhanced situational awareness of current Marine Corps policies and programs, and provides a forum for discussing mission, readiness, and Marine welfare issues. Required for all Colonels and Lieutenant Colonels slated for command, this program includes blocks of instruction on SAPR and on their legal duties pertaining to sexual assault and all other crimes.

The Marine Corps also provides Commanders the opportunity to attend various Senior Officer Legal Courses, which provide familiarization with the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ), administrative fact-finding bodies, administrative separation procedures, the courts-martial process, operational law, and various other policies relating to command administration of legal matters. Priority for these courses is given to officers who are serving or are slated to serve in command. The Marine Corps sends Commanders to over 40 available courses that are offered throughout the year in various locations throughout the country.

3.5 Describe your efforts to assess the effectiveness of the policy to elevate initial disposition authority to a Special Court Martial Convening Authority in the grade of O-6 or higher. Provide documentation in the appendix. If assessment complete, briefly describe results and recommendations.

For all allegations of sexual misconduct under Article 120 of the UCMJ (to include penetration and contact offenses), the initial disposition can only be made by an O-6 (Colonel) or higher Special Court-Martial Convening Authority, who is known as the Sexual Assault Initial Disposition Authority (SA-IDA). The SA-IDA is often a Commander with over 20 years of experience and multiple command tours. What this means, in practice, is that the Marine Corps now has a smaller group of more experienced Commanders making the disposition decisions in these complex cases.

The Marine Corps does not specifically track the effectiveness of SA-IDA policy. However, this and other policies have indirectly generated some measurable, positive results. Rates of reporting have risen drastically and rates of sexual assault courts-martial have similarly risen. These trends suggest that the SA-IDA policy is having the effect that the Secretary of Defense and the Commandant desired.

3.6 Describe any treatment or rehabilitation programs implemented by your Service or Component for those members who have been convicted of a sexual assault. Include any pertinent referrals such as drug and alcohol counseling, or other types of counseling or intervention.

There are no specific direct care programs that Navy Medicine maintains or has implemented specifically for members convicted of sexual assault. While convicted offenders are offered programs when incarcerated (if applicable) and several civilian programs are available as well, very few Navy providers have expertise in treatment for sex offenders.

3.7 List updates or efforts to update policies requiring the processing for administrative separation of any member convicted of a sexual assault. Include documentation in the appendix.

The Marine Corps published an update to its Marine Corps Separation and Retirement Manual (MARCORSEPMAN) on November 26, 2013. The MARCORSEPMAN institutionalizes the policy that the Marine Corps has followed since 2009 (MARADMIN 317/09), which requires separation processing of any members convicted of a sex offense and also expands mandatory processing for any substantiated incident of a sex offense. The new MARCORSEPMAN provisions further require an SA-IDA or higher authority to determine whether an incident meets the criteria of a substantiated sex offense, and requires that a judge advocate serve as the recorder in such cases. These provisions ensure effective use of administrative board procedures to hold sex offenders accountable. MARADMIN 640/13 was released on December 6, 2013 to further detail and implement changes in the updated MARCORSEPMAN. Relevant excerpts of the MARCORSEPMAN are included as Appendix C.

3.8 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to the achievement of high competence in holding offenders appropriately accountable.

The Marine Corps will continue to build on the positive momentum that it experienced in FY13 pertaining to the achievement of high competence in holding offenders appropriately accountable. The legal community will further refine its policy and procedures through the publication of a new Marine Corps Manual for Legal

Administration (LEGADMINMAN), which will include a standard operating procedure for its regional Legal Services Support Sections. To further strengthen this effort, the Marine Corps Trial Counsel Assistance Program (TCAP) will continue to refine and expand its training to effectively teach trial counsel the art and science of litigating complex cases, including sexual assault courts-martial.

In addition, the Marine Corps VLCO will also reach full operational capability in FY14 (January 1, 2014). Victim legal counsel will provide confidential legal assistance to eligible victims of crime in place of legal assistance attorneys. They will fully advise victims of their rights in the military justice process and, when detailed, will represent them at military justice proceedings, in accordance with statute, regulation, and case law. If a victim may have been involved in collateral misconduct, the victim legal counsel will refer the victim, when appropriate, to the Marine Corps Defense Services Organization. If a victim requires traditional legal assistance services, the victim legal counsel will refer the victim, when appropriate, to the legal assistance office. This representation should encourage more victims to participate in the military justice process, which will ultimately help the Marine Corps hold offenders accountable.

4. LOE 4—Advocacy/Victim Assistance--The objective of advocacy/victim assistance is to “deliver consistent and effective victim support, response, and reporting options.”

4.1 Summarize your Service or Component’s efforts to achieve the Advocacy/Victim Assistance Endstate: “DoD provides high quality services and support to instill confidence and trust, strengthen resilience, and inspire victims to report.”

In FY13, the Marine Corps completed the implementation of several initiatives designed to enhance its victim care and advocacy capabilities. All SAPR personnel underwent 40 hours of victim advocacy training as required for credentialing by the National Organization of Victim Assistance (NOVA) and all SARCs and SAPR VAs received refresher training at the Annual SAPR Training Event in Quantico, Va. This three-day event included lectures by subject matter experts on victim assistance, sexual assault forensic examinations, legislative affairs, the reorganized Marine Corps legal community, train-the-trainer techniques, the Defense Sexual Assault Incident Database (DSAID), and prosecution strategies.

The Annual SAPR Training Event also included SARC training for the establishment of Sexual Assault Response Teams (SARTs) – the flagship initiative of Phase II of the SAPR Campaign Plan – implemented at every Marine Corps installation. SARTs assist victims in navigating a multifaceted process without revictimization and ensure a coordinated response. At a minimum, a SART consists of NCIS, military police, SARC/VA, judge advocate/trial counsel, mental health services representatives, and sexual assault forensic examiners. Designed to ensure supportive services from initial contact with the victim to the conclusion of services and care, SARTs are to meet at least quarterly to monitor coordination and communicate concerns pertaining to specific unrestricted cases.

Ongoing support is provided to victims in the form of monthly case status updates,

which, in addition to the quality assurance of services and systemic coordination, are facilitated by case management groups (CMGs). CMGs meet monthly to review all unrestricted reports of sexual assault. Co-chaired by the installation Commander and SARC, CMGs include the VA/UVA, staff judge advocate, NCIS, law enforcement, health care personnel, mental health/counseling representatives, the victim's Commander, and the chaplain. CMGs discuss in a confidential setting the status of all cases in which the victim continues to receive advocacy services through the Marine Corps and the legal process has yet to reach its final disposition. CMG training is given to all installation SARCs as an additional requirement for their billet.

Marine Corps advocacy/victim assistance services are also ensured through the continued use of the SAPR 8-Day Brief, a valuable tool that enhances the Commanding Officer's ability to provide immediate attention and care to victims. The brief must be submitted within the first eight days of an unrestricted report to the first General Officer in the victim's chain of command. An effective oversight tool, it essentially functions as a comprehensive checklist that includes responsibilities of both the Commander and the sexual assault response coordinator (SARC). These responsibilities include the following:

- Assigning the victim a VA or UVA;
- Referring the victim to medical services;
- Ensuring that a sexual assault forensic examination (SAFE) was offered and, if not, detailing the reasons why;
- Ensuring that the victim is aware of all available counseling and chaplain services;
- Informing the victim of the right to request an expedited transfer; and
- Informing the victim of the right to speak confidentially with a legal assistance attorney about the military justice process and the rights and benefits afforded the victim.

The SAPR 8-Day Brief is recognized as a best practice in victim care and commander-focused victim support, and similar oversight mechanisms are being adopted for use across the entire Department of Defense (DoD).

The Marine Corps also adheres to the DoD's *Standards for Victim Assistance Services in the Military Community*, which are consistent with the National Victim Assistance Standards Consortium, but incorporate the unique needs of the military community. These standards cover the following areas: competency standards for victim assistance personnel, ethical standards for victim assistance personnel, and foundational standards for programs.

4.2 List the total number of full-time SARC/SAPR VAs serving at brigade or equivalent level. If not at 100%, describe your efforts to achieve 100% fill.

The Marine Corps' SAPR workforce currently includes 21 full-time civilian VAs, 1,510 Uniformed Victim Advocates (UVAs), 40 collateral-duty SARCs, and 40 full-time SARCs. Due to the size and operational nature of the Marine Corps, VAs have been placed at the installation in general support of the operational forces. The number of

VAs hired and their placement were determined by the size of the eligible population supported and the number of victims. Full-time SARCs were placed at the installation level, in general support of the operational forces, and at the Marine Expeditionary Force (MEF), Marine Division (Div), Marine Aircraft Wing (MAW), Marine Logistics Group (MLG), and select Military Occupational Special (MOS) schools. Placement of civilian full-time SARCs at these levels allowed the Marine Corps to further operationalize the SAPR program, while providing the best support to victims of sexual assault. Per Marine Corps Order, SARCs are required at the General Court-Martial Convening Authority level and at every Marine Expeditionary Unit. O-6 level Commanders can appoint a collateral-duty SARC, but are not required to.

A minimum of two UVAs are appointed to geographically remote units, schools, operational battalions, squadrons, and equivalent-sized commands (e.g., CLR, CLB, etc.), whether in garrison or deployed. Marine Corps Recruiting Command (MCRC) ensures each recruiting region, Marine Corps District, and recruiting station appoints a minimum of one UVA. Marine Forces Reserve (MARFORRES) ensures each Inspector-Instructor or Site Support Staff on every MARFORRES site appoints a minimum of one UVA. Marine Corps Embassy Security Group (MCESG) ensures each region appoints a minimum of one UVA.

4.3 List the total number SARCs and SAPR VAs certified in FY13. If not at 100%, describe your efforts to achieve 100% certified.

As of November 27, 2013, 98 SARCs and 1,780 VAs/UVAs have been certified since the start of FY13. These numbers exceed the SAPR workforce (i.e., greater than 100 percent) because they include personnel who have been certified, but not appointed, to perform SAPR duties. Such personnel are not counted as part of the active SAPR workforce.

4.4 Describe your efforts to develop victim continuity of care protocol in collaboration with the Department of Veterans Affairs and external Veterans Service Organizations.

Collaboration is ongoing with Disabled American Veterans (DAV), a veterans service organization whose mission includes: ensuring that veterans and their families can access the full range of benefits available to them, fighting for veterans' interests on Capitol Hill, and educating the public about the great sacrifices and needs of veterans transitioning back to civilian life. This collaboration is currently informing the development of a MARADMIN that details the various care options available to separated or retired Marines who have been sexually assaulted. Designed around the common barriers that veterans face upon separation or retirement, the MARADMIN will offer information on how to contact the Department of Veterans Affairs, how to obtain medical records, how to access the DoD Safe Helpline, and other entry points to continuous care and services. In addition, the MARADMIN will provide instructions on requirements for out-briefs given to all service members transitioning from active duty.

In addition, the Military Sexual Trauma Coordinator for the Veterans Affairs (VA) Maryland Health Care System participated in the Annual SAPR Training Event conducted in August 2013 for all SARCs and SAPR VAs. While providing an overview

of the Veterans Health Administration, the speaker focused her discussion on Military Sexual Trauma (MST), to include what constitutes MST, the Veteran Health Administration's response to MST-related diagnoses, eligibility for MST-related health care, and how veterans can access this care.

4.5 Describe your efforts to improve the portability and availability of victim services in deployed environments, ensuring continuity of victim care. Include a description of the steps taken during that year to ensure that trained personnel, appropriate supplies, and transportation resources are accessible to deployed units in order to provide an appropriate and timely response in any case of reported sexual assault in a deployed unit, location, or environment.

The 40-hour Marine Corps victim advocacy training program, which is mandatory for all SARCs, VAs, and UVAs, contains lessons specific to performing duties in deployed environments. Command SARCs and UVAs operate in deployed environments, ensuring full SAPR response capability. In addition, the following personnel also operate in deployed environments in support of the SAPR program:

- Judge Advocates: In support of combat and contingency operations, Marine Corps judge advocates serve in a variety of billets including Staff Judge Advocates to major Marine Corps commands, trial and defense counsel, and military judges. General and special courts-martial have also been held in theater, demonstrating that the UCMJ is sufficiently flexible to provide for justice in an expeditionary environment.
- Health Services (HS) personnel: Involved in operation planning and participates in deployed SAPR capability in coordination with Operational Commander, judge advocate, and SARCs. Current operational setting involves HS policy at the Role 1 and Role 2 levels having procedures to provide initial sexual assault identification/receiving and coordinating movement to Role 3 facilities where SAFE and the rest of the sexual assault response can best be addressed.
- Chaplains: All deployed units are assigned a trained and qualified professional naval chaplain who is able to provide pastoral care to victims, as well as alleged offenders.
- NCIS personnel: NCIS personnel deploy and provide timely response to reported cases of sexual assault in deployed locations. In deployed locations where NCIS is not currently imbedded, a response capability exists.

In addition, HQMC SAPR strengthened its pre-deployment training for all Marines who will be deployed for short or extended periods. Pre-deployment SAPR training is conducted by UVAs and provides a brief history of the specific foreign countries or areas anticipated for deployment, and the area's customs, mores, religious practices, and status of forces agreement. It also emphasizes how the crime of sexual assault impacts the unit; impairs readiness, effectiveness, and mission accomplishment; and puts the safety and security of the unit at risk.

4.6 Describe revised policies and/or procedures developed that allow Reserve Component Service members who are victims of sexual assault while on active

duty to remain on active duty status to obtain the treatment and support afforded active duty members. Include documentation in the appendix.

Marine Corps Forces Reserve (MARFORRES) evaluates each sexual assault report to determine the needs of the victim. If a Reserve Component member reports being assaulted on active duty status for over 30 days, he or she is afforded the option to remain on active duty orders until services are no longer required under the Title 10 status, or the victim chooses to waive the Title 10 status. If a Reserve Component member waives his or her Title 10 status or has been on orders for less than 30 days, a Line of Duty Determination is established that will allow for the victim to receive medical and mental health care while not on an active duty status.

While medical entitlements for Reserve Component members remain dependent on a Line of Duty (LOD) determination as to whether or not the sexual assault incident occurred in an active duty or inactive duty training status, this determination does not affect their eligibility to file a report or to receive SAPR support services. All SAPR program services are available to Reserve Component members who are sexually assaulted when performing active service and during inactive duty training. If they report a sexual assault that occurred prior to or while not performing active service or inactive training, they are still eligible to receive SAPR support services from a SARC and a SAPR VA and to file a restricted or unrestricted report.

If requested by the Reserve Component member, the command should allow for separate training on different weekends or times from the alleged offender or with a different unit in the home drilling location to ensure undue burden is not placed on the victim and his or her family by the transfer. Transfer of the alleged offender instead of the victim will also be considered. Relevant policy documentation is included as Appendix D.

In addition, the FY13 initiative to upstaff SAPR personnel across the Marine Corps included five new positions – three Command SARCs and two SAPR VAs – dedicated exclusively to Marine Corps Forces Reserve. All five positions have been filled.

4.7 Describe your efforts to enhance sexual assault training for health care providers. Include requirements that ensure training conforms to "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents"; how to handle a Restricted Report; and how to conduct the SAFE exam.

As of October 24, 2013, 97 Navy Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs) are now capable of conducting SAFE exams. MTFs around the globe have trained a total of 324 Navy MTF SAFE providers. In U.S. Fleet Forces, 287 providers have been trained to provide SAFE care on 123 surface, air, expeditionary, and submarine platforms. In U.S. Pacific Fleet, 191 providers have been trained to provide SAFE care on 142 surface, air, and submarine platforms. Additionally, 57 providers attached to the Military Sealift Command have undergone SAFE training. Training for these 859 personnel included 14.5 hours of standardized DVD teaching. This interactive DVD training was mapped against the Department of Justice National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examination and helps ensure that all providers receive an industry standard

quality training product.

In addition, while not health care providers, all chaplains and religious program specialists serving Marine Corps commands complete formal, specialized training that emphasizes the impact of sexual assault on victims, as well as their SAPR-related responsibilities. In addition, to increase avenues of support for victims of sexual assault, the Chaplain Corps' Confidentiality Campaign implemented its program "Training for Care Givers Serving with Marines."

4.8 Describe sexual assault related health care initiatives undertaken by your Service in FY13. Include mental health treatment programs and follow-up procedures that are gender-responsive, culturally competent, and recovery-oriented.

The following initiatives were undertaken by the Marine Corps and Navy Medicine in FY13 to enhance health care capabilities:

- BUMED Instruction 6310.11A was signed on May 2, 2013, establishing a comprehensive program to provide victims of sexual assault access to SAFEs at both 24/7 and non-24/7 MTFs by the end of FY13. The efforts and scope of this program extended to Navy Medicine at U.S. Fleet Forces and U.S. Pacific Fleet to provide the same level of training and care in maritime and expeditionary environments for victims of sexual assault.
- BUMED is partnering with the U.S. Army Criminal Investigation Laboratory (USACIL) to provide quality assurance feedback on Navy SAFE kits processed by their facility. They are the sole source facility for completing forensic exams in the military. Unlike the civilian sector, USACIL does not limit forensic samples submitted and USACIL is time-bound by the UCMJ to complete forensic evidence within the 120 day maximum for "speedy trial." Their staff does a monumental job in completing evidence examinations within an average of 71–77 days. For comparison, civilian facilities can take 150–160 days to process evidence.
- Per SECNAVINST 1752.4b, all MTFs, along with deployable Navy and Marine Corps units with organic medical department, must have victim care protocols in place for the management of sexual assault victims. Victim care protocols must support SAFEs being done within 60 minutes of request by a provider or a designated law enforcement official. The protocols must ensure that all involved in treating sexual assault patients understand the need for gender sensitivity and patient-centered care.
- As detailed in MARADMIN 568/13, the Marine Corps utilizes a community health approach to address the behavioral health issues facing Marines, Sailors, and their families. A community health approach provides increased access to counseling by integrating counseling into the community, which, in turn, helps normalize help seeking. The establishment of the Community Counseling Program (CCP) will increase the focus on screening, prevention, and intervention of stressors and problems to improve the readiness of Marines, Sailors, and their families. Specifically, the CCP will provide evidence-based intervention activities,

including non-medical counseling and clinical case management.

- The CCP provides for non-medical counseling services provided to victims of sexual assault through installation Marine and Family Programs (MFP) for all Marines, attached Sailors, and their families. Services include community-based counseling and clinical case management services. The Marine Corps requires training for providers in delivery treatment modalities in evidenced-based practices, cognitive behavior therapy, cognitive processing therapy, and trauma-induced care.
- A Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), signed December 2013 between BUMED, the MFP Division, and Health Services (HS) establishes a comprehensive system of psychological health services for active duty Marines and their families. Respect for patient autonomy as an underlying principle is paramount in our system of care, taking into account the role of the Marine, the attached Sailor, or family member in deciding whether to seek or participate in care.
- The Marine Corps Behavioral Health Program continues to integrate line-based community behavioral health efforts and leverage a risk-and-protective framework to identify and equip field staff and Marines alike to recognize problems early and intervene at the lowest possible level. Interventions are built on a strengths-based model as opposed to a deficits model and recognize the key role of today's leaders in the health and well-being of Marines. Behavioral Health utilizes the Institute of Medicine Prevention Continuum as a platform for ensuring appropriate continuum of care efforts is available to all Marines and families.
- The DSTRESS Line is available to Marines, attached Sailors, and family members, providing them counseling from “one of their own” who can relate to, and help them cope with, everyday stress or the heaviest burdens in their lives. Since inception in August 2010, the DSTRESS Line has provided non-medical counseling services to over 11,000 Marines, attached Sailors, and their family members.
- The Marine Corps expanded the Military Family Life Consultant (MFLC) Program, establishing a non-medical surge care capacity at the installation and unit level. The MFLCs are OSD contract care consultants who provide confidential care in a unit or installation setting.

4.9 List the number of victims, if any, whose care was hindered due to lack of SAFE kits or timely access to appropriate laboratory testing resources and describe the measures you took to remedy the situation.

In FY13, no cases have been reported in which a victim's care was hindered due to the lack of SAFE kits or timely access to appropriate laboratory testing resources.

4.10 List initiatives and programs implemented to reduce the stigma and overcome barriers associated with reporting sexual assault.

Since the launch of the SAPR Campaign Plan in June 2012, all SAPR training across the Corps has been designed to reduce stigma of sexual assault victims. These Corps-wide programs utilize a variety of teaching methods and materials, to include Ethical Discussion Groups (EDGs), mini-lectures, guided group discussions and activities, and video messages recorded by the Commandant and the Sergeant Major of the Marine Corps, other senior leaders, subject matter experts, and victims. In addition to challenging pre-existing beliefs and misinformation, each of the programs clearly communicates all reporting options, promotes leadership engagement, and emphasizes bystander intervention.

In addition, the Marine Corps SAPR Commanders Course, which is mandatory for all prospective Commanders and Senior Enlisted Advisors, emphasizes the importance of command climate and the central role of leadership in both prevention and response. Teaching the basic concepts and issues related to sexual assault in the military, the course is designed to ensure that all Marine Corps leaders understand:

- Risks and circumstances associated with sexual assault incidence and the proactive measures to prevent sexual assault and associated destructive behaviors within their command;
- Essential elements of a quality victim care response program and the roles and responsibilities of victim service providers;
- Complexity of sexual assault crimes and the appropriate investigation and disposition options available; and
- The roles of Commanders and Senior Enlisted Leaders in fostering a command environment free of sexual assault.

Several initiatives have been implemented to also strengthen Marine Corps victim care and offender accountability capabilities, with the hope that more victims will be encouraged to come forward and less sexual assaults are committed. These include several large-scale, institutional changes designed to enhance medical and counseling services, expedite the investigation process, strengthen prosecution capabilities, and improve victim advocacy and legal advisory services.

4.11 Describe what measures have been taken by your Service to ensure that Service members are informed in a timely manner of the member's option to request a Military Protective Order (MPO) from the command of assignment. Include documentation that requires law enforcement agents to document MPOs in their investigative case files, to include documentation for Reserve Component personnel in title 10 status.

MCO 1752.5B mandates Commanders to issue a Military Protective Order (MPO), if applicable, and to provide the victim with a copy of the signed MPO. The MPO will remain in effect until the Commander terminates the order or issues a replacement order. This requirement is included in the SAPR 8-Day Brief, helping to ensure its implementation.

4.12 Describe and provide documentation of your Service or Component's expedited victim transfer request policy, including measures taken to ensure

victims are informed in a timely manner of their right to request an expedited transfer. Documentation should be included as an appendix.

The Marine Corps expedited transfer policy was released on 28 February 2012 in the form of a Letter of Instruction (included as Appendix E). Victim advocates inform victims, at the time they elect to file an unrestricted report of sexual assault or as soon as practicable, of their option to request a temporary or permanent transfer from their assigned command or base, or to a different location within their assigned command or base. Marines requesting a transfer must submit a signed and dated written request to their Commanding Officer, who must approve or disapprove the request within 72 hours. If the request is disapproved, the victim is given the opportunity to request a review by the first General Flag Officer in the chain of command, who is also given 72 hours to approve or disapprove the request.

4.12.1 Pertaining to temporary and/or permanent local expedited transfers (a different location within their assigned command or installation), provide:

- The number requested
- The number approved as the victim requested
- The number approved different than the victim requested
- The number denied and a summary of why
- The number moved within 30 days of approval
- The number moved after 30 days of approval

Of the 56 expedited transfer requests made in FY13, 14 were for a Permanent Change of Address (PCA) (i.e., a different location within their assigned command or installation). None of the 14 requests were denied and all orders were cut within three days of the request.

4.12.2 Pertaining to permanent requested expedited transfers (from their assigned command or installation), provide:

- The number requested
- The number approved as the victim requested
- The number approved different than the victim requested
- The number denied and a summary of why
- The number moved within 30 days of approval
- The number moved after 30 days of approval

Of the 56 expedited transfer requests made in FY13, 42 were for a Permanent Change of Station (PCS) (i.e., a transfer from their assigned command or installation). Of the 42 requests, one was denied. Of the 41 transfers, all orders were cut within three days of the request.

Summary of denial: The victim requested the expedited transfer over one year and seven months after the violation (abusive sexual contact). The offender was part of the victim's unit during this entire period of time, indicating that the victim was not at risk for further assaults. Although the request was denied, the victim was issued Temporary Assigned Duty (TAD) to a different combat logistics regiment away from the offender.

4.13 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to delivering consistent and

effective victim support, response, and reporting options.

In FY14, the Marine Corps will continue to develop, integrate, and refine new and existing programs and initiatives to strengthen its victim care capabilities. As a further rise in sexual assault reports is anticipated in FY14, the Marine Corps must ensure that its responders are appropriately trained and prepared to take action. To this end, the following specific initiatives are scheduled for FY14:

- Upstaffing of SAPR personnel: In FY13, 27 full-time SARC and 22 full-time SAPR VAs were added. The Marine Corps plans to fill 21 additional full-time SAPR billets in FY14.
- Victim Advocacy Survey: The Marine Corps has developed an anonymous victim advocacy survey to maintain both the quality of care and the level of victim engagement from the date of the report to the conclusion of services. The survey includes questions pertaining to services provided by the SARC and VA, law enforcement, medical, legal, the chaplain, and the chain of command. Compiling the first-hand concerns of sexual assault victims, the survey will help the Marine Corps establish a baseline from which the institution's support and advocacy capabilities can be further enhanced.
- Sexual Assault Advisory Group (SAAG): The SAAG meets quarterly at the headquarters level to address systemic issues raised via Installation SARTs and SAAG members for the purpose of informing policy. Core members include: SARC, NCIS, staff judge advocate, family advocacy program, chaplain, the BUMED/Health Services, HQMC SAPR, and Plans, Policies & Operations (law enforcement).

5. LOE 5—Assessment—The objective of assessment is to “effectively standardize, measure, analyze, assess, and report program progress.”

5.1 Summarize your Service or Component's efforts to achieve the Assessment Endstate: “DoD incorporates responsive, meaningful, and accurate systems of measurement and evaluation into every aspect of the SAPR program.”

The Marine Corps continues to utilize and develop various mechanisms for data collection, analysis, and assessment that assists Commanders, SARC, service providers, investigators, and judge advocates in evaluating and improving program and service efficacy. In FY13, several initiatives were completed or advanced to achieve meaningful and accurate evaluations of every aspect of the SAPR program. These include: continued use and refinement of the SAPR 8-Day Brief; continued use of the DEOMI Organizational Climate Survey; development and implementation of the CMC Command Climate Survey; development of a victim advocacy survey; as well as regular inspections, teleconferences, and helpline audits at the installation level. These and other efforts provide the Marine Corps with the clarity needed to pinpoint the problem and to effectively focus future efforts.

5.2 Describe oversight activities during FY13 that assess the SAPR program effectiveness. Include frequency, methods used, findings and recommendations, corrective action taken (e.g., program management review and Inspector General

inspections), and other activities. Include documentation of published reports in appendix.

In compliance with MCO 1752.B, the SAPR Program is subject to “regular and no-notice inspections” by the Inspector General of the Marine Corps (IGMC). These are conducted by the IG team with the use of an extensive Functional Area checklist developed by Headquarters Marine Corps (HQMC) SAPR. The IG team is also accompanied by a HQMC SAPR program and policy specialist. HQMC SAPR also continues to conduct monthly audits of all 24/7 Sexual Assault Helplines, measuring response proficiency of SARCs and VAs responsible for answering inquiries and providing information pertinent to victim options and resources.

In addition, from October 2012 to January 2013, the Department of the Navy Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office (DON SAPRO) and HQMC SAPR concluded site visits of Marine Corps initial military training environments, to include Recruit Depots, Schools of Infantry, and the Basic School. The visits entailed broad-based inquiries that focused on two major areas: the professionalism and oversight of instructors, and the overall command climate with respect to gender issues and sexual assault in particular. The final report by DON SAPRO (excerpts of which are included as Appendix F) indicated many positive findings pertaining to awareness training and victim care access, identifying the SAPR Campaign Plan and personal engagement by the Commandant as best practices. In addition, the report described the effectiveness of chaplain involvement, multiple reporting mechanisms, bystander intervention training, command leadership, and the enforcement of explicit standards of conduct – all of which the Marine Corps continues to improve upon and emphasize.

5.3 Describe any and all implementations of Government Accountability Office (GAO) and Defense Task Force-Sexual Assault in the Military Services (DTF-SAMS) recommendations. Include any assessments of implementation.

The Marine Corps has complied with the recommendation put forth by the Government Accountability Office in its latest report, released January 2013. Specifically, the Marine Corps has taken steps to improve first responders’ compliance with the department’s requirements for annual refresher training. To maintain their credentials through the DoD Sexual Assault Advocate Certification Program (D-SAACP), all SAPR personnel must complete 16 hours of continuing education annually. HQMC SAPR facilitates the completion of this requirement through its Annual SAPR Training Event, which is mandatory for all SARCs and SAPR VAs.

In addition, the Marine Corps is in compliance with the following recommendations from the Defense Task Force–Sexual Assault in the Military Services (DTF–SAMS):

- Ensure that IG personnel are not performing SARC duties: This recommendation is included in the revised MCO 1752.5B, released March 2013: “Commanders shall not select the SARC from personnel performing the following duties: SJA/deputies, IG/deputies, chaplain, Equal Opportunity Officer, and Marine Corps Community Services (MCCS) personnel (e.g., FAP Manager (FAPM) and MCCS Director).” In addition, based on a field survey conducted in conjunction with this requirement, the Marine Corps does not have any IG personnel performing SARC

duties.

- Judge Advocates do not serve as both VWLs and trial counsel for the same case: This recommendation is outlined in MCO 5800.14 on “Marine Corps Victim and Witness Assistance Program (VWAP),” which explicitly prohibits installation Commanders from appointing trial counsel as Victim Witness Liaison Officers (VWLOs).

5.4 Describe your efforts to ensure integrity of data collected in the Defense Sexual Assault Incident Database.

All Marine Corps SARCs receive DSAID training and use DSAID as a case management system, entering information within 48 hours of a report of sexual assault (96 hours in deployed locations presenting internet connectivity issues). DSAID collects available information about the nature of assaults, the victim, services offered to the victim, the offender, and disposition of reports associated with the assault. NCIS uploads final case disposition weekly into DSAID.

Initial challenges regarding the Department-wide migration to DSAID largely involved procedural and operational difficulties which, in the Marine Corps, were mitigated by extensive, mandatory training for every SARC. The training consisted of four modules that cover all functions of DSAID, including establishing initial SARC and VA profiles, creating and converting cases, transferring and closing cases, and business and administrative functions. Refresher DSAID training is ongoing. In addition, DSAID Case Control Board (CCB) meetings are conducted by DoD SAPRO every month. Attended by representatives from each service, the CCB meetings are held to suggest and discuss possible changes to DSAID based on difficulties and challenges reported from the field.

5.5 Describe any measures your Service or Component has established to assess and manage your SAPR program. If you have begun assessing your program based on these measures, describe your findings thus far and actions taken.

In addition to regular IG inspections and monthly helpline audits, HQMC SAPR continues to conduct monthly teleconferences with Installation SARCs. These teleconferences provide a Corps-wide forum to discuss matters related to policy, existing cases, new training initiatives, and other programmatic issues.

At the installation level, case management groups (CMGs) meet monthly to review all unrestricted reports of sexual assault. Co-chaired by the installation Commander and SARC, CMGs include the VA/UVA, staff judge advocate, NCIS, law enforcement, health care personnel, mental health/counseling representatives, the victim’s Commander, and the chaplain. CMGs discuss in a confidential setting the status of all cases in which the victim continues to receive advocacy services through the Marine Corps and the legal process has yet to reach its final disposition.

In addition, the Judge Advocate Division (JAD) uses the Case Management System (CMS) to track the progress of all courts-martial in the Marine Corps. CMS was not designed as a sexual assault litigation tracking system, but tracks SAPR cases that are adjudicated at court-martial. CMS was originally designed to accurately track all courts-

marital from the trial stage through appellate review to ensure timely appellate processing of cases, but the Marine Corps is in the process of making modifications to CMS to provide more detailed data about the processing of sexual assault cases.

With the current CMS capability, the Marine Corps is able to harvest data that gives JAD some ability to assess and measure the effectiveness of legal initiatives. For example, since the Marine Corps legal reorganization achieved full operational capability on October 1, 2012, the number of prosecutions of SAPR cases has risen dramatically and conviction rates have remained fairly consistent. In addition, convicted sex offenders are receiving more punitive discharges and that there are more sentences of five years or more confinement than prior to the reorganization. Therefore, the Marine Corps is able to assess the effectiveness of the legal reorganization because the data demonstrates that more offenders are being held accountable.

5.6 Provide a summary of your research and data collection activities conducted in FY13. Include documentation in the appendix.

The SAPR 8-Day Brief, a tool designed to enhance victim care, has also been used as a valuable tool in data collection and assessment, compiling statistics that help identify trends regarding sexual assault in the Marine Corps. These trends include important information pertaining to sexual assault cases, including alcohol involvement, victim age and grade, latency of reports, issuance of MPOs, location of incidents, and offender information. Every quarter, these statistics are compiled by HQMC SAPR and briefed to the Assistant Commandant of the Marine Corps. The latest such brief, which compiles for all SAPR 8-Day Briefs completed between 1 July and 30 September 2012, is included as Appendix G.

In addition to DoD quarterly and annual reports, research and data collection activities in FY13 included:

- “Tone of the Force” and Gouge Sheet monthly summaries, which include a year-to-date tally of restricted reports and unrestricted reports, as well as a quarterly update of adjudicated cases.
- Weekly NCIS data reconciliations, performed to match up NCIS investigations with unrestricted reports in the Defense Sexual Assault Incident Database (DSAID).
- Expedited transfer tracking, which tracks the quantity of requests, approvals, and denials. This tracking also contains limited victim information and location.

5.6.1 Describe your efforts to develop and harmonize sexual assault focused survey efforts to align with DoD and other Services.

The Marine Corps conducts two command climate surveys, the DEOMI Organizational Climate Survey and the CMC Command Climate Survey, which was directed by the Commandant in June 2013. Both surveys are in compliance with the Secretary of Defense memorandum dated May 17, 2013, which mandates the results of the surveys be provided to the next level up in the chain of command, to enhance accountability and improve insight into subordinate command climates.

Also, starting in FY14, the DEOMI Organizational Climate Survey, which is used across

the Department of Defense, will be expanded to include additional questions pertaining to SAPR, specifically regarding bystander intervention and perceived safety in military workplaces and residences. These additional survey items will allow for a more refined assessment of SAPR training effectiveness.

5.7 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to effectively standardizing, measuring, analyzing, assessing, and reporting program progress.

In addition to the two command climate surveys, the Marine Corps will continue its use of the SAPR 8-Day Brief, which has been recognized as a best practice, with similar oversight mechanisms being adopted and standardized for use across the entire Department of Defense (DoD). Continued analyses of these briefs will help to identify gaps and trends in the SAPR program and direct the focus of Marine Corps prevention efforts. To further assess and refine its victim care capabilities, the Marine Corps will distribute its anonymous victim advocacy survey, which will help to maintain both the quality of care and the level of victim engagement from the date of the report to the conclusion of services. The Marine Corps is also actively engaged with the Department of the Navy (DON) on victim support performance standards, as per SECNAVINST 1752.4B, and with the DoD on metrics that measure performance and effectiveness on the five lines of effort.

In FY14 and beyond, the Marine Corps will remain dedicated to this effort of incorporating responsive, meaningful, and accurate systems of measurement and evaluation into every aspect of its SAPR program in order to determine the impact it is having on reducing and eliminating sexual assault, responding to victims in need, and holding offenders accountable.

6. Overarching Tenet: Communication and Policy

6.1 Summarize your Service or Component's efforts to synchronize and standardize the SAPR program across the Joint Force (from Joint/Service basing to forward stationed deployed units worldwide).

Since the launch of the SAPR Campaign Plan in June 2012, the Marine Corps has been aligned with the Strategic Direction to the Joint Force on SAPR, released May 2012, as well as the revised DoD SAPR Strategic Plan, released May 2013. The purpose and structure of the Marine Corps SAPR Campaign Plan mirror the SAPR Strategic Plan's objective to "reduce – with a goal to eliminate – sexual assault" through the operationalization of the five lines of effort (LOE) included in this annual report: Prevention, Advocacy/Victim Assistance, Investigation, Accountability, and Assessment. To this end, the Marine Corps in FY13 has completed or is in the process of completing all OSD tasks as presented in the SAPR Strategic Plan for each LOE, as well as OSD's expanded overarching tenets of Communications, Policy, Leadership, Culture and Climate/Environment, Integration, and Resourcing. Specific FY13 Joint Force alignment initiatives include:

- Marine Corps Order (MCO) 1752.5B was updated to reflect all DoD Instructions and Directives. The new MCO was signed and released in March 2013.
- In January 2013, OSD conducted evaluations of Marine Corps advocacy training

for newly hired installation SARCs. OSD provided very positive feedback, stating that both the training contains numerous best practices to be provided to the other Services.

- In compliance with the Secretary of Defense (SecDef) memorandum dated May 17, the Marine Corps conducted a SAPR Stand-down for all Marines and civilians; a review of credentials and qualifications of current-serving recruiters, Sexual Assault Response Coordinators (SARCs), and Victim Advocates (VAs) to ensure they meet applicable selection criteria and standards of conduct; and refresher training for all recruiters, SARCs and VAs on professional ethics, their critical responsibilities and standards, and the impact on mission readiness for violations of standards.
- In compliance with the SecDef memos dated May 6 and August 14, the Marine Corps completed and advanced the various outlined requirements pertaining to: Enhancing Commander Accountability, Improving Response and Victim Treatment, Assessing Military Justice Systems, Ensuring Safety, Ensuring Appropriate Command Climate, Ensuring Victims' Rights, Improving Victims' Counsel, Enhancing and Standardizing Protections, Elevating Oversight, Enhancing Pretrial Investigations, and Ensuring Investigative Quality.

6.2 Describe your efforts to post and widely disseminate sexual assault information (e.g., hotline phone numbers and internet websites) to Service members, eligible dependents, and civilian personnel of the DoD.

MCO 1752.5B mandates information about victim support services, points of contact, and resources be made available in the unit's or command's common area and areas of high pedestrian traffic. This includes posters that display the photograph of the SARC or UVA, the installation's 24/7 helpline, the DoD Safe Helpline, and reporting options. A copy of the command's policy statement on sexual assault awareness and prevention must also be posted throughout the command's common areas. In addition, all official command and installation websites include the 24/7 helpline phone number on their homepage and link to reporting information and resources.

6.3 Describe your development and implementation of specialized medical and mental health care policy for sexual assault victims. Include a copy of your implementation plan in the appendix.

The Navy Bureau of Medicine and Surgery (BUMED), M9 (Wounded, Ill, and Injured), the Marine Corps Behavioral Health Program, and Marine Corps Health Services (HS) are developing a comprehensive system of psychological health care for Marines, attached Sailors, and their families, from education and prevention, through all levels of care, including aftercare and/or continuing care. Coordination for this initiative began in FY13. The Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) signed December 2013 and published in MARADMIN 568/13 details the medical and non-medical establishment of a comprehensive system of psychological health services for active duty Marines and their families.

The Community Counseling Program (CCP) provides diagnostic screening and

assessments for the purpose of determining appropriate referrals and care of victims of sexual assault. In addition, CCP provides community-based counseling and case management services for victims of sexual assault whose diagnoses are sub-clinical in nature and not potentially disabling. Clinical case management services provide access to care between multiple care settings, ensuring the Marine does not “fall through cracks.” Both services are provided by licensed clinical staff.

CCP Licensure includes Licensed Clinical Social Workers (LCSWs), Licensed Marriage and Family therapists (LMFTs), and Licensed Professional Counselors (LPCs). All clinicians are required to be credentialed to practice independently and have a minimum of two years post-licensure experience in clinical practice, or must be supervised by a licensed clinician who has been credentialed to practice independently.

In addition, regional SAFE Program Managers are currently updating their medical protocols with current 2013 SAFE/SAPR guidelines and legal recommendations. This will include new integrating HIV prophylaxis recommendations into Victim Care Protocols (Truvada and Raltagravir). Checklists utilized at Patuxent River and Naval Medical Center San Diego (MCRD-SD) and an algorithm utilized in the Tidewater region are included as Appendix H.

6.4 Describe your efforts to review, revise, update, and issue policy pertaining to:

- **The record of dispositions of unrestricted reports.**
- **General education for correction of military records when victims experience retaliation.**

Provide documentation in the appendix.

Marine Corps Order (MCO) 1752.5B, signed in March 2013, specifies that Staff Judge Advocate (SJA) establish protocol requiring case disposition information be given to the Command/Installation SARC for input into the sexual assault database (DSAD).

In addition, the Marine Corps falls under the Board for Correction of Naval Records (BCNR) and the SECNAVINST 5420.193, which establishes the procedures to correct military records. The Marine Corps has developed a one-page document to be distributed to all victims of sexual assault. The handout provides detailed guidance on how to petition the BCNR for correction of records.

Policy is included as Appendix I.

6.5 Describe your efforts to establish policy for General or Flag officer review of and concurrence in adverse administrative actions and separation of victims making an Unrestricted Report of sexual assault in FY13.

Marine Corps policy requires that the General Court-Martial Convening Authority (GCMCA) be the separation authority in all such involuntary separation cases, regardless of whether or not the victim requests General officer review based on an alleged retaliation action. In practice, almost all GCMCAs in the Marine Corps are General officers; however, those GCMCAs who are not General officers must forward such a case to a General officer in accordance with the Marine Corps Separation and Retirement Manual (MARCORSEPMAN). Paragraph 6307(3)(c) institutionalizes the

requirements of Section 578 of the FY13 NDAA:

The separation authority for all administrative separation actions involving any Marine who made an unrestricted report of a sexual assault or any Marine who was the victim of sexual assault (whether or not an unrestricted report was made) that occur within one year of final disposition of his or her sexual assault case shall be a general officer exercising GCMCA and may not be delegated further. See reference (bk) DoDI 6495.02 and Section 578, H.R. 4310: Public Law No. 112-239, National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013.

6.6 Describe your plans for FY14 that pertain to synchronizing and standardizing the SAPR program across the Joint Force (from Joint/Service basing to forward stationed and deployed units worldwide).

In FY14, the Marine Corps will continue to implement the tasks presented in the DoD SAPR Strategic Plan, as well as the remaining initiatives outlined in the Secretary of Defense memoranda dated May 6 and August 14, to include:

- Continued cooperation with the Response Systems Panel, established under the FY13 NDAA to assess systems used to investigate, prosecute, and adjudicate cases of sexual assault.
- Full operationalization of the Marine Corps stood up its Victims' Legal Counsel Organization (VLCO) to ensure proper legal advice and representation to victims throughout the justice process.
- Further research and development pertaining to policy allowing the administrative reassignment or transfer of a Marine who is accused of committing a sexual assault or related offense, balancing the interests of the victim and the accused.

7. Secretary of Defense Initiatives

7.1 Enhancing Commander Accountability—Describe your efforts thus far to develop methods to assess the performance of military commanders in establishing command climates of dignity and respect and incorporating SAPR prevention and victim care principles in their commands, and hold them accountable.

The Marine Corps Fitness Report system provides the official evaluation and record of an officer's performance and contains a section entirely dedicated to leadership. This section evaluates the Commander's ability to set the example, communicate effectively, provide direction, and motivate, which includes his or her ability to develop, lead, and ensure the well-being of subordinates. Ensuring the well-being of subordinates necessitates that officers demonstrate a genuine concern for their safety – a characteristic rooted in the defining Marine Corps values of honor, courage, and commitment. The Commander's efforts must enhance the concentration and focus of the subordinate on unit mission accomplishment, which includes setting an environment free of any criminal behaviors, such as sexual assault.

In June 2012, the Commandant directed the development and implementation of a new command climate survey, to supplement the existing DEOMI Organization Climate

Survey. The CMC command climate survey is mandatory within 30 days of assuming command, and annually thereafter. The purpose of the survey is to identify areas in which the unit can be improved, in an effort to prevent misconduct that may be conducive to more serious crimes, such as sexual assault. The SAPR Campaign Plan was built around the role of Commanders, their ability to enforce standards and discipline, and founded on the premise that commands that do not allow misconduct are the same commands that have fewer sexual assaults, suicides, alcohol-related incidents, and less hazing and harassment. The survey will measure the overall health and well-being of a command, and help to identify and mitigate these high-risk behaviors that tear at the fabric of the Corps.

7.2 Improving Response and Victim Treatment—Describe your efforts thus far to implement and monitor methods to improve victim treatment by their peers, co-workers, and chains of command.

The Marine Corps is continually working to improve overall victim care and trust in the chain of command, increase reporting, and reduce the possibility of ostracizing victims. The Marine Corps, in coordination with the DON SAPRO, has solicited input from victims to improve victim treatment by their peers, co-workers, and chains of command. In October 2013, the Marine Corps also completed and implemented a victim advocacy survey that will continue to monitor victim treatment and has incorporated training related to victim care and treatment into training venues. The purpose of the survey is to assess satisfaction with advocacy services, but also asks questions specific to the improvement of treatment by peers, co-workers, and chains of command.

Because sexual assault is a field that is replete with deeply held myths, which often form the basis of reprisals, all Marine Corps SAPR training programs are designed to educate Marines about sexual assault, reduce stigma, and eliminate victim blaming. Reprisals against victims who report an incident is unacceptable and an issue that Marine Corps leadership takes very seriously. Marine Corps SAPR training efforts therefore place heavy emphasis on more intrusive leadership and holding Commanders accountable for setting an environment built on trust and confidence that is non-permissive to sexual assault and responsive to victims in need.

7.3 Ensuring Safety—Describe your efforts to improve the effectiveness of SAPR programs in recruiting organizations, Military Entrance Processing Stations, and the Reserve Officer Training Corps. These assessments will include: 1) the selection, SAPR training, and oversight of recruiters; 2) the dissemination of SAPR program information to potential and actual recruits; and 3) the prevention and education programs in ROTC environments and curricula.

SAPR training has been incorporated into the Delayed Entry Program, Recruit Training, and Military Occupational Specialty (MOS) schools. Prior to attending either Recruit Training or Officer Candidates School (OCS), all selectees complete a two-hour values-based training course. The training focuses on the “whole of character” and ethical behavior as a Marine, instilling a refined and sustained understanding of the core values of honor, courage, and commitment. The training teaches that the success of the Marine Corps is founded on the character of all Marines, on their ability to make sound

ethical decisions in any situation, and includes scenarios that address sexual assault, sexual harassment, racial discrimination, alcohol abuse, and hazing. Upon completion of the training, recruits and candidates are required to sign a Statement of Understanding, affirming their transformation and acceptance of the Marine Corps ethos.

Recruits and candidates receive sexual assault training within the first 14 days of both Recruit Training and OCS. This training provides them a general overview of the program, reporting options, available resources, and the principles of bystander intervention. Later in the training, Senior Drill Instructors conduct “foot locker” discussions with all recruits, a method used by Senior Drill Instructors to have candid conversations with recruits.

In addition, extensive SAPR training is given to all student recruiters at the Basic Recruiting School. In addition, the Marine Corps developed the Recruiting Ethics Program and Training, a one-day refresher course designed to provide new and existing recruiters with awareness, tools, and skills to enhance their SAPR decision making and overall performance on recruiting duty. To further enhance prevention in this area, the Marine Corps also instituted a “two-person integrity” policy, which requires that at least two recruiters be present during any interaction with recruit applicants.

7.4 Ensuring Appropriate Command Climate—Describe your efforts to ensure DoD facilities promote an environment of dignity and respect and are free from materials that create a degrading or offensive work environment. Include findings and actions taken from regular visual inspections.

Visual inspections are conducted annually and corrective actions are taken as required. Results are reported up the chain to the Secretary of the Navy.

In June 2013, the Marine Corps has conducted a visual inspection of all of its workplaces and common access spaces to include: office buildings, facilities, aircraft, government vehicles, hangars, ready rooms, conference rooms, individual offices, cubicles, storage rooms, tool and equipment rooms, workshops, break rooms, galleys, recreation areas, Marine Corps Exchanges, and heads. The authority to conduct workplace inspections could be delegated to an appropriate level within a command, unit, or activity, but no lower than the E-7 or civilian supervisory level.

A total of 514 items were removed as a result of the inspection. A detailed list and disposition method for each of these items is provided as Appendix J. Sexually suggestive magazines, posters/calendars and individual artwork represented the majority of inappropriate items found. These items were immediately removed from the workplace and it afforded the Commander and Senior Enlisted Advisor to further reinforce a message that fosters a positive command climate. In addition to the removal of offensive material, other corrective actions include holding Marines and civilian Marines accountable for inappropriate items and behavior and continuous training and education to ensure DON workplaces remain professional and free from degrading, hostile, and offensive material.

Inspections of all Marine Corps workplaces will be conducted on a regular basis, not less than annually. The Inspector General of the Marine Corps will review and address

this ongoing requirement during regular command inspections and assessments. These inspections align with the Commander's existing ability to conduct health and comfort inspections to enhance personnel and mission readiness in accordance with MCO 5300.17.

The Secretary of Defense's requirement to conduct visual inspections of the workplace further reinforces the Commander's commitment to establishing a positive command climate that promotes an environment of dignity, respect, and professionalism. All leaders are responsible for keeping the culture of the Marine Corps free of offensive material and behavior that may demean or victimize any of their Marines, and this requires a full-dimensional, 360 degree approach. This visual inspection requirement will be an integral part of this responsibility.

Appendix A

ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW COMMAND CLIMATE SURVEY

By | June 27, 2013

R 270929Z JUN 13

UNCLASSIFIED/

MARADMIN 316/13

MCGID/MARADMIN/CG MCCDC//

SUBJ/ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW COMMAND CLIMATE SURVEY//

REF/A/DOC/CMC WHITE LETTER 3-13/9 MAY 13//

AMPN/REF A IS CMC WHITE LETTER ADDRESSING A NEW COMMAND CLIMATE SURVEY//

POC/SEAN GIBSON/COL/MARINE CORPS COMBAT DEVELOPMENT

COMMAND/PUBLIC AFFAIRS OFFICER/TEL: 703-432-8420/EMAIL: SEAN.D.GIBSON (AT)USMC.MIL//

POC FOR TECHNICAL ISSUES RELATED TO THE CCS AND THE CCS WEBSITE/

PETER HILL/CMC SAFETY DIVISION/TEL: 703-604-4384/EMAIL: PETER.J.HILL(AT) USMC.MIL//

RMKS/1. REF A IDENTIFIES THE CLEAR LEADERSHIP ROLE OF THE UNIT COMMANDER IN SETTING THE TONE AND DETERMINING THE DIRECTION OF THE UNIT. THERE IS NO MORE VISIBLE ASPECT OF LEADERSHIP THAN THE CLIMATE A COMMANDING OFFICER ESTABLISHES FOR THE MARINES IN HIS OR HER CHARGE. IT IS INEXTRICABLY LINKED WITH MISSION ACCOMPLISHMENT. A COMMANDING OFFICER HAS THE GREATEST INFLUENCE IN DETERMINING WHETHER THE MARINES IN THE UNIT ARE COMBAT READY, WHETHER THEY'RE HONORABLE, WHETHER THEY'RE FORTHRIGHT, WHETHER THEY'RE FOCUSED, AND HOW OR WHETHER THEY UPHOLD OUR VALUES AND VIRTUES. WHILE THERE ARE MANY LEADERSHIP STYLES, THE RESULT MUST BE A UNIT OF MARINES AND SAILORS WHO HAVE ABSOLUTE TRUST IN THEIR LEADERS, AND IN THEIR COMPETENCE.

2. IN ORDER TO ASSIST COMMANDING OFFICERS IN GAINING THE INSIGHT NECESSARY TO ADDRESS POTENTIAL AREAS OF CONCERNS AND HOLD MARINES TO THE HIGHEST PERSONAL, PROFESSIONAL, AND UNIT STANDARDS, CMC HAS DIRECTED THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A NEW COMMAND CLIMATE SURVEY (CCS). SURVEY RESULTS WILL BE PROVIDED TO THE COMMANDING OFFICER WHO WILL INFORM THE COMMANDER OF THEIR HIGHER HEADQUARTERS ON THE RESULTS OF THE SURVEY WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS (NO STANDARD BRIEF FORMAT REQUIRED).

2.A. THE PURPOSE OF THIS SURVEY IS TO GATHER RESPONDENTS'

ENCLOSURE (1)

PERCEPTIONS OF THEIR UNITS' COMMAND CLIMATE ASSOCIATED WITH LEADERSHIP ISSUES AND TO PROVIDE SURVEY FEEDBACK TO UNIT COMMANDERS.

3. THE CCS WILL BE TAKEN BY EVERY LIEUTENANT COLONEL AND COLONEL LEVEL COMMAND ON THE FOLLOWING TIMELINE:

3.A. COMMANDING OFFICERS WHO TAKE COMMAND AFTER 30 JUNE 2013 WILL INITIATE THE CCS WITHIN 30 DAYS OF ASSUMING COMMAND, AND AT LEAST ANNUALLY THEREAFTER.

3.B. COMMANDING OFFICERS WHO TOOK COMMAND PRIOR TO 30 JUNE 2013 WILL INITIATE THE CCS NLT 30 SEP 2013, AND AT LEAST ANNUALLY THEREAFTER.

3.C. COMMANDING OFFICERS WITH AN ESTABLISHED RELIEF DATE ON OR BEFORE 30 SEP 2013 ARE NOT REQUIRED TO INITIATE THE CCS.

3.D. IF THE ANNUAL CCS DATE FALLS WITHIN 90 DAYS OF A COMMANDING OFFICER'S CHANGE OF COMMAND, THE CCS WILL NOT BE REQUIRED AND THE INCOMING COMMANDER WILL REQUEST A CCS WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THEIR ASSUMPTION OF COMMAND.

4. CONSISTENT WITH OTHER MARINE CORPS SURVEY INSTRUMENTS AND TO PROMOTE THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE INTEGRITY OF THE DATA COLLECTED, THE FOLLOWING POLICIES ARE ESTABLISHED:

4.A. INDIVIDUAL SURVEY RESPONSES ARE ANONYMOUS - THE RESPONSES OF MARINES AND SAILORS RESPONDING TO THE SURVEY ARE PROTECTED AND NOT IDENTIFIABLE IN THE SYSTEM. ALL MARINES AND SAILORS MUST BE FREE TO RESPOND WITHOUT CONCERN FOR REPRISAL, REAL OR PERCEIVED.

4.B. ACCESS TO UNIT LEVEL SURVEY RESULTS IS RESTRICTED - THE SURVEY RESULTS FOR A UNIT BELONG TO THE COMMAND THAT TOOK THE SURVEY. EVERY COMMANDER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ADVISING HIGHER HEADQUARTERS OF THE READINESS OF THE COMMAND AND THE CCS RESULTS WILL FORM PART OF SUCH ASSESSMENT. SINCE A COMMANDER OWNS THE SURVEY DATA THEY MAY SHARE THE RESULTS OF THE SURVEY DATA WITHIN THE COMMAND. SURVEY RESULTS CAN BE PROVIDED TO HIGHER HEADQUARTERS IN AN AGGREGATED FORMAT (E.G. DIVISION CG CAN BE PROVIDED RESPONSES GIVEN BY ALL PERSONNEL IN THE DIVISION FOR A SET PERIOD) - BUT THE IDENTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUAL UNITS WILL NOT BE IDENTIFIABLE IN THE RESULTS.

4.C. SURVEY RESULTS ARE FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

4.D. ABILITY TO CONDUCT TARGETED RESEARCH/ANALYSIS OF DATA - APPROVED RESEARCHERS IN THE ACADEMIC OR MILITARY ENVIRONMENT MAY BE PROVIDED LIMITED ACCESS TO DATA IN ORDER TO STUDY SPECIFIC ISSUES REGARDING LEADERSHIP, CLIMATE, AND CULTURE. THE IDENTITY OF THE

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INDIVIDUAL SURVEYED OR THEIR BATTALION/SQUADRON OR REGIMENT/GROUP WILL NOT BE PROVIDED.

4.E. UPON COMPLETION OF THE SURVEY, THE COMMANDER WILL RECEIVE A CODE ALLOWING ACCESS TO THE SURVEY RESULTS, AND A GUIDED DEBRIEF OF THOSE RESULTS FROM THE SURVEY PROVIDER THAT WILL INCLUDE ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS CONCERNING SPECIFIC AREAS OF INTEREST. THE COMPLETE DIRECTIONS AND PROCEDURES FOR TAKING THE CCS, AND THE PROCESS FOR COMMANDERS RECEIVING THEIR UNIT'S RESULTS ARE PROVIDED IN DETAIL AT WWW.USMCSURVEYS.COM.

4.F. COMMANDERS ARE ENCOURAGED TO PROVIDE FEEDBACK ON THE QUALITY AND VALUE OF THIS SURVEY. FEEDBACK WILL BE COLLECTED BY THE SURVEY PROVIDER DURING THE DEBRIEF, OR THE COMMANDER MAY SUBMIT FEEDBACK VIA THE CHAIN OF COMMAND. FEEDBACK WILL BE COMPILED IN SUMMARY-AGGREGATE FORM, USED TO REFINE THE CCS, AND TO REPORT SIGNIFICANT MARINE CORPS TRENDS OR FINDINGS.

5. THE CCS WILL BE AVAILABLE AT WWW.USMCSURVEYS.COM BEGINNING 1 JUL 2013.

6. THIS SURVEY DOES NOT REPLACE OR ALLEVIATE THE REQUIREMENT TO TAKE THE DEFENSE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE (DEOMI) SURVEY WITHIN 90 DAYS OF ASSUMING COMMAND.

7. THIS MARADMIN IS APPLICABLE TO THE MARINE CORPS TOTAL FORCE.

8. RELEASE AUTHORIZED BY LTGEN RICHARD P. MILLS, DEPUTY COMMANDANT FOR COMBAT DEVELOPMENT AND INTEGRATION.//

ENCLOSURE (1)

COMMAND CLIMATE ASSESSMENTS

By | September 17, 2013

R 171556Z SEP 13

UNCLASSIFIED/

MARADMIN 464/13

MSGID/GENADMIN/CMC WASHINGTON DC MRA (MPE)//

SUBJ/COMMAND CLIMATE ASSESSMENTS//

REF/A/DOC/MEMO/25JUL13//

AMPN/REF A IS USD (P AND R) MEMO ANNOUNCING COMMAND CLIMATE ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENTS//

POC/L. F. POOLE/MGYSGT/MPE/-/TEL: (703) 784-9371/TEL: DSN 278-9371//

GENTEXT/RMKS/1. BACKGROUND. IN REFERENCE A, THE UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE (PERSONNEL AND READINESS) DIRECTED SERVICE CHIEFS IMPLEMENT MEASURES TO STRENGTHEN SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION PROGRAMS AS OUTLINED IN THE FY13 NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT AND SECDEF MEMO OF 6 MAY 2013. IN SUPPORT OF THESE REQUIREMENTS, THE FOLLOWING CHANGES TO THE COMMAND CLIMATE ASSESSMENT PROCESS ARE DIRECTED EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY.

2. ENHANCING COMMANDER ACCOUNTABILITY: ALL COMMANDERS ARE REQUIRED TO ENSURE ALL MEMBERS ADMINISTRATIVELY ATTACHED TO THEIR COMMANDS HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO PARTICIPATE IN THE ASSESSMENT PROCESS. FOR COMMANDS WITH MORE THAN 50 PERSONNEL, A CLIMATE ASSESSMENT WILL BE CONDUCTED WITHIN 90 DAYS OF ASSUMPTION OF COMMAND, AND ANNUALLY THEREAFTER. SUBORDINATE COMMANDS OF 50 OR LESS PERSONNEL WILL BE SURVEYED WITH A LARGER UNIT IN THE COMMAND TO ENSURE ANONYMITY.

A. ALL DEOMI ORGANIZATIONAL CLIMATE SURVEY (DEOCS) RESULTS WILL BE BRIEFED TO THE NEXT HIGHER LEVEL COMMANDER IN THE CHAIN OF COMMAND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF RECEIPT SURVEY RESULTS. TO ENSURE THIS REQUIREMENT IS BEING MET, NEW FEATURES HAVE BEEN ADDED TO THE COMMAND CLIMATE SURVEY REQUEST FORM AND NOTIFICATION EMAILS.

B. SURVEY ADMINISTRATORS WILL NOW ENTER THE NEXT LEVEL COMMANDER'S INFORMATION ON THEIR DEOCS REQUEST.

C. ONCE THE REQUEST HAS BEEN APPROVED, THE NEXT LEVEL COMMANDER WILL RECEIVE AN EMAIL NOTIFICATION (FROM THE SYSTEM) THAT A COMMAND CLIMATE SURVEY HAS BEEN REQUESTED BY THE SUBORDINATE COMMANDER.

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THIS NOTIFICATION IS IN ADDITION TO THE STANDARD COMMANDER'S NOTIFICATION AND ADMINISTRATOR APPROVAL/ACCOUNT INFORMATION EMAIL. D. UPON SURVEY COMPLETION AND THE GENERATION OF THE REPORT, THE NEXT LEVEL COMMANDER, REQUESTING COMMANDER, AND THE SURVEY ADMINISTRATOR WILL ALL RECEIVE A NOTIFICATION EMAIL STATING THE SURVEY HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND THE REPORT HAS BEEN GENERATED. THIS EMAIL WILL ALSO INCLUDE THE ADMINISTRATOR'S ACCOUNT INFORMATION SO BOTH THE NEXT LEVEL COMMANDER AND REQUESTING COMMANDER CAN ACCESS THE SYSTEM AND RETRIEVE THE PDF SURVEY REPORT.

E. ALL COMMANDERS SHALL DEVELOP AN ACTION PLAN TO ADDRESS CONCERNS IDENTIFIED IN THE DEOCS REPORT. THIS ACTION PLAN MUST ALSO IDENTIFY PERIODIC EVALUATIONS TO ASSESS ITS EFFECTIVENESS. THE COMMANDER WILL BRIEF THE RESULTS, ANALYSIS, AND ACTION PLAN TO THE NEXT HIGHER LEVEL COMMANDER. THE NEXT LEVEL COMMANDER WILL APPROVE THE ACTION PLAN PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION.

F. COMMANDING GENERALS MAY EVALUATE THEIR UNITS USING THE DEOCS ROLL-UP REPORT. THIS REPORT CAN BE OBTAINED VIA THE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY ADVISORS (EOA). EXECUTIVE SUMMARIES OF THE REPORT CAN BE OBTAINED BY CONTACTING DEOMI DEOCS SUPPORT TEAM AT (321) 494-5043/2538. COMMANDING GENERALS NOT SUPPORTED BY AN EOA MAY CONTACT HQMC (MPE) AT (703) 784-9371 FOR ASSISTANCE IN OBTAINING THE ROLL-UP REPORT.

3. COMPLIANCE TRACKING. COMMANDING GENERALS SHALL DEVELOP APPROPRIATE TRACKING PROCESSES TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE. REPORT FORMAT WILL BE SENT BY MPE VIA THE EOA COMMUNITY. REPORTS WILL BE FORWARDED TO THE RESPECTIVE MARFOR COMMANDER FOR CONSOLIDATION. MARFOR COMMANDER SHALL SUBMIT REPORTS TO HQMC (MPE) NLT 30 OCTOBER OF EACH YEAR STARTING IN 2014.

4. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS POLICY THE TERM "COMMANDER" INCLUDES O-4, O-5, AND O-6 LEVEL COMMANDERS, INSPECTOR-INSTRUCTORS AND OFFICERS-IN-CHARGE (OIC) WITH AUTHORITY TO IMPOSE NONJUDICIAL PUNISHMENT.

5. THESE UPDATES WILL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE NEXT REVISION OF MCO P5354.1D.

6. THESE REQUIREMENTS DO NOT IMPACT THE MARINE CORPS' COMMAND CLIMATE SURVEY, WHICH CURRENTLY MUST BE TAKEN WITHIN 30 DAYS OF ASSUMING COMMAND.

7. THIS MARADMIN IS APPLICABLE TO THE MARINE CORPS ACTIVE AND RESERVE FORCE.

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8. RELEASE AUTHORIZED BY MR. (SES) M. F. APPLGATE, DIRECTOR, MANPOWER
PLANS, AND POLICY DIVISION.//

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Appendix B

ENCLOSURE (1)

(1) If an installation has multiple SARCs on the installation, a Lead SARC shall be designated by the Service.

(2) For SARCs that operate within deployable commands that are not attached to an installation, they shall have access to the senior commander for the deployable command.

i. A 24 hour, 7 day per week sexual assault response capability for all locations, including deployed areas, shall be established for persons covered in this Instruction. An immediate, trained sexual assault response capability shall be available for each report of sexual assault in all locations, including in deployed locations.

j. SARCs, SAPR VAs, and other responders (see Glossary) will assist sexual assault victims regardless of Service affiliation.

k. Service member and adult military dependent victims of sexual assault shall receive timely access to comprehensive medical and psychological treatment, including emergency care treatment and services, as described in this Instruction and Reference (b).

l. Sexual assault victims shall be given priority, and treated as emergency cases. Emergency care (see Glossary) shall consist of emergency medical care and the offer of a SAFE. The victim shall be advised that even if a SAFE is declined the victim shall be encouraged (but not mandated) to receive medical care, psychological care, and victim advocacy.

m. DoD prohibits granting a waiver for commissioning or enlistment in the Military Services when the person has a qualifying conviction (see Glossary) for a crime of sexual assault or is required to be registered as a sex offender.

n. Improper disclosure of confidential communications under Restricted Reporting or improper release of medical information are prohibited and may result in disciplinary action pursuant to the UCMJ or other adverse personnel or administrative actions. Even proper release of Restricted Reporting information should be limited to those with an official need to know or as authorized by law.

o. Information regarding Unrestricted Reports should only be released to personnel with an official need to know or as authorized by law.

p. The DoD will have two separate document retention schedules for records of Service members who report that they are victims of sexual assault, based on whether the Service member filed a Restricted or Unrestricted Report as defined in Reference (b). The record retention system for Restricted Reports shall protect the Service member's desire for confidentiality.

(1) Document Retention for Unrestricted Reports:

(a) The SARC will enter the Unrestricted Report DD Form 2910, "Victim Reporting Preference Statement," in the Defense Sexual Assault Incident Database (DSAID) (see Glossary

in Reference (b)) or the DSAID-interface Military Service data system as an electronic record, where it will be retained for 50 years from the date the victim signed the DD Form 2910. DD Form 2910 is located at the DoD Forms Management Program website at <http://www.dtic.mil/whs/directives/infomgt/forms/index.htm>. The DD Form 2911, "DoD Sexual Assault Forensic Examination (SAFE) Report," shall be retained in accordance with DoDI 5505.18 (Reference (s)).

(2) Document Retention for Restricted Reports:

(a) The SAFE Kit, which includes the DD Form 2911 or civilian forensic examination report, if available, will be retained for 5 years in a location designated by the Military Service concerned. The 5-year time frame will start from the date the victim signs the DD Form 2910.

(b) The SARC will retain a hard copy of the Restricted Report DD Form 2910 for 5 years, consistent with DoD guidance for the storage of personally identifiable information (PII). The 5-year time frame for the DD Form 2910 will start from the date the victim signs the DD Form 2910. However, at the request of a Service member who files a Restricted Report on an incident of sexual assault, the DD Forms 2910 and 2911 filed in connection with the Restricted Report will be retained for 50 years.

q. Any threat to the life or safety of a Service member shall be immediately reported to command and DoD law enforcement authorities (see Glossary) and a request to transfer the victim under these circumstances will be handled in accordance with established Service regulations. DoD recognizes that circumstances may also exist that warrant the transfer of a Service member who makes an Unrestricted Report of sexual assault but may not otherwise meet established criteria for effecting the immediate transfer of Service members. Those Service members may request a transfer pursuant to the procedures in this Instruction.

r. Service members who file an Unrestricted Report of sexual assault shall be informed by the SARC at the time of making the report, or as soon as practicable, of the option to request a temporary or permanent expedited transfer from their assigned command or installation, or to a different location within their assigned command or installation, in accordance with the procedures for commanders in Enclosure 5 of this Instruction.

s. Service members who file Unrestricted and Restricted Reports of sexual assault shall be protected from reprisal, or threat of reprisal, for filing a report.

5. RESPONSIBILITIES. See Enclosure 2.

6. PROCEDURES. See Enclosures 3 through 12.

7. INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUIREMENTS

advocate, in a case arising under the UCMJ, if such communication was made to facilitate advice or supportive assistance to the victim.

m. Legal assistance for victims of sexual assault in accordance with section 1044 of Reference (f) and section 581 of Reference (o).

n. Digital evidence.

o. Handling false reports and official statements.

7. In accordance with Public Law 111-383 (Reference (r)), Services will use the standard definition of “substantiated” in adult sexual assault investigations (see Glossary).

8. MCIOs must include the DD Form 2911, “DoD Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Report,” or reports from civilian sexual assault forensic exams conducted at civilian healthcare facilities (when DoD retains jurisdiction) as part of the archived file. If creating digital records, the DD Form 2911 will be uploaded as part of the archived file.

9. All MCIO adult sexual assault investigative reports will be retained for a period of 50 years. If the investigation was referred to another agency, the MCIO must obtain disposition and final investigative reports and retain them for 50 years.

10. In accordance with section 586 of Reference (o), in all investigations relating to sexual assaults involving members of the Armed Forces; as defined in the Glossary, all physical and forensic evidence must be retained for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the seizure of the evidence. However, items gathered as evidence may be returned to their rightful owner prior to the 5-year period only after written evidence disposition is obtained from the convening authority when:

a. It is determined that the allegation is unfounded, i.e., the crime did not occur and/or it was a false allegation;

b. The subject is acquitted or the appeal process has been exhausted; or

c. The evidence is taken from a suspect who is later deemed to be the wrong person, i.e., mistaken identity.

11. Pursuant to section 581 of Reference (o), the MCIO investigator assigned to conduct an adult sexual assault investigation must inform the victim of a sexual assault (defined as a member of the Armed Forces or a dependent) of the availability of legal assistance and the services of a SARC or a SAPR VA. The member or dependent must also be informed that the legal assistance and the services of a SARC or a SAPR VA are optional and may be declined, in whole or in part, at any time.

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Appendix C

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disposition. This paragraph is not intended to preclude disciplinary action to include trial by court-martial, when appropriate.

*3. Sexual Misconduct

*a. Sexual Offender

*(1) Officers, whether active duty or in a reserve status, who are required to register as a sex offender or who have been convicted of a sexual offense as outlined in The Department of Justice, National Guidelines for Sex Offender Registration and Notification, whether in a civilian court or by court-martial, if not punitively discharged, shall be processed for administrative separation. Such processing will be in accordance with reference (t) SECNAVINST 1920.6c.

*(2) Officers who have been convicted of a sexual offense while on active duty and are separated shall have the sexual offense conviction recorded in their permanent record.

*(3) Sexual offenders shall not be subject to recall for any purpose unless approved by the Secretary of the Navy.

*b. Sexual misconduct includes conduct that could form the basis for a violation of the following Articles of the UCMJ:

*(1) Article 120 - Rape and sexual assault generally

- (a) Rape
- (b) Sexual Assault
- (c) Aggravated Sexual Contact
- (d) Abusive Sexual Contact

*(2) Article 120b - Rape and sexual assault of a child

- (a) Rape of a Child
- (b) Sexual Assault of a Child
- (c) Sexual Abuse of a Child

*(3) Article 120c - Other Sexual Misconduct

- (a) Indecent Viewing, Visual Recording, or Broadcasting
- (b) Forcible Pandering
- (c) Indecent Exposure

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* (4) Article 125 - Forcible Sodomy

* (5) Article 80 - Attempts (to commit any of the offenses listed in subparagraphs (1) through (4)).

*c. Processing for separation is mandatory following the first substantiated incident, or substantiated attempted incident, of sexual misconduct.

*d. An incident, or attempted incident, is considered substantiated when there has been a court-martial conviction, civilian court conviction, nonjudicial punishment, or when a commander determines, based on a preponderance of the evidence, that an incident or attempted incident of sexual misconduct has occurred. The limitations in paragraph 6106.1 on separation processing following acquittal at a court-martial do not apply to officers. See reference (bi) DoDI 1332.30, Enclosure (3), paragraph 6.d.

*e. Only the Sexual Assault Initial Disposition Authority (SA-IDA) or higher may determine that processing under this paragraph is an appropriate disposition. This paragraph is not intended to preclude disciplinary action to include trial by court-martial, when appropriate.

4104. RETIREMENT OR RESIGNATION. An officer being processed for separation for cause may, at any time during proceedings, under this chapter, submit a qualified or unqualified resignation or a resignation for the good of the service, or, if eligible, request retirement under of this manual.

1. Resignations tendered under this paragraph shall not request an effective date. The retirement/resignation will be effective upon approval by the Secretary of the Navy. In addition, the resignation will not be input into the unit diary system unless approved by the Secretary of the Navy.

2. Normally, a reserve commission is not authorized for regular officers resigning under this paragraph.

3. Address requests for qualified or unqualified resignation to the Secretary of the Navy via the chain of command and the CMC (JAM). If a resignation is submitted in lieu of a recommendation for administrative separation, the resignation shall state that it is offered under this paragraph and shall contain the appropriate statement below corresponding to the type of discharge requested. If the resignation is submitted to avoid trial by court-martial, the resignation shall contain the statement in subparagraph 4104.3c and follow the procedures in paragraph 4104.4.

a. "I have been informed and understand that if my resignation in lieu of processing for administrative separation for cause is accepted, I shall subsequently receive a certificate of honorable discharge from the naval service."

b. "I have been informed and understand that if my resignation in lieu of processing for administrative separation for cause is accepted, I may

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Appendix D

Appendix I

Marine Corps Sexual Assault Line of Duty (LOD) Determination Protocol

1. Restricted Reporting and LOD Determination. In those instances where a drilling Reservist is a victim of sexual assault, a LOD determination is required. The Marine Corps SAPR LOD protocol is based on a single point of eligibility determination. Unlike LOD determinations made pursuant to JAGINST 5800.7F, Manual of the Judge Advocate General of the Navy, the victim's commander has no role in the determination process. The Wounded Warrior Regiment Reserve Medical Determination and Line of Duty (WWRRMED/LOD) section is the Marine Corps LOD determining activity for drilling Reservist victims of sexual assault. In order to facilitate the LOD process, Reserve Site Commanders should ensure their appointed UVAs are knowledgeable of the LOD determination process. The MARFORRES SARC's will ensure UVAs are familiar with the LOD process. The UVA will support the victim through the process. Upon a positive LOD determination, a Notice of Eligibility (NOE) is given to the victim. The NOE gives a victim injured in a drilling status the ability to receive continuous care from an MTF while in a non-drilling status.

2. The below protocols shall be followed when a drilling Reservist is a victim of sexual assault:

a. Uniformed Victim Advocate (UVA) shall:

(1) Thoroughly explain the process and reporting options to the victim.

(2) Notify the SARC of the need for the LOD determination.

(3) Upon LOD determination, the UVA shall assist the victim in receiving continuous support while in a non-drilling status.

b. Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC)

(1) The SARC receiving notification of need for LOD determination, shall contact the Wounded Warrior Regiment Reserve Medical Determination and Line of Duty (WWRRMED/LOD) section as the LOD determining officials.

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MCO 1752.5B
01 MAR 2013

(2) The SARC shall notify the determining official of the situation.

(3) Upon a LOD determination, the SARC shall notify the Administrative Officer/Chief and assist in providing continuous care to the victim.

c. WWRRMED/LOD

(1) Conduct LOD determinations in confidential manner as provided in this Order.

(2) Follow the LOD protocol in reaching an eligibility decision.

(3) The determining official shall notify the originating SARC of the final LOD determination.

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Appendix E



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS
3280 RUSSELL ROAD
QUANTICO, VIRGINIA 22134-5103

IN REPLY REFER TO:
1752
MFC-3

28 FEB 2012

From: Commandant of the Marine Corps
To: Distribution list

Subj: LETTER OF INSTRUCTION ON SUBMITTING AND PROCESSING TRANSFERS OF
MILITARY SERVICE MEMBERS WHO FILE UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF
SEXUAL ASSAULT

Ref: (a) DTM 11-063: Expedited Transfer of Military Service
Members Who File Unrestricted Reports of Sexual
Assault

Encl: (1) Example Expedited Transfer request from victim
(2) Example Expedited Transfer Request from the commanding
officer

1. Situation. Reference (a) established Department of Defense policy and procedures on expediting the transfer of a Service Member who filed an Unrestricted Report of sexual assault.

2. Mission. To provide guidance to Commanding Officers (COs) and Sexual Assault Response Coordinators (SARCs) on processing transfer requests of Marines who filed an Unrestricted Report of sexual assault.

3. Execution

a. Commander's Intent. COs shall review the reference and expeditiously process a request for transfer of a Marine who files an Unrestricted Report of sexual assault. Every reasonable effort shall be made to minimize disruption to the normal career progression of Marines who seek a transfer following a report that he or she was the victim of sexual assault.

b. Concept of Operations

(1) The SARC shall ensure that Uniformed Victim Advocates/Victim Advocates inform Marines, at the time they elect to file an Unrestricted Report of sexual assault or as soon as practicable, of their option to request a temporary or permanent transfer from their assigned command or base, or to a different location within their assigned command or base. COs will inform Marines of this option in cases where the Marine reports a sexual assault directly to the CO.

(2) Headquarters Marine Corps Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) (MFC-3) will work in conjunction with Manpower Management (MM) to facilitate approved requests for transfer.

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Subj: LETTER OF INSTRUCTION ON SUBMITTING AND PROCESSING
TRANSFERS OF MILITARY SERVICE MEMBERS WHO FILE UNRESTRICTED
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c. Coordinating Instructions

(1) Marines requesting a transfer under this policy shall submit a signed and dated written request to their CO. A sample request is provided at enclosure (1). For confidentiality reasons, no details about the reason for request should be included. The NAVMC 10274 Administrative Action Form shall not be used for transfers under this policy.

(2) COs shall approve or disapprove a request for transfer within 72 hours of receiving a signed and dated written transfer request. COs shall document the date and time the request was received.

(3) A presumption is established in favor of transferring a Marine who submits a request to transfer following a credible Unrestricted Report of sexual assault. The CO shall make a credible report determination at the time the request is made after considering the advice of the supporting judge advocate, or other legal advisor concerned, and the available evidence. The credible report determination shall be made within the 72 hour period and in no circumstances shall the determination delay the responsibility to approve or disapprove a transfer request within the 72 hour period. For purposes of this transfer request determination, a credible report of sexual assault is a report having reasonable grounds to believe that an offense constituting sexual assault has occurred.

(4) COs shall make a determination and provide his or her reasons and justification on the transfer of a Marine based on a credible report of sexual assault. COs shall consider the following prior to making a decision to approve or disapprove a transfer request:

(a) The Marine's reasons for the request.

(b) Potential transfer of the alleged offender instead of the Marine requesting the transfer.

(c) Nature and circumstances of the offense.

(d) Whether a temporary transfer would meet the Marine's needs and the operational needs of the unit.

(e) Training status of the Marine requesting the transfer.

(f) Availability of positions within other units on the installation.

(g) Status of the investigation and potential impact on the investigation and future disposition of the offense, after

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consultation with the investigating Military Criminal Investigative organizations.

(h) Location of the alleged offender.

(i) Alleged offender's status (service member or civilian).

(j) Other pertinent circumstances or facts, e.g., length of time between sexual assault and request to transfer.

(5) If the Marine's request is approved, the CO shall immediately forward the approved request to MFC-3. A sample request for expedited transfer is provided at enclosure (2).

(6) If the Marine's request is disapproved, the Marine shall be given the opportunity to request review by the first general or flag officer in the chain of command, or a Senior Executive Service (SES) equivalent (if applicable).

(a) If the Marine does not request further review, the CO shall forward the package, with reason(s) for disapproval, to MFC-3 for record purposes only. No action will be taken by MFC-3.

(b) If the Marine requests further review, the CO shall expeditiously forward the request with reason for disapproval to the first general or flag officer in the chain of command (or an SES equivalent). The decision of the first general or flag officer (or SES equivalent) in the chain of command to approve or disapprove must be made within 72 hours of submission of the request for review. Status as a General Court-Martial Convening Authority does not in itself provide authority to act on transfer requests under this paragraph.

1. If approved by the first general or flag officer in the chain of command (or an SES equivalent) the package will be endorsed and forwarded to MFC-3.

2. If disapproved by the first general or flag officer in the chain of command (or an SES equivalent) the package, with reason for disapproval, will be forwarded to MFC-3 for record purposes only. No action will be taken by MFC-3.

(7) COs will notify the Marine in writing of their decision to approve or disapprove the transfer request. Additionally, for approved requests, the Marine's CO (or the CO's designee) shall directly counsel the Servicé member to ensure that he or she is fully informed regarding reasonably foreseeable career impacts, the potential impact of the transfer or reassignment on the investigation and case disposition, or the initiation of other adverse action

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granting the request. Marines requesting the transfer shall be informed that they may have to return for the prosecution of the case, if the determination is made that prosecution is the appropriate command action.

(8) Upon receipt of the approved request for expedited transfer, MFC-3 will coordinate with the Deputy Director, Manpower Management for active duty Marines and the Branch Head, Reserve Affairs Management for Active Reserve Marines to effect the transfer.

(9) Requests for expedited transfer by Sailors attached to Marine Corps Units will be coordinated by the unit with Navy Personnel Command (Pers-833), Personnel Security Branch Caseworker. The point of contact is Mr. Jerry Gorham at 901-874-4412.

(10) MFC-3 is not the point of contact to request a replacement. Replacements should be requested via the traditional manpower chain.

4. Administration and Logistics

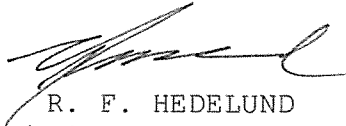
a. Administration. To protect confidentiality, Personally Identifiable Information (PII) will not be included on any paperwork pertaining to the request for expedited transfer being forwarded to MFC-3. Only the tracking identification number, as it appears in SAIRD, will be used to identify the Marine. The tracking identification number will be provided to the CO by the SARC providing services to the Marine. MFC-3 will collect all information needed to execute the transfer from the Point of Contact listed on the request over the phone.

b. Logistics. Requests for expedited transfer can be scanned and forwarded to MFC-3 via e-mail. Copies will be maintained by MFC-3 in a locked filing cabinet.

5. Command and Signal

a. Requests for expedited transfer should be forwarded to Captain K. A. Mobley at kimberly.mobley@usmc.mil and Ms. Gail Reed at gail.reed@usmc.mil.

b. Point of contact for additional information is Captain K. A. Mobley at 703-432-9100 or kimberly.mobley@usmc.mil.



R. F. HEDELUND
Director
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Programs Division

Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program Review:
United States Marine Corps

Appendix F

IV. BEST PRACTICES

1. Command Leadership. The best settings involve spectrums of effort led by Commanding Officers who are passionate about mentoring students, instilling core values, and holding offenders accountable. They are highly visible within their schools. Their approach encompasses sexual assault, alcohol incidents, hazing and harassment, and instructor integrity. They express personal responsibility for service communities. Their zeal is obvious to subordinates.
2. Commandant's Campaign Plan. The Commandant of the Marine Corps (CMC) in 2012 implemented a formal "Campaign Plan" against sexual assault. The document and strategy are noteworthy in their own right, but the Commandant's personal involvement has been especially powerful. Every Marine leader knew about dedicated General Officer meetings on sexual assault and stand-down training led by senior regional commanders. Within the unique culture of the Marine Corps, the Commandant's intent is well understood.
3. New Navy Training Tools.
 - "SAPR-L." The Navy's "Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Training for Leaders" or "SAPR-L" is a 2-hour program designed for officers and senior enlisted personnel that involves a 30-minute video followed by facilitated small-group discussion led by local command leadership. It was deployed Navy-wide in 2012. The professionally filmed video portrays fictional but characteristic events leading up to the sexual assault of one Sailor by another. Numerous attendees told us the training was relevant and impactful – "the best SAPR training we've ever had."
 - "Bystander Intervention." The Navy's new "Bystander Intervention" curriculum includes three structured, sequential, and facilitated 90-minute small-group discussion sessions. Students select and discuss the "best" of several behavior options in various scenarios to explore issues of men's violence against women and empower them to intervene in dangerous social situations. The program has been deployed for all entry-level "A" School students.
4. Senior Leader "Drumbeat" Coordination. An important component of multiple initiatives at Training Support Center, Great Lakes (TSCGL) involved local support coordinated by quarterly "Drumbeat" meetings convened by Commander Navy Region Mid-West. Key stakeholders were assembled to review and coordinate their separate activities and to reinforce the Commander's priority on sexual assault prevention. The effort was widely noticed by subordinates throughout the base.
5. Chaplains. Several schools make especially prominent use of chaplains as student resources for protected conversations, and simultaneously as command assets in actively monitoring command climate. At many Marine Corps locations, chaplains join young Marines in various activities and exercises, and leaders encourage students (even if they are not religious) to utilize chaplains as a sounding board for personal issues. At the Naval Submarine School, a chaplain office is centrally located in the main classroom building for easy and discrete access. Both

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Navy and Marine chaplains have received specialized community training as sexual assault first responders.

6. Explicit Standards of Conduct. Several locations promulgate explicit expectations for instructor integrity that forbid any social interaction with students during or after their curriculum. More than one requires advance requests for instructors to attend graduation parties and would refuse if alcohol were involved. Instructors who are accused of misconduct are immediately “removed from the podium” while investigations are conducted.

7. Multiple reporting mechanisms. The best settings employ multiple levels of feedback, sometimes including anonymous course critiques and frequent Quality of Life surveys and required in-person interviews with students. Suggestion boxes are common but the least useful of various mechanisms.

8. Civilian Community Coordination. Major commands in Pensacola, Florida participate in monthly meetings with the local Chamber of Commerce and the joint military-civilian Underage Drinking Task Force. “Shore Patrol” type military watches are also conducted at the on-base “Portside Club.” Meanwhile, TSCGL works with the Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS) on an occasional basis to send NCIS agents (when their resources permit) in a highly visible manner to break-up hotel room alcohol parties.

9. Innovative Local Practices.

- Senior-Junior SAPR Mentoring. At Navy Technical Training Center, Lackland the week-six students in Master-At-Arms “A” School re-attend SAPR training along with new week-one students, then break up into gender-specific discussion groups to help the new arrivals prepare for exactly what challenges to expect.
- Monitoring Alcohol Behavior. At Training Support Center, Great Lakes senior “Fleet Returnee” students are organized to monitor junior students at the on-base club and “pull them out of line” if found to be drinking too much. The strategy so well that club managers complained of decreased alcohol sales – seen locally as a sign of success. Meanwhile, the Commanding Officer asks taxi drivers where they typically take students in town, and he regularly visits those establishments to have a beer and say hello to Sailors there. Local bar owners recognize him and dislike the practice, but Sailors get the message. Elsewhere, another Commanding Officer during orientation week asks under-age students to raise their hands – he then reminds them it is illegal for them to drink, and he also instructs the others to not tolerate their drinking or supply them with alcohol.
- “The Accused.” At Naval Technical Training Center, Meridian all students watch the 1988 Jodi Foster film, “The Accused,” and then participate in follow-on discussion. The film is uncomfortable to watch and involves a woman who is gang raped by several drunken bar patrons – it focuses on her subsequent experiences as a victim and on the role of bystanders who cheered on the rape.

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Initial Military Training

- Weekly liberty briefings. Senior enlisted leaders at the Naval Submarine School hold weekly (Thursday) large-group liberty briefings to review local weekend activities and to re-emphasize expected standards of conduct along with messages of intolerance for alcohol abuse and sexual assault. Other commands conduct similar briefings on various levels. A variation utilized at Marine Corps Combat Service Support School involves addressing all students as a group at the end of liberty periods.

10. “CSADD.” The Coalition of Sailors Against Destructive Decisions (CSADD) is a peer-mentoring program for junior Sailors. Chapters operate with local command support, and they sponsor a variety of local social activities and community projects. Participants at TSCGL produced a series of excellent You-Tube videos and posters on “Bystander Intervention.”

11. Force Preservation Council. Individual Marine Corps commands (below the installation level) utilize a structured and multi-disciplinary approach to raise command-level awareness of any “at-risk” Marines, including but not limited to sexual assault victims, and to coordinate support or other action as necessary. The council meets monthly to keep Commanding Officers informed of those who are struggling with various issues. The emphasis is on safety and helping Marines maintain performance.

12. Barracks Oversight. The best locations paid close attention to leadership presence and monitoring of activities in student barracks. Some locations assigned 24/7 onboard watch and roving patrols by senior enlisted personnel – not just the routine “fire watch” duty stood by junior enlisted personnel. Video monitoring of barracks hallways or common spaces (such as laundry rooms) is a useful adjunct.

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MARINE CORPS RECRUIT TRAINING

Marine Corps Recruit Depot, San Diego

Marine Corps Recruit Depot, Parris Island

1. Marine Corps recruit training is conducted at Marine Corps Recruit Depot (MCRD) San Diego, California and at MCRD Parris Island, South Carolina. We visited both facilities. Each is operated as a “mirror image” of the other, in strict compliance with standardized Marine Corps guidance. Recruit training, including initial processing, lasts about 13 weeks, and prospective Marines can typically wait 6-9 months in “delayed entry” status for an opportunity to begin. Recruits in training have little free time, and they do not receive liberty privileges. Graduates are known as “Basic” Marines. After a brief period of leave, all of them proceed to entry-level infantry skills training at a School of Infantry (see below).

2. The number of male Marine recruits in training averages about 8000, and they are split about evenly between MCRD San Diego and MCRD Parris Island. In addition, over 1000 female recruits are typically in training at MCRD Parris Island. Marines describe recruit training as both physically challenging and personally transformative, with very strong emphases on mental and moral discipline. Influences on the training environment are pervasive, and even the most intense field exercises include multiple “core-value” training stations. Individuals at all levels described the primary goal of producing basic Marines who represent “the epitome of personal character, selflessness, and military virtue.” Many factors contribute to attrition, which averages about 5% for males and 12% for females. Video monitoring is not utilized except for base perimeter security in some areas. The Commanding General at MCRD Parris Island is female.

3. Drill Instructor (DI) candidates are subjected to rigorous, formal, multi-level “Special Duty” screening. Other examples of Marine Corps “Special Duty” include embassy security and recruiting. Drill Instructors are highly respected, and such duty is career enhancing and sought after. Those selected first attend three months of Drill Instructor School, which has its own 20% attrition rate. Strict standards of conduct are enforced on DI’s throughout recruit training. Recruits are “entrusted to their care,” and DI’s must never strike or personally insult any recruit. Misconduct by DI’s is rare and usually reported quickly by unforgiving fellow DI’s. The command response is aggressive – we heard accounts of DI’s immediately removed from duty and punished severely for infractions that outsiders might view as minor, but that insiders called integrity violations. Recruit Training Platoons of 60-90 recruits usually have three DI’s and another Senior DI assigned. They are augmented by several layers of active and visible direct oversight. There is currently one female Sergeant Major (E-9) assigned to MCRD San Diego as part of a new Marine Corps initiative to expose new male recruits to female leaders. The 108 female DI’s at MCRD Parris Island are assigned to the all-female 4th Recruit Training Battalion or the mixed-gender Support Battalion, with a few also working as DI School instructors and in headquarters roles. Male and female DI’s are trained the same.

4. The command climate at both MCRD locations is professional and strictly disciplined. Sexist or degrading comments are neither heard nor tolerated. Individual DI’s are virtually never allowed to be alone with individual recruits. Recruits have easy access to medical personnel, Uniformed Victim Advocates (UVA’s), chaplains, and Senior DI’s – all of whom, in turn, have

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good access to command leadership. Chaplains play an especially prominent role as confidential sounding boards for individual issues and as monitors of command climate. In addition, recruits of both genders are systematically interviewed individually by company officers to assess their experiences and check for any mistreatment. Female recruits all train at MCRD Parris Island, where the all-female 4th Recruit Training Battalion is housed in a separate barracks compound. They train similarly to, but separately from, their male counterparts. There is virtually no direct contact between male and female Marine Corps recruit trainees. Female recruits are closely monitored and mentored by female DI's. They have good access to women's health services at a nearby medical clinic. At both MCRD locations, recruits themselves and many others confirmed that recruits in training are not afraid to report misconduct. Several recruits have made restricted or unrestricted reports of prior sexual assaults that occurred before they entered training, but sexual assaults during recruit training are virtually unknown, and none have been reported in the past year at either location.

5. All Marine Corps recruits receive several separate doses of Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) training totaling 7.5 hours. All staff members have also received recent SAPR training in compliance with the Commandant of the Marine Corps' "Campaign Plan" against sexual assault. Much of this training was personally led by the respective Commanding General. Participants describe strong and consistent leadership messages of sexual assault intolerance.

MARINE CORPS POST-RECRUIT ENLISTED TRAINING

School of Infantry-West

School of Infantry-East

1. School of Infantry-West (SOI-West) at Camp Pendleton, California and SOI-East at Camp Geiger, North Carolina conduct infantry skills training for enlisted Marines. We visited both facilities. Each operates entry-level training as a "mirror image" of the other, in strict compliance with standardized Marine Corps guidance. Shortly after recruit training, every new "Basic" Marine receives entry-level infantry skills training. Graduates of MCRD San Diego attend SOI-West, and graduates of MCRD Parris Island attend SOI-East. Both schools conduct two distinct entry-level programs. New Marines designated for the infantry force train for 59 days in the Infantry Training Battalion (ITB), while those designated for other career fields undergo 29 days of Marine Combat Training (MCT) before proceeding elsewhere for additional training in a non-infantry Military Occupational Specialty (MOS). The environments at ITB and MCT are challenging, and students have little free time. Those in the longer ITB program progressively earn graduated liberty privileges, while those in MCT do not receive liberty.

2. Annually about 3900 Marines train at ITB-West and 4300 train at ITB-East. Student numbers vary seasonally but average 650 and 700 respectively. Students at both ITB's are currently all male. Annually another 11,500 Marines train at MCT-West and 13,000 Marines train at MCT-East. The size of each MCT student population averages over 1000. Students at MCT-West are all male, while about 25% of students at MCT-East are females who completed recruit training at MCRD Parris Island. Males and females at MCT-East train together but live

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in segregated barracks rooms and segregated field berthing. Video monitoring is not utilized, but students are virtually never alone with either students of the opposite sex or individual instructors. Student-to-instructor ratios vary from 1:8 to 1:15, with multiple additional layers of very active instructor oversight by company leaders.

3. Combat Instructor (CI) candidates are subjected to same rigorous, formal, multi-level “Special Duty” screening used for recruit training Drill Instructors. Instructor duty at SOI is highly sought after. Those selected then receive nine weeks of training at the Combat Instructor School, which includes training on sexual assault prevention, access to victim services, the proper handling of cases, sexual harassment, and ethics – with specific attention to the scope of power and authority of instructors. Instructors currently at SOI-West are all male. Thirty-three of the 445 designated CI’s at SOI-East are female, all of whom are assigned to MCT-East. In addition, a small number of female Marines have recently undergone instructor duty familiarization at ITB-East. As at recruit training, strict standards of conduct are enforced on CI’s throughout infantry skills training. Every allegation of misconduct is investigated, and substantiated findings trigger harsh consequences.

4. The command climate throughout both SOI’s is intensely values-based and intolerant of misconduct, with a strong focus on professionalization of the Force. Even the gruffest Marine infantry leaders were well-versed in gender issues and SAPR processes, and several spoke of applying the same concerns they have at home for college-age offspring. Strict formal standards prohibit social relationships between instructors and students during and after training. Students with issues have easy access to other instructors, Uniformed Victim Advocates (UVA’s), medical personnel, and chaplains – all of whom in turn report unfettered access to command leadership when issues arise. Chaplains actively insert themselves into various training activities to sense their tone and interact with students. They report NOT hearing derogatory comments about women, even in all-male settings. Female Marines in focus groups said essentially the same thing, and told us they would not hesitate to report misconduct, including sexual assault, to the nearest instructor – male or female. At SOI-East, three alleged sexual assaults of students by instructors occurred in the summer of 2012. The most serious involved an episode of coerced sex that came to light after a peer reported unusual activity by his fellow instructor. Two others involved inappropriate touching over clothes that were quickly reported by students themselves. All alleged offenders were quickly removed from training duty and are currently awaiting Courts Martial. The victims received support and moved on in their training. No subsequent incidents have been reported, even though several students have come forward to report sexual assaults prior to enlistment. There have been no reports in years of sexual assaults involving students at SOI-West. Students at both locations submit course critiques that can be anonymous, and have access to a suggestion box. The Commanding Officers review them all, and have initiated investigations on rare occasions when misconduct is cited. In addition, the SOI Legal Officers actively review duty logs for evidence of Standard Operating Procedure violations.

5. All personnel at both SOI locations have received Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) training. Non-Commissioned Officers attended the Marine Corps “Take A Stand” program. Permanent personnel received a full day of all-hands training in October 2012 including an informal lecture, guided discussions, ethical decision games, and videos. Students receive 90 minutes of SAPR training structured to compliment that begun during recruit training,

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and issues of gender and sexual assault are referenced during numerous subsequent discussions of professionalism, ethics, and core values.

Marine Corps Combat Service Support Schools

1. Marine Corps Combat Service Support Schools (MCCSSS) at Camp Johnson, North Carolina is primarily engaged in the training of enlisted and officer Marines in 43 distinct courses spanning four separate schools of financial management, logistics operations, personnel administration, and ground supply. Most students are young enlisted Marines in entry-level training that leads to Military Occupational Specialty (MOS) designation. They typically arrive directly after 13 weeks of recruit training, followed by 4 weeks of Marine Combat Training at the School of Infantry (see above), and their time at MCCSSS serves as an important transition between these uniquely intense prior experiences and subsequent duty with Marine Corps operating forces.
2. About 5500 students entered training during FY12, and the onboard student population varied seasonally from 1100 to 1700. Fifteen percent of students are female, and all MOS training at MCCSSS is mixed gender. Enlisted Marine students live in four barracks buildings – each associated with one of the four main schools. As in the Fleet, students are assigned roommates of the same gender, but male and female rooms are intermixed on various floors. No areas have video monitoring, but MCCSSS staff provides direct leadership presence while serving 24-hour onboard watch duty separately in each of the four barracks, with oversight by a fifth and more-senior onboard Command Duty Officer. Students do not receive overnight liberty while at MCCSSS – liberty hours end at 10 pm on weekdays and 12 pm on weekends. In addition, students are required to participate in vigorous daily early-morning physical training, led by MCCSSS staff, which simultaneously helps prepare Marines for the operating forces while also providing frequent opportunities for small-group mentoring.
3. Instructors at MCCSSS are informally pre-screened by Marine Corps community monitors and school managers, but they are not subjected to the rigorous process associated with Special Duty assignments such as recruit training. They undergo a one-week Training Command preparatory school along with additional indoctrination programs operated by each MCCSSS major school. All sign a Statement of Understanding that outlines strict standards for interaction with students. Of about 380 instructors, 29 (8%) are female. Two instructors are typically present in all classes, and they frequently receive unannounced visits by class auditors, schoolhouse managers, and command leadership. Students submit class evaluations and have easy access to the nearby medical clinic, local chaplains, numerous Uniformed Victim Advocates, and other resources.
4. Focus groups and stakeholder interviews confirm a command climate that is intolerant of misbehavior in general and sexual assault in particular. Occasional misbehavior by instructors is addressed aggressively and there have been no reports of instructors sexually assaulting students. Allegations of sexual assault by others are addressed by the command with equal vigor, and several accused offenders have received pre-trial confinement. The Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) program is actively run; the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator

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(SARC) has excellent access to the Commanding Officer; and the command is in the process of hiring a new full-time civilian SARC and a full-time civilian Victim Advocate.

5. Essentially all staff and students have received recently-updated and standardized Marine Corps training on sexual assault prevention and response, and the command tracks participation closely. Students receive at least two doses of sexual assault training specifically while at MCCSSS, totaling at least 90 minutes. In July 2012, the base commander held a base stand-down on sexual assault prevention and response. Shortly after newly arriving in July 2012, the current Commanding Officer met with all MCCSSS staff and instructors to personally convey his standards of conduct. In August 2012, the commanding general led a one-day sexual assault program for commanding officers and senior enlisted at Fort Lee as part of the Commandant's Campaign Plan against sexual assault.

6. Many of the factors described above are new since July 2012. They inseparably correlate with the arrival of the current Commanding Officer and his engaged leadership, along with active larger-scale implementation of the Commandant's Campaign Plan.

Marine Corps Communication-Electronics School

1. The Marine Corps Communication-Electronics School (MCCES) is located on the Marine Corps Air Ground Combat Center at Twentynine Palms, California. The command operates a large number of training programs at seven different locations. At Twentynine Palms, various entry-level training programs in three major areas are grouped respectively into Subordinate Training Units, including Communication-Electronics Maintenance School, Tactical Communication Training School, and Air Schools. New enlisted Marines arrive from the School of Infantry (SOI) to begin Military Occupational Specialty (MOS) training programs within each school. Separate training programs vary in length from several months to one year.

2. The number of Marine students in entry-level training at MCCES varies seasonally but averages about 1500, and about 6% of students are female. Students live in several nearby barracks buildings. Female students are segregated on one floor of a barracks building where the main entry has a duty watch station and side doors are alarmed. There is no video monitoring of barracks spaces. Each barracks has duty watch-standers and a duty Officer of the Day (OOD) is present. Students receive several days of orientation and indoctrination upon arrival at MCCES before beginning their specific curriculum. After that, they receive full liberty privileges. A few married students live off-base with their spouses or families.

3. Instructors are assigned to MCCES after informal screening by MOS community monitors. Upon arrival, each receives several months of instructor training before they begin classroom teaching. All staff personnel, including instructors, sign copies of strict and explicit command guidance on appropriate interactions with students – all forms of fraternization and personal relationships are forbidden. Of about 600 permanent-party staff, about 5% are female. Each class has two or more instructors, and students are rarely alone with individual instructors. Multiple layers of instructor oversight, including officers assigned to training sections, result in frequent instructor observation during class periods. There is a heavy presence of senior enlisted

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leadership throughout the command. Instructor misconduct is rare, and allegations are aggressively addressed. Instructors accused of misconduct are immediately pulled from duty, and punishment for substantiated allegations is severe. The only alleged sexual assault of a student by an instructor involved an incident almost one year ago of very inappropriate touching in the barracks with others nearby. The incident was immediately reported by fellow students, the instructor was pulled from duty, a criminal investigation and Article 32 hearing have been completed, and the alleged offender is awaiting court martial.

4. Defining features of MCCES include its isolated desert location and its tenant status aboard a larger Marine Corps base engaged in training exercises with operational forces. The setting can be stressful for students in long training curricula. The command maintains an environment of values-based discipline and has also consciously promoted local trips and other positive activities for single Marines. Students have easy access to Uniformed Victim Advocates (UVA's), chaplains, medical personnel, other instructors, and enlisted leadership – each of whom in turn has easy access to command leadership. Customized local posters show photos and contact information for all thirteen command UVA's so that students can select who they would feel most comfortable. Students are provided information cards and are even instructed to program their cell phones with the local 24/7 access phone line for victim support. There are also anonymous suggestion boxes, and all inputs are carefully reviewed. Focus groups confirm few perceived barriers to reporting misconduct, and key stakeholders all separately discussed their commitment to coordinated support of sexual assault victims. The command has appointed and trained their own unit-level Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC) to work in partnership with the installation-level SARC. Local NCIS agents confirm a dramatic shift over the past couple years in the aggressiveness of commands in addressing sexual assault issues and cases.

5. All students and permanent personnel have received Sexual Assault Prevention and response Training by a UVA. Training is also reinforced by UVA's during monthly "field day" formations. One area of specific emphasis involves how victims can preserve Restricted Reporting status if desired. A SAPR stand-down was recently held as part of the Commandant's Campaign Plan against sexual assault. The Commanding Officer, Executive Officer, and Command Sergeant Major are all highly visible and engaged in consistent messages about Marine Corps professionalism and intolerance for sexual assault.

MARINE CORPS OFFICER TRAINING

The Basic School

1. Every newly commissioned Marine Corps officer attends The Basic School (TBS) at Quantico, Virginia. Its mission is to train and educate new officers in high standards of professional knowledge, esprit-de-corps, and leadership – with particular emphasis on the responsibilities and war-fighting skills required of a platoon commander. The six-month curriculum includes classroom instruction, group discussion, and field exercises. It continuously emphasizes the "virtue ethics" of prudence, justice, courage, and temperance, along with the Marine Corps "warrior ethos." While the program is academically and physically rigorous, an

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active mentorship program helps students remediate identified deficiencies. The largest single component (40%) of student officer evaluation is based on “leadership.” Graduates move on to further training or duty in aviation, combat arms, combat support, or combat service support.

2. About 1600 officers graduate each year. The student officer population averages about 800 and is 10% female. Female students are fully integrated into all training. Students share two-person barracks rooms with roommates of the same gender, but student housing is not otherwise segregated by gender. There is no video monitoring of barracks spaces.

3. Instructors at TBS are carefully screened and the Commanding Officer was hand-picked by the Commandant of the Marine Corps. About 500 enlisted instructors lead student officers in physical training and field exercises. The instructor staff also includes about 80 officers, of whom about 8-10% are female, reflecting the gender makeup of the Marine Corps. Standards of instructor conduct are strict and explicit – fraternization with students is forbidden. Instructors are continuously evaluated by 2-3 others, they receive quarterly written evaluations, and students provide frequent feedback. Instructor misconduct is quickly reported by students or peers. In the past year, an episode of inappropriate touching of a female student by a Warrant Officer instructor was reported by the victim and fellow students. The instructor was immediately removed from duty, the Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS) investigated the case, and the offender ultimately received an Other-Than-Honorable discharge.

4. The command climate at TBS is disciplined and values-based. There were no alleged sexual assaults of TBS students by other students in Fiscal Year 2012. Fraternization and sexual activity among students is forbidden, and occasional violations trigger serious consequences. Students have easy access to Uniformed Victim Advocates (UVA's), chaplains, other instructors, and school leadership. The Commanding Officer maintains a highly visible presence throughout the command, and he is nothing short of passionate about ethical standards of conduct and leadership.

5. All staff personnel at TBS have received either the Marine Corps “Take A Stand” or “All Hands” Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) training in 2012. Material on sexual assault is integrated into numerous safety briefings, ethical training, and other presentations throughout the curriculum.

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Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program Review:
United States Marine Corps

Appendix G

United States Marine Corps Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program

October 2013

Annual FY13 8 Day Update for APMC

Data is only from those Marine victims who made an unrestricted report.

Sexual Assault Prevention & Response Program

Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps
Marine and Family Programs Division

“Keeping Faith”



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8 Day Brief Data Summary

1 NOV 12 – 30 SEPT 13



These percentages have remained relatively consistent over the last year

- This brief represents a summary of 322 (Q1(Nov & Dec):60, Q2:72, Q3:84, Q4:106) submitted reports.
- 10% (31) of reports are for incidents that occurred prior to service
- 90% (290) of 8 Day Briefs show that the at risk population continues to be the junior enlisted Marine E1-E4 with 85% (273) between 18-24 years old.
- Greatest incidence is located in areas where there is a high density of Marines; Camp Pendleton, Camp Lejeune, and Okinawa .
- Alcohol is involved in 56% (181) of the reports.
- 65% (209) 8 Day Briefs have male offenders on female victims and 23% (74) male victims with male offenders.
- 23% (76) of 8 Day Briefs came from a Training Command. Twenty-one of those seventy-six reports were for incidents that occurred prior to service.
- 48% (153) of the briefs indicated victim and alleged offender were from the same unit.
- SAFE kits were conducted 37 of 128 times for those reports made within 5 days of the incident. No victims were denied a SAFE because of unavailability / access.

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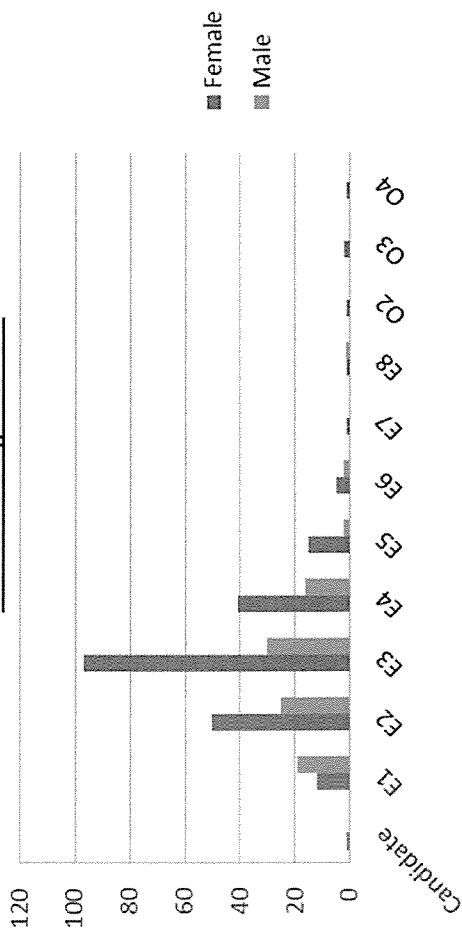
8 Day Brief Statistics

1 NOV 12 – 30 SEPT 13



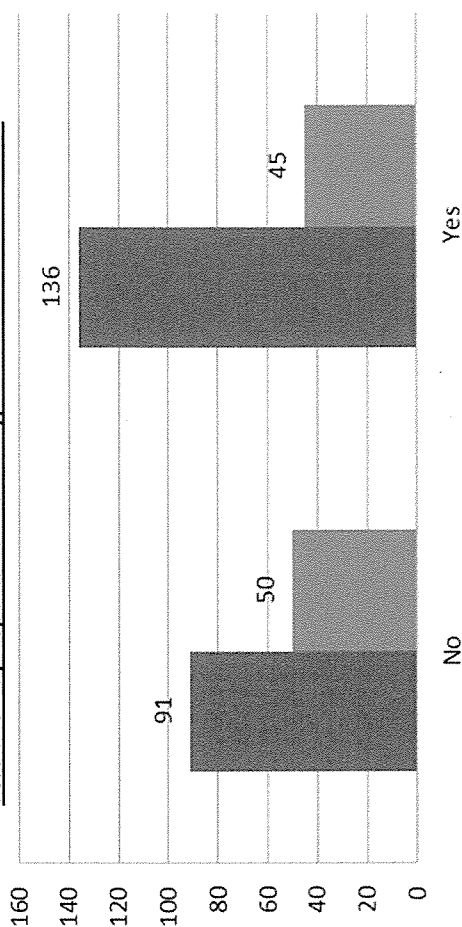
Victim Grade

90% are in the grade E1-E4



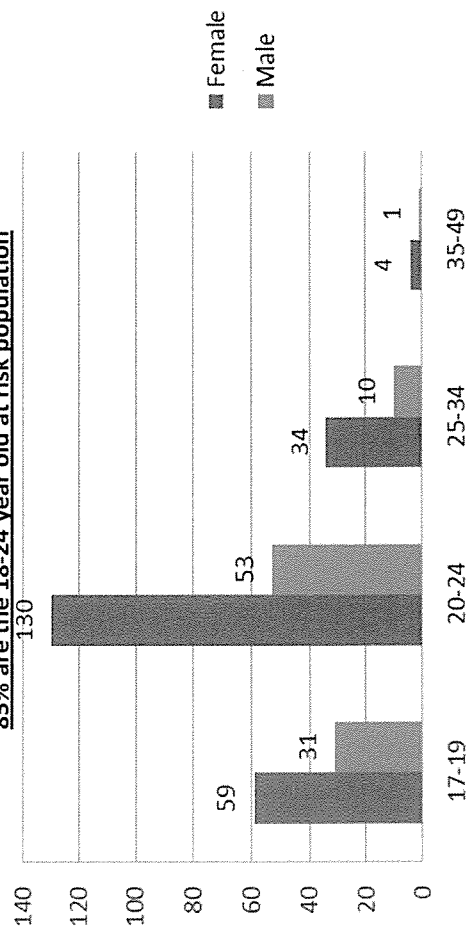
Alcohol Involvement

56% of 8 Day Reports have some type of alcohol involvement



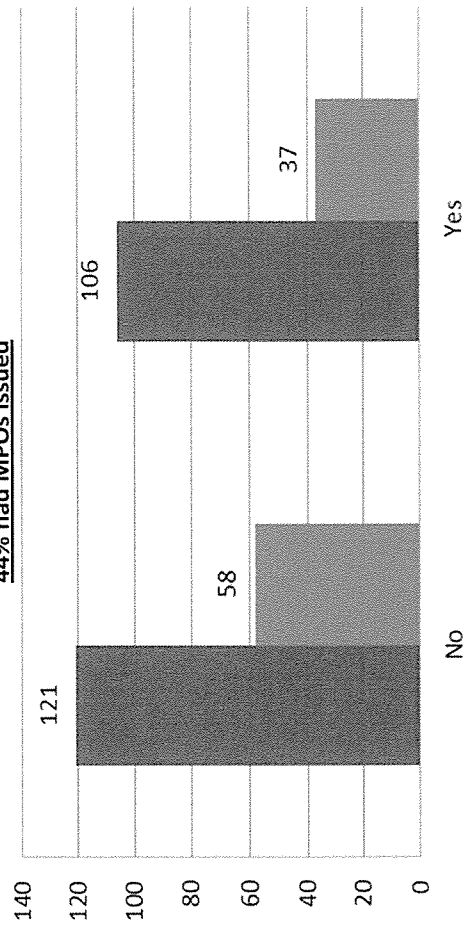
Victim Age

85% are the 18-24 year old at risk population



MPOs Issued

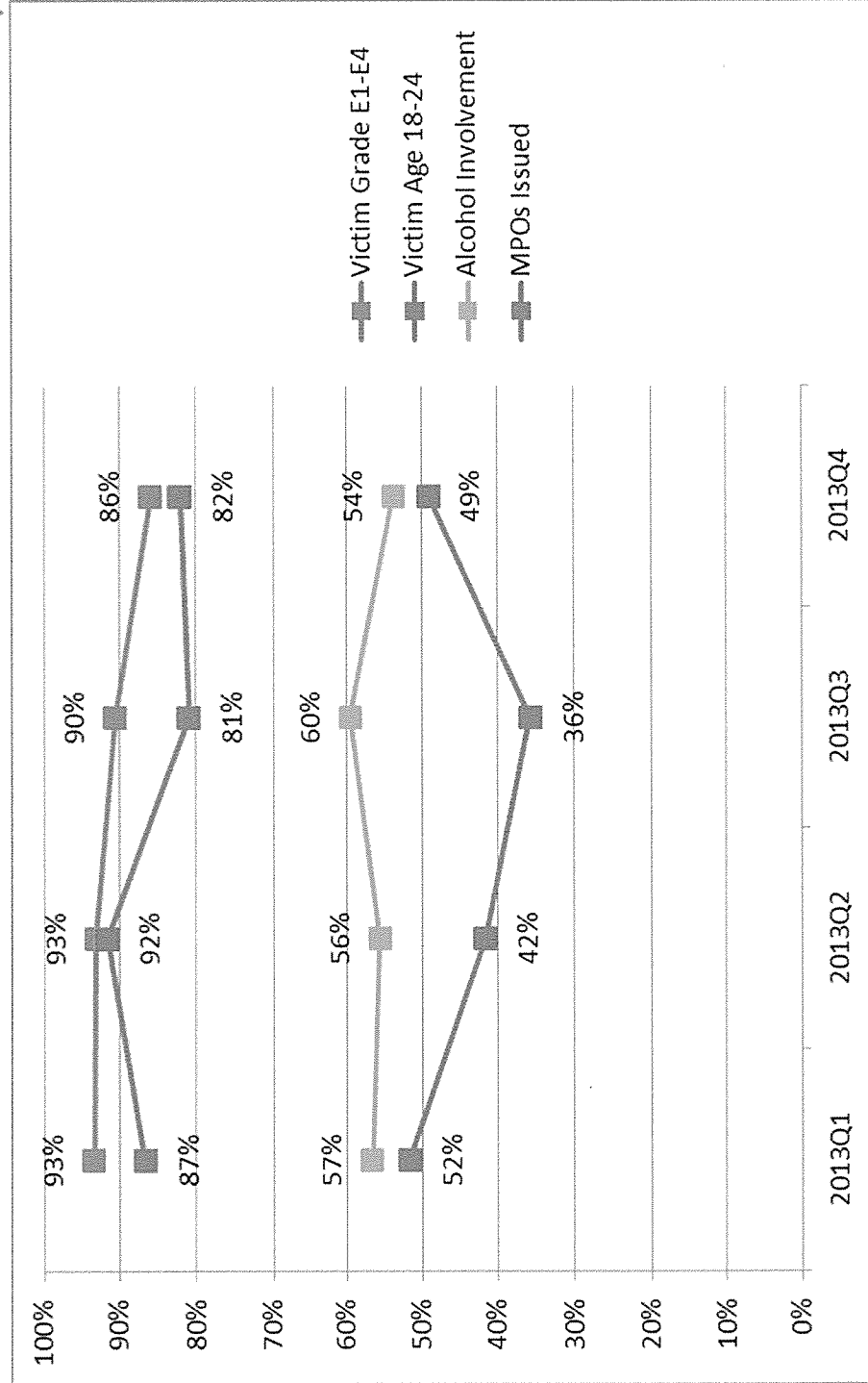
44% had MPOs issued





8 Day Brief Trend Analysis

1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Quarter FY 2013



* Q1 data is from November and December 2012, data was not collected in October 2012.



8 Day Brief Statistics

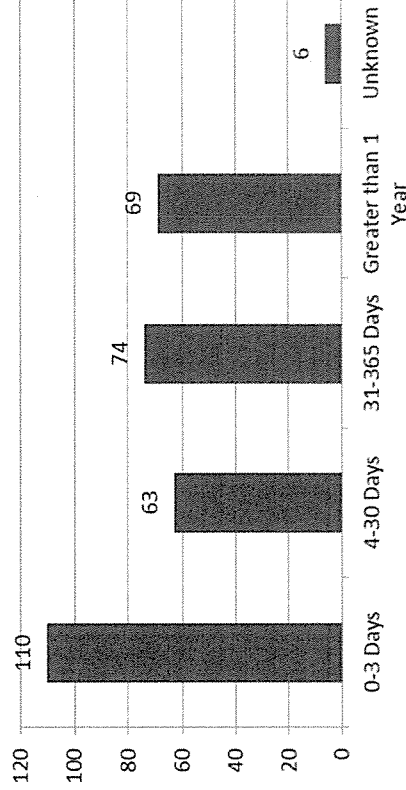
1 NOV 12 – 30 SEPT 13



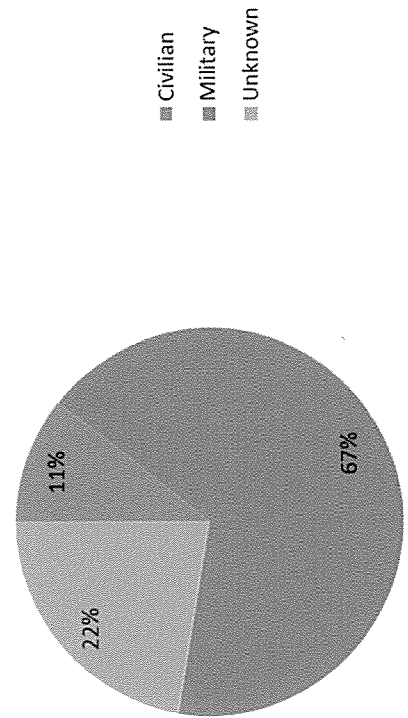
Who is assaulting who?

		Subjects			
		Female	Male	Unknown	Grand Total
Victims	Female	5	209	13	227
	Male	16	74	5	95
	Grand Total	21	283	18	322

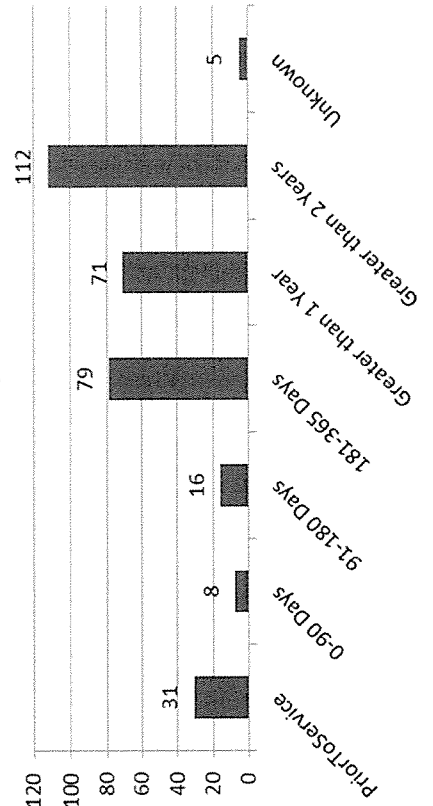
Latency in Reporting Assault



Offender Affiliation



Number of Days in Service





8 Day Brief Statistics

1 NOV 12 – 30 SEPT 13

40% of incident locations are on base or off base residences



Location	2013Q1*	2013Q2	2013Q3	2013Q4	Grand Total
Off Military Installation/Ship/Academy Grounds	27	25	30	38	120
Bar/Night Club	7	1	3	7	18
Concessionaire/Specialty Store				1	1
Field/Woods, Training Area		1			1
Government/Public Building	2				2
Highway/Road/Alley (includes street)	1				1
Hotel/Motel/Etc.	3	11	8	3	25
N/A		2	2	3	7
Parking Lot/Garage, Motor Pool	1			2	3
Private Vehicle		3		5	8
Residence/Home (includes apartment, condominium, and nursing home)	12	7	17	16	52
Training Center/Service School	1			1	2
On Academy Grounds			1		1
Government/Public Building			1		1
On Military Installation/Ship (Other than academy grounds)	32	38	42	62	174
Bar/Night Club/Officer Club/Non-Commissioned Officer Club	1		2	1	4
Church/Synagogue/Temple (includes other religious buildings)		1		1	1
Concessionaire/Specialty Store					1
Department/Discount Store, Exchange			1		1
Drug Store/Doctor's Office/Hospital, Clinic (includes medical supply building)	1			3	4
Field/Woods, Training Area		4		3	7
Government/Public Building	9	9	15	22	55
Highway/Road/Alley (includes street)				2	2
Hotel/Motel/Etc. (includes other temporary military lodging)	1	2	1	4	8
N/A	1	3	1	2	7
On Board Ship			1	1	2
Parking Lot/Garage, Motor Pool				2	2
Private Vehicle			1		1
Recreation Area/Park			2		2
Residence/Home (includes apartment, condominium, Quarters, Barracks, BOC/BEC)	15	17	17	20	69
Training Center/Service School	4	2	1	1	8
Unidentified	1	9	11	6	27
Government/Public Building	1				1
Hotel/Motel/Etc. (includes other temporary military lodging)		2	1		3
N/A		4	5	4	13
Private Vehicle		1			1
Residence/Home		2	5	2	9
Grand Total	60	72	84	106	322

*2013Q1 is only November and December; data was not collected in October

ENCLOSURE

Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program Review:
United States Marine Corps

Appendix H

Sexual Assault Checklist For Naval Health Clinic Patients		Date/Time Completed with Staff Initial	Contact's Name/Date and Time Arrived
1.	<p>During working hours, call Captain Hearn at 301-342-1875 and notify her that a sexual assault patient has arrived in main side or BHC clinics.</p> <p>Sequester the patient in a private exam room and immediately inform the SAFE RN/MEDICAL OFFICER as designated in your clinic. (CDR Deschere and Virginia Capps RN are the designated SAFE examiners)</p> <p>**If the patient presents with life-threatening injuries, call 911 for transport immediately to the Emergency Room at local hospital. Do not remove clothing unless required for life-saving measures. SAVE THE CLOTHING!</p> <p>***If the patient presents and is stable requesting medical treatment to include a SAFE exam, please skip to step 5. If the patient declines to go to ER, please proceed with step 2.</p>		
2.	<p>During normal working hours, contact the NHCPR's designated SAPR Victim Advocate; HM3 Harris, Jamie at 301-342-9504/504-377-3418 or Mrs. Darlene Jones-Dorsey at 301-995-4662/240-925-5327. If these members are not available, please contact the SAPR VA 24/7 hotline at 301-481-1057. After hours or holidays call 301-481-1057. If there is no response on the hotline, please call the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC) at 301-580-8212. Additionally contact Family Advocacy Program (FAP) at 301-757-1872 for military dependents, 18 yrs and older who were assaulted by spouse or intimate partner, along with military dependents, 17 year of age and younger. SAPR Victim Advocate and SARC must be contacted even if victim presents with a UVA: Uniformed Victim Advocate.</p>		
<p align="center">** GUIDANCE FOR WORKING WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT and SARC **</p> <p>* The victim's report provided to healthcare personnel, SARCs, or SAPR VA will NOT be reported to law enforcement or to the command to initiate the official investigation unless the victim consents or an established EXCEPTION applies.</p> <p>* Mandatory reporting laws and cases investigated by civilian law enforcement may make it impossible for victims to make restricted reports.</p> <p>* SARC is responsible for reporting Unrestricted reports to installation commander within 24 hours. SARC also responsible for reporting non-PII containing Restricted sexual assaults within 24 hours to installation commander.</p>			
3.	<p>SAPR Victim Advocate will discuss with the pt whether the incident is a RESTRICTED* or UNRESTRICTED REPORT and inform the RN/MEDICAL OFFICER of the reporting option. They will also have the patient complete the DD 2910. <i>It is not the duty of the RN or the Medical Officer to counsel patients on reporting options; it is the duty of the Victim Advocate.</i></p>	<p align="center"><u>Check One//RN Initial</u></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RESTRICTED _____ (Follow Steps 5 - 7)</p>	

Patient's Name
FMP/SSN:
DOB:

	<p>*Definition of RESTRICTED REPORT: ANY patient reporting a sexual assault may have the incident <u>NOT</u> reported to law enforcement or Chain of Command (for Active Duty victims) under the following circumstances:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incident is reported to a victim advocate, UVA, SARC or health care professional (friend, roommate, family member, outside the chain of command is okay now) • The victim or others are not in imminent danger 	<input type="checkbox"/> UNRESTRICTED _____ (Follow Steps 4 - 7) Time of Decision _____	
	<p align="center">Sexual Assault Checklist For Naval Health Clinic Patients</p>	Date/Time Completed with Staff Initial	Contact's Name/Date and Time Arrived
4.	<p>UNRESTRICTED REPORT: The incident of sexual assault is reported to Law Enforcement. Chain of Command notification will occur if victim is Active Duty.</p> <p>Victim Advocate will contact the appropriate Law Enforcement agency.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Victims may be interviewed by CID, NCIS, or civilian Law Enforcement. 		
5.	<p>Determine if patient wants Sexual Assault Forensic Exam. Patients have the right to decline any/all evidence collection and be treated medically only.</p> <p>If the patient chooses to have a SAFE exam completed, arrangements should be made to transfer her/him to the SAFE exam room at the MTF. If unable to complete exam fully at the clinic, the patient may be transported by duty driver, POV, Law enforcement, or in company of the Victim Advocate as appropriate.</p>	<p>Medical Screening: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Time: _____</p> <p>SAFE exam: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Time: _____</p> <p>SAFE Provider notified: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Time: _____</p>	

Patient's Name
 FMP/SSN:
 DOB:

6.	<p>Draw the following labs:</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Blood alcohol (if indicated) <input type="checkbox"/> Hep B surface Ag & Ab <input type="checkbox"/> RPR <input type="checkbox"/> Urine HCG (dirty catch) <input type="checkbox"/> GC/Chlamydia swab (please place the order for the swab and it will be collected during the SAFE exam). All labs will be ordered under CDR Deschere or Virginia Capps RN </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> CBC/CHEM 18 (if giving HIV prophylaxis) <input type="checkbox"/> Hep C Ab <input type="checkbox"/> HIV 1/0/2 </div> </div> <p>The SAFE provider will collect any toxicology screen as indicated to maintain the chain of custody of the specimen. Forensic toxicology will be collected and packaged using the Tri-Tech Drug Facilitated Sexual Assault Evidence Toxicology Kit, stock number BU-DFRE for drug facilitated sexual assaults.</p>		
	<p>Sexual Assault Checklist For Naval Health Clinic Patients</p>	<p>Date/Time Completed with Staff Initial</p>	<p>Contact's Name/Date and Time Arrived</p>
7.	<p>The SAFE provider will perform the SAFE exam per protocol using the Tri-Tech DOD SAFE kit and DD Form 2911. (Please refer to SAFE exam protocol per BUMEDINST 6310.11A) maintaining strict chain of custody. SUSPECT Exams will be completed in the same manner.</p> <p>If the case is unrestricted, the kit and DD 2911 form will be completed as noted and turned over to the appropriate law enforcement agency, maintaining chain of custody. If transfer is delayed, keep kit in secure location until chain of custody can be executed.</p> <p>If the case is RESTRICTED, please follow the instructions regarding Evidence Handling for Restricted and Unrestricted Reports of Sexual Assault, BUMEDINST 6310.11A, enclosure 9. The SAFE provider should obtain the RRCN from the Installation SARC prior to starting the forensic exam. The installation SARC can be reached at 301-757-1867 during regular working hours and at 301-580-8212 after hours. Kits will be mailed by FEDEX.</p>		
8.	<p>The SAFE provider will complete pregnancy and STD counseling and provide prophylaxis as appropriate.</p> <div style="margin-left: 20px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Update Tdap, HPV vaccine, and Hepatitis immunization as indicated <input type="checkbox"/> Administer HBIG if the patient is not vaccinated or the perpetrator has a known history of Hep B <input type="checkbox"/> Prescribe pain medication as needed <input type="checkbox"/> Prescribe antiemetics as needed <input type="checkbox"/> HIV prophylaxis (if patient desires and <72 hours since exposure) </div> <p>MAY USE SAME REGIMEN FOR PREGNANT PATIENTS</p> <div style="margin-left: 20px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> ASAP post-exposure prophylaxis while in facility: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Truvada 1 tab PLUS Kaletra 2 tabs PO <input type="checkbox"/> DISCHARGE with HIV prophylaxis if given at time of exam: </div>		

Patient's Name
FMP/SSN:
DOB:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Truvda 1 tab PO Daily PLUS Kaletra 2 tabs PO BID both for 28 days ▪ Imodium 2 mg, 1 tab PO prn diarrhea <p><input type="checkbox"/> Consider Empiric STD prophylaxis:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Ceftriaxone 250 mg IM x1 PLUS ○ Flagyl 2 gm PO to be taken 24-48 hours after discharge from the clinic PLUS ○ Azithromycin 1 gm PO now OR Doxycycline 100 mg PO BID x 7 days 		
	Sexual Assault Checklist For Naval Health Clinic Patients	Date/Time Completed with Staff Initial	Contact's Name/Date and Time Arrived
	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Consider emergency contraception with PLAN B (Levonorgestrel Two-dose regimen: One 0.75 mg tablet as soon as possible within 72 hours of unprotected sexual intercourse; a second 0.75 mg tablet should be taken 12 hours after the first dose or Single-dose regimen: One 1.5 mg tablet as soon as possible within 72 hours of unprotected sexual intercourse) <i>(If the provider has a religious/personal exception to prescribing emergency contraception, have another provider order the EC).</i></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Consider sleep aids if needed</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Place an ASAP infectious disease consult if HIV post-exposure prophylaxis is provided</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Place a behavioral health consult (if applicable).</p> <p>Let the patient know the SARC will be contacting him/her to make sure they are doing well and are accessing any services she/he requires</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Provide 72 hours of SIQ</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Email the SAFE Program manager for the MTF at Sandra.hearn@med.navy.mil to notify that a sexual assault exam has been completed and make arrangements for secure storage of the DD 2911 and any photographs taken per BUMEDINST 6310.11A. Please include a copy of this completed checklist.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Give the patient a copy of the discharge instructions to include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ List of labs completed ▪ List of medications given/provided with instructions on administration ▪ Provide a 2 week FU appt with CDR Deschere or Virginia Capps RN. <p><input type="checkbox"/> Ensure the patient has someone to accompany her/him home and they have a</p>		

Patient's Name
FMP/SSN:
DOB:

	safe place to go prior to leaving the facility.		
9.	<p>Document encounter in AHLTA per BUMEDINST 6310.11A. The sensitive button should be activated when entering the chart into AHLTA to enhance privacy.</p> <p>Records should be stored as sensitive according to MANMED Ch 16.</p>		

Initials: _____ Printed Name: _____ Signature: _____

NAVAL HEALTH CLINIC	DESIGNATED SAFE PROVIDER	CONTACT NUMBER
Patuxent River	CDR Deschere, Bruce	301-342-2740
Patuxent River	Virginia Capps RN	301-342-1418

Patient's Name
FMP/SSN:
DOB:

NMCS D ED Adult Sexual Assault Victim Care Protocol For Patients > 18 y/o		Date/Time Completed with Staff Initial
1	<p><u>TRIAGE/INTAKE- VS- TRIAGE LEVEL II</u></p> <p>**Place patient in the incomplete environment in Essentris while being treated in ED**</p> <p>PATIENT'S NAME: _____</p> <p>TIME ARRIVED: _____</p> <p>WHERE IS THE ALLEGED PERPETRATOR OF THE VIOLENCE/ASSAULT?</p> <p>A. Name of Alleged Perpetrator: _____</p> <p>B. Location of Alleged Perpetrator: _____</p> <p>Assess the victim's safety</p> <p>DOES THE ALLEGED PERPETRATOR HAVE A WEAPON? YES NO UNKNOWN</p> <p>IS THE ALLEGED PERPETRATOR IN THE ER WAITING ROOM? YES NO UNKNOWN</p> <p>IF NOT, IS ALLEGED PERPETRATOR ON THE WAY? YES NO UNKNOWN</p> <p>WHERE DID THE INCIDENT OCCUR: _____</p> <p>A. Does patient know the address: _____</p> <p>B. If police agency responded, which agency: _____</p> <p>**Do not remove clothing unless required for life-saving measures. SAVE the clothing**</p> <p>**Patients should be informed not to drink, smoke, or eat prior to forensic (SAFE) exam**</p> <p>**Urine Sample: ONLY taken if patient has a need to void. This is a Dirty Catch – no wipe prior to or after urine collection to prevent loss of evidence. Label with patient's sticker, date, time, and collector's initials. Place cup in a plastic specimen biohazard bag and give back to the patient for potential SAFE use. Urine must be labeled in sight of the patient and patient to retain custody of this urine sample. For female patients, a small amount can be poured into another urine cup and sent to the lab stat for a HCG pregnancy test.</p>	<p>Urine Collected: Date/Time/Name of Collector:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
2.	<p><u>SAPR SARC/VA</u></p> <p>1. Active Duty (AD) and Tricare Beneficiaries >18 y/o (non-spouse or intimate partner), notify the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator/Victim Advocate (SARC/ VA). If known, call applicable installation. They should return the phone call within 15 minutes.</p> <p>Primary 24/7:</p> <p>Naval Base San Diego (NBSD): 619-279-2904</p> <p>Naval Base Coronado (NBC): 619-279-2914</p> <p>Naval Base Point Loma (NBPL): 619-279-2933</p> <p>MCRD: 619-279-6113</p> <p>MCAS Miramar: 858-864-2815</p> <p>SAPR 24/7 Hotline: 619-692-5909</p> <p>2. If assaulted by Spouse or Intimate Partner, also notify: Family Advocacy Program (FAP) Victim Advocate 619-556-8809 from (0800-1700) or 619-788-4271 (afterhours 1700-0800)</p>	<p>Name of Victim Advocate (VA): _____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Expected Arrival Time: _____</p> <p>Arrival Time: _____</p>

NMCS D ED Adult Sexual Assault Victim Care Protocol For Patients > 18 y/o		Date/Time Completed with Staff Initial																				
<u>CA MANDATORY HEALTHCARE REPORTING</u> **The following MUST be completed per California Penal Code 11160 for all restricted and unrestricted sexual assaults** 1. Report ALL of the following information to local law enforcement (LLE) via telephone immediately (as soon as information is obtained): - The name of the patient/sexual assault victim. - The current location of the patient/sexual assault victim. - The character and extent of the patient's injuries. - The identity of the alleged person (s) who inflicted the injuries, if known. - Whether the victim wants to cooperate with law enforcement in investigating the sexual assault**. **Ideally the Victim Advocate (VA) will determine the victim's reporting preference (restricted/unrestricted) prior to this report; however, this report should not be delayed but care can continue while collecting the above information. If necessary, ask the victim if they would want to cooperate with law enforcement in investigating the sexual assault. If NO , <u>in addition to the above information that MUST be reported</u> , inform the dispatcher the patient would like a Non-Investigative Report (NIR), San Diego County equivalent to restricted report . This can later be changed once they review their options with VA. 3. Note: The involved Local Law Enforcement (LLE) agency to contact is determined by the location of where the assault occurred. Do not contact the patient's chain of command or military law enforcement (NCIS, Base Security) even if occurred on base . If occurred on base, contact closest LLE, e.g. happened on North Island, call Coronado Police. If the location of the assault is unknown, contact San Diego Police Department (SDPD). Local Law Enforcement Numbers: <table border="0"> <tr> <td>San Diego Police</td> <td>619-531-2000</td> <td>San Diego Sheriff</td> <td>858-565-5200</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Carlsbad Police</td> <td>760-931-2197</td> <td>Chula Vista Police</td> <td>619-691-5151</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Coronado Police</td> <td>619-522-7350</td> <td>El Cajon Police</td> <td>619-579-3311</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Escondido Police</td> <td>760-839-4722</td> <td>La Mesa Police</td> <td>619-469-6111</td> </tr> <tr> <td>National City Police</td> <td>619-336-4411</td> <td>Oceanside Police</td> <td>760-435-4900</td> </tr> </table> 2. ED Nurse or Physician will complete attached California Suspicious Injury Report Form (Cal EMA form OCJP-920) and give to the ED LCSW. This will be faxed to the appropriate LLE agency or SDPD SEX CRIMES UNIT 619-531-2713 within two (2) working days. ED LCSW will then forward the report to NMCS D SJA. 3. In addition to reporting the sexual assault, if child abuse or neglect is suspected, fax the attached Suspected Child Abuse Form to 858-467-8412 in accordance with California law.		San Diego Police	619-531-2000	San Diego Sheriff	858-565-5200	Carlsbad Police	760-931-2197	Chula Vista Police	619-691-5151	Coronado Police	619-522-7350	El Cajon Police	619-579-3311	Escondido Police	760-839-4722	La Mesa Police	619-469-6111	National City Police	619-336-4411	Oceanside Police	760-435-4900	Dispatcher: _____ _____ Case/NIR No: _____ Time Called: _____ Officer Name and Badge No: _____ _____ Case No: _____ Time Arrived: _____
San Diego Police	619-531-2000	San Diego Sheriff	858-565-5200																			
Carlsbad Police	760-931-2197	Chula Vista Police	619-691-5151																			
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NMCS D ED Adult Sexual Assault Victim Care Protocol For Patients > 18 y/o		Date/Time Completed with Staff Initial												
<p>Note: The pregnancy prophylaxis, STD prophylaxis, and discharge follow up consults are ED responsibilities and can be accomplished while awaiting VA and/or law enforcement arrival.</p> <p><u>LABS</u></p> <p>ORDER SET IN ESSENTRIS/CHCS "SAFE STD"</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>€ HBsAb/HBsAG/HBcAB (gold top)*</td> <td>€ Hep C core (gold top)*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>€ Urine HcG *** see below</td> <td>€ Treponema Pallidum (RPR) (gold top)*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>€ HIV Oraquick whole blood (lavender top)</td> <td>€ GC/Chlamydia (urine, cervical, consider throat, anal)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>€ HIV Prophylaxis:</td> <td>€ Toxicology: **see below</td> </tr> <tr> <td> o CBC (lavender top)</td> <td> 2 grey tops, give to patient in specimen biohazard bag</td> </tr> <tr> <td> o Chem 18 (green top)</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>* A total of three gold tops need to be collected.</p> <p><u>LABS/TOXICOLOGY</u></p> <p>Note: recommended to be drawn within 60 minutes of arrival. Collector's name will be entered on the DD2911 and AFMS SAFE forms.</p> <p>4. *Use Chlorhexidine/ChlorhaPrep in place of alcohol wipes for skin preparation.</p> <p>**In addition to above labs, draw and label two grey top tubes with patient's sticker, date, time and collector's initials. Place the tubes in a plastic specimen biohazard bag and give back to the patient for potential SAFE use. Tubes must be labeled in sight of the patient and patient to retain custody.</p> <p>***Urine Sample: This is a Dirty Catch – no wipe prior to or after urine collection to prevent loss of evidence. Label with patient's sticker, date, time, and collector's initials. Place cup in a plastic specimen biohazard bag and give back to the patient for potential SAFE use. Urine must be labeled in sight of the patient and patient to retain custody. For female patients a small amount can be poured into another urine cup and sent to the lab stat for a HCG pregnancy test.</p>		€ HBsAb/HBsAG/HBcAB (gold top)*	€ Hep C core (gold top)*	€ Urine HcG *** see below	€ Treponema Pallidum (RPR) (gold top)*	€ HIV Oraquick whole blood (lavender top)	€ GC/Chlamydia (urine, cervical, consider throat, anal)	€ HIV Prophylaxis:	€ Toxicology: **see below	o CBC (lavender top)	2 grey tops, give to patient in specimen biohazard bag	o Chem 18 (green top)		<p>Labs Collected: Date/Time/Name of Collector:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Toxicology Labs (2 grey) Collected: Date/Time/Name of Collector:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Toxicology Urine Collected: Date/Time/Name of Collector:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
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NMCS D ED Adult Sexual Assault Victim Care Protocol For Patients > 18 y/o	Date/Time Completed with Staff Initial
<p><u>POST ASSAULT PROPHYLAXIS</u></p> <p>Note: Do not have the patient take the oral medications until the SAFE exam is completed or no SAFE exam will be performed.</p> <p>When ordering meds, use ESSENTRIS/CHCS order set "SAFE MED"</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> € Update Tetanus toxoid if required € Administer HBIG if patient not vaccinated and/or perpetrator has a known history of Hepatitis B – Consult with Infectious Disease € Administer HepB vaccination if patient is not vaccinated – See after hours immunization pathway € HIV prophylaxis <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Give patient a 7 day course ○ Contact Infectious Disease physician for verbal consult ○ Daytime/weekday: 619-218-7630 ○ Nighttime/weekend/holiday: 619-218-7455 ○ Enter a CHCS urgent to infectious disease consult ○ Medications (X 7 days, Infectious Disease will determine continuation): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Truvada 1 tablet orally once a day – give 1st dose in ER Plus ▪ Raltegravir (Isentress) 400 mg twice a day – give 1st dose in ER 5. € STD Prophylaxis <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Ceftriaxone (Rocephin, a cephalosporin) 250mg IM x 1 now Plus ○ Metronidazole (Flagyl) 2 grams PO x 1 now <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ if alcohol consumption recently, take at home 24 hours later Plus ○ Azithromycin 1 gram PO now or Doxycycline 100mg PO BID x 7 days ○ Severe allergy to cephalosporin may give Azithromycin 2 grams x 1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Covers both G/C but associated with nausea € Pregnancy Prophylaxis <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Plan B One Step take 1 PO x 1 now € Antiemetic (for potential side effects from above medications) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Zofran 4mg PO TID <p>**NOTE: Nursing documentation for oral medication administration. Annotate "Patient instructed to self-administer after SAFE", if applicable.</p>	

NMCS D ED Adult Sexual Assault Victim Care Protocol For Patients > 18 y/o		Date/Time Completed with Staff Initial
<p><u>VICTIM REPORTING PREFERENCE STATEMENT – To be completed by SARC/VA</u></p> <p>Note: Assume all cases are restricted until the SARC/VA and patient complete DD Form 2910</p> <p>The SARC/VA and patient will complete the Victim Reporting Preference Statement (DD Form 2910) to determine restricted vs. unrestricted reporting.</p> <p>Information only; ED staff not intended to counsel on choices:</p> <p>** Restricted**</p> <p>Patients presenting for sexual assault care have the option to receive medical treatment and NOT have the incident reported to their or their sponsor's command or military law enforcement. The incident still MUST be reported to civilian law enforcement per California law, but, the SARC can classify as restricted if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <i>Incident is reported to medical, SARC/VA, FAP or chaplain</i> - <i>Incident does <u>NOT</u> involve gunshot, stab wound or serious injury</i> - <i>The victim is <u>NOT</u> in imminent danger</i> - <i>Command notification has <u>NOT</u> occurred</i> - <i>Law enforcement <u>investigation</u> is <u>NOT</u> initiated</i> <p>**Unrestricted**</p> <p>Patients may be interviewed by and/or investigation started by civilian or military law enforcement. SARC will report the incident to the patient's command.</p>		<p><input type="checkbox"/> RESTRICTED</p> <p>Go to Step 8, skip Step 7</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> UNRESTRICTED</p> <p>Go to Step 7</p>
<p>6.</p>	<p><u>NAVAL CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE SERVICE (NCIS) REPORTING</u></p> <p>Note: Only contact NCIS if the patient and SAPR VA have determined to make an UNRESTRICTED report. Reporting to NCIS automatically makes the case UNRESTRICTED.</p> <p>1. Contact NCIS through the Navy Region Southwest (Region) Security Dispatch at (619) 524-6999; tell Dispatch to have the Duty NCIS Special Agent call you regarding a sexual assault; leave your name, command, and telephone number.</p> <p>2. NCIS will arrive within one hour and will liaison with local law enforcement.</p> <p>3. NCIS and local law enforcement will counsel the patient who has elected unrestricted reporting regarding the SAFE. **The ED will not counsel patients on the SAFE. This is a legal forensic exam and in agreement with local law enforcement, District Attorney, and the Staff Judge Advocates (SJA) counseling regarding the SAFE will be coordinated with NCIS.</p> <p>Note: Restricted reporting SAFE counseling will be coordinated with VA and SAFE provider.</p>	<p>Time: _____</p> <p>Special Agent Name and Badge No.: _____</p> <p>Case No: _____</p>
<p>7.</p>		

NMCSO ED Adult Sexual Assault Victim Care Protocol For Patients > 18 y/o		Date/Time Completed with Staff Initial
8.	<p><u>DISCHARGE/Patient Follow Up</u></p> <p>When ordering consults, use ESSENTRIS/CHCS order set "SAFE Consult"</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> € Get good contact number of patient € HIV prophylaxis started, consult Infectious Disease, see Step 5 above. € Female patient place consult to OBGYN-NMCSO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Indicate if cervical injury present, if known o Indicate if STD alternative regimen prescribed o Seen at 2 weeks post assault € Male patient place consult to Internal Med <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Indicate if injury present, if known o Indicate if STD alternative regimen prescribed o Seen 2 weeks post-assault € Follow up with infectious Disease and PCM in 1 week <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o HIV testing at 6 week, 3 months, 6 months o Hep B testing at 6 week, 3 months, 6 month o Hep B vaccination @ 1 month, 6 months € Give 72 hours SIQ if patient desires <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Note on CHIT that patient is suffering from "OB/GYN NOS" (female) or "GI NOS" (male) o ***Do not state sexual assault*** <p>NOTE: Ensure of copy of the protocol is placed under the ED LCSW office door. **DO NOT PLACE IN PATIENT'S CHART**</p>	
9.	<p><u>SEXUAL ASSAULT FORENSIC EXAM (SAFE)</u></p> <p>After the patient consults with the VA and NCIS if applicable, determine if the patient does want a SAFE. If patient requests a SAFE or wants more information contact the on call SAFE examiner <u>619-750-5348</u></p> <p>-SANE or SAFE Examiner will escort patient to 2N for exam unless room is not available.</p> <p>General guidance on SAFEs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Patient must be able to consent - Assault occurred within the last 7 days - SAFE Examiner will begin process within 1 hour of notification - SAFE Examiner will consult with law enforcement prior to beginning any unrestricted exam - SAFE toxicology recommended to be drawn within 60 minutes of arrival - SAFE can take 2-6 hours to complete, additional time may be required for completion and packaging of evidence, chain of custody must be maintained - Unrestricted evidence will be turned over to law enforcement - Restricted evidence will be mailed to NCIS storage facility in Norfolk; will remain for up to 5 years unless changed to unrestricted <p>Note: the patient has been discharged from the ED prior to beginning the SAFE.</p>	<p>SAFE Yes or No</p> <p>SAFE Examiner Notified(time): _____</p> <p>SAFE Examiner Arrived (time): _____</p>

ALGORITHM A

PATIENT PRESENTS SEEKING CARE FOR SEXUAL ASSAULT

If patient is <18 ys old, they MUST be transferred to CHKD for peds care
By instruction, NMCP SAFE STAFF WILL NOT CONDUCT FORENSIC EXAMINATIONS ON PATIENTS LESS THAN 18 YS OLD.



STEP 1: TRIAGE/INTAKE

Put patient in SAFE examination room (keys in Pyxis) as soon as possible and inform charge RN ED staff to obtain Vital Signs, collect labs, and attend to life/limb/site concerns
Do not undress patient unless absolutely necessary for lifesaving measures. Save clothing
PHYSICIANS DO NOT PERFORM PELVIC/GENITAL EXAM unless required for lifesaving measures
Page duty examiner at 988-9546, and alert them they MAY POTENTIALLY have a case

PLEASE DRAW
ALL LABS
WITHIN 60
MINUTES
OF TRIAGE TIME

Blood and urine collection is imperative to be done as soon as possible, unless the patient declines collection
For purposes of clinical competency and consent, intoxicated/altered patients must remain in EMD under observation until they are medically cleared by a provider to be able to consent to a forensic examination
Laboratory testing (e.g. Blood Alcohol (BAC) level) is not mandatory and is only ordered if indicated
When called, the Forensic Examiner will ask: "Is the patient medically cleared to provide informed consent?"
The ED physician **MUST** note on the medical chart
"Based on my history, physical examination and clinical judgment
The patient is medically cleared and has the capacity to provide informed consent for a forensic examination."

STEP 2: LABS

Order set "ASSAULTLABS" - LABS SHOULD BE DRAWN PRIOR TO ADMINISTRATION OF ANY IV FLUIDS and WITHIN 60 MIN OF TRIAGE TIME
MAX Order all labs except Blood ETOH, HCG, CBC, CMP under follow up provider's name - see list on pg 2 for name/clinic*

- ✓ Blood ETOH (BAC) level (if indicated): grey top x 1, → send STAT to lab
- ✓ CBC & CMP (if you are prescribing HIV post-exposure prophylaxis)
- ✓ Qualitative urine HCG: (dirty catch is best, not CCMS) - HCG for STAT, pour off remaining urine for Forensic Tox, label with pt sticker, place in plastic bag, and lock in SAFE cart.. Advise pt not to vigorously wipe when done, just pat dry or not wipe at all. Collector must sign, date, and time DD2911, pg 8 of 8, section M (Toxicology Samples).
- ✓ Forensic Tox: grey top x 2, label with pt sticker, place in plastic bag, and lock in SAFE cart. Collector must sign, date, and time DD2911, pg 8 of 8, section M (Toxicology Samples).

- ✓ Hep B surface Ag & Ab Hepatitis = RED TUBE
- ✓ Hep C Ab
- ✓ RPR qualitative RPR = TIGER TOP TUBE
- ✓ HIV Ab HIV - 1/0/2 - Rapid HIV = LAVENDER TUBE x
- ✓ Cultures: Pls have physician enter cultures for GC/Chlamydia, BV/Trich. They will be collected and sent by Forensic Examiner.

Blood alcohol (if ordered), CBC, CMP, and HCG must be entered under the ED physician name.

Forensic blood and urine for SAFE cart doesn't require an MD order.

Hep panel, RPR, HIV, and all STD cultures must be entered under the name of the provider of the clinic where the patient wants to do their follow up appt. Ask pt where they will follow-up
Family members must follow up at NMCP
AD can use NMCP or ANY outlying clinic if they choose

STEP 3: VICTIM'S ADVOCATE - Active Duty Patients ONLY

Non AD Family members:

JEB LITTLE CREEK	757-438-3455
NAVSTA NORFOLK	757-438-3504
NAS OCEANA	757-438-3260
NMCP & BRANCH HEALTH CLINICS	757-988-9626
U.S. ARMY	757-268-8967
USMC	757-630-9333
USCG - ask for Magnus Graham or Lauren Jennings	757-398-6231
USAF - contact NavSta Norfolk	757-438-3504
Shipboard	Contact shipboard UVA

Non AD family members and/or dependents receive Victim's Advocacy from RESPONSE:

757-622-4300

Please alert Security that Response Volunteer is coming and what time expected. If Marital Rape, FAP must also be alerted.

PATIENT WISHES TO MAKE RESTRICTED OR UNRESTRICTED REPORT

PLEASE NOTE, *ONLY* Victims Advocates SHOULD BE COUNSELING PATIENTS ON REPORTING OPTIONS.
THIS IS NOT THE ROLE OF THE ED PHYSICIAN OR STAFF.
VA or ED RN should page the duty S.A.F.E. examiner: 988-9546

DO NOT CALL LAW ENFORCEMENT.

Upon completion of evidence collection, Patient care will return to the ED staff for medicating and discharge planning.

MEDICAL TREATMENT ONLY

Patients have the right to decline any/all evidence collection and be treated medically only. This option involves notification of Victims Advocate and EMD/medical personnel only.

DO NOT ALERT NCIS/LAW ENFORCEMENT
Page duty S.A.F.E. examiner: 988-9546
and let them phone consult before proceeding further.

Proceed to page 2 of Algorithm A

ENCLOSURE (1)

PAGE 2: CONTINUATION OF ALGORITHM A MEDICAL CARE OF SEXUAL ASSAULT PATIENTS

STEP 4: EVALUATE PATIENT FOR ANY INJURIES, CHECK HCG RESULT, AND MEDICATE AS INDICATED.

Pt will need broad spectrum coverage for STDs and HIV prevention, if desired.

Pregnancy prevention should also be addressed. Medicate for pain as indicated.

IF PROVIDER HAS RELIGIOUS EXCEPTION TO PROVIDING E.C., PLEASE PASS THIS TASK TO ANOTHER PROVIDER WILLING TO PROVIDE.

When ordering meds, use the CHCS order set "assaultmeds" (non-pregnant) or "assaultmedspreg" (pregnant patients) to order:

- ✓ Update a tetanus toxoid immunization if needed
- ✓ Administer HBIG if the patient is not vaccinated and the perpetrator has a known history of Hep B
- ✓ Prescribe pain medications as needed
- ✓ Prescribe antiemetics as needed
- ✓ HIV prophylaxis (no change if pregnant – use same regiments)
 - Give HIV post-exposure prophylaxis ASAP in the ED if high risk of HIV transmission & < 72 hours from exposure:
 - Truvada 1 tab PLUS Kaletra 2 tabs PO
 - Discharge with HIV prophylaxis if given in ED:
 - Truvada 1 tab PO Daily PLUS Kaletra 2 tabs PO BID both for 30 days
 - Imodium 2 mg, 1 tab po prn diarrhea
- ✓ Consider empiric STD prophylaxis:
 - Ceftriaxone 250 mg IM now OR Cefixime 400 mg PO now
PLUS
 - Flagyl 2 gm PO to be taken 24-48 hours after discharge from the ED
PLUS
 - Azithromycin 1 gm PO now OR Doxycycline 100 mg PO BID x 7 days

AHLTA CODING:

The sensitive button should be activated
when entering chart into AHLTA to
enhance privacy.

Please refer to BUMED 6310.11, pg 12
"Coding Guidance".

- ✓ Consider emergency contraception (EC) with Plan B or Next Choice
 - IF PROVIDER HAS A RELIGIOUS/PERSONAL EXCEPTION TO PRESCRIBING EC; there are 2 acceptable options: (1) discuss case with another provider in the EMD (including resident physician) to prescribe, (2) contact EMD Department Head.
- ✓ Consider sleep aids or anxiolytics
- ✓ Place an ASAP Infectious Disease consult if HIV post-exposure prophylaxis is provided.
- ✓ Provide 72 hours of SIQ.

Have the patient follow-up with his/her immunization clinic if they need the hepatitis B or HPV vaccine.

STEP 5: DISCHARGE PLANNING

2 WEEK POST-ASSAULT FOLLOW UP

Patients do not need to call Tricare appt line to book 2 wk follow up
They call provider **directly** to schedule

→ Only BOLD NAMES listed below should be used for order entry

Naval Medical Center Portsmouth Providers (Family members <u>must</u> use NMCP)	Ob/Gyn clinic, Bldg 2, 4 th Fl. (female pts only)	953-4290
	Family Practice (male/female uncomplicated pts)	
	Enter labs under: CDR Teresa Allen Alternate: GS MD Theron Bryant	953-5794
Boone Clinic	CDR Rhonda Wallace	953-8170
Sewell's Point	LCDR Lina Badura	953-9003
Dam Neck/Oceana	LT Matthew Moore Alternate: CDR Michael Picio	953-9896

Please ensure patient receives copy of DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS and information re FOLLOW UP APPT.

Please ensure medical chart (ETR) is uploaded to EMD share drive.

ENCLOSURE (1)

Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program Review:
United States Marine Corps

Appendix I

ENCLOSURE (1

(d) Provide a report to HQMC (MFB) after completion of the inspection and a follow-up report after 30 days.

(6) Staff Judge Advocate to the Commandant of the Marine Corps (SJA to CMC) in coordination with HQMC (MFB) shall:

(a) Develop and implement annual training requirements for Staff Judge Advocates (SJAs), trial counsel and defense counsel as provided in Appendix N.

(b) Establish SJA protocol which requires that case disposition information be given to the Command/Installation Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC) for input into the sexual assault database.

(c) As the Component Responsible Official for the Victim and Witness Assistance Program (VWAP), ensure installation VWAP councils, Victim and Witness Liaison Officers (VWLO) and Victim and Witness Assistance Coordinators (VWAC) address the special concerns and issues surrounding sexual assault victims.

(7) All General Courts-Martial Convening Authorities (GCMCA) shall:

(a) Establish, in writing, the billet of Command SARC and/or Installation SARC. Guidance on selecting a SARC is in Chapters 3 and 5.

(b) Ensure training is conducted on sexual assault awareness and prevention annually per reference (a). Training will consist of an overview of the content of this Order, definitions, reporting options, high-risk situations and behaviors, programs available to assist victims, and Bystander Intervention training.

(c) Ensure the intent and program elements of this Order are executed.

(d) Ensure that, at a minimum, two SAPR Uniformed Victim Advocates, hereafter referred to as UVAs, are appointed at each battalion, squadron, or equivalent level command.

(e) Ensure organizations not co-located with a Battalion but with a UIC, and without a UVA, develop a SAPR SOP establishing victim response procedures and identifying appropriate local resources. When located on or near a sister service installation, establish an MOU for SAPR services.



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
1000 NAVY PENTAGON
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20350-1000

SECNAVINST 5420.193
BCNR
19 November 1997

SECNAV INSTRUCTION 5420.193

From: Secretary of the Navy
To: All Ships and Stations

Subj: BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF NAVAL RECORDS

Ref: (a) 10 U.S.C. § 1552
(b) U.S. Navy Regulations, 1990, Article 0324
(c) 10 U.S.C. § 5016
(d) SECNAVINST 5211.5D, DON Privacy Act Program
(e) 10 U.S.C. § 1034
(f) DOD Directive 7050.6, Military Whistleblower Protection of 12 Aug 95 (NOTAL)
(g) SECNAVINST 5370.7A, Military Whistleblower Protection of 27 Sep 94

Encl: (1) Procedures of the Board for Correction of Naval Records
(2) DD 149, Application for Correction of Military Record Under the Provisions of title 10, U.S.C. Section 1552
(3) Applicant's Guide

1. Purpose. To establish procedures for making application and the consideration of applications for correction of military records of current and former members of the Navy and Marine Corps by the Secretary of the Navy acting through the Board for Correction of Naval Records (BCNR) under reference (a).

2. Cancellation. NAVSO P-473 of 28 November 1977. All other regulations and memoranda providing guidance on policies or procedures of BCNR, and delegations of authority inconsistent with this instruction, are cancelled.

3. Action

a. BCNR shall consider and either take corrective action on the Secretary's behalf, when authorized, or make appropriate recommendations to the Secretary regarding applications for the correction of military records following the procedures in enclosure (1).

b. The Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Manpower and Reserve Affairs), under references (b) and (c), has been assigned the responsibility for the overall supervision of BCNR and is



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SECNAVINST 5420.193

19 NOV 1997

delegated authority to take final action on BCNR cases forwarded for review.

c. The Executive Director, BCNR shall administer and oversee the operation of BCNR. The Executive Director shall be subject to the supervision and administrative control of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Manpower and Reserve Affairs).

d. Department of the Navy facilities of all commands, bureaus, offices, and boards shall be made available to BCNR to assist it, upon request, in the performance of its duties consistent with applicable statutes and regulations. Requests for records and/or advisory opinions should under normal circumstances be acted upon within 60 days of receipt of BCNR's request.

4. Execution of BCNR Decisions. The Chief of Naval Operations and the Commandant of the Marine Corps shall ensure that action is taken to make the military record corrections directed by the Secretary or BCNR. The applicant and Executive Director will be advised of the action taken.

5. Administrative Correction of Personnel Records. To enhance efficiency and minimize requirements for BCNR actions where possible, the Chief of Naval Operations and the Commandant of the Marine Corps will ensure that obvious clerical or administrative errors are corrected locally under the authority of reference (d) to the extent permitted by law and regulation.

6. Changes in Procedures. BCNR may recommend changes to enclosure (1). Changes must be approved by the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of Defense. Enclosure (1) and all approved changes thereto will be published in the Federal Register.

7. Application. Applications to BCNR for correction of naval records must be submitted on DD 149, Application for Correction of Military Record, or exact facsimile. Enclosure (2) is a copy of DD 149. Enclosure (3) provides information to prospective applicants regarding the procedures governing the submission and processing of applications. In processing applications alleging violations of reference (e) there will be strict compliance with the provisions of references (f) and (g).

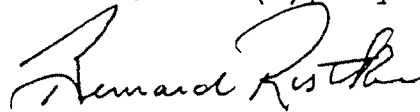
SECNAVINST 5420.193

19 NOV 1997

8. Report and Form

a. The reporting requirements contained in enclosure (1) are exempt from reports control by SECNAVINST 5214.2B

b. Due to low usage DD 149 (Sep 97), Application for Correction of Military Records Under the Provisions of title 10, U.S.C., section 1552, provided as enclosure (2), may be locally reproduced.



BERNARD ROSTKER
Assistant Secretary of the Navy
(Manpower and Reserve Affairs)

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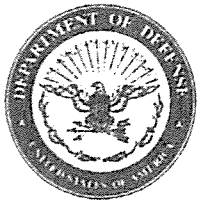
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Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) Program Review:
United States Marine Corps

Appendix J



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE OFFICE
1000 NAVY PENTAGON
WASHINGTON DC 20350-1000

ACTION MEMO

July 24, 2013

FOR: SECRETARY OF THE NAVY

FROM: Jill Vines Loftus, Director, Department of the Navy Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office

SUBJECT: Comprehensive Visual Inspection of all Department of the Navy Workplaces

- The results of the comprehensive visual inspection of all Department of the Navy Workplaces is provided.
- Due date for action is July 31, 2013 per Secretary of Defense (SECDEF) SAPR Memo of 6 May 2013 (TAB B).
- TAB A is the Memorandum for SECDEF.
- TAB B is the SECDEF SAPR Memo of 6 May 2013 directing the Military Departments to conduct visual inspections of all DoD workplaces and to report on findings from this inspection to SECDEF by July 31, 2013.
- TAB C-1/2/3 is the report on findings from the comprehensive visual inspections of all Department of the Navy (DON) workplaces. These inspections specifically ensure that all DON facilities promote an environment of dignity and respect and are free from materials that create a degrading or offensive work environment.
 - C-1 Results of Visual Inspection of DON Secretariat Workplaces
 - C-2 Results of Visual Inspection of all US Navy Workplaces
 - C-3 Results of Visual Inspection of all US Marine Workplaces

RECOMMENDATION: Secretary of the Navy sign correspondence at TAB A.

COORDINATION: TAB D

Attachments:
As stated

Prepared by: LtCol Thomas Witzak, DON-SAPRO, (703) 614-5729, thomas.witzak@navy.mil

ENCLOSURE (1)



THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY
WASHINGTON DC 20350-1000

JUL 26 2013

MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

SUBJECT: Comprehensive Visual Inspection of all Department of the Navy Workplaces

As directed in your memorandum of May 6, 2013, the Department of the Navy has completed comprehensive visual inspections of all workplaces to ensure they promote an environment of dignity and respect. Detailed inspection reports respectively addressing the Secretariat, the Navy, and the Marine Corps are attached.

In summary, we conducted visual inspections across the Department, in a thorough and methodical manner, world-wide, and in a spirit of professionalism focused on our high priority on gender equity and respect. Our scope of effort was exhaustive and included ships, aircraft, vehicles, shore facilities, recreation areas, exchanges and other service facilities, common areas of on-base housing, and office environments – starting with my own. The attached reports detail over 4,200 items removed. The vast majority were items that might have been tolerated without comment in a prior era – including historical and other posters, magazines, and graffiti – but whose removal now demonstrates our commitment to positive change and growth. In each case, we sought to visibly underscore the importance of exactly that process.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "SJS", is positioned above the typed name.

Sean J. Stackley
Acting

Attachments:
As stated

cc:
USD (P&R)

ENCLOSURE (1



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
HEADQUARTERS, UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS
3000 MARINE CORPS PENTAGON
WASHINGTON, DC 20350-3000

IN REPLY REFER TO:
JUL 17 2013

INFO MEMO

FOR: DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY/SAPRO

M. R. R.

FROM: Major General M. R. Regner, Staff Director, Headquarters Marine Corps

SUBJECT: Department of the Navy Comprehensive Visual Inspection of All DON Workplaces

- In accordance with ALNAV 038/13 and MARADMIN 291/13, the Marine Corps has conducted a visual inspection of all of its workplaces and common access spaces to include: office buildings, facilities, aircraft, government vehicles, hangars, ready rooms, conference rooms, individual offices, cubicles, storage rooms, tool and equipment rooms, workshops, break rooms, galleys, recreation areas, Marine Corps Exchanges, and heads.
- A total of 514 items were removed as a result of the inspection. Sexually suggestive magazines, posters/calendars and individual artwork represented the majority of inappropriate items found. These items were immediately removed from the workplace and this inspection afforded the Commander and Senior Enlisted Advisor the opportunity to further reinforce a message that fosters a positive command climate. In addition to the removal of offensive material, other corrective actions include discussions with Marines and civilian Marines to ensure Marine Corps workplaces remain professional and free from degrading, hostile, and offensive material.
- Inspections of all Marine Corps workplaces will be conducted on a regular basis, not less than annually. The Inspector General of the Marine Corps will review and address this ongoing requirement during regular command inspections and assessments. These inspections align with the Commander's existing ability to conduct health and comfort inspections to enhance personnel and mission readiness in accordance with Marine Corps Order 5300.17.
- The Secretary of Defense's requirement to conduct visual inspections of the workplace further reinforces commanders' commitment to establishing a positive command climate that promotes an environment of dignity, respect, and professionalism. All leaders are responsible for keeping the culture of the Marine Corps free of offensive material and behavior that may demean or victimize any of their Marines, and this requires a full-dimensional, 360 degree approach. This visual inspection requirement will be an integral part of this responsibility.

COORDINATION: NONE.

Attachments:
None.

Prepared By: Col T.V. Johnson, CMC (MPE), M&RA, HQMC (703) 784-9371

ENCLOSURE (1)

ALN13038

RTTUZYUW RUEWMCS0000 1582105-UUUU-RUCRNAV.

ZNR UUUUU

R 072105Z JUN 13

FM SECNAV WASHINGTON DC

TO ALNAV

INFO SECNAV WASHINGTON DC

CNO WASHINGTON DC

CMC WASHINGTON DC

BT

UNCLAS

ALNAV 038/13

MSGID/GENADMIN/SECNAV WASHINGTON DC/-/JUN//

SUBJ/DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY COMPREHENSIVE VISUAL INSPECTION OF ALL DON WORKPLACES//

REF/A/DOC/SECDEF/MEMO/06MAY13//

REF/B/DOC/SECNAVINST/5300.26D/03JAN06//

REF/C/DOC/SECNAVINST/5350.16A/18DEC06//

REF/D/DOC/OPNAVNOTE/5400/SNDL/01OCT12//

NARR/REF A is Secretary of Defense memo on Sexual Assault Prevention and Response.

REF B is

SECNAVINST 5300.26D, The Department Of The Navy (DON) policy on Sexual Harassment.

REF C is

SECNAVINST 5350.16A, Equal Opportunity within the DON. REF D is OPNAVNOTE 5400, Standard Naval

Distribution List.//

RMKS/1. IAW REF A, this ALNAV directs that the Under Secretary of the Navy, Chief of Naval Operations

(CNO), and Commandant of the Marine Corps (CMC) perform a comprehensive visual inspection of all

DON workplaces to ensure they are free from materials that create a degrading, hostile, or offensive

work environment. Inspections of all DON workplaces, including the U.S. Naval Academy, must be

completed NLT 28 June 2013, and inspection results reported to me by 12 July 2013.

2. Applicability. this ALNAV applies DON-wide. The government workplaces of all DON Sailors, Marines, and civilian employees are subject to comprehensive visual inspections.

3. Purpose. All DON personnel shall be treated with dignity and respect. As stated in REFs A through C, fostering a command climate free of all forms of unlawful discrimination, including sexual harassment, is essential to maintaining high morale, good order, discipline, and readiness. The inspections directed by this ALNAV aim to eliminate materials that create a degrading, hostile, or offensive work environment and to ensure a professional workplace for all DON personnel.

4. Procedures

4.A. Authorized inspection locations. All DON Commanders, Commanding Officers, Officers-in-Charge, and civilian directors shall direct comprehensive and regular inspections of all workplaces and common access spaces under their control for materials listed in subparagraphs 4.D and 4.E.

4.B. Workplaces include but are not limited to:

Page 1

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ALN13038

4.B.1. Office buildings, facilities, naval vessels, aircraft, government vehicles, hangars, ready rooms, conference rooms, individual offices, cubicles, storage rooms, tool and equipment rooms, workshops, break rooms, galleys, recreation areas, Navy and Marine Corps Exchanges, and heads.

4.B.2. Sensitive compartmented information facilities, and other secure facilities.

4.B.3. Common areas of on-base military barracks and bachelor quarters, to include onbase Private-Public Venture (PPV) barracks.

4.B.4. Common areas of off-base PPV barracks if entry/inspection is allowed by the terms of the PPV agreement or if the PPV operator allows entry for this purpose.

4.B.5. All DON school houses and training facilities including, but not limited to, the U.S. Naval Academy, the Naval Academy Preparatory School, Officer Candidate School, Naval Reserve Officers Training Corps Units, the Basic School, Officer Development School, Recruit Training Command, and Marine Corps Recruit Depots.

4.C. Limitations. For purposes of this specific inspection, DON Commanders, Commanding Officers, Officers-in-Charge, and civilian directors will not inspect assigned government laptop or desktop computers (with the exception of visible screensavers), assigned individual barracks rooms/living quarters, assigned desk drawers, assigned cabinet drawers, clothing (e.g., coats), assigned lockers, purses, brief cases, backpacks, private automobiles, and personal electronic devices (e.g., iPads, iPhones, etc.).

4.D. Removal and documentation of degrading or offensive materials.

4.D.1. DON Commanders, Commanding Officers, Officers-in-Charge, and civilian directors will effect the removal of material that a reasonable person would consider degrading or offensive and document any material discovered during the course of workplace inspections.

4.D.2. Degrading or offensive material includes, but is not limited to, documents, logs, books, pictures, photographs, calendars, posters, magazines, videos, props, displays, or other media, including electronic media, that contain inappropriate depictions and are detrimental to a professional working environment.

4.D.3. Degrading or offensive materials are to be immediately removed from the workplace by the service member/civilian who possesses such materials or by the responsible supervisor if the responsible individual is not present for the inspection.

ALN13038

4.D.4. Appropriate disciplinary or administrative action may be considered if an individual fails to comply with an order to remove degrading or offensive material from the workplace.

4.D.5. If there is doubt as to whether material is degrading or offensive, the individual conducting the inspection shall remove the material from the workplace to ensure a professional work environment.

4.E. Command seizure and documentation of contraband.

4.E.1. Individuals conducting the inspection will immediately seize and document any contraband discovered during the course of workplace inspections.

4.E.2. Contraband includes materials that are patently lewd, lascivious, obscene, or pornographic, as well as supremacist images, publications, or materials.

4.E.3. If evidence of a crime is discovered during an inspection (e.g., child pornography, illegal drugs or paraphernalia, unauthorized weapons, stolen property, etc.), individuals conducting the inspection are to immediately contact the Naval Criminal Investigative Service and comply with applicable standard procedures.

5. Additional guidance

5.A. The authority to conduct workplace inspections may be delegated to an appropriate level within a command, unit, or activity, but no lower than the E-7 or civilian supervisory level. Individuals conducting an inspection shall have the appropriate access and clearance.

5.B. While not the focus of this inspection, government computers remain subject to inspection pursuant to applicable laws and regulations. Commanders, Commanding Officers, Officers-in-Charge, and civilian directors have a continuing responsibility to ensure appropriate procedures are in place which prevent degrading, offensive or unlawful material from being stored on government computers.

5.C. DON Commanders, Commanding Officers, Officers-in-Charge, and civilian directors remain responsible and accountable for ensuring compliance with this ALNAV, and must provide clear guidance and intent to those members delegated authority to conduct inspections.

5.D. Each area and person affected by the inspection is to be subject to the same level of inspection.

5.E. Commands should leverage their Equal Opportunity Advisors, Staff Judge Advocates, and Command Counsel when determining what material creates a degrading or offensive work environment. Commands should consult their Staff Judge Advocate or Command Counsel on any questions related to the handling of contraband or suspected criminal activity revealed during the inspection.

ALN13038

5.F. With respect to PPV inspections, installation Commanding Officers will coordinate with the responsible PPV partner.

5.G. DON Commanders, Commanding Officers, Officers-in-Charge, and civilian directors will insure that a copy of this ALNAV is provided to their local bargaining unit pursuant to the terms of the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

6. Reporting

6.A. Deadline for submission to SECNAV. The Under Secretary of the Navy (for the Office of the Secretary of the Navy), CNO, and CMC will submit final reports of inspection results from their respective claimancies to the DON SAPRO NLT 12 July 2013.

6.B. Inspection results from each echelon shall report the amount and type of inappropriate material found, the location where discovered (individual workspace, common workspace, or electronic media), and how the material was removed.

6.C. All commands shall document inspection results using the standardized reporting template that can be downloaded at: [HTTP://WWW.DONSAPRO.NAVY.MIL](http://www.donsapro.navy.mil).

6.D. Report submission

6.D.1. The Office of the Secretary of the Navy. The Heads of Echelon I commands/activities under the direct supervision of SECNAV per REF D shall receive and consolidate inspection results from their subordinate commands/activities, and submit results to the DON Assistant for Administration.

6.D.2. Commands Administrative Control (ADCON) to CNO. Echelon II Commanders shall receive and consolidate inspection results from their subordinate commands/activities as delineated by REF D, and submit results to Director, Navy Staff.

6.D.3. Commands ADCON to CMC. Echelon II Commanders shall receive and consolidate inspection results from their subordinate commands/activities, and submit results to Director, Marine Corps Staff.

7. DON Commanders, Commanding Officers, Officers in Charge, and civilian directors will ensure that visual inspections of all DON workplaces are conducted on a regular basis, not less than annually. The Naval Inspector General and Deputy Naval Inspector General for Marine Corps Matters are directed to review and address this ongoing requirement during regular command inspections and assessments.

8. Leaders at all levels are responsible and accountable for ensuring DON workplaces remain professional and free from degrading, hostile, and offensive material.

9. Released by Ray Mabus, Secretary of the Navy.//
BT

Command	Finding Type	Quantity	Item(s) discovered	Location	Action taken
MARFORRES					
4th MarDiv					
24th Marines					
CO E(1) 2ND BN 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HQSVC CO 2ND BN 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
WPNS CO(1) 2ND BN 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO B 1ST BN 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO A 1ST BN 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO C 1ST BN 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HQSVC CO 1ST BN 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO B 1ST BN 24TH MAR REGT	UNPROFESSIONAL	1	POSTER	WORKPLACE COMMON AREA	REMOVED
HQ CO 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
WPNS CO(1) 1ST BN 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO I 3RD BN 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO G 2ND BN 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO F 2ND BN 24TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
25th Marines					
HQ CO 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HQSVC CO 1ST BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
WPNS CO(1) 1ST BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO A(1) 1ST BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO B 1ST BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO G 2ND BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO C 1ST BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HQSVC CO 2ND BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
WPNS CO(1) 2ND BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO F 2ND BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
WPNS CO(1) 3RD BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HQSVC CO 3RD BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO L 3RD BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO E 2ND BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO K 3RD BN 25TH MAR REGT	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1ST & 2ND PLAT TRK CO HQ BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
TRUCK CO(1) HQ BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
4TH AA BN					
CO B 4TH AA BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HQSVC CO(1) 4TH AA BN	INAPPROPRIATE/OFFENSIVE	2	POSTER/PHRASES	WORKPLACE COMMON AREA	REMOVED
CO A DET 4TH AA BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO C 4TH AA BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO A(1) 4TH AA BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
4TH CEB					
DET CO A 4TH CBT ENGR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
ENGT SPT CO(1) 4TH CBT ENGR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HQSVC CO 4TH CBT ENGR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO D 4TH CBT ENGR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO C 4TH CBT ENGR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO B 4TH CBT ENGR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO A 4TH CBT ENGR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
3RD FORCE RECON					
3RD FORCE RECON CO	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
4TH FORCE RECON					
4TH FORCE RECON CO(1)	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
DET 4TH FORECON CO	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
4TH LAR BN					
CO A 4TH LAR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HQSVC CO(1) 4TH LAR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO B 4TH LAR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO E 4TH LAR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO F 4TH LAR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO G 4TH LAR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO D 4TH LAR BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
4TH RECON BN					
CO B 4TH RECON BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO F 4TH RECON BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO D 4TH RECON BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO C 4TH RECON BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HQSVC CO 4TH RECON BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
4TH TANK BN					
CO A 4TH TANK BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HQSVC CO 4TH TANK BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CO D 4TH TANK BN	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A

ENCLOSURE (

DET HQSVC CO 4TH TANK BN	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
CO C 4TH TANK BN	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
CO E 4TH TANK BN	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
CO F 4TH TANK BN	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
CO B 4TH TANK BN	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
AT BN	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
HQSVC CO AT BN	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
2ND & 3RD PLAT CO E AT BN	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
CO F 4TH TANK BN	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
CO A AT BN	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
CO B 4TH TANK BN	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
Marine Forces Reserves	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
4th Marine Logistics Group	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
4th Marine Aircraft Wing	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
MAFORCOM	No Findings		0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
II MEF							
2d MLG, 2d Dental BN	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional Poster		Workplace Common Area	Removed
2d MLG, 8th ESB	Inappropriate/Offensive		3	Magazines		Male Head	Removed
2d MLG, 8th ESB	Unprofessional		5	Pictures with inappropriate comments		Workplace Common Area	Removed
2d MLG, 8th ESB	Unprofessional		3	Inappropriate Poster		Workplace Common Area	Removed
2d MLG, 8th ESB	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	wooden prop depicting male organ		Workplace Common Area	Removed
2d MLG, 8th ESB	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Table with profanity written on it		Workplace Common Area	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-25	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional Calendar		Workplace Common Area	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-25	Inappropriate/Offensive		2	Magazines		Workplace Common Area	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-25	Peronographic		3	Magazines		Workplace Common Area	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-25	Unprofessional		2	Pictures with inappropriate comments		Workplace Common Area	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-25	Unprofessional		1	Inappropriate cartoon		Workplace Common Area	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-25	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Song lyrics		Workplace Common Area	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-25	Unprofessional		2	Unprofessional posters		Laundry room	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-27	Unprofessional		1	Sign		CBRNE warehouse	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-27	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Pin-up poster		Corporals Course office space	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-27	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Sign with profanity		Medical admin office	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-27	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Sign with racial remarks		BSTS office space	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-27	Unprofessional		1	Poster		MVIDS office space	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-27	Unprofessional		2	Fitness magazines		Communications workplace common area	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-27	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Personal log book with unprofessional comments		Communications workplace	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-27	Inappropriate		2	Signs		Landing Support Company	Removed
2d MLG, CLR-27	Unprofessional		2	Pictures		S-1 office space	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Pictures with unprofessional comments		Bldg 901 (Rm 214)	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Pictures with unprofessional comments		Bldg 901 (Rm 234A)	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Pictures with unprofessional comments		Bldg 901 (Rm 111)	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		2	Pictures: Cheerleaders		FOD	Removed
CBIRF	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Spray painted profanity		DRIF Rubble Pile	Painted Over
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	1944 Pinup Calendar (Lewisite Gas)		DRIF Office	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Unused condom with instructions for use		DRIF Office Cabinet Door	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional Picture		Maintenance Admin	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		2	Inappropriate Cartoon		Maintenance Control	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Inappropriate Ad		Expeditor Shop	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		2	Unprofessional Pictures		Flightline	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Inappropriate Sign		S-4	Removed
CBIRF	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Sexual joke written on a sticky pad		S-4 Storeroom	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Computer Desktop		AVI	Changed Desktop
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Joke / Commented Posted		Flight Equipment	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Pictures with inappropriate comments		Bldg 1701W, 2d Floor, Rm 22A, OPS	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Inappropriate comments on fund raiser instruction sheet		Bldg 1701W, 1st Floor, Main Ladderwell	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Background of computer monitor		Workplace Computer in Office	Changed to default background
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Pictures with inappropriate comments		Workplace Common Area	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Pictures with inappropriate comments		Head Facility	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		4	Inappropriate cartoons		Workplace Common Area	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		6	Pictures with inappropriate comments		Workplace Common Area	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional Comic Strip		Workplace/MAGTE Planners Office	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional Comic Strip		Workplace S-4 Clerk Office	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		2	Magazines		Workplace Common Area	Removed
CBIRF	Inappropriate/Offensive		2	Computer Desktop Background		Workplace Common Area	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Inappropriate Picture		Changing Area	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		2	Unprofessional Screensaver		Workplace Computer	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Pictures with inappropriate comments		Workplace Bldg 855 W/C 81C	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		3	Pictures with inappropriate comments		Workplace Common Area	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional posters		Workplace Common Area	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		2	Graffiti		Portable Heads	Covered/Efforts taken to replace head
CBIRF	Inappropriate		1	Poster		Office Space	Removed by Owner
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional Sports Calendar		Workplace Common Area	Removed
CBIRF	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional Calendar		Workplace Common Area	Removed

MARSOC, MSOS	Inappropriate/Offensive	3	Magazines	Workplace Common Area	Removed
MWSS-274	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Calendar	Armory Workspace	Removed & Section OIC notified
MWSS-274	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Screensaver	Motor Transport Workspace (Building 1048)	Removed & Section OIC notified
VMAC-2	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional graphic	Workplace Common Area - locker door	Removed
VMFA(AW)-224	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional helmet graphic	Workplace Common Area - top of locker	Removed
VMFA(AW)-224	Unprofessional	1	Female Silhouette on Cruise Plaque	Workplace Common Area	Removed
VMFA(AW)-224	Offensive language	1	Picture	Workplace Common Area	Covered up until it can be repainted
2nd MarDiv				Cubicle	Removed by supervisor. Marine informed
Headquarters Battalion	Unprofessional	5	Pictures & Plaques	Workplace Common Area/Office	Removed
2d Tank Battalion	Unprofessional	3	Posters & Paintings	Workplace Common Area/Office	Removed
2d Recon Battalion	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
2d Light Armored Recon Battalion	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
2d Combat Engineer Battalion	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
2d Assault Amphibian Battalion	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
2d Marine Regiment	Unprofessional	4	Pictures with inappropriate comments	Workplace Common Area	Removed
1st Battalion, 2d Marines	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
3rd Battalion, 2d Marines	Unprofessional	4	Cartoon & pictures with inappropriate comments	Workplace Common Area	Removed
3rd Battalion, 9th Marines	Unprofessional/inappropriate/Offensive	9	Inappropriate pictures & calendars with comments	Workplace Common Area/Office	Removed
6th Marine Regiment	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1st Battalion, 6th Marines	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
3rd Battalion, 6th Marines	Unprofessional/Offensive	4	Messages on dry erase board/cartoons & inappropriate pictures	Workplace Common Area	Removed
2nd Battalion, 6th Marines	Unprofessional/inappropriate/Offensive/poronographic	8	Unprofessional desktop background & media items	Workplace Common Area/Duty Hut	Removed
2nd Battalion, 9th Marines	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
8th Marine Regiment	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1st Battalion, 8th Marines	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
2nd Battalion, 8th Marines	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
3rd Battalion, 8th Marines	Unprofessional/inappropriate/Offensive	2	Sign containing profanity. Ruler	Workplace Common Area	Removed
1st Battalion, 9th Marines	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
10th Marine Regiment	Unprofessional/inappropriate	20	Unprofessional items	Workplace Common Area/Office	Removed
1st Battalion, 10th Marines	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
2nd Battalion, 10th Marines	Unprofessional	4	Unprofessional pictures	Individual's office space	Removed
2nd Battalion, 10th Marines	Unprofessional	0	None discovered	Workplace Common Area	NA
MARFORPAC					
MCB Hawaii	Unprofessional	2	pictures and cartoons	Workspaces	Removed
Marine Corps Forces, Pacific H&S BN	No findings	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
MARFORPAC H&S Bn	No findings	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
III MEF					
3rd MLG	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Doll	Osh Yash Contractor Office	Removed
CLB 35	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
3rd Dental Bn	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
9th Engineer Support Bn	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
3rd Combat Logistics Regiment	Unprofessional	1	WWII poster about (STDs)	Workplace Common Area	Removed
3 Radio Bn	Unprofessional	3	Magazines	Workplace Common Area	Removed
3 Radio Bn	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
III MEF Band	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
3rd Intel Bn	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
7th Comm Bn	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
5th Anglico	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
3rd LE	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
SOTG	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MAG 12	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HMH 463	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
HMLA 367	Unprofessional	3	Inappropriate Cartoons	Workplace Common Area	Removed
MALS 24	Unprofessional	3	Magazines	Workplace Common Area	Removed
MALS 24	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MWSD 24	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MWHS-1CP	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MWHS-1armory	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MWHS1Supply	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, SSEC	Unprofessional	8	Magazines	Workplace Common Area	Removed
1stMAW, G-1	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, G-2	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, G-3	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, MWIK	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, CERN	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, IMO	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, G-4	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, G-5	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, G-6	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, G-8 Comptroller	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, AGSD	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A

ENCLOSURE (1)

1stMAW, Chaplain	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, DOSS	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, AID	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, IG	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, Medical	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
1stMAW, SJA	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
Barracks 217 (Camp Foster)	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
Barracks 225 (Futenna)	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
Barracks 1449 (Kadena)	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
MALS 36	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Poster		Supply	Removed
MALS-36	Inappropriate/Offensive	2	Inappropriate cartoon		Supply	Removed
MALS-36	Offensive	1	Coffee Mug		Supply	Removed
MALS-36	Unprofessional	1	Inappropriate sign		Power Plants	Removed
MALS-36	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Inappropriate sign		Power Plants	Removed
MALS-36	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional picture		Airframes	Removed
MALS-36	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Unprofessional picture		Airframes	Removed
MALS-36	Unprofessional	2	Inappropriate name placards		Airframes	Removed
MALS-36	Unprofessional	1	White Board Drawings		Airframes	Removed
MALS-36	Inappropriate/Offensive	4	Computer Desktop Background		Gsf	Removed
MALS-36	Inappropriate/Offensive	2	Magazines		GSE	Removed
MALS-36	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Poster		HQ	Removed
MALS-36	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Poster		Ordnance	Removed
MALS-36	Questionable	1	Possible inappropriate words		Ordnance	Removed
MALS-36	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
3rd Combat Assault Bn	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
4th Marine Regiment	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
12th Marine Regiment	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
3rd Recon Bn	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
MCI COM						
MCI East						
MCAS Beaufort SC	Inappropriate	2	Plaques		MCAS Officers' Club	Items removed
MCAS Beaufort SC	Inappropriate	1	Suggestive Image		MCAS Officers' Club parking lot	Re-painted area
MCAS Beaufort SC	Unprofessional	1	Magazine		Bldg 553 MCAS After Burners Club	Removed
MCLB Albany GA	Inappropriate	10	Magazines and DVDs		Workplace common area	Removed
MCLB Albany GA	Inappropriate	5	Magazines		Workplace common area	Removed
MCLB Albany GA	Inappropriate	1	Magazine		Workplace common area	Removed
MCLB Albany GA	Unprofessional	1	Magazine		Bldg 3500 Rm 202A	Removed
MCLB Albany GA	Unprofessional	3	Magazines		Bldg 3500 Rm 114	Removed
MCLB Albany GA	Unprofessional	1	Screen Saver Cartoon		Bldg 3500 Rm 200	Removed
MCAS Cherry Point NC	Inappropriate	8	Religious Pamphlets not from base chapel		Various bathroom locations	Removed
MCAS Cherry Point NC	Inappropriate	20	God's Gym Coasters (solicitations)		Sink Shelf in men's bathroom (bldg 1)	Removed
MCAS Cherry Point NC	Inappropriate	15	plaques with offensive phrases		the apt BBQ Bar/Lounge	Removed
MCAS Cherry Point NC	Inappropriate	3	playboy bunny silhouettes on static display		aircraft locations on base	Painted Over
MCAS Cherry Point NC	Inappropriate	1	poster with inappropriate comments		locker in workplace common area	Removed
MCAS Cherry Point NC	Inappropriate	1	poster with ethnically insensitive comment		B 87 (Work Generation)	Removed
MCAS Cherry Point NC	Inappropriate	2	hard hats with inappropriate stickers		B4356 (water plant common area)	Removed
MCAS Cherry Point NC	Unprofessional	1	unprofessional poster		B4843 (cubicle)	Removed
MCAS Cherry Point NC	Unprofessional	1	unprofessional calendar		contracting office cubicle (Red team)	Removed
HQSPT BN MCB Camp Lejeune NC	Inappropriate	1	female mannequin torso		contracting office cubicle (Red team)	Removed
HQSPT BN MCB Camp Lejeune NC	Inappropriate	2	photographs		contracting office cubicle (Red team)	Removed
HQSPT BN MCB Camp Lejeune NC	Inappropriate	1	inappropriate calendar		Semper Fit Location	Removed
MCSC MCB Camp Lejeune NC	Inappropriate	1	comic book		Semper Fit Location	Removed
MCAS New River, NC	Inappropriate	1	bumper sticker found on locker		locker in S4 storage room	Removed
MCAS New River, NC	Inappropriate	1	swimsuit calendar		MCSC office space	Removed
HQMC						
Executive Support Division workspaces	No Findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
I - Dept NUOIC workspace	No Findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
I - Dept Service Crisis workspace in the NMCC	No Findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
Room 1A262B	No Findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
HQMC I&L (LPV)	No Findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
HQMC (Henderson Hall)	No Findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
HQMC I&L, LP, LP5	No Findings	0	N/A		Building 3300, MCB Quantico	N/A
LPE Room 2E227	No findings	0	N/A		ALL AREAS	N/A
Vision and Strategy Division	No findings	0	N/A		10247	N/A
C4	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Pictures with inappropriate comments		Workplace Common Area	Removed
C4	Unprofessional	1	Draft Message with misspelling		Workplace Common Area	Removed
C4	Unprofessional	1	Pictures		Workplace Common Area	Removed
C4	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Magnetic Device		Workplace Common Area	Removed
C4	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Picture with profanity		Workplace Common Area	Removed
Supporting Establishment Law Enforcement, Security Division, PP&O	No findings	0	N/A		2111 Eisenhower Ave, Suite 200, Alexandria, VA	N/A
Readiness Branch (PDR)	No findings	0	NA		Workplace Common Area	NA
MCSC						

MCSC/ MC3	Inappropriate/ Offensive	1	Inappropriate statue	2200/Wing B/2nd Floor	Removed, provided to supervisor, action taken
MCSC/ MC3	Inappropriate	1	Magnet	2200/Wing B/2nd Floor	Removed, provided to supervisor, action taken
MCSC/ MC3	Inappropriate/ Offensive	1	Inappropriate statue	105 Tech Parway/ 2nd Floor	Removed, provided to supervisor, action taken
MCSC/ Small Business Programs (OSBP)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCSC Security	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Sports Poster	Workplace Common Area	Removed
MCSC/ CMO	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCSC/ Ammunition Consolidation	Inappropriate	1	Cartoon	Ammunition Point	Removed
MCSC/ DC SIAT	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCSC/ PM-TAS	Inappropriate	1	Cartoon	Program Manager Office	Removed
MCSC/ AC2 SN	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCSC/ PM CSS	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Slogan	Workplace Cubicle	Removed
TECOM	NONE	0	NONE	TECOM G-4, AMMO BRANCH	NONE NEEDED
TECOM G-4	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Poster	Warehouse	Removed
EVTGLANT	Inappropriate	1	Wording on class photo	Class room	wording blacked out
MarCorDet FLW	Inappropriate, Offensive	6	Inappropriate language/drawings on interior walls and doors of bathroom stalls	Male Heads in Squadbays	Removed
SOI (W)	Unprofessional	1	PIN-UP CALENDAR	Maintenance	Removed
SOI (W)	Unprofessional	3	Pictures with inappropriate comments	Curriculum	Removed
SOI (W)	Unprofessional	1	Magazines	53, 54	Removed
SOI (W)	Unprofessional	2	Magazines	Workplace Common Area	Removed
SOI (W)	Unprofessional	7	Magazines	Maintenance Bay	Removed
SOI-E, MCTBn	Unprofessional	8	Unprofessional pictures	Workplace Common Area Bldg 1026	Removed
SOI-E, MCTBn	Unprofessional	3	Unprofessional pictures	Workplace Common Area Bldg DD40	Removed
SOI-E, ITBn	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional picture	Open Squad Bay, Building G703	Removed
MATSG-21, MARDET Ft Benning	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional poster	Office	Removed
MARDET Ft Sill	Unprofessional	3	Unprofessional posters/print-outs	Schoolhouse office spaces	Removed
MCCSSS, Ground Supply School	Unprofessional	3	Unprofessional cartoons	Workplace Cubicle	Removed
MCCSSS, Logistics Operations School	Inappropriate	3	Posters	Classroom	Removed
MCCSSS, Logistics Operations School	Unprofessional	1	Caption	Classroom	Removed
MCCSSS, Logistics Operations School	Offensive	2	Pictures/Forms	Classroom	Removed
MATSG-53, MATSG-23	Offensive	1	Magazines	Workplace	Removed
TW-4	No findings	0	N/A	TW-4 Marine Spaces	None
VT-27	No findings	0	N/A	VT-27 Marine Spaces	None
VT-28	No findings	0	N/A	VT-28 Marine Spaces	None
VT-31	No findings	0	N/A	VT-31 Marine Spaces	None
VT-35	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Photo/Calendar	Workplace Student Common Area	Coordinated with USN Unit for corrective action
MATSG-22	No findings	0	N/A	MATSG-22 Headquarters Building #39	None
MARDET Ft Sill	Unprofessional	3	Unprofessional posters/print-outs	Schoolhouse office spaces	Removed
MarCorDet FLW	Inappropriate	1	Wording on class photo	Class room	wording blacked out
FMTP-E	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
EWTGLANT	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Poster	Warehouse	Removed
Officer Candidates School	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	NONE
AOD Office (406, 2nd deck)	Inappropriate/ Offensive	1	Screen saver of Precision Strike Suite -Spec Op Force (PSS-SOP) official Logo of a cartoon figure urination	Office Common Area	Changed to default screen
ASD Office Spaces (406, 2nd deck)	Inappropriate/ Offensive	1	Dillon Aero poster	Office Cubicle Common Area	Removed
GCD Offices (406, 2nd deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
S-3 Spaces (406, 2nd deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
C-3 Office Spaces (406, 2nd deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
S-5/DSS (406, 2nd deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
FRO Office	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Command Deck	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
TACAIR Offices (406, 2nd deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
ADTIRE Spaces (406, 2nd deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
AOS Office Spaces (406, 2nd deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Conf. Rm 5	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
C-130 Ready Room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
S-2 Ready Room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
AH Ready Room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
UH Ready Room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
V-22 Ready Room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
53 Ready Room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Briefing Rooms X, 4 (406, 1st deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
AV-8 Ready room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
F-18 Ready Room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
F-35 Ready Room (by LtCol Lawson)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
GCD Ready Room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
AOD Ready Room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Duty Hut	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
S-1 Spaces	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
VIP Conf Rms, briefing spaces	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Cubicle/5-6 Offices	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A

ENCLOSURE (1)

JNTC/Model Sim Spaces	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
C-3 Storage (406N, 1st deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Toad Hall	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
TACTS Radar room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Combat Camera Office/work spaces	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
ACAD Office spaces	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Gen. Dynamics Office spaces	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Mail room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Old S-6 Spaces/server room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
CMCC Vault	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
C-3/LAAD Ready room	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Cubic office spaces	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
SCIF Van	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
S-4 Storage	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
S-4 Office Spaces	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
S-4 Chief Office space	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Medical spaces	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
ACD Storage space	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Flt E storage space (Bldg. 406N)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
S-1 storage	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Maint Admin (Hangar 109)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Maint Chief (Hangar 109)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
AMO Office (Hangar 109)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Avt 0/Office spaces (Hangar 109)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Flt Equip spaces (Hangar 109)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
QA Office spaces (Hangar 109)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
IMRL Office spaces (Hangar 109)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
ALIMSD Offices (Hangar 109)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
WTI Maint Office Spaces (Hangar 109)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Flt Equip Locker (Hangar 109, 1st deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Supply (hangar 109, 1st deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
WTI Office spaces (Hangar 109, 1st deck)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Ordnance Bldg 1708	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MAWTS-1 Warehouse (Bldg. 530)	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCROPI	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCBDS	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MBRA	Unprofessional	2	Unprofessional picture posted	personal workspace cubicle	Removed
MBRA MP	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MBRA RA	No findings	0	N/A	308B, 3044, 2032, 3036	N/A
MBRA MR	No findings	2	Xerox copies of internet "meme's"	Workspace	Removed
MBRA MPP	Inappropriate Language	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MBRA MA	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MBRA MF	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MBRA MF, MFZ	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MBRA MF, MFR	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MBRA MF, MFP	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Wounded Warrior Regiment	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCCDC	Unprofessional	1	Magnet	Little Hall, Finance Office, wall locker	Removed
Comptroller/Finance	Unprofessional	1	Magnet	Little Hall, Finance Office, wall locker	Removed
MCRC	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCRC Headquarters Command Suite	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCRC Headquarters G-1	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCRC Headquarters G-3	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCRC Headquarters G-4	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCRC Headquarters G-6	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCRC Headquarters G-7	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCRC Headquarters Comptroller	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCRC Headquarters Marketing/Adv	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCRC Headquarters SIA	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
MCRC Headquarters Diversity	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
8th MCD	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
9th MCD	No Findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
12th MCD	INAPPROPRIATE/OFFENSIVE	3	Pictures, Magazines	workspace	Removed
12th MCD	UNPROFESSIONAL	2	Pictures with inappropriate comments	common area	Removed
MCI West					
CAMP PENDLETON (MCB, MCAS)					
IMEF					
MACG 18	Sexually suggestive image	1	Plaque depicting a silhouette of a woman	Office Space	Removed
PSD-18, MACG-18	Inappropriate language	2	Printed photo w/strong language	Office Spaces	Removed
PSD-18, MACG-18	Objectionable content	2	Printed photo w/suggestive alcohol promotion	Office Spaces	Removed
PSD-18, MACG-8	Unprofessional	1	Cartoon Calendar	Det common area	Removed

ENCLOSURE

MWCS-18, Detachment A	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Unprofessional wording on dry erase board	Barracks room hatch	Removed
MWCS-18, Detachment A	Unprofessional	1	Comic	Supply Office	Removed
MWCS-18, H&S Company	Unprofessional	2	Unprofessional Comics	C/E Male Head	Removed
MASS-2	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Comics	Army Bulkhead	Removed
MASS-2	Sexually suggestive image	1	Plaque depicting a silhouette of a woman	Office Space	Removed
PSD-18, MACG-18	Inappropriate language	2	Printed photo w/strong language	Office Spaces	Removed
PSD-18, MACG-18	Offensive content	2	Printed photo w/suggestive alcohol promotion	Office Spaces	Removed
PSD-18, MACG-18	Unprofessional	1	Cartoon Calendar	Det common area	Removed
MWCS-18, Detachment A	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Unprofessional wording on dry erase board	Barracks room hatch	Removed
MWCS-18, Detachment A	Unprofessional	1	Comic	Supply Office	Removed
MWCS-18, H&S Company	Unprofessional	2	Unprofessional Comics	C/E Male Head	Removed
MASS-2	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Comics	Army Bulkhead	Removed
MASS-2	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
31st MEU	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
3rd MEB	No findings	0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
1st Radio Bn	Unprofessional	2	Inappropriate Cartoon	SCIF	Removed
1st Radio Bn	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Calendar	workplace common area	Removed
MALS-39	Inappropriate/Offensive	2	Posters	Locker room	Removed
MALS-39	Unprofessional	2	Magazines	workplace common area	Removed
MALS-39	Unprofessional	1	Picture of illegal substance	workplace common area	Removed
MALS-39	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Pin Up	workplace common area	Removed
MALS-39	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Picture of nude female	workplace common area	Removed
MALS-39	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Unprofessional Poster	Office cubicle	Removed
MALS-39	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional Cartoon	Office cubicle	Removed
MALS-39	Unprofessional	1	Magazine	Office cubicle	Removed
MALS-39 Army	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional jokes written on board	Office cubicle	Removed
3CI AAO BN	Unprofessional	1	Unprofessional screen saver	workplace common area	Removed
MACS-1	Unprofessional	1	Magazine	workplace common area	Removed
MACS-1	Unprofessional	2	Inappropriate Verbiage	workplace common area	Removed
MACS-1	Unprofessional	8	Calendar	workplace common area	Removed
MACS-1	Unprofessional	5	Unprofessional Plaque	workplace common area	Removed
MACS-1	Unprofessional	2	Poster of bikini model	workplace common area	Removed
MACS-1	Inappropriate/Offensive	2	Poster	workplace common area	Removed
MACS-1	Unprofessional	4	OIF Pictures	Office cubicle	Removed
MACS-1	Inappropriate/Offensive	4	Pictures with inappropriate comments	Office cubicle	Removed
MACS-1	Unprofessional	1	Cartoon	workplace common area	Removed
MACS-1	Unprofessional	1	Pictures with inappropriate comments	workplace common area	Removed
MACS-1	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Calendar	workplace common area	Removed
HHH-465	Inappropriate/Offensive	2	Unprofessional Plaque	workplace common area	Removed
VMM-161	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Poster of bikini model	workplace common area	Removed
VMM-163	Inappropriate/Offensive	2	Poster	workplace common area	Removed
VMM-165	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	OIF Pictures	workplace common area	Removed
VMM-166	Inappropriate/Offensive	2	Pictures with inappropriate comments	workplace common area	Removed
VMM-363	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Cartoon	workplace common area	Removed
VHFA7-101	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Inappropriate language	workplace common area	Removed
VNFAT-314	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Picture inappropriate comment	workplace common area	Removed
VNU 1	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Inappropriate language	workplace common area	Removed
VNU 1	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Notecard	workplace common area	Removed
VMA-311	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Poster	Avionics Shop	Removed
VMA-311	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Cartoon with offensive language	S-3	Removed
MAG 13HQ	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	framed picture with offensive language	Avionics Shop	Removed
MWSS371	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Mild profanity poster	S-3	Removed
VMA 211	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Profanity on note	Maintenance	Removed
VMA 211	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Sticker with offensive image	Maintenance	Removed
VMA 214	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Sticker with offensive language	Locker room	Removed
MWH5	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Bikini calendar	workplace common area	Removed
1st Marine Headquarters Group	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Comic posted on wall	workplace common area	Removed
1st MARDIV	Pornographic	1	Magazines	workplace common area	Removed
1stCEB	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Poster	Workplace Office	Removed
1stCEB	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	comic picture	Workplace Office	Removed
1stCEB	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Graffiti with comments	Male head	Repainted
1stCEB	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Cartoon Picture	Workplace Office	Removed
1st Marine Regiment HQCO	Unprofessional	1	Computer desktop background	Company office	Deleted
1st Bn 1st Marine Regiment	Unprofessional	1	Calendar	MT workspace	Removed
2nd Bn 1st Marine Regiment	Unprofessional	1	Calendar	Comm section	Removed
3rd Bn 1st Marine Regiment	Inappropriate/Offensive	3	Magazines	ECoduthut	Removed
3rd Bn 1st Marine Regiment	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Picture of cheerleader in bikini	workplace common area	Removed
3rd Bn 1st Marine Regiment	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Maxim Magazine	workplace common area	Removed
HQ BN 1st Marine Division	Inappropriate/Offensive	1	Picture of cheerleader in bikini	workplace common area	Removed
11th Marine Regiment HQ Battery	Unprofessional	1	Poster	HQ dispatch area	Removed
11th Marine Regiment HQ Battery	Inappropriate/Offensive	2	Song lyrics	MT area	Removed
3rd Bn 11th Marine Regiment	Unprofessional	2	Magazines	Common area bldg 1416	Removed

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3rd Bn II th Marine Regiment	Unprofessional		2	Pictures with inappropriate comments	Common area bldg 1416	Removed
3rd Bn II th Marine Regiment	Unprofessional		1	Magazines	Common area bldg 1432	Removed
3rd Bn II th Marine Regiment	Unprofessional		3	Magazines	Common area bldg 1206	Removed
3rd Bn I th Marine Regiment	Unprofessional		2	Pictures with inappropriate comments	Common area bldg 1215	Removed
3rd Assault Amphibian Bn	Inappropriate/Offensive		15	Magazines	office duty hut	Removed
7th Assault Amphibian Bn	Unprofessional		7	Inappropriate pictures	Supply Office/ Aid Station	Removed
7th Marine Regiment HQ Co	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional Calendar	Armory	Removed
7th Marine Regiment HQ Co	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Chalk Drawing	Deck	Removed
7th Marine Regiment HQ Co	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Stickers	workplace common area	Removed
1st Tank Bn	Unprofessional		1	Mouse pad	workplace common area	Removed
1st Tank Bn	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Picture of male in speedo	workplace common area	Removed
1st Tank Bn	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Drawing of female on tank	workplace common area	Removed
3rd Light Armored Reconnaissance Bn	Unprofessional		1	Magazine	Painted Over	Removed
3rd Light Armored Reconnaissance Bn	Unprofessional		1	Poster of women with tattoos	Supply	Removed
3rd Light Armored Reconnaissance Bn	Unprofessional		3	Unprofessional Calendar	Supply	Removed
3rd Light Armored Reconnaissance Bn	Inappropriate/Offensive		3	Magazines	workplace common area Armory	Removed
3rd Light Armored Reconnaissance Bn	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Magazines	Duty lounge 1464	Removed
3rd Light Armored Reconnaissance Bn	Inappropriate/Offensive		3	Magazines	Duty lounge 1463	Removed
1 MLG	Inappropriate/Offensive		3	Magazines	Duty lounge 1462	Removed
1st Medical Bn	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional Calendar	workplace common area	Removed
1st Medical Bn	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Inappropriate Cartoon	SCIF	Removed
1st Medical Bn	Unprofessional		1	Inappropriate Screen Saver	workplace common area	Removed
1st Medical Bn	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Photo with inappropriate comments	workplace common area	Removed
Combat Logistics Regiment 1	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional Poster	S-3	Removed
Combat Logistics Regiment 1	Inappropriate/Offensive		1	Writing on Wall Locker	S-4	Filled in
Combat Logistics Regiment 1	Unprofessional		1	Picture of a frog choking a bird	S-4	Removed
Combat Logistics Regiment 1	Unprofessional		3	hand drawn photos	BAS	Removed
Combat Logistics Regiment 1	Unprofessional		1	Unprofessional screen saver	workplace common area	Removed
Combat Logistics Regiment 1	Unprofessional		1	Wooden board with graffiti	Welding bay	Removed
MarFors						
U.S. Marine Corps Forces Europe	No findings		0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
U.S. Marine Corps Forces Africa	No findings		0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
U.S. Marine Corps Forces, Central Command	No findings		0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Marine Element US Southern Command	No findings		0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A
Marine Corps Forces, Korea	No findings		0	N/A	ALL AREAS	N/A

ENCLOSURE

Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 Sexual Assault Statistical Report Data Call for Sexual Assault in the Military: United States Navy

1. Analytic Discussion

1.1. Provide an analytic discussion of your Service's Statistical Report. This section should include such information as:

- **Notable changes in the data since FY12 (in percentages) and other time periods, as appropriate.**
- **Insight or suspected reasons for noted changes, or lack of change, in data**
- **Implications the data may have for programmatic planning, oversight, and/or research**
- **How Reports of Sexual Assault mesh with your Service's scientifically conducted surveys during FY12 or FY13 (if any)**
- **Other (Please explain)**

United States Navy (USN)

In Fiscal Year 2013 (FY13) the United States Navy has seen a significant increase in the reporting of sexual assaults. The total number of reports this year was 1057, which includes 801 Unrestricted Reports and 256 Restricted Reports that remained restricted. This represents an overall increase from FY12 of 46%. For a crime that is universally underreported, this trend is viewed as a positive endorsement of our efforts to increase trust and confidence in our response system. Reporting is a bridge to victim care and offender accountability.

Changes in Unrestricted Data since FY12

In FY13, Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS) reported 801 Unrestricted sexual assault investigations for the USN and, which meet the criteria established by the Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office (SAPRO) program. The total Unrestricted investigations in FY13 demonstrate a 52% increase in case volume compared to FY12 where NCIS reported 527 Unrestricted sexual assault investigations. In terms of completed investigations, 500 of the investigations opened in FY13 came to completion within the same fiscal year compared to 332 completed investigations reported in FY12. The completed investigations increased 51% from FY12 to FY13. Another trend is the increase in the number of reports that were delayed by the victim prior to the initiation of an investigation. In FY13, 22% (176) of the incidents investigated did not take place in FY13. This is up from FY12 where 15% (79) of the incidents occurred prior to the reporting fiscal year.

Changes in Restricted Data since FY12

In FY13, Navy received 305 restricted sexual assault reports of which 49 (16%) were converted to unrestricted reports. This represents 24% increase in the total number of restricted reports initially received (246) within Navy in FY12. Forty-seven (19%) restricted reports were converted to unrestricted reports last fiscal year. These reports were made by 287 (94%) service members, 12 (4%) other civilians, and 6 (2%) dependents over the age of 18. Navy's restricted report victims in FY12 included 240 (98%) service members and 6 (2%) dependents over the age of 18. There was a

significant number of reports made in FY13 (186, 61%) compared to those made in FY12 (37, 15%) in which the length of time between the sexual assault and the report being made was indicated as “unknown”. Likewise, the incident location was reported as unidentified in 78 (26%) and 28 (11%) of restricted reports received in FY13 and FY12, respectively.

Explanation and Implications of the Data

In FY13, the Secretary of Defense launched an awareness and training campaign which required 100% participation by all active duty, reserve, and civilian employees of the Department of Defense (DoD). The goal of this training campaign was threefold; convey the top-down message of intolerance of sexual assault in any aspect of the DoD, eradicate pre-conceived notions about what constituted a sexual assault, and educate how to report and where to get victim services. One aspect of the training included a video that depicted common scenarios where an assault may occur, such as getting a celebratory drink on a Temporary Additional Duty (TAD) or sexual harassment in the work place that crosses the line into an assault. The depiction of these scenarios allowed the viewer to place themselves in the shoes of the victim, the offender, and the bystander and ask themselves: when should I have asked for help, when should I have walked away, and when should I have intervened? After the video, a moderator helped the viewers understand the boundaries that were broken and why the situations were wrong; this further helped dispel beliefs that the depicted behavior is acceptable or harmless. The impact and effectiveness of this training is one of many factors contributing to the increase in FY13 reporting of incidents of sexual assault.

Changes to Article 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ), as of June 28, 2012, also contributed to the increase in investigations. Under these changes, a broader definition of sexual contact was established to include any part of the body touched for sexual gratification; prior to this change, only contact to the sexual-related regions of the body (e.g., the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh, or buttocks) were included. Under the newest definition, any person who kissed another person without their permission or touched a person in a non-sexual region such as their neck or shoulder, if done with the intent to abuse, humiliate, harass, degrade, arouse, or gratify, could now be found having violated Article 120. Awareness campaigns on these changes were disseminated to USN service members as well as to NCIS investigators. Additionally, NCIS began investigating all contact offenses on January 25, 2013. Although unrestricted investigations have increased 52% from FY12, investigations of contact offenses (i.e., Wrongful Sexual Contact, Abusive Sexual Contact, and Aggravated Sexual Contact) reported in FY13 increased by 87% from FY12.

2. Unrestricted Reporting

2.1. Victim Data Discussion and Analysis. This section should include an overview of such information as:

- **Type of offenses**
- **Demographic trends**
- **Service referrals**
- **Experiences in Combat Areas of Interest**
- **Military Protective Orders Issued as a Result of an Unrestricted Report**

<p>(e.g., Number issued, number violated)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Approved expedited transfers and general reasons why transfers were not approved • Others (Please explain)
<p>United States Navy</p> <p><i>Type of Offenses</i></p> <p>There were 902 reported victims of sexual assault within the unrestricted data. Although 801 investigations were opened in FY13, multiple victims are sometimes involved with a single investigation which results in more victims than investigations. <i>Abusive Sexual Contact</i> was the offense that most victims reported, accounting for 42% of victims (376), followed closely by <i>Sexual Assault</i> (including <i>Aggravated Sexual Assault</i> from the pre-June 28, 2012 UCMJ) which accounted for 34% (309) of victims. Other offenses reported by victims, or on behalf of victims, included <i>Rape</i> (145, 16%), <i>Non-Consensual Sodomy</i> (10, 1%), <i>Aggravated Sexual Contact</i> (41, 5%), and <i>Wrongful Sexual Contact</i> (pre-June 28, 2012 UCMJ)(8, 1%). Six (1%) additional victims made allegations of <i>Indecent Assault</i> (pre-October 1, 2007 UCMJ) and seven (1%) victims alleged to be victims of an attempted sexual assault.</p> <p><i>Demographic Trends</i></p> <p>Victims who were involved in USN initiated FY13 investigations were predominantly female (753, 83%), USN service members (752, 83%), in the 19 to 22 age range (459, 51%). The most commonly reported grade for service member victims was E3 (208) and E4 (205), accounting for 28% and 27%, respectively, of all USN service member victims in unrestricted investigations. Approximately 78% (587) of the USN service member victims reported the offense to be between two Navy service members.</p> <p><i>Combat Areas of Interest</i></p> <p>The USN had 31 Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault in the Combat Areas of Interest initiated during FY13. Four of the incidents occurred in Afghanistan, 13 reportedly took place in Bahrain, nine incidents in the United Arab Emirates, one in Iraq, one in Jordan, two in Oman, and one in Qatar. Twenty-two of the investigations were complete in FY13 and nine remain pending additional investigative action.</p> <p>A total of 36 victims of sexual assault were documented. All 36 victims were service members and 30 of these were USN service members. Ranks of the victims were dispersed within the enlisted ranks E1 to E6 with only one officer. Service member victims with a grade of E3, E4, and E5 account for 81% of the victims in combat areas. Twenty-eight of the victims were female and eight victims were male. The reported ages ranged between 19 and 38 years.</p> <p>In FY13, there were 244 military protective orders as result of reported sexual assaults. Conditions of the MPOs were violated by 11 alleged offenders.</p> <p><i>Transfers</i></p> <p>In FY13, a total of 148 requests for expedited transfers were received from victims who</p>

filed unrestricted reports of sexual assault. Permanent change of station orders were issued in 128 cases and temporary reassignment actions were taken in 18 cases. Two victims' requests were denied at the Flag Officer level. In one case, the Flag Officer found that the report lacked reasonable grounds to believe that an offense constituting sexual assault had occurred. In the second case, the Flag Officer determined that a transfer was not necessary since the victim and alleged offender were not assigned to the same geographical location.

2.2. Subject Data Discussion and Analysis. This section should include an overview of such information as:

- **Demographic trends**
- **Disposition trends**
- **Experiences in Combat Areas of Interest**
- **Other (Please explain)**

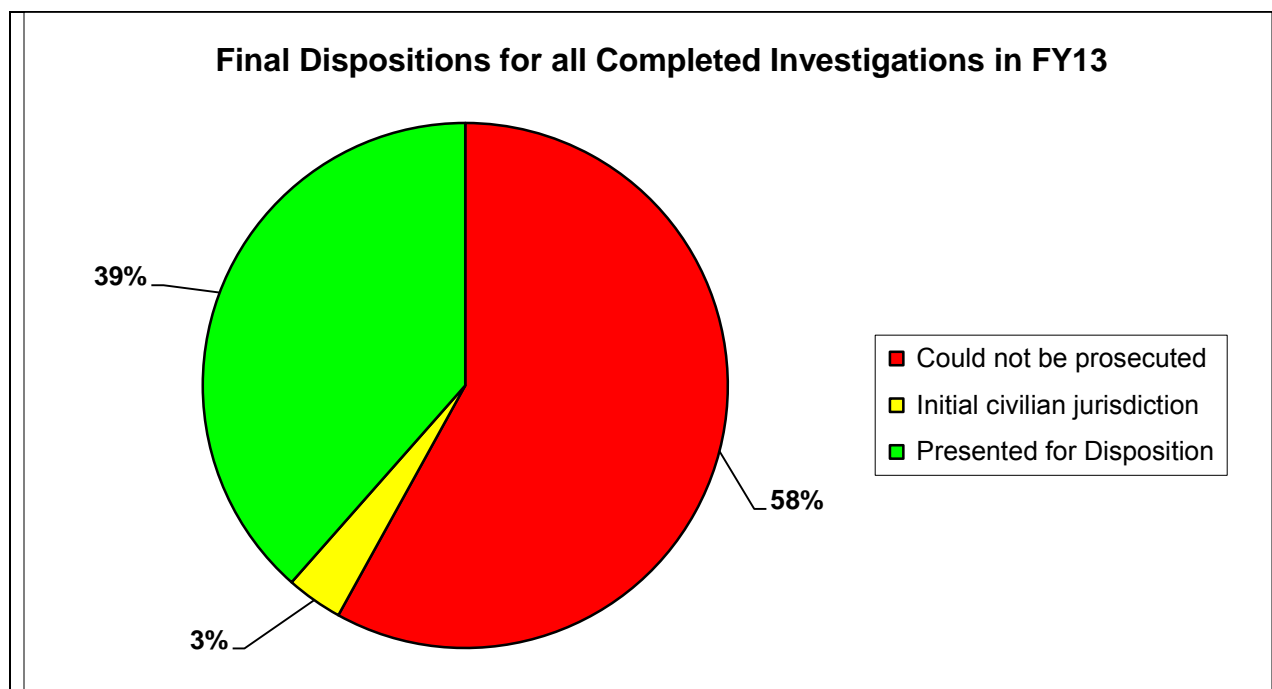
United States Navy

Demographic Trends

Demographic trends inform prevention and awareness efforts; therefore, we examine these in terms of the most recent reports. Data analyzed in this section was selected from Unrestricted Reports opened and closed in FY13 as these are the most recent cases for which we have completed data. There were a total of 535 Subjects of Investigation (subjects) in 500 sexual assault investigations, initiated and completed in FY13. The investigations identified 478 (89%) male subjects and 23 (4%) female subjects. Information about the age of the subjects was varied, spanning 37 years; the largest clusters were that of subjects aged 22 and 23 years. Of the 535 subjects, 399 (75%) were members of the USN, two (<1%) were from the United States Marine Corps (USMC), and two (<1%) were members of the United States Army (USA). An additional 44 (8%) were United States civilians (including DoD civilians, DoD contractors, and other US Government civilians), 17 (3%) were Foreign National civilians, two (<1%) were Foreign National service members, and 64 (12%) were unidentified. The most commonly reported rank for USN service member subjects ranged between E3 and E5 (244), which together accounted for 61% of the USN service member subjects.

Disposition Trends

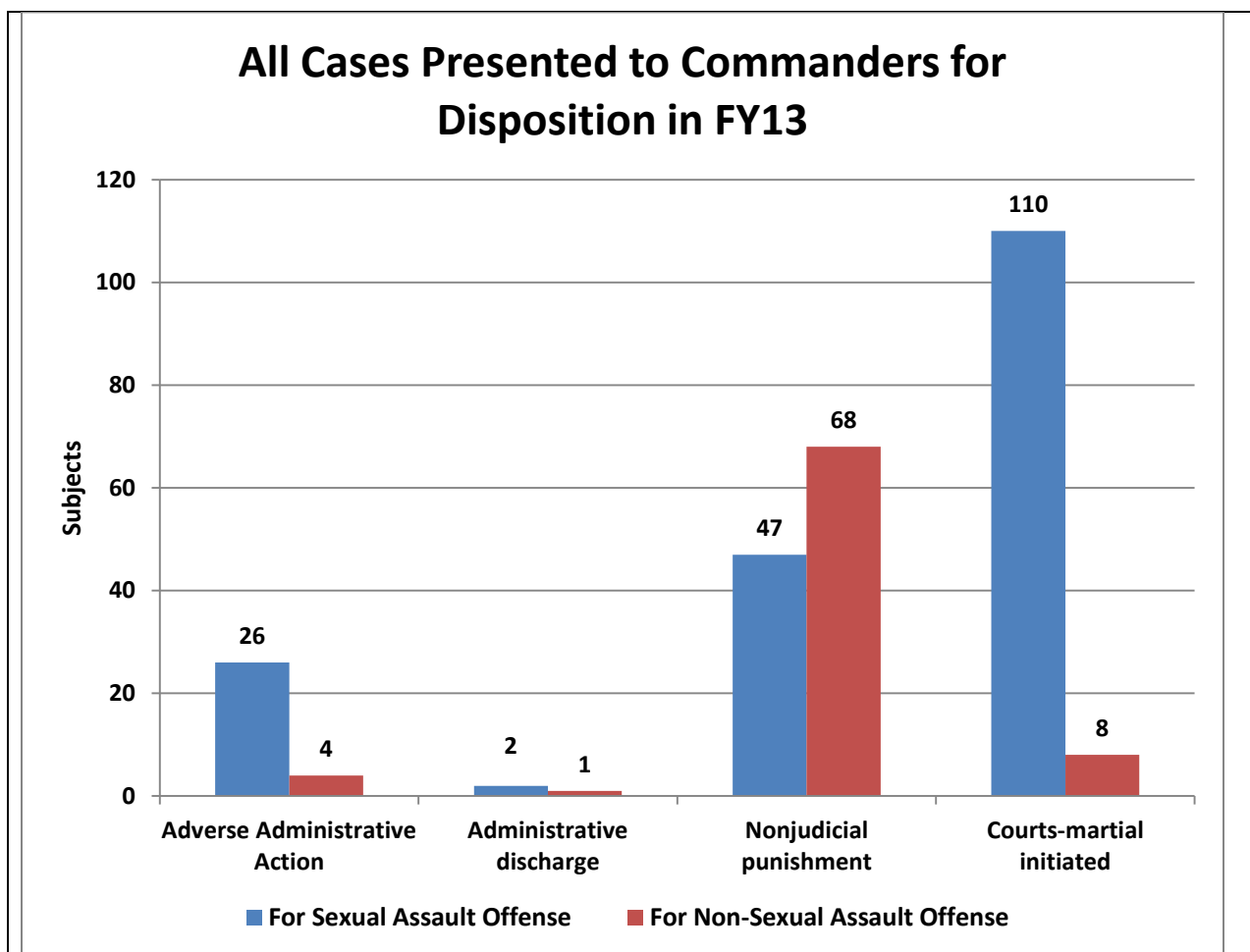
Disposition data must be examined in terms of all cases closed during a time period vice all cases opened and closed. Thorough investigations and successful adjudications require time, particularly in serious and complex cases; therefore, examining only cases opened and closed in a fiscal year excludes analysis of the more egregious and complex cases, and as a practical matter, all cases reported in the last quarter of the fiscal year. For the sake of accuracy in this section, we have included all dispositions in section D and E of the matrix (final dispositions in Unrestricted Reports opened and closed in FY13 and final dispositions in Unrestricted Reports received prior to FY13). By doing so, we are able to present a more comprehensive picture of military justice actions for sexual assault cases in FY13.



Could not be prosecuted – In FY13, there were 691 final dispositions for subjects accused of sexual assault. Fifty-eight percent (401) of the subjects could NOT be prosecuted for the following reasons: lack of jurisdiction (i.e., civilian subjects NOT subject to UCMJ) (64), the subject was unknown (107), the allegation was unfounded by command, meaning it was false or did not meet the elements of a sexual assault offense (38), statute of limitations expired (6), the subject died or deserted (3), the evidence was insufficient (105), or the victim declined or refused to cooperate with the investigation or prosecution (78).

Initial civilian jurisdiction – In 3% (24) of the remaining subjects, civilian authorities initially assumed jurisdiction. Final disposition data is not available for these cases at the time of this report.

Presented for disposition – In total, 39% (266) subject cases were presented to commanders for a disposition decision in FY13. Commanders preferred courts-martial charges against 110 subjects, conducted non-judicial punishment against 47 subjects, administratively discharged two subjects, and took adverse administrative action against 26 subjects. In cases that began as a report of sexual assault but investigations revealed other offenses instead, courts-martial charges were preferred for non-sexual assault offenses against 8 subjects, non-judicial punishment for non-sexual offenses was imposed on 68 subjects, administrative discharges for a non-sexual offense was taken against one subject, and other adverse administrative actions for non-sexual offenses were taken against four subjects.



Combat Areas of Interest

The USN had 31 Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault in the Combat Areas of Interest initiated during FY13. Four of the incidents occurred in Afghanistan, 13 reportedly took place in Bahrain, nine incidents in the United Arab Emirates, one in Iraq, one in Jordan, two in Oman, and one in Qatar. Twenty-two of the investigations were complete in FY13 and nine remain pending additional investigative action. An additional 16 investigations that were initiated prior to FY13 came to completion in FY13.

A total of 52 subjects of sexual assault were documented in completed cases from a combat area; 29 from FY13 investigations and 23 from pre-FY13 investigations. Fifty of the subjects were identified as male, one subject was reportedly female, and the remaining subject had an unidentified gender. The ages were dispersed, ranging between 20 and 48. Of the 52 subjects, 31 were USN service members, one was a USA service member, 14 were Foreign Nationals, two were US civilians, and four were unidentified. The USN subjects had a rank of E2-E6, O1, O3, and O5.

Forty-six of the 52 subjects received final dispositions, while six subjects are pending disposition. The dispositions of the 46 subjects are as follows. Six subjects were court-martialed, four for a sexual offense and two for a non-sexual offense. An additional five subjects received non-judicial punishment for a non-sexual offense. Prosecution was

precluded on six subjects due to their identities remaining unknown, and an additional three subjects due to insufficient evidence. Victims declined participation in prosecuting six subjects and an additional five subject's cases were deemed unfounded by Command. The remaining 15 subjects were not under the authority of the military or United States judicial systems and prosecution was referred to a civilian or foreign authority.

2.3. Reporting Data Discussion and Analysis. This section should include an overview of such information as:

- **Trends in descriptive information about Unrestricted Reports (e.g., Did more reported incidents occur on/off installation)**
- **Investigations**
- **Experiences in Combat Areas of Interest**
- **Other (Please explain)**

United States Navy

Descriptive Data

Within the FY13 initiated investigations, the USN had more sexual assault incidents reported as occurring On-base than Off-base (51% and 43%, respectively). USN investigations indicate most of the incidents (60%) occurred within the Continental United States (CONUS) with only 27% occurring Outside the Continental United States (OCONUS). Additional location information revealed that most of the USN incidents occurred in private residences (27%), in the barracks/Bachelor Enlisted Quarters (BEQ)/Bachelor Officer Quarters (BOQ; 16%), on-board ships or aircraft carriers (16%), and in hotels (11%). In just under half of the investigations, incidents occurred in close proximity to the victim such as on a victim's home base (42%) or in the victim's off-base residence (5%). Additionally, 2% of incidents reportedly occurred at the victim's TAD/TDY base and 2% of incidents at the victim's deployed base. Twenty-four percent of incidents had no proximity to the victim. The significance of the victim's proximity to the incident location is that many victims have to live and work in the same environment where the incident occurred which can impact the victim's well-being following the incident.

In FY13, 26% of all USN initiated Unrestricted sexual assault investigations indicate the victim's report was made within three days of the incident. An additional 25% were reported within four to 30 days. Therefore, 51% of the investigations indicate reporting within the first 30 days following the incident. Since evidence diminishes across time, the longer a victim waits to report an incident or to cooperate with an investigation, the more challenging it can be to hold the subject appropriately accountable for their actions. Another delayed reporting trend indicates that the sexual assault offense categories that involve a sexual act (e.g., *Rape*) were more likely to be delayed in the reporting process compared to offense categories that involve sexual contact (e.g., *Aggravated Sexual Contact*). Forty-seven percent of the Unrestricted sexual assault investigations of *Rape* and *Sexual Assault*, combined, were made within the first 30 days following the incident. In comparison, 62% of the reports of *Aggravated Sexual Contact* and *Abusive Sexual Contact* together were made in the same time period.

Fridays, Saturdays, and Sundays are the most reported days of the week describing

when an incident took place, accounting for 61% of the incidents where this information was available. Thirty-three percent of incidents either lack information regarding specific dates of incidents or reference more than one date. Information about the specific time of an incident was unidentified in 58% of the USN Unrestricted investigations. In the reports that did maintain temporal information, the 1800 to 2400 and the 2400 to 0600 time frames are the most often selected as the assault time period, accounting for 39% and 40%, respectively, of the reports with this information available.

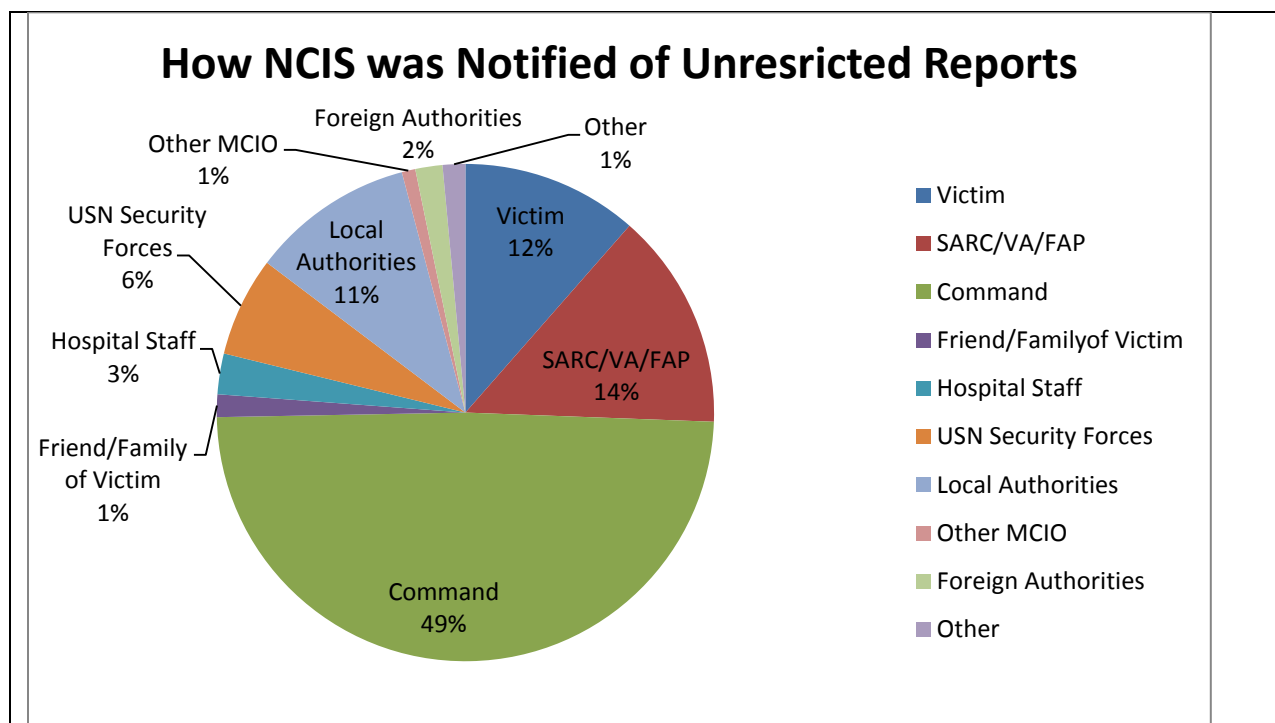
Alcohol was reported to be a possible contributing factor in just over half (416, 52%) of the USN Unrestricted incidents of sexual assault. Illicit or prescriptive drug use was reported as a possible contributing factor in 1% (9) of incidents. In 23% (188) of the incidents, there was reportedly no alcohol or drug use and in the remaining 23% (188) of incidents, drug and alcohol use could not be determined. Alcohol-related incidents took place Off-base (246, 59%) more often than On-base (162, 39%) and were often reported to have occurred in residences (153, 37%), barracks/BEQ/BOQ (80, 19%), and hotels (67, 16%). It is important to acknowledge that alcohol and drug use, as reported here, is not derived through empirical evidence such as toxicology reports but rather through self-reporting and therefore may reflect a reporting bias on behalf of the victim, subject, and collateral witnesses.

In 67% (540) of the FY13 Unrestricted investigations of sexual assault, a service member was victimizing another service member and in 64% (511) of the Unrestricted Reports both service members were from the Navy. The Navy on Navy incidents took place On-base (301, 59%) more often than Off-base (198, 39%). These incidents most often occurred in the barracks/BEQ/BOQ (94, 18%), on-board ships (112, 22%), and in the residences (129, 25%). *Abusive Sexual Contact* was the most reported offense accounting for 43% (222) of the Navy on Navy incidents. The majority of these incidents (464, 91%) occurred among the enlisted ranks.

Investigations

In FY13, initiated investigations increased 52% and completed investigations increased 51%. Many factors made this feat possible. NCIS streamlined the Family and Sexual Violence (F&SV) program model and created investigative teams which expedited the timeline of the investigations. Secondly, NCIS was able to increase manning and hire additional special agents and investigators to respond to the increased workload. Lastly, NCIS re-trained all agents and investigators assigned to the F&SV program such that they could carry out the new program model.

Part of the challenge in an NCIS agent's job is to develop collaborative relationships with many different stakeholders. As the graph (below) demonstrates, many different and autonomous parties initiate reports of sexual assault. The reports initiated by command will be independent from those initiated by local authorities however, it is imperative that all the stakeholders have confidence that NCIS agents and investigators will investigate all claims of sexual assault with diligence.



In FY13 completed and adjudicated investigations, notifications by Command (49%) were the most often means an investigation was initiated. Members of Command are often the first to identify changes in behaviors for the involved parties and sometimes become the first confidants. A victim notified NCIS directly in 12% of the investigations. NCIS is always working toward building better relationships with first responders and in FY13, Criminal Investigative Division (CID) and other on-base security forces notified NCIS in 6% of the investigations. NCIS was also notified by other investigating authorities, such as other Military Criminal Investigative Organization (MCIO) agencies (1%), local law enforcement authorities (11%), or foreign authorities (2%). Some of these investigations are later referred back to NCIS for Military accountability actions; however, others instead go through a non-military justice process. Other initial reporters include people involved in the SAPR program or other victim services (14%), hospital staff (3%) and family and friends of the victim (1%).

Combat Areas of Interest

Sexual assault investigations are diligently conducted regardless whether they occur CONUS, OCONUS, or in a deployed war zone. The statistics presented in this report indicate that demographics and trends of sexual assault in the Combat Areas of Interest largely replicate those in the overall report. That being said, there were some minor differences. In contrast to the non-combat area data, the incident locations were disparate and without specific trends such as in the barracks. Also, the type of sexual assault offense reported in the combat areas was more likely to involve sexual contact vice a sexual act. For example, *Abusive Sexual Contact* represented 52% of the combat area offenses but only 42% of the overall offenses. Information regarding delayed reports indicates that an incident occurring in a combat area is reported within 30 days

slightly higher (61%) than reflected in the aggregate data (52%). It is a positive sign that incidents of sexual assault in combat areas had a better immediacy in their initial reporting; this may relate to benefits of training and awareness even while deployed. An explanation for why these small differences are seen in the combat area data is that the environment on these deployed bases is different than the environment in garrison. Deployed troops have less down-time; they spend more time supporting mission requirements and less time in the living quarters. Daily life while supporting a combat mission may lack day-to-day routine therefore the incidents of sexual assault may also lack planning and predictability and instead be more opportunistic.

3. Restricted Reporting

3.1. Victim Data Discussion. This section should include such information as:

- Demographics trends
- Service referrals
- Experiences in Combat Areas of Interest
- Other (Please explain)

United States Navy

Restricted reports are not reported to law enforcement. SARCs do not indicate the types of offenses for Restricted Reports which are self-reported and may or may not meet the definition and criteria of the UCMJ offenses. For all Restricted Reports, the role of the SARC is to focus on support services (e.g., crisis intervention, referrals to advocacy, medical, counseling services, etc) and case management.

There were notable changes from FY12 to FY13 in the number of Restricted Reports that were reported to SARCs. There were 59 more reports in FY13 (305) than in FY12 (246), an increase of 24%. Several factors may have contributed to this increase. First, SARCs transitioned to utilizing the Defense Sexual Assault Incident Database (DSAID) in FY13, resulting in the increased proficiency by SARCs in capturing SAPR data, which produced a more complete and accurate data set. Additionally, increased confidence in the SAPR Program due to the numerous fleet-wide training programs and the Navy's increased focus and communications on response mechanism, as well as an increased understanding of what constitutes sexual assault may have also positively impacted reporting.

Of the 305 Restricted Reports made within Navy, 98% (299) were made by service member victims as follows: 89% (267) were Navy; 2% (6) were Army; 4% (12) were U.S. Marine Corps; >1% (2) were U.S. Air Force; and 4% (12) were identified as unknown. Navy received no restricted reports from U.S. Coast Guard personnel. The remaining 2% (6) of total Restricted Reports were made by non-service members and involved service member assailants. Four percent (12) of the Restricted Reports involved incidents that occurred prior to the victims' military service.

Demographically, 82% (250) of the Restricted Reports involved female victims and 14% (44) involved male victims. In 4% (11) of the Restricted Reports, the victim's gender was indicated as unknown. Seventeen percent (52) of victims were between the ages of 16-19, 31% (95) were between the ages of 20 – 24, 12% (36) were between the ages of 25 – 34, 2% (5) were between the ages of 35 – 49, and >1% (2) were between the ages of 50 – 64, while 38% (115) ages were unknown. Fifty-four percent (160) of victims were E1 – E4, 13% (38) were E5 – E9, 1% were WO1 – WO5, 1% were O1 – O3, 1% were O4 – O10, 2% Cadet/Midshipman, >1% (1) Academy Prep School Student, and 28% (85) grade of service was unknown. The frequency of unknown demographics could be attributed to lack of victim disclosure or limited data collection by SARC or SAPR VA.

3.2. Reporting Data Discussion. This section should include such information

as:

- **Trends in descriptive information about Restricted Reports (e.g., Did more reported incidents occur on/off installation)**
- **Trends in Restricted Reporting conversions**
- **Experiences in Combat Areas of Interest**
- **Other (Please explain)**

United States Navy

Of the 305 Restricted Reports in FY13, 16% (49) were converted to Unrestricted Reports - a 3% increase from FY12 (47). Of the 49 converted cases, 92% (45) were made by service member victims and 8% (4) were made by non-service member victims. Approximately 35% (109) of the Restricted Reports were made by service members who indicated that they had been sexually assaulted by other service members, 54% (164) involved service members assaulted by unknown subjects, 9% (26) involved service members assaulted by non-service members, and 2% (6) involved non-service members assaulted by service members (entitled to RR by DOD Policy).

Twenty-seven percent (83) of Restricted Reports were reported as occurring on a military installation, 47% (144) occurred off a military installation, and 26% (78) occurred in an unidentified location. In comparison to FY12 restricted reports, data reflects a 2% increase for incidents occurring on a military installation [FY12 (81)], a 5% increase occurring off a military installation [FY12 (137)], and 64% increase occurring in an unidentified location [FY 12 (28)]. Additionally, disclosures also indicated that 4% (12) incidents occurred aboard ship; 8% (1) happened while the ship was underway (e.g., at sea) and 92% (11) while at port. Approximately 31% (94) of sexual assault incidents were reported to have occurred between midnight and 6 am, 9% of incidents were reported to have occurred between 6 am to 6 pm, while 21% (65) were reported to have occurred between 6 pm and midnight. The time that the incidents occurred was unknown for 39% (120) of the reports.

Sixty four percent (194) of restricted sexual assault incidents were reported to have occurred on an unknown day, while 17% (53) of cases reportedly occurred on Saturday, and 7% (21) of cases on Sunday. The high percentage of unknown day incidents could be attributed to lack of victim disclosure or limited data collection by SARCs or SAPR VAs. The length of time between sexual assault and restricted report was unknown in the majority (61% (186)) of the restricted cases. Approximately 16% (50) of cases were reported within three days of the incident. Based on victim disclosures in the 305 Restricted Reports in FY13, alcohol was involved in approximately 38% (115) of the incidents, a 30% increase from FY12 (81). There was one Restricted Report of sexual assault for Navy in Combat Areas of Interest (Bahrain), which remained unchanged from FY12 (1). The case involved an E1 - E4, 21-year old male, Navy service member who reported the incident within 31 to 365 days of the sexual assault. The subject was also a service member and the incident occurred off the installation. The incident occurred on a Tuesday between the hours of 6 pm and midnight.

4. Service Referrals for Victims of Sexual Assault

4.1. Unrestricted Report Referral Data Discussion. This section should include such information as:

- **Summary of referral data and how your service counts a “referral”**
- **Combat Areas of Interest referral data**
- **Discussion of any trends of interest identified in referral data**
- **Other (Please explain)**

United States Navy

In FY13, there were 2,861 total support service referrals for service members making Unrestricted Reports, a 50% increase from FY 12 (1,419) for both military and civilian resource referrals. The transition to DSAID provided more effective data collection methods, capturing more accurate numbers thereby reflecting an increase in referrals. Referrals were provided by SARCs when the victim requested or conveyed a need for military and/or civilian medical, military and/or civilian victim advocacy, mental health, legal, or chaplain services. Referrals were primarily made to military facilities for medical and mental health support. Of the total referrals, 2,454 (86%) were made to military support services: 653 (27%) for victim advocacy, 470 (19%) for mental health, 351 (14%) for Chaplain/Spiritual Support, 318 (13%) for legal, 270 (11%) to DoD Safe Helpline, 297 (12%) for medical, and 95 (4%) were referrals to other services. In addition, 407 (14%) referrals were made to civilian facilities as follows: 131 (32%) for Rape Crisis Center, 87 (21%) for mental health, 63 (16%) for victim advocacy, 59 (15%) for medical, 34 (8%) were referrals to other services, 25 (6%) for legal, and 8 (2%) for Chaplain/Spiritual Support.

In FY13, there were 85 unrestricted cases reported to SARCs where a SAFE was conducted, the same as reflected in FY12. In FY13, there were no instances where victims reported to SARCs that SAFE kits or other supplies were not available at the time of the victim’s exam.

4.2. Restricted Report Referral Data Discussion. This section should include such information as:

- **Summary of referral data and how your service counts a “referral”**
- **Combat Areas of Interest referral data**
- **Discussion of any trends of interest identified in referral data**
- **Other (Please explain)**

United States Navy

In FY13, there were 982 total support service referrals for Restricted Reports, a 58% increase from FY12 (410). Improved data collection methods by SARCs and SAPR VAs allows for a more accurate picture of referrals provided to victims throughout FY13. Referrals were provided by SARCs when the victim requested or conveyed a need for military and/or civilian medical, mental health, legal, victim advocacy, or chaplain services. Referrals were primarily made to military facilities for medical and mental health support as well as victim advocacy services. Of these total referrals, 838 (85%) were made to military facilities, including 193 (23%) for victim advocacy, 175

(21%) for mental health, 134 (16%) for Chaplain/Spiritual Support, 130 (16%) for medical, 99 (11%) for DOD Safe Helpline, 75 (9%) for legal, and 32 (4%) were referrals to other services. In addition, 144 (15%) referrals were made to civilian facilities as follows: 60 (42%) for Rape Crisis Center, 29 (20%) for mental health, 23 (16%) victim advocacy, 21 (14%) for medical, 7 (5%) for Chaplain/Spiritual Support, and 4 (3%) for legal services.

There was only one victim advocacy referral made involving the single Restricted Report for the service member in the CAI.

In FY13, there were 34 restricted cases reported to SARCs where a SAFE was conducted, a 50% increase from FY12 (12). In FY13 there were no instances where victims reported to SARCs that SAFE kits or other supplies were not available at the time of the victim's exam.

4.3. Service Referrals for Non-Military Victims Data Discussion. This section should include such information as:

- **Summary of referral data**
- **Combat Areas of Interest referral data**
- **Discussion of any trends of interest identified in referral data**
- **Other (Please explain)**

United States Navy

In FY13, there were 78 total support service referrals for the nine Restricted Reports of sexual assault from non-service members. Referrals were provided by SARCs upon the victims' request and need for military and/or civilian medical, mental health, legal, victim advocacy, or chaplain services. Referrals were primarily made to military facilities for medical and mental health support as well as victim advocacy services. Of these total referrals, 45 (58%) were made to military facilities, including 9 (20%) for victim advocacy, 8 (18%) for mental health, 8 (18%) for medical, 7 (16%) for Chaplain/Spiritual Support, 6 (13%) for legal, 6 (13%) for DOD Safe Helpline, and 1 (2%) were referrals to other services. In addition, 33 (42%) referrals were made to civilian facilities as follows: 10 (30%) for mental health, 9 (28%) for Rape Crisis Center, 5 (15%) for medical, 4 (12%) for Chaplain/Spiritual Support, 3 (9%) victim advocacy, and 2 (6%) for legal services.

There were no cases in this category requiring support services referrals in a CAI.

In FY13, there was one restricted case reported to SARCs where a SAFE was conducted. There were no instances reported to SARCs where SAFE kits or other supplies were not available at the time of the victim's exam.

Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 Sexual Assault Statistical Report Data Call for Sexual Assault in the Military: United States Marine Corps

1. Analytic Discussion

1.1. Provide an analytic discussion of your Service's Statistical Report. This section should include such information as:

- **Notable changes in the data since FY12 (in percentages) and other time periods, as appropriate.**
- **Insight or suspected reasons for noted changes, or lack of change, in data**
- **Implications the data may have for programmatic planning, oversight, and/or research**
- **How Reports of Sexual Assault mesh with your Service's scientifically conducted surveys during FY12 or FY13 (if any)**
- **Other (Please explain)**

United States Marine Corps (USMC)

In Fiscal Year 2013 (FY13) the United States Marine Corps has seen a significant increase in the reporting of sexual assaults. The total number of reports this year was 808, which includes 501 Unrestricted Reports and 307 Restricted Reports that remained restricted. This represents an overall increase from FY12 of 86%, which follows a 31% increase from FY11 to FY12. For a crime that is universally underreported, this trend is viewed as a positive endorsement of our efforts to increase trust and confidence in our response system. Reporting is a bridge to victim care and offender accountability. As the Commandant's Campaign Plan on Sexual Assault continues, a sustained emphasis on engaged leadership and the expectation that Marines will step up should be credited with bringing about these changing beliefs, behaviors, and expectations.

Changes in Unrestricted Data since FY12

In FY13, Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS) reported 501 Unrestricted sexual assault investigations for the USMC and, which meet the criteria established by the Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office (SAPRO) program. The total Unrestricted investigations in FY13 demonstrate a 50% increase in case volume compared to FY12 where NCIS reported 333 Unrestricted sexual assault investigations. In terms of completed investigations, 291 of the investigations opened in FY13 came to completion within the same fiscal year compared to 172 completed investigations reported in FY12. The completed investigations increased 69% from FY12 to FY13. Another trend that changed in FY13 is the number of reports that were delayed by the victim prior to the initiation of an investigation. In FY13, 27% (134) of the incidents investigated did not take place in FY13. This is up from FY12 where 21% (71) of the incidents occurred prior to the reporting fiscal year. Additionally, 13% (67) of the FY13 unrestricted reports were delayed more than a year before making the report to law enforcement; which is up 86% from FY12.

Changes in Restricted Data since FY12

In FY13 there were 344 initial Restricted Reports of sexual assault, 37 of those reports converted to Unrestricted Reports resulting in 307 reports remaining restricted for FY13. This represents a 201% increase in the number of reports from the 102 in FY12. For

those reports where the time between incident and report is known 41% of reports were for incidents that occurred over 365 days ago. Separately, there were 158 Restricted Reports made for incidents that occurred prior to service which represents 46% of all Restricted Reports for FY13.

Explanation and Implications of the Data

In FY13, the Secretary of Defense launched an awareness and training campaign which required 100% participation by all active duty, reserve, and civilian employees of the Department of Defense (DoD). The goal of this training campaign was threefold; convey the top-down message of intolerance of sexual assault in any aspect of the DoD, eradicate pre-conceived notions about what constituted a sexual assault, and education regarding how to report and where to get victim services. One aspect of the training included a video that depicted common scenarios where an assault may occur, such as getting a celebratory drink on a Temporary Additional Duty (TAD) or sexual harassment in the work place that crosses the line into an assault. The depiction of these scenarios allowed the viewer to place themselves in the shoes of the victim, the offender, and the bystander and ask themselves: when should I have asked for help, when should I have walked away, and when should I have intervened? After the video, a moderator helped the viewers understand the boundaries that were broken and why the situations were wrong; this further helped dispel beliefs that the depicted behavior is acceptable or harmless. Following the training, which began in the 3rd quarter and was largely completed in the 4th quarter of FY13, many reports of sexual assault were made from people who referenced the training as the motivation behind their report. Unrestricted investigations initiated in the 4th quarter were at least 29% higher than any previous quarter in FY13. Restricted reporting follows this pattern as well, 70% of the reports were made in the last half of the year.

Changes to the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) Article 120 statute, as of June 28, 2012, also contributed to the increase in investigations. Under these changes, a broader definition of sexual contact was established to include any part of the body touched for sexual gratification; previously only contact to the sexual-related regions of the body (e.g., the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh, or buttocks) was included. Under the newest definition, any person who kissed another person without their permission or who touched a person in a non-sexual region such as their neck or shoulder with the intent to abuse, humiliate, harass, degrade, arouse, or gratify would now be held accountable to the Article 120. Awareness campaigns on these changes were disseminated to USMC service members as well as to NCIS investigators. Although unrestricted investigations have increased 50% from FY12, investigations of contact offenses (i.e., Wrongful Sexual Contact, Abusive Sexual Contact, and Aggravated Sexual Contact) reported in FY13 increased by 110% from FY12.

2. Unrestricted Reporting

2.1. Victim Data Discussion and Analysis. This section should include an overview of such information as:

- **Type of offenses**
- **Demographic trends**
- **Service referrals**

- **Experiences in Combat Areas of Interest**
- **Military Protective Orders Issued as a Result of an Unrestricted Report (e.g., Number issued, number violated)**
- **Approved expedited transfers and general reasons why transfers were not approved**
- **Others (Please explain)**

United States Marine Corps

Type of Offenses

There were 569 reported victims of sexual assault within the unrestricted data. Although 501 investigations were opened in FY13, multiple victims are sometimes involved with a single investigation which results in more victims than investigations. *Sexual Assault* (including *Aggravated Sexual Assault* from the pre-June 28, 2012 UCMJ wording) and *Abusive Sexual Contact* were the most frequently reported offenses investigated, both of which accounted for 35% (201 each) of the victims. Other offenses reported by Victims or on behalf of Victims included *Rape* (112, 20%), *Non-Consensual Sodomy* (12, 2%), *Aggravated Sexual Contact* (32, 6%), and *Wrongful Sexual Contact* (pre-June 28, 2012 UCMJ; 7, 1%). Four (1%) additional victims were allegedly involved in an attempted sexual assault.

Demographic Trends

Victims who were involved in USMC initiated FY13 investigations were predominantly female (458, 80%), Marine service members (404, 71%), in the 18 to 22 age range (352, 62%). The most commonly reported grade for service member Victims was E4, accounting for 40% (187 out of 429) of all service member victims and 43% (174 out of 404) of all USMC service member victims in unrestricted investigations. Approximately 80% (344 out of 429) of the service member victims reported the offense to be between two service members and 74% (299 out of 404) of the USMC service members reported the offense to be between two USMC service members.

Service Referrals

For both Unrestricted and Restricted reporting victims there were 4,276 referrals to military facilities and 718 referrals for civilian facilities for services. Victims may be referred separately to either military or civilian service providers. These referrals may be made sequentially or concurrently. With a total of 4,994 referrals for 876 victims this works out to average about 5.7 referrals per victim.

Combat Areas of Interest (CAI)

The USMC had 12 Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault in the Combat Areas of Interest initiated during FY13. Eight of the incidents occurred in Afghanistan, two in Iraq, and two in Jordan. Nine of the investigations were complete in FY13 and three remain pending additional investigative action.

A total of 14 victims of sexual assault were documented. All 14 victims were service members and 13 of these were USMC service members. Ranks of the victims were dispersed within the enlisted ranks with only one officer. The most commonly reported rank was that of an E3. Thirteen of the victims were female and one victim was male.

The reported ages ranged between 19 and 32 years.

Military Protective Orders

A Military Protective Order (MPO) can be issued by the commanding officer through Department of Defense Form 2873, ordering two or more persons to discontinue any future contact or communication in person, via technology, or through a third party until a specified date. MPO's are most useful in situations where the named parties are in close proximity, such as stationed on the same installation or housed in the same dwelling, and in situations where interaction may disrupt good order and discipline. NCIS was notified that 231 MPO's were issued at the request of the victim or for protection on behalf of the victim during FY13.

Transfers

There were 56 expedited transfer requests in FY13. Forty two transfers were requests to change installations, frequently called Permanent Change of Station (PCS) orders and 14 were requests for a unit change within or near the installation, commonly called Permanent Change of Address (PCA) orders. One PCS request was denied. The denial involved a victim who requested the expedited transfer over one year and seven months after the violation (abusive sexual contact). The offender was part of the victim's unit during this entire period of time, indicating that the victim was not at risk for further assaults. Although the request was denied, the victim was issued Temporary Assigned Duty (TAD) to a different combat logistics regiment away from the offender effectively accomplishing the intent of the expedited transfer.

Reports of Prior Military Sexual Assaults

A trend in the FY13 data that has received recent interest is the number of victims that reported being sexually victimized prior to their enlistment or commissioning with the USMC. Although the exact number is unknown, NCIS can support that nineteen victims provided information of prior military victimization in an unrestricted report. Seven of these incidents were included in the aggregate data of the present report due to the perpetrator's association with the US Armed Forces. The reported relationship of these seven victims to that of the perpetrators were friends or acquaintances (four), a family member (one), and in two instances a USMC recruiter. The remaining 12 investigations involved two civilians in an off-base venue and therefore were excluded from the aggregate data due to not meeting established reporting requirements. Relationships for these 12 victims include five instances of child abuse by a family member and seven reports of perpetrators who were friends or acquaintances.

2.2. Subject Data Discussion and Analysis. This section should include an overview of such information as:

- **Demographic trends**
- **Disposition trends**
- **Experiences in Combat Areas of Interest**
- **Other (Please explain)**

United States Marine Corps

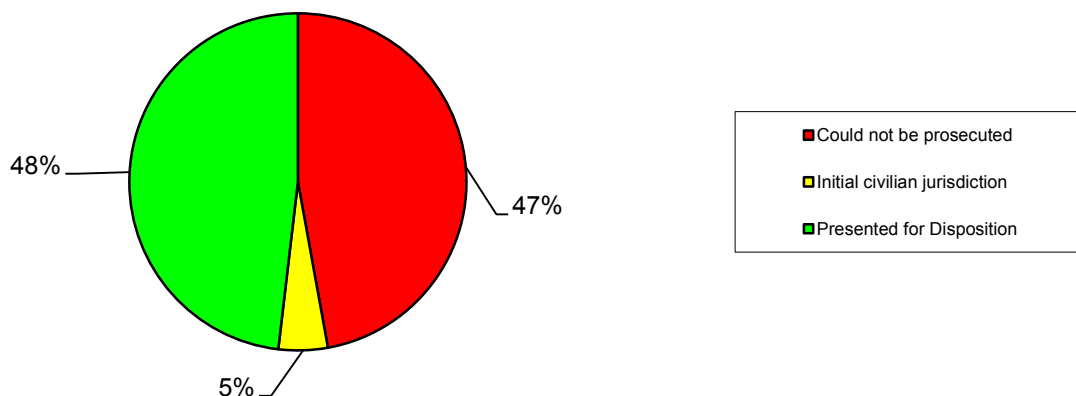
Demographic Trends

Demographic trends inform prevention and awareness efforts; therefore, we examine these in terms of the most recent reports. Data analyzed in this section was selected from Unrestricted Reports opened and closed in FY13 as these are the most recent cases for which we have completed data. There were a total of 305 Subjects of Investigation (subjects) in 291 sexual assault investigations, initiated and completed in FY13. The investigations identified 278 (91%) male subjects and eight (3%) female subjects. Information about the age of the subjects was varied, spanning 39 years; the largest clusters were that of subjects aged 20 and 21 years. Of the 305 subjects, 244 (80%) were members of the USMC, four (1%) were from the United States Navy (USN), and two (1%) were members of a branch of service that was unnamed. An additional 20 (7%) were United States civilians, four (1%) were Foreign National civilians, and 31 (10%) were unidentified. The most commonly reported rank for USMC service member subjects ranged between E3 and E5 (158) which accounted for 64% of the USMC service member subjects.

Disposition Trends

Disposition data must be examined in terms of all cases closed during a time period vice all cases opened and closed. Thorough investigations and successful prosecutions require time, particularly in serious and complex cases; therefore, examining only cases opened and closed in a fiscal year excludes analysis of the more egregious reports received, and as a practical matter all cases reported in the last quarter of the fiscal year. For the sake of accuracy in this section, we have included all dispositions in section D and E of the matrix (final dispositions in Unrestricted Reports opened and closed in FY13 and final dispositions in Unrestricted Reports received prior to FY13). By doing so, we are able to present a complete and accurate picture of military justice for sexual assault cases in FY13.

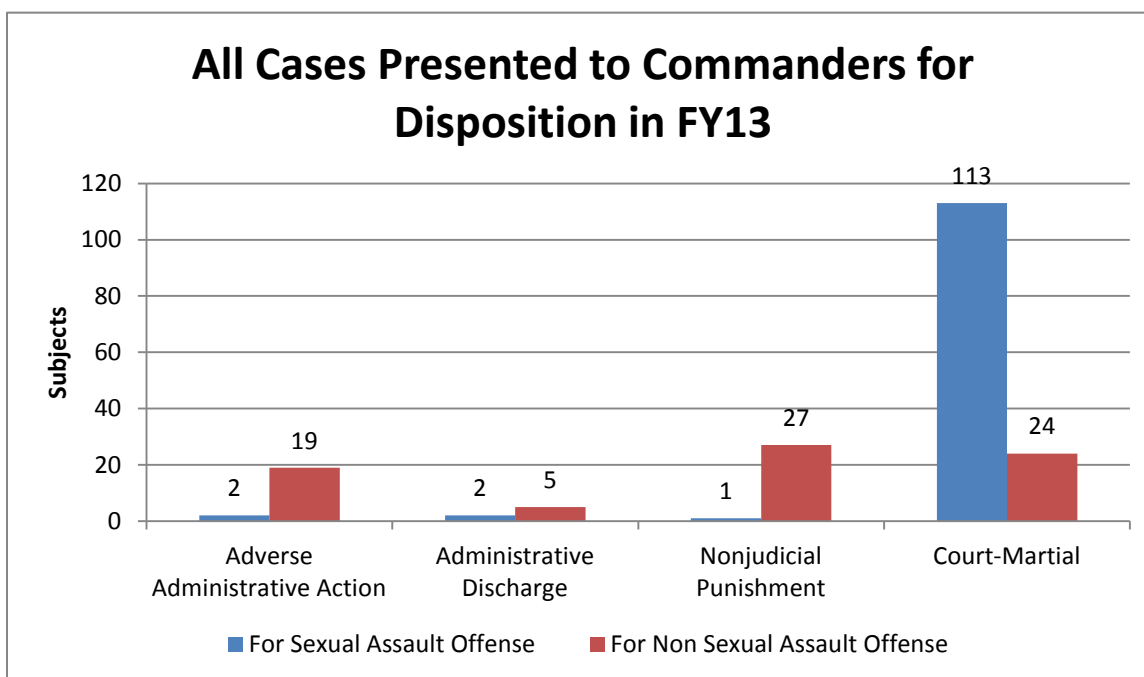
Final Dispositions for all Completed Investigations in FY13



Could not be prosecuted – In FY13, there were 403 final dispositions for subjects accused of sexual assault. Forty-seven percent (191) of the subjects could NOT be prosecuted for the following reasons: lack of jurisdiction (i.e., civilian subjects NOT subject to UCMJ) (22), the subject was unknown (51), the allegation was unfounded by command, meaning it was false or did not meet the elements of a sexual assault offense (7), statute of limitations expired (0), the subject died or deserted (4), the evidence was insufficient (77), or the victim declined or refused to cooperate with the investigation or prosecution (30).

Initial civilian jurisdiction – In 5% (19) of the remaining subjects, civilian authorities initially assumed jurisdiction. Further analysis is not possible due to lack of information regarding these cases.

Presented for disposition – In total, 48% (193) subject cases were presented to commanders for a disposition decision in FY13. Commanders preferred courts-martial charges against 113 subjects, conducted non-judicial punishment against one subject, administrative discharged two subjects, took adverse administrative action against two subject, courts-martial charges were preferred for non-sexual assault offenses against 24 subjects, non-judicial punishment for non-sexual offense was initiated on 27 subjects, administrative discharges for non-sexual offense were taken against five subjects, and other administrative actions for non-sexual offense were taken against 19 subjects.



Combat Areas of Interest

The USMC had 12 Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault initiated in the Combat Areas of Interest initiated during FY13. Eight of the incidents occurred in Afghanistan, two in Iraq, and two in Jordan. Nine of the investigations were complete in FY13 and three

remain pending additional investigative actions. An additional five investigations that were initiated prior to FY13 came to completion in FY13.

A total of 16 subjects of sexual assault were documented in completed cases from a combat area; 10 from FY13 investigations and six from pre-FY13 investigations. Fourteen of the subjects were identified as male and the remaining two subjects had unidentified genders. The ages were dispersed, ranging between 19 and 57. Of the 16 subjects, nine were USMC service members, four were Foreign National civilians, and three were unidentified. The USMC subjects had a rank of E3, E4, E6, E7, or E8.

Thirteen of the 16 subjects received final dispositions, while three subjects are pending possible adjudication. The dispositions of the 13 subjects are listed here. Two subjects were court-martialed, one for a sexual offense and one for a non-sexual offense. An additional subject received non-judicial punishment for a non-sexual offense. One subject received adverse administrative actions for a non-sexual offense. Prosecution was precluded on six subjects due to their identities remaining unknown and another two subjects due to insufficient evidence. The remaining subject was a Foreign National and was disciplined by a foreign authority.

2.3. Reporting Data Discussion and Analysis. This section should include an overview of such information as:

- **Trends in descriptive information about Unrestricted Reports (e.g., Did more reported incidents occur on/off installation)**
- **Investigations**
- **Experiences in Combat Areas of Interest**
- **Other (Please explain)**

United States Marine Corps

Descriptive Data

The USMC had more sexual assault incidents reported as occurring On-base than Off-base, which was fairly consistent over the last several years. In FY13, approximately 56% of the sexual assault investigations initiated were reported to have occurred On-base, vice 39% that were reported to have occurred Off-base. USMC investigations indicate most of the incidents (77%) occurred within the Continental United States (CONUS) with only 22% occurring Outside the Continental United States (OCONUS). Additional location information revealed that most of the USMC incidents occurred in either private residences (28%) or in the barracks/Bachelor Enlisted Quarters (BEQ)/Bachelor Officer Quarters (BOQ; 29%). In over half the investigations, incidents occurred in close proximity to the victim such as on a victim's home base (47%) or in the victim's off-base residence (6%). Additionally, 5% of incidents reportedly occurred at the victim's TAD base and 2% of incidents at the victim's deployed base. Twenty-seven percent of incidents had no proximity to the victim. The significance of the victim's proximity to the incident location is that many victims have to live and work in the same environment where the incident occurred which can exacerbate the victim's well-being following the incident.

In FY13, 28% of all USMC Unrestricted sexual assault investigations initiated indicate

the victim's report was made within three days of the incident. An additional 28% were reported within four to 30 days. Therefore, 56% of the investigations indicate reporting within the first 30 days following the incident. Since evidence diminishes across time, the longer a victim waits to report an incident or to cooperate with an investigation, the more challenging it can be to hold the subject accountable for their actions. Another delayed reporting trend indicates that the sexual assault offense categories that involve a sexual act (e.g., *Rape*) were more likely to be delayed in the reporting process compared to offense categories that involve sexual contact (e.g., *Aggravated Sexual Contact*). Forty-eight percent of the Unrestricted sexual assault investigations of *Rape* and *Sexual Assault*, combined, were made within the first 30 days following the incident. In comparison, 71% of the reports of *Aggravated Sexual Contact* and *Abusive Sexual Contact* together were made in the same time period.

Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays are the most reported day of the week pertaining to when an incident occurs, accounting for 51% of the incidents. An additional 29% of incidents either lack information regarding specific dates of incidents or reference more than one date. Information about the specific time of an incident was unidentified in 36% of the USMC Unrestricted investigations. In the reports that did maintain temporal information, the 1800 to 2400 and the 2400 to 0600 time frames are the most often selected as the assault time period, accounting for 26% and 27% of the reports.

Alcohol was reported to be a possible contributing factor in just under half (240, 48%) of the USMC Unrestricted incidents of sexual assault. Illicit or prescriptive drug use was reported as a possible contributing factor in less than 1% (2) of incidents. In 20% (101) of the incidents, there was reportedly no alcohol or drug use and in the remaining 32% (158) of incidents drug and alcohol use could not be determined. The subject's use of drugs or alcohol was reported in all of the 240 designated incidents whereas the victim's use of drug or alcohol was reported in 83% (200) of the incidents. Alcohol-related incidents took place both On-base (121, 50%) and Off-base (114, 48%) and were often reported to have occurred in residences (86, 36%), barracks/BEQ/BOQ (73, 30%), and hotels (38, 16%). It is important to acknowledge that alcohol and drug use, as reported here, is not derived through empirical evidence such as toxicology reports but rather through self-reporting and therefore may reflect a reporting bias on behalf of the victim, subject, and collateral witnesses.

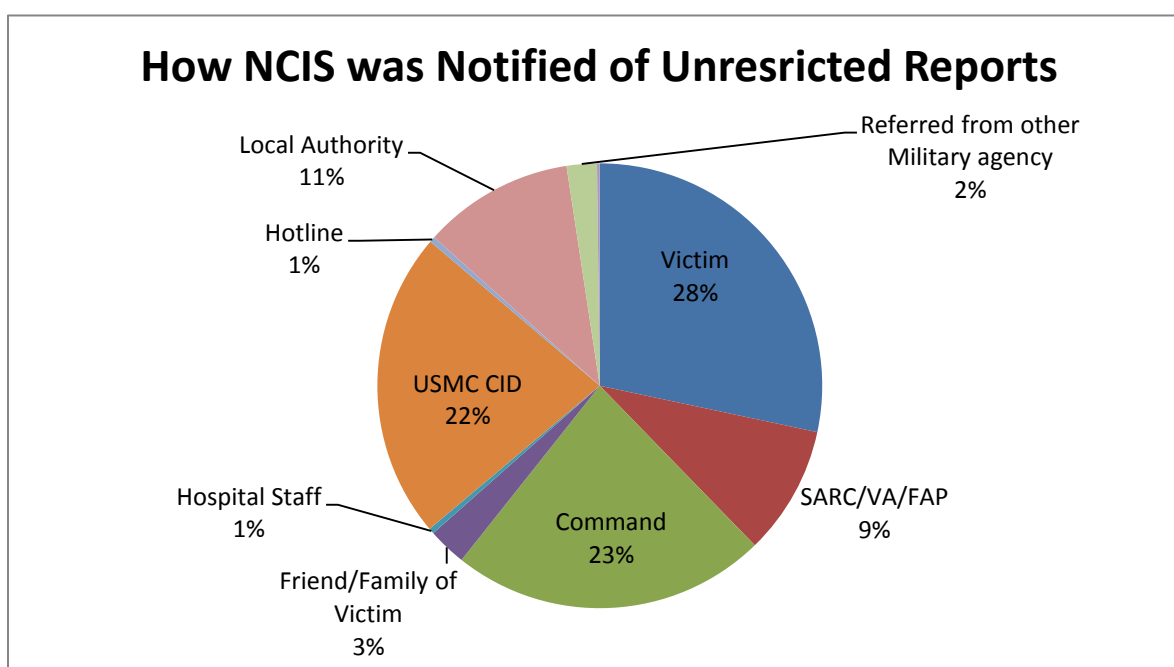
In 59% (297) of the FY13 Unrestricted investigations of sexual assault, a service member was victimizing another service member and in 51% (257) of the Unrestricted Reports both service members were Marines. The Marine on Marine incidents took place On-base (179, 70%) more often than Off-base (71, 28%). These incidents occurred in the barracks/BEQ/BOQ (107, 42%) more often than residences (41, 16%). Abusive Sexual Contact was the most reported offense accounting 41% (106) of the Marine on Marine incidents. The majority of these incidents (242, 94%) occurred among the enlisted ranks.

Investigations

In FY13, initiated investigations increased 50% and completed investigations increased 69%. Therefore, not only did NCIS drastically increase their caseload; they improved

their completion rate. Many factors made this feat possible. NCIS streamlined the Family and Sexual Violence (F&SV) program model and created investigative teams which expedited the timeline of the investigations. Secondly, NCIS was able to increase manning and hire additional special agents and investigators to respond to the increased demand. Lastly, NCIS re-trained all agents and investigators assigned to the F&SV program such that they could carry out the new program model.

Part of the challenge in an NCIS agent's job is to develop collaborative relationships with many different stakeholders. As the graph (below) demonstrates, many different and autonomous parties initiate reports of sexual assault. The reports initiated by command will be independent from those initiated by local authorities however, it is imperative that all the stakeholders have confidence that NCIS agents and investigators will investigate all claims of sexual assault with diligence and without prejudice.



In FY13, a victim notified NCIS directly in 28% (142) of the Unrestricted Reports. This number represents an increase (compared to 14% in FY12) in the faith the victim places in NCIS to hold the accused accountable for unlawful actions. Notifications by USMC Criminal Investigative Division (CID) and other on-base security forces (112, 22%) or via Command (115, 23%) are the next most often means an investigation is initiated. NCIS is always working toward building better relationships with first responders and USMC CID and other military security forces play a large part in incidents that take place On-base. Furthermore, members of Command are often the first to identify changes in behaviors for the involved parties and sometimes become the first confidants. Investigations also get initiated by other investigating authorities, such as other Military Criminal Investigative Organization (MCIO) agencies (11, 2%) as well as through local law enforcement authorities (55, 11%). Some of these investigations are later referred back to NCIS for Military prosecutorial actions however; others instead go through the civilian justice process. Other initial reporters include people involved in the SAPR

program or victims services (47, 9%) and family and friends of the victim (14, 3%).

Combat Areas of Interest

Sexual assault investigations are conducted with diligence regardless whether they occur CONUS, OCONUS, or in a deployed war zone. The statistics presented in this report indicate that demographics and trends of sexual assault in the Combat Areas of Interest largely replicate those in the overall report. That being said, there were some minor differences. Almost all of the reports of sexual assaults in a combat area took place On-base vice 56% of the aggregate data. In contrast to the non-combat area data, the incident locations were disparate and without specific trends. Also, the type of sexual assault offense reported in the combat areas was more likely to involve sexual contact vice a sexual act. For example, *Abusive Sexual Contact* represented 50% of the combat area offenses but only 32% of the overall offenses. Information regarding delayed reports indicates that the combat area data replicates the overall trends in the amount of incidents reported within the first 30 days; however, when a report is delayed, it is more likely to be delayed by a year or more when it occurred in a combat area compared to the general data trends. One explanation for why these small differences are seen in the combat area data is that the environment on these deployed bases is slightly different than the environment in garrison. Deployed troops have less down-time; they spend more time supporting mission requirements and less time in the living quarters. Leave is spent traveling to non-combat countries since rest and recreation may be limited on deployed bases. Concerning delays to reporting, if a deployed victim does not want to immediately report the incident, it would be reasonable that the victim would wait until they are integrated back into a normal routine at their home installation. Furthermore, the victims may not start to process the incident and understand the impact it has to their daily lives until they are no longer in the imminent danger that combat areas present.

Summary of Unrestricted and Restricted Reports

USN FISCAL YEAR 2013 SUMMARY OF UNRESTRICTED SEXUAL ASSAULT REPORTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS		FY13 Totals
Total Service Member victims in all investigations closed in FY13*		602
Service Member victims whose reports of sexual assault could be substantiated*		420
Total Service Member subjects in all investigations closed in FY13**		526
Service Member subjects against whom sexual assault reports could be substantiated**		266
*Does not include victims from Restricted Reports, per mandate in PL 111-383; Also does not include victims from investigations where command action had yet to be reported. **Does not include subjects from investigations where command action had yet to be reported.		
FISCAL YEAR 2013 SUMMARY OF RESTRICTED SEXUAL ASSAULT REPORTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS		FY13 Totals
# Service Member Victims initially making Restricted Reports		299
# Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the current FY*		45
# Service Member Victim Reports Remaining Restricted		254

Unrestricted Reports

USN FY13 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS IN THE MILITARY	
A. FY13 REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT (rape, aggravated sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, wrongful sexual contact, non-consensual sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses) BY or AGAINST Service Members. Note: The data about Unrestricted Reports in Sections A and B below is raw, uninvestigated information about allegations received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	FY13 Totals
# VICTIMS in FY13 Unrestricted Reports	902
# Service Member victims	779
# Non-Service Member victims	123
# Unrestricted Reports in the following categories	801
# Service Member on Service Member	540
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	112
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	72
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	77
# Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault occurring	801
# On military installation	410
# Off military installation	341
# Unidentified location	50
# Investigations Initiated (From FY13 Unrestricted Reports)	801
# Investigations pending completion as of 30-SEP-13	301
# Completed Investigations as of 30-SEP-13	500
# All Restricted Reports received in FY13	305
# Converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report*	49
# FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS REMAINING RESTRICTED	256
B. DETAILS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS RECEIVED IN FY13	FY13 Totals
Length of time between sexual assault and Unrestricted Report	801
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	212
# Reports made within 4 to 30 days after sexual assault	204
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	235
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	105
# Unknown	45
Time of sexual assault	801
# Midnight to 6 am	135
# 6 am to 6 pm	73
# 6 pm to midnight	131
# Unknown	462
Day of sexual assault	801
# Sunday	97
# Monday	49
# Tuesday	40
# Wednesday	55
# Thursday	65
# Friday	86
# Saturday	142
# Unknown	267
C. SUMMARY OF ALL INVESTIGATIONS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS COMPLETED IN FY13	FY13 Totals
# Total Investigations completed during FY13 (Includes investigations opened in prior FYs)	839
# Of these investigations with more than one victim, more than one subject, or both	58
# SUBJECTS in all investigations completed during FY13	912
# Service Member subjects in completed investigations	742
# Your Service Member subjects investigated by your Service	728
# Other Service Member subjects investigated by your Service	14
# Non-Service Member subjects in your Service's investigations	91
# Unidentified subjects in your Service's investigations	79
# VICTIMS in all investigations completed during FY13	944
# Service Member victims	807
# Service Member victims own Service's investigations	782
# Other Service Member victims in your Service's investigations	25
# Non-Service Member victims in your Service's investigations	137
# Unidentified victims in your Service's investigations	0

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

D. FINAL DISPOSITIONS FOR SUBJECTS IN COMPLETED FY13 INVESTIGATIONS		FY13 Totals	D1. ASSOCIATED VICTIM DATA FOR COMPLETED FY13 INVESTIGATIONS		FY13 Totals
# Investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13		500	# VICTIMS in investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13		561
# SUBJECTS in investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13		535	# Service Member Victims in investigations opened and completed in FY13		484
# Service Member Subjects in investigations opened and completed in FY13		408	# Total Victims associated with MCIO unfounded allegations		0
# Total Subjects with allegations unfounded by a Military Criminal Investigative Organization		0	# Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations		0
# Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO		0	# Non-Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations		0
# Non-Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO		0			
# Total Subjects Outside DoD Prosecutive Authority		146	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Unknown Offender Reports		81
# Unknown Offenders		90	# Service Member Victims in remaining Unknown Offender Reports		0
			# Service Member Victims in substantiated Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports		36
# US Civilians or Foreign National Subjects not Subject to the UCMJ		43	# Service Member Victims in remaining Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports		0
			# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports against a Service member who is being Prosecuted by a Civilian/Foreign Authority		2
# Service Members Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority		12	# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports with a deceased or deserted subject		1
# Subjects who died or deserted		1	# Service Member Victims in remaining reports with a deceased or deserted subject		0
# Total Command Action Precluded or Declined for Sexual Assault		107	# Service member victims who declined to participate in the military justice action		24
# Service Member Subjects where victim declined to participate in the military justice action		32	# Service member victims in investigations having insufficient evidence to prosecute		41
# Service Member Subjects whose investigations had insufficient evidence to prosecute		50	# Service members victims whose cases involved expired statute of limitations		3
# Service Member Subjects whose cases involved expired statute of limitations		4	# Service member victims whose allegations were unfounded by Command		17
# Service Member Subjects with allegations that were unfounded by Command		21	# Service member victims who died before completion of the military justice action		0
# Service Member Subjects with victims who died before completion of military justice action		0	# Service Member Victims still awaiting command action on a subject as of 30-SEP-13		170
# Subjects still awaiting command action as of 30-SEP-13		170			
# Subjects for whom command action was completed as of 30-SEP-13		112	# FY13 Service Member Victims in cases where evidence supported Command Action		109
# FY13 Service Member Subjects where evidence supported Command Action		112	# Service Member Victims involved with Court-martial preferrals (Initiations) against subject		22
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred (Initiated)		28	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15) against subject		27
# Service Member Subjects: Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15 UCMJ)		27	# Service Member Victims involved with Administrative discharges against subject		0
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges		0	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions against subject		12
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions		14	# Service Member Victims involved with Court-martial preferrals for non-sexual assault offenses		8
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred for non-sexual assault offense		2	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishment for non-sexual assault offenses		39
# Service Member Subjects: Non-judicial punishment for non-sexual assault offense		40	# Service Member Victims involved with administrative discharges for non-SA offense		0
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges for non-sexual assault offense		0	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions for non-SA offense		1
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions for non-sexual assault offense		1			

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

F. COURTS-MARTIAL ADJUDICATIONS AND OUTCOMES (Sexual Assault Charge). This section reports the outcomes of courts-martial for sexual assault crimes completed during the Fiscal Year. It combines outcomes for court actions reported in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Total Subjects with Courts-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated) for a Sexual Assault Charge in FY13	110
# Subjects whose courts-martial action was NOT completed by the end of FY13	0
# Subjects for whom no court-outcome data was available	0
# Subjects whose courts-martial action was completed by the end of FY13	110
# Subjects whose court-martial was dismissed	37
# Subjects with dismissed court charges who subsequently received NJP	10
# Subjects who resigned or were discharged in lieu of court-martial	4
# Officer subjects who were allowed to resign in lieu of court-martial	0
# Enlisted subjects who were discharged in lieu of court-martial	4
# Subjects with court-martial charges proceeding to trial on a sexual assault charge	69
# Subjects Acquitted of Charges	13
# Subjects Convicted of Any Charge at Trial	56
Punishments Imposed (For each convicted subject, count all forms of punishment imposed)	
# Subjects receiving confinement	43
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	37
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	26
# Subjects receiving a punitive discharge (Dishonorable, Bad Conduct, or Dismissal)	31
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	12
# Subjects receiving extra duty	0
# Subjects receiving hard labor	4
# Subjects to be processed for administrative discharge or separation subsequent to sexual assault conviction	10
# Convicted subjects with a conviction under a UCMJ Article that requires Sex Offender Registration	28
G. Nonjudicial Punishments Imposed (Sexual Assault Charge). This section reports the outcomes of nonjudicial punishments for sexual assault crimes completed during the Fiscal Year. It combines outcomes for nonjudicial punishment actions reported in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Total Subjects with Nonjudicial Punishment (Article 15) for a Sexual Assault Charge in FY13	47
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was not completed by the end of FY13	0
# Subjects for whom nonjudicial punishment data was not available	0
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was completed by the end of FY13	47
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment was dismissed	6
# Subjects administered nonjudicial punishment	41
Punishments Imposed (For each punished subject, count all forms of punishment imposed)	
# Subjects receiving correctional custody	3
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	33
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	31
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	31
# Subjects receiving extra duty	17
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects receiving a reprimand	2
# Subjects processed for an administrative discharge or separation subsequent to nonjudicial punishment on a sexual assault charge	21
H. Other Actions Taken. This section reports other disciplinary action taken for subjects who were investigated for sexual assault. It combines outcomes for subjects in these categories listed in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge or other separation for a sexual assault offense	2
# Subjects receiving other adverse administrative action for a sexual assault offense	26
I. COURTS-MARTIAL ADJUDICATIONS AND OUTCOMES (Non-sexual assault offense). This section reports the outcomes of courts-martial for subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non-sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for subjects in this category listed in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Total Subjects with Courts-Martial Charge Preferred for a non-sexual assault offense in FY13	8
# Subjects whose courts-martial action was NOT completed by the end of FY13	0
# Subjects for whom no court-outcome data was available	0
# Subjects whose courts-martial action was completed by the end of FY13	8
# Subjects whose court-martial was dismissed	0
# Subjects with dismissed court charges who subsequently received NJP	0
# Subjects who resigned or were discharged in lieu of court-martial for a non-sexual assault offense	0
# Officer subjects who were officers that were allowed to resign in lieu of court-martial	0
# Enlisted subjects that were discharged in lieu of court-martial	0
# Subjects with court-martial charges proceeding to trial on a non-sexual assault offense	8
# Subjects Acquitted of Charges	2
# Subjects Convicted of Any Charge at Trial	6
Punishments Imposed (For each convicted subject, count all forms of punishment imposed)	
# Subjects receiving confinement	1
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	2
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	2
# Subjects receiving a punitive discharge (Dishonorable, Bad Conduct, or Dismissal)	0
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	2
# Subjects receiving extra duty	0
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects processed for an administrative discharge or separation subsequent to conviction at trial	0
# Convicted subjects with a conviction under a UCMJ Article that requires Sex Offender Registration	0
J. Nonjudicial Punishments Imposed (Non-sexual assault offense). This section reports the outcomes of nonjudicial punishments for subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non-sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for subjects in this category listed in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Total Subjects with Nonjudicial Punishment (Article 15) for a non-sexual assault offense in FY13	68
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was not completed by the end of FY13	0
# Subjects for whom nonjudicial punishment data was not available	1
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was completed by the end of FY13	67
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment was dismissed	2
# Subjects administered nonjudicial punishment for a non-sexual assault offense	65
Punishments Imposed (For each punished subject, count all forms of punishment imposed)	
# Subjects receiving correctional custody	0
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	39
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	44
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	43
# Subjects receiving extra duty	27
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects receiving a reprimand	13
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge subsequent to nonjudicial punishment	14
K. Other Actions Taken (Non-sexual assault offense). This section reports other disciplinary action taken for subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non-sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for subjects in these categories listed in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge or other separation for a non-sexual assault offense	1
# Subjects receiving other adverse administrative action for a non-sexual assault offense	4

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

USN FY13 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT - SERVICE MEMBER STATUS BY GENDER																		
L. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS (BY or AGAINST Service Members) IN THE BELOW CATEGORIES FOR ALL FY13 INVESTIGATIONS (UR) [Investigation opened within the reporting period] Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Male on Female	Male on Male	Female on Male	Female on Female	Unknown on Male	Unknown on Female	Multiple Mixed Gender Assault	FY13 Totals										
	622	97	13	22	7	37	3	801										
# Service Member on Service Member	434	78	8	15	0	4	1	540										
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	108	3	0	1	0	0	0	112										
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	53	10	5	3	0	0	1	72										
# Unidentified subject on Service Member	27	6	0	3	7	33	1	77										
FY13 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT BY MATTER INVESTIGATED TYPE (May not reflect what crimes can be charged upon completion of investigation)																		
UNRESTRICTED REPORTS MADE IN FY13	Incidents Occurring in Prior Fiscal Years, but Reported in FY13								Incidents Occurring and Reported in FY13									
M. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS (BY or AGAINST Service Members) IN THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES FOR ALL FY13 INVESTIGATIONS [Investigation opened within the reporting period] Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	FY13 Totals	
	46	61	11	42	8	10	6	0	97	232	26	256			0		6	801
# Service Member on Service Member	21	45	10	33	6	4	2	0	42	155	18	201			0		3	540
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	11	7	0	2	1	0	0	0	23	35	5	27			0		1	112
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	4	7	1	5	1	4	2	0	6	17	3	20			0		2	72
# Unidentified subject on Service Member	10	2	0	2	0	2	2	0	26	25	0	8			0		0	77
# TOTAL Service Member Victims in FY13 Reports	36	56	12	50	7	10	6	0	75	210	22	290			0		5	779
# Service Member Victims: Female	35	51	8	41	6	2	4	0	73	183	16	213			0		2	634
# Service Member Victims: Male	1	5	4	9	1	8	2	0	2	27	6	77			0		3	145
TIME OF INCIDENT BY OFFENSE TYPE FOR UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT MADE IN FY13																		
Time of sexual assault	46	61	11	42	8	10	6	0	97	232	26	256			0		6	801
# Midnight to 6 am	5	7	1	2	0	0	1	0	15	56	4	43			0		1	135
# 6 am to 6 pm	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	10	4	50			0		1	73
# 6 pm to midnight	2	4	1	1	0	3	0	0	21	47	8	43			0		1	131
# Unknown	38	50	8	37	8	7	5	0	57	119	10	120			0		3	462
Day of sexual assault	46	61	11	42	8	10	6	0	97	232	26	256			0		6	801
# Sunday	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	13	43	4	30			0		1	97
# Monday	1	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	7	12	1	20			0		3	49
# Tuesday	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	10	1	22			0		0	40
# Wednesday	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	11	11	2	26			0		0	55
# Thursday	0	4	3	3	0	0	1	0	3	21	8	22			0		0	65
# Friday	2	8	1	1	0	1	0	0	13	24	3	33			0		0	86
# Saturday	8	10	0	2	0	1	0	0	15	61	4	39			0		2	142
# Unknown	30	35	5	31	7	7	5	0	30	50	3	64			0		0	267

N. DEMOGRAPHICS ON VICTIMS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY13 [Investigation Completed within the reporting period by the Service Investigation Agencies, regardless of when Investigation was opened] Note: The information below is drawn from all investigations that were closed during FY13, and does not correspond to the data reported in sections F and G, above.																		FY13 Totals
Victim Data From Investigations Opened In Prior Years, but Investigation completed during FY13										Victim Data From Investigations Opened and Investigation Completed In FY13								
	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)		
Gender of VICTIMS	91	140	9	52	56	20	2	13	92	178	29	240	5	8	4	5	944	
# Male	0	4	2	9	7	8	1	0	2	21	6	57	0	6	2	3	128	
# Female	91	136	7	43	49	12	1	13	90	157	23	183	5	2	2	2	816	
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Age of VICTIMS	91	140	9	52	56	20	2	13	92	178	29	240	5	8	4	5	944	
# 16-19	16	36	4	9	14	2	0	1	23	45	4	47	0	3	1	1	206	
# 20-24	48	68	5	26	29	15	1	12	45	90	12	123	3	5	2	4	488	
# 25-34	20	31	0	16	11	2	1	0	18	31	10	57	1	0	1	0	199	
# 35-49	6	5	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	11	1	10	1	0	0	0	40	
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
# Unknown	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	9	
VICTIM Type	91	140	9	52	56	20	2	13	92	178	29	240	5	8	4	5	944	
# Service Member	70	117	9	43	53	17	2	12	70	155	24	213	5	8	4	5	807	
# DoD Civilian	4	8	0	8	1	1	0	1	3	10	2	5	0	0	0	0	43	
# DoD Contractor	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
# US Civilian	12	15	0	1	2	2	0	0	18	13	1	15	0	0	0	0	79	
# Foreign national	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	12	
# Foreign military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Grade of Service Member VICTIMS	70	117	9	43	53	17	2	12	70	155	24	213	5	8	4	5	807	
# E1-E4	55	91	9	37	45	13	0	10	53	126	18	156	2	6	0	4	625	
# E5-E9	12	18	0	3	5	4	1	2	13	18	6	42	3	2	4	1	134	
# WO1-WO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
# O1-O3	2	6	0	3	2	0	0	0	4	5	0	8	0	0	0	0	30	
# O4-O10	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	8	
# Cadet/Midshipman	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	9	
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Service of Service Member VICTIMS	70	117	9	43	53	17	2	12	70	155	24	213	5	8	4	5	807	
# Army	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	6	
# Navy	67	114	8	43	49	14	2	11	68	151	24	209	5	8	4	5	782	
# Marines	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	9	
# Air Force	0	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	
# Coast Guard	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Status of Service Member VICTIMS	70	117	9	43	53	17	2	12	70	155	24	213	5	8	4	5	807	
# Active Duty	64	114	9	43	50	17	1	12	68	152	23	204	4	8	4	5	778	
# Reserve (Activated)	5	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	2	1	1	6	1	0	0	0	20	
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
# Cadet/Midshipman	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	9	
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

[Investigation Completed within the reporting period by the Service Investigation Agencies, regardless of when Investigation was opened] Note: The information below is drawn from all investigations that were closed during FY13, and does not correspond to the data reported in sections F and G, above.	Subject Data From Investigations Opened in Prior Years, but closed during FY13								Subject Data From Investigations Opened and Closed in FY13								FY13 Totals
	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	
Gender of SUBJECTS	96	141	12	52	46	19	2	9	96	174	33	207	5	9	5	6	912
# Male	95	139	12	49	45	18	2	9	72	160	32	192	4	9	3	6	847
# Female	1	1	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	7	1	11	1	0	2	0	30
# Unknown	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	7	0	4	0	0	0	0	35
Age of SUBJECTS	96	141	12	52	46	19	2	9	96	174	33	207	5	9	5	6	912
# 16-19	5	6	0	5	3	2	0	0	2	11	1	7	1	0	0	1	44
# 20-24	37	70	8	17	11	6	0	3	24	69	15	70	0	3	1	3	337
# 25-34	33	37	4	19	17	7	1	3	20	46	11	72	2	0	3	0	275
# 35-49	9	16	0	9	11	1	1	0	4	10	4	27	2	0	0	0	94
# 50-64	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	9
# 65 and older	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
# Unknown	12	11	0	1	2	3	0	2	45	38	2	27	0	5	1	2	151
Subject Type	96	141	12	52	46	19	2	9	96	174	33	207	5	9	5	6	912
# Service Member	85	128	12	47	45	15	1	6	51	141	30	169	4	2	2	4	742
# DoD Civilian	0	2	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	12
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
# US Civilian	5	7	0	0	1	3	1	1	8	12	2	6	1	4	2	2	55
# Foreign national	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	14	0	0	0	0	19
# Foreign military	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3
# Unknown	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	36	18	0	11	0	3	1	0	79
Grade of Service Member SUBJECTS	85	128	12	47	45	15	1	6	51	141	30	169	4	2	2	4	742
# E1-E4	43	74	9	27	12	9	0	4	25	82	17	80	1	1	0	3	387
# E5-E9	36	41	3	17	24	5	0	2	19	41	10	72	3	1	2	1	277
# WO1-WO5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	4
# O1-O3	3	6	0	2	3	0	0	0	3	7	2	7	0	0	0	0	33
# O4-O10	1	3	0	0	3	1	1	0	2	2	0	5	0	0	0	0	18
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	8
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	15
Service of Service Member SUBJECTS	85	128	12	47	45	15	1	6	51	141	30	169	4	2	2	4	742
# Army	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
# Navy	82	124	11	47	43	15	1	6	50	138	30	169	4	2	2	4	728
# Marines	2	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
# Air Force	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Status of Service Member SUBJECTS	85	128	12	47	45	15	1	6	51	141	30	169	4	2	2	4	742
# Active Duty	79	125	12	47	42	15	1	6	46	139	30	161	3	2	2	4	714
# Reserve (Activated)	6	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	5	1	0	5	1	0	0	0	20
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	8
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Restricted Reports

USN FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	
A. FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT (rape, aggravated sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, wrongful sexual contact, non-consensual sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses).	FY13 TOTALS
# TOTAL victims initially making Restricted Reports	305
# Service Member victims making Restricted Reports	299
# Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report involving a Service Member Subject	6
# Total victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the current FY*	49
# Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY	45
# Non-Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY	4
# TOTAL victim reports remaining Restricted	256
# Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted	254
# Non-Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted	2
# Reported sexual assaults involving Service Members in the following categories	305
# Service Member on Service Member	109
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	26
# Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	6
# Unidentified subject on Service Member	164
B. INCIDENT DETAILS	FY13 TOTALS
# Reported sexual assaults occurring	305
# On military installation	83
# Off military installation	144
# Unidentified location	78
Length of time between sexual assault and Restricted Report	305
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	50
# Reports made within 4 to 30 days after sexual assault	22
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	32
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	15
# Unknown	186
Time of sexual assault incident	305
# Midnight to 6 am	94
# 6 am to 6 pm	26
# 6 pm to midnight	65
# Unknown	120
Day of sexual assault incident	305
# Sunday	21
# Monday	3
# Tuesday	8
# Wednesday	2
# Thursday	9
# Friday	15
# Saturday	53
# Unknown	194
C. RESTRICTED REPORTING - VICTIM SERVICE AFFILIATION	FY13 TOTALS
# Service Member VICTIMS	299
# Army victims	6
# Navy victims	267
# Marines victims	12
# Air Force victims	2
# Coast Guard	0
# Unknown	12
D. DEMOGRAPHICS FOR FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	FY13 TOTALS
Gender of VICTIMS	305
# Male	44
# Female	250
# Unknown	11
Age of VICTIMS	305
# 16-19	52
# 20-24	95
# 25-34	36
# 35-49	5
# 50-64	2
# 65 and older	0
# Unknown	115
Grade of Service Member VICTIMS	299
# E1-E4	160
# E5-E9	38
# WO1-WO5	4
# O1-O3	4
# O4-O10	2
# Cadet/Midshipman	5
# Academy Prep School Student	1
# Unknown	85
Status of Service Member VICTIMS	299
# Active Duty	258
# Reserve (Activated)	12
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	5
# Academy Prep School Student	1
# Unknown	23
VICTIM Type	305
# Service Member	287
# DoD Civilian	0
# DoD Contractor	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0
# US Civilian (DoD Dependent Over Age 18)	6
# Foreign national	0
# Foreign military	0
# Unknown	12
E. RESTRICTED REPORTING FOR A SEXUAL ASSAULT THAT OCCURRED PRIOR TO JOINING SERVICE	FY13 TOTALS
# Service Member VICTIMS making a Restricted Report for Incidents Occurring Prior to Military Service	12
# Service Members Making A Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred Prior to Age 18	5
# Service Member Making a Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred After Age 18	6
# Service Members Choosing Not to Specify	1
F. RESTRICTED REPORTS CONVERSION DATA (DSAlD USE ONLY)	FY13 TOTALS
Mean # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	0
Standard Deviation of the Mean For Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	0
Mode # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	0
* The Restricted Reports are reports that converted to Unrestricted Reports are counted in the total number of Unrestricted Reports listed in Worksheet 1a, Section A.	

USN FY13 SUPPORT SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT			
NOTE: Totals of referrals and military protective orders are for all activities during the reporting period, regardless of when the sexual assault report was made.			
A. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS TO SERVICE MEMBER VICTIMS FROM UNRESTRICTED REPORTS:			FY13 TOTALS
# Support service referrals for VICTIMS in the following categories			
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)			244
# Medical			11
# Mental Health			11
# Legal			0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support			0
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate			653
# DoD Safe Helpline			270
# Other			95
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)			407
# Medical			59
# Mental Health			87
# Legal			25
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support			8
# Rape Crisis Center			131
# Victim Advocate			63
# Other			34
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted			85
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam			2
# Military victims making an Unrestricted Report for an incident that occurred prior to military service			20
B. FY13 MILITARY PROTECTIVE ORDERS (MPO) * AND EXPEDITED TRANSFERS - UNRESTRICTED REPORTS			FY13 TOTALS
# Military Protective Orders issued during FY13			244
# Reported MPO Violations in FY13			11
# Reported MPO Violations by Subjects			11
# Reported MPO Violations by victims of sexual assault			0
# Reported MPO Violations by Both			0
*In accordance with DoD Policy, Military Protective Orders are only issued in Unrestricted Reports. A Restricted Report cannot be made when there is a safety risk for the victim.			
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims of sexual assault			20
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims Denied			2
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims of sexual assault			128
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims Denied			0
C. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS FOR MILITARY VICTIMS IN RESTRICTED REPORTS:			
# Support service referrals for VICTIMS in the following categories			
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)			838
# Medical			130
# Mental Health			175
# Legal			75
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support			134
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate			193
# DoD Safe Helpline			99
# Other			32
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)			144
# Medical			21
# Mental Health			29
# Legal			4
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support			7
# Rape Crisis Center			60
# Victim Advocate			23
# Other			0
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted			34
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam			0
CIVILIAN DATA			
D. SEXUAL ASSAULT SERVICES TO NON-SERVICE MEMBERS (DOD CIVILIANS, DEPENDENTS, CONTRACTORS, ETC)			FY13 TOTALS
# Non-Service Members assisted in the following categories:			87
# Service Member on Non-Service Member			53
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member			23
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member			11
Gender of Non-Service Members Assisted			87
# Male			5
# Female			82
# Unknown			0
Age of Non-Service Members Assisted			87
# 16-19			9
# 20-24			30
# 25-34			17
# 35-49			15
# 50-64			3
# 65 and older			0
# Unknown			13
Non-Service Member Type			87
# DoD Civilian			12
# DoD Contractor			7
# Other US Government Civilian			1
# US Civilian			49
# Foreign National			4
# Foreign Military			0
# Unknown			14

Use the following categories or add a new category to identify the reason the requests were denied:	FY13 TOTALS
Total Number Denied	2
Reasons for Disapproval (Total)	2
Moved Alleged Offender Instead	0
Pre-existing Transfer Order Used Instead	0
The victim and alleged offender were not collocated	1
Although it was determined to be a credible report, reasonable grounds did not exist to believe that an offense constituting sexual assault had occurred.	1

Victim Services (continued)

# Support service referrals for Non-Service Members in the following categories	FY13 TOTALS
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)	239
# Medical	36
# Mental Health	40
# Legal	34
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	30
# Rape Crisis Center	54
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	24
# DoD Safe Helpline	21
# Other	152
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	152
# Medical	20
# Mental Health	36
# Legal	19
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	11
# Rape Crisis Center	39
# Victim Advocate	26
# Rape Crisis Center	1
# Other	10
# Cases where SAFE's were conducted	1
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam	1
E. FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS	FY13 TOTALS
# Non-Service Member victims making Restricted Report	9
# Non-Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY	1
# Non-Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted	8
# Restricted Reports from Non-Service Member victims in the following categories:	9
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	3
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member	6
Gender of Non-Service Member VICTIMS	9
# Male	0
# Female	9
# Unknown	0
Age of Non-Service Member VICTIMS	9
# 18-19	0
# 20-24	5
# 25-34	3
# 35-49	0
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Unknown	1
VICTIM Type	9
# DoD Civilian	9
# DoD Dependent	0
# DoD Dependent Over Age 18	0
# US Civilian (DoD Dependent Over Age 18)	9
# Unknown	0
# Support service referrals for Non-Service Member VICTIMS in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources	45
# Medical	8
# Mental Health	8
# Legal	6
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	7
# Rape Crisis Center	9
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	6
# DoD Safe Helpline	1
# Other	33
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	33
# Medical	5
# Mental Health	10
# Legal	2
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	4
# Rape Crisis Center	9
# Victim Advocate	3
# Rape Crisis Center	0
# Other	1
# Cases where SAFE's were conducted	0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam	0

Reports of Sexual Assault in Combat Areas of Interest

USN COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST	
A. FY13 REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST (CAI) (rape, aggravated sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, wrongful sexual contact, non-consensual sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses) INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS (BY or AGAINST Service Members).	FY13 Totals
# VICTIMS in FY13 Unrestricted Reports in Combat Areas of Interest	36
# Service Member victims	36
# Non-Service Member victims	0
# Unrestricted Reports in the following categories	31
# Service Member on Service Member	20
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	0
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	10
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	1
# Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault occurring	31
# On military installation	13
# Off military installation	16
# Unidentified location	2
# Investigations (From FY13 Unrestricted Reports)	31
# Pending completion as of 30-SEP-13	9
# Completed as of 30-SEP-13	22
# Restricted Reports in Combat Areas of Interest	1
# Converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report*	0
# FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS REMAINING RESTRICTED	1
B. FY13 DETAILS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS IN COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST	FY13 Totals
Length of time between sexual assault and Unrestricted Report	31
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	11
# Reports made within 4 to 30 days after sexual assault	8
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	8
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	3
# Unknown	1
Time of sexual assault	31
# Midnight to 6 am	1
# 6 am to 6 pm	3
# 6 pm to midnight	5
# Unknown	22
Day of sexual assault	31
# Sunday	5
# Monday	3
# Tuesday	2
# Wednesday	0
# Thursday	4
# Friday	4
# Saturday	5
# Unknown	8
C. SUMMARY OF ALL INVESTIGATIONS OF CAI UNRESTRICTED REPORTS COMPLETED IN FY13	FY13 Totals
# Total Investigations completed during FY13	38
# Investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13	22
# Of these investigations with more than one victim, more than one subject, or both	2
# Investigations opened prior to FY13 and completed in FY13	16
# Of these investigations with more than one victim, more than one subject, or both	3
# SUBJECTS in all investigations completed during FY13	52
# Service Member subjects in completed investigations	32
# Your Service Member subjects investigated by your Service	31
# Other Service Member subjects investigated by your Service	1
# Non-Service Member subjects in your Service's investigations	16
# Unidentified subjects in your Service's investigations	4
# VICTIMS in all investigations completed during FY13	39
# Service Member victims	38
# Service Member victims own Service's investigations	38
# Other Service Member victims in your Service's investigations	0
# Non-Service Member victims in your Service's investigations	1
# Unidentified victims in your Service's investigations	0

Reports of Sexual Assault in Combat Areas of Interest (continued)

D. FINAL DISPOSITIONS FOR SUBJECTS IN COMPLETED FY13 CAI INVESTIGATIONS	FY13 Totals	D1. ASSOCIATED VICTIM DATA FOR COMPLETED FY13 CAI INVESTIGATIONS	FY13 Totals
# Investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13	22	# VICTIMS in investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13	22
# SUBJECTS in investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13	29	# Service Member Victims in investigations opened and completed in FY13	22
# Service Member Subjects in investigations opened and completed in FY13	14	# Total Victims associated with MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Total Subjects with allegations unfounded by a Military Criminal Investigative Organization	0	# Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0	# Non-Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0		
# Total Subjects Outside DoD Prosecutive Authority	15	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Unknown Offender Reports	1
# Unknown Offenders	1	# Service Member Victims in remaining Unknown Offender Reports	0
# US Civilians or Foreign National Subjects not Subject to the UCMJ	14	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	9
# Service Members Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority	0	# Service Member Victims in remaining Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	0
# Subjects who died or deserted	0	# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports against a Service member who is being Prosecuted by a Civilian/Foreign Authority	0
# Total Command Action Precluded or Declined for Sexual Assault	7	# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports with a deceased or deserted subject	0
# Service Member Subjects where victim declined to participate in the military justice action	2	# Service Member Victims in remaining reports with a deceased or deserted subject	0
# Service Member Subjects whose investigations had insufficient evidence to prosecute	2	# Service member victims who declined to participate in the military justice action	2
# Service Member Subjects whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	0	# Service member victims in investigations having insufficient evidence to prosecute	2
# Service Member Subjects with allegations that were unfounded by Command	3	# Service member victims whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	0
# Service Member Subjects with victims who died before completion of military justice action	0	# Service member victims whose allegations were unfounded by Command	3
# Subjects still awaiting command action as of 30-SEP-13	5	# Service member victims who died before completion of the military justice action	0
# Subjects for whom command action was completed as of 30-SEP-13	2	# Service Member Victims still awaiting command action on a subject as of 30-SEP-13	3
# FY13 Service Member Subjects where evidence supported Command Action	2		
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred (Initiated)	1	# FY13 Service Member Victims in cases where evidence supported Command Action	2
# Service Member Subjects: Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15 UCMJ)	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Court-martial referrals (Initiations) against subject	1
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15) against subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Administrative discharges against subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred for non-sexual assault offense	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions against subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Non-judicial punishment for non-sexual assault offense	1	# Service Member Victims involved with Court-martial referrals for non-sexual assault offenses	0
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges for non-sexual assault offense	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishment for non-sexual assault offenses	1
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions for non-sexual assault offense	0	# Service Member Victims involved with administrative discharges for non-SA offense	0
		# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions for non-SA offense	0

Unrestricted Reports in Combat Areas of Interest

USN FY13 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT - SERVICE MEMBER STATUS BY GENDER COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST Note: These reports are a subset of the FY13 Reports of Sexual Assault																		
F. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS (BY or AGAINST Service Members) IN THE BELOW CATEGORIES FOR ALL FY13 INVESTIGATIONS (UR) Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Male on Female	Male on Male	Female on Male	Female on Female	Unknown on Male	Unknown on Female	Multiple Mixed Gender Assault	FY13 Totals										
	27	2	1	0	0	1	0	31										
	# Service Member on Service Member	17	2	1	0	0	0	20										
	# Service Member on Non-Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
	# Non-Service Member on Service Member	10	0	0	0	0	0	10										
	# Unidentified subject on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	1	1										
FY13 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT BY OFFENSE TYPE																		
UNRESTRICTED REPORTS MADE IN FY13		Incidents Occurring in Prior Fiscal Years, but Reported in FY13							Incidents Occurring and Reported in FY13									
G. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS (BY or AGAINST Service Members) IN THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES FOR ALL FY13 INVESTIGATIONS Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07-June12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07-June12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	FY13 Totals	
	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	8	1	15		0		0	31	
	# Service Member on Service Member	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	8	1	8		0		0	20
	# Service Member on Non-Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	0
	# Non-Service Member on Service Member	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	7		0		0	10
	# Unidentified subject on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		0		0	1
# TOTAL Service Member Victims in FY13 Reports	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	8	1	20		0		0	36	
# Service Member Victims: Female	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	8	1	12		0		0	28	
# Service Member Victims: Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8		0		0	8	
TIME OF INCIDENT BY OFFENSE TYPE FOR UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT MADE IN FY13																		
Time of sexual assault	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	8	1	15		0		0	31	
# Midnight to 6 am	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	1	
# 6 am to 6 pm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3		0		0	3	
# 6 pm to midnight	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3		0		0	5	
# Unknown	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	6	1	9		0		0	22	
Day of sexual assault	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	8	1	15		0		0	31	
# Sunday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1		0		0	5	
# Monday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3		0		0	3	
# Tuesday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1		0		0	2	
# Wednesday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	0	
# Thursday	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1		0		0	4	
# Friday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3		0		0	4	
# Saturday	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4		0		0	5	
# Unknown	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	2		0		0	8	

	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Assault (Oct07- June12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07- June12) (Art. 120)	Non- Consensu s Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Assault (Oct07- June12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07- June12) (Art. 120)	Non- Consensu s Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	FY13 Totals
H. DEMOGRAPHICS ON VICTIMS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY13 Note: The information below is drawn from all investigations that were closed during FY13, and does not correspond to the data reported in sections F and G, above.	Victim Data From Investigations Opened in Prior Years, but closed during FY13								Victim Data From Investigations Opened and Closed in FY13								
Gender of VICTIMS	11	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	3	11	2	0	0	0	39
# Male	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
# Female	11	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	3	10	2	0	0	0	36
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Age of VICTIMS	11	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	3	11	2	0	0	0	39
# 16-19	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
# 20-24	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	23
# 25-34	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	9
# 35-49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	4
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VICTIM Type	11	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	3	11	2	0	0	0	39
# Service Member	10	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	3	11	2	0	0	0	38
# DoD Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# US Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Foreign national	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Foreign military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grade of Service Member VICTIMS	10	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	3	11	2	0	0	0	38
# E1-E4	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	4	1	0	0	0	22
# E5-E9	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	6	1	0	0	0	15
# WO1-WO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# O1-O3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
# O4-O10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Service of Service Member VICTIMS	10	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	3	11	2	0	0	0	38
# Army	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Navy	10	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	3	11	2	0	0	0	38
# Marines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Air Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Status of Service Member VICTIMS	10	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	3	11	2	0	0	0	38
# Active Duty	8	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	11	1	0	0	0	33
# Reserve (Activated)	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	5
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Assault (Oct07- June12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07- June12) (Art. 120)	Non- Consensu s Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Assault (Oct07- June12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07- June12) (Art. 120)	Non- Consensu s Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	FY13 Totals
I. DEMOGRAPHICS ON SUBJECTS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY13 Note: The information below is drawn from all investigations that were closed during FY13, and does not correspond to the data reported in sections F and G, above.	Subject Data From Investigations Opened in Prior Years, but closed during FY13								Subject Data From Investigations Opened and Closed in FY13								
Gender of SUBJECTS	14	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	5	16	2	0	0	0	52
# Male	14	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	5	16	2	0	0	0	50
# Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Age of SUBJECTS	14	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	5	16	2	0	0	0	52
# 16-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 20-24	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	20
# 25-34	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	9
# 35-49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	5
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	10	2	0	0	0	18
Subject Type	14	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	5	16	2	0	0	0	52
# Service Member	0	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	4	1	0	0	0	32
# DoD Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# US Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
# Foreign national	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	12
# Foreign military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Grade of Service Member SUBJECTS	9	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	4	1	0	0	0	32
# E1-E4	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	16
# E5-E9	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	12
# WO1-WO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
# O1-O3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
# O4-O10	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Service of Service Member SUBJECTS	9	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	4	1	0	0	0	32
# Army	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Navy	0	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	4	1	0	0	0	31
# Marines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Air Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Status of Service Member SUBJECTS	9	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	4	1	0	0	0	32
# Active Duty	0	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	31
# Reserve (Activated)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST - LOCATION OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS BY TYPE OF OFFENSE																	
J. FY13 COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST - LOCATIONS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Incidents Occurring in Prior Fiscal Years, but Reported in FY13									Incidents Occurring and Reported in FY13							
	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Assault (Oct07- Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07- June12) (Art. 120)	Non- Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Assault (Oct07- Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07- June12) (Art. 120)	Non- Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	FY13 Totals
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED REPORTS	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	8	1	15	0	0	0	0	31
Arabian Peninsula, Iraq, Red Sea, and Africa																	
Bahrain	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	10	0	0	0	0	13
Iraq	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Jordan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Lebanon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Syria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yemen	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Djibouti	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Egypt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kuwait	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
Qatar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Uganda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saudi Arabia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Arab Emirates	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	4	0	0	0	0	9
Central and South Asia																	
Kyrgyzstan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pakistan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Afghanistan	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED REPORTS	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	8	1	15	0	0	0	0	31

Restricted Reports in Combat Areas of Interest

USN COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST (CAI) FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN THE MILITARY	
A. FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT (rape, aggravated sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, wrongful sexual contact, non-consensual sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses)	FY13 TOTALS
# TOTAL victims initially making Restricted Reports	1
# Service Member victims making Restricted Reports	1
# Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report involving a Service Member Subject	0
# Total victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the current FY*	0
# Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY	0
# Non-Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY	0
# TOTAL victim reports remaining Restricted	1
# Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted	1
# Non-Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted	0
# Reported sexual assaults AGAINST Service Member victims in the following categories	1
# Service Member on Service Member	1
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	0
# Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	0
# Unidentified subject on Service Member	0
B. INCIDENT DETAILS	FY13 TOTALS
# Reported sexual assaults occurring	1
# On military installation	0
# Off military installation	1
# Unidentified location	0
Length of time between sexual assault and Restricted Report	1
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	0
# Reports made within 4 to 30 days after sexual assault	0
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	1
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	0
# Unknown	0
Time of sexual assault incident	1
# Midnight to 6 am	0
# 6 am to 6 pm	0
# 6 pm to midnight	1
# Unknown	0
Day of sexual assault incident	1
# Sunday	0
# Monday	0
# Tuesday	1
# Wednesday	0
# Thursday	0
# Friday	0
# Saturday	0
# Unknown	0

Restricted Reports in Combat Areas of Interest (continued)

D. DEMOGRAPHICS FOR FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	FY13 TOTALS
Gender of VICTIMS	1
# Male	1
# Female	0
# Unknown	0
Age of VICTIMS	1
# 16-19	0
# 20-24	1
# 25-34	0
# 35-49	0
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Unknown	0
Grade of Service Member VICTIMS	1
# E1-E4	1
# E5-E9	0
# WO1-WO5	0
# O1-O3	0
# O4-O10	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0
# Unknown	0
Status of Service Member VICTIMS	1
# Active Duty	1
# Reserve (Activated)	0
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0
# Unknown	0
VICTIM Type	1
# Service Member	1
# DoD Civilian	
# DoD Contractor	
# Other US Government Civilian	
# US Civilian (DoD Dependent Over Age 18)	0
# Foreign national	
# Foreign military	
# Unknown	0
E. RESTRICTED REPORTING FOR A SEXUAL ASSAULT THAT OCCURRED PRIOR TO JOINING SERVICE	FY13 TOTALS
# Service Member VICTIMS making a Restricted Report for Incidents Occurring Prior to Military Service	0
# Service Members Making A Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred Prior to Age 18	0
# Service Member Making a Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred After Age 18	0
# Service Members Choosing Not to Specify	0
F. RESTRICTED REPORTS CONVERSION DATA (DSAID USE ONLY)	FY13 TOTALS
Mean # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	
Standard Deviation of the Mean For Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	
Mode # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	
* The Restricted Reports are reports that converted to Unrestricted Reports are counted in the total number of Unrestricted Reports listed in Worksheet 1a, Section A.	

Restricted Reports in Combat Areas of Interest (continued)

USN COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST - LOCATION OF FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS	
E. TOTAL # FY13 COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST -RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	FY13 Totals
<i>TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSAULTS IN COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST</i>	<i>1</i>
Arabian Peninsula, Iraq, Red Sea and Africa	
Bahrain	1
Iraq	0
Jordan	0
Lebanon	0
Syria	0
Yemen	0
Djibouti	0
Egypt	0
Kuwait	0
Oman	0
Qatar	0
Uganda	0
Saudi Arabia	0
United Arab Emirates	0
Central and South Asia	
Kyrgyzstan	0
Pakistan	0
Afghanistan	0

USN FY13 SUPPORT SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST		
<i>NOTE: Totals of referrals and military protective orders are for all activities during the reporting period, regardless of when the sexual assault report was made.</i>		
A. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS TO SERVICE MEMBER VICTIMS FROM UNRESTRICTED REPORTS:	FY13 TOTALS	
# Support service referrals for VICTIMS in the following categories		
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)		0
# Medical		0
# Mental Health		0
# Legal		0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		0
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate		0
# DoD Safe Helpline		0
# Other		0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)		0
# Medical		0
# Mental Health		0
# Legal		0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		0
# Rape Crisis Center		0
# Victim Advocate		0
# Other		0
# Cases where SAFE kits were conducted		0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam		0
# Military victims making an Unrestricted Report for an incident that occurred prior to military service		0
B. FY13 MILITARY PROTECTIVE ORDERS (MPO) * AND TRANSFERS - UNRESTRICTED REPORTS	FY13 TOTALS	
# Military Protective Orders issued during FY13		0
# Reported MPO Violations in FY13		0
# Reported MPO Violations by Subjects		0
# Reported MPO Violations by victims of sexual assault		0
# Reported MPO Violations by Both		0
* In accordance with DoD Policy, Military Protective Orders are only issued in Unrestricted Reports. A Restricted Report cannot be made when there is a safety risk for the victim.		
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims of sexual assault		0
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims Denied		0
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims of sexual assault		0
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims Denied		0
C. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS FOR MILITARY VICTIMS IN RESTRICTED REPORTS:	FY13 TOTALS	
# Support service referrals for VICTIMS in the following categories		
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)		1
# Medical		0
# Mental Health		0
# Legal		0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		0
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate		1
# DoD Safe Helpline		0
# Other		0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)		0
# Medical		0
# Mental Health		0
# Legal		0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		0
# Rape Crisis Center		0
# Victim Advocate		0
# Other		0
# Cases where SAFE kits were conducted		0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam		0
CIVILIAN DATA		
D. SEXUAL ASSAULT SERVICES TO NON-SERVICE MEMBERS (DOD CIVILIANS, DEPENDENTS, CONTRACTORS, ETC)	FY13 TOTALS	
# Non-Service Members assisted in the following categories:		0
# Service Member on Non-Service Member		0
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member		0
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member		0
Gender of Non-Service Members Assisted		0
# Male		0
# Female		0
# Unknown		0
Age of Non-Service Members Assisted		0
# 16-19		0
# 20-24		0
# 25-34		0
# 35-49		0
# 50-64		0
# 65 and older		0
# Unknown		0
Non-Service Member Type		0
# DoD Civilian		0
# DoD Contractor		0
# Other US Government Civilian		0
# US Civilian		0
# Foreign National		0
# Foreign Military		0
# Unknown		0

Use the following categories or add a new category to identify the reason the requests were denied:	FY13 TOTALS
Total Number Denied	0
Reasons for Disapproval (Total)	0

Support Services for Victims Sexual Assault in Combat Areas of Interest (continued)

E. FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS		FY13 TOTALS
# Non-Service Member victims making Restricted Report		0
# Non-Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY		0
# Non-Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted		0
# Restricted Reports from Non-Service Member victims in the following categories:		0
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)		0
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member		0
Gender of Non-Service Member VICTIMS		0
# Male		0
# Female		0
# Unknown		0
Age of Non-Service Member VICTIMS		0
# 18-19		0
# 20-24		0
# 25-34		0
# 35-49		0
# 50-64		0
# 65 and older		0
# Unknown		0
VICTIM Type		0
# US Civilian		0
# DoD Component		0
# US Government Official		0
# US Civilian (DoD Dependent Over Age 18)		0
# Unknown		0
# Support service referrals for Non-Service Member VICTIMS in the following categories		
# MILITARY Resources		0
# Medical		0
# Mental Health		0
# Legal		0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		0
# Rape Crisis Center		0
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate		0
# DoD Safe Helpline		0
# Other		0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)		0
# Medical		0
# Mental Health		0
# Legal		0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		0
# Rape Crisis Center		0
# Victim Advocate		0
# DoD Safe Helpline		0
# Other		0
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted		0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam		0

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
1	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male					Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															All Subjects and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Subject was on leave at a residence with US Civilian Victims #1 and #2. All three were drinking heavily prior to going to bed in separate rooms. Victim #1 awoke as first Subject fondling her breasts and masturbating. Subject put Victim #1's hand on his penis. Victim #2 reported waking up to find Subject fondling her breasts and masturbating in her room. Victim #2 fell back asleep due to her heavy intoxication. Later that morning, Victim #2 awoke and was completely naked with injury to her vaginal area, which was confirmed during a medical examination. The local police contacted NCIS to obtain a DNA sample from Subject. Local Sheriff's Office advised the trial date was set for 18Apr13. Subject was honorably discharged from the USN on 12Jul12. As a result this investigation is being closed as there is no longer a USN nexus.	
2	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q4	Subject Deceased or Deserted																Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim #1 reported while in the delayed enlistment program (DEP) she was forcibly raped on two separate occasions by USN Subject. USN Victim #4 advised Subject made multiple non-consensual sexual advances toward her and attempted to kiss her on one occasion while she was in the DEP program. USN Victim #2 provided a sworn statement wherein she reported Subject was her recruiter and Subject touched her in a sexual manner without her consent while holding her wrists, pushing her against the wall, and trying to restrain her in the recruiting office. USN Victim #3 provided a sworn statement wherein she reported Subject was her recruiter and he kissed her, touched her breasts and told her he wanted to have sexual intercourse with her when she returned to the recruiting office, while on liberty. USN Victim #5 provided a sworn statement wherein she reported Subject, who was her recruiter, had sexual intercourse with her several times before she departed for Boot Camp. Subject was interrogated and he denied engaging in sexual activity with, or making sexual advances towards, any women he recruited or attempted to recruit. On 08MAR12, Subject received an Article 32 Hearing and was charged with violations of UCMJ Article 92 (violation of a lawful general order), UCMJ Article 107 (false official statement), UCMJ Article 120 (rape), UCMJ Article 128 (sodomy), and UCMJ Article 134 (adultery). On 05APR12, Subject was referred to the General Court Martial. On 16APR12, Subject desisted from U.S. Navy and fled the United States to Egypt. On 23MAY12, the charges referred to General Court-Martial in the case of Subject were withdrawn. On 18JUN13, US Civilian Victim #5 provided a signed sworn statement wherein she reported Subject placed his hand on her upper left leg, attempted to kiss her neck, and kissed her on the mouth while providing her a ride to school. This investigation is administratively closed pending the apprehension of Subject who is currently in a fugitive status.	
3	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Multiple Services	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Rape Art.120	YES	YES	YES	YES	BCD							YES		On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USA Victim #1 reported being raped at a Naval recruiting center. Victim #1 indicated USN Subject pulled her into an unoccupied office where he first performed oral sex on her before forcibly moving her to a sofa where he had vaginal intercourse with her despite her attempts to get away from him. Victim #1 indicated the more she tried to resist, the rougher the Subject was with her. USN Victim #2 provided a signed sworn statement wherein she advised she had been sexually assaulted by Subject on two occasions. Victim #2 advised Subject engaged in intercourse with her against her will, and Subject forced her to perform oral sex on him. On 03APR12, Charges of violations of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order or Regulation), 107 (False Official Statements), 120 (Rape and Sexual Assault), and 125 (Sodomy) were preferred against Subject. On 16APR12, an Article 32 hearing was convened and charges were referred to a General Court Martial. Subsequently, Subject desisted the US Navy and began. In February 2013, Subject returned to the United States and surrendered to authorities. On 21JUN13, a trial by General Court-Martial was convened. Subject was found guilty of violation of one (1) specification of UCMJ Article 85 (Desertion), violation of two (2) specifications of UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order or Regulation), violation of six (6) specifications of UCMJ Article 107 (False Official Statement), and violation of two (2) specifications of UCMJ Article 120 (Rape and Sexual Assault). Subject was sentenced to confinement for a period of five (5) years, reduction to the pay grade of E-1, forfeiture of \$3,045.60 per month for five (5) years and a Bad Conduct Discharge.
4	Rape Art.120	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement unspecified. USN Victim invited US Civilian Subject into her residence where Subject strangled her repeatedly and raped her. Victim explained she did not initially report the crime out of fear; however, she sought safety from the Command after Subject sent her a text message threatening to kill her. Victim was given a forensic medical examination where she was documented to have bilateral sub-conjunctival hemorrhage, bruising to her neck, and genital abrasions. It was determined Victim is no longer on active duty. Subject's felony hearings have been continued.	
5	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Acquitted														Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that USN Subject penetrated her vaginally and orally with his penis, without her consent after Victim, Subject, and other service members from her unit consumed alcohol. Victim stated she was a virgin prior to the assault and felt endangered by the Subject. A mixture of DNA from at least two people was recovered in the sperm fraction testing done on a cutting from Victim's panties. Subject and the 39 other males that were tested were excluded as possible minor DNA contributors to the mixture. Subject went to a General Courts-Martial on 14Dec12 and charged with three specifications of Article 120, for rape, aggravated sexual assault, and abusive sexual contact, and Article 125, forcible sodomy. Subject was acquitted of all charges and specifications.	
6	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported she had requested assistance from her Command because of feelings of depression and suicide. Victim was referred to US Civilian Subject. Victim reported during their meeting, Subject began attributing her symptoms to sexual tendencies and asked her if she was sexually submissive. At the end of the session, Subject began to ask Victim if she liked oral sex and told her he wanted her to go down on him right now. Victim became scared and attempted to leave the room when Subject got up and approached Victim. Subject reached out with his right hand and grabbed Victim around the throat. Subject spanked lightly and began stroking Victim's neck in a sexual manner. Victim pulled away and Subject squeezed her neck harder, then choked Victim on her neck and crossed the side of her face. A Peer Review hearing was held and conducted which recommended the revocation of Subject's clinical privileges and reporting to the National Board of Health Care Providers. On 12Jul13, BUMED denied Subject's appeal of his revocation of clinical privileges and this decision was reported to the National Healthcare Provider Database on 16Jul13.
7	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																Honorable	On-base offense without alcohol involvement. Local Police Dept reported that USN Subject, a Navy recruiter, was under investigation for the sexual assault of US Civilian Victim. Subject drove Victim home from the recruiting station, when Subject stopped his government van in close proximity of Victim's house, rubbed Victim's shoulders, put his hand up her shirt, and inserted his finger into her vagina. Trial was originally set for 09MAY13, but was subsequently postponed. Due to the additional delays with the criminal case, on 05AUG13 the ADESP board recommended and Subject was administratively separated from the USN with a General Under Honorable Conditions discharge. There is no possibility for appeal. Further judicial action will be conducted under the jurisdiction of the local Police Department and the District Attorney's Office.	
8	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120		YES	YES		YES						YES		Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she had been drinking alcohol with friends in USN Subject's two bedroom apartment and fell asleep on a chair in the living room. Victim awoke to Subject having sex with her on the floor of Subject's bedroom, with no recollection of how she got there. On 05OCT12, Subject was found guilty of violating the Uniform Code of Military Justice Article 120 (aggravated sexual assault), at a trial by General Courts-Martial. Subject received a reduction in grade to E-1, forfeiture of \$1655.00 pay for two months, and restriction to the limits of base for sixty days. Subject is further required to make sex offender notifications per 42 United States Codes Section 14701.
9	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Other Sexual Misconduct Art. 120c		YES	YES		YES							Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she went to a bar with friends to celebrate St. Patrick's Day. Victim indicated she had been drinking alcohol prior to arriving at the bar and drank while at the bar. Victim recalled speaking with USN Subject at the bar but does not remember anything toward the latter part of the evening, specifically after being provided a beer by one of Subject's friends and shortly thereafter entering the bathroom. Victim's friends tried to contact her, but Subject answered Victim's phone and told them where Victim could be found. Victim was located in a side alley, passed out, without pants on. Victim stated her legs and body were sore, as well as having pain in her throat and vaginal area. Case was referred to a General Court-Martial following an Article 32 Hearing. Subsequent case developments precluded the government's ability to prove that the victim was substantially incapacitated, a necessary element of aggravated sexual assault. Subject was ultimately taken to a Summary Court-Martial for violation of Article 120 (Indecent Acts) as the best way to hold him accountable. Subject pled guilty and was sentenced to Reduction in Rate to E-4 and forfeiture 20 pay for one (1) month. Subject also agreed to waive his right to separation board and received an Honorable discharge from the Navy.	
10	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	OCONUS		Foreign National	Male			Navy	E-5	Male	Q1	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim stated that after missing the last train to return to base, he sat down in the train station and does not remember anything until he woke up in a closet, lying on the floor with an unknown male Subject performing oral sex on him. Victim kicked Subject off of him, and noticed his laptop computer, starting other reactions, and cross reacting. Victim indicated that his anus felt sore during the walk back to the train station, but he did not recall any actual penetration. All logical leads did not allow for the identification of the Subject by FN Police. DOD action was precluded and case closed.	
11	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																UOTHC	Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. US Civilian Victim reported socializing with USN Subject most of the day and accompanied him to a cookout (off base). After having a few alcoholic beverages, Subject took Victim back to his on-base residence. Victim reported that she remembered being fully clothed when she last consciousness and when she awoke, she was wearing Subject's T-shirt and her underwear while Subject was standing over her wearing only boxer shorts. Subject was interviewed and stated that he and Victim engaged in consensual sexual activity but not intercourse. Subject was arrested by civilian authorities and placed in a civilian confinement facility. During this time, he was administratively separated from the US Navy and received an Other Than Honorable discharge. Subject pled guilty in civilian criminal court to Making False Statements and was sentenced under First Offender guidelines as follows: 2 years confinement, 3 years probation, 80 hours of community service, and will not have any contact with Victim or her family.
12	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action																Other	Involved but Not Specified	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Subject entered their berthing around 0400 and touched USN Victim's butt and inner thigh while loudly requesting Victim have sex with Subject. A subsequent psychiatric evaluation of Subject determined that Subject had a significant psychiatric diagnosis and based on those findings Subject was medically retired from the US Navy.

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime		
13	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence											UOTHC			At Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol. US Civilian Victim #1 and USN Subject were socializing at Subject's house. Victim #1 started to feel sick due to alcohol and passed down. Subject proceeded to rub Victim #1's back, then buttocks and breast, then digitally penetrated Victim #1's vagina. Victim #1 repeatedly said no and eventually pushed the Subject away and told Subject to leave. Victim #1 made a phone call to Subject where Subject apologized for violating the Victim. USN Victim #2 reported Subject entered her room and put his hand down her underwear. Victim #2 had to tell Subject "stop," "no," and "get out" repeatedly before Subject left. Charges were preferred and sent to an Article 32 hearing. Following the Article 32 hearing and report, the charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence. Subject went to and administrative separation board hearing where he was separated from the USN under other than honorable conditions.	
14	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male	YES		Multiple Services	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Indecent Act (FY08 to 27Jan12) Art. 120	Convicted		Indecent Act (FY08 to 27Jan12) Art. 120	YES		YES	DD							YES	Not Specified		On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USMC Victim #1 reported to the Health Clinic for additional X-rays of her hip. USN Subject was the X-ray technician. Subject advised Victim #1 that she was to be completely nude for the types of X-rays she needed. Victim #1 was not provided any gown and was placed in a frog-like position during the procedure while Subject placed his hand on her stomach in the area of Victim #1's coxites. Victim #1 was kept in this position for approximately 6 minutes while Subject was developing the X-rays. Subject recommended an additional set of X-rays for her hip, which would involve Victim #1 being placed in a kneeling position while Subject would have to digitally penetrate her vagina. Victim #1 was again placed in the kneeling frog-like position in the nude; however, as Subject was about to digitally penetrate her the phone rang. This happened 3-4 times and as a result the procedure was never completed. Numerous screening interviews of Subject's female patients identified DOD Civilian Victim #2 and USN Victims #3-#5 as additional females directed by Subject to be partially or completely nude during their X-rays, making them feel uncomfortable and awkward. On 13Feb13, Subject was found guilty at a General Courts-Martial of violations of UCMJ Article 120, 4 specifications of wrongfully commit indecent conduct with service members and civilians, and Article 80, 2 specifications of attempting to wrongfully commit indecent conduct with another service member. Subject was found not guilty to attempt to commit wrongful sexual contact, indecent conduct with a minor, and assault and battery. Subject was sentenced to 2 years confinement, dishonorable discharge, and reduction in rank to E-1.	
15	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to victim refusing to participate further in the investigation and resulting lack of evidence															Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. DOD Civilian Victim reported that USN Subject came to her residence, she made Subject a gin and tonic drink, and they began to talk. Subject told Victim that he and his wife had an open relationship and he wished to have a sexual relationship with Victim. Victim stated she did not want to have that type of relationship with Subject and asked him to leave. Subject became angry, grabbed Victim by the hair and forced her into a bedroom and pushed her onto a bed. Subject then choked Victim and continued to pull her hair before moving her shorts to the side and digitally penetrated her vagina with his finger. Subject was taken to an Article 32 hearing, after which charges were withdrawn and dismissed due to victim refusing to participate further in the investigation and resulting lack of evidence. Subject was subsequently taken to an administrative separation board; the board found the evidence did not support the basis.
16A	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other					At Subjects and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol. US Civilian Victim reported she met USN Subject #1 and some of his friends (USN Subjects #2 and #3) for the first time at a cafe. Victim stated when she left the cafe she was intoxicated. Victim related while in Subject #1's room, she went in and out of consciousness. Victim reported she was on Subject #1's bed when she realized she was no longer wearing her shorts and underwear and one of the Subjects was behind her engaged in vaginal intercourse with her, as she was performing fellatio on Subject #1. Victim believes two Subjects had sexual intercourse with her and she performed fellatio on all three Subjects, but stated she was not coherent enough to provide consent. Subjects required to undergo an NEC review board and each received a nonpunitive letter of caution and some military instruction. The command has advised it will take no further action.
16B	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other					At Subjects and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol. US Civilian Victim reported she met USN Subject #1 and some of his friends (USN Subjects #2 and #3) for the first time at a cafe. Victim stated when she left the cafe she was intoxicated. Victim related while in Subject #1's room, she went in and out of consciousness. Victim reported she was on Subject #1's bed when she realized she was no longer wearing her shorts and underwear and one of the Subjects was behind her engaged in vaginal intercourse with her, as she was performing fellatio on Subject #1. Victim believes two Subjects had sexual intercourse with her and that she performed fellatio on all three Subjects, but stated she was not coherent enough to provide consent. Subjects required to undergo an NEC review board and each received a nonpunitive letter of caution and some military instruction. The command has advised it will take no further action.
16C	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other					At Subjects and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol. US Civilian Victim reported she met USN Subject #1 and some of his friends (USN Subjects #2 and #3) for the first time at a cafe. Victim stated when she left the cafe she was intoxicated. Victim related while in Subject #1's room, she went in and out of consciousness. Victim reported she was on Subject #1's bed when she realized she was no longer wearing her shorts and underwear and one of the Subjects was behind her engaged in vaginal intercourse with her, as she was performing fellatio on Subject #1. Victim believes two Subjects had sexual intercourse with her and that she performed fellatio on all three Subjects, but stated she was not coherent enough to provide consent. Subjects required to undergo an NEC review board and each received a nonpunitive letter of caution and some military instruction. The command has advised it will take no further action.
17	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120		YES	YES		YES		YES			General			Victim	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim stated she was drinking alcohol with friends at the amble both behind the barracks one evening, and USN Subject, who was not drinking, helped her to lie down to go to sleep. Victim stated she awoke to Subject reaching up her shorts and attempting to touch her genitals. Victim told Subject "no" and pushed his hand away, then fell back to sleep. Victim stated she awoke later as Subject forced her mouth over his erect penis. Victim stopped her, told him to stop, and then went back to sleep, waking up later to find that Subject had positioned her on top of him and inserted his penis into her vagina. Charges were preferred and sent to an Article 32 hearing, following which the Investigating Officer recommended dismissal of the sexual assault charges due to insufficient evidence. On 18Feb12, Subject was received nonpunitive punishment after being found guilty of Article 10 (false statements), Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Assault, Abuse Sexual Contact, and Wrongful Sexual Contact) and Article 125 (Forcible Sodomy) at Captain's Mast. He was awarded 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, forfeiture of pay of \$836.65 for two months, and reduction in rank from E-3 to E-2. Subject was also administratively separated from the Navy with a General discharge.	
18	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to lack of jurisdiction															Victim	On-base offense involving alcohol. US Civilian Victim reported that during the early morning hours she was raped by USN Subject. Victim stated she met Subject thru an online chat room and decided to meet him. Victim stated that she suspects she was slipped a drug because she started going in and out of consciousness during the night. Victim stated at one point Subject was on top of her, vaginally penetrating her with his penis. Victim stated she yelled at Subject to get off, but went unconscious shortly after. Victim stated she awoke in a few hours with vaginal soreness and was still feeling fuzzy. Subject was convicted at Courts-Martial; however, upon appeal to the Navy-Marine Corps Court of Criminal Appeals, the charges were dismissed due to lack of jurisdiction.
19	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male				Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Drunk or reckless operation Art. 111	YES			BCD										At Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol. DOD Civilian Victim reported she and her husband hosted a gathering at their residence. Victim stated she went to sleep in the upstairs of her residence after consuming approximately five (5) drinks. Victim awoke an unknown amount of time later to find USN Subject on top of her digitally penetrating her vagina. Victim stated she pushed and kicked Subject off of her and then passed out again. Victim stated she was awoken again later when Victim's husband came to bed. Victim stated after her husband fell asleep, Subject walked into the bedroom and began rubbing Victim's back, legs and buttocks. Subject then digitally penetrated Victim again. During the course of the investigation, US Civilian Victim #2 and DOD Civilian Victim #3 were identified. On 22Jan13, a General Courts-Martial Subject was found guilty of Articles 111 (Driving While Intoxicated) and 120 (Simple Assault) of the UCMJ and not guilty for three specifications of Article 120 (Sexual Assault). Subject was awarded 6 months confinement and a bad conduct discharge.
20	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Acquitted															Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim was invited to a room to drink and socialize while on liberty. Victim drank too much and passed out on the couch. When Victim woke up the next morning, she was in USN Subject's bed, naked. Victim reported to have experienced pain, soreness and bleeding in her vaginal area. Victim made a restricted report that was later moved to an unrestricted report. Subject provided a sworn statement admitting to removing Victim's clothing while she was substantially impaired and stated that Victim passed out two to three times while he was having sexual intercourse with her. Subject was charged at a General Courts-martial with UCMJ Articles 120, aggravated sexual assault, and 107, false official statement, and was acquitted of both charges.	
21	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Army	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Adultery Art. 134-2	YES		YES			YES							Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USA Victim provided a sworn statement indicating at the end of her shift, USN Subject picked her up to celebrate his pending transfer. During the course of the night, Victim rode with Subject to three different nightclubs and consumed approximately 4-5 Long Island Ice Tea drinks. Victim recalled Subject having at least one drink during the night and that she was dancing and kissing Subject on the lower half of the third nightclub. Victim recalled recalling a hotel maid, recalled standing on top of Subject. Victim stated she did not consent to sexual intercourse with Subject. In a Special Court-Martial, Subject pled guilty to a lesser charge of Adultery. The charge of Article 120, wrongful sexual contact, was withdrawn without prejudice. Subject was sentenced to 45 days confinement and hard labor, and reduced to E-3.	
22	Rape Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence															Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she was the duty driver for the night and was at the bar to transport service members from the bar to their barracks. While waiting for service members to exit the bar, USN Subject entered the duty van alone and Victim proceeded to take Subject to his living quarters. While in the vehicle, Subject proceeded to rub Victim's butt and placed his hands on her thighs. Victim's pants and began to digitally penetrate Victim's vagina with his fingers against her will. The Article 32 hearing resulted in charges not being referred to court-martial due to insufficient evidence.
23	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	O-4	Multiple Victims - Male				Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Fraternization Art. 134-23	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Fraternization Art. 134-23									UOTHC				Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim advised he sought guidance from USN Subject when Subject grabbed Victim in the control area while both were asleep. Victim reported Subject placed his hand in the lower part of Victim's back and allowed his hand to brush down Victim's buttocks. Subject went to Admiral's Mast and was found guilty of UCMJ Article 92, Fraternization and Sexual Harassment, and Article 133, Conduct Unbecoming an Officer. Subject agreed to an Other Than Honorable (OTH) discharge following his request to resign.	

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime		
24A	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Indecent Act (FY08 to 27Jan12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Investigation Officer proceeding over the Article 32 hearing recommended charges be dismissed due to insufficient evidence to prosecute.														At Subjects and Victims	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that she had attended a party at the residence of a co-worker on the previous night. Victim stated she drank to the point of intoxication and was taken to an upstairs bedroom by a female service member. Victim stated she awoke to an unknown male USN Subject #1 having sexual intercourse with her when she heard a female enter the room. Victim stated she believed there was a second unidentified male (US Civilian Subject #2) in the room. Subject #2 stated he had sexual intercourse with Victim after Subject #1 had sexual intercourse with Victim. A witness reported that she walked in on Subject #2 having missionary sex with Victim and USN Subject #3 was on the bed next to them. Subject #3 later told witnesses that she gave cunnilingus to Victim. Subsequent to interviewing Subject #3 admitted to the sexual assault of Victim. Subjects #1 and #3 were charged and an Article 32 hearing held. As a result of the Investigating Officer's finding and recommendation that there was insufficient evidence to go forward, the charges were dismissed. The state's attorney's office has declined prosecution of Subject #2.	
24B	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	At Subjects and Victims	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that she had attended a party at the residence of a co-worker on the previous night. Victim stated she drank to the point of intoxication and was taken to an upstairs bedroom by a female service member. Victim stated she awoke to an unknown male USN Subject #1 having sexual intercourse with her when she heard a female enter the room. Victim stated she believed there was a second unidentified male (US Civilian Subject #2) in the room. Subject #2 stated he had sexual intercourse with Victim after Subject #1 had sexual intercourse with Victim. A witness reported that she walked in on Subject #2 having missionary sex with Victim and USN Subject #3 was on the bed next to them. Subject #3 later told witnesses that she gave cunnilingus to Victim. Subsequent to interviewing Subject #3 admitted to the sexual assault of Victim. Subjects #1 and #3 were charged and an Article 32 hearing held. As a result of the Investigating Officer's finding and recommendation that there was insufficient evidence to go forward, the charges were dismissed. The state's attorney's office has declined prosecution of Subject #2.	
24C	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence.														At Subjects and Victims	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that she had attended a party at the residence of a co-worker on the previous night. Victim stated she drank to the point of intoxication and was taken to an upstairs bedroom by a female service member. Victim stated she awoke to an unknown male USN Subject #1 having sexual intercourse with her when she heard a female enter the room. Victim stated she believed there was a second unidentified male (US Civilian Subject #2) in the room. Subject #2 stated he had sexual intercourse with Victim after Subject #1 had sexual intercourse with Victim. A witness reported that she walked in on Subject #2 having missionary sex with Victim and USN Subject #3 was on the bed next to them. Subject #3 later told witnesses that she gave cunnilingus to Victim. Subsequent to interviewing Subject #3 admitted to the sexual assault of Victim. Subjects #1 and #3 were charged and an Article 32 hearing held. As a result of the Investigating Officer's finding and recommendation that there was insufficient evidence to go forward, the charges were dismissed. The state's attorney's office has declined prosecution of Subject #2.	
25	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions														Other			At Subjects and Victims	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that she hung out in the barracks lounge with several USMC members and USN members. Victim stated she consumed alcohol, backed out, and had sex with two unknown males. Victim stated she has heard rumors of pictures from that night of the sexual acts. Victim stated she has not seen the pictures and does not remember the sexual acts or the males she allegedly had sex with. Victim believed these males took advantage of her drunken state. The command determined there was insufficient evidence of an offense, and therefore, no judicial and/or administrative action would be taken against USN Subject #1 due to insufficient evidence. USMC Subject #2 was subsequently issued administrative counseling for "Unprofessional Conduct" by Command.	
26	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			US Civilian	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted			Assault Art. 128	YES		YES	YES									UOHC	Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. US Civilian Victim disclosed that she was at a going away party for USN Subject #1 at her residence. Victim stated she had some alcoholic beverages and was very intoxicated as a result. Victim went to sleep on the lowest in Subject's residence and was awakened by Subject #1 digitally penetrating her and masturbating. Subject was interrogated and stated he was very intoxicated and does not remember much about the night. Subject denied digitally penetrating Victim. Subject was convicted in a General Court-Martial of Article 128, Assault consummated by a battery, and awarded 85 days confinement, reduction to the paygrade of E-3, and 60 days restriction. Following his conviction, he was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable Discharge.
27	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	O-1	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Indecent Act (FY08 to 27Jan12) Art. 120	Convicted		Indecent Act (FY08 to 27Jan12) Art. 120	YES	YES	Dismissal								YES		Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense. USN Victim, after returning from liberty in the early morning hour, she encountered USN Subject #1 in the passageway of the ship and agreed to accompany him to a private location for 10-15 minutes in order for them to both consume leftover alcohol from their liberty excursions. Victim and Subject consensually kissed for several seconds. Subject proceeded to lift Victim's shirt, kiss her bare breasts and shortly after, placed his hand inside of her pants and attempted to touch her vaginal area. Subject was interviewed and denied the allegation, further stating he did not see or talk to Victim on that date nor has he ever had any sort of contact with Victim. On 19DEC12, Subject went to a General Court-Martial. Subject was found guilty of violation of UCMJ Articles 80, 92 and 120 (Indecent Act). Subject was sentenced to 3 months confinement, total forfeiture for three months, and dismissal from the USN.	
28	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Air Force	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action														LOR			Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim stated she and another command member, were on temporary duty for a training. They met USN Subject at the conference. After spending an evening out, Victim's fellow command member became intoxicated and went to Subject's hotel room to sleep. Victim was going to sleep on the floor, but Subject physically placed her on the bed with him and her fellow command member. Victim awoke to Subject rubbing her vaginal area with his hand over her clothing. Both Victim and Subject had consumed alcohol earlier in the evening. Other adverse administrative actions were taken against Subject. He received a Letter of Reprimand (LOR), Unfavorable Information File (UFI), Control Roster (CR), as well as a loss of line promotion to MSG.	
29	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES	YES	BCD										Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported to command that she was sexually assaulted by USN Subject. Victim reported that Subject asked her to talk with him in the Battery Locker, where he then began groping with her. Subject had her neck, placed his hands on her neck, strapped her, and forcibly had sexual intercourse with her against her will. On 07DEC12, Following a plea agreement, Subject went to Special Court-Martial and was convicted of assault and battery and failure to obey an order or regulation. Subject received 345 days of confinement, a fine of \$7,500.00, reduction in rank to E-1, and received a Bad Conduct Discharge.
30	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			US Civilian	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Administrative Discharge															General			Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. This investigation was initiated upon receipt of information that a NROTC Seaman-to-Admiral 21 (STA-21) program student, had been accused of sexual assault by a female acquaintance. Victim signed a sworn statement stating Subject sodomized her. Subsequently, Subject waived his right to an administrative separation board in exchange for a general discharge.	
31	Rape Art. 120	Afghanistan	Army	E-6	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. During an interview in conjunction with a separate investigation, USN member disclosed that her battle buddy, USN Victim, was sexually assaulted by USA Subject, her co-worker. On 03Jun13, Victim was contacted regarding her sexual assault. Victim provided she did not wish to cooperate with this investigation or provide a statement regarding the details of her sexual assault and just wished to move on. Due to lack of any investigative leads this investigation is closed.
32	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-9	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92			YES		YES											Not Specified	On-Base offense. During the course of a Command investigation, USN Subject was accused of Sexual Assault by two (2) USN Service Members. Victim 1 was standing watch onboard ship when Subject touched her buttocks with both his hands without her consent. Victim1 also reported she was standing duty when Subject again touched her buttocks with one of his hands without her consent. Victim2 stated that at various times during the year of 2011 Subject touched her buttocks without her consent. Subject was initially charged with Art 92 (Fratricination) and Art 120 (Wrongful Sexual Contact). Pursuant to a plea agreement, Subject pled guilty to UCMJ Article 92 (Fratricination) and Article 128 (Assault consummated by a battery) and will serve 800 days in confinement and reduction to E-8.
33	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-6	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions														Other			Victim	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim, Victim's husband, USN Subject and two other friends attended a concert together. Following the concert, the group returned to the bar hotel. Victim reported her husband and two friends went outside to smoke leaving her alone in the room with Subject. Victim recalled talking to Subject briefly before passing out on a sofa due to alcohol intoxication. Victim later awoke to find her pants had been removed. The following day, Victim spoke with Subject who confessed to performing oral sex on her and having sexual intercourse with her. Victim stated that she did not consent to any sexual activity with Subject and does not recall being a participant in any of the sexual acts which Subject confessed to. Subject received a Non-punitive Letter of Caution for Adultery as a result of this case.	
34	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-7	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES		YES											Not Specified	On-Base offense. USN Victim #1 reported that USN Subject had been making sexual advances to her. Victim reported that Subject grabbed Victim's left breast over the clothing while she was typing on a computer. Victim also reported Subject grabbed her left breast twice over the clothing and exposed his penis to her on a different date. Two (2) additional USN Victims were identified during the investigation. On 25Apr13, Subject pled guilty to violating multiple specifications of UCMJ, Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order or Regulation). Subject was reduced one grade and sentenced to confinement for twenty nine (29) days.
35	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-7	Female			Navy	E-6	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92			YES							LOR			Victim	Offense occurring at unknown location involving alcohol. Investigation initiated after USN Victim voluntarily elected to change her report to an unclassified status and provided a signed, sworn statement. Victim reported that she had nonconsensual sexual intercourse with USN Subject at his apartment. Victim reported she could not have consented due to her high level of intoxication and vague recollection of the incident. Subject was charged with violation of Article 92 and taken to an NJP. On 14AUG12, Commanding Officer issued Subject a written reprimand and forfeited half of his pay for two months for the lesser violation of Article 92 (Failure to Obey and Order and Fraternization).	

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Committed	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Disciplinary Types	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
36A	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial/Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Acquitted														Victim	On-Base offense involving alcohol. DOD Civilian Victim reported that she was attending USN Subject #1's wife's 21st birthday party. Victim reported consumption of alcoholic beverages that were prepared by Subject #1. Later that evening, Victim became tired and went to the upstairs bedroom to sleep. Victim stated that she was intoxicated and had taken prescription medication which also caused her to become impaired. After falling asleep, Victim woke up to Subject #1 having sex with her. Victim stated that when she attempted to get away, Subject #1 put his forearm over her face and continued to have sex with her. During investigation, USN Subject #2 was identified and admitted to sexual contact with Victim. On 10Jul12, Subject #2 was found guilty at a Special Courts-Martial for violation of UCMJ Article 120 (Wrongful Sexual Contact) and was adjudged reduction in rate to E-3, forfeiture of 2,870.00 and 60 days of restriction. On 27Sept12, Subject #1 was the subject of a contested General Courts-Martial (GCM) wherein he was found not guilty for violation of Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Assault), Article 120 (Wrongful Sexual Contact), and Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order or Regulation).	
36B	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial/Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120		YES	YES		YES						YES	Victim	On-Base offense involving alcohol. DOD Civilian Victim reported that she was attending USN Subject #1's wife's 21st birthday party. Victim reported consumption of alcoholic beverages that were prepared by Subject #1. Later that evening, Victim became tired and went to the upstairs bedroom to sleep. Victim stated that she was intoxicated and had taken prescription medication which also caused her to become impaired. After falling asleep, Victim woke up to Subject #1 having sex with her. Victim stated that when she attempted to get away, Subject #1 put his forearm over her face and continued to have sex with her. During investigation, USN Subject #2 was identified and admitted to sexual contact with Victim. On 10Jul12, Subject #2 was found guilty at a Special Courts-Martial for violation of UCMJ Article 120 (Wrongful Sexual Contact) and was adjudged reduction in rate to E-3, forfeiture of 2,870.00 and 60 days of restriction. On 27Sept12, Subject #1 was the subject of a contested General Courts-Martial (GCM) wherein he was found not guilty for violation of Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Assault), Article 120 (Wrongful Sexual Contact), and Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order or Regulation).	
37	Rape Art.120	Bahrain	Navy	E-4	Male	YES		Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial/Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		False official statements Art. 107												All Subjects and Victims		Off-Base offense involving alcohol. On 19 Sept of 2010, USN Victim reported she was invited to USN Subject's off base residence to study for an exam. After a short study session, Subject provided alcohol to Victim. Victim became intoxicated at which time Subject forced her to orally copulate him while in his living room. Subsequently, Subject #1 took Victim into the bedroom and raped her. During the rape, Victim reported Subject#1 slapped, scratched, bit, and choked her. Victim also reported that on 23 Sept of 2010, Subject#2 invited her to a tattoo party at his off base residence. Although the planned tattoo party was scheduled to be moved to Subject's flat, Victim agreed to participate, where a group of approximately eleven people convened. After the tattoo party, several people went to a local club where Subject#1 bought Victim numerous alcoholic beverages. Shortly before curfew, Subject#1 assisted Victim in leaving the club due to her high level of intoxication. Subject#1 and Subject#2 drove Victim to Subject #1's flat, gave her more alcohol before moving her to a substantially smaller club. Subject#1 vaginally penetrated Victim, including covering her mouth with his hand while she screamed and choked her. During Subject's vaginal penetration of Victim, Subject#2 orally sodomized her. Victim reported her allegations of sexual assault as it pertains to Subject #1. Subject #1 was charged with violating UCMJ Articles 107 for false official statement, Article 120 (aggravated sexual assault, abusive sexual contact, indecent act, and wrongful sexual contact), and Article 134, obstruction of justice and communicating a threat; he was acquitted of all charges except Article 107, false official statement.
38	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial/Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Acquitted														Victim	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that she was raped by USN Subject while passed out from intoxication. The assault occurred in a hotel room during a port visit. Another USN service member told Victim he woke up earlier in the morning and saw Victim and Subject having sex. Victim stated she was intoxicated from drinking alcohol the night prior and was passed out. Subject was taken to General Courts-Martial and charged with violating in specifications of Article 120 (Engaging in a sexual act with another service member who was substantially incapacitated and Engaging in a sexual act with another service member who was substantially incapable of deciding participation) and was acquitted of both specifications.	
39	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial/Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	Convicted		Indecent Act (FY08 to 27Jan12) Art. 120	YES			BCD								Both Victim and Subject		Off-Base offense involving alcohol. US Civilian Victim reported to the local Police Department that she was sexually assaulted as a party. Victim reported she went to a New Years Eve Party with her boyfriend, a USN member, and a US Civilian friend. The party was hosted by USN Subject. Victim consumed multiple alcoholic beverages and fell asleep on a couch at the residence. Victim awoke at approximately 0500 hours to Subject lying on top of her and Victim's pants and underwear were pulled down to her feet. Subject placed his hand over Victim's mouth and forcibly had vaginal and anal intercourse with her. Victim was unable to breathe and may have lost consciousness during the assault. Subject was interviewed wherein he stated he had consensual sex with Victim. The State Attorney's Office declined prosecution. On 22Mar13, at a Special Courts-Martial, Subject entered a guilty plea for one specification of UCMJ, Article 120, indecent conduct, and received 110 days confinement and a Bad Conduct Discharge from the USN.
40	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Coast Guard	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120									Other			Not Specified		On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USDCO Victim reported after meeting USN Subject for the first time on a dating site, she went to his BEO barracks room. Victim's friend and Subject's friend were also in the barracks room with Victim. During the evening, Victim and Subject's friends exited the room, at which point Subject grabbed Victim and threw her onto his bed. Subject started kissing Victim on her neck, was touching her breasts and attempted to remove her pants and shirt. Subject had her arms pinned to her side during the assault. Victim told Subject to stop and once she was able to free her hands, Victim was able to push Subject off of her. Victim quickly left barracks room, but her friend insisted they stay longer, returning to Subject's room. While in the room, Subject pulled the pants down to his mid-thigh, and exposed his penis to Victim. Victim stated Subject would continue to rub on her thighs, and try to kiss her. Victim stated she told Subject to stop. Subject received Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) and was verbally counseled regarding appropriate behavior with females.
41	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial/Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	DO							YES	Both Victim and Subject		Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim became intoxicated at a party and needed assistance from her friends, USN member, and USN Subject to walk back to her residence which was in close proximity. Once Victim arrived home, she wanted to take a shower. Victim's friend and Subject got Victim out of the shower, dressed, and in bed. Victim's friend went to sleep in a spare room and Subject laid down next to Victim. Victim awoke without any clothes on and Subject on top of her vaginally penetrating her. Victim began crying and Subject removed himself from her. Subject went to a General Courts-Martial and was found guilty of one violation of Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Assault) and one violation of Article 134 (Adultery). UCMJ. He was adjudged sixty days confinement, reduction to the pay grade of E-1, forfeiture of all pay and allowances, and a dishonorable discharge.
42	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	O-2	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial/Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES			Dismissal							YES	All Subjects and Victims		Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim #1 provided a sworn statement reporting she was sexually assaulted by USN Subject. Victim reported at a command function she became very intoxicated. Victim #1 stated she slept that night in a bed along with USN Victim #2 and Subject. Victim #1 stated she recalled a hand touching her stomach and beneath her underwear. Victim #2 provided a sworn statement reporting she was sexually assaulted by Subject. Victim #2 stated, on 18Dec11, after a command function she slept in a bed with Victim #1 and Subject. Victim #2 stated she awoke during the night and discovered Subject digitally penetrating her vagina. A General Court-Martial was convened and found Subject guilty of violations of Article 120 (aggravated sexual assault) of the UCMJ. Subject was awarded five (5) months confinement and dismissal from the Naval service.
43	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-7	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial/Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	YES		YES	DO							YES	Victim		On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim #1 reported that he was given an IV containing Phenergan for the flu by USN Subject. Victim #1 reported he awoke to Subject conducting relations on him. Victim #1 also reported that Subject confided that he had conducted relations on USN Victim #2 while he was passed out from drinking. On 23Oct12, Subject was convicted at a General Court-Martial (GCM) on multiple charges including UCMJ Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Contact, Abusive Sexual Contact, and Wrongful Sexual Contact), Article 93 (Cruelty and Maltreatment), and Article 92 (Sexual Harassment and Fraternization). Subject was awarded 14 years confinement, reduction in grade to E-1, and a Dishonorable Discharge.
44	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS			Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject		Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she went out to a bar to meet up with a fellow program. Victim stated that she consumed two alcoholic beverages while at the bar. Victim eventually went to another bar. Victim stated that one of her friends friend, US Civilian Subject, gave them a ride back to his residence. Victim and her friend got into an argument while at Subject's residence and Victim's friend reported Subject's residence in a cab. Subject suggested Victim spend the night at his residence and that he would provide her with a ride home in the morning. Victim stated that a few hours after she had laid in the guest bedroom, she was awakened by Subject putting his hands down her pants and touching her vagina. Victim stated she rolled away and Subject left the room. Victim stated she then gathered her belongings and left Subject's residence. On 30Jan13 County Prosecutor's Office declined to prosecute citing lack of supporting evidence.
45	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS			Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject		Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported US Civilian Subject was driving her to base after a night of drinking at local nightclubs. During the drive, Subject advised Victim he performed oral copulation on her while she was intoxicated at his residence the previous night. Victim stated she had no recollection of a consensual sexual encounter with Subject. Subject was interrogated and admitted performing oral copulation on Victim, but advised he did not perceive Victim to be incapacitated at the time. On 05Oct12, the office of the State Attorney reported based upon the facts and circumstances of the case and the evidence available, they declined to pursue charges against Subject related to this investigation.
46	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other					Off-Base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported she was digitally penetrated and subsequently raped by USN Subject while walking to base from an I-Hop. Victim stated she was walking with Subject when he pulled her aside and put his hand down her pants and digitally penetrated her without her consent. Victim related she pulled away from Subject and informed him to stop which he initially did. Victim explained they walked a little farther down the street when Subject pulled her between two unknown buildings and raped her by penetrating her vaginally with his penis. Subject was interrogated and admitted to digitally penetrating Victim with his finger and engaging in sexual intercourse with her. Subject advised Victim did not verbally consent to the activity, but described Victim as engaging in the consensual activity. Victim stated that she no longer wanted to cooperate in the investigation, and therefore, in conjunction with the Region Legal Service Office recommendation against prosecution following the victim's decision not to cooperate, the command decided not to pursue charges but issued Subject a non-positive letter of caution.

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
47	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-7	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES	YES	YES	DD						YES	Not Specified	On-Base offense. This investigation was initiated following notification that multiple USN female service members had come forward with reports of wrongful sexual contact against USN Subject. USN Victim related multiple instances of Subject striking them on the buttocks, brushing against their buttocks with his groin, calling them by demeaning names, and asking them inappropriate questions of a sexual nature. Many of these incidents occurred during the work day aboard ship. Victim #1 also related one instance wherein Subject grabbed her inner thigh over clothing near her crotch and kicked her until she kicked Subject. Victim #4 stated she accepted a ride from Subject after a softball game and during the ride, Subject pinched the nipple area of her breast. Victim #5 indicated Subject touched her breasts, and rubbed her buttocks without her consent while working aboard the ship. Victim #6 reported that during the same occasion, Subject approached her from behind, undressed her coveralls, and proceeded to touch her breasts and her vaginal area over her bra and panties without consent. On 01AUG13 a General Courts-Martial (GCM) for Subject was convened wherein Subject pleaded guilty pursuant to a pretrial agreement to violations of Articles 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation), 120 (wrongful sexual contact), and 128 (Assault) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). The adjudged sentence received by Subject was: Dishonorable Discharge (DD), 24 months confinement, reduction to E-1 suspended for (6) six months, and a \$2,000 fine.
48	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Male	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES				YES						Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim was at USN Subject's house drinking when Victim passed out and woke up to Subject performing oral sex on him. On 31Jan12, Victim made the decision not to participate in the investigation. Following the pretrial of charges an Article 32 hearing was conducted and the charges for a violation of UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation) and Article 120 (sexual misconduct) were disposed of at non-judicial punishment. Subject was awarded forfeitures of half monthly pay for one month and 60 days restriction.
49	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Acquitted													Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim left the Messge Bar at approximately 2000 and proceeded to USMC Subject's barracks room. Victim woke up the next day wearing only the shirt she had on the previous night. Victim could not remember anything from the point where she entered Subject's room until she awoke the following morning. On 29Apr13, a GCM was held against Subject for UCMJ Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Assault) violation. Subject was acquitted of all charges.	
50	Rape Art.120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Not Specified	Off-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported on 20Nov11 at her residence she was raped by an acquaintance, US Civilian Subject. Victim stated she would be willing to provide a sworn statement and participate fully in the investigation and prosecution of Subject. Local PD submitted the investigation to District Attorney's office for prosecutorial review. Subsequently, they declined to prosecute due to insufficient evidence.	
51	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported her rape to her supervisor that while at her residence she was raped by a co-worker, DCO Civilian Subject. Victim stated she passed out from excessive consumption of alcohol and awoke to find Subject on top of her having sexual intercourse with her in her bedroom. Subject was indicted for the rape of Victim by a Grand Jury. Subject was re-interviewed and admitted to raping Victim. Subject has been indefinitely suspended by U.S. Naval Hospital. Chief Assistant District Attorney dropped all charges against Subject.	
52	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	O-3	Male			Navy	O-1	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES				Dismissal						YES	Not Specified	Off-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported that she was sexually assaulted by USN Subject while on liberty. Victim and Subject went to a movie and dinner, after which Subject digitally penetrated her vagina without her consent. Subject was interviewed and denied he engaged in any sexual contact with Victim. In a trial by General Court-Martial, Subject was found guilty of violations of Article 92, Intercourse, and Article 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice, wrongful sexual contact, and sentenced to one year of confinement and demotion from the Naval Service.
53	Rape Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Investigating Officer recommended against referral. Covering Authority referred to SA-DA for disposition and dismissal.												Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Subject reported that USN Victim has alleged that he raped her. Subject was on Facebook and discovered this information via a post on Victim's Facebook wall. Victim reported that she was at Subject apartment and had consumed approximately four cups of a 500ml alcoholic beverage. Victim stated that she spent the night at Subject residence due to the fact that she was too intoxicated to drive back to base. Victim stated that she was awakened by Subject's hands on her vagina with his penis. Victim stated that once she was awake she pushed Subject off of her and told him to stop. Charges were preferred and Subject taken to an Article 32 hearing. Investigating Officer recommended against referral. The SA-DA returned the charges to the CO for disposition, and the CO dismissed all charges.	
54	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed													Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported she had been raped by USN Subject. Although charges were initially preferred, they were withdrawn and dismissed without prejudice at the direction of the convening authority prior to an Article 32 hearing due to insufficient corroborating evidence.	
55	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															Not Specified	Off-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim provided a sworn statement reporting that she was spending the night at an off-base residence when she was sexually assaulted by USN Subject. Victim reported that while she was asleep on her friend's couch, Subject repeatedly kissed her neck while touching her stomach underneath her shirt and rubbing her vagina in a sexual manner on the outside of her pants. While the case was being investigated, Subject was administratively discharged from the USN. The civilian Attorney's Office declined prosecution based on lack of evidence.	
56	Rape Art.120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	Cadet/Midshipman	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Not Specified	On-Base offense without alcohol involvement. In March, 2012, USN Victim reported that in February of 2012, that she was in her dorm room watching a movie when US Civilian Subject came to her room and asked to talk because he was upset his girlfriend had kissed another guy. Subject kissed her and they started "making out" before she told Subject she felt uncomfortable and that he should leave. Subject asked Victim if it would be okay if they had sex. Victim replied no. Subject began to kiss Victim and tried to place his hand under her shorts and she knocked his hand away and told him to stop, but Subject pulled her shorts and underwear down and removed her shirt and rubbed her vagina in a sexual manner on the outside of her pants. Victim stated she did not consume any alcohol. The command determined no action would be taken against Subject, as he is no longer subject to the UCMJ. Assistant United States Attorney declined to pursue this case.	
57	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		False official statements Art. 107	YES	YES	YES	YES	BCD					YES	Both Victim and Subject	Offense at unknown location involving alcohol. USN Victim reported he was sexually assaulted by USN Subject when Subject grabbed Victim's penis through his clothing several times without his permission. In addition, Subject exposed his penis to Victim. Charges were preferred and Subject received a trial by General Court-Martial. Subject was found guilty of violations of the Uniform Code of Military Justice Article 120 (Sexual Assault), wrongful sexual contact and indecent exposure), one count of Article 107 (False Official Statement), and one count of Article 92 (Violating an Official Order). Subject was sentenced to 10 months confinement, reduction in rank to E-1, a Bad Conduct Discharge, and forfeiture of all pay and allowances.	
58	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120		YES	YES	YES	YES	YES			UOTHC		Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim disclosed during a counseling session she was raped by USN Subject at her temporary residence. Victim reported the assault occurred after she was out drinking alcoholic beverages with Subject and other command members. Victim was incapacitated as a result of drinking and recalled being physically assisted to her bed, fully clothed. Victim reported waking up without clothing and finding Subject in bed with her, also without clothing. Victim advised Region Legal Service Office (RLSO) Trial Counsel she declined to participate any further in this investigation and trial. As a result, Command elected to not prefer charges against Subject. Subject was given Non-Judicial Punishment for violations of UCMJ Articles 92 (Failure to Obey a Lawful Order or Regulation), Article 107 (False Official Statement) and Article 120 (Wrongful Sexual Contact). Subject was awarded 45 days restriction, given extra duty for 45 days, ordered to forfeit 1/2 pay for two months, and was reduced to an E-2. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.	
59	Rape Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment	Probable cause was found only for a non-sexual assault offense	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92										UOTHC		Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported that on the morning of 14Mar12, inside the Mess facility, USN Subject put a hand down Victim's pants and underwear, and then rubbed her vagina without penetration. Afterwards, Subject removed her pants from her underwear and inserted it into Victim's mouth while she knelt in front of him. Subject did not use physical force against Victim, but stated in front of the CO, blocking Victim's charges were preferred and sent to an Article 32 hearing, wherein the Investigating Officer recommended that Subject should be disciplined via Captain's Mast for violations of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ), Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order or Regulation). Following Subject's nonjudicial punishment the command administratively separated the Subject under other than honorable conditions.
60	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES		YES	BCD					YES	Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that USN Subject removed her clothing and touched her vaginal area with his mouth, hands, and penis without her consent during the early morning hours inside her off-base apartment. Victim related she was asleep in her room when the assault began, and Subject was spending the night in her living room. Victim reported she was in and out of consciousness and was unable to stop or resist the assault due to overconsumption of alcohol. On 13Dec12, Subject was found guilty of violations of the Uniform Code of Military Justice Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Assault) at General Court-Martial. Subject was awarded a Bad Conduct Discharge, confinement for 54 months, and reduction in rate to E-1.		
61	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Acquitted														Not Specified	Off-Base offense. This investigation was initiated following notification that USN Victim was sexually assaulted by USN Subject at an unknown residence. Victim was unwilling to provide a statement or further information. Investigation was heard at an Article 32 Hearing in which the Investigating Official recommended a General Court-Martial. On 26JUN13, Subject was found not guilty of the violation of Article 120 (Rape) and Article 107 (False Official Statement) during a General Court-Martial.
62	Rape Art.120	Afghanistan	Foreign National	Male				Navy	E-5	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Offense occurring at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Reserve Victim disclosed she was sexually assaulted during her 2010-2011 mobilization and deployment to Kandahar, Afghanistan. During her unit's reserve drill weekend, Victim told three medical officers that a Romanian National raped her. Victim stated she had not been drinking, but felt as though she may have been drugged. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DOD action was precluded and the case was closed.
63	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Discharge or Reassignment in Lieu of Court-Martial												UOTHC		Not Specified	On-Base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim was interviewed and stated for the past two (2) years USN Subject has been sexually harassing her. Victim reported she went to Subject's office to inquire about some training she needed. When Victim started to leave, Subject forcefully grabbed her buttocks and pulled her back into his office. Victim stated when Subject pulled her back into his office he pulled her so close that her hands were pinned to his chest and she could not move them. Subject then proceeded to use his hands to grope and grab Victim's buttocks again. Charges were preferred however, Subject's case was disposed of by Separation in Lieu of Trial (SIL) due to the status of Subject's current EADOS, and Subject received an other than honorable discharge.

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN														Punishments										Administrative Actions					
No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
64	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	O-4	Male			Navy	E-5	Male	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment		Fraternization Art. 134-23										Honorable		Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. Command initiated an investigation into allegations of misconduct by USN Subject. USN Victim reported he was sexually assaulted by Subject at Subject's off base residence. After arriving at Subject's house, Subject began to pressure Victim into trying on a Scottish kilt, which he ultimately agreed to do. Soon after trying on the kilt, Subject talked Victim into taking off his underwear because under garments are not worn with a kilt. Victim complied. While Victim's back was turned, Subject held Victim's head against the closet wall, reached under the kilt, and grabbed Victim's penis. Victim reported feeling Subject's erect penis against his buttocks. Victim believed he turned around and pushed Subject away. Charges against Subject were dismissed and his accused misconduct was disposed of at Commanding General's non-judicial punishment (NJP). Subject accepted NJP for violating UCMJ Article 134 - Fraternization and Article 133 - Conduct Unbecoming an Officer and Gentleman. Subject accepted retirement in the pay grade O-3/Leutenant in lieu of further processing for administrative separation for cause. Subject received an Honorable characterization of discharge.
65	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-8	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		False official statements Art. 107	YES	YES	YES									Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported USN Subject invited her to his room to have a beer. While in Subject's room, Subject pulled down Victim's shirt and bra and began to kiss and grab her breasts without the consent of Victim. Subject stood in front of Victim and placed his penis in Victim's face. Victim refused to perform oral sex on Subject. Prior to Victim exiting the room, Subject pushed Victim up and placed her on his bed and proceeded to kiss Victim. Subject was interrogated and admitted to exposing his penis and making sexual advances to Victim. A Special Court-Martial was held for Subject. Subject was found guilty of violation of Uniform Code of Military Justice Article 92 (Failure to obey orders), Article 107 (False official statements), and Article 134 (Obstructing justice). Subject was sentenced to 89 days confinement, reduction in rank to E-6, and forfeiture of 203 pay while confined.
66	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-5	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she was sexually assaulted in Garmisch, Germany when she took her rest and recuperation (RAR) leave. Victim reportedly met US Civilian Subject, whom lives in Germany. One Saturday, Victim and Subject socialized and alcohol was consumed. Victim reported she blacked out, and awoke naked and covered with feces the following morning in her hotel room. Victim reported she had no recollection of engaging in sexual relations with Subject. Prosecution of this case was declined by the US Attorney's Office.
67	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed														Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim was interviewed and identified USN Subject as sexually assaulting her. Victim stated while the two were in the portside cabook, Subject stuck his hand down her pants and underwear and touched her vagina. Victim stated Subject requested the follow-up to his bedding after the non-consensual touching. Subject denied ever touching Victim's vagina. Subject stated hugging Victim was the extent of the physical touching. Following testimony at Captain's Mast from Subject and Victim, considerations for punitive action against Subject for the allegations of the sexual assault of Victim were dismissed.
68	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120			YES		YES	YES					UOTHC		On-Base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported USN Subject sexually assaulted her while they were swimming off base. Victim reported while in the water with Subject, who was helping her learn how to ride on a "boogie board", she felt Subject's erect penis brush against her buttocks, but did not react as she assumed it was accidental. Victim reported Subject then pushed his erect penis against her buttocks four (4) to five (5) more times, although she pushed him away each time. Victim stated Subject's sexual contact with her body became more aggressive each time, the last one being accompanied by his hands fondling her genital area over the clothing. Victim advised Subject later sent her a text message on her telephone apologizing for his sexually aggressive behavior. Subject was tried and found guilty at Special Courts-Martial for violations of Article 120 of the UCMJ for the wrongful Sexual Contact of Victim. Subject was awarded 60 days of Hard Labor w/out confinement, 60 days Restriction, and Reduction in Grade to E-1. Subject was subsequently administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.
69	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	O-1	Male			Coast Guard	O-2	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Rape Art.120	YES			Dismissal							YES	Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USCG Victim reported during a party at her previous home she drank two (2) beers, but was not intoxicated. Victim reported USN Subject was intoxicated and attempted to initiate a sexual relationship with her several times at the party. Subject became intoxicated to the point in which he went to sleep in the den area of the residence. Victim stated Subject later asked her to come into the room to him she was sleeping in because he wanted to show her something. Victim entered the room and Subject threw her to the ground and began to kiss her. Victim reported she was physically overpowered by Subject and her hands were pinned over her head and her legs were forced apart. Subject removed Victim's panties and inserted his penis inside of her vagina. Subject contacted his case at a General Courts-Martial and was found guilty of violating Article 120 (a) Forcible Rape, and subsequently dismissed from the United States Navy and sentenced to four (4) years confinement.
70	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																Victim	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported to Local PD that she had become intoxicated at a residence and lost consciousness on a couch. Victim was awoken by acquaintances who claimed they interrupted USN Subject, who was not wearing pants, attempting to remove Victim's pants. Subject was ejected from the residence. Local PD arrested Subject for attempted rape. The case was tried in the Circuit Court, wherein all charges against Subject were dismissed. As a result of the dismissal and the decision of Subject's command not to pursue any further administrative or judicial action, this investigation is closed.
71	Rape Art.120	OCONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	DD							YES	Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim, who had previously reported this as a restricted sexual assault, had decided to make the report unrestricted. Victim reported she went out to the bar area of Yokosuka City, with several friends and co-workers and consumed approximately eight beers causing her to have lapses in her memory, so she decided to go home. Victim reported USN Subject took a cab home with her and she let him sleep on the couch. Victim later awoke to the physical sensation of someone performing oral sex on her and realized her shorts and underwear had been removed while she was passed out. Victim pushed Subject's head to stop them, and Subject came up from under the covers and got on top of her. Subject forcibly penetrated Victim's vagina with his penis despite her protests. Subject was found guilty of violating Article 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (Abusive Sexual Contact). The General Court-Martial Military Judge sentenced Subject to a Dishonorable Discharge, reduction in rate to E-1, total forfeiture of pay and allowances, \$50,000 fine and four years confinement.
72	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Assault Art. 128	YES		YES	BCD								Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. DOD Civilian Victim reported she was sexually assaulted at her residence by USN Subject. Victim did not want law enforcement involvement. Subject was interviewed and admitted touching Victim's breast and using her hand to masturbate himself while she was unconscious. Subject pled guilty at a Special Courts-Martial to two violations of Article 128 (Assault) of the UCMJ. Per a plea agreement, Subject was sentenced to six months confinement, reduction to E-1, and a Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD).
73	Indecent Assault (Prior to FY08) Art. 134	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	O-4	Male	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	On-Base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported he was assaulted by a Navy Chaplain (US Civilian Subject) in the mid-1990's. Victim disclosed he went to the Chaplain's office for grief counseling after the passing of his grandfather. Victim met with Subject and Subject directed Victim to close his eyes, extend his arms and repeat the Our Father prayer. While Victim's eyes were closed, Subject grabbed the back of Victim's head and pressed his groin into Victim's face. Victim reported he felt Subject's erect penis under his clothing. Victim did not report that drugs or alcohol were a factor in this assault. Due to expired statute of limitations and Subject being a US Civilian now, this investigation is closed.
74	Rape Art.120	OCONUS	Navy	E-4	Male	YES		Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Females	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	Dismissed	Investigating Officer recommended not going forward with charges due to evidentiary issues regarding consent resulting in insufficient evidence to prosecute.											General		Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim #1 was interviewed and stated that she went bonding with two alternates from her command and while bonding her other members of her command showed up as well, including USN Subject. Victim #1 and Subject where Subject forcefully pulled off Victim #1's pants and inserted his penis into her vagina. Subject then had sex with Victim #1 for approximately 30 minutes despite Victim #1's protests. Victim #1 was later able to roll away from Subject and curl into a fetal position. Subject then placed two fingers on Victim #1's lower jaw, forcing her mouth open and then inserted his penis in her mouth, forcing Victim #1 to orally copulate Subject. USN Victim #2 reported while watching TV in Subject's room, Subject put his hand under her shirt and fondled her breasts. Victim #2 and Subject had intercourse. Victim #2 awoke an undisturbed time later with Subject on top of her attempting to insert his penis into her vagina. Court-martial charges were preferred and the case taken to an Article 32 hearing based on one of the victim's allegations, as the other victim declined to participate. As a result of the hearing, the Investigating Officer recommended not going forward with charges and the convening authority agreed. There were evidentiary issues regarding consent resulting in insufficient evidence to prosecute. Subject was subsequently administratively separated and with a general discharge.
75	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES					Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported USN Subject put his penis in her mouth without her consent inside a public restroom located on an unspecified beach on base. Victim reported they were at a bonfire on the beach with other service members immediately prior to the sexual assault. Victim reported she was unable to stop or resist the assault due to overconsumption of alcohol. Subject was given non-judicial punishment and awarded 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, Reduction in Rank to E-3, Forfeiture of \$1,040 pay per month for 1 month for violations of UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to Obey a Lawful Order) and Article 134 (Drunk and Disorderly).
76	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Acquitted														Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. While in port, USN Victim reported after attending a wine tour with a group of command members, she and her Barty buddy agreed to hang out in a hotel room. Later, in an elevator and/or stairwell, USN Subject physically forced the intoxicated Victim to perform oral sex. Subject was interviewed and admitted to touching Victim's breasts and her vaginal area, but he it was consensual contact. Additionally, Subject stated Victim pushed her against the wall and although he instructed her to stop and informed her he was married, she continued to perform oral sex on him until she ejaculated into her mouth. On 15Jul13, a General Court-Martial was convened and Subject was acquitted of all charges.
77	Rape Art.120	Bahrain	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. This investigation was initiated upon notification that USN Victim reported she had been sexually assaulted in June of 2008. US Civilian Subject, who was a USN service member then, raped Victim during a port visit. The Department of Justice has declined to prosecute Subject based on a lack of evidence.

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
78	Rape Art 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art 120	Convicted		Rape Art 120	YES	YES	YES	DO							YES	Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim was interviewed and reported the scene was prepared in advance, with plastic garbage bags taped to the floor of the Dome Equipment Room (DEM) and Boatwain's Locker of the ship. At one point subsequent to the rape, Victim was zip-tied and restrained. USN Subject brandished a crude knife and a razor box cutter, and had in his possession a mask and sash. Subject advised Victim that he planned to dismember her and discard the pieces of her corpse overboard. Victim convinced Subject that she would not report the assault, and therefore Subject could release her without repercussions. Subject acquiesced following the rape. On 15DEC13, Subject was found guilty of violations of Articles 120 (Rape), 125 (Forcible Sodomy), 128 (Assault), and 134 (Communicating a Threat of the UCMJ). Subject was sentenced to life in prison (with the possibility of parole), reduction in rate to E-1, all forfeiture of pay and allowances, and a dishonorable discharge from the Naval Service.
79	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	United Arab Emirates	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES		YES	BCD							Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. While on overnight liberty, USN Victim was drinking with her Barty group and another Barty group at a hotel before she was raped. During the early morning hours, Victim was awakened by USN Subject having vaginal intercourse with her. In addition, Subject attempted to penetrate Victim orally without success. On 05-09AUG13, a General Court Martial was held. Subject was found guilty of Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Assault) and was subsequently sentenced to one year confinement, reduction to E-1, and a Bad Conduct Discharge.	
80	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Acquitted													Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim was celebrating her 21st birthday and consumed several alcoholic beverages at a nightclub, and at a party at her residence. Victim consumed several times before being put to bed. Victim and a USN friend fell asleep in Victim's bed. Approximately fifteen minutes after waking asleep, Victim's friend awoke because the bed was moving. Victim's friend noticed USN Subject on the same side of the bed as Victim with his pants pulled down and his buttocks exposed. Victim was observed by witnesses asleep in her bed with her pants and panties pulled down. A trial by General Court Martial was held. The panel of members found Subject not guilty on all charges, including Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Assault) and Article 120 (Indecent Act) of the UCMJ.	
81A	Rape Art 120	OCONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported being sexually assaulted by US Civilian Subject #1 and USN Subject #2 in a barracks after consuming alcohol. After an Article 32 hearing, the Investigating Officer found that there were not reasonable grounds to proceed against Subject #2 and charges were dismissed. Subject #1 is no longer in the military and outside command's prosecutorial jurisdiction.	
81B	Rape Art 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence												All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported being sexually assaulted by US Civilian Subject #1 and USN Subject #2 in a barracks after consuming alcohol. After an Article 32 hearing, the Investigating Officer found that there were not reasonable grounds to proceed against Subject #2 and charges were dismissed. Subject #1 is no longer in the military and outside command's prosecutorial jurisdiction.	
82	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment	Probable cause was found only for a non-sexual assault offense	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES							General	Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim was interviewed and reported that she was standing watch in the reactor spaces aboard ship with USN Subject. Victim accompanied Subject to the 10 pump room where Subject closed the hatch behind them and refused to open. Subject grabbed her hand and placed it on his crotch. Victim tried to pull her hand away, but Subject pushed her hand faster against his crotch. Based on the recommendations of the Investigating Officer, an Article 32 hearing regarding insufficient evidence of sexual assault, subject received non-judicial punishment for violation of Article 92 (Failure to obey a lawful general order) and Article 128 (Assault consummated by a battery). Subject was awarded reduction in rate to E-4 and forfeiture of one half of one month's pay (\$1152) for two months. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy for the completion of a serious offense. Subject received a General Discharge from USN.	
83	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	O-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ														UOTHC	Not Specified	Off-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. Local PD arrested USN Subject for Sex Assault in the Fourth Degree. In the early morning hours, Subject, while jogging, approached US Civilian Victim and grabbed her buttocks and breast. Subject fled the area on foot. Subject plead "Deferred Acceptance of a No Contest." Civilian judge sentenced Subject to six (6) months in jail, of which one hundred seventy-three (173) days would be deferred. Judge ordered that Subject would immediately serve seven (7) days in state prison and would receive one (1) year probation. During his probationary period, Subject was ordered to regularly meet with an assigned probation officer and complete a sex offender treatment program, an anger management program, and a mental health program. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy and received an Other Than Honorable Discharge.	
84	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male	YES		Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment	Probable cause was found only for a non-sexual assault offense	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES							General	Not Specified	Off-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim was interviewed to determine her knowledge of events associated with another investigation. During the interview, Victim reported she was sexually assaulted by USN Subject. While underway Subject forced her hand onto his clothed crotch and fondled her breast without her consent. Victim later visited Subject at his hotel where she allowed Subject to rub and digitally penetrate her vagina and fondle her bare breasts. Victim consensually performed oral sex on Subject. Victim advised Subject she didn't want to have intercourse, but Subject continued to push himself forward attempting to have intercourse. Victim felt she could not stop Subject, so she asked him to use a condom. Later that evening, victim engaged in consensual intercourse with Subject. Following an Article 32 hearing, an Investigating Officer advised that reasonable grounds only existed for a non-sexual assault offense. Subject was awarded received non-judicial punishment for violations of Article 92 (Failure to obey a lawful general order) and Article 128 (Assault consummated by a battery) and was awarded reduction in rate to E-4 and forfeiture of one half of one month's pay (\$1152) for two months. Subject also received a General Discharge from the USN.	
85	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120													LOC	Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she was partying and was drinking numerous alcoholic beverages with USN Subject and friends. At approximately 1000 hrs, Victim was awoken by Subject rubbing her stomach and placing his hand on her penis through his shorts. Victim advised she pulled her hand away from Subject and turned on her side. Subject then placed his hand between Victim's bra and her shirt and Victim told him no. Subject paused and then slowly moved his hand across Victim's body on his way to the bathroom. Victim reported once Subject was in the bathroom, she immediately gathered her food and sandals and left the room. Subject was interviewed and admitted culpability. The Command dismissed all charges against Subject at a Disciplinary Review Board, due to insufficient evidence, and issued Subject a letter of counseling for poor judgment.	
86A	Rape Art 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charges Preferred	Indecent Act (FY08 to 22Jan12) Art. 120	Convicted	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES	YES	BCD							All Subjects and Victims	CONUS off-base: Victim attended an off-base party after graduating from bootcamp. After consuming alcohol to the point of becoming tired and "buzzed," she went to Subject #1's bedroom to sleep. Victim reported that Subject #1 entered the room and vaginally penetrated her with his penis. Victim was too embarrassed to say no or resist due to his higher rank and position as her instructor. Subject #2 tried to get Victim to have sex with women and told Victim she would not pass required grooming training that Subject #2 was in charge of. Due to evidentiary issues and victim preference, Subject #1 pled guilty at a Special Court Martial to Article 92 (Violation of a Lawful Order) and Article 121 (Wrongfully Appropriate a Motor Vehicle) and was sentenced to 100 days' confinement, Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD), and reduction in rank to E-1. Subject #2 pled guilty at a Special Court-Martial to two counts of Article 92 (Fornication) and received 60 days confinement, a reduction to E3, and a forfeiture of \$1,000 for six months.	
86B	Rape Art 120	CONUS	Marines	E-7	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES	YES	YES							All Subjects and Victims	CONUS off-base: Victim attended an off-base party after graduating from bootcamp. After consuming alcohol to the point of becoming tired and "buzzed," she went to Subject #1's bedroom to sleep. Victim reported that Subject #1 entered the room and vaginally penetrated her with his penis. Victim was too embarrassed to say no or resist due to his higher rank and position as an instructor. Subject #2 tried to get Victim to have sex with women and told Victim she would not pass required grooming training that Subject #2 was in charge of. Due to evidentiary issues and victim preference, Subject #1 pled guilty at a Special Court Martial to Article 92 (Violation of a Lawful Order) and Article 121 (Wrongfully Appropriate a Motor Vehicle) and was sentenced to 100 days' confinement, Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD), and reduction in rank to E-1. Subject #2 pled guilty at a Special Court-Martial to two counts of Article 92 (Fornication) and received 60 days confinement, a reduction to E3, and a forfeiture of \$1,000 for six months.	
87	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to lack of reasonable grounds												Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. After a night of heavy drinking, USN Victim went to a hotel to spend the remainder of the night with Subject. Victim reported that she woke up to Subject engaging in vaginal intercourse with her. Following an Article 32 hearing, the Investigating Officer's determined that reasonable grounds did not exist to show that Subject committed sexual assault and charges were dismissed.	
88	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-2	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported while in port she was sexually assaulted by US Civilian Subject (who was a USN member at time of assault). Victim, Subject, and several other shipmates went to a club while underway. While at the club, Victim became very intoxicated and later passed out. Victim recalled falling asleep on Subject's shoulder while at the club. Victim stated once she returned to the ship, she recalled waking up and Subject was on top of her penetrating her vagina with his finger. Subject separated from the United States Navy in Oct11. Assistant United States Attorney was briefed telephonically on the results of this investigation and subsequently declined to prosecute this case.	
89	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120			YES				YES		UOTHC	Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she was groped while intoxicated at a bar during Cinco de Mayo festivities. Victim reported she was walking up the stairs toward a bathroom when USN Subject was walking down the stairs. Subject suddenly grabbed at Victim's vaginal area with a swipe of his left hand. Subject received non-judicial punishment for a violation of Article 120 (Wrongful Sexual Contact) of the UCMJ. Subject was awarded reduction in one grade and extra duties for forty-five (45) days. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.		
90	Rape Art 120	CONUS	Navy	O-3	Male			Navy	O-1	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she was raped by USN Subject in her barracks room. Victim and Subject went to an off-base restaurant, had dinner, and drank alcoholic beverages together. Victim said at approximately 2200 they left the restaurant and proceeded to a local "Salitas" dance bar, where they continued to drink alcoholic beverages and danced. According to Victim, she was very intoxicated and does not recall leaving the bar. The next thing Victim recalled was waking up, naked next to Subject, with a bruised breast and extreme rectal/vaginal pain. Subject was interrogated and denied sexually assaulting Victim, but admitted to having consensual sexual intercourse with her. This investigation was reviewed by the United States Attorney's Office (USA), and was declined for prosecution due to concerns over the sufficiency of evidence.	

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
91	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-6	Female			Navy	E-6	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92			YES	YES						UOTHC		Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. During the course of an unrelated IG investigation, USN Victim disclosed she was sexually assaulted by a fellow crew member. USN Subject: Victim and Subject were returning to their ship following a night of heavy drinking during their going away party. While in a taxi cab, Subject kissed victim and reached her hand down the front of Victim's blouse, under her bra, and touched her breast. Subject received non-judicial punishment for violation of UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to Obey General Order: Sexual Harassment) and was given a Reduction in Rank (RIR) to E-6, forfeiture 1/2 months pay for one month, and administratively separated from the U.S. Navy with an Other Than Honorable (OTH) discharge for commission of a serious offense.
92	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-4	Male	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Perpetrator of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported he was highly intoxicated at an off-base hotel, paid for by USN Subject, when Subject kissed and undressed him after confessing to Victim a long time crush. Subject asked Victim to perform fellatio on him. Victim stated he was afraid and wanted to say no, but did not. Victim stated after performing fellatio, Subject had Victim turn around and lay on his stomach, after which Subject inserted his penis into Victim's anus, and had anal sex with Victim for approximately 10-15 minutes. Victim stated that Subject stopped having anal sex with him the moment Victim asked him to; however, Subject then performed fellatio on Victim followed by manually stimulating Victim's penis. At no point did Subject use force, nor did Victim say no. Victim stated he has no recollection after that point. Subject was separated from the US Navy and released to be interviewed. Coordination was made with Prosecutors' Office, who declined prosecution of this case.	
93	Rape Art.120	Bahrain	Navy	O-5	Female			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Adultery Art. 134-2	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Adultery Art. 134-2										LOR		Victim	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. US Civilian Victim disclosed that during her deployment to Bahrain in 2011, she was sexually assaulted by a USN member. Victim reported that while on a temporary duty assignment she was repeatedly raped by USN Subject during the time she shared a flat with him. Subject threatened to tell her husband she was having an affair with him, and as a result she did not report the repeated sexual assaults. Subject also stated he knew US Navy SEAL members and he could have her husband killed. Subject gave her alcoholic beverages on a night's basis and she drank to the point of passing out so she would not have to endure the sexual assaults. Victim stated that due to her anxiety and panic attacks from the sexual assaults by Subject, she obtained prescription medication which further incapacitated her. Subject was received non-judicial punishment as a result of violating UCMJ Article 134 (Adultery). Subject received a Punitive Letter of Reprimand.
94	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	OCONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Amy	E-5	Male	Q1	Unknown Subject															Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported he was orally sodomized in on-base housing. Victim got into an argument with his wife and went to a restaurant to drink alcohol. While at the restaurant, he was invited to a party. Victim reported he went to the party and became intoxicated. The following day, Victim woke up naked in a different apartment, next to an unknown USN member, who was also naked. Victim reported his victim about his wife and that he later saw blood in the underwear and in the toilet bowl. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
95A	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120		YES	YES		YES					All Subjects and Victims	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that she was the victim of sexual assault and sexual harassment while on temporary duty. Victim stated that she went to Subject #1's room for drinks and Sabas dance lessons with Subjects #1 and #2. All three consumed alcohol. Victim reported that Subject #1 kissed her neck and grabbed her buttocks with his hand while they were dancing. Victim then quickly left the room. Subject #2 followed her and attempted to stop her and tried to convince her to have sex with him. Subject #2 grabbed her and put his arm around her shoulders trying to encourage her to go to his room. Subject #1 received non-judicial punishment for Article 120 (wrongful sexual contact) and was awarded reduction in rate one pay grade, forfeiture of \$1163.00 pay per month for two months and 60 days restriction. Subject #2 received non-judicial punishment for Article 128 (assault by unlawfully touching) and awarded reduction in rate one pay grade, forfeiture of \$1326.00 pay per month for two months and 60 days restriction.		
95B	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES		YES					All Subjects and Victims	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that she was the victim of sexual assault and sexual harassment while on temporary duty. Victim stated that she went to Subject #1's room for drinks and Sabas dance lessons with Subjects #1 and #2. All three consumed alcohol. Victim reported that Subject #1 kissed her neck and grabbed her buttocks with his hand while they were dancing. Victim then quickly left the room. Subject #2 followed her and attempted to stop her and tried to convince her to have sex with him. Subject #2 grabbed her and put his arm around her shoulders trying to encourage her to go to his room. Subject #1 received non-judicial punishment for Article 120 (wrongful sexual contact) and was awarded reduction in rate one pay grade, forfeiture of \$1163.00 pay per month for two months and 60 days restriction. Subject #2 received non-judicial punishment for Article 128 (assault by unlawfully touching) and awarded reduction in rate one pay grade, forfeiture of \$1326.00 pay per month for two months and 60 days restriction.		
96	Rape Art.120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to concurrence with the credibility of the victim											UOTHC	Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported she began a relationship with USN Subject, which included bondage and discipline and masochism (BDSM) activities. Victim was engaged in BDSM activities with Subject in his living quarters when Subject orally penetrated her with his penis for five to ten minutes without her consent. Subject contends they did not have sex the night in question and at no time did he have any type of sexual intercourse with Victim without her consent. An NCIS administered polygraph examination of Subject indicated Subject was truthful regarding the sexual encounters with Victim on the night in question. Following an Article 32 hearing, charges were dismissed due to concurrence with the credibility of the victim. Subject was administratively discharged and received an Other Than Honorable (OTH) discharge.	
97	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other	Both Victim and Subject	Off-Base offense involving alcohol. Third party report where USN members accompanied DOD Civilian Victim, USN Subject and two other civilians to a club. Victim drank vodka, danced and appeared to become intoxicated that night. Subject gave Victim a ride back to her apartment. Later that evening, USN member received a telephone call from Victim and she was distraught claiming Subject assaulted her at their apartment. Victim reported that while making out with Subject, she told Subject to stop and he then forcibly attempted to take her clothes off. Subject eventually took their apartment to purchase condoms. Victim refused to cooperate with local law enforcement and NCIS concerning this incident. Without victim's cooperation, the case could not be proven beyond a reasonable doubt at a court-martial. Subject received standards of conduct training/counseling from command.		
98	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120		YES	YES								Not Specified	On-Base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported USN Subject had exposed his penis and then grabbed Victim's hand and placed it on his penis for two to three seconds. Subject apologized to Victim regarding the incident. Subject went to Non-Judicial Punishment on 17 JAN 13. Subject received a reduction in rank to E-4 and a suspended forfeiture of half a month's pay for two months.	
99	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	Cadet/Midshipman	Male			Navy		Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action												Cadet/Midshipman Disciplinary System		Not Specified	Off-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported in a sworn statement that USN Subject groped her breast when they were both at her unofficial sponsor's house. Victim reported that she was sleeping on a couch at the residence when she awoke to Subject fondling her right breast under her shirt and bra. Subject admitted during a video recorded interrogation that he touched Victim's breast. Company Commander counseled Subject regarding his behavior toward Victim. Case disposed of by command taking other administrative measures against Subject.		
100	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	UNKNOWN	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Male & Female		Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES					UOTHC	Not Specified	On-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim #1 reported he was the victim of a sexual assault that occurred in the weapons magazine on board ship. Victim #1 reported that USN Subject cornered him in the 7th deck magazine and grabbed his hand and made him touch his penis and then told him to perform oral sex on him. Victim #1 stated he felt threatened and intimidated by Subject's size, and so he complied. Subject told Victim #1 that if he told anyone he would kill him. USN Victim #2 reported Subject picked her up from behind and pushed his groin into her buttocks. USN Victim #3 reported Subject showed her two photographs of his penis on his iPhone. Commanding Officer (CO) determined Subject violated Article 120 (illicit sexual contact) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) and imposed nonjudicial punishment in the form of reduction in rate one paygrade, forfeiture of \$1326.00 pay per month for two months, and 60 days restriction. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.	
101	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Acquitted														Subject	On-Base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported that morning while on watch, she left the bridge to conduct a trash run with USN Subject. On the way back to the bridge the ladder fell adjacent to the soy deck. Subject asked Victim for sex. Victim stated that when she released, Subject took control of her wrists and forced one of her hands to his groin where Victim made physical contact with Subject's penis. Victim reported that while physically fighting off Subject, Subject grabbed her head by her ponytail, attempted to force her head towards his groin. Victim reported she broke free from Subject and went back to the bridge where she later reported the matter to her first line supervisor. Victim did not report that drugs and/or alcohol were a factor. Subject was taken to Special Courts-Martial and charged with violating Article 92 and Article 128. Subject was acquitted of all charges.
102	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Assault Art. 128	YES		YES	BCD							Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she was in her barracks room when USN Subject asked to come over. Subject was intoxicated and began kissing her and touching her face. Victim said Subject began undressing and insisting she perform oral sex on him. Victim stated that at some point, Subject bit her on her cheek, causing pain and leaving an impression mark on her face. Victim reported Subject took her pants off and attempted to have anal sex with her while standing behind her, while at the same time wrapping his hands around her throat, strangling her. Victim resisted and Subject turned her over to her back and was attempting to penetrate her while placing his hands on her neck and using his body weight. Victim broke free of Subject's hands and Subject placed a pillow over her mouth and nose so she couldn't breathe. Subject was interrupted and admitted he was intoxicated when he went over to Victim's home and admitted to strangling Victim. Subject was charged with Article 120 (Rape and Aggravated Sexual Assault) and Article 125(Sodomy); later withdrawn. Subject pled and was found guilty of Article 128 (Assault) and Article 111 (Drunk Operation of a Motor Vehicle) and sentenced to 446 days of confinement, reduction in grade to E-1, and received a Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD).	
103	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	DD					YES	Both Victim and Subject	On-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim provided a sworn statement indicating she attended a party and consumed three cans of Bud Light while at the party. Victim reported she laid down in a bed at the party and awoke sometime later, when she realized somebody was having vaginal sexual intercourse with her. Victim initially believed her husband was having sex with her, but realized it was not her husband when she noticed a white hand around her waist. Victim told USN Subject to stop. Subject admitted culpability in sexually assaulting Victim. Subject accepted a plea bargain and pled guilty to the Aggravated Sexual Assault of Victim at GCM. Subject was found guilty and sentenced to 43 months confinement; however, the pre-trial agreement (PTA) cap was 18 months. Subject was given a Dishonorable Discharge but the PTA capped that punishment at a BCD. Subject was adjudged total pay forfeitures and reduction in rate to E-1.		

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

Service Member Sexual Assault Responses Report: USN														Punishments										Administrative Actions					
No.	Offenses Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed as Art. 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Mast Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
104A	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Indecent Art (FY08 to 27Jan12) Art. 120	YES										YES	Not Specified	Offense occurring in various locations. USN Victim reported she was assaulted and raped several times over a five month period by her boyfriend, USN Subject #1. Victim reported that on various occasions, during the last few months, Subject #1 had physically prevented her from leaving and had intercourse with her while she was crying and asking for him to stop. Subject #1 was interrogated and admitted to raping Victim on three different occasions, to include engaging in nonconsensual sex with Victim with classmates, USN Subject #2 and USN Subject #3. Subject #2 was interrogated and admitted to having sexual relations with Victim without her consent. Subject #3 was also interrogated and stated that he did engage in sexual relations with Victim but that it was consensual. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement (VPS) declining to continue her cooperation. As a result of General Court-Martial, Subject #1 was found guilty of Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact and Indecent acts), Article 121 (Larceny) 134 (breaching restriction), awarded four (4) years confinement and a Dishonorable Discharge from the United States Navy. Liaison with Regional Legal Service Office (RLSO) revealed that at the decision of Commander Subject #3 received no administrative/educative action, and Subject #2 was subject to administrative separation from the U.S. Navy under an Other than Honorable Discharge.
104B	Rape Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Administrative Discharge														UOTHC	Not Specified	Offense occurring in various locations with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported she was assaulted and raped several times over a five month period by her boyfriend, USN Subject #1. Victim reported that on various occasions, during the last few months, Subject #1 had physically prevented her from leaving and had intercourse with her while she was crying and asking for him to stop. Subject #1 was interrogated and admitted to raping Victim on three different occasions, to include engaging in nonconsensual sex with Victim with classmates, USN Subject #2 and USN Subject #3. Subject #2 was interrogated and admitted to having sexual relations with Victim without her consent. Subject #3 was also interrogated and stated that he did engage in sexual relations with Victim but that it was consensual. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement (VPS) declining to continue her cooperation. As a result of General Courts-Martial, Subject #1 was found guilty of Article 120 (Rape) and Article 121 (Larceny) and awarded four (4) years confinement and a Dishonorable Discharge from the United States Navy. Liaison with Regional Legal Service Office (RLSO) revealed that at the decision of Commander, Subject #3 received no administrative action due to insufficient evidence, and Subject #2 was subject to administrative separation from the U.S. Navy under an Other than Honorable Discharge.	
105	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	Dismissed														Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim went to USN Subjects barracks room and immediately upon entering the room Subject refused to allow her to exit by blocking the doorway with his body. Subject took hold of Victim's wrists and forced her on to one of the beds in the room. Subject sat on top of Victim, holding her down by the wrists. Victim verbally told Subject to stop and that she wanted to leave the room; however, Subject verbally told her on the bed for approximately three minutes leaving her neck and attempting to lift her shirt and urination her shorts. Subject was unsuccessful in touching the victim under her clothing as she pushed his advances away. Victim who had not consumed any alcohol advised Subject was heavily intoxicated. After approximately fifteen minutes, Subject lost consciousness and passed out on the bed. Subject went to NJP and all charges were dismissed.
106	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	O-5	Female			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Conduct unbecoming Art. 133	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Conduct unbecoming Art. 133									LOR	Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. Investigation was initiated following notification from US Civilian Victim that USN Subject attempted to kiss her and attempted to place his hand under Victim's shirt with his right hand. Subject denied the allegations. Subject was found guilty of Article 133 and 134 (Drunk and Disorderly Conduct) during Admiral's Mast and received a letter of reprimand.		
107	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence												Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she and three other male service members rented a cabin. While at the cabin the group consumed alcohol and became heavily intoxicated. At the end of the night of drinking in a hot tub with the group, Victim took a shower and went to bed. Victim was awoken by Subject who was fondling her breasts under her shirt and repeatedly digitally penetrating her vagina with his fingers. Victim felt Subject's penis pressed against her buttocks which Subject then attempted to insert into her vagina but failed. An Article 32 hearing was held and the Investigating Officer (IO) recommended all charges be dropped due to insufficient evidence to warrant further judicial action. As a result, Command elected not to refer charges.	
108	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted	Wrongful use, possession, etc. of controlled substances Art. 112a		YES	YES		YES		YES						Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she was sexually raped and physically assaulted by USN Subject inside of her hotel room after she invited him to the room. Victim reported Subject raped and forcibly sodomized her orally with his penis against her will, and slammed the back of her head into the shower wall in the hotel room. A Subject's Special Court-Martial Subject was found guilty of Article 112a (Wrongful use, possession, etc. of controlled substances), Article 120 (Rape), Article 86 (Failure to obey order or regulation) and Article 86 (Absence without leave); however, charges related to Article 120 were dismissed. Subject was sentenced to 45 days restriction on-base, reduction in rate to E-1, and forfeiture of \$850.00 for two months.
109	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment		False official statements Art. 107		YES		YES		YES					Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. Victim reported she attended a wedding reception where USN Subject was also a guest. Victim became very intoxicated at the reception and the last thing she remembers was taking a shot of alcohol at the reception. Victim reported she awoke the next morning nude in Subject's assigned barracks room. At Subject's Article 32 hearing, the Investigating Officer recommended Subject be taken to a General Court-Martial (GCM) for Art. 120. Commander: GCM convening authority, declined to prosecute Subject due to insufficient evidence. Subject was found guilty at Non-Judicial Punishment for violations of Article 134 (Adultery) and Article 107 (False Official Statement), and Article 86 (Absence without Leave). Subject was awarded 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, and reduction to E-4.	
110	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	ONBOARD Ship	Navy	E-3	Female			Navy	E-2	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Adultery Art. 134-2	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Adultery Art. 134-2	YES	YES		YES		YES				Honorable	Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. During an adultery investigation, USN Victim stated she was pressured into having sex. Victim said no and Subject continued to have sex with her anyway. Subject admitted to having consensual sexual intercourse with Victim. Victim signed a Victim Declaration Acknowledgment. Following the victim's declaration, Subject was received non-judicial punishment and was charged with violating Article 134 of the Uniform code of Military Justice, Adultery. Subject was awarded the following punishment: reduction in rate to E-1, (45) days restriction, (45) days extra duty, and forfeiture of one-half month's pay for (2) months. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Honorable discharge.	
111	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Subject Deceased or Deserted															Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she was at an apartment rented by her friend. During the evening, Victim, USN Subject, and other USN members were socializing and drinking. At approximately 2330 hrs, they began to watch a movie, in the living room, on Victim's laptop computer. Victim went to the guest bedroom in the apartment, where Subject entered the guest bedroom and laid down in the bed next to Victim. Subject started to kiss Victim on her neck. Victim pushed Subject away and said no. The next morning Victim has a of waking up in the bed, naked and Subject was on top of her, with his penis inserted into her vagina. During course of investigation, Subject was found deceased in his vehicle of an apparent suicide.	
112	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES		YES							Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she drank one can of Bacardí Mojito before going to an off base karaoke bar with acquaintances including USN Subject. Later, Subject and Victim walked back to Subject's barracks room and sat on her bed. Victim stated she was very tired and must have gone to sleep. Victim woke to find Subject on top of her having sexual intercourse with her. Charges were preferred and sent to an Article 32 hearing. The Investigating Officer concluded there was not enough evidence to support a sexual assault, which resulted in the command not referring the charges court-martial. Subject was taken to non-judicial punishment for violations of UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation) and Article 134 (Adultery) where he was awarded forfeiture of 2.5 months pay (suspended), detention in rank (suspended), 45 days restriction (suspended).	
113	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she and her friends went to a restaurant. Prior to arriving at the restaurant, Victim reported having had significant amounts of various alcoholic beverages and was intoxicated. While at the restaurant, Victim met with DOD Civilian Subject and others and continued to consume more alcoholic beverages. At the end of the night, Victim, Subject, and another USN co-worker, continued drinking at Victim's barracks. After consuming more alcoholic beverages, the trio fell asleep. In the morning, Victim reported she awoke with civilian Subject on top of her, engaging in vaginal intercourse. The District Attorney provided an official document declining the prosecution of Subject due to insufficient evidence.	
114	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES		YES		YES		YES				Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim alleged being sexually assaulted and harassed by her first line supervisor, USN Subject. Victim stated while watching a movie Subject and a mutual friend pulled out their penises and asked Victim to "help them out". The mutual friend received a telephone call and left the room, while Subject stayed. According to Victim, Subject unzipped his pants and asked her to give him a "blow job". Victim stated she felt obligated to do so because of Subject's authority over her and felt she would pay for it at work, if she did not provide Subject with sex. Subject was taken to Captain's Mast for violations of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ), Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order). Subject was awarded the following punishment: 45 days extra duty, 45 days restriction to NAWM, reduction to next inferior pay grade (E-4-suspended) 6 months, and forfeiture of \$1,181 pay per month for 2 months (suspended 6 months).	
115	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	YES	YES		YES		YES					Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim stated she was in a stairwell near a bar when she was accosted by USN Subject, who pushed her up against the wall, and tried to kiss her while fondling her breasts with his hands. Victim stated she was either pushed or held to the floor and Subject ended up on top of her and tried to remove her blue jeans by pulling them off. An informal punishment was imposed on Subject for violation of UCMJ Articles 80, 92, and 120. Subject was awarded reduction in rate two pay grades, forfeiture of \$1656.00 pay per month for two months, and 60 days restriction.	
116	Rape Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Female			Navy	E-5	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Insubordinate conduct toward a warrant officer, NCO, or PO Art. 91	Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Insubordinate conduct toward a warrant officer, NCO, or PO Art. 91		YES	YES		YES		YES					Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim recalled returning to the ship and being in the Crew's Lounge with USN Subject to watch a movie. Victim then backed out and awoke to find Subject on top of her penetrating her vagina with his penis. Victim told Subject to stop and attempted to get up, but Subject held Victim down and eventually ejaculated. Subject received Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for violations of UCMJ Article 91 (Insubordinate conduct toward a warrant officer, noncommissioned officer, or petty officer) and Article 92 (Failure to obey an order or regulation). Subject received 45 days restriction, forfeiture of \$1487 pay for two months, and reduction in rank to E-4. The forfeiture of pay and reduction in rank were suspended for six months.	

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Types	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
117	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	O-5	Female			US Civilian	Female	Q2		Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Conduct unbecoming Art. 133	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Conduct unbecoming Art. 133									LOR			Both Victim and Subject	CONUS off-base involving alcohol. Victim reported that she had planned on spending the night at Subject's residence. While dining, Victim became intoxicated after drinking wine. Subject was drinking beer. After dinner, Subject drove Victim back to his residence and she proceeded straight to bed. Civilian Victim stated USN Subject entered her bedroom and started kissing her shoulders and neck. Victim stated to Subject that she was not going to do this to her fiance and rolled over. Subject left the bedroom, Victim fell asleep and was awakened by Subject touching her vagina with his fingers and rubbing his penis on her vagina. Victim stated she felt paralyzed and was afraid to scream or move. Subject placed his hand on her vagina. Victim stated that when she shifted her leg, Subject stopped and left the bedroom. Victim declined to participate further in the investigation or prosecution of Subject. Subject went to Non-Judicial Punishment for violations of UCMJ Article 133 (Conduct Unbecoming an Officer and a Gentleman) and received a Punitive Letter of Reprimand.	
118	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported a male individual she did not know, later identified as USN Subject, approached her on the beach. Subject asked Victim to kiss him. Subject reportedly advised Victim he would leave her alone if she agreed to kiss him. Victim agreed to kiss Subject, when Subject reached his hand into Victim's pants, without Victim's consent, and digitally penetrated her vagina with one or more fingers. Victim pushed Subject's hand away from her vagina then subsequently agreed to accompany Subject to a more public area on the pier, after Subject promised they would only talk. Immediately after they sat down on the pier, Subject pushed Victim with both hands to the supine position. Victim placed her hand in Subject's face in an attempt to stop him. Victim bound herself with her pants off, and Subject asking Victim to assist him to insert his penis into her vagina. Victim told Subject "no", but Subject subsequently inserted his penis in her vagina on his own. Subject continued to have intercourse with her until the police arrived. The State Attorney's Office previously found Subject guilty of Indecent Exposure in Public related to this case. Subject was required to pay \$450 and complete 100 hours of community service.	
119	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120			YES		YES							Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that Subject was visiting in the Barrack's room when USN Subject touched her breast and buttocks, digitally penetrated her vagina, forced her to touch his erect penis, and tried to force her to perform fellatio, all while Victim was extremely intoxicated. Based on the victim's statement that she did not want this to go to a court-martial, and insufficient evidence for trial, the command disposed of the case as non-judicial punishment. Subject received nonjudicial punishment for violations of UCMJ Articles 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation) and 120 (Sexual assault). Subject received 60 days restriction and a reduction in grade from E3 to E2.	
120A	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	CONUS	Unknown	Male				Navy	E-5	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																	All Subjects and Victims	Off-base involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she was sexually assaulted by two Unknown individuals at Beach. Victim stated she was lost after departing a bar and did not know the location of her civilian friend's residence. Victim stated the two Subjects offered to help her find her friend's residence. Victim stated the three of them eventually ended up on Beach and one Subject had her down as the other Subject attempted to penetrate her vagina with his penis. Victim stated she was not penetrated due to the Subjects running away after they were observed by a Good Samaritan. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.
120B	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	CONUS	Unknown	Male				Navy	E-5	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																	All Subjects and Victims	Off-base involving alcohol. USN Victim reported she was sexually assaulted by two Unknown individuals at Beach. Victim stated she was lost after departing a bar and did not know the location of her civilian friend's residence. Victim stated the two Subjects offered to help her find her friend's residence. Victim stated the three of them eventually ended up on Beach and one Subject had her down as the other Subject attempted to penetrate her vagina with his penis. Victim stated she was not penetrated due to the Subjects running away after they were observed by a Good Samaritan. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.
121	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128			YES		YES		YES					Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim alleged she was sexually assaulted by USN Subject during a recent port visit. Victim stated she patronized a strip club with her liberty buddies, and Subject, and while at the strip club, Subject continued to make unwanted advances towards Victim to include rubbing up her stomach and kissing her on her cheek and along her neck. Victim stated Subject attempted to force her to kiss him on the mouth; however, Subject was unsuccessful. Subject went to Captain's Mast and was found guilty of Article 128. Assault, awarded 30 days of restriction, 30 days extra duty, and reduction in rank to E-2.	
122	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Male				Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim explained she attended a party with her friend, but did not know anyone else present at the residence. Victim conveyed she had no recollection of engaging in any romantic interaction with anyone at the party or participating in sexual activity. However, Victim recalled that while in a bed located in an upstairs bedroom of the unknown residence, she awoke beside an Unknown naked male, whom Victim did not recognize. Victim disclosed that when she awoke, she felt vaginal pain, as if her vagina had been penetrated. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
123	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Female			Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Fraternalization Art. 134-23	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Fraternalization Art. 134-23		YES	YES				YES		LOR			Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim alleged she was raped by USN Subject at a small party gathering. Victim woke up to Subject having sex with her without a condom. Subject was received Non-Judicial Punishment for fraternalization and alcohol related offenses and awarded the following punishment: reduction in rate to E-5, forfeiture of one half pay for two months (suspended), awarded extra duty for 45 days, and issued a formal written reprimand.	
124	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-7	Female			Navy	O-1	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92									LOR			Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported three (3) incidents wherein she was the recipient of unwanted sexual contact (grazing over the clothes) from USN Subject. Victim stated she was able to avoid contact with Subject, however a recent assignment required Victim to interview Subject. During Victim's interview of Subject, Subject made sexual comments and gestures which made her uncomfortable, and eventually she decided to report the past incidents. Due to Victim's desire not to participate in any judicial proceedings, Subject went to Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for violations of Article 92 (Failure to obey a lawful order) and Article 134 (Inappropriate comments in the work place prejudicial to good order and discipline). Subject received a punitive letter of reprimand.	
125A	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	United Arab Emirates	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Male	Q3		Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Indicted)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92				YES	YES							Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim#1 disclosed while on deployment while the ship was in port, he went to the berthing area on the ship when he indecently assaulted by multiple USN Subjects on various occasions. Subject #3 took a belt and wrapped it around Victim #1's neck and pulled him over a table with Subject #1 was naked and grinding into the Victim's buttocks. Subject #4 was naked beside Victim #1 trying to grab his penis. Victim #1 said on two other occasions, Subject #2 and Subject #5 tried to place their penis on Victim #1's shoulder and poke him in the ear while he was watching a movie in the berthing area. Victim #1 also advised that USN Victim #2 was subjected to this behavior as well. Victim #2 was interviewed and confirmed that he had been indecently assaulted. Subject #1 was found guilty in a Summary Court-martial of Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation) and Article 128 (Assault) received 60 days restriction and sentenced to 45 days hard labor.	
125B	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	United Arab Emirates	Navy	E-4	Multiple Victims - Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Male	Q3		Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES									Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim#1 disclosed while on deployment while the ship was in port, he went to the berthing area on the ship when he indecently assaulted by multiple USN Subjects on various occasions. Subject #3 took a belt and wrapped it around Victim #1's neck and pulled him over a table with Subject #1 was naked and grinding into the Victim's buttocks. Subject #4 was naked beside Victim #1 trying to grab his penis. Victim #1 said on two other occasions, Subject #2 and Subject #5 tried to place their penis on Victim #1's shoulder and poke him in the ear while he was watching a movie in the berthing area. Victim #1 also advised that USN Victim #2 was subjected to this behavior as well. Victim #2 was interviewed and confirmed that he had been indecently assaulted. Subject #2 received NJP and was found guilty of violating UCMJ Article 92. Subject #2 was awarded forfeiture of full month's pay for two months and reduced to the next inferior pay grade.	
125C	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	United Arab Emirates	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Male	Q3		Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Acquitted														Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim#1 disclosed while on deployment while the ship was in port, he went to the berthing area on the ship when he indecently assaulted by multiple USN Subjects on various occasions. Subject #3 took a belt and wrapped it around Victim #1's neck and pulled him over a table with Subject #1 was naked and grinding into the Victim's buttocks. Subject #4 was naked beside Victim #1 trying to grab his penis. Victim #1 said on two other occasions, Subject #2 and Subject #5 tried to place their penis on Victim #1's shoulder and poke him in the ear while he was watching a movie in the berthing area. Victim #1 also advised that USN Victim #2 was subjected to this behavior as well. Victim #2 was interviewed and confirmed that he had been indecently assaulted. Subject #3 was charged but acquitted at a Special Court-martial.	
125D	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	United Arab Emirates	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Male	Q3		Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Acquitted														Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim#1 disclosed while on deployment while the ship was in port, he went to the berthing area on the ship when he indecently assaulted by multiple USN Subjects on various occasions. Subject #3 took a belt and wrapped it around Victim #1's neck and pulled him over a table with Subject #1 was naked and grinding into the Victim's buttocks. Subject #4 was naked beside Victim #1 trying to grab his penis. Victim #1 said on two other occasions, Subject #2 and Subject #5 tried to place their penis on Victim #1's shoulder and poke him in the ear while he was watching a movie in the berthing area. Victim #1 also advised that USN Victim #2 was subjected to this behavior as well. Victim #2 was interviewed and confirmed that he had been indecently assaulted. Subject #4 was found not guilty of Art 92 (Failure to Obey an Order) at a Special Court-martial.	
125E	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	United Arab Emirates	Navy	E-4	Multiple Victims - Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Male	Q3		Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES									Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim#1 disclosed while on deployment while the ship was in port, he went to the berthing area on the ship when he indecently assaulted by multiple USN Subjects on various occasions. Subject #3 took a belt and wrapped it around Victim #1's neck and pulled him over a table with Subject #1 was naked and grinding into the Victim's buttocks. Subject #4 was naked beside Victim #1 trying to grab his penis. Victim #1 said on two other occasions, Subject #2 and Subject #5 tried to place their penis on Victim #1's shoulder and poke him in the ear while he was watching a movie in the berthing area. Victim #1 also advised that USN Victim #2 was subjected to this behavior as well. Victim #2 was interviewed and confirmed that he had been indecently assaulted. Subject #5 received NJP and was found guilty of violating UCMJ Article 92. He was awarded forfeiture of pay for two months and reduced to the next inferior pay grade.	

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessed?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
126A	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male	YES		Air Force	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Indecent Act (FY08 to 27 Jun 12) Art. 120	YES			DD						YES	Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. Victim and USAF Subject #2 utilized a hotel room, obtained by USN Subject #1, to change and get ready for the evening. Victim and Subject #2 went to the exchange, dance club and bar, returning to the hotel room afterwards. Victim awoke to being undressed by Subjects. Once realized, Subject #1 began poking Victim in the breasts while laying naked next to her in the bed. Victim used her arms to cover her breasts and Subject #1 proceeded to poke her below the belly button and above her vagina. Victim turned onto her stomach and Subject #1 began to poke at her groin and breasts. At this point, Victim started to scratch at Subject #1 making contact with his penis. Subjects got out of the bed. Victim estimated this incident lasted approximately 5 minutes. During the incident Victim recalls making noises of pain or displeasure; however, was unable to form words. As a result of General Court-Martial, Subject #1 was found guilty of Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact and Indecent acts), Article 121 (Lascivious) 134 (breaching restriction), awarded four (4) years confinement and a Dishonorable Discharge from the United States Navy.	
126B	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Air Force	E-2	Female			Air Force	E-2	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES								Victim	Off-base offense involving alcohol. Victim and USAF Subject #2 utilized a hotel room, obtained by USN Subject #1, to change and get ready for the evening. Victim and Subject #2 went to the exchange, dance club and bar, returning to the hotel room afterwards. Victim awoke to being undressed by Subjects. Once realized, Subject #1 began poking Victim in the breasts while laying naked next to her in the bed. Victim used her arms to cover her breasts and Subject #1 proceeded to poke her below the belly button and above her vagina. Victim turned onto her stomach and Subject #1 began to poke Victim on her buttocks. Victim rolled over again where Subject #1 began to poke at her groin and breasts. At this point, Victim started to scratch at Subject #1 making contact with his penis. Subjects got out of the bed. Victim estimated this incident lasted approximately 5 minutes. During the incident Victim recalls making noises of pain or displeasure; however, was unable to form words. USAF Subject#2 received a Non-Judicial Punishment. Subject#2 was awarded forfeiture of pay and reduction in rank. (Added to FY13 annual report)	
127	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence												Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. Civilian Victim, USN Subject, and Subject's spouse, were drinking at Subject's residence. Subject's spouse decided to take a bath and Victim decided to lie down on the couch. After lying down on the couch, Subject attempted to place Victim's hand on his penis multiple times. Subject then proceeded to place his finger or possibly his penis, into Victim's mouth. Victim pretended to be asleep hoping Subject would stop. Charges were preferred and sent to an Article 32 hearing. Based upon the investigating officer's recommendation, the convening authority dismissed the charges due to a lack of reasonable grounds, credible evidence and issues of credibility resulting in insufficient evidence to proceed to trial.	
128	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-7	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to lack of reasonable grounds												Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported during a temporary additional duty assignment she went to several bars with members of her command. While at a bar, USN Subject approached Victim and she reported being "in and out of it" while speaking to Subject. Victim's room memory was being in her hotel room and Subject was on top of her, vaginally penetrating her. Additionally, Victim orally copulated Subject after he lost his erection. Subject also orally copulated Victim. Victim related she engaged in sexual intercourse and oral copulation with Subject because she was afraid and did not know how to get out of the situation. Victim advised she was scared to say no to Subject. An Article 32 hearing was held in reference to the above captioned investigation. The investigating Officer (IO) found that there was not reasonable grounds to pursue charges against Subject and recommended withdrawing and dismissing the specifications. Concurring with the IO's recommendation, the command determined that no action would be taken due to insufficient evidence of any offense and the allegations being unfounded.	
129	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															Victim	Off-base offense involving alcohol. Civilian Victim stated she met USN Subject online, and they met on approximately five dates, including the evening of the assault. After the date, they returned to Victim's residence, and she invited Subject to sleep on her couch. After Victim went to her bedroom, Subject entered the room and subsequently brought Victim a trash can so she could vomit. After Victim vomited, Subject got into bed with Victim and began having sex with Victim. Victim told Subject to stop and to get off of her, but Subject continued to have sex with her and did not get off until he ejaculated. Victim decided to leave. Subject was indicted in the Circuit Court. Subject pleaded guilty to second degree assault and the rape charge was dismissed. Subject was subsequently sentenced to 10 years, with at least 6 months suspended, as well as 5 years of supervised probation.	
130	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES									Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported she was walking from the mess Navy Exchange back to her barracks room when USN Subject grabbed Victim's left breast, pulling Victim into his chest. Victim grabbed his hand and tried to push away, but Subject kept pulling her into his chest, stating "Come here." Victim broke away, but Subject grabbed her right hand from behind and tried pulling her back. Subject admitted to "playfully" grabbing Victim and accidentally touching her breast. Subject received Nonjudicial Punishment. Subject was recommended reduction to the next inferior pay grade for a violation of UCMJ Article 128 (Assault Consummated by a Battery).	
131	Rape Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art. 120	Acquitted													Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. Victim's friend and unknown male friend, USN Subject, asked USN Victim if she wanted to accompany them to the hotel. Later at the hotel, Victim passed out on the floor. Victim woke up next to a nude unknown male. Subject, who asked Victim if she wanted to have sex, to which Victim replied no. Victim stated Subject removed her underwear and engaged in vaginal intercourse with her for approximately five minutes. Subject was charged with UCMJ Article 120 (Rape), and UCMJ Article 101 (Failure to obey a direct order) at a General Court-Martial (GCM). GCM found Subject guilty of all charges.	
132	Rape Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Male				Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject															Victim	Off-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim stated she borrowed her friend's vehicle and drove herself to a nearby McDonald's drive through and then to a nearby bar. Victim sat in the driver's seat eating her food and then exited the car and threw the trash away in a nearby trashcan. As Victim turned around to return to the car, an unidentified Unknown male grabbed her, jerking her arms to her body and exhibited a small, silver handgun in his hand. The Subject forced Victim into the back seat of the vehicle, removed her pants and underwear, inserted his penis into her vagina, and had forceful sexual intercourse with her for five to ten minutes. Victim said the subject also penetrated her vagina with his gloved fingers. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
133	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other		Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USAF Victim attended a social gathering in USN Subject's barracks room. Subject isolated Victim in his barracks room and forced Victim to perform oral sex on him in exchange for being released from the room. Victim said she tried unsuccessfully to resist Subject by telling him to stop and by physically resisting him. During the incident, Subject grabbed Victim's head with both hands, violently thrusting his penis into her mouth against her will. Commanding Officer (CO), confirmed Subject would be counseled by a flag officer for his alleged involvement in the sexual assault of Victim.	
134	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																Victim	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported to another USN member that she had been sexually assaulted by a civilian whose identity she would not disclose. Victim reported that she "had too many drinks to fight him off." Victim advised that she was unwilling to discuss any details of the aforementioned assault. Victim indicated her preference to not participate in any further additional investigative efforts undertaken by NCIS by signing a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.
135	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Not Specified	On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim stated she was in a privacy on a private boat the ship preventing her from escaping, put his hands inside of her shirt and bra and fondled her breasts then put his hand in her pants and touched her vagina over top of her underwear. Victim stated someone opened a hatch nearby, distracting Subject, allowing her to break away. Command determined it would not pursue by courts-martial due to Victim's declaration to participate; however, Subject received non-judicial punishment for violating Article 128 (Assault) of the UCMJ and received forty-five (45) days extra duty, forfeiture of 1/2 month's pay for two months and reduction in rank for E-2. Subject was subsequently administratively separated and received an Honorable discharge.	
136	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-3	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES			YES				Honorable		Victim	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim alleged USN Subject grabbed her in a privacy on board the ship preventing her from escaping, put his hands inside of her shirt and bra and fondled her breasts then put his hand in her pants and touched her vagina over top of her underwear. Victim stated someone opened a hatch nearby, distracting Subject, allowing her to break away. Command determined it would not pursue by courts-martial due to Victim's declaration to participate; however, Subject received non-judicial punishment for violating Article 128 (Assault) of the UCMJ and received forty-five (45) days extra duty, forfeiture of 1/2 month's pay for two months and reduction in rank for E-2. Subject was subsequently administratively separated and received an Honorable discharge.
137	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim stated on this particular night she was contacted by Civilian Subject requesting her to come get him from a bowling alley due to his level of intoxication. After Victim picked Subject up from the bowling alley, Subject talked her into going to a hotel room and hanging out with his friends. Victim consumed a few drinks, decided to spend the night, and took a shower in the hotel room. While in the bathroom, Subject started banging on the door attempting to come in. Victim quickly took a shower and got dressed. When Victim opened the door, Subject pushed her causing her to fall to the ground and hit her head extremely hard on the back of her head. Victim laid down to go to sleep and Subject laid next to her. Subject started trying to unbutton Victim's pants and she told him to stop. Victim stated her head was "throbbing" when she laid down and she "backed out" but could still feel Subject touching her. Victim stated while she was "backed out" she was orally raped by Subject. Assistant United States Attorney (AUSA), United States Attorney's Office declined prosecution on this case citing a lack of evidence.	
138	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-5	Male	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES		YES	BCD					YES	Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim stated while sleeping in his rack, another member of the crew had placed their hand inside his pants and fondled his penis. Victim woke up and confronted the USN Subject before reporting the incident to the reporting officer. Subject pleaded guilty to SPCM (1) (c) (1) count of Wrongful Sexual Contact as part of a pretrial agreement and will serve (100) days confinement, reduction in rank to E-1, and a Bad Conduct Discharge.		
139	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male	YES		Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident involving alcohol. After leaving a bar and subsequently passing out at a residence, USN Victim reported she awoke to USN Subject undressing her at which time she told him to stop. Subject proceeded to undress her and perform coitus on Victim and inserting his fingers into her vagina without her consent. The AUSA advised all charges against Subject were Nolle Prosequo on due to a lack of evidence against the Subject and the agreement of Victim not to move forward with the prosecution of Subject.	

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter/Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
140	Rape Art.120	OCONUS	Unknown	Male				Navy	E-6	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported to command she was sexually assaulted in November 2008 while TDY. Victim advised she would have to think about reporting the identity of her assailant and to providing additional details. Victim maintained she was unwilling to name her assailant in this investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
141	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to lack of reasonable grounds.													Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Subject and USN Victim were alone in Subject's room watching movies, when Victim fell asleep and woke up to find herself naked with Subject on top of her and raping her via perineal/anal penetration. Victim tried to get up but Subject held her down. Subject stopped when he was doing and laid next to Victim but still wouldn't let her go, wrapping his arms around Victim. Falling asleep, Victim awoke again to find Subject assaulting her. The assaults continued 4-6 times throughout the night and early morning hours. An Article 32 hearing was held, following which, the charges were dismissed due to lack of reasonable grounds.	
142	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male	YES		Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES					UOTHC		Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. After falling asleep on a couch in the residence, USN Victim woke up and saw USN Subject sitting next to her naked. Subject's hand was on Victim's leg moving towards her groin area while Subject's other hand was holding Victim's right hand around Subject's erect penis. Victim removed her hand from Subject's penis and pushed his other hand off her leg. Subject tried placing his hand inside Victim's shorts multiple times, but Victim would not roll over to prevent his access. Subject left and returned several hours later attempting to place his hand inside Victim's shorts. Victim resisted and Subject threw up Victim's shoulders, wrapped a blanket around her, and tried to keep her arms down. Victim continued to roll as Subject attempted to move his hand under her shorts toward her groin area. No penetration was accomplished and Subject ceased his attempts. Commanding Officer (CO), held a CO's Non-Judicial Punishment hearing and found Subject guilty of a violation of the Uniform Code of Military Justice Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact). Subject was awarded sixty days restriction, forfeiture of \$873.00 pay per month for two months, and reduction to the next inferior pay grade. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.	
143A	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	UNKNOWN	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120		YES	YES		YES		YES			Honorable			On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported that two (2)USN male command members, on four (4) separate occasions sometime during June 2012 while aboard the ship, have independently exposed their genitals to her and attempted to force Victim to perform oral sex on them. Subject #1 was sent to Captain's Mast. Subject #1 was found guilty of Article 92 (violation of sexual harassment order), Article 120 (Sexual Contact), Article 120 (Indecent Exposure), and Article 134 (Adultery). Subject #1 was awarded 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, reduced in rate, and 12 forfeiture of pay for two months, at Captain's Mast. Subject #1 was administratively separated from the Navy with an Honorable discharge.	
143B	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	UNKNOWN	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES							On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported that two (2)USN male command members, on four (4) separate occasions sometime during June 2012 while aboard the ship, have independently exposed their genitals to her and attempted to force Victim to perform oral sex on them. Subject #2 was sent to Captain's Mast. Subject #2 was found guilty of Article 80 (attempted to force victim to touch his penis), Article 80 (attempted to force victim to perform oral sex), Article 92 (violation of sexual harassment order), Article 120 (Indecent exposure), Article 134 (Communicating in obscene language), and Article 134 (Adultery). Subject #2 was awarded 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, reduced in rate, and 12 forfeiture of pay for two months, at Captain's Mast.
144	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown				Navy	E-6	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim went to a bar and while there identified three individuals she met, and was drinking with throughout the night. Victim stated the male with red/pink/orange hair was supposed to take her back to the ship at the end of the night. Victim advised she was getting sick at the bar, and remembers getting into a little black car. Victim continued walking to the following morning to herself in a hotel without any clothes on. Victim advised she could not remember where she was raped or who raped her. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
145	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Male	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES							On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim advised USN Subject touched his penis while he was fully clothed and the act lasted for approximately one second. The act occurred in a stateroom aboard the ship. Victim told Subject to stop and Subject complied. Subject was taken to Captain's Mast while the ship was underway. Commanding Officer, found Subject guilty of violating 2 specifications of Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order or Regulation and Derivation of Duty). Subject was awarded reduction in rate to E-5, forfeiture of \$1,664.00 pay per month for 2 months, and 30 days restriction and extra duties.
146	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-6	Male	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Acquitted														Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim stated USN Subject indecently assaulted him by stimulating his exposed genitalia and performing fellatio on him against his will. A General Court Martial (GCM) resulted in a not guilty verdict against Subject on the charge of Article 120 (sexual assault).	
147	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to victim refusing to participate further in the investigation													Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim stated she was hanging with a group of sailors at USN Subject's residence. Victim subsequently retired to a vacant bedroom belonging to Subject as he was not present at the residence during the evening. Victim was awakened by Subject when he entered her room, weighed her body down with his body and covered her mouth with his hand to muffle her screams. Subject then forcibly raped her. An Article 32 hearing held and recommended proceedings to General Court Martial (GCM). Victim provided a Victim Declaration Letter to her command, following which, the commander dismissed the charges against Subject.	
148	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	OCONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Committed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	YES									YES		Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim related she was having some drinks at the pub with friends, to include USN Subject. Victim said she and Subject walked to her barracks room. Once inside, Victim stated she immediately went to bed with all of her clothes on and pulled her blanket on top of her. Victim awoke when she got in bed. Subject was on the floor watching television. Victim said she woke up with her pants and swimwear bottom pulled down to her mid thigh area and with Subject on top of her. Victim was lying on her stomach and Subject had his pants pulled down and was rubbing his penis on the back of her right leg and the lower portion of her right buttocks. Victim said Subject did not touch or penetrate her vagina with his penis but believes he would have if she hadn't woken up when she did. A Special Court-Martial convened where Subject was found guilty of UCMJ Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact), Article 134 (Dereliction, inattention for performance of duties through prior wrongful indulgence in intoxicating liquor or any drug), Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation), and Article 88 (Absence without leave) and was sentenced to 210 days confinement.	
149A	Rape Art.120	Iraq	Unknown	Male				Navy	E-6	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported sometime during the later part of September 2009, while forward deployed overseas, she was raped by several unidentified persons. Victim related while walking from her berthing area to the female restrooms, she was assaulted from behind by an unknown person utilizing a cloth type ligature device to strangle her. Victim stated a second unknown individual grabbed her arm and as she was beginning to pass out, Victim recalls seeing another Naval Reservist, walking towards her. Victim's next memory was waking to see approximately 3 to 5 unknown persons standing over her. Victim passed out again and eventually woke to find herself lying on the ground where the assault occurred. Victim related she had pain in her vagina and, although clothed, noticed her clothing was disturbed as if someone else dressed her. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.
149B	Rape Art.120	Iraq	Unknown	Male				Navy	E-6	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported sometime during the later part of September 2009, while forward deployed overseas, she was raped by several unidentified persons. Victim related while walking from her berthing area to the female restrooms, she was assaulted from behind by an unknown person utilizing a cloth type ligature device to strangle her. Victim stated a second unknown individual grabbed her arm and as she was beginning to pass out, Victim recalls seeing another Naval Reservist, walking towards her. Victim's next memory was waking to see approximately 3 to 5 unknown persons standing over her. Victim passed out again and eventually woke to find herself lying on the ground where the assault occurred. Victim related she had pain in her vagina and, although clothed, noticed her clothing was disturbed as if someone else dressed her. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.
149C	Rape Art.120	Iraq	Unknown	Male				Navy	E-6	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported sometime during the later part of September 2009, while forward deployed overseas, she was raped by several unidentified persons. Victim related while walking from her berthing area to the female restrooms, she was assaulted from behind by an unknown person utilizing a cloth type ligature device to strangle her. Victim stated a second unknown individual grabbed her arm and as she was beginning to pass out, Victim recalls seeing another Naval Reservist, walking towards her. Victim's next memory was waking to see approximately 3 to 5 unknown persons standing over her. Victim passed out again and eventually woke to find herself lying on the ground where the assault occurred. Victim related she had pain in her vagina and, although clothed, noticed her clothing was disturbed as if someone else dressed her. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.
150	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Female					US Civilian	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92							YES							On-base offense without alcohol involvement. Civilian Victim (DOD Civilian) reported USN Subject met her for lunch at the school parking lot. Subject utilized a government van to pick up Victim. While seated in the passenger seat, Victim stated Subject grabbed her hand and put it in his crotch. Victim felt Subject's penis and she pulled her hand away. Subject then jumped in the back seat and exposed his erect penis and requested Victim to perform oral sex, but she declined and suggested Subject get back to work. Subject was taken to Captain's Mast and found guilty of Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order or Regulation) due to his misuse of a government vehicle. Subject was sentenced to 15 days restriction and extra duty. Subject retired from the Navy.
151	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Discharge or Resignation in Lieu of Court-Martial												UOTHC			On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported that she had been sexually harassed and wrongfully touched on her buttocks, without legal justification or authorization, by USN Subject. Victim advised that each assault was similar, with Subject grabbing her buttocks over her duty pants. Subject was reported from the USN in lieu of trial by Courts-Martial with an Other Than Honorable discharge.	
152	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-2	Female					US Civilian	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES					Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. Civilian Victim (Dependent Wife) reported she was exiting the gate of the military installation with her husband when she tag USN Subject, an unknown male passing by, palmed the right side of her buttock with his right hand. Subject was found guilty of violating UCMJ Article 92, failure to obey a lawful order, at Captain's Mast, and was awarded reduction in rank, 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, and forfeiture of \$500.00 pay for two (2) months.	

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
153	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Male	YES		Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male	G2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES					UOTHC			On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim #1 reported he went to sleep in his rack and was awoken by the feeling of his undergarments being pulled down to approximately mid thigh. Victim reported feeling an unknown person, USN Subject, hand "heating" his penis, followed by Subject masturbating him for approximately 10 to 10 minutes. USN Victim #2 and #3 were identified as having similar experiences with Subject. Commanding Officer determined Subject violated Article 120 (Abusive sexual contact) of the UCMJ and imposed NJP in the form of reduction in rate one pay grade, forfeiture of \$753.00 pay per month for two months and 60 days restriction. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.
154	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	G3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													Other		Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim #1 reported through her chain of command that USN Subject asked her to kiss him, touched her thigh, touched her breast, and then exposed his penis to her while they were on duty. During witness interview, USN Victim #2 was identified as a second victim of indecent assault by Subject; one time in Subject's barracks room, and two times while they were on duty. Commanding Officer (CO) of SE RLSD recommended to Command not move forward with a prosecution of Subject. It was reported that Command completed a Page 1 entry in Subject's service record book for personal conduct.	
155	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-6	Multiple Victims - Female			Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	G1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES	YES	YES				Both Victim and Subject			Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Subject intentionally and without consent from USN Victim, reached into Victim's shirt and bra and grabbed her left breast while at the Toluca Estero Club. Subject appeared before Captain's Mast and was found guilty of violations of the Uniform Code of Military Justice Article 128 (Assault Consummated by Battery) and Article 134 (Drunk and Disorderly); consequently, Subject was awarded Reduction in Rank from E6 to E5, Restriction for Sixty days, and forfeiture of \$1506.00 Pay Per Month for two months suspended for six months.
156	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-2	Female	G2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ													Subject		Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported Civilian Subject took her to a campsite in the desert, and subsequently physically and sexually assaulted Victim. Subject groped Victim, deeply penetrated Victim, and made Victim orally copulate him. Subject also restrained Victim with a rope, beat her with a belt, and repeatedly threatened her with violence. Victim stated she escaped from Subject and was subsequently located by Imperial County irrigation workers, who assisted her in contacting the local police. Due to a lack of jurisdiction in this incident, the inability to locate the crime scene, and the inability to locate Subject, this investigation is closed.	
157	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	G2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence											Both Victim and Subject		Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim stated she and USN Subject had been heavily drinking at Pier 525. At some point Victim believed she passed out. Victim awoke on the ground underneath a pine tree near a grassy area between Pier 525 and the Navy Exchange (NEX). Subject was beside Victim when she awoke. Subject admitted he and Victim had consensual sexual intercourse underneath a pine tree near an open field. Subject was taken to an Article 32 Hearing. Investigating Officer (IO), reported there was insufficient evidence that a violation of Article 120 of the UCMJ was committed and recommended the charges be dismissed, with no further action. Commanding Officer (CO), withdrew charges against Subject.
158	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-4	Female	G3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ													Both Victim and Subject		Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that Civilian Subject raped her for approximately 15 seconds in his bedroom located at his off-base residence. A friend of the victim was also present during the rape and that Victim's friend had consensual sex with Subject at that time. This case was worked jointly with Oakland Police Department (OPD), which determined the case is "not chargeable" due to lack of corpus (evidence that a crime was committed). As a result, OPD has closed this case.	
159	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	G4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed	Charges were withdrawn and dismissed due to Victim declining to participate.											Both Victim and Subject		Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim disclosed while on liberty in Sasebo and after a night of drinking, ran into Subject and suggested he come back to Victim's hotel room, and sleep in the extra bed, so he would not have to go all the way back to the ship. Subject made sexual advances towards Victim once they were alone in the hotel room. Victim rebuffed the advances, and Subject went to a separate hotel. Victim then fell asleep. Victim woke up and found Subject on top of her. Victim told Subject to get off of her, a couple of times, and he complied. Victim then took a shower after waking up, and felt someone around and inside her vagina and anus. All charges against Subject referred to trial by General Court Martial were withdrawn and dismissed due to Victim declining to participate.
160	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Female				US Civilian	Female		G2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ													All Subjects and Victims		All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol. Civilian Victim stated she had been sexually assaulted by USN Subject #1 on three (3) occasions from December 2011 through March 2012 at Subject's residence in Silverdale, WA. Victim provided pictures of her engaged in penetrative sexual intercourse with Subject #1 that she believed had been taken by Civilian Subject #2, due to a wedding ring that can be observed on a hand in one of the pictures. Subject #2 was reported to have been present for one of the assaults and is reported to have had sexual contact with Victim without Victim's knowledge or consent. Deputy Prosecuting Attorney, Kitsap County Sheriff's Office (KCSO), advised her office has declined to prosecute Subject #2 due to insufficient evidence.	
161	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	United Arab Emirates	Navy	E-4	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	G2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES	YES	YES	YES			Both Victim and Subject		Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim stated she and her friend went to the "Sandbox" in Dubai to drink and hang out with friends including USN Subject and other members of her division. Later that night Victim, her friend, and Subject left the "Sandbox", returned to the ship, and went to the Chart Vault. While in the Chart Vault Subject tried to kiss Victim and touch her crotch. Victim repeatedly told Subject "No," but he continued to try to kiss her and touch her crotch. Subject became upset with Victim, Victim and Subject continued their disagreement in the passageway when they went out to the Port Quarter lookout for some privacy. Subject came up behind Victim and put his arms around her. Victim said she pushed back with her arms, but Subject put his hands back around her waist, and he hand down her pants, and fondled her vagina. Victim said she told Subject "No," but he continued to kiss her. Victim said she "truly just gave up" and started kissing Subject. Subject unzipped her pants and pulled her pants and underwear down to just above her knees. Subject then allegedly pulled his pants and underwear down to just above his knees, sat down on a nearby console, and pulled Victim on top of him. Victim said she was holding herself up using the handrails and Subject inserted his penis into her vagina without a condom. Victim continued to have sexual intercourse with Subject until they were caught by security. Subject appeared before Commanding Officer (CO), for Non-Judicial Punishment. Subject was charged with a violation of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) Article 92 (Failure to obey lawful written order) for engaging in sexual activity aboard the ship. Subject was placed on restriction for thirty (30) days, assigned extra duty of thirty (30) days, ordered to forfeit \$150 of pay per month for two (2) months, and reduced in rank to the next inferior pay grade. Subject's reduction in rank was suspended pending no further disciplinary issues for six (6) months. Commanding Officer, determined probable cause existed only for a non-sexual assault offense which was previously adjudicated at NJP in Curti and there was insufficient evidence of a sexual assault or abusive sexual contact. No further administrative or judicial action was taken against Subject.	
162	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	O-3	Female			US Civilian	Female		G1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Conduct unbecoming Art. 133	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Conduct unbecoming Art. 133									LOR			On-base offense without alcohol involvement. Civilian Victim stated while waiting to leave the Prowler Ball, USN Subject put his hand between her legs and fondled her crotch region. Victim relayed there was no digital penetration and the contact occurred over her clothing. Staff Judge Advocate, advised that Subject was awarded Non-Judicial punishment, wherein, he received a punitive written letter of reprimand for violating Article 128 (Assault) and Article 133 (Conduct Unbecoming an Officer).	
163	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	G2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES	YES	YES				UOTHC				On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported over the past seven (7) months USN Subject has repeatedly attempted to have sex with her against her will. Subject walked up behind Victim and wrapped his arms around Victim's abdomen area, slid his hands down outside her clothing, and began rubbing Victim's groin area. Victim immediately pushed Subject away telling him to stop. Subject complied in July 2012, while on duty, Victim began talking to Subject. As Victim sat on a table, Subject suddenly pushed and pinned Victim down on the table and forced his hips between her legs. Victim attempted to push Subject away, telling him to stop but he was so strong. Subject held Victim down with one hand then unzipped her uniform with his other hand, slid his hand under her shirt and sports bra, and began fondling her breasts. Subject was brought before Captain's Mast for violation of Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and Article 134 (Indecent Language). Subject was awarded non-judicial punishment as follows: Restriction for 60 days, Forfeiture of half pay for two months and Reduction to next inferior pay grade E-5. Following Captain's Mast, Subject was processed for Administrative Separation (Other than Honorable Discharge) for commission of a serious offense.
164	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Female			Navy	E-1	Female	G1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Other Sexual Misconduct Art. 120c	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Other Sexual Misconduct Art. 120c				YES		YES						Off-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim stated while at a movie theater USN Subject put his hand on Victim's leg multiple times, resulting in Victim physically removing Subject's hand from her leg. Subject then touched Victim in her pelvic area through clothing, against her will, which resulted in Victim removing Subject's hand, standing up and screaming it was time to leave the theater. At the bottom of the escalator she exiting the theater. Subject stood behind Victim pushing her pelvic against Victim's buttocks and moved in a groping manner. Finally, while in the cab ride returning to base Subject forced Victim's neck. Victim again told Subject to stop and no further inappropriate contact was conducted by Subject. Victim did not want the incident reported to command; however, after telling a classmate, the classmate reported the incident to command. Victim continued to express her desire to not participate any further in an investigation and executed a Victim Preference Statement. Subject was the subject of a Captain's Mast. As a result of the Non-judicial punishment, Subject was awarded forty-five (45) days restriction and forty-five (45) extra duty for Article 120c (Other Sexual Misconduct).	
165	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	G3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment		US property - sale, loss, damage, etc. Article 108		YES	YES						Honorable		Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Subject and USN Victim were drinking alcohol in Subject's barracks room with other people from their squadron. Victim said at one point, Subject pushed her backwards onto his bed then lifted her shirt and bra up even though she told him to stop. Subject proceeded to kiss Victim's breasts. Victim stated she decided she did not want to participate any further with the investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement to that effect. An Article 32 hearing was held after which the Investigating Officer recommended prosecution of Subject at Summary Court Martial for violations of UCMJ Article 108 (Damage to government property) and 134 (Drunk and disorderly conduct). Subject was administered UCMJ Article 15 Non-Judicial Punishment for Non-Serious offenses and found guilty for violating UCMJ Article 108 (Destruction of Government Property) and Article 134 (Drunk and Disorderly Conduct). He was awarded Reduction in rate to E-3 and forfeitures of pay totaling \$1,800.00 and was administratively separated from the Navy with an Honorable discharge.	
166	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-7	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	G1	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120		YES							LOR		Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim stated that sometime in December 2011 USN Subject slapped her buttocks over her clothing in addition to the continuous verbal harassment. Victim was overheard telling a co-worker about the continuous abuse, which initiated a report to her chain of command. Subject was taken to Captain's Mast for violating Article 92 (orders violation), Article 120 (Wrongful sexual Contact), and Article 128 (Assault) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) and received a reprimand in writing and the forfeiture of half his pay for two months.	

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
167	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-1	Male			Navy	E-2	Male	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES		YES					Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim reported USN Subject forced Victim's genital area in his clothing while the two were in the berthing/lounge area of the ship. Subject was awarded with NUP as a result of his assault on Victim (Abusive Sexual Contact). Subject received 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, forfeiture of 1/2 month's pay for two months (suspended) and reduction in rank to E-1 (suspended).
168	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Acquitted														Not Specified	On-base offense. USN Victim stated while returning from the female head, she passed USN Subject in the passage way next to a water fountain. Subject turned and struck Victim in the abdomen area with a closed fist, causing her to double over. Subject threw Victim to the ground, straddled her while he was standing, placed his left hand over her mouth and made the statement, "I've seen you before." Subject produced a folding type knife and held it to Victim's throat. Subject made the statement, "If you scream, I'm going to kill you." Victim indicated Subject used the knife to cut the front of Victim's shirt open from the collar to approximately the location of her belly button. Victim explained Subject placed the knife on the deck and groped her right breast by reaching under her bra for approximately 2 to 3 minutes. Victim stated she heard a loud noise and believed another person was walking down the stairs. Subject relieved his needs and departed the area by running down the stairs to an unknown location. A General Court-Martial found Subject Not Guilty of Uniform Code of Military Justice Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Contact) and Article 120 (Assault).
169	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Male	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	Convicted		Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES				UOTHC	YES		Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim related that sometime in July or August 2010 he was out socializing with a group of eight to ten friends from training when a decision was made to rent a hotel room. Victim stated that he and several others had consumed alcohol to the point of intoxication wherein he eventually fell asleep fully clothed on one of the hotel room beds. Victim was awakened at an unknown time when he realized USN Subject was performing oral sex on him without his consent. Subject did not notice Victim originally waking up, so Victim woke up in a conspicuous manner so as to alert Subject and get him to stop the unwanted sexual contact. At this prompting, Subject ceased the activity. Subject pled guilty at court-martial to a violation UCMJ Article 125 (Sodomy). Subject was sentenced to 85 days confinement, 60 days restriction, reduction to E-2, forfeiture of \$1,000/month for 6 months. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge. Subject is further required to register as a sexual offender.
170	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES							Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim stated she was walking in the berthing area onboard the ship when she stopped to say hello to USN Subject. Victim stated Subject walked past her and grabbed her right breast and squeezed it a few times. Victim immediately confronted Subject and stated he continued walking towards the berthing area, turned and smiled at her. Subject was awarded 60 days restriction, forfeiture of half a month's pay for 2 months, and reduction to E-2.
171	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120		YES	YES		YES		YES				Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim #1 stated while the ship was underway in Dec't 1, USN Subject invited her to hang out with him near the bow of the ship. Victim #1 stated as she approached Subject he immediately grabbed her and began kissing her. Victim #1 was not bothered by the kissing but Subject became aggressive and began squeezing her butt and feeling her breasts. Victim #1 pushed Subject's hands away and they continued kissing for approximately ten minutes until Subject stopped and stated he had to go to bed. USN Victim #2 reported since checking into her command, Subject has made sexual comments to her and has touched her in a sexual manner. Subject went to Non-Judicial Punishment. Subject was awarded forty five (45) days restriction and forty five (45) days extra duty. Reduction in Rank to E-4, forfeiture of one half month's pay for one month.	
172	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	General Article Offense Art. 134	Convicted		General Article Offense Art. 134			YES		YES						Not Specified	Off-Base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Subject came over to civilian Victim's house to hang out and Subject repeatedly attempted to initiate sexual intercourse with Victim. When Victim did not reciprocate, Subject picked Victim up, threw Victim on the bed, and pulled Victim's pants and underwear down. Victim told Subject "No" and "Stop." Subject attempted to orally copulate Victim but Victim pushed Subject's head away. Subject held Victim's head and Subject's hands and digitally penetrated Victim's vagina with his other hand several times. Victim was able to kick Subject off of her and Subject subsequently left the apartment. District Attorney's Office declined to file charges against Subject. NCJ has assumed investigation. Subject pled guilty at a Summary Court-Martial (SCM) to a violation of UCMJ Article 134. Subject was reduced in rank to E-2 and given restriction for 30 days.	
173	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-6	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other			Incident of Abusive Sexual Contact at an unknown location without alcohol involvement. USN Victim alleged over a period of a year to a year and a half of an ongoing friendship with USN Subject, Subject has been making inappropriate comments which later elevated to forceful kissing and inappropriate touching of Victim's breasts and butt. Subject was counseled by the command prior to transfer.	
174	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92			YES		YES	YES			UOTHC			On-Base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported that USN Subject exposed his penis to her and was masturbating in front of her near the waste catapult Integrated Catapult Control Station (ICCS). Subject never ejaculated but did grab Victim's wrist in an attempt to pull her into an adjoining space. Victim told Subject to let her go. In addition, Victim reported Subject pulled out her shorts from her boots to look down at her buttocks. A Special Court-Martial was convened and Subject was found to be guilty of Article 92 (Violate a lawful order) and Article 120c (Indecent Exposure) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). Subject was adjudged to the following: a reprimand, reduction in rank to E-6, 60 days restriction, and hard labor without confinement for two months. Subject was subsequently administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.	
175	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-7	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Disorderly conduct Art. 134-13	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Disorderly conduct Art. 134-13		YES			YES					Both Victim and Subject		Off-Base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim advised USN Subject made sexual advances towards her and asked her to go home with him for the evening. While talking with Victim at the bar, Subject slipped his hand up Victim's skirt, reached under her underwear and touched Victim's vagina. Victim advised no penetration occurred, and she immediately became very upset, stood up and left the bar. Victim did not want to pursue prosecution of Subject and signed a Victim Declaration Acknowledgment. Following legal review of the allegation of sexual assault made against Subject, to include video surveillance from the footage at the bar that was in conflict with the Victim's statements, the command decided no criminal charges would be pursued at court-martial, but rather, at non-judicial punishment. Subject received NJP for violating UCMJ Article 1134 for being drunk and disorderly, and was awarded forfeitures and 15 days of restriction.	
176	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	O-3	Male			Navy	O-1	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other		Subject	Off-base involving alcohol. USN Victim was the designated driver for a group of students when they went to several restaurants and bars. Victim described sexual comments made by USN Subject, after which Subject reportedly grabbed Victim's buttocks as they were crossing the street at the end of the night. Subject was given a verbal admonishment which was formally documented.	
177	Rape Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence													Victim	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim reported that, sometime at the end of May or beginning of June (2012), while the ship was on a port-call, she went on liberty with several shipmates. Victim and her shipmates had dinner then went to a local bar. Victim did not recall how she left the bar, what time she left the bar, or how she got back aboard the ship. Victim's next memory is of USN Subject walking her and telling her to follow him. Victim awoke the next morning wearing different clothing than she had worn the night before. Victim went to use the restroom and noticed she was not wearing panties, which was unusual for her. Victim then noticed an unusual smell emanating from her genitals and advised she felt like she had sex, though she could not recall any portion of the act. Later that morning, Victim saw Subject, and Subject told Victim, "last night is our little secret." This confirmed Victim's suspicion Subject had raped her. An Article 32 hearing was held. As a result of that hearing, the Investigating Officer (IO) recommended the case not be referred to trial by court-martial, citing a lack of credible evidence. Subsequent to those findings, Commanding Officer declined further action.
178	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Discharge														General		Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim stated USN Subject smacked/dropkicked her bare buttock while she was in the shower and then walked at her. The next day, while standing in line for chow, Subject began to touch Victim's left breast in a provocative manner. On the same day, while in the Galley eating lunch, Victim stated Subject began caressing her inner thigh, over her clothes, very close to her crotch. Then, later that evening, while Victim was asleep in her bunk, Subject came to Victim's bunk and placed her hand on Victim's hip and asked Victim if she wanted to meet her in the shower. Victim stated she did not oblige Subject and Subject returned to her bunk area. Victim also stated on 08SEP12, while she was washing her hair in the shower with her eyes closed, Subject backed her bare buttock against Victim's groin area in a provocative, grating manner. Subject was administratively separated with a General discharge from USN for misconduct.
179	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Female			Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES				Both Victim and Subject		Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim stated that she went to several bars with several command members to include USN Subject. At the end of the night, everyone went back to a command member's apartment. Victim was provided a spare bedroom to sleep in and the other command members were to sleep in the living room. Victim reported while she was sleeping, Subject came into the room and got into bed with her. According to Victim, she pretended to be asleep while Subject rubbed her back and eventually placed his hand down her shorts, beneath her underwear, and began rubbing her butt. Subject then placed his hand down her shorts, beneath her underwear, and began rubbing her butt. Victim stated that she must be sleeping and fell asleep. Victim got up and went to sleep in the living room with the other command members. Subject was taken to Captain's Mast and found guilty of violations of Articles 92 (Failure to obey a lawful general regulation by wrongfully consuming alcohol) to the extent of impaired judgment and 134 (disorderly conduct). Subject was sentenced to 45 days restriction, forfeiture of half months pay for 2 months, 45 days of extra duty and reduction to E-5 (suspended for 6 months).
180	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES			BCD						YES	Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim had been friends with USN Subject since FEB12. Victim related he made it clear to Subject that he was not homosexual and had no interest in any relationship other than being friends. Victim stated he went out to a bar with Subject where they both became intoxicated. After leaving the bar Victim and Subject returned to Subject's house where Victim stated she decided to stay the night because he was too intoxicated to drive. Victim fell asleep fully clothed on the sofa in the living room and awoke the next morning in a strange sensation in the area of his genitals. Upon waking, Victim sat up and observed Subject pulling his hand away as Subject was crunched neck to the neck, only wearing his underwear. Victim immediately noticed that his own pants were unzipped, yet his underwear was still in place. Subject pled guilty to violating Article 120 (wrongful sexual contact) and was subsequently sentenced to 120 days confinement and discharged from the USN with a bad conduct discharge (BCD).	

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
181	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															Not Specified	Off-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. This investigation was initiated after Legal Officer reported that a Civilian Victim alleged that a USN Subject sexually assaulted her during Labor Day weekend. The case was closed due to a determination of lack of probable cause made by the District Attorney's Office.	
182	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	Acquitted													All Subjects and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim #1 attended a social gathering, and became extremely intoxicated. Victim #1 recalls returning to her barracks room and receiving oral sex and being vaginally penetrated. Victim #1 stated she woke the next morning with vaginal pain and realized the tampon she had been wearing had been pushed into her vaginal cavity. Victim #1 questioned two members of her command who told her USN Subject had walked her to her room the night before. Victim #1 asked Subject what had occurred the previous night and Subject responded he thought there had been contact between them. During trial preparation, Victim #1 disclosed USN Victim #2 was sexually assaulted by Subject. Victim #2 stated in 2011, Subject attempted to sexually assault her. Victim #2 stated she did not desire to cooperate with the investigation or participate in a trial. Subject was taken to General Courts-Martial and charged with violation of UCMJ Article 120, sexual assault due to substantial incapacitation, and was acquitted.	
183	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian		Male			Navy	E-6	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim reported while Civilian Subject was opening a door for her within their command spaces, Subject "gripped her breast" and made inappropriate comments during the incident. A trial before a United States District Court Judge. Subject was found not guilty for simple assault and a disorderly conduct charge was dismissed.	
184	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-7	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															Not Specified	Off-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. Civilian Victim (Dependent Wife) reported to County Sheriff's Office she had gone on a motorcycle ride with USN Subject, where they stopped at the rest area. At that location, Victim stated that after smoking a couple of cigarettes, Subject pushed her against a yellow pole, pulled her pants down to her knees and her underwear to the side, and forced his penis into her vagina. Victim stated Subject had a firm handshake on her right side and she felt intimidated by it. Subject was arrested and charged with rape. Subject appeared in County District Court for a probable cause hearing. Victim had previously contacted the County District Attorney's office and informed them that she would not return to their state to testify against Subject. The County DA made a motion to the court that the charge of rape be dismissed. The motion was granted and no further administrative or prosecutorial action will be pursued. Executive Officer, advised Command would not pursue any further administrative or judicial action against Subject.	
185	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject															Not Specified	On-base offense with alcohol involvement not specified. USN Victim stated she filed a complaint with her command circa Dec 10 alleging that a USN Subject in her division touched her buttocks several times against her will. Victim refused to provide any details regarding the incident and elected to sign a RI-SD Victim Declaration Statement, declining to further participate in an investigation. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
186	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120			YES		YES					UOTHC		On-base offense without alcohol involvement. USN Victim stated she began an online relationship with USN Subject in March or April of 2012. Upon a permanent change of station, Victim arranged to pick up Subject after he finished work. Victim and Subject then parked at his community center, where they proceeded to talk and "fist". Victim then told Subject she no longer wanted to be physical with him. Subject then proceeded to force Victim to touch his genital area through his clothing, rub her inner thigh through her clothing, and touch her breast. Victim stated Subject suddenly stopped and she drove him to his barracks building. Subject was taken to non-judicial punishment (NJP) for violation of Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and was awarded reduction in rank and forty-five days restriction and extra duty. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.	
187	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Male				Navy	E-5	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject															Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol. USN Victim stated that she, her roommate, and other acquaintances, went to a few bars. Victim stated that an "acquaintance" drove her home and continually kept inappropriately touching her, and forced her to touch his penis. Upon entering Victim's home, and while others had returned back to her residence, she attempted to hide from the Unknown Subject. Later, Subject grabbed Victim and pulled her into her room and forced her to give him oral sex. Victim stated that she said "no" many times to the Subject. Victim recalls Subject having sexual intercourse with her, and attempting anal sex. Victim related that she does not want to cooperate with an investigation. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
188	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	Unknown	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Unknown Subject															Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol. Civilian Victim was at the Emergency Room complaining of abdominal and neck pain as a result of being raped during a party. Victim advised she had been raped by an unknown male after consuming numerous alcoholic beverages. Victim didn't know the identity of the suspect and did not recall seeing or interacting with the suspect during the party. Victim stated she backed out of the party and awoke to a male vaginally penetrating her at an unknown apartment, different from the apartment where the party was being held. Victim related that she does not want to cooperate with an investigation. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
189	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-7	Male			Navy	E-8	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES			YES					Involved but Not Specified	On-base incident of Sexual Assault between USN Subject and Victim. Victim advised that she attended the Khaki Ball and at one point the Victim accompanied Subject to his truck at Subject's request. Victim reported she only remembers walking down a hallway and after that point has no memory until the following evening. Victim later learned of the assault from a voice mail message Subject left her in which he advised he wanted to have sexual intercourse with her again. Victim advised she questioned Subject about the incident and Subject advised they had sexual intercourse in his truck. An Article 32 for Subject was conducted. The investigating Officer recommended the charge of Sexual Assault be dismissed, as reasonable grounds do not exist to conclude Subject committed a sexual assault on Victim. Subject signed a plea agreement to plead guilty to UCMJ Article 92 (Violation of a Direct Order), and UCMJ Article 134 (Unlawful sexual intercourse). The charge of UCMJ Article 120 (Sexual Assault) was dismissed. Subject was sentenced to forfeiture of two-thirds pay per month for one month and restricted for a period of 60 days.		
190	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-1	Male	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	Discharge or Resignation in Lieu of Court-Martial											UOTHC		On-base incident of Sexual Assault between two Sailors without alcohol involvement. Victim reported walking up to find Subject in his room attempting to pull his pants down. Victim advised he directed Subject to leave and Subject complied however, returned. The second time, the Victim found Subject directed Subject's genitals and then performed oral copulation without permission. The Commanding Officer directed Subject be separated with an Other Than Honorable discharge in lieu of Trial by Courts-Martial.		
191	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	Dismissed	Investigating Officer recommended dismissal of charges due to insufficient evidence.											Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Navy Victim. Victim reported Subject inappropriately touched her inner thigh while at another USN member's barracks room, following a night of drinking and socialization. Victim reported that the following morning her pubic bone hurt. She asked a witness about this and they informed Victim that the Subject inappropriately touched her inner thigh over her clothing and used Victim as a "Sex doll" to demonstrate various sexual positions. Victim reported she was intoxicated and does not remember Subject doing anything other than touching her inner thigh. Following pretrial, charges against Subject withdrawn and dismissed due to insufficient evidence.		
192	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-5	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject															Not Specified	On-base incident of Rape between an unknown Subject and a Navy Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reportedly was sexually assaulted in 2001 during her training at boot camp. Victim awoke to find her hands and feet tied to her hands and fingers, along with her bed clothes being twisted on her body and although she did not report it to anyone at the time, Victim believes her injuries were a result of her possibly being drugged and raped. Victim was unable to provide any suspect(s) or identifying information. Due to the lack of substantive leads pertinent to this investigation and the lack of an identified Subject, this case is closed until further information develops.	
193	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence													On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a Navy Subject and US Civilian Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim indicated that she was assaulted at her place of employment, where the Subject grabbed her breast, under her bra, while she was training Subject on scanning equipment. Command dismissed charges against Subject as a non-judicial punishment (NJP) hearing due to insufficient evidence.	
194	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Afghanistan	Foreign National	Male				Navy	E-5	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																On-base incident of Aggravated Sexual Contact between a Foreign National Military Subject and a Navy Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim indicated she was assaulted by an Afghan Army member while deployed to Afghanistan. The incident was a strong arm assault and forceful groping of the Victim's breast and crotch area over her clothing and the Subject attempted to kiss the Victim. Additionally, the Victim had to leave the assignment and return to the U.S. early due to an environment of resentment between her and the other AA members. Army CID initially investigated the case and Subject received twenty (20) days confinement in an Afghan prison and was subsequently bonded out by his family. It was not clear whether the Subject had also received corporal punishment. This investigation is closed so no further action can be taken against Subject due to lack of jurisdiction.	
195	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120									LOR	Not Specified	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated that while in the boat room on the ship, Subject made a comment to her about having sex and she stated that it would not happen. Victim said that Subject then slapped her on her buttocks, but she did not take it offensively. Victim signed a VPS. Subject was referred to Captain's Mast and recommended orally and in writing by Command for violating Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact).		
196	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject															Not Specified	Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that an unknown male approached her in a grocery store parking lot, forced her into her car, and raped her. Victim advised she did not wish to make a report to NCIC or to local police. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed until further information develops.	
197	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Male	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES			YES		YES			Not Specified	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported Subject would make comments about raping Victim and would simulate anal sex by thrusting himself into Victim from behind, while the two were dressed. Subject was taken to Non-Judicial Punishment and was found guilty of violating UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to obey a lawful order or regulation for violating the Navy's policy on hazing) and was awarded 45 days restriction, 45 days of extra duty, and forfeiture of 1/2 months pay for 2 months. All punishment was suspended for 6 months.		

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
198	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Assault Art. 128	YES	YES	YES							UOHC		Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported she, Subject, and another USN member went out and consumed multiple alcoholic beverages. Upon returning to base, the group went to Victim's barracks to watch a movie in the common area. Victim and Subject subsequently left alone on the couch while the other USN member was lying on the floor near the couch. When Victim woke up, Subject was groping her neck and the area above her breasts as he rubbed his midsection against her lower back. Victim immediately got up and left the common area. Subject admitted to groping Victim's breast. Subject was convicted by a Summary Court-Martial of violations of UCMJ, Article 128 (Assault) and was sentenced to 30 days confinement, reduction in rate to E-1, and forfeiture of two-thirds pay for one month. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.
199	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Male	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES	YES	YES		YES			UOHC			Incident on board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim indicated he was awakened from sleep by Subject who was fondling Victim's penis. Victim kicked Subject then escorted him to his chain of command to report the incident. Subject was taken to NJP and found guilty of wrongfully touching and fondling Victim's penis and buttocks. Subject was awarded 60 days of extra duty/45 days of restriction, reduction in grade and forfeiture of half pay for two months, and will be administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable (OTH) discharge.
200	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Assault Art. 128	YES	YES										Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported being assaulted while on liberty at a bar in Malaysia. Witnesses found Victim in the bar extremely intoxicated with her pants and underwear down and the Subject standing in front of Victim with his zipper down and his genitalia out however they did not witness a sexual act or contact. Subject was charged with violating Article 120, aggravated sexual assault, abusive sexual contact, indecent exposure, Article 134, obstruction of justice, and Article 128, assault consummated by a battery. Subject pled guilty pursuant to a pretrial agreement of violating Article 128 (Assault Consummated by a Battery) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) at a Special Court-Martial and was sentenced to 3 months confinement and forfeiture of \$1,000.00 PPM for 3 months.
201	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault of USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated that she was hanging out in front of her apartment when she was approached by an unknown male who attempted to talk to her. Victim indicated that she tried to ignore the Subject by walking away but eventually had to start running because Subject continued to pursue Victim. Victim stated that she ran as far as a field where the Subject finally pushed her down and got on top of Victim. Victim said that the Subject was able to get her belt and pants off, put on a condom and vaginally penetrate her against her will. Victim stated that she wished to not provide any additional information about the case or discuss the events which she had reported to NPD and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed until further information develops.
202	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	YES	YES		BCD							YES	Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol between USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported that she had agreed to share a bed at a hotel with Subject. Victim awoke to Subject touching her stomach. Subsequently, Subject grabbed Victim's buttocks, fondled her vagina and touched her breasts. Victim pretended to be asleep. Victim reported Subject pulled down her pants to about mid-thigh. Subject continued to touch Victim's genital area and then digitally penetrated Victim's anus. Victim could hear Subject licking his fingers and masturbating behind her. After pulling her pants up approximately three times, Victim rolled off of the bed and laid on the floor. Subject approached Victim, awakened, and told her she could leave the bed and said he would sleep on the floor. Victim reluctantly agreed and got back into the bed alone. Shortly thereafter, Subject laid back down beside her. Victim left the hotel room. Victim reported both she and Subject consumed alcohol on the night but she did not report feeling too intoxicated. Subject pled guilty to one specification of UCMJ Article 120, Sexual Assault and was sentenced to 12 months confinement, which was a capped at 90 days forfeiture of 2/3 pay during confinement, and a Bad Conduct Discharge. In addition, Subject was required to register as a sex offender.
203A	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other		Involved but Not Specified	Incident on board ship of Aggravated Sexual Contact between four USN Subjects and a USN Victim. The Victim was interviewed wherein he related on multiple occasions over the past year being subjected to "dry humping," having his genitalia fondled against his will, being physically assaulted, multiple instances of being called derogatory names, disrespect by subordinates and various other forms of harassment and hazing perpetrated by numerous members of his command. Prior to the interview, the Victim related to the Commanding Officer that he felt he was in an unsafe work environment. The Commanding Officer determined that a preponderance of evidence was not available to find Subject #1 guilty of violating Article 120 of the UCMJ but issued a Non-punitive Letter of Caution.	
203B	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES						Honorable	Involved but Not Specified	Incident on board ship of Aggravated Sexual Contact between four USN Subjects and a USN Victim. The Victim was interviewed wherein he related on multiple occasions over the past year being subjected to "dry humping," having his genitalia fondled against his will, being physically assaulted, multiple instances of being called derogatory names, disrespect by subordinates and various other forms of harassment and hazing perpetrated by numerous members of his command. Prior to the interview, the Victim related to the Commanding Officer that he felt he was in an unsafe work environment. Subject #2 received non-judicial punishment, was found guilty of violating Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation - sexual harassment) of the UCMJ, and was awarded 60 days restriction to the ship, forfeiture of half months pay for two (2) months and reduction to the next inferior pay grade (E-3). Subject #2 was administratively separated from the Navy with an Honorable discharge.
203C	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other		Involved but Not Specified	Incident on board ship of Aggravated Sexual Contact between four USN Subjects and a USN Victim. The Victim was interviewed wherein he related on multiple occasions over the past year being subjected to "dry humping," having his genitalia fondled against his will, being physically assaulted, multiple instances of being called derogatory names, disrespect by subordinates and various other forms of harassment and hazing perpetrated by numerous members of his command. Prior to the interview, the Victim related to the Commanding Officer that he felt he was in an unsafe work environment. Subject #3 was charged with violating UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation), but the charge was subsequently dismissed at a Disciplinary Review Board (DRB).	
203D	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES						Honorable	Involved but Not Specified	Incident on board ship of Aggravated Sexual Contact between four USN Subjects and a USN Victim. The Victim was interviewed wherein he related on multiple occasions over the past year being subjected to "dry humping," having his genitalia fondled against his will, being physically assaulted, multiple instances of being called derogatory names, disrespect by subordinates and various other forms of harassment and hazing perpetrated by numerous members of his command. Prior to the interview, the Victim related to the Commanding Officer that he felt he was in an unsafe work environment. Subject #4 received non-judicial punishment, was found guilty of violating Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation - sexual harassment) of the UCMJ, and was awarded 60 days restriction to the ship, forfeiture of half months pay for two (2) months and reduction to the next inferior pay grade (E-3). Subject #4 was administratively separated from the Navy with an Honorable discharge.
204	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Male	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence													Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. The Victim reported he was out drinking with the Subject at an off-base establishment and later, while sleeping at Subject's on-base residence, awoke to feeling cool air on his genitalia and movement on the sofa bed. Victim noticed his shorts were pulled down with his genitalia and buttocks were exposed and that the Subject was lying next to him. The Subject denied he sexually assaulted the Victim. As a result of the Article 32 hearing, the Investigating Officer found there was insufficient evidence to merit a court-martial and Command dismissed all charges.
205	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Female			Navy	E-2	Male	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other				On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Three weeks after the alleged incident, Victim reported the Subject grabbed his butt and said something to the effect of, "I love all of the way they". According to the SAIC, the Victim alleged the Subject did the same thing to another co-worker sometime before. Alcohol is not associated with this incident. Commanding Officer issued a memorandum indicating Subject was counseled on behavior and hazing was conducted, no further action necessary.
206A	Rape Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Foreign National		Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																All Subjects	Incident of Rape involving alcohol of a Foreign National Victim by two USN Subjects. Foreign authorities reported that two Subjects were arrested for the rape and robbery of the Victim, a Japanese citizen. The Victim reported she was returning to her residence when she was followed by two unknown Americans later identified as Subjects #1 & #2. As the Victim approached her residence Subject #2 grabbed her by the arms and Subject #1 attacked her from the other side, placing his arm around her neck and choking her. The two Subjects then dragged her into the parking lot of her residence where they raped and robbed her. Subject #1 pled guilty to Rape by Group in District Court, Okinawa, Japan and was sentenced to 9 years confinement at Hard Labor in Japanese Prison.
206B	Rape Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Foreign National		Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																All Subjects	Incident of Rape involving alcohol of a Foreign National Victim by two USN Subjects. Foreign authorities reported that two Subjects were arrested for the rape and robbery of the Victim, a Japanese citizen. The Victim reported she was returning to her residence when she was followed by two unknown Americans later identified as Subjects #1 & #2. As the Victim approached her residence Subject #2 grabbed her by the arms and Subject #1 attacked her from the other side, placing his arm around her neck and choking her. The two Subjects then dragged her into the parking lot of her residence where they raped and robbed her. Subject #2 pled guilty to Rape by Group in District Court, Okinawa, Japan and was sentenced to 9 years confinement at Hard Labor in Japanese Prison.
207	Rape Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim at an unknown location by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim was the victim of a sexual assault but advised she did not want to provide information regarding this alleged sexual assault or participate in this investigation. Victim completed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of identified Subject, this case is closed until further information develops.
208	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q1	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported an unknown individual grabbed his genitalia over his clothes while he was sleeping in his rack. Victim also reported chasing the individual, but was unable to locate that person. Due to lack of witnesses, investigative leads, and the inability of Victim to positively identify his assailant, DoD action was precluded and this case was closed.

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adversive Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Types	Mut. Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
209	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-7	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	YES		YES	BCD							YES	Victim	On board ship incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported she returned to the ship's berthing barge following an evening of consuming alcoholic beverages at an on-base social gathering with other personnel. The Victim stated the Subject requested to speak with her and later escorted her to the dental doctor's office. While inside the dental doctor's office, the Victim stated the Subject informed her that she was in trouble and advised that she knew what she needed to do, produced a purple condom, instructed her to pull down her pants, and commenced having penile/vaginal sexual intercourse with her from behind. The Victim stated she only consented to the sexual act because she felt as if she had no other choice and due to her lack of judgment as a result of her level of inebriation. A General Court-Martial was held wherein Subject was found guilty of violating UCMJ Article 120 (Engagement in sexual acts onboard the ship), Article 120 (sexual assault) and Article 134 (Adultery and Fornication) and was adjudged ninety (90) days confinement, reduction to E-1, a Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD) and required to register as a sexual-offender.	
210	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off base incident of Aggravated Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a US Civilian Victim by a USN Subject. NCIS obtained written permission from the county sheriff's office to release their investigation to the Subject's Commanding Officer regarding a June 11 rape investigation. The Subject was accused of raping the Victim in his father's off-base residence, after a house party wherein the Victim became inebriated and went to sleep in one of the empty bedrooms. According to the Victim, she and the Subject were talking on the bed, he reached over and began to unbutton her pants, when she said no and pushed him away, the Subject stopped. The Victim later woke up to the Subject raping her, she said he no and pushed him off of her. Following subsequent contact by the county sheriff's office, the Victim elected not to pursue the investigation and stated she wanted to put the incident behind her. No criminal charges were filed against the Subject and the case was closed.	
211	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Army	E-6	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment																		Investigation conducted partly with USA CID involving USN victim and USA Subject and reported by USA CID for this report. Nonjudicial punishment data was not available for this Subject.
212	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	W-3	Male			Navy	O-2	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Disrespect toward a superior commissioned officer Art. 89	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Disrespect toward a superior commissioned officer Art. 89									LOR					Incident on board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported she entered the Engineering Log Room and since all the computers were being used, she stood behind Subject and asked him when he was going to be finished using the computer. Subject wrapped his hand around her back and pulled her down into his lap. Subject then proceeded to smack Victim once on the buttocks and then heard him make the comment "now it's your turn" at which time she reported that she felt a "second smack." After the incident, Subject let Victim sign a Victim Preference Statement indicating her desire to no longer participate in the investigation. The local attorney's office declined prosecution.
213	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian		Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off base incident of Aggravated Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian (USN Ret.). Victim reported she had been a victim of sexual assault at the Subject's residence while attending a party. While at the residence, Victim consumed alcoholic beverages to the point of feeling it and laid down in the Subject's bedroom. Victim was later woken up by Subject entering the bed naked and attempted to hug her. Victim stated she pushed him away. Victim's next recollection was Subject being on top of her and pulling down her shorts and penetrating her vagina with his penis. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement indicating her desire to no longer participate in the investigation. The local attorney's office declined prosecution.	
214	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	US Civilian		Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off base incident of Non-Consensual Sodomy involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject. Victim reported she had attended a "girls' night" party. The Victim reported that all the women in were drinking heavily. At some point of the women's boyfriends and husbands returned to the apartment. When the Victim woke the next morning she told her friends she had a bad taste in her mouth and her friends laughed but no one would explain why they were laughing. The Victim was informed later that explicit photographs of her with a penis in her mouth had surfaced in which the Victim was clearly unconscious in the photos. At a later date, the Victim was approached by the Subject who asked when he could get a "second round." Due to the expiration of the Statute of Limitations this investigation was closed.	
215	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian		Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Victim	Off base incident of Aggravated Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject. Victim reported that she was sexually assaulted while attending a party with her roommate where she became very inebriated. The Victim reported that after passing out on a bed she awoke to the Subject touching and kissing her breasts. The Victim stated that she pushed him off of her, but he came back and let her neck and she passed out again. She later woke up lying on her stomach and saying "I as the Subject proceeded to sodomize her with his penis and she passed out again. She woke up for a third time and the Subject had his fingers in her vagina and she saw blood. She passed out a final time and did not awake until the morning. The local attorney's office refused to prosecute this investigation.	
216	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120									Other					Incident on board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim stated while cleaning in the Bake Shop aboard the ship, Subject came up behind her and attempted to give her a hug, subsequently touching her left breast with his right hand. Subject was reprimanded and according to Subject, he came up beside Victim to give her a hug, and if he touched Victim's breast it was not in a sexual manner. All NJP Subject was awarded 30 hours of Extra Military Instructions (EMI).
217	Rape Art.120	CONUS	US Civilian		Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Victim	Off base incident of Rape involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject. Victim reported she met the Subject, exchanged numbers, and later went on a date. During their first date, the Subject attempted to kiss the Victim and she refused but the Subject knocked her to the floor, pointed a weapon at her she believed to be a "Glock", pulled his penis out of his pants, and told her to "suck his dick." As the Victim was screaming, kicking and punching, the Subject pulled her pants, shorts and boxers off, leaving her panties and vaginally penetrated her with his penis. Afterward, the Subject treated to kiss members of Victim's family of the talk. The Victim further explained that the Subject would pick her up four to five times a week and take her to unknown residences to rape her. The Victim stated the Subject would beat her when she resisted, forced her to drink alcohol sometimes to the point of passing out, burned her with cigarettes, and put her in restraints. The Victim further stated this sexual abuse continued for a year and a half. State Attorney's Office revealed that the prosecution of Subject was declined citing the victim's delayed reporting, lack of physical evidence, lack of witness testimony to corroborated allegations, and the lack of a reasonable probability of conviction in the case.	
218	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 32	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 32		YES	YES		YES		YES					Both Victim and Subject	Off base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. The Victim advised while seated at an off-base bar, the Subject approached her from behind, slipped his hand under her skirt and rested it at the top of her thigh against her underwear for approximately thirty seconds. After doing so, a cigarette armed and rudely interrupted the act, which caused any additional contact between the Subject and Victim. Subject was taken to Captain's Mast where he was charged with violating UCMJ Article 32 (Failure to Obey an Order or Regulation). Subject was reduced in rank to E-4 and given 45 days of extra duty and 45 days of restriction and docked 1/2 months pay X 2 (Suspended).	
219	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES		YES			UOTHC		Subject	On-base incident of Aggravated Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported that she was sexually assaulted while dancing with the Subject at a community center on-base when the Subject grabbed her breast and buttocks without her consent. Both Victim and Subject report the Subject to be intoxicated at the time. Subject was awarded non-judicial punishment by Command for violating UCMJ Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Contact). Specifically, Subject was awarded forty-five (45) days restriction, forty-five (45) days extra duty, forfeiture of \$748.00 for one month, and reduction in pay grade to E-1. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable Discharge.	
220	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Dismissed														Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and a US Civilian Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated that she slept in Subject's barracks room and the following morning awoke to Subject's hand down the back of her pants, inside of both her pants and underwear, moving his hand over her vagina. Victim stated that no penetration occurred as though she was waking up and was 9 up, and Subject quickly removed his hand. Victim continued to pretend to be asleep, and Subject left the room. Charges against Subject was dismissed at NJP; no further information provided.	
221	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian		Female			Navy	E-4	Male	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Aggravated Sexual Contact involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject. It was reported that both Subject and Victim had been drinking prior to meeting in Victim's barracks room wherein an argument occurred. At some point, Subject removed her clothing and tackled Victim, pushing him onto the bed while removing his hand from Victim's groin. Subject was fondling her genitalia and Victim's genitalia as well as wiping her vaginal fluids on Victim's arms. Victim stated there may have been penis to vaginal contact between them also. Victim relayed he did not want to provide further details of the event but transcribed and signed a Victim Preference Statement.	
222	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-5	Male	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Assault Art. 128	YES	YES	YES	YES								Both Victim and Subject	Off base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported that he and Subject had visited a local bar and requested of Subject that he be allowed to stay the night due to impairment. Victim stated that he stripped down to his boxer shorts and went to sleep alone, but later awoke to find Subject lying next to him, his hand inside Victim's shorts attempting to masturbate him. Victim stated that he immediately removed Subject's hand, got dressed and left without exchanging words with Subject. Victim advised that he took time to assess how he felt about this incident before he decided to report what happened to his command. Subject pleaded guilty at a Court-Martial and was convicted of two counts of the lesser included offense of assault consummated by a battery (Article 128). Subject was awarded 30 days confinement, reduction in grade to E-2, and forfeiture of \$1,100.00.	
223	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																Involved but Not Specified	On-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject. Victim reported she was raped by someone she met earlier in the evening at the enlisted club. Victim only knew Subject's first name, but believed he was in the Army. Victim indicated the rape occurred at a picnic table area near the Army Barracks. All logical investigative leads have been exhausted due to lack of identified Subject. DoD action was precluded and case was closed.	

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime			
224	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-2	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	On-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. On 25Sep12, NCIS assisted Navy CID with the interview of Victim in regard to the physical assault. Victim acknowledged she fabricated the physical assault allegation; however, she disclosed she had been the victim of a sexual assault sometime between January 2012 and September 2012, although Victim would not provide any details of how or where specifically on-base the sexual assault occurred. Victim did not provide any details regarding the offender, to include a physical description, military affiliation, or current whereabouts overseas. On 07Nov12, Victim signed a victim preference statement, acknowledging she did not want to discuss the assault. Due to lack of identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.			
225A	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-6	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by two unknown Subjects with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that approximately three years ago a co-worker tried to hug her and stated he wanted to have sex with her. The Victim additionally reported that on another occasion a different co-worker grabbed her breast while telling a joke. The Victim reported that her husband had talked to the first subject and told him to stop his unwanted behavior, and the second subject is no longer in the command. Victim advised she desired to complete a Victim Preference Statement and not cooperate in the investigation. Due to a lack of substantive information to identify the alleged suspects, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.			
225B	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-6	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by two unknown Subjects with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that approximately three years ago a co-worker had tried to hug her and stated he wanted to have sex with her. The Victim additionally reported that on another occasion a different co-worker had grabbed her breast while telling a joke. She advised the investigating JAG Officers she did not report the incidents at the time and she did not desire to report it now. The Victim reported that her husband had talked to the first subject and told him to stop his unwanted behavior, and the second subject is no longer in the command. Victim advised she desired to complete a Victim Preference Statement and not cooperate in the investigation. Due to a lack of substantive information to identify the alleged suspects, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.			
226	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-6	Male	Q1	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported being sexually assaulted while deployed several months prior. Victim declined to provide details surrounding the alleged sexual assault and did not wish to participate in the investigation. Victim subsequently signed a victim preference statement. Due to lack of information regarding the crime committed or potential suspects, there are no logical leads to pursue at this time. DoD action was precluded and this case was closed.			
227	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92			YES	YES			YES								On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported Subject placed his hands on Victim's lower back and shoulder for a "prolonged and uncomfortable amount of time," as they were forming ranks for morning muster. Subject claimed his actions upon Victim conforming Subject, however, Subject reportedly proceeded to slap Victim's buttocks. Upon Victim confronting Subject about his physical contact to Victim's buttocks, Subject stated "I was just saying yes." Alcohol was not involved in this incident. Subject went to nonjudicial punishment, wherein he was charged with violation of Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation), and was awarded extra duties for (14) days, forfeiture of \$250.00, and reduction in grade to E-4. However, the reduction in grade was suspended for six months.	
228	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															Both Victim and Subject	Off base incident of Aggravated Sexual Contact involving alcohol of a US Civilian Victim by a USN Subject. Victim reported she had met Subject online and made arrangements to have dinner with him. After dinner, Victim agreed to accompany Subject to his residence to watch a movie during which they both consumed alcoholic beverages. After the movie Subject offered the use of a spare bedroom to Victim to stay in so she did not have to drive home at the late hour. Victim went to sleep in the spare bedroom but reported that she was later awakened by Subject pulling off the bed's covers and asking if she wanted to "fool around." Victim told Subject to not and he left the room. Subject returned to the bedroom later, pulled back the covers, and removed Victim's underpants. Victim responded by getting out of the bed and told Subject to stop. Subject repeatedly refused to allow Victim to leave. Subject was later arrested local authorities and charged with abduction and sexual battery. Subject went to trial in Civil Court and was acquitted of all charges.				
229	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	O-5	Male			Navy	O-2	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Conduct unbecoming Art. 133	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Conduct unbecoming Art. 133			YES		YES				LOR		Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported that Subject invited Victim and three (3) others to his hotel room for wine. At the hotel room Subject placed his jacket around Victim, pulled her onto his lap, ran his hand up her shirt, and placed his hand on her breast outside her bra without her consent. Subject received Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for Article 133 (Conduct unbecoming of an officer) and Article 134 (Drunk and Disorderly Conduct) and awarded punishment of thirty (30) days restriction in his quarters, reduction of half pay per month for a total of two months, and a punitive letter of reprimand.				
230	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to lack of reasonable grounds													Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported that she was at the barracks room of another USN member with several other friends, consuming alcohol when she became ill and vomited on the balcony and again in the bathroom. Victim believed she passed out in the bathroom and Subject brought Victim back to the living room and laid her down on the couch. Subject then got behind Victim on the couch, pulled down her pants, and had sexual intercourse with her. Victim stated she had a tampon in at the time and the intercourse was painful. Victim did not say anything to Subject at the time, but just laid there shaking and unable to move. Subject then climbed over Victim and laid down on the floor, but shortly thereafter got behind Victim on the couch again and had sexual intercourse with Victim a second time. An Article 32 Hearing was held, the investigating Officer found reasonable grounds did not exist to refer charges against Subject, and thus, charges were dismissed.			
231	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-6	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Adversely Administrative Action													Other		Both Victim and Subject	Incident of Abusive Sexual Contact at unknown location involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim stated that Subject, approximately five years ago, after consuming alcohol, gave her a hug and slid his hand down Victim's high-waisted area to her vaginal area as Subject was exiting her hotel room. Commanding Officer issued a Nonpunitive Letter of Caution.				
232	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-7	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Dismissed													Not Specified	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between USN Subject and US Civilian Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. On 18Nov12, Victim reported that back in Feb 2012 Subject groped her breast on one occasion and in Feb and April 2012 Subj touched the inside of her thigh and groped her buttocks as she descended a ladder well on a separate incident. Subject was taken to non-judicial punishment where he was found not guilty of violating Article 92 (Failure to obey the Navy's Equal Opportunity Policy) and Navy Equal Opportunity Policy.				
233	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Female		Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES								Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact with a USN Subject and two USN Victims without alcohol involvement. Victim#1 reported that Subject made inappropriate sexual comments, requesting Victim to give Subject oral sex, and may have placed his penis on Victim's shoulder as Victim heard a zipper and felt something placed on her shoulder which she believed to be Subject's penis. Victim #2 reported Subject exposed his penis to her and that Subject used his physical size and rank to pressure her into oral sex. Subject was given non-judicial punishment for a violation of Article 92 (Failure to Obey or Regulation) and was awarded reduction in pay grade from E-6 to E-5, forfeiture of \$1,694.00 for two months (suspended from six months), 45 days restriction, and 45 days extra duty.	
234	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-6	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	On-base incident of Aggravated Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim provided a delayed report alleging that in 2009 a former Army Subject, who is no longer in the Army, engaged in non-consensual sex with her. She stated that after going through SARF training, she now believes that the Subject's actions were criminal but consented that she doesn't want him to get in trouble, nor does she think he deserves to be punished, but she does want recognition that something happened that shouldn't have happened. RLSO indicated that the complaint lacked prospective merit due to the nature of the incident, the time elapsed, and that the alleged subject is no longer in the US Army.			
235	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Female		Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES		YES							UOTHC						On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and 7 USN Victims. Subject was under investigation for sexual harassment by CID when allegations of sexual contact were uncovered. Seven Victims were ultimately determined to be harassed and/or sexually assaulted by Subject. Subject pled guilty pursuant to a pretrial agreement at a Special Courts-Martial to eight specifications of UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to Obey Order or Regulation) and multiple specifications of Article 126 (Assault), and the Article 120 (indecent exposure) charge was dropped. Subject received non-judicial punishment (NJP) for violations of Article 92 (Failure to obey orders or regulation) and received a reduction to the next lower pay grade, restriction to barracks for 45 days (suspended for 6 months), forfeiture of 1/2 pay per month for 2 months (suspended for 6 months), and extra duty for 45 days (suspended for 6 months).
236	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120			YES							UOTHC		Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between USN Subject and Victim. Victim indicated that Subject attempted to kiss her while simultaneously placing his hand on her buttocks. Charges for Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and Article 134 (Drunk and Disorderly Conduct) were referred to a Special Court-Martial but were withdrawn and re-referred to a Summary Court-Martial for violations of Article 120 (Wrongful Sexual Contact) in accordance with a Pre-Trial Agreement. Subject pled guilty to a violation of Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and was sentenced to a reduction in rank to E-4. Subject was also administratively discharged under other than Honorable conditions from the Naval Service.			
237	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES								Off base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. While on the way to lunch, Subject and Victim stopped by his residence. Subject then asked Victim inappropriate sexual questions, unzipped her jacket, unzipped her blouse, lifted up her shirt and bra, put his mouth on right nipple while he unzipped her pants belt, took out his partially erect penis through the slit of his boxer-briefs, and put his hand down Victim's panties and touched the top of her public hair, but did not penetrate her. Victim said she felt his erection rub up against her. When Victim yelled that they had to get back to work, Subject stopped and they returned to the office. Subject received non-judicial punishment (NJP) for violations of Article 92 (Failure to obey orders or regulation) and received a reduction to the next lower pay grade, restriction to barracks for 45 days (suspended for 6 months), forfeiture of 1/2 pay per month for 2 months (suspended for 6 months), and extra duty for 45 days (suspended for 6 months).	
238	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120								YES		Honorable				Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact with a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported that Subject walked past Victim and intentionally brushed the palm of his hand across her right breast without her consent. Subject taken to non-judicial punishment for violations of Article 107 (False Official Statement), two (2) specifications of Article 120(d) (Abusive Sexual Contact), and Article 128 (Assault) and was awarded three (3) days confinement and three (3) days bread and water. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Honorable discharge.		

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
239	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	O-2	Male					US Civilian	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	False official statements Art. 107	Art 15 Punishment Imposed	False official statements Art. 107					YES				LOR			Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Rape involving alcohol between a USN Subject and a US Civilian Victim. Victim, a traveling massage therapist, met Subject at a newly opened USN IG at a casino and went back to his BOQ. Victim reported that nonconsensual anal and vaginal intercourse while at Subject's BOQ. Subject claimed that victim demanded money from him after intercourse and became upset when he would not pay her. When NCIS attempted to reach the victim, her residence was abandoned and she did not return phone calls. Without the victim's cooperation, there was insufficient evidence to prosecute Subject for a sexual assault. Subject received Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for two specifications of violation of Article 107 (False Official Statements). Subject was sentenced to a written reprimand and 30 days restriction.
240	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES					YES			UOTHC		Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim advised she approached Subject who looked very upset and told her his cousin and two of his friends had all passed away in a short period of time and began to sob visibly. Subject asked Victim for a hug then tried to run his hands down her lower back. Victim told him to stop and he agreed to stop. Subject reportedly apologized by saying he was upset and did not know what he was thinking. Subject then placed his hand on her right thigh and began rubbing it in a sexual manner. Victim told him to stop and stood up to leave. Subject allegedly grabbed Victim pinning her arms to her sides, and placed both of his hands on her buttocks. Subject then tried to kiss Victim. Victim told him to stop and pushed him off her, she then left. Victim reported Subject began teasing, calling, and following the Victim. Subject was found guilty at Non-Judicial Punishment of a violation of Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and Article 123 (Assault), and subsequently given Restriction/Extra Duties for 60 days and forfeiture of pay for 2 months. Subject was administratively separated under Other than Honorable conditions from the United States Navy.
241	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	O-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Conduct unbecoming Art. 133	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Conduct unbecoming Art. 133									LOR		Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Aggravated Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim stated she and Witness were invited over to Subject's barracks room. Victim stated she poured a glass of champagne and told Subject she was going back to her barracks after the drink. Subject then came up behind her and said "not so fast" and began kissing the back of her neck and ear while groping her back, stomach, and chest. Victim does not remember how, but she ended up lying with her back on the floor and Subject on top of her attempting to put his hands down her pants. Victim advised she was able to fight off Subject and ran out of the room. Victim had bruises on her arms and wrists. Subject stated Victim's bruises were caused not by Subject but by Witness holding Victim's wrists and arms when she attempted to assist him after drinking alcohol. Subject denies sexually assaulting Victim and stated that all activity between them was consensual. Subject received Non-judicial Punishment for a violation of Article 133 (Conduct Unbecoming an Officer and a Gentleman) and received a reprimand in writing.	
242	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	Cadet/Midshipman	Male					Foreign Military	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120		Unlawful Entry Art. 134-54				YES					LOR		Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Midshipman Subject and a Foreign National Military Victim. Victim explained she ran into Subject in the hallway of the barracks after returning from dining with a group at an off-base bar. Subject tried to kiss Victim but Victim rejected the Subject's advancement and went to her room. Victim advised she later awoke to Subject on top of her, hearing her, and touching her breasts under her shirt. Victim advised she did not wish to leave, however, he quipped her by saying "SHH" and continued. Victim stated she again insisted Subject leave, which he did. At a General Court-Martial (GCM), Subject was found not guilty of violating UCMJ Article 120 (Wrongful Sexual Contact) or 123 (Burglary); however, he was found guilty of the lesser included offense of Unlawful Entry, a violation of UCMJ Article 134. Subject was sentenced to 60 days restriction and issued a letter of reprimand.	
243	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male					US Civilian	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															Not Specified	Off-base incident of Rape of a US Civilian Victim by a USN Subject without alcohol involvement. Subject was investigated for rape against Victim. Prosecution was declined by the local Prosecutors Office and the case is closed.
244	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES				YES				Victim	Incident of Sexual Assault at unknown location involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported they physically assaulted a service member who had sexually assaulted them while they were intoxicated. Subject's command processed Subject at Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for violating UCMJ Art. 92 (Failure to Obey) and 134 (General Article) and issued 45 days extra duty, reduction of a half month's pay for two months, and reduction in rank which was suspended for six months.	
245	Rape Art.120	OCONUS	Foreign National	Male				Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Victim	On-base incident of Rape involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a Foreign National Civilian Subject. According to Victim, she was at an on-base club and became intoxicated. Other service members began to escort Victim to her barracks when Subject offered to escort Victim to her room via his automobile. Once inside Victim's room, Subject began to kiss Victim without her consent, forced her onto the bed, and forcibly raped her, and then departed. Victim advised she did not call for help as she froze and dissociated. Victim declined to file a formal complaint with local police therefore the police will not open an investigation and no prosecution of Subject is possible.	
246	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Bahrain	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to lack of reasonable grounds												Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Witness interview revealed Victim reported that Subject followed her into the women's restroom, locked the door behind him and forcibly kissed and fondled Victim. Victim refused to provide any details on the incident. Subject stated at no time did he use verbal or physical coercion against Victim, instead the contact was consensual, and that the pair had on previous occasions "made-out". An Article 32 Hearing was held and all charges against Subject were withdrawn and dismissed without prejudice because reasonable grounds did not exist.	
247	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Female			Navy	E-2	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject															Both Victim and Subject	Incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim involving alcohol at an unknown location by an unknown Subject. Victim reported that she had been having drinks with an unidentified female who subsequently sexually assaulted her. Victim refused to provide any information regarding the alleged sexual assault and advised she did not wish to participate in an investigation and signed the VPS. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	
248	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other		Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated an unknown male, who had approached her on other occasions, approached her again, and sat in the booth next to Victim and requested anal sex, which she declined. Victim stated Subject then held her hand and placed it in his lap next to his penis and undressed his pants. Victim declined to participate in the investigation. Command issued a Non-Punitive Letter of Caution and counseling to Subject.	
249	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES	YES					General		Victim	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and two USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim #1 reported that on three (3) separate occasions Subject pressed his genitals up against Victim #1 without her consent. Victim #2 was subsequently interviewed and reported being the victim of similar conduct by Subject. Subject received Non-Judicial Punishment for Article 92 (Failure to Obey Order/Regulation - Sexual Harassment) and was awarded only (60) days restriction, forfeiture of \$100.00 pay per month for two (2) months (suspended for six months), and reduction in rate to E-3. In addition, Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with "General Characterization of Service."	
250	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Male	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES	YES								Not Specified	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported that Subject placed his genitals in the hand of Victim while Victim was asleep in his rack. Subject taken to non-judicial punishment for a violation of Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and was awarded a reduction in rate to E-2 (suspended for six months), forfeiture of \$500.00 pay per month for one month; and 10 days restriction.
251	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-7	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Female	Multiple Victims - Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other		Not Specified	Incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and two USN Victims with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim #1 stated that Subject inappropriately touched her shoulder and pressed his body against hers so forcefully that she was forced into the bars at the security dispatch window. Victim #1 stated this was not the first time Subject has touched her inappropriately and he has touched her by shoulders, grabbed her arms, or stands over her if she is sitting in the library. Victim #1 has verbally told Subject not to touch her. Victim #2 stated that Subject has also touched her inappropriately on multiple occasions including one time where contact was made with her breast. Commanding Officer advised disciplinary action in the form of counseling was provided to Subject regarding the allegations in captioned investigation.	
252	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred	Obstructing Justice Art. 134-35	Convicted	Obstructing Justice Art. 134-35		YES			YES							Not Specified	On-base incident of Rape between USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated she was in her barracks room, with Subject and another sailor talking and the next thing she remembered was coming into a bag held by her roommate. Victim advised she did not fully regain consciousness until she was in the back of the duty van being driven to the hospital. Victim said she was a virgin and did not remember any type of sexual contact with Subject that night, said she did not have any vaginal soreness or bleeding the next day, and that she was drinking a Mountain Dew energy drink but denied consuming any alcohol or drugs. Victim was concerned because Subject told her she knew she had sex with Victim that night. Subject admitted to kissing Victim and touching her breasts while he knew she was incapacitated. Subject pled guilty at a Summary Court-Martial to the Uniform Code of Military Justice Article 90 (Children Violation) and Article 134 (Obstruction of Justice). Subject received 60 days restriction and forfeiture of one third of one month's pay.	
253	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Female				Navy	E-6	Male	Q1	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by US Civilian Subject without alcohol involvement. Victim reported he and a female civilian acquaintance were sleeping at his residence and during the night, Subject conveyed she wanted to have sex with Victim. According to Victim, he said, "No," but Subject jumped on top of him and pressured him into sex. Victim stated no alcohol or drugs were involved. Victim conveyed he did not want to participate in the investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of information provided to pursue investigative leads and lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.
254	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Female				Navy	E-6	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian (DoD) Subject. Local authority investigation into an incident that occurred at off-base restaurant's bathroom. The Victim and Subject allegedly had been dancing together and ended up in the bathroom where the Subject kissed and "dry humped" the Victim before inserting four fingers into the victim's vagina. All parties were heavily intoxicated. The Victim refused to relate any further information and declined to provide a report or be medically examined for an assault. No further investigative effort was made by the local authorities.	
255	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject															Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Aggravated Sexual Assault involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim advised three years prior, she had a small get-together at her apartment; she had invited three friends and the Subject and Subject's friend, whom she had met earlier that day playing billiards at the Liberty Center. Everyone consumed alcohol and later went to sleep. Victim awakes to see Subject undressing and then he pulled off her pants and raped her. Victim said she thought with him but could not stop him. Due to Victim being unable to identify her assailant, all logical leads have been exhausted and DoD action was precluded; case closed.	

FF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
256	Rape Art 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Pending Art. 134-37	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Pending Art. 134-37					YES		YES					Not Specified	Off-base incident of Rape of a US Civilian Victim by a USN Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim met Subject when he replied to her adult sexual services advertisement on backpage.com. Victim moved in with him at his off base apartment where victim alleged Subject raped her several times a day for six weeks. Victim stated that she did not leave Subject's residence because she had nowhere to go and felt intimidated by him. The case could not be taken to court-martial because Victim did not respond to numerous attempts to contact her. Subject was taken to non-judicial punishment for violation of Article 134 (Pending and Prostitution) of the UCMJ. He was awarded 20 days of restriction and 20 days of extra duty.	
257	Rape Art 120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim had made a Restricted Report that became Unreported when she sought medical services. The Victim did not wish to participate in the investigation and did not provide any details of the assault. Victim executed a Victim Preference Statement declining participation in the investigation. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case closed.	
258	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Bahrain	Foreign Military		Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a Foreign National military Subject without alcohol involvement. Victim reported that while on duty, a Bahraini military member gave her some jewelry as a Christmas gift and kissed her on the cheek. Victim subsequently kissed Subject on the cheek, which she thought was culturally appropriate but the Subject then made comments that made her uncomfortable. When the Victim attempted to leave the office, Subject grabbed her arm and put his arms around her and began kissing Victim's cheeks. Victim pushed Subject away and left the building. Victim stated she did not want to file a report with Bahraini police.	
259	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Bahrain	Foreign National		Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by a Foreign National Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported to the local police that her potential landlord entered her hotel room, made unwanted sexual advances, and groped her breast. No time frame was given by Public Prosecutor on the status of adjudication at the time of case closing.	
260	Rape Art 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	O-2	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	On-base incident of Rape of USN Victim by unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that she was raped at the US Naval Academy, four years prior. The assault occurred in a barracks. Victim related she does not want to participate in this investigation and in the prosecution of the suspect. Victim provided no further details of the alleged assault. Due to Victim's lack of participation and an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	
261	Rape Art 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES		YES		YES					Not Specified	On-base incident of Rape between a USN Subject and US Civilian Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim advised she and Subject went to an on-base hotel room after their first date together and while in the room Victim became fearful of Subject who became demanding and instructed her to perform oral copulation on him. Victim added Subject also sexually assaulted her vaginally and orally. Victim stated she repeatedly told Subject "No" however, he continued to sexually assault her. Victim advised Subject physically assaulted her during the incident by slapping and choking her. No alcohol or drugs were reportedly used. Victim declined to participate further in the prosecution of the Subject in the Victim Preference Statement. Subsequently, Subject was taken to Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for violation of Article 128 (Assault) and was found guilty. Subject was sentenced to 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, reduction to E-2 (suspension for 6 months), and forfeiture of \$848.00 for two months.	
262	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	United Arab Emirates	Navy	E-5	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES							Not Specified	On-base incident of Sexual Assault between a USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated that Subject kissed her on three separate occasions without invitation and without her consent at the pier where the ship was docked. Victim further related that also Subject approached her on board several times and pushed her against the bulk head of the passageway then they forcefully kissed her, groped her buttocks and breasts and then grabbed her hand and ran in over her genitals, before Subject pulled Victim's pants and underwear down for her knees, turned her around before inserting his penis into her vagina. Victim related at no time did she say "no" or "stop" or resist Subject's sexual advances. Victim advised that she feels that Subject sexually assaulted her. Subject was the subject of a Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) hearing regarding two (2) count of violations of UCMJ Article 10 (Failure to obey an order or regulation). Subject was awarded 60 days restriction, reduction in rate to E-4 (suspended for 6 months) and forfeiture of \$1346.00 for 2 months (suspended for 6 months).	
263A	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Male			Navy	E-1	Male	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Disorderly conduct Art. 134-13	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Disorderly conduct Art. 134-13		YES			YES		YES			General				On-base attempted sexual assault between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim stated Subject#1 threatened to rape Victim and then later Subject#1 and Subject#2 entered his room and attempted to pull his belt off. Victim stated Subject#1 was also punishing him on his buttocks and Victim was afraid of being sodomized. Subject #1 was taken to NJP for violations of Article 134 (Disorderly Conduct). Subject #1 received restriction and extra duty for 45 days, forfeiture of \$768.00 pay per month for two months, and recommended and was administratively separated from the USN for Misconduct with a General discharge.
263B	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Male			Navy	E-1	Male	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	False official statements Art. 107	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		False official statements Art. 107		YES			YES		YES			General				On-base attempted sexual assault between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim stated Subject#1 threatened to rape Victim and then later Subject#1 and Subject#2 entered his room and attempted to pull his belt off. Victim stated Subject#1 was also punishing him on his buttocks and Victim was afraid of being sodomized. Subject #1 was taken to NJP for violations of Article 134 (Disorderly Conduct). Subject #2 was taken to NJP for violations of Article 134 (Disorderly Conduct) and Article 107 (False Official Statements), received restriction and extra duty for 45 days, forfeiture of \$766.00 pay per month for two months, and was administratively separated from the USN for Misconduct with a General discharge.
264	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other			Not Specified	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised Subject was following her into the hull of the ship when Subject grabbed her buttocks. Victim stated they departed the area in separate directions. Victim advised she did not feel assaulted and felt that command handled the situation correctly as Subject was counseled on the incident. Victim advised she didn't want to participate in any investigation regarding the VPS and Victim Declaration Statement. Subject received a Letter of Instruction (LOI) regarding the incident.	
265	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY13) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	False official statements Art. 107	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		False official statements Art. 107		YES	YES		YES		YES					Victim	On-base incident of Aggravated Sexual Assault involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim advised that approximately a year prior she and approximately nine Sailors rented a boat from the on-base marina and were out on the water. During that time Victim became intoxicated. After Subject drove Victim to his room to shower but the boat itself on her, laying her down on his bed, removing her skirt and bathing suit bottom and inserted his penis into Victim's vagina without her consent. Victim told Subject "no". After, Subject drove Victim to her room where she changed, and then they both drove to the barbecue. Subject was taken to NJP for Article 92 (Providing Alcohol to a minor) and Article 107 (False Official Statement). Subject was given 45 day restriction, forfeiture of half a month's pay for one month (\$1201.65), reduction to next inferior pay grade (E-4), and extra duties for 45 days.	
266	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-6	Male				Multiple Victims - Female		Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES							Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol by a USN Subject on two Foreign National Civilian Victims. Subject approached Victim #1 outside a restaurant and touched her groin area over her clothing. A short time later, Subject hugged Victim #2 on a sidewalk and groped her buttocks over her clothing. Subject received non-judicial punishment for violations of Article 120 (two counts of abusive sexual contact), Article 92 (Failure to obey courtney policy) and Article 134 (drunk and disorderly) Subject was awarded reduction in rate one pay grade, forfeiture of \$1757.00 pay and 60 days restriction.	
267	Rape Art 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence													Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Rape involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim stated she was raped by Subject in his barracks room. Victim reported that beforehand, she and several other Sailmates were celebrating and drinking beer and doing shots of tequila and rum. Later, the Victim was walking in the hall toward her room with one of her friends who was helping her because she was intoxicated and was stumbling some as she walked, when Subject came up from behind her, lightly grabbed her arm, pulled her aside and kissed her on her lips. Subject then led Victim to his room. Victim stated she did not remember a lot about what happened when they got into Subject's room other than Subject unbuttoned Victim's pants and started thing up her shirt. The next thing Victim remembered was Subject on top of her engaged in sexual intercourse. Victim stated she remembered thinking she did not want to be doing this, but she could not physically say no until about a minute later. Victim stated she told Subject "no" at least four times. Charges were preferred and taken to an Article 32 hearing. The investigating Officer recommended that charges against Subject be dismissed or disposed of administratively due to insufficient evidence. The command withdrew and dismissed the charges due to insufficient evidence.	
268	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Discharge or Reintegration in Lieu of Court-Martial												UOTHC		Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol by a USN Subject on a US Civilian Victim. Subject reported that he removed Victim's clothing after which he touched Victim's vagina under her underwear and while Victim was unconscious. Subject related this incident occurred at his off-base residence and that Victim was "clearly drunk and really not responding to me." Subject stated she felt apologized to Victim the following day for touching her vagina the previous night. Victim stated she felt betrayed by Subject due to him taking advantage of her while in a vulnerable state but she has no interest in pursuing this investigation in court. Subject requested to be administratively discharged in lieu of Court-Martial under Other than Honorable Conditions.	
269	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Female		Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Larceny Art. 121	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Larceny Art. 121			YES		YES		YES			UOTHC		Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victims. Victim #1 advised while sleeping with Subject in their shared residence, she was awoken by Subject who removed Victim #1's underwear and shorts and forced penis-vaginal intercourse with her against her stated desires. Victim #2 reported she had "made out" with Subject at a bar and again later at his residence. However, Victim #2 acknowledged she was drunk and had no memory of the incident that occurred at Subject's residence. Victim #2 alleged she later asked Subject if he had had sex with that Subject shook his head "yes" to imply they did. Subject was taken to Captain's Mast for Adultery and Fraudulent Receipt of Basic Annual Housing (BAH) of approximately \$80,000. Subject was awarded 45 days of extra duty and 45 restriction and reduced in rate. Subject was notified of processing for Administrative Separation for commission of a serious offense. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.	
270	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	US Civilian		Male			Navy	O-4	Male	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject without alcohol involvement. Investigation was opened regarding unprofessional and harassing behavior to include an allegation of sexual assault in the workplace. Victim reported that Subject approached her while he was sitting at his desk and rubbed his penis on Victim's arm in a self-stimulating manner. Victim advised Subject then proceeded to the desk of another USN member and committed the same act against him. Subject was issued a letter of caution from his employer as a result of the investigation.	

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Committed	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime		
271	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS		US Civilian	Male			Navy	E-6	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject without alcohol involvement. Victim reported she was inappropriately sexually touched by Subject during a massage she received from a contract vendor through MWR. During the session, the Subject did many things that made the Victim uncomfortable including massaging the back of one inner thigh when he reached too far up near Victim's crotch, massaging Victim's butt, and massaging Victim's chest during which, he held one breast with two hands, massaging the sides and twisted the nipple. After each of these actions, the Victim told the Subject "hush me" and the Subject stopped the action. The Assistant US Attorney determined their office would not be prosecuting this case due to a lack of evidence.		
272A	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Bahrain		Foreign National	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by six Foreign National Civilian Subjects with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised she was driving home and stopped at a red light when six local youths approached her car, opened the doors, entered her vehicle, and ordered her to drive them to Anad. Victim protested, however, she proceeded to drive forward. While looking for a safe place to pull aside and get the Subjects out of her car, she was indecently assaulted when all the Subjects grabbed her breasts and buttocks as she drove and attempted to remove her wallet from her purse. After approximately 1.5 miles, Victim was able to pull into a gas station where she ordered the Subjects from her car. Victim reported the incident to local authorities. It is unknown if the Subjects are being investigated.		
272B	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Bahrain		Foreign National	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by six Foreign National Civilian Subjects with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised she was driving home and stopped at a red light when six local youths approached her car, opened the doors, entered her vehicle, and ordered her to drive them to Anad. Victim protested, however, she proceeded to drive forward. While looking for a safe place to pull aside and get the Subjects out of her car, she was indecently assaulted when all the Subjects grabbed her breasts and buttocks as she drove and attempted to remove her wallet from her purse. After approximately 1.5 miles, Victim was able to pull into a gas station where she ordered the Subjects from her car. Victim reported the incident to local authorities. It is unknown if the Subjects are being investigated.		
272C	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Bahrain		Foreign National	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by six Foreign National Civilian Subjects with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised she was driving home and stopped at a red light when six local youths approached her car, opened the doors, entered her vehicle, and ordered her to drive them to Anad. Victim protested, however, she proceeded to drive forward. While looking for a safe place to pull aside and get the Subjects out of her car, she was indecently assaulted when all the Subjects grabbed her breasts and buttocks as she drove and attempted to remove her wallet from her purse. After approximately 1.5 miles, Victim was able to pull into a gas station where she ordered the Subjects from her car. Victim reported the incident to local authorities. It is unknown if the Subjects are being investigated.		
272D	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Bahrain		Foreign National	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by six Foreign National Civilian Subjects with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised she was driving home and stopped at a red light when six local youths approached her car, opened the doors, entered her vehicle, and ordered her to drive them to Anad. Victim protested, however, she proceeded to drive forward. While looking for a safe place to pull aside and get the Subjects out of her car, she was indecently assaulted when all the Subjects grabbed her breasts and buttocks as she drove and attempted to remove her wallet from her purse. After approximately 1.5 miles, Victim was able to pull into a gas station where she ordered the Subjects from her car. Victim reported the incident to local authorities. It is unknown if the Subjects are being investigated.		
272E	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Bahrain		Foreign National	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by six Foreign National Civilian Subjects with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised she was driving home and stopped at a red light when six local youths approached her car, opened the doors, entered her vehicle, and ordered her to drive them to Anad. Victim protested, however, she proceeded to drive forward. While looking for a safe place to pull aside and get the Subjects out of her car, she was indecently assaulted when all the Subjects grabbed her breasts and buttocks as she drove and attempted to remove her wallet from her purse. After approximately 1.5 miles, Victim was able to pull into a gas station where she ordered the Subjects from her car. Victim reported the incident to local authorities. It is unknown if the Subjects are being investigated.		
272F	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Bahrain		Foreign National	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by six Foreign National Civilian Subjects with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised she was driving home and stopped at a red light when six local youths approached her car, opened the doors, entered her vehicle, and ordered her to drive them to Anad. Victim protested, however, she proceeded to drive forward. While looking for a safe place to pull aside and get the Subjects out of her car, she was indecently assaulted when all the Subjects grabbed her breasts and buttocks as she drove and attempted to remove her wallet from her purse. After approximately 1.5 miles, Victim was able to pull into a gas station where she ordered the Subjects from her car. Victim reported the incident to local authorities. It is unknown if the Subjects are being investigated.		
273	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120			YES					YES			UOTHC			Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported Subject grabbed Victim's buttocks during multiple occasions. Subject received Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact), Article 86 (Leaving Appointed Place of Duty and Failure to go to Appointed Place of Duty), Article 91 (Contempt or Disrespect toward Warrant, Non-Commissioned or Petty Officer), and Article 128 (Battery) and was reduced in rate to E-1 and confined to bread and water for 3 days. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy under Other Than Honorable Conditions.	
274	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-7	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Committed	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES	YES	BCD									Not Specified	On-base incident of Aggravated Sexual Contact between USN Subject and Victim. Victim indicated that she had been engaged in a consensual sexual relationship with Subject however on one occasion while in Subject's barracks room, Subject dominated and forcibly held Victim down on the bed and kissed and touched Victim under her shirt and pants against her will. Subject stopped after about 15 minutes and did not penetrate Victim's vagina with his fingers, hands or his penis during this specific incident. Victim also indicated that Subject often used "taking his own life" and his rank to leverage sexual acts with her. At Special Court-Martial, Subject was found guilty of Article 92 (Sexual Harassment) and Article 134 (Transmission). Subject was found not guilty of Article 120 (Rape) and Article 120b (Indecent Exposure). Subject was awarded Subject 11 months, reduction to the paygrade of E-3, forfeiture of two thirds of his pay while confined and a Bad Conduct Discharge.	
275	Rape Art.120	ONBOARD SHIP	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Not Specified	Incident of Rape on-board a ship of a USN Victim by unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim disclosed she was the victim of a sexual assault that occurred approximately seven years ago while she was enlisted in the USN. Victim stated she does not recall the details of the assault and does not want to talk about the incident but is confident she was not inhibited or under the influence of drugs. Due to Victim's desire not to cooperate and the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	
276	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			US Civilian	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence																	Off-base incident of Rape between a USN Subject and US Civilian Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim provided that after meeting through an online website specific to individuals interested in an alternative lifestyle, Subject accompanied Victim back to her apartment and immediately started beating her with his belt on her arms, back and face. Victim attempted to flee the apartment to no avail and her pleas for Subject to stop the assault met with negative results. Ultimately, Subject removed Victim's clothes, held Victim's hands to an ottoman and continued to rape Victim until Victim's pet dog intervened. Due to local/civilian authorities' lack of desire to prosecute case, it was requested that NCIS assume investigative control. According to Victim, alcohol or drugs were not consumed by either her or Subject. Charges were preferred and an Article 32 hearing commenced. The Investigating Officer found that although reasonable grounds existed to go forward, there were difficulties with the evidence. Therefore, the command withdrew and dismissed the charges.
277	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 121	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other			Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Aggravated Sexual Assault involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim stated she was visiting a group of friends and everyone was drinking and consuming alcoholic beverages. Victim became intoxicated and decided to lie down on the living room floor to sleep. Subject also decided to lie down on the floor with Victim. Victim stated she eventually fell into a deep sleep and didn't wake up until the morning. Victim stated when she woke she was fully clothed, however, noticed she wasn't wearing her underwear. Victim was confused and asked a friend who was at the party who informed Victim that Subject had sexual intercourse with her during that night on the floor. Subject was issued a non-punitive Letter of Caution for his conduct, admonishing him to modify his personal behavior and alcohol intake.		
278	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES		YES							Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact by a USN Subject on a USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported that her breasts were touched over her clothes without her consent by Subject while Subject hugged Victim from behind. Subject given non-judicial punishment for violations of Article 120 (abusive sexual contact) and awarded 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, forfeiture of 1/2 months pay for two months and reduction to the next inferior pay grade (suspended for six months).
279	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																	Not Specified	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that she was sexually assaulted at her apartment but did not describe the nature of the sexual assault. The Victim provided that the assailant was a twenty-four year old male, whom was a "friend of a friend," and a member of the USN. Victim stated that she did not want to speak to law enforcement and did not want to create a report. Due to Victim's desire not to cooperate and the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	
280	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92					YES			YES			Honorable		Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim stated she and a friend rented a hotel room and threw a party. After several hours of drinking alcohol, Victim stated she asked everybody to leave so she could sleep. Victim stated approximately 10 minutes later, she heard a knock on the door. Victim leaned over from her bed and opened the door, not looking to see who it was, assuming it was her friend. Subject then got into Victim's bed and began kissing Victim on the lips, and groping her breasts under the sports bra she was wearing. Victim told Subject to stop and attempted to push him away, but to no avail. Subject eventually removed Victim's sports bra, sweatpants and underwear, and then penetrated her vagina with his finger and then penis. After victim declined to participate in a court-martial, Subject taken to Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for violation of Article 92 (Sexual Harassment) and Article 134 (PCOD). Subject received 30 days restriction and 30 days extra duty. This was in addition to the 60 days Subject spent on Restriction in Lieu of Arrest (RLA). Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Honorable discharge.		

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter/Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
281	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			US Civilian		Female	G2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault of a US Civilian (dependent) Victim by a USN Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim's husband related Victim had been sexually assaulted by a USN member in off-base military housing. Victim's husband was unwilling to provide any additional details, as Victim did not wish to report the incident. Victim was interviewed and declined to provide any details regarding the reported sexual assault and then Victim signed the VPS. Due to Victim's desire not to cooperate and the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	
282	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	United Arab Emirates	Foreign National	Male				Navy	E-4	Female	G2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a Foreign National/Civilian Subject (Dependent). According to Victim, she was at the on-base residence of a USN member following a children's birthday party. After the children had been put to bed, the adults started drinking alcoholic beverages and playing cards. Victim was assisted to the house and placed on the living room floor to sleep after becoming intoxicated, falling down while walking, and vomiting twice. Victim's recollection of events after laying down are incomplete until the following morning when she went to the bathroom and noticed residual body fluid on her lower body and pants. Subject admitted to knowing Victim was very intoxicated, initiating sexual activity, pulling down Victim's pants/underwear, pulling his own pants down, and engaging in sexual intercourse with Victim. Subject was convicted at General Court-Martial for violation of UCMJ, Article 120 (Rape) and sentenced to a Dishonorable Discharge, 3 years confinement, Total Forfeitures of all pay and allowances, and must register as a Sex Offender.	
283	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			US Civilian		Female	G4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Rape Art.120	YES	YES		DO								YES	Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Rape involving alcohol between a USN Subject and US Civilian Victim (Dependent). According to Victim, she was at the on-base residence of a USN member following a children's birthday party. After the children had been put to bed, the adults started drinking alcoholic beverages and playing cards. Victim was assisted to the house and placed on the living room floor to sleep after becoming intoxicated, falling down while walking, and vomiting twice. Victim's recollection of events after laying down are incomplete until the following morning when she went to the bathroom and noticed residual body fluid on her lower body and pants. Subject admitted to knowing Victim was very intoxicated, initiating sexual activity, pulling down Victim's pants/underwear, pulling his own pants down, and engaging in sexual intercourse with Victim. Subject was convicted at General Court-Martial for violation of UCMJ, Article 120 (Rape) and sentenced to a Dishonorable Discharge, 3 years confinement, Total Forfeitures of all pay and allowances, and must register as a Sex Offender.
284	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Multiple Victims		Multiple Victims - Female	G4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120		YES	YES		YES					Honorable		Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and a Foreign National/Civilian Victim. Victim reported she was walking down a hallway in the direction of the elevator in a department store when Subject, who was passing her, suddenly grabbed Victim's shoulders and pushed her against a wall. Subject then touched Victim's left breast and started rubbing over her clothes despite Victim's effort to resist. After a moment, Victim was able to escape and depart the area. Subject's blood alcohol level was 0.12 percent. Subject was taken to trial by Summary Court-Martial and was found guilty of violations of UCMJ, Article 120 (Sexual Assault - Abusive Sexual Contact), Article 128 (Assault), Article 134 (Drunk and Disorderly), and Article 86 (Unexcused Absence). Subject received restriction for 60 days, forfeiture of \$1,044.00 pay per month for one month, and reduction to the pay grade of E-1.	
285	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	G2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES						General			Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim stated Subject took Victim in a dark space and kissed her, put his hands down her pants (underneath her underwear), and rubbed her vagina but did not digitally penetrate her. Victim advised she kissed Subject back but felt uncomfortable and repeatedly said "no." Subject asked for oral sex but Victim declined. Victim further related that on another occasion while she was in her back Subject touched her shoulder and told her to "be quiet", then proceeded to put his hands down her sweatpants and started rubbing her vagina. Subject awarded Non-Judicial Punishment for violations to Article 92 (Failure to obey an order or regulation) and was awarded restriction to E-1, 60 days restriction, forfeiture of pay for 2 months (suspended for 6 months) and Administratively Separated from the US Navy with a General Discharge.
286	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy		Multiple Victims	G2	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES		YES			UOTHC		All Subjects and Victims	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and four USN Victims. Possible Abusive Sexual Contact was discovered when investigating a sexual harassment complaint. Victim interviews indicated the victims were entry level or "school students and Subject was a senior ranked USN student sometimes placed in a position of authority over the victims. Victim was an senior ranked USN student sometimes placed in a position of authority over the victims. The Executive Officer described Subject using inappropriate sexual language. Victim #2 and Victim #1 reported Subject touched their thighs and buttocks while at a Hoback Bar. Subject received NJP for violations of Articles 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation) and 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and was awarded reduction in rank to E-3, forfeiture of \$1007.00 per month for 2 months, restriction, and extra duty for 45 days. Additionally, Subject was administratively separated from the US Navy with an Other than Honorable (OTH) discharge.	
287	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	G4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES		YES					Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported she had been touched in a sexual manner by Subject on her breasts and buttocks numerous times while at the bowling alley. Victim stated she told Subject to stop each time. Subject was taken to NJP and found guilty of violations of Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and Article 128 (Assault, consummated by a battery). Subject received restriction for 45 days, 45 days extra duties, forfeiture of 1/2 month's pay for one month, and reduction to the next inferior pay grade (suspended for 6 months).	
288	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-3	Male	G2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that he was asleep on the couch in an apartment he shares with his roommate. Victim awoke because he felt someone was "messing with him" and realized his shirt had been unbuttoned, his pants were pulled down, and his roommate was snoring asleep. Victim did not provide the name of an assailant or a specific location where the incident occurred. Victim stated he did not wish to participate in the investigation and executed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to Victim's desire not to cooperate and the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	
289	Rape Art.120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	G2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised that she did not want to participate in an investigation and declined to provide any details of the sexual assault. Subsequently, Victim signed the Victim Preference Statement and the Victim Declaration Statement. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	
290	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	G4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions														Other		Not Specified	Incident of Abusive Sexual Contact on-board ship between a USN Subject and Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported Subject touched his buttocks in a sexual or demeaning manner on multiple occasions. Additionally, Victim reported that on a separate incident, Subject tried to touch Victim's stomach and Victim smacked Subject's hand away. These incidents have occurred mostly while the Victim was performing work-related activities. During the Executive Officer's Inquiry, the Executive Officer determined behavior to be a violation of Article 128 (simple assault) was assessed and later dismissed the charges in lieu of extra military instruction (EMI) and extra training on sexual harassment for Subject.	
291	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	O-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	G3	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action														Other		Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and US Civilian (dependent) Victim. Victim related that Subject grabbed her buttocks during a command function. Victim disclosed that Subject had lapped and grabbed her buttocks with his hand. Victim's husband immediately confronted Subject who initially denied any wrongdoing, but later apologized for his actions. Subject acknowledged he had no recollection of his actions against Victim due to his extreme intoxication. Victim signed a Victim's Preference Statement. Subject received a Letter of Caution from his command for the Abusive Sexual Contact against Victim.	
292	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	G2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	On-base incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown USN Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Local authorities were notified of a sexual assault that occurred on-base between two USN service members. Victim was interviewed and indicated that she did not want to participate in a criminal investigation and refused to provide any details regarding a sexual assault. Victim later signed a victim preference statement. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	
293	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	O-4	Male			Navy	O-4	Female	G3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92										LOR		Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. A preliminary inquiry was initiated to address allegations of unwanted attention/touching by Subject toward Victim and revealed a pattern that escalated toward unwanted sexual touching. Victim reported Subject teased or emailed approximately eight to twelve (8-12) times per day on non-work related issues and these requests Victim felt uncomfortable; one incident where Subject squeezed Victim's buttocks; one incident where Subject placed his hands on Victim's knee while they were in the car together; an incident where Subject attempted to kiss Victim on the mouth after Victim gave Subject a hug then pulled her back toward his body so their bodies came in direct contact. Victim advised all the aforementioned behavior was unwelcome and unconsented. Subject was awarded NJP for Articles 92 and 128 resulting in a written reprimand.	
294	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	G2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Rape between a USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported she had been sexually assaulted at an off-base hotel. Victim stated she was changing her room from restricted to unrestricted because she was having trouble at her command and she was getting upset for being late to work. Victim stated she has no desire to go through with this investigation and refused to provide details regarding the sexual assault. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement and did not provide the identity of the Subject. Due to the lack of investigative leads and an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.	
295	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Female				Navy	Cadet/Midshipman	Male	G2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																		On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject without alcohol involvement. Notification was made after a witness reported seeing an USNA Faculty member/Professor, Subject, slap the buttocks of a USN Midshipman Victim during class. Victim provided that Subject's actions were nothing out of the ordinary and that Subject often squeezed student's buttocks in a humorous way or as a reward for instances such as incomplete assignments. Further, Victim stated that he has witnessed Subject slap other students in the same manner, both male and female, and that neither he nor his classmates perceive it as sexual conduct. Victim concluded by stating that he did not report the incident and feels although Subject should be informed that her actions are inappropriate, she should not be punished. USNA will administer action against Subject and no further action will be pursued.
296	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Female			Navy		Multiple Victims	G3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Communicating a threat Art. 134-63		YES	YES		YES		YES				General		Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and five USN Victims with alcohol involvement not specified. Victims were identified who had received a slap or punch in the genitals from Subject. Subject went to Non-Judicial Punishment for violations of Article 92 (Failure to obey an order or regulation), Article 93 (Cruelty and maltreatment of subordinates), Article 128 (Assault) and Article 134 (communication of a threat). Subject received 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duties, forfeiture of half pay for two months, reduction to E-6, and an administrative separation from the United States Navy (General Discharge).
297	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-2	Female	G2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported her sexual assault to a Command member, making her original Restricted report Unrestricted; however, Victim stated that she did not wish to participate in an investigation and refused to provide further details. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement and a Declaration Letter for RLSD. Due to the lack of investigative leads and an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.	

PY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter/Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if Applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime		
298	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120			YES	YES									Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Assault between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported that on one occasion that the Subject had grabbed her breasts without consent. Subject has also "dry humped" Victim and threatened Victim that if she did not leave the office he would rape her. Victim pushed Subject away and told him his behavior was unacceptable multiple times. Subject was taken to Captain's Mess where he received a reduction in rank to E-3, 30 days restriction and one and one-half month's pay forfeiture.		
299	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																	Not Specified	Incident of Sexual Assault of USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. According to SARC, a USN member went Unauthorized Absence (UA) from his command and the USN member later stated his wife, USN Victim, was the victim of a sexual assault and he was UA to provide her with support. Victim indicated that she did not want to participate in a criminal investigation and refused to provide any details regarding a sexual assault except that the Subject was not part of her command. Victim signed a victim preference statement. Due to the lack of investigative leads, this investigation is closed.	
300	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male					US Civilian	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge (Preferred Indict)	Rape Art 120	Convicted		Rape Art 120	YES	YES		DD								YES		On-base incident of Sexual Assault between a USN Subject and US Civilian Victim. Victim reported meeting Subject on the social media site Juggled.com. They met up at a local restaurant then decided to go back to Subject's room at the Navy Gateway Inn. Victim related she told Subject she wouldn't be doing anything sexual with him however Subject immediately began forcing and touching her once they entered the room. Victim said she rebuffed Subject's advances. Subject's advances became more aggressive as he continued to push himself onto Victim. He attempted to tie her pants off while she was sitting in a chair in the room and got Victim onto the bed and laid on top of her while she struggled to get him off of her. Victim stated she dialed 911 while Subject attempted to slip the phone out of her hand. Subject inserted his penis into Victim's vagina and she began to scream for help and crying. Subject pleaded "just let me do it." The rape was interrupted when a man began banging on the door and asking if everything was alright. Subject then took off from the room. Two witnesses reported hearing screams for "help" and "he is trying to rape me." Alcohol is not believed to be a factor in this incident. Subject was charged at General Court-Martial with violating Article 120 (Rape), Article 134 (Threat, communicating), Article 95 (Fleeing Apprehension), and Article 128 (Assault of a commissioned officer) of the UCMJ. He was found guilty of violating UCMJ Articles 95, 120, and 134, and found not guilty of violating UCMJ Article 128. He was adjudged confinement for 933 days, forfeiture of all pay and allowances, and to be dishonorably discharged. Additionally, he will be required to register as a sex offender.	
301	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Male	Q2	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Incident of Aggravated Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim related he may have been sexually assaulted by an unknown assailant but was unsure. Victim can only recall regaining consciousness after being passed out in an unknown location with an unknown individual standing over him, and thinks he may have been dragged. Victim would not provide any further details regarding the incident, signed a Victim Preference Statement and Victim Declaration Letter. Due to a lack of substantive information to identify any alleged suspects, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
302	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	Cadet/Midshipman	Unknown			Navy		Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Incident of Sexual Assault between a USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that she was sexually assaulted by another ROTC Midshipman (MDN), but refused to provide any additional information. Victim asserted that she did not want to be involved in a criminal investigation and signed a victim preference statement. Due to a lack of substantive information to identify an alleged suspect, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
303	Rape Art. 120	OCONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																		Victim	Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject involving alcohol. Victim related she felt abnormally intoxicated after drinking and suspected her drinks were "spiked" because she could not remember anything until after arriving to the US Naval Hospital. Victim indicated she believes she was sexually assaulted because her vagina hurt. Victim's friend was interviewed and stated she had been with Victim the whole time and did not witness an assault. Due to the lack of evidence to support the location and questioning of a subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed until receipt of additional information or evidence.
304	Rape Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male					US Civilian	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																		Not Specified	Off-base incident of Rape of a US Civilian Victim by a USN Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported she was sexually assaulted by Subject at his residence. Victim reported Subject grabbed and squeezed the back of her knee during the assault. Civilian judicial authorities declined to prosecute.
305	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Female			Navy	E-5	Female	Q3	Subject Deceased or Disenrolled																			Off-base incident of Wrongful Sexual Contact of a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim stated while changing clothes in the female locker room Subject sexually assaulted her by touching her bare abdomen and right breast over her bra as Subject commented "why are your breasts so big?". In response to the unwanted touching, Victim pushed Subject and stated "What is wrong with you, why do you do that?". Subject admitted to touching Victim's bare abdomen and right breast over her bra. After an Unauthorized Absence (UA) a command member was sent to Subject's barracks and found Subject unresponsive in the shower of her bathroom. Subject was pronounced dead. RSD provided the Sexual Assault Disposition Report which states the disposition of this investigation is death by offender.
306	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a USN Subject. Victim reported that she was sexually assaulted on multiple occasions, by multiple people onboard a ship. Victim declined to disclose the names of the Subjects who sexually assaulted her and remained reluctant to discuss her issues. Victim reported one of the incidents of sexual assault occurred during the ship's port visit while she was at the beach and the Subject picked her up, placed her over his shoulder, and inserted his fingers into her vagina. Victim declined to provide any additional information or participate in this investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement and a Victim Declaration Statement. No subjects were identified during the conduct of this investigation and all logical leads have been exhausted.
307	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ														UOTHC			Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a USN Subject. According to Victim, she attended a going-away party for a friend's mother at an off-base residence. While at the party, Victim consumed approximately 10 Bud Light. Victim declined to sleep in a tent in the backyard of the aforementioned residence. Victim "backed out" and when she woke up Subject was lying on top of her. Subject told Victim to take her clothes off and Victim told him "No." "as Subject took Victim's clothes off and Victim again told Subject "No." Victim related Subject had sexual intercourse with her, but she does not remember anything else as she "backed out" again. Local authorities detained Subject in the county jail. Subject pled guilty in Superior Court to assault in the fourth degree with sexual motivation and was ordered 60 days confinement, 30 days of the confinement converted to 240 hours of community service. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.	
308A	Rape Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																		Involved but Not Specified	Incident of Rape to a USN Victim by an unknown Subject and a US Civilian Subject at an unknown location involving alcohol. Victim reported she was sexually assaulted approximately two years prior by two perpetrators, one civilian and one military member. The Victim only wanted access to the resources which came with reporting the incident and did not want an investigation since the incident happened so long ago. The Victim refused to provide any amplifying details and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
308B	Rape Art. 120	UNKNOWN	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																		Involved but Not Specified	Incident of Rape to a USN Victim by an unknown Subject and a US Civilian Subject at an unknown location involving alcohol. Victim reported she was sexually assaulted approximately two years prior by two perpetrators, one civilian and one military member. The Victim only wanted access to the resources which came with reporting the incident and did not want an investigation since the incident happened so long ago. The Victim refused to provide any amplifying details and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
309	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-6	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120			YES		YES										On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim indicated she invited Subject and other co-workers to her barracks room to pick up extra food that she prepared. When Subject arrived he embraced Victim, grabbed her buttocks, and kissed her neck. Victim said she pushed Subject away and said "no," but Subject continued. Victim stated she released her only after someone knocked at the door. Subject given nonjudicial punishment for Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and awarded 30 days restriction and reduction in rank to E-4 (suspended for 6 months).
310	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by US Civilian Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim disclosed having been sexually assaulted and that as a result she was pregnant and her husband had left her. Victim did not provide the name of the Subject, nor the specific location of the assault, but indicated Subject was civilian and the assault occurred while attending a party at a friend's house. Victim reported she was unwilling to cooperate with the investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement. It is unknown if alcohol was a factor. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
311	Rape Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male					US Civilian	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ														UOTHC		Both Victim and Subject		Off-base incident of Rape involving both alcohol and drugs of a US Civilian Victim by a USN Subject. According to local authorities Subject and Victim were at a US Subject's apartment to give Victim a ride to a friend's residence; however, Subject instead proceeded to drive to a location owned by Subject's mother. When Subject pulled into the yard of the property, Subject parked his vehicle with the passenger door against a tree, therefore Victim could not exit the vehicle. Subject grabbed the Victim by the neck and strangled her then removed Victim's clothes and inserted his penis into her vagina, while keeping his forearm against Victim's neck and upper chest area, all while threatening to kill her. Victim repeatedly told Subject to stop and to take her home. The assault lasted approximately twenty (20) minutes and Subject ejaculated in Victim's vagina. Subject admitted to raping Victim and told her he was intoxicated and using meth, ecstasy and crack at the time of the incident. Subject was arrested and charged with rape, sexual assault, terrorist threats, unlawful restraint and simple assault. Subject will be administratively separated from the US Navy. Subject was administratively separated and received an Other Than Honorable discharge. Subject awaits trial by local authorities.	
312	Rape Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated she did not wish to make a report of any kind regarding a sexual assault and explained how someone "overheard" a conversation she was having with a friend and then "took it upon themselves" to report the conversation to Command. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.

FP13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if Applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender?	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
313	Rape Art.120	CONUS	US Civilian		Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by US Civilian Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim disclosed she was assaulted by an unknown civilian male while she was at the off-base home of a friend. Victim declined to provide any further information and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case closed.	
314	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Acquitted														Subject	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and US Civilian Victim. Victim stated she and several friends went to have drinks at the enlisted club however she had not consumed any alcohol or narcotics during the evening. Victim stated she and another friend walked to the restroom inside when Subject reached out and grabbed Victim's vagina over her pants and then immediately went to grab Victim's friend's vaginas. Victim grabbed Subject's arm and confronted him for trying to grab her friend. Victim immediately reported the incident to a uniformed duty shore patrol member. Subject was taken into custody. Victim related she had never seen or met Subject prior to the sexual assault. Subject admitted to consuming three alcoholic beverages over the course of several hours. Subject was tried at a Summary Court Martial and found Not Guilty for the violation of the Uniform Code of Military Justice Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact).	
315	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92					YES									On-base incident of Sexual Assault between a USN Subject and US Civilian Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim explained that she and Subject had a previous romantic and sexual relationship that had ended. Subsequently, Victim indicated she and Subject were watching a movie and Victim fell asleep in Subject's bed. Victim stated she awoke to Subject penetrating her vagina with his penis one time. Victim told Subject that she did not want to have sex with him and that she just wanted to be friends. Subject became upset and began yelling at Victim, telling her if she was not going to have sex with him she needed to get out of his room, and grabbed Victim by her left arm and pulled her out of his bed and told her to leave. The Commanding Officer determined there was insufficient evidence of a sexual assault; instead, Subject received NJP for violating Article 128 (Assault) and Article 32 (Failure to Obey a Lawful Order) of the UCMJ. Subject received 14 days restriction, oral reprimand, and he was directed to complete Life Skills/Anger Management classes with the chaplain.
316	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	On-base incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. While Victim was speaking with her boyfriend, she observed the unknown Subject who had assaulted her. Victim's boyfriend contacted local police to report the incident. Victim did not provide details of the sexual assault to authorities and advised she did not wish to participate in a criminal investigation and signed a victim preference statement. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case closed.	
317	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Rape Art.120	YES				BCD									Off-base incident of Rape between USN Subject and Victim. Victim stated she was at Subject's residence when he removed his clothing and forced Victim to perform fellatio on him before forcibly removing her pants and penetrating her vagina with his penis. Victim stated she repeatedly said "No." Victim stated Subject withdrew his penis, masturbated himself with lotion, and masturbated to ejaculation on Victim's lower stomach. Victim stated she subsequently left Subject's residence. Victim stated neither she or Subject consumed alcohol prior to or during the incident and that she had communicated that Subject did not want to. Face book, and text messages for approximately two years prior to the assault but never met in person. Subject was found guilty of violation of Article 120 (Rape) of the UCMJ and not guilty of all other charges. Subject was sentenced to 3 months confinement and awarded a Bad Conduct Discharge.
318	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated she did not want to report any information or participate in an investigation. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of investigative leads and an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	
319	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-5	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by USN Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated she never wished to make an unrestricted report, but her chief "pulled the information out of her" when he saw that she was upset about the ship. Victim stated she did not feel the need to get medical attention because the incident "did not go that far," and that the incident occurred off-base. Victim stated she did not wish to report it to local law enforcement and elected to sign a Victim Preference Statement. Victim advised she had subsequently been transferred off of the ship and did not fear for her safety. Due to the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case closed.	
320	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	O-2	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that sometime before midnight she was standing on the starboard bridge with three crew watchstanders. As Victim bent over to stretch her back, she was approached from behind by an unknown person who rubbed their leg against her buttocks and thrustured their face against her. The Unknown Subject quickly fled. Due to the lack of investigative leads and an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	
321	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other			Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported USN Subject touched her buttocks while at a bar during liberty. Victim stated while they were engaged in conversation Subject had his arm around her waist, but later moved his hand over Victim's butt. Victim stated she told Subject not to touch her buttocks, but Subject touched her butt a few times. Victim stated she had been drinking at the time, but did not feel she was intoxicated. Subject was counseled for his behavior towards Victim, removed from his division, stripped of his yellow-shirt (Aviation Director) and moved to a Blue-Shirt (Tractor).	
322A	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Male	Multiple Victims - Male	Q3	Unknown Subject																All Victims	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault of two USN Victims by two unknown Subjects. Victim #1 reported that after drinking alcohol, he had no memory until the next day when he woke up in an unidentified man's car. Victim #2 reported that he had no memory after drinking alcohol until he woke up fully clothed in someone else's bedroom. Victim #2 later recalled some memories of sexual contact by unidentified individuals. Toxicology results did not identify any drugs, but showed the victims were highly intoxicated. Victim declined to pursue the matter with local police and no Subjects were identified.	
322B	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Female			Navy	Multiple Victims - Male	Multiple Victims - Male	Q3	Unknown Subject																All Victims	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault of two USN Victims by two unknown Subjects. Victim #1 reported he and Victim #2, "blacked out" and feared they had been drugged because he had no recollection of an approximate seven-hour time frame. Victim #1 said that he and Victim #2 split two bottles of beer and two bottles of Soju (a popular Korean potato-based wine) along with sharing a chicken dinner at a local restaurant in Pusan, KOK. Victim #1 said he has no recollections following that until the following morning when he awoke alone on the passenger side of an SUV to an male and female waking him up and saying "Get out, my car." Victim #1 said he felt extremely tired and groggy, but did not have a hangover or upset stomach as would be expected if he had drunk to excess. Victim #2's account of the story is similar. Victim #2 recalled sharing two bottled beers and two bottles before completely blacking out and waking up fully clothed in someone else's bedroom and recalled seeing a female, also fully clothed, lying on her side on the floor beside the bed. Victim #2 was alarmed and dazed and could not discern how he came to be in the house with the female. Victim #2 later recalled walking down a cobblestone road and being assisted at least one time by a male. Victim #2 then recalled being on a bed, in an unknown private residence, fully clothed but with an unidentified male and female. Victim #2 said he had a "feeling" of having his hand over her and fingers inserted inside her vagina. Victim #2 also related that he recalled an image of having the man's penis in his mouth and the man becoming upset. Victim #2 said he had no other memories of activities inside the residence. Toxicology showed Victims were not drugged, but highly intoxicated. Victim declined to pursue the matter with local police and no Subjects were identified. Due to lack of identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	
323	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other				On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim stated Subject invited himself into Victim's on-base hotel room and pulled her close and attempted to kiss her. Victim told Subject "no" but he continued to kiss on her neck and groped her by grabbing her buttocks, lower leg, waist and back. Victim had just taken a shower and was only wearing her bra and panties under a towel that was wrapped around her body. Subject told Victim that he had come to her room thinking they were going to have sex. Subject's sexual advances were halted upon Victim's roommate entering the room after approximately ten minutes. Alcohol consumption was not a contributing factor in this captioned investigation. Subject received verbal counseling.	
324	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male	YES		Navy	E-1	Male	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES			General				On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported that he was awakened by an unknown individual gripping Victim's penis with his hand. Victim's shorts and underwear were pulled down and Subject's hand was directly on Victim's penis. Neither alcohol nor drugs were a factor contributing to this allegation. Subject taken to regional punishment for violations of UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation) and Article 128 (Assault). Subject was awarded 30 days restriction to the ship, 30 days of extra duties, reprimand, to pay grade of E-6, and forfeiture of half month's pay for two months. Due to Subject's reduction to pay grade of E-6, he was separated for High Year Tenure (HYT).
325	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian		Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject. Victim indicated Subject had sexually assaulted her, to include sexual intercourse, inside her off-base apartment. Local authorities will maintain jurisdiction of the case and advised that they do not need any assistance at this time.	
326	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian		Male			Navy	E-7	Male	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject. Victim advised he remembered going to off-base bar and ordering one beer but does not remember anything until being arrested by local police for Driving Under the Influence (DUI) of Alcohol. Victim had a Blood Alcohol Content level of .028. Victim stated his friend advised him while at the bar the Subject performed oral copulation on Victim. Victim advised local authorities that he did not wish to pursue charges against Subject and the investigation was closed.	
327	Rape Art.120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim refused to provide information with regard to the alleged sexual and signed a Victim Preference Statement acknowledging that she decided not to participate in the investigation and/or prosecution of the Subject going forward. Due to the lack of investigative leads and an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter/Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
328	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Navy	E-3	Male	Q3	Unknown Subject																Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol with a US Civilian Subject and USN Victim. Victim reported he was assaulted at a party several weeks prior by a civilian male acquaintance at an off-base apartment. Victim was unable to provide the name of Subject, but reported he would be able to identify him. Victim further reported Subject was drinking alcohol, but he (Victim) was not. Victim indicated he did not wish to participate in an investigation, further desiring to provide additional details of the assault, and subsequently signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of investigative leads and an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
329	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charges were dismissed due to insufficient evidence													Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol between USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported having a social gathering at her barracks room in which she and Subject both consumed alcohol. At one point the Subject pulled her into the bedroom by her arm. The Victim then backed-out. Victim stated the next thing she remembered was lying on her back, on her side, with Subject having sexual intercourse with her. Victim stated her pants and underwear were pulled down to her ankles and Subject was holding her legs up near his shoulders and he continued to have sex with Victim until Victim's friend knocked on the door and interrupted. Victim stated once Subject was off of her, she pulled up her pants and ran out of the room. An Article 32 hearing Investigating Officer found no reasonable grounds to refer charges, and thus, charges were dismissed.	
330	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated she did not wish to report the incident to law enforcement and refused to provide any details to include the specific location, the date, or name of the suspect. A Victim's Preference Statement form was reviewed with Victim and Victim signed the form declining further case involvement. Due to the lack of investigative leads and an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.	
331	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Dismissed														Subject	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. According to Victim, Subject touched and squeezed her butt on two separate occasions on the same day. Victim expressed it was her belief that Subject had consumed alcohol prior to the alleged incidents based upon comments made by fellow crew members. Victim stated she did not consume alcohol the day of the alleged incident. At Captain's Mast the CO dismissed the case against Subject with a warning.	
332	Rape Art. 120	OCONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised that she never wished to make an unrestricted report but was found crying and one of her friends asked her if she was assaulted. Victim stated she started crying harder and was then brought back to the ship. Victim advised she had not told anyone what happened. Victim declined to provide any information regarding the assault, to include her assailant's name or any identifying information including the location of the assault and elected to sign a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case closed.	
333	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS		US Civilian	Male	YES		Navy	E-6	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject without alcohol involvement. Victim reported she was inappropriately touched by a DoD Contractor during a message. During the message, Victim stated Subject massaged her buttocks, which made Victim feel uncomfortable because she felt exposed. Later, Victim stated she was laid on her back with her chest covered with a sheet. Subject pulled the sheet down to expose Victim's breasts and proceeded to massage her breasts and grab her nipples with his fingers. Assistant US Attorney determined the officer would not be prosecuting this case due to a lack of evidence.	
334	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-1	Male	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported somebody touched her genitals over his clothing while he was asleep in his berthing during the early morning hours. Victim stated he grabbed the individual's wrist and the person jerked their hand back and ran out of the berthing area. Victim did not see who touched his penis. No viable suspect was identified. DoD action was precluded and case was closed.	
335	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES									Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol with a USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported Subject squeezed her buttocks with both hands and pressed his penis against her buttocks while at a bar. Victim stated she believed Subject had an erection and he appeared to be intoxicated. Subject subsequently apologized. Subject taken to nonjudicial punishment (was a violation of Article 128 (Abuse)) and Subject was awarded reduction in rate to E-4 (suspended for 6 months) and forfeiture of \$6000.00 pay per month for 2 months. Additionally, Subject's recommendation for advancement to E-6 was withdrawn and Subject was permanently removed from indicator duties.	
336	Rape Art.120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-2	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim disclosed that she had been sexually assaulted by an unnamed friend approximately a year ago, but Victim refused to provide any information concerning the allegation. Victim did not want to prosecute or cooperate in any potential investigation and signed the Victim Preference Statement and Victim Declaration Statement. Due to Victim's lack of cooperation and identification of a Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
337	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Foreign Military	Male	Male			Navy	E-6	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a Foreign National military Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim invited Subject, a Royal British Marine, to her room and during the visit, Subject touched Victim's breasts and vagina under her clothing without her consent. Subject did not penetrate Victim's vagina with any part of his body and Victim had not consumed alcohol during the evening in question. The Royal Navy Police terminated their investigation as it did not meet their evidentiary sufficiency test.	
338	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Multiple Victims - Female			Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES							Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and two Foreign National Victims with alcohol involvement not specified. The Victims reported that the Subject made dirty comments during the sexual contact. The Singapore Police Force (SPF) was notified and CCTV footage supported the Victims' statements. Command requested and received jurisdiction in this matter and Subject was found guilty of violation of Article(s) 92 (Failure to obey an order), 128 (Assault) and 134 (Obscene Conduct, Drunkenness) at a Captain's Mast/Non-Judicial punishment (NJP). Subject received a reduction in rank to E-4 (suspended for 6 months), 60 days restriction to barracks, and forfeiture of one thousand dollars (\$1000.00) pay per month for two months.	
339	Rape Art. 120	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Victim	Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject involving alcohol. Victim stated she accompanied her friend to an unknown residence where the Victim consumed approximately four cups of an unknown mixed alcoholic beverage. Victim was alone in the bedroom of the residence watching television when the unknown suspect entered the room, laid Victim down on the bed with his body weight and gagged her. The Victim was able to push the Subject off, put her pants back on and ran out of the house. Victim advised she believed he was a civilian and that since the incident the suspect would contact her from blocked numbers and would make comments to suggest he was watching her and allegedly threatened to kill her. Due to Victim's lack of response for assistance in reporting the incident to local authorities and the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
340	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	O-2	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment		Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120								LOR					Victim	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim reported she approached Subject for professional assistance and over the next few days, Subject started frequenting her work space in the ship galley to flirt with her. Victim claimed at first with the dismissed Subject's advances as she but on one day Subject made sexual advances at her, including asking to see her breasts, vagina, and buttocks. Victim stated she told Subject to stop but Subject grabbed Victim by the arms, turned her body against the wall of the ship, and pressed his unexposed erect penis against her unexposed buttocks. Alcohol and/or drugs were not contributing factors to the allegation. An Article 32 hearing was conducted, and preferred Court-Martial charge. On 21 Aug 13, Subject appeared at Mast covered by Commotion, COMPMHON ONE, USS Bow. Subject was found guilty of violations of the UCMJ under Article 92 (Sexual Harassment), 120 (Sexual Assault - Abusive Sexual Contact), and 134 (Fratricide/incest). Subject was awarded a punitive letter of reprimand.
341	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Male			US Civilian		Male	Q3	Unknown Subject																	Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a US Civilian Victim by a USN Subject without alcohol involvement. Victim alleged he was sexually assaulted while walking the hallway of an on-base building when an unknown USN member utilized force to confine Victim against the hallway wall such that the Victim could not escape or use his hands. Subject placed his right hand inside Victim's trousers and squeezed Victim's crotch three times resulting in pain. Victim yelled at the Subject and the Subject released the Victim and ran away laughing. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.
342	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Foreign National	Male				Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a Foreign National Civilian Subject without alcohol involvement. Victim reported that she and her roommate were conducting a peek out (for Victim's roommates) at their off-base residence with an Italian moving company. Victim reported that when she was alone with one of the movers, the Subject went behind her, picked her up around the waist with both arms, saying "I want to span you around." Victim said, "No." As Subject was putting Victim down, Subject put his hands over the front of Victim's vaginal area on the outside of her sweatpants and proceeded to run his hands up Victim's entire body, touching her breasts. As the Italian authorities maintain exclusive jurisdiction regarding the incident, this investigation is closed.
343	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reportedly was looking at an apartment for rent when an unknown subject grabbed her from behind, pulled both of her arms behind her, and pulled her underwear down to her mid-thigh. The suspect then forced the Victim to bend over penetrating her with his penis into her vagina. Victim advised she struggled to move in an attempt to get free and was able to grab the suspect's testicles causing him pain. Victim stated she could not identify the Subject. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement declining her continuance to participate in captioned investigation. Due to the lack of evidence to identify a Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.	
344	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Female			Navy	E-1	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES			YES						UOTHC		Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim advised, while in the shower, she felt her hands grab her bare buttocks from behind. Victim stated she looked over her left shoulder and saw Subject standing within six inches of her. Victim stated there was no one else within close proximity to her. Victim told Subject not to touch her, immediately exited the shower area, and reported the incident to her chain of command. Subject received non-judicial punishment for violations of Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation) and Article 120 (Abusive sexual contact). Subject was restricted for 60 days, had forfeiture of half her pay for two months, and Administratively Discharged with Under Other Than Honorable Conditions.
345	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-5	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim disclosed that she had been sexually assaulted but Victim refused to provide any details concerning the allegation. Victim did not want to prosecute or cooperate in any potential investigation and signed a Victim's Preference Statement and a Victim Declaration Statement. Due to Victim's refusal to participate and lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case closed.	

FF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
346	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Foreign National		Female	G3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol of a Foreign National (FN) Victim by a USN Subject. FN Police Department made notification they detained Subject on suspicion he groped the breast of a female while walking past her. Subject has been charged with Indecent Assault and was awaiting trial. Alcohol was a factor in this incident. Subject pled guilty to one count of Common Assault and was ordered to pay approximately \$3,200 (USD) in court fines and restitution to the Victim. As a result, FN authorities allowed Subject to return to the United States without further incident.	
347	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	G4	Unknown Subject																	Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim disclosed, during a check-in interview, that she had been sexually assaulted at her last duty station. The Victim did not provide any details of the alleged sexual assault, or identify anyone who might have knowledge of the incident and subsequently signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
348	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	G4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Subject by a US Civilian. Victim stated she was visiting her friends residence and drinking alcoholic beverages. Victim reported she became tired and went to the master bedroom to go to sleep. Victim stated she awoke a couple hours later with Subject lying on top of her and removing his pants from her vagina. Contact was made with the local district attorneys office who declined prosecution of this case.	
349	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Navy	Cadet/Midshipman	Female	G3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Victim	Off-base incident of Aggravated Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject. Victim disclosed that she was raped during a party at an off-base residence when she became intoxicated. Victim provided no details other than identifying the suspect as Subject. Victim advised she did not wish to cooperate with an investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Local authorities advised without a reporting victim, they would not open an investigation.	
350	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	G4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES		YES							Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact by a USN Subject on a USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported having her right breast grabbed by Subject when she walked past. Victim said two other USN members were with Subject when the incident occurred. Alcohol is not suspected to be a factor in this incident. Subject appeared received non-judicial punishment for a violation of Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and was awarded a reduction in rank to E-2, 45 days restriction (18 suspended), 45 days extra duty (18 days suspended), and forfeiture of one half of one month's pay (\$887) for two months.
351	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims - Male	Multiple Victims - Male	G4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Burglary Art. 129	YES	YES	BCD								YES		On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact by a USN Subject on two USN Victims. Victim #1 reported being asleep in his unsecured room when he was awakened by Subject rubbing his penis. Subject fled when Victim #1 awoke. Victim #2 also reported being sexually assaulted by Subject in his assigned quarters on same night as Victim #1. Victim #1 and Victim #2 both reported no use of alcohol at time of incident. Two additional USN service members observed Subject in their unsecured rooms around the same time frame as Victims, but did not report being sexually assaulted. Subject was later identified when Victim #1 saw him at the on-base gym. Subject confessed to burglarizing Victim #1 and Victim #2's rooms and sexually assaulting them. As a General Court-Martial, Subject was found guilty of Article 129 (Sexual Assault, Abusive Sexual Contact) and two specifications of Article 129 (Burglary). Subject was awarded confinement for six months, reduction to E-2, and a Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD). Subject is required to register as a sex offender.	
352	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-3	Male	YES		Navy	E-2	Female	G3	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120							YES			Honorable			Incident of Abusive Sexual Contact by a USN Subject on a USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim stated she was working when Subject walked past her and touched her buttocks with the back of his right hand. Subject also rubbed her buttocks with the palm of his hand on a second occasion. Alcohol is not suspected to be a factor in this investigation. Subject appeared at Captain's Mast for violating Article 120(d) (Abusive Sexual Contact) and was awarded three (3) days confinement and three (3) days bread and water. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Honorable discharge.	
353	Rape Art.120	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	G3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. During a command investigation into an unrelated matter, Victim disclosed that she had been sexually assaulted in by an unidentified US Civilian however she was unwilling to provide any further information regarding the assault. Victim refused to provide any additional details. Victim executed a Victim Preference Statement and a Victim Declaration Statement. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case closed.	
354	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-1	Female	G4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	General Article Offense Art. 134	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		General Article Offense Art. 134									Other				Off-base incident of Sexual Assault by a USN Subject on a USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim and Subject were consensually kissing and touching when Subject started to have intercourse with her. Victim reported that she froze and did not resist or otherwise communicate non-consent. Subject stated that he believed that the intercourse was consensual. Victim stated neither she nor Subject drank any alcohol prior to the incident. Subject was non-judicially punished with a letter of caution, pursuant to violating UCMJ Article 134 (Discrediting the Naval Service and Public Indecency).	
355	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	OCONUS		US Civilian	Male			Navy	O-5	Female	G3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian (DoD) Subject. Victim provided that she agreed to go out for drinks with her male friend, Subject, whom she has known for quite some time. Victim stated she and Subject went to a bar and consumed an excessive amount of alcohol. Victim relayed how she told Subject several times throughout the evening, "I'm not going to sleep with you." Victim stated she woke up naked in the same bed with Subject the next morning. Victim indicated she did not want to make an official report of this incident and signed a Victim Preference Statement. DoD action was precluded.	
356	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	G3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Extortion Art. 127	Dismissed																Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported to NCIS that for over a year she has been inappropriately touched by Subject. Subject would touch her butt and it appeared indecent until Subject asked her "How come you never say anything when I touch your butt?" Subject then became more aggressive and began to smack or grab Victim's butt. Alcohol was not a factor. Subject went to Captain's Mast for Article 127 (extortion) and two specifications of Article 92 (failure to obey a lawful order) but was found Not Guilty of both and charges were dismissed.
357	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS		US Civilian	Female			Navy	E-3	Female	G4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject. Victim reported that at the Subject's off-base residence, they consumed a couple of alcoholic beverages and subsequently she passed out. Victim explained she woke the next morning and was nude from the waist down. Victim stated she asked Subject what happened during the evening and Subject stated she was drunk and thought Victim was awake. Local authorities advised they are not actively pursuing this investigation due to inconsistencies and lack of cooperation with Victim.	
358A	Rape Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	G4	Unknown Subject																		Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by three unknown Subjects without alcohol involvement. Victim made notification that she was sexually assaulted at an unidentified known location when she was left alone with three unknown males. Victim reported Subject #1 brandished a gun and forced her to have sexual intercourse with him and the other two males. No additional information was provided by Victim. Victim declined to participate in the investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of viable investigative leads and identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
358B	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	G4	Unknown Subject																		Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by three unknown Subjects without alcohol involvement. Victim made notification that she was sexually assaulted at an unidentified known location when she was left alone with three unknown males. Victim reported Subject #1 brandished a gun and forced her to have sexual intercourse with him and the other two males. No additional information was provided by Victim. Victim declined to participate in the investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of viable investigative leads and identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
358C	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	G4	Unknown Subject																		Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by three unknown Subjects without alcohol involvement. Victim made notification that she was sexually assaulted at an unidentified known location when she was left alone with three unknown males. Victim reported Subject #1 brandished a gun and forced her to have sexual intercourse with him and the other two males. No additional information was provided by Victim. Victim declined to participate in the investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of viable investigative leads and identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
359	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	G4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES							On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported she was working and asked the Subject for assistance after which the Subject stated she owed him for this favor. Victim told Subject, she and her husband would take him out for drinks. Subject asked he wanted more than drinks and wrapped his arms around Victim's waist over the clothes, pulled her toward him, and rubbed his groin sideways across Victim's buttocks. Victim immediately pushed Subject away with her elbow and reported the matter to her supervisor. The Subject declined the contact once more. Subject received non-judicial punishment for violations of Article 92 (Violation of a Lawful Order, Sexual Harassment) and was awarded 45 days restriction, extra duties for 45 days, forfeiture of \$1000 pay per month for two months, and reduction to the pay grade of E-3.
360	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Navy	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	G3	Unknown Subject																	Victim	On-base incident of Rape involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a USN Subject. The Victim advised she was raped by a male Subject in her barracks room in 2004 while attending a school. Victim stated that Subject forced himself into her room and pushed her down onto the bed. Victim furthered that she was highly intoxicated on alcohol during the sexual assault. Victim provided a signed Victim Preference Statement and confirmed that she did not want to cooperate with this investigation. Due to the lack of viable investigative leads and identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
361	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-7	Male			Navy	E-5	Male	G4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128									LOR					On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim advised he had a verbal altercation with Subject and Subject grabbed the back of Victim's neck with his left hand, reached down with his right hand, and grabbed Victim's genitals (outside the clothing). Victim pushed Subject away, told Subject not to touch him again, and walked away. No alcohol use was reported during the incident. Subject received non-judicial punishment for violations of Article 128 (assault consummated by battery) and was awarded a punitive letter of reprimand.
362	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	G4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a US Civilian (DoD) Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that while on duty Subject would make inappropriate sexual comments that make Victim feel uncomfortable. Additionally, Victim reported that the Subject got more aggressive and began to physically touch her and make additional sexually explicit comments. Victim detailed the following: Subject told Victim's coworkers while talking to her that he was drunk. Victim reported Subject was asking her if it was driving her crazy, and Subject poked his finger into the buttocks of Victim commenting that she had a great butt. Subject's employment with the DoD has been terminated based on this investigation. There can be no criminal charges filed against Subject.	

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
363	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-6	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	Convicted		Assault Art. 128	YES	YES	YES									Subject	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between USN Subject and Victim. Victim related aboard a ship an unknown male sailor. Subject jumped into her and grabbed her breast as she was walking in the passageway going to her berthing. Victim further related later the Subject bumped into her again and grabbed her buttocks. Both times the Victim yelled at Subject, but he did not say anything and kept walking. As a Special Courts-Martial Subject was found guilty of UCMJ Article 128 (Assault) and was awarded 45 days confinement, reduction to E-1 and forfeiture of \$1,000.00 pay per month for 2 months.
364	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-4	Male	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Non-Consensual Sodomy of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported being sexually assaulted by a male civilian while on leave in 2012. Victim refused to provide the name of the Subject or the exact location of the alleged crime. Victim stated after being informed of his options, he did not wish to participate in any way with an investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
365	Rape Art.120	United Arab Emirates	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported an incident of Rape while forward deployed in the United Emirates. Victim advised she did not want to discuss details of the incident and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
366	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian. Victim reported meeting a US Civilian at a Starbucks who invited Victim and other USN member back to his residence where Victim consumed alcohol. Subject later forced himself on Victim and penetrated her vagina with his penis. Victim told Subject no, but Subject still forced himself on her. Victim informed that she did not want to participate in an investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
367	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Cruelty and maltreatment Art. 93	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Cruelty and maltreatment Art. 93		YES	YES		YES					Honorable	Not Specified	Incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim disclosed she has been sexually harassed and touched by Subject multiple times over the past two years. Specifically, Subject has inappropriately touched/grabbed on Victim's arm/bustle and thigh a number of times. Victim stated Subject has also shown her a picture of his penis on his cellular telephone. Subject received non-judicial punishment by command for violations of Article 93 (Cruelty and Maltreatment) and received 60 days restriction, forfeiture 1/2 months pay for one month (losing \$1,400.00), and reduction in Rate (E6 to E5). Subject will be separated from naval service under honorable conditions on his EADS date.	
368	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			US Civilian	Female	Q4		Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol of a US Civilian Victim by a USN Subject. Subject was arrested by local authorities for sexually assaulting Victim, a cab driver. Regrettably, as the Victim was transporting Subject, Subject touched Victim's shoulder, thigh, breasts and vaginal area in a sexual manner multiple times. Subject also pulled his pants down, exposing his erect penis, and attempted to have Victim orally copulate him while she was driving. Victim informed the local Subject to stop multiple times and felt it was safer for her to proceed to the destination. Upon arriving to the police, a Security Officer reported he approached the cab and observed Subject seated in the front with his pants down and his hand on his exposed erect penis. Subject was noted to be intoxicated. Subject was arrested and charged with California Penal Code Assault with Intent to Rape and Sexual Battery, Touching for Sexual Arousal. Subject pled guilty and was sentenced to 120 days confinement, three years probation, restitution of \$280, and required to register as a sex offender.
369	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-1	Male	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised he did not wish to participate in a criminal investigation, did not provide any details regarding the sexual assault or his assailant and signed a victim preference statement. Due to lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
370	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			US Civilian	Female	Q4		Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Other Sexual Misconduct Art. 120c	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Other Sexual Misconduct Art. 120c		YES	YES		YES							Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and US Civilian (dependent wife) Victim. Victim was driving Subject home from off-base location due to Subject being intoxicated when Subject reportedly removed his penis from his pants and began masturbating in the passenger seat. Soon after, Subject began rubbing Victim over her pants in the area of her leg and vagina and tried to remove her hand from the steering wheel to make her touch his pants. When Subject got out of the vehicle, Victim advised him to never contact her again. Subject received NJP for violations of UCMJ Article 120c (Other Sexual Misconduct). Subject received reduction in rank to E-4, thirty days restriction and half months suspension in pay for one month.
371	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Adversely Administrative Action													Other		Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Command learned that Victim had been sexually assaulted however contact with the SARL revealed Victim did not wish to report the incident. Victim refused to provide any details regarding the assault and signed a Victim-Preference Statement. Victim told a command member she was drinking alcohol with a friend and woke up the following morning alone in her bed, completely naked and with vaginal soreness. Subject received a Non-Punitive Letter of Caution with regards to this investigation. No additional administrative or judicial action was taken against Subject due to Victim's declaration to participate in the investigation.	
372	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	United Arab Emirates	Foreign National	Male				Navy	E-6	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a Foreign National Civilian Subject without alcohol involvement. Victim reported being sexually assaulted by a foreign national tour facilitator while she was on a United States Open (USO) sponsored tour. Victim provided while on the return trip the driver. Subject, attempted to grab Victim's hands to kiss them and tried to grab Victim's thigh and breast before she pushed his hands away. Victim repeatedly told Subject, "No" to his advances. The USO office stated Subject would be terminated as a result of the allegations.
373	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES							Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident Aggravated Sexual Contact involving alcohol between a USN Subject and Victim. Victim stated she was sexually assaulted by her direct supervisor after she had consumed mixed drinks with Subject. Victim stated Subject repeatedly kissed her mouth and touched her breasts and vaginal areas. Victim stated she told Subject to stop and "No" multiple times. Victim advised she was in and out of consciousness due to her level of intoxication. Subject went to NJP and was found guilty of violating Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order or Regulation) and received Reduction in Rank to E-6 (Suspended). Restriction for a period of 15 days, and forfeiture of \$1747.65.
374	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-3	Male	Q3	Unknown Subject																Subject	On-base incident of Non-Consensual Sodomy involving alcohol of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject. Victim disclosed while he was asleep an unknown male entered his barracks room and digitally penetrated his anus while simultaneously masturbating. Victim stated Subject's actions Victim from his sleep and that Subject was strong enough to move the Victim solely by digitally penetrating him. Victim stated feeling unable to speak or move and that the Subject left the room after realizing the Victim was awake. Victim stated he did not consume any alcohol prior to this incident but could smell alcohol coming from Subject. Due to no viable subject being identified, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
375	Rape Art.120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-5	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified three years ago. Victim declined to provide detailed information about the incident or participate in an investigation and executed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.
376A	Rape Art.120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-7	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Two incidents of Rape of a USN Victim by a US Civilian and another unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim disclosed she had been the victim of two previous sexual assaults, one of which occurred in 1995 and the other occurred around 2000. Victim stated one of the perpetrators was a civilian and the other was a military member, but she declined to provide any identifying information for either individual. Victim did not wish to provide any details surrounding the incidents or be involved in any type of investigation. Due to the lack of information provided by Victim regarding the dates and locations of the incidents, identity of the suspects and the lack of any logical investigative leads, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
376B	Rape Art.120	UNKNOWN	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-7	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Two incidents of Rape of a USN Victim by a US Civilian and another unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim disclosed she had been the victim of two previous sexual assaults, one of which occurred in 1995 and the other occurred around 2000. Victim stated one of the perpetrators was a civilian and the other was a military member, but she declined to provide any identifying information for either individual. Victim did not wish to provide any details surrounding the incidents or be involved in any type of investigation. Due to the lack of information provided by Victim regarding the dates and locations of the incidents, identity of the suspects and the lack of any logical investigative leads, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
377	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Bahrain	Foreign National	Male				Navy	E-5	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a Foreign National Subject without alcohol involvement. Victim stated that she heard someone knocking at her front door, opened the door to make contact with an unknown Middle Eastern male. Subject who grabbed her shoulder and started speaking to her in Arabic. The unknown individual then grabbed her waist, making skin to skin contact with her body then proceeded to touching with his bare hand her clothing with his bare hand, but never making skin to skin contact. Victim stated Subject then kissed her cheeks and her neck at which time she was able to push him off and close the door. No alcohol was present during this incident. Victim reported the incident to the foreign authorities then later decided not to participate in the investigation.
378	Sexual Assault After 28 Jun 12 Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Civilian police department advised NCIS that it had received a report that Victim had been sexually assaulted but did not wish to cooperate with the local authorities. Victim advised she did not wish to participate in a criminal investigation with NCIS either and declined to provide any details regarding the alleged sexual assault. Victim signed a victim preference statement. Due to no viable subject being identified, DoD action was precluded and case closed.
379	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-2	Female			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Dismissed														Not Specified	Incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim advised Subject straddled her body while Victim was sitting on her rack on multiple occasions. Victim advised she is acquaintances with Subject and they are not romantically involved and that she does not feel like she has been sexually assaulted. Alcohol is not believed to be a factor in this case. Subject went to Captain's Mast and no punishment was awarded.

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
380	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Foreign National		Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by a Foreign National Civilian Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that while on duty, Victim and two liberty buddies got into a taxi cab and while Victim was in the front seat the unknown male taxi driver, Subject, repeatedly reached over and rubbed his hands across Victim's breasts while trying to get her attention. Victim responded by pushing the Subject's hands away and the taxi driver then moved his hands up and down Victim's left thigh. Victim again pushed his hands away and the taxi driver then moved his hands up and down Victim's left thigh. Victim again pushed his hands away and the taxi driver then moved his hands up and down Victim's left thigh. 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PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Types	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
397	Attempt to Commit Crime Art. 80	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-2	Male	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of a sexual assault attempt of a USN Victim by an unidentified Civilian Subject. Victim passed her and the Subject consumed a 6-pack of beer. The Subject later recalled her desire to perform oral sex on Victim. Victim stated he told Subject "no", and to get out of his vehicle. Victim related Subject reached toward his crotch, but he was able to push his hand away before a mock contact with his body part. Victim stated he did not wish to pursue a criminal investigation and signed a Victim Preference Statement (VPS). Due to Victim's desire to not pursue a criminal investigation, as well local authorities' declaration to pursue an investigation, this case is closed.	
398	Indecent Assault (Prior to P108) Art. 134	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Female			Navy	E-7	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																Victim	Incident of Indecent Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject. After receiving SAPR training, the Victim reported two incidents that occurred earlier in her career. The first incident allegedly occurred approximately 14 years ago at a party in an undisclosed hotel room. Victim had consumed alcohol and blacked out. When Victim regained consciousness, she was in the shower and another unidentified female was fondling her breasts. The second incident occurred while Victim was assigned to a ship. During this time, Victim was forced to expose her breasts while an unidentified person of authority masturbated in front of her. There was allegedly another unidentified female in the room during the time who did not report the incident or make any effort to intervene. Victim stated that she did not come forward in either case because she was a junior Sailor and did not know who to trust. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement declining to provide any identifying details or participate further in an investigation. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
399	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male	YES		US Civilian	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																	Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a USN Subject. Victim reported celebrating with her husband and Subject and becoming a bit too intoxicated, getting sick and going to bed. Victim advised that, sometime during the early morning hours, Subject attempted to orally copulate her after digitally penetrating her vagina. Victim's husband stated he was awakened and saw Subject kneeling on Victim's side of the bed. Victim's husband indicated Subject was part way under the sheet and moving around. Subject was taken into custody by local authorities and booked into the county jail on a \$50,000 bond. Subject awaits trial with civilian authorities.	
400	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	On-base incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim indicated that she did not want to participate in a criminal investigation and refused to provide any details regarding her sexual assault. Victim later signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
401	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	OCONUS	Foreign National	Male				Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																Not Specified	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by a Foreign National Civilian Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that she had been the victim of anal and vaginal digital penetration by an unknown local national while Victim was dancing at an off-base club in Italy. Victim declined to not cooperate with the captioned investigation and indicated her decision by executing a Victim Preference Statement. At this time, the unknown Italian Subject remains unidentified. DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.	
402	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-3	Male	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident of Non-Consensual Sodomy involving alcohol of a USN Victim by a US Civilian. According to Victim, while having a discussion with Subject about Victim being a virgin, Subject told Victim he (Subject) would perform fellatio on Victim, because it was not fair. Victim was still a virgin. Victim declined Subject's offer and continued to consume alcoholic beverages. Victim attempted to leave. Subject's resistance but Subject prevented Victim from leaving. Subject carried Victim into his bedroom and forcibly raped Victim. Victim resisted and told Subject to stop. Subject commented he knew Victim was attempting to gain admittance into the US Navy and if Victim continued to resist he (Subject) would either assault Victim and claim self defense or he would have Victim arrested for false claims. Subject had presented himself as a US Marshall. The civilian Deputy Prosecuting Attorney declined prosecution and the case was closed because Navy did not have jurisdiction over the subject.	
403	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Male			Navy	E-1	Male	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES				YES							Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact by a USN Subject on two USN Victims without alcohol involvement. Victim #1 advised he was in the laundry with Victim #2 when Subject came up to him from behind and bent over and slapped Victim #1's inner thigh, brushing his testicles saying "braggy salmon." Victim #1 stated this happened seven or eight times before Subject finally stopped. Victim #2 stated he observed Subject do this to Victim #1 and Subject also did this one time to Victim #2. No alcohol or drugs are associated with this incident. Subject was taken to NUP for Article 92 (Recruit on Recruit Contact). Subject was awarded 60 days restriction and reduction in pay to half for 30 days. Subject, upon completion of his restriction, will be medically separated from the USN.
404	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Male	YES		Navy	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES				YES							Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact by a USN Subject on two USN Victims without alcohol involvement. Victim #1 advised he was in the laundry with Victim #2 when Subject came up to him from behind and bent over and slapped Victim #1's inner thigh, brushing his testicles saying "braggy salmon." Victim #1 stated this happened seven or eight times before Subject finally stopped. Victim #2 stated he observed Subject do this to Victim #1 and Subject also did this one time to Victim #2. No alcohol or drugs are associated with this incident. Subject was taken to NUP for Article 92 (Recruit on Recruit Contact). Subject was awarded 60 days restriction and reduction in pay to half for 30 days. Subject, upon completion of his restriction, will be medically separated from the USN.
405	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120								Other					Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim advised Subject began touching her inappropriately at the pool. Victim advised no alcohol or drugs were used during the incident. Region Legal Service Office recommended no charges be preferred. Subject received a Non-Punitive Letter of Instruction.
406	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES				UOTHC				Not Specified	Incident of Abusive Sexual Contact by USN Subject on USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported that Subject touched Victim inappropriately through her clothing, specifically, by sliding his fingers inside Victim's front pocket of her coveralls and where Subject attempted to stick his fingers in her back pocket, brushing her buttocks. Victim also provided information regarding unwanted sexual comments and gestures with regard to Subject. Subject received non-judicial punishment for Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation with regard to sexual harassment) at NUP and was awarded forfeiture of \$1281.00 pay per month for two months, 30 days restriction, and reduction in rate to E-4. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.
407	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Not Specified	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported a sexual assault that occurred at an off-base residence with an unidentified male Subject. Victim stated she did not want to participate in an investigation and subsequently signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.
408	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Navy	E-2	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES		YES					Honorable			Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact by a USN Subject on a USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported Subject grabbed her buttocks numerous times while standing Heintzman watch in the pilot house. Victim also provided information with regard to Subject harassing Victim after the assault. Subject received non-judicial punishment for two specifications of Article 92 (Failure to obey a lawful general order or regulation; sexual harassment and wrongful being in a locked space with the opposite sex, engaging in sexual activity on board the ship, and violating his military protective order), and Article 120 (Abusive sexual contact) and was awarded forfeiture of \$763.00 pay per month for two months, 45 days restriction, and reduction in rate to E-1. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Honorable discharge.
409	Rape Art.120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Not Specified	Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated that she did not wish to participate in an investigation and refused to provide further details regarding the circumstances surrounding the incident. Victim reportedly had not intended for her restricted report to go unrestricted. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement and a Declaration Letter. Due to lack of further investigative leads and no identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and the case was closed.
410	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	OCONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-5	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact of USN Victim by a unknown Subject without alcohol involvement. Victim reported while returning from liberty, Victim and another USN member were transiting the passageway when an unknown Subject grabbed the genital area of a Victim through her clothing. Victim provided some subject descriptors, however, not enough to positively identify a Subject. The other USN member reported being grabbed on the arm by this same unknown Subject and stated she heard Subject call her name but she did not recognize the person. Lacking any further logical investigative steps and the identification of a Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
411	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	Cadet/Midshipman	Male			Navy	Cadet/Midshipman	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action														Cadet/Midshipman Disciplinary System			Not Specified	On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact between USN Subject and USN Victim with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated when she was a Plebe (Freshman), two-years ago, Subject approached her while she was on watch duty and attempted more than once to get her to go to his room, but she ignored him. Victim stated about a week later, Subject entered her room when she was alone and kissed her. Victim stated she did not have time to react, but it was not something she wanted. Victim reported Subject entered her room on another occasion while she and her roommate were asleep, refused to get off of her and leave unless she kissed him. Victim declared she lightly "pocketed" Subject on the lips then Subject left. CO advised Subject would receive adverse administrative action for a sexual assault offense via the Conduct System.
412A	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-4	Male	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	Not Specified	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by three US Civilian Subjects (former USN) with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that while he was on a 90 day Temporary Assigned Duty (TAD) he was hazed and sexually assaulted on multiple occasions by Subjects #1, #2, and #3. Victim reported being called down to Subject's bathing where he found Subject #2 and #3 sitting on a couch nude and masturbating using a "Flashlight". Victim stated Subject #2 and #3 cornered him and another sailor, and tried to force them to smell their Flashlights. Victim also reported having his clothes taken while he was in the shower and subsequently being "railed dog-style" while nude by Subject #1. Subject #2, and Subject #3. Victim reported that on multiple occasions Subject #1 made inappropriate comments to him, sometimes while exposing his penis, when Victim advised Subject #1 he was going to eat. Subject #1 received non-judicial punishment for violations of Article 92 (Hazing) and Article 134 (Discourtesy) Contact. Subject #1 was awarded the following NUP: 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, forfeiture of \$1347 per month for 2 months (1 month suspended), and a reduction in rank from E-5 to E-4. Subject #2 received non-judicial punishment and was awarded the following NUP: 60 days restriction, forfeiture of \$887 per month for 2 months, and a reduction in rank from E-3 to E-2. Subject #3 received non-judicial punishment and was awarded the following NUP: 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, forfeiture of \$886 per month for 2 months (1 month suspended), and a reduction in rank from E-3 to E-2. All Subjects were discharged from the USN with an Other Than Honorable (OTH) discharge for Misconduct - Commission of a Serious Offense (COSO).

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN

No.	Offense Alleged Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed or Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Committed	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime		
412B	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP		US Civilian	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Not Specified	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by three US Civilian Subjects (former USN) with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that while he was on a 90 day Temporary Assigned Duty (TAD) he was hazed and sexually assaulted on multiple occasions by Subjects #1, #2, and #3. Victim reported being called down to Subject's berthing where he found Subject #2 and #3 sitting on a couch nude and masturbating using a "Flashlight". Victim said Subject #2 and #3 cornered him and another sailor, and tried to force them to smell their Flashlights. Victim also reported having his clothes taken while he was in the shower and subsequently being "naked dog piled" while nude by Subject #1, Subject #2, and Subject #3. Victim reported that on multiple occasions Subject #1 made inappropriate comments to him, sometimes while exposing his penis, when Victim advised Subject #1 he was going to eat. Subject #1 received non-judicial punishment for violations of Article 92 (Hazing) and Article 134 (Disobedient Conduct). Subject #1 was awarded the following NJP: 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, forfeiture of \$1347 per month for 2 months (1 month suspended), and a reduction in rank from E-4 to E-4. Subject #2 received non-judicial punishment and was awarded the following NJP: 60 days restriction, forfeiture of \$887 per month for 2 months, and a reduction in rank from E-3 to E-2. Subject #3 received non-judicial punishment and was awarded the following NJP: 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, forfeiture of \$880 per month for 2 months (1 month suspended), and a reduction in rank from E-3 to E-2. All Subjects were discharged from the USN with an Other Than Honorable (OTH) discharge for Misconduct - Commission of a Serious Offense (COSO).		
412C	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP		US Civilian	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	Not Specified	Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact of a USN Victim by three US Civilian Subjects (former USN) with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that while he was on a 90 day Temporary Assigned Duty (TAD) he was hazed and sexually assaulted on multiple occasions by Subjects #1, #2, and #3. Victim reported being called down to Subject's berthing where he found Subject #2 and #3 sitting on a couch nude and masturbating using a "Flashlight". Victim said Subject #2 and #3 cornered him and another sailor, and tried to force them to smell their Flashlights. Victim also reported having his clothes taken while he was in the shower and subsequently being "naked dog piled" while nude by Subject #1, Subject #2, and Subject #3. Victim reported that on multiple occasions Subject #1 made inappropriate comments to him, sometimes while exposing his penis, when Victim advised Subject #1 he was going to eat. Subject #1 received non-judicial punishment for violations of Article 92 (Hazing) and Article 134 (Disobedient Conduct). Subject #1 was awarded the following NJP: 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, forfeiture of \$1347 per month for 2 months (1 month suspended), and a reduction in rank from E-4 to E-4. Subject #2 received non-judicial punishment and was awarded the following NJP: 60 days restriction, forfeiture of \$887 per month for 2 months, and a reduction in rank from E-3 to E-2. Subject #3 received non-judicial punishment and was awarded the following NJP: 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, forfeiture of \$880 per month for 2 months (1 month suspended), and a reduction in rank from E-3 to E-2. All Subjects were discharged from the USN with an Other Than Honorable (OTH) discharge for Misconduct - Commission of a Serious Offense (COSO).	
413	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	ONBOARD SHIP	Navy	E-5	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES							UOTHC				Incident on-board ship of Abusive Sexual Contact between a USN Subject and USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported that Subject reported to the Medical Department to have his smokable vaccine sore evaluated. Victim was the initial care taker. After the door closed, Subject let Victim's neck, grabbed Victim by the buttocks, and pulled her into him stating, "Let's go, my girlfriend is out of the picture and I am so horny." In response, Victim told Subject to dress and get medical by Subject's medical went. Subject received non-judicial punishment for Article 80 (Attempt), Article 92 (Failure to obey an order or regulation) and Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and was awarded the forfeiture of \$1,182.00 per month for two months and a reduction to the next inferior pay grade of E-4. Subject was administratively separated from the Navy with an Other Than Honorable discharge.	
414	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Not Specified	On-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported that she had been sexually assaulted after being asked about apparent bruises on Victim's neck. Victim stated she was sexually assaulted over the weekend by an unknown male on-base. Victim stated she was able to get away from the Subject and she did not want to report it or obtain medical treatment. Victim refused to provide any information regarding the incident and signed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of investigative leads and an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.	
415	Rape Art.120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Navy	E-6	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Off-base incident of Rape of a USN Victim by a US Civilian Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. CO received information that victim had been sexually assaulted and referred the matter to NCIS. Victim acknowledged that she had been raped by a former civilian boyfriend but would not provide his name. She declined to provide details regarding time, date, location or anything else about the assault. Due to the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
416	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Off-base incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. It was reported that Victim had been sexually assaulted on an unknown date by an unknown male, at an unknown off-base location. Victim did not provide any further details and advised she did not wish to participate in a criminal investigation. Victim signed a victim preference statement. It is unknown if alcohol or drugs are associated with this incident. Due to the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
417	Rape Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-5	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported she was sexually assaulted about three years ago, while assigned to her prior command. No further information was reported regarding the assault. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement regarding her refusing to provide any further details regarding the alleged sexual assault. Due to the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
418	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES								On-base incident of Abusive Sexual Contact by a USN Subject on a USN Victim without alcohol involvement. Victim reported that Subject touched the back of her thigh, her buttocks, and eventually touched her genital area through Victim's clothing. Victim reports Subject also made sexually suggestive comments to her while she was assigned as a duty van driver. Victim states she feels harassed and is being subjected to a hostile work environment. Victim related that she and Subject had a prior romantic relationship that ended several months prior to the incident. Subject was given non-judicial punishment for Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation) for sexual harassment as NJP and was awarded a reduction in rate to E-4, 12 months pay for 2 months, 45 days restriction, 45 days extra duty, and a verbal reprimand. The CO found that there was insufficient evidence to support the Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) charge.
419	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Both Victim and Subject	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location. Victim stated that she went to a barbeque with the Unknown Subject and on their way to the barbeque, Subject purchased alcohol from an unknown store. Victim then advised that she woke up the following morning covered in bruises and her body was sore. Victim refused to provide any information regarding the sexual assault, including the name of the assailant, names of witnesses, and the location of the sexual assault. Victim acknowledged she did not want to participate in an investigation by signing a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.	
420	Rape Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised she did not want to provide any details regarding the assault to include the time, date, location, if alcohol was involved, or the identity of her assailant. Victim advised executed a Victim Preference Statement. Due to the lack of information provided by Victim and the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
421	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Female			Navy	E-1	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	On-base incident of Sexual Assault of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject with alcohol involvement not specified. It was reported that Victim had something happen to her that was "sexual in nature". Victim advised she did not wish to participate in a criminal investigation and refused to provide any details regarding the alleged sexual assault. Victim signed a victim preference statement. Due to the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
422	Rape Art.120	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim reported she had been sexually assaulted while being counseled for an unrelated matter. Victim informed she did not want to participate in an investigation. Due to the lack of investigative leads, this investigation is closed. Due to the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
423	Rape Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-2	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised she did not wish to participate in a criminal investigation and refused to provide any details regarding the assault. Victim signed a victim preference statement. Due to the lack of an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
424	Rape Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim stated that subsequent to speaking to a USN friend about being sexually assaulted, the assault was reported to command however Victim does not want to participate in an investigation and refused to provide details regarding the incident. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement and a Declaration Letter. Due to lack of viable leads and an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
425	Rape Art. 120	UNKNOWN	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown			Navy	E-4	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Incident of Rape of a USN Victim by an unknown Subject at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim advised that although her report had become unrestricted, she did not want to participate in an investigation. Victim declined to provide any details of her reported assault to include the date, time, location, or the name of Subject. It is unknown if alcohol was involved. Due to lack of viable leads and an identified Subject, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.
426A	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q4	Unknown Subject																		Not Specified	Incident of Non-Consensual Sodomy of a USN Victim by two unknown Subjects at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim had made it known in a letter to his CO that she was a victim of sexual assault prior to Victim appearing at Non-Judicial Punishment for an unrelated issue. Victim reported while out walking two unknown males accosted him and dragged him from the sidewalk to a house and forced Victim to perform oral sodomy on them, eventually raping Victim. Victim refused to provide details of this incident. Subsequently, Victim executed a Victim Preference Statement. Based on the lack of information provided, no further investigative testing could be completed. It is unclear whether alcohol and/or drugs was a factor in this case. Due to lack of viable leads and identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.

PF13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopsis Report: USN																																			
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Assessment?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Punishments					Administrative Actions					Narrative of the Crime
																									Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use							
428B	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	CONUS	Unknown	Unknown	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q4	Unknown Subject																					Not Specified	Incident of Non-Consensual Sodomy of a USN Victim by two unknown Subjects at an unknown location with alcohol involvement not specified. Victim had made it known in a letter to his CO that she was a victim of sexual assault prior to Victim appearing at Non-Judicial Punishment for an unrelated issue. Victim reported while out walking two unknown males accosted him and dragged him from the sidewalk to a side of a house and forced Victim to perform oral sodomy on them, eventually raping Victim. Victim refused to provide details of this incident. Subsequently, Victim executed a Victim Preference Statement. Based on the lack of information provided, no further investigative looking could be completed. It is unclear whether alcohol and/or drugs was a factor in this case. Due to lack of viable leads and identified Subjects, DoD action was precluded and case was closed.	

Summary of Unrestricted and Restricted Reports

USMC FISCAL YEAR 2013 SUMMARY OF UNRESTRICTED SEXUAL ASSAULT REPORTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS		FY13 Totals
Total Service Member victims in all investigations closed in FY13*		296
Service Member victims whose reports of sexual assault could be substantiated*		215
Total Service Member subjects in all investigations closed in FY13**		329
Service Member subjects against whom sexual assault reports could be substantiated**		193
<p>* Does not include victims from Restricted Reports, per mandate in PL 111-383; Also does not include victims from investigations where command action had yet to be reported.</p> <p>** Does not include subjects from investigations where command action had yet to be reported.</p>		
FISCAL YEAR 2013 SUMMARY OF RESTRICTED SEXUAL ASSAULT REPORTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS		FY13 Totals
# Service Member Victims initially making Restricted Reports		341
# Service Member Victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the current FY*		34
# Service Member Victim Reports Remaining Restricted		307

Unrestricted Reports

USMC FY13 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS IN THE MILITARY	
A. FY13 REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT (rape, aggravated sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, wrongful sexual contact, non-consensual sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses) BY or AGAINST Service Members. Note: The data about Unrestricted Reports in Sections A and B below is raw, uninvestigated information about allegations received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	FY13 Totals
# VICTIMS in FY13 Unrestricted Reports	569
# Service Member victims	429
# Non-Service Member victims	140
# Unrestricted Reports in the following categories	501
# Service Member on Service Member	296
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	121
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	34
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	50
# Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault occurring	501
# On military installation	283
# Off military installation	197
# Unidentified location	21
# Investigations Initiated (From FY13 Unrestricted Reports)	501
# Investigations pending completion as of 30-SEP-13	210
# Completed Investigations as of 30-SEP-13	291
# All Restricted Reports received in FY13	344
# Converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report*	37
# FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS REMAINING RESTRICTED	307
B. DETAILS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS RECEIVED IN FY13	FY13 Totals
Length of time between sexual assault and Unrestricted Report	501
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	140
# Reports made within 4 to 30 days after sexual assault	139
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	148
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	67
# Unknown	7
Time of sexual assault	501
# Midnight to 6 am	135
# 6 am to 6 pm	57
# 6 pm to midnight	129
# Unknown	180
Day of sexual assault	501
# Sunday	77
# Monday	24
# Tuesday	17
# Wednesday	26
# Thursday	30
# Friday	79
# Saturday	102
# Unknown	146
C. SUMMARY OF ALL INVESTIGATIONS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS COMPLETED IN FY13	FY13 Totals
# Total Investigations completed during FY13	531
# Of these investigations with more than one victim, more than one subject, or both	27
# SUBJECTS in all investigations completed during FY13	589
# Service Member subjects in completed investigations	514
# Your Service Member subjects investigated by your Service	497
# Other Service Member subjects investigated by your Service	17
# Non-Service Member subjects in your Service's investigations	36
# Unidentified subjects in your Service's investigations	39
# VICTIMS in all investigations completed during FY13	580
# Service Member victims	438
# Service Member victims own Service's investigations	408
# Other Service Member victims in your Service's investigations	30
# Non-Service Member victims in your Service's investigations	142
# Unidentified victims in your Service's investigations	0

Unrestricted Reports (continued)

D. FINAL DISPOSITIONS FOR SUBJECTS IN COMPLETED FY13 INVESTIGATIONS	FY13 Totals	D1. ASSOCIATED VICTIM DATA FOR COMPLETED FY13 INVESTIGATIONS	FY13 Totals
# Investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13	291	# VICTIMS in investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13	314
# SUBJECTS in investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13	305	# Service Member Victims in investigations opened and completed in FY13	249
# Service Member Subjects in investigations opened and completed in FY13	249	# Total Victims associated with MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Total Subjects with allegations unfounded by a Military Criminal Investigative Organization	0	# Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0	# Non-Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations	0
# Non-Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO	0		
# Total Subjects Outside DoD Prosecutive Authority	72		
# Unknown Offenders	44	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Unknown Offender Reports	42
		# Service Member Victims in remaining Unknown Offender Reports	0
# US Civilians or Foreign National Subjects not Subject to the UCMJ	11	# Service Member Victims in substantiated Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	11
		# Service Member Victims in remaining Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports	0
# Service Members Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority	14	# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports against a Service member who is being Prosecuted by a Civilian/Foreign Authority	3
		# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports with a deceased or deserted subject	1
# Subjects who died or deserted	3	# Service Member Victims in remaining reports with a deceased or deserted subject	0
# Total Command Action Precluded or Declined for Sexual Assault	57		
# Service Member Subjects where victim declined to participate in the military justice action	17	# Service member victims who declined to participate in the military justice action	11
# Service Member Subjects whose investigations had insufficient evidence to prosecute	33	# Service member victims in investigations having insufficient evidence to prosecute	29
# Service Member Subjects whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	0	# Service members victims whose cases involved expired statute of limitations	0
# Service Member Subjects with allegations that were unfounded by Command	7	# Service member victims whose allegations were unfounded by Command	7
# Service Member Subjects with victims who died before completion of military justice action	0	# Service member victims who died before completion of the military justice action	0
# Subjects still awaiting command action as of 30-SEP-13	126	# Service Member Victims still awaiting command action on a subject as of 30-SEP-13	106
# Subjects for whom command action was completed as of 30-SEP-13	50		
# FY13 Service Member Subjects where evidence supported Command Action	50	# FY13 Service Member Victims in cases where evidence supported Command Action	39
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred (Initiated)	14	# Service Member Victims involved with Court-martial preferrals (Initiations) against subject	10
# Service Member Subjects: Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15 UCMJ)	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15) against subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges	1	# Service Member Victims involved with Administrative discharges against subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions	0	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions against subject	0
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred for non-sexual assault offense	5	# Service Member Victims involved with Court-martial preferrals for non-sexual assault offenses	9
# Service Member Subjects: Non-judicial punishment for non-sexual assault offense	14	# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishment for non-sexual assault offenses	12
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges for non-sexual assault offense	5	# Service Member Victims involved with administrative discharges for non-SA offense	2
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions for non-sexual assault offense	11	# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions for non-SA offense	6

F. COURTS-MARTIAL ADJUDICATIONS AND OUTCOMES (Sexual Assault Charge). This section reports the outcomes of courts-martial for sexual assault crimes completed during the Fiscal Year. It combines outcomes for court actions reported in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Total Subjects with Courts-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated) for a Sexual Assault Charge in FY13	113
# Subjects whose courts-martial action was NOT completed by the end of FY13	0
# Subjects for whom no court-outcome data was available	2
# Subjects whose courts-martial action was completed by the end of FY13	111
# Subjects whose court-martial was dismissed	24
# Subjects with dismissed court charges who subsequently received NJP	6
# Subjects who resigned or were discharged in lieu of court-martial	3
# Officer subjects who were allowed to resign in lieu of court-martial	1
# Enlisted subjects who were discharged in lieu of court-martial	2
# Subjects with court-martial charges proceeding to trial on a sexual assault charge	84
# Subjects Acquitted of Charges	12
# Subjects Convicted of Any Charge at Trial	72
Punishments Imposed (For each convicted subject, count all forms of punishment imposed)	
# Subjects receiving confinement	52
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	58
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	45
# Subjects receiving a punitive discharge (Dishonorable, Bad Conduct, or Dismissal)	38
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	14
# Subjects receiving extra duty	0
# Subjects receiving hard labor	8
# Subjects to be processed for administrative discharge or separation subsequent to sexual assault conviction	3
# Convicted subjects with a conviction under a UCMJ Article that requires Sex Offender Registration	20
G. Nonjudicial Punishments Imposed (Sexual Assault Charge). This section reports the outcomes of nonjudicial punishments for sexual assault crimes completed during the Fiscal Year. It combines outcomes for nonjudicial punishment actions reported in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Total Subjects with Nonjudicial Punishment (Article 15) for a Sexual Assault Charge in FY13	1
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was not completed by the end of FY13	0
# Subjects for whom nonjudicial punishment data was not available	0
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was completed by the end of FY13	1
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment was dismissed	0
# Subjects administered nonjudicial punishment	1
Punishments Imposed (For each punished subject, count all forms of punishment imposed)	
# Subjects receiving correctional custody	0
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	1
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	1
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	0
# Subjects receiving extra duty	1
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects receiving a reprimand	0
# Subjects processed for an administrative discharge or separation subsequent to nonjudicial punishment on a sexual assault charge	1
H. Other Actions Taken. This section reports other disciplinary action taken for subjects who were investigated for sexual assault. It combines outcomes for subjects in these categories listed in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge or other separation for a sexual assault offense	2
# Subjects receiving other adverse administrative action for a sexual assault offense	2
I. COURTS-MARTIAL ADJUDICATIONS AND OUTCOMES (Non-sexual assault offense). This section reports the outcomes of courts-martial for subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non-sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for subjects in this category listed in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Total Subjects with Courts-Martial Charge Preferred for a non-sexual assault offense in FY13	24
# Subjects whose courts-martial action was NOT completed by the end of FY13	0
# Subjects for whom no court-outcome data was available	1
# Subjects whose courts-martial action was completed by the end of FY13	23
# Subjects whose court-martial was dismissed	1
# Subjects with dismissed court charges who subsequently received NJP	1
# Subjects who resigned or were discharged in lieu of court-martial for a non-sexual assault offense	0
# Officer subjects who were officers that were allowed to resign in lieu of court-martial	0
# Enlisted subjects that were discharged in lieu of court-martial	0
# Subjects with court-martial charges proceeding to trial on a non-sexual assault offense	22
# Subjects Acquitted of Charges	0
# Subjects Convicted of Any Charge at Trial	22
Punishments Imposed (For each convicted subject, count all forms of punishment imposed)	
# Subjects receiving confinement	8
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	18
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	11
# Subjects receiving a punitive discharge (Dishonorable, Bad Conduct, or Dismissal)	4
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	4
# Subjects receiving extra duty	0
# Subjects receiving hard labor	1
# Subjects processed for an administrative discharge or separation subsequent to conviction at trial	4
# Convicted subjects with a conviction under a UCMJ Article that requires Sex Offender Registration	0
J. Nonjudicial Punishments Imposed (Non-sexual assault offense). This section reports the outcomes of nonjudicial punishments for subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non-sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for subjects in this category listed in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Total Subjects with Nonjudicial Punishment (Article 15) for a non-sexual assault offense in FY13	27
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was not completed by the end of FY13	0
# Subjects for whom nonjudicial punishment data was not available	2
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment action was completed by the end of FY13	25
# Subjects whose nonjudicial punishment was dismissed	0
# Subjects administered nonjudicial punishment for a non-sexual assault offense	25
Punishments Imposed (For each punished subject, count all forms of punishment imposed)	
# Subjects receiving correctional custody	0
# Subjects receiving reductions in rank	23
# Subjects receiving fines or forfeitures	25
# Subjects receiving restriction or some limitation on freedom	19
# Subjects receiving extra duty	16
# Subjects receiving hard labor	0
# Subjects receiving a reprimand	4
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge subsequent to nonjudicial punishment	1
K. Other Actions Taken (Non-sexual assault offense). This section reports other disciplinary action taken for subjects who were investigated for sexual assault, but upon review of the evidence there was only probable cause for a non-sexual assault offense. It combines outcomes for subjects in these categories listed in Sections D and E above.	FY13 Totals
# Subjects receiving an administrative discharge or other separation for a non-sexual assault offense	4
# Subjects receiving other adverse administrative action for a non-sexual assault offense	19

USMC FY13 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT - SERVICE MEMBER STATUS BY GENDER																		
L. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS (BY or AGAINST Service Members) IN THE BELOW CATEGORIES FOR ALL FY13 INVESTIGATIONS (UR) [Investigation opened within the reporting period] Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Male on Female	Male on Male	Female on Male	Female on Female	Unknown on Male	Unknown on Female	Multiple Mixed Gender Assault	FY13 Totals										
	389	73	8	5	5	21	0	501										
	# Service Member on Service Member	231	53	5	4	0	3	0	296									
	# Service Member on Non-Service Member	120	1	0	0	0	0	0	121									
	# Non-Service Member on Service Member	23	9	0	1	0	1	0	34									
	# Unidentified subject on Service Member	15	10	3	0	5	17	0	50									
FY13 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT BY MATTER INVESTIGATED TYPE (May not reflect what crimes can be charged upon completion of investigation)																		
UNRESTRICTED REPORTS MADE IN FY13	Incidents Occurring In Prior Fiscal Years, but Reported In FY13								Incidents Occurring and Reported In FY13									
M. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS (BY or AGAINST Service Members) IN THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES FOR ALL FY13 INVESTIGATIONS [Investigation opened within the reporting period] Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	FY13 Totals	
	38	49	5	26	4	12	0	0	66	141	22	134		0		4	501	
	# Service Member on Service Member	19	30	4	17	4	3	0	0	28	77	13	99		0		2	296
	# Service Member on Non-Service Member	8	7	1	4	0	1	0	0	27	39	9	25		0		0	121
	# Non-Service Member on Service Member	6	8	0	3	0	2	0	0	3	6	0	6		0		0	34
	# Unidentified subject on Service Member	5	4	0	2	0	6	0	0	8	19	0	4		0		2	50
# TOTAL Service Member Victims in FY13 Reports	31	43	4	22	7	11	0	0	40	112	14	141		0		4	429	
# Service Member Victims: Female	31	40	4	16	4	1	0	0	33	87	13	86		0		4	319	
# Service Member Victims: Male	0	3	0	6	3	10	0	0	7	25	1	55		0		0	110	
TIME OF INCIDENT BY OFFENSE TYPE FOR UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT MADE IN FY13																		
Time of sexual assault	38	49	5	26	4	12	0	0	66	141	22	134		0		4	501	
# Midnight to 6 am	5	8	0	3	1	2	0	0	22	55	6	32		0		1	135	
# 6 am to 6 pm	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	6	28		0		1	57	
# 6 pm to midnight	4	5	0	5	0	4	0	0	18	40	7	45		0		1	129	
# Unknown	28	33	5	18	3	6	0	0	19	35	3	29		0		1	180	
Day of sexual assault	38	49	5	26	4	12	0	0	66	141	22	134		0		4	501	
# Sunday	2	3	0	2	0	1	0	0	11	28	3	26		0		1	77	
# Monday	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	7	1	11		0		0	24	
# Tuesday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	1	10		0		0	17	
# Wednesday	3	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	3	10	1	15		0		0	26	
# Thursday	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	5	2	15		0		0	30	
# Friday	2	5	1	2	1	1	0	0	11	30	3	22		0		1	79	
# Saturday	3	6	0	3	0	2	0	0	18	35	7	26		0		2	102	
# Unknown	29	30	3	16	3	7	0	0	14	21	4	19		0		0	146	

N. DEMOGRAPHICS ON VICTIMS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY13 [Investigation Completed within the reporting period by the Service Investigation Agencies, regardless of when Investigation was opened] Note: The information below is drawn from all investigations that were closed during FY13, and does not correspond to the data reported in sections F and G, above.	Victim Data From Investigations Opened in Prior Years, but Investigation completed during FY13								Victim Data From Investigations Opened and Investigation Completed in FY13								FY13 Totals
	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	FY13 Totals
Gender of VICTIMS	62	100	16	34	33	18	2	1	65	108	17	114	2	5	0	3	580
# Male	0	1	4	7	6	12	1	0	4	14	0	32	2	5	0	0	88
# Female	62	99	12	27	27	6	1	1	61	94	17	82	0	0	0	3	492
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Age of VICTIMS	62	100	16	34	33	18	2	1	65	108	17	114	2	5	0	3	580
# 16-19	21	36	5	11	13	5	2	1	20	35	4	34	1	1	0	0	189
# 20-24	25	50	8	13	13	8	0	0	32	59	8	65	1	3	0	3	288
# 25-34	12	13	3	9	7	5	0	0	10	13	5	11	0	1	0	0	89
# 35-49	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	10
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
VICTIM Type	62	100	16	34	33	18	2	1	65	108	17	114	2	5	0	3	580
# Service Member	38	71	13	25	22	17	2	1	41	88	11	99	2	5	0	3	438
# DoD Civilian	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# US Civilian	23	29	3	8	10	1	0	0	22	19	6	14	0	0	0	0	135
# Foreign national	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4
# Foreign military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grade of Service Member VICTIMS	38	71	13	25	22	17	2	1	41	88	11	99	2	5	0	3	438
# E1-E4	31	68	11	17	21	10	2	1	31	77	8	94	2	2	0	3	378
# E5-E9	5	1	1	6	1	6	0	0	8	10	3	4	0	3	0	0	48
# WO1-WO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# O1-O3	2	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	10
# O4-O10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Service of Service Member VICTIMS	38	71	13	25	22	17	2	1	41	88	11	99	2	5	0	3	438
# Army	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
# Navy	4	6	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	4	0	2	1	0	0	0	20
# Marines	33	60	12	24	21	16	2	1	41	81	11	97	1	5	0	3	408
# Air Force	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
# Coast Guard	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Status of Service Member VICTIMS	38	71	13	25	22	17	2	1	41	88	11	99	2	5	0	3	438
# Active Duty	37	69	11	25	18	17	2	1	40	88	10	98	2	5	0	3	426
# Reserve (Activated)	1	1	2	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	11
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

O. DEMOGRAPHICS ON SUBJECTS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY13 [Investigation Completed within the reporting period by the Service Investigation Agencies, regardless of when Investigation was opened] Note: The information below is drawn from all investigations that were closed during FY13, and does not correspond to the data reported in sections F and G, above.	Subject Data From Investigations Opened in Prior Years, but closed during FY13								Subject Data From Investigations Opened and Closed in FY13								FY13 Totals
	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct07-Jun12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	FY13 Totals
Gender of SUBJECTS	59	132	20	28	23	19	2	1	70	104	16	103	4	5	0	3	589
# Male	59	130	20	27	23	19	2	1	62	92	15	97	4	5	0	3	559
# Female	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	4	0	0	0	0	11
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	9	0	2	0	0	0	0	19
Age of SUBJECTS	59	132	20	28	23	19	2	1	70	104	16	103	4	5	0	3	589
# 16-19	6	17	3	3	1	1	0	0	8	11	0	11	1	0	0	0	62
# 20-24	24	63	9	9	8	7	0	0	25	47	9	52	3	1	0	1	258
# 25-34	18	38	4	10	9	8	0	1	10	24	7	24	0	0	0	0	153
# 35-49	3	6	3	5	2	2	0	0	4	1	0	6	0	1	0	0	33
# 50-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
# 65 and older	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	8	8	1	1	3	1	2	0	23	21	0	8	0	3	0	2	81
Subject Type	59	132	20	28	23	19	2	1	70	104	16	103	4	5	0	3	589
# Service Member	56	126	18	26	22	16	1	1	52	81	16	92	4	2	0	1	514
# DoD Civilian	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# DoD Contractor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# US Civilian	1	4	2	1	1	2	0	0	6	8	0	5	0	1	0	0	31
# Foreign national	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4
# Foreign military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	2	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	10	15	0	4	0	2	0	2	39
Grade of Service Member SUBJECTS	56	126	18	26	22	16	1	1	52	81	16	92	4	2	0	1	514
# E1-E4	34	82	11	14	14	10	0	0	34	48	12	61	4	0	0	1	325
# E5-E9	18	41	6	7	8	4	0	1	11	28	4	27	0	2	0	0	157
# WO1-WO5	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	5
# O1-O3	2	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	9
# O4-O10	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	13
Service of Service Member SUBJECTS	56	126	18	26	22	16	1	1	52	81	16	92	4	2	0	1	514
# Army	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Navy	2	5	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	15
# Marines	54	121	18	25	21	13	0	1	52	79	16	91	3	2	0	1	497
# Air Force	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Coast Guard	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Status of Service Member SUBJECTS	56	126	18	26	22	16	1	1	52	81	16	92	4	2	0	1	514
# Active Duty	56	123	17	26	21	16	1	1	51	78	16	91	4	2	0	1	504
# Reserve (Activated)	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	10
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

USMC FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	
A. FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT (rape, aggravated sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, wrongful sexual contact, non-consensual sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses).	FY13 TOTALS
# TOTAL victims initially making Restricted Reports	344
# Service Member victims making Restricted Reports	341
# Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report involving a Service Member Subject	3
# Total victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the current FY*	37
# Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY	34
# Non-Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY	3
# TOTAL victim reports remaining Restricted	307
# Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted	307
# Non-Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted	0
# Reported sexual assaults involving Service Members in the following categories	344
# Service Member on Service Member	8
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	126
# Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	3
# Unidentified subject on Service Member	207
B. INCIDENT DETAILS	FY13 TOTALS
# Reported sexual assaults occurring	344
# On military installation	54
# Off military installation	159
# Unidentified location	131
Length of time between sexual assault and Restricted Report	344
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	35
# Reports made within 4 to 30 days after sexual assault	22
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	46
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	72
# Unknown	169
Time of sexual assault incident	344
# Midnight to 6 am	69
# 6 am to 6 pm	37
# 6 pm to midnight	80
# Unknown	158
Day of sexual assault incident	344
# Sunday	32
# Monday	21
# Tuesday	19
# Wednesday	17
# Thursday	20
# Friday	30
# Saturday	36
# Unknown	169
C. RESTRICTED REPORTING - VICTIM SERVICE AFFILIATION	FY13 TOTALS
# Service Member VICTIMS	341
# Army victims	2
# Navy victims	11
# Marines victims	289
# Air Force victims	0
# Coast Guard	0
# Unknown	39
D. DEMOGRAPHICS FOR FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	FY13 TOTALS
Gender of VICTIMS	344
# Male	59
# Female	246
# Unknown	39
Age of VICTIMS	344
# 16-19	97
# 20-24	94
# 25-34	30
# 35-49	3
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Unknown	120
Grade of Service Member VICTIMS	341
# E1-E4	274
# E5-E9	24
# WO1-WO5	0
# O1-O3	4
# O4-O10	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0
# Unknown	39
Status of Service Member VICTIMS	341
# Active Duty	296
# Reserve (Activated)	6
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)	0
# Cadet/Midshipman	0
# Academy Prep School Student	0
# Unknown	39
VICTIM Type	344
# Service Member	341
# DoD Civilian	0
# DoD Contractor	0
# Other US Government Civilian	0
# US Civilian (DoD Dependent Over Age 18)	3
# Foreign national	0
# Foreign military	0
# Unknown	0
E. RESTRICTED REPORTING FOR A SEXUAL ASSAULT THAT OCCURRED PRIOR TO JOINING SERVICE	FY13 TOTALS
# Service Member VICTIMS making a Restricted Report for Incidents Occurring Prior to Military Service	158
# Service Members Making A Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred Prior to Age 18	112
# Service Member Making a Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred After Age 18	43
# Service Members Choosing Not to Specify	3
F. RESTRICTED REPORTS CONVERSION DATA (DSAD USE ONLY)	FY13 TOTALS
Mean # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	0
Standard Deviation of the Mean For Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	0
Mode # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted	0
* The Restricted Reports are reports that converted to Unrestricted Reports are counted in the total number of Unrestricted Reports listed in Worksheet 1a, Section A.	

USMC FY13 SUPPORT SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT		
NOTE: Totals of referrals and military protective orders are for all activities during the reporting period, regardless of when the sexual assault report was made.		
A. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS TO SERVICE MEMBER VICTIMS FROM UNRESTRICTED REPORTS:		FY13 TOTALS
# Support service referrals for VICTIMS in the following categories		
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)		2,998
# Medical		339
# Mental Health		581
# Legal		494
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		496
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate		643
# DoD Safe Helpline		364
# Other		81
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)		535
# Medical		44
# Mental Health		146
# Legal		50
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		115
# Rape Crisis Center		57
# Victim Advocate		94
# Other		29
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted		46
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam		0
# Military victims making an Unrestricted Report for an incident that occurred prior to military service		19
B. FY13 MILITARY PROTECTIVE ORDERS (MPO) * AND EXPEDITED TRANSFERS - UNRESTRICTED REPORTS		FY13 TOTALS
# Military Protective Orders issued during FY13		231
# Reported MPO Violations in FY13		17
# Reported MPO Violations by Subjects		8
# Reported MPO Violations by victims of sexual assault		4
# Reported MPO Violations by Both		5
*In accordance with DoD Policy, Military Protective Orders are only issued in Unrestricted Reports. A Restricted Report cannot be made when there is a safety risk for the victim.		
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims of sexual assault	14	Total Number Denied
# Unit/Duty expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims Denied	0	Reasons for Disapproval (Total)
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims of sexual assault	42	Moved Alleged Offender Instead
# Installation expedited transfer requests by Service Member victims Denied	1	Pre-existing Transfer Order Used Instead
C. SUPPORT SERVICE REFERRALS FOR MILITARY VICTIMS IN RESTRICTED REPORTS:		FY13 TOTALS
# Support service referrals for VICTIMS in the following categories		
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)		1,278
# Medical		150
# Mental Health		215
# Legal		118
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		231
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate		411
# DoD Safe Helpline		124
# Other		29
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)		183
# Medical		17
# Mental Health		59
# Legal		9
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support		34
# Rape Crisis Center		30
# Victim Advocate		21
# Other		13
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted		22
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam		0
CIVILIAN DATA		
D. SEXUAL ASSAULT SERVICES TO NON-SERVICE MEMBERS (DOD CIVILIANS, DEPENDENTS, CONTRACTORS, ETC)		FY13 TOTALS
# Non-Service Members assisted in the following categories:		86
# Service Member on Non-Service Member		68
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member		14
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member		4
Gender of Non-Service Members Assisted		86
# Male		7
# Female		67
# Unknown		12
Age of Non-Service Members Assisted		86
# 16-19		10
# 20-24		31
# 25-34		14
# 35-49		9
# 50-64		1
# 65 and older		0
# Unknown		21
Non-Service Member Type		86
# DoD Civilian		48
# DoD Contractor		8
# Other US Government Civilian		8
# US Civilian		20
# Foreign National		0
# Foreign Military		0
# Unknown		2

Use the following categories or add a new category to identify the reason the requests were denied:

Total Number Denied	1
Reasons for Disapproval (Total)	1
Moved Alleged Offender Instead	0
Pre-existing Transfer Order Used Instead	0
The victim requested the expedited transfer over one year and seven months after the violation (abusive sexual contact). The offender was part of the victim's unit during this entire period.	1

# Support service referrals for Non-Service Members in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)	433
# Medical	46
# Mental Health	82
# Legal	71
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	65
# Rape Crisis Center	70
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	66
# DoD Safe Helpline	33
# Other	
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	199
# Medical	17
# Mental Health	49
# Legal	27
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	23
# Rape Crisis Center	42
# Victim Advocate	34
# DoD Safe Helpline	7
# Other	
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	8
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam	0
E. FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS	FY13 TOTALS
# Non-Service Member victims making Restricted Report	17
# Non-Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY	3
# Non-Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted	14
# Restricted Reports from Non-Service Member victims in the following categories:	17
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	6
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member	11
Gender of Non-Service Member VICTIMS	17
# Male	3
# Female	14
# Unknown	0
Age of Non-Service Member VICTIMS	17
# 18-19	1
# 20-24	7
# 25-34	2
# 35-49	0
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Unknown	7
VICTIM Type	17
# US Military (DoD Dependent Under Age 18)	12
# US Civilian (DoD Dependent Over Age 18)	5
# Unknown	
# Support service referrals for Non-Service Member VICTIMS in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources	44
# Medical	7
# Mental Health	6
# Legal	5
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	7
# Rape Crisis Center	7
# Victim Advocate/Uniformed Victim Advocate	10
# DoD Safe Helpline	2
# Other	
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	29
# Medical	2
# Mental Health	6
# Legal	3
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	5
# Rape Crisis Center	9
# Victim Advocate	2
# DoD Safe Helpline	2
# Other	
# Cases where SAFEs were conducted	2
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam	0

Reports of Sexual Assault in Combat Areas of Interest

USMC COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST	
A. FY13 REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST (CAI) (rape, aggravated sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, wrongful sexual contact, non-consensual sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses) INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS (BY or AGAINST Service Members).	FY13 Totals
# VICTIMS in FY13 Unrestricted Reports in Combat Areas of Interest	14
# Service Member victims	14
# Non-Service Member victims	0
# Unrestricted Reports in the following categories	12
# Service Member on Service Member	7
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	0
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	3
# Unidentified Subject on Service Member	2
# Unrestricted Reports of sexual assault occurring	12
# On military installation	10
# Off military installation	2
# Unidentified location	0
# Investigations (From FY13 Unrestricted Reports)	12
# Pending completion as of 30-SEP-12	3
# Completed as of 30-SEP-12	9
# Restricted Reports in Combat Areas of Interest	4
# Converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report*	0
# FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS REMAINING RESTRICTED	4
B. FY13 DETAILS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS IN COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST	FY13 Totals
Length of time between sexual assault and Unrestricted Report	12
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	3
# Reports made within 4 to 30 days after sexual assault	4
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	1
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	3
# Unknown	1
Time of sexual assault	12
# Midnight to 6 am	1
# 6 am to 6 pm	3
# 6 pm to midnight	2
# Unknown	6
Day of sexual assault	12
# Sunday	3
# Monday	1
# Tuesday	0
# Wednesday	1
# Thursday	0
# Friday	1
# Saturday	0
# Unknown	6
C. SUMMARY OF ALL INVESTIGATIONS OF CAI UNRESTRICTED REPORTS COMPLETED IN FY13	FY13 Totals
# Total Investigations completed during FY13	14
# Investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13	9
# Of these investigations with more than one victim, more than one subject, or both	2
# Investigations opened prior to FY13 and completed in FY13	5
# Of these investigations with more than one victim, more than one subject, or both	3
# SUBJECTS in all investigations completed during FY13	16
# Service Member subjects in completed investigations	9
# Your Service Member subjects investigated by your Service	9
# Other Service Member subjects investigated by your Service	0
# Non-Service Member subjects in your Service's investigations	4
# Unidentified subjects in your Service's investigations	3
# VICTIMS in all investigations completed during FY13	19
# Service Member victims	18
# Service Member victims own Service's investigations	16
# Other Service Member victims in your Service's investigations	2
# Non-Service Member victims in your Service's investigations	1
# Unidentified victims in your Service's investigations	0

Reports of Sexual Assault in Combat Areas of Interest (continued)

D. FINAL DISPOSITIONS FOR SUBJECTS IN COMPLETED FY13 CAI INVESTIGATIONS		FY13 Totals
# Investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13		9
# SUBJECTS in investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13		10
# Service Member Subjects in investigations opened and completed in FY13		4
# Total Subjects with allegations unfounded by a Military Criminal Investigative Organization		0
# Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO		0
# Non-Service Member Subjects with allegations unfounded by MCIO		0
# Total Subjects Outside DoD Prosecutive Authority		6
# Unknown Offenders		5
# US Civilians or Foreign National Subjects not Subject to the UCMJ		1
# Service Members Prosecuted by a Civilian or Foreign Authority		0
# Subjects who died or deserted		0
# Total Command Action Precluded or Declined for Sexual Assault		0
# Service Member Subjects where victim declined to participate in the military justice action		0
# Service Member Subjects whose investigations had insufficient evidence to prosecute		0
# Service Member Subjects whose cases involved expired statute of limitations		0
# Service Member Subjects with allegations that were unfounded by Command		0
# Service Member Subjects with victims who died before completion of military justice action		0
# Subjects still awaiting command action as of 30-SEP-13		3
# Subjects for whom command action was completed as of 30-SEP-13		1
# FY13 Service Member Subjects where evidence supported Command Action		1
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred (Initiated)		0
# Service Member Subjects: Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15 UCMJ)		0
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges		0
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions		0
# Service Member Subjects: Courts-Martial charge preferred for non-sexual assault offense		0
# Service Member Subjects: Non-judicial punishment for non-sexual assault offense		0
# Service Member Subjects: Administrative discharges for non-sexual assault offense		0
# Service Member Subjects: Other adverse administrative actions for non-sexual assault offense		1
D1. ASSOCIATED VICTIM DATA FOR COMPLETED FY13 CAI INVESTIGATIONS		FY13 Totals
# VICTIMS in investigations opened in FY13 and completed in FY13		11
# Service Member Victims in investigations opened and completed in FY13		11
# Total Victims associated with MCIO unfounded allegations		0
# Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations		0
# Non-Service Member Victims involved in MCIO unfounded allegations		0
# Service Member Victims in substantiated Unknown Offender Reports		4
# Service Member Victims in remaining Unknown Offender Reports		0
# Service Member Victims in substantiated Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports		1
# Service Member Victims in remaining Civilian/Foreign National Subject Reports		0
# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports against a Service member who is being Prosecuted by a Civilian/Foreign Authority		0
# Service Member Victims in substantiated reports with a deceased or deserted subject		0
# Service Member Victims in remaining reports with a deceased or deserted subject		0
# Service member victims who declined to participate in the military justice action		0
# Service member victims in investigations having insufficient evidence to prosecute		0
# Service members victims whose cases involved expired statute of limitations		0
# Service member victims whose allegations were unfounded by Command		0
# Service member victims who died before completion of the military justice action		0
# Service Member Victims still awaiting command action on a subject as of 30-SEP-13		5
# FY13 Service Member Victims in cases where evidence supported Command Action		1
# Service Member Victims involved with Court-martial referrals (Initiations) against subject		0
# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishments (Article 15) against subject		0
# Service Member Victims involved with Administrative discharges against subject		0
# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions against subject		0
# Service Member Victims involved with Court-martial referrals for non-sexual assault offenses		0
# Service Member Victims involved with Nonjudicial punishment for non-sexual assault offenses		0
# Service Member Victims involved with administrative discharges for non-SA offense		0
# Service Member Victims involved with Other administrative actions for non-SA offense		1

USMC FY13 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT - SERVICE MEMBER STATUS BY GENDER COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST Note: These reports are a subset of the FY13 Reports of Sexual Assault																	
F. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS (BY or AGAINST Service Members) IN THE BELOW CATEGORIES FOR ALL FY13 INVESTIGATIONS (UR) Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Male on Female	Male on Male	Female on Male	Female on Female	Unknown on Male	Unknown on Female	Multiple Mixed Gender Assault	FY13 Totals									
	9	1	0	0	0	2	0	12									
# Service Member on Service Member	5	1	0	0	0	1	0	7									
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3									
# Unidentified subject on Service Member	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2									
FY13 UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT BY OFFENSE TYPE																	
UNRESTRICTED REPORTS MADE IN FY13	Incidents Occurring in Prior Fiscal Years, but Reported in FY13								Incidents Occurring and Reported in FY13								
G. REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS INVOLVING SERVICE MEMBERS (BY or AGAINST Service Members) IN THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES FOR ALL FY13 INVESTIGATIONS Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07-June12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (Oct07-Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravated Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07-June12) (Art. 120)	Non-Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	FY13 Totals
	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	5		0		0	12
# Service Member on Service Member	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3		0		0	7
# Service Member on Non-Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	0
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2		0		0	3
# Unidentified subject on Service Member	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	2
# TOTAL Service Member Victims in FY13 Reports	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	7		0		0	14
# Service Member Victims: Female	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	6		0		0	13
# Service Member Victims: Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		0		0	1
TIME OF INCIDENT BY OFFENSE TYPE FOR UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT MADE IN FY13																	
Time of sexual assault	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	5		0		0	12
# Midnight to 6 am	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		0		0	1
# 6 am to 6 pm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2		0		0	3
# 6 pm to midnight	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2		0		0	2
# Unknown	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		0		0	6
Day of sexual assault	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	5		0		0	12
# Sunday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3		0		0	3
# Monday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		0		0	1
# Tuesday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	0
# Wednesday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		0		0	1
# Thursday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	0
# Friday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		0		0	1
# Saturday	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	0
# Unknown	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		0		0	6

DEMOGRAPHICS ON VICTIMS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY13		Victim Data From Investigations Opened in Prior Years, but closed during FY13												Victim Data From Investigations Opened and Closed in FY13												FY13 Totals
Note: The information below is drawn from all investigations that were closed during FY13, and does not correspond to the data reported in sections F and G, above.																										
Gender of VICTIMS		4	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	7	0	0	0	0	19							
# Male		0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3							
# Female		4	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	6	0	0	0	0	16							
# Unknown		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Age of VICTIMS		4	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	7	0	0	0	0	19							
# 16-19		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2								
# 20-24		3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	12								
# 25-34		1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	5								
# 35-49		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# 50-64		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# 65 and older		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Unknown		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
VICTIM Type		4	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	7	0	0	0	19								
# Service Member		3	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	7	0	0	0	18								
# DoD Civilian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# DoD Contractor		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Other US Government Civilian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# US Civilian		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1								
# Foreign national		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Foreign military		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Unknown		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Grade of Service Member VICTIMS		3	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	7	0	0	0	18								
# E1-E4		3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	6	0	0	0	13								
# E5-E9		0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	4								
# WO1-WO5		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# O1-O3		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# O4-O10		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1								
# Cadet/Midshipman		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Academy Prep School Student		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Unknown		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Service of Service Member VICTIMS		3	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	7	0	0	0	18								
# Army		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1								
# Navy		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1								
# Marines		2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	7	0	0	0	16								
# Air Force		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Coast Guard		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Unknown		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Status of Service Member VICTIMS		3	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	7	0	0	0	18								
# Active Duty		2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	7	0	0	0	15								
# Reserve (Activated)		1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3								
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Cadet/Midshipman		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Academy Prep School Student		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Unknown		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
I. DEMOGRAPHICS ON SUBJECTS IN INVESTIGATIONS COMPLETED IN FY13																										FY13 Totals
Note: The information below is drawn from all investigations that were closed during FY13, and does not correspond to the data reported in sections F and G, above.																										
		Subject Data From Investigations Opened in Prior Years, but closed during FY13												Subject Data From Investigations Opened and Closed in FY13												
Gender of SUBJECTS		2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	16							
# Male		2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	14							
# Female		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Unknown		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2								
Age of SUBJECTS		2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	16							
# 16-19		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1								
# 20-24		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2								
# 25-34		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2								
# 35-49		1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3								
# 50-64		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1								
# 65 and older		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Unknown		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	7								
Subject Type		2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	5	0	0	0	16								
# Service Member		1	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	5	0	0	0	15								
# DoD Civilian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# DoD Contractor		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Other US Government Civilian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# US Civilian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Foreign national		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	4								
# Foreign military		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1								
# Unknown		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Grade of Service Member SUBJECTS		1	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	5	0	0	0	9								
# E1-E4		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	4								
# E5-E9		1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5								
# WO1-WO5		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# O1-O3		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# O4-O10		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Cadet/Midshipman		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Academy Prep School Student		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Unknown		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Service of Service Member SUBJECTS		1	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	5	0	0	0	9								
# Army		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Navy		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Marines		1	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	9								
# Air Force		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Coast Guard		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Unknown		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Status of Service Member SUBJECTS		1	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	5	0	0	0	9								
# Active Duty		1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	8								
# Reserve (Activated)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Cadet/Midshipman		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Academy Prep School Student		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
# Unknown		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								

COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST - LOCATION OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS BY TYPE OF OFFENSE																	
J. FY13 COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST - LOCATIONS OF UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT Note: The data in this section is drawn from raw, uninvestigated information about Unrestricted Reports received during FY13. These Reports may not be fully investigated by the end of the fiscal year.	Incidents Occurring In Prior Fiscal Years, but Reported In FY13								Incidents Occurring and Reported In FY13								FY13 Totals
	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Assault (Oct07- Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07- June12) (Art. 120)	Non- Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	Rape (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Assault (Oct07- Jun12) and Sexual Assault (Art. 120)	Aggravate d Sexual Contact (Art. 120)	Abusive Sexual Contact (Art.120)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (Oct 07- June12) (Art. 120)	Non- Consensual Sodomy (Art. 125)	Indecent Assault (Art. 134) (Pre-FY08)	Attempts to Commit Offenses (Art. 80)	
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED REPORTS	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	12
Arabian Peninsula, Iraq, Red Sea, and Africa																	
Bahrain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iraq	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Jordan	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Lebanon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Syria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yemen	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Djibouti	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Egypt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kuwait	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Qatar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uganda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saudi Arabia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Arab Emirates	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central and South Asia																	
Kyrgyzstan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pakistan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Afghanistan	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	8
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED REPORTS	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	12

Restricted Reports in Combat Areas of Interest

USMC COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST (CAI) FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN THE MILITARY	
A. FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT (rape, aggravated sexual assault, aggravated sexual contact, abusive sexual contact, wrongful sexual contact, non-consensual sodomy, and attempts to commit these offenses)	FY13 TOTALS
# TOTAL victims initially making Restricted Reports	4
# Service Member victims making Restricted Reports	4
# Non-Service Member Victims making Restricted Report involving a Service Member Subject	0
# Total victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in the current FY*	0
# Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY	0
# Non-Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY	0
# TOTAL victim reports remaining Restricted	4
# Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted	4
# Non-Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted	0
# Reported sexual assaults AGAINST Service Member victims in the following categories	4
# Service Member on Service Member	0
# Non-Service Member on Service Member	1
# Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	0
# Unidentified subject on Service Member	3
B. INCIDENT DETAILS	FY13 TOTALS
# Reported sexual assaults occurring	4
# On military installation	1
# Off military installation	2
# Unidentified location	1
Length of time between sexual assault and Restricted Report	4
# Reports made within 3 days of sexual assault	1
# Reports made within 4 to 30 days after sexual assault	0
# Reports made within 31 to 365 days after sexual assault	0
# Reports made longer than 365 days after sexual assault	0
# Unknown	3
Time of sexual assault incident	4
# Midnight to 6 am	1
# 6 am to 6 pm	0
# 6 pm to midnight	1
# Unknown	2
Day of sexual assault incident	4
# Sunday	0
# Monday	1
# Tuesday	0
# Wednesday	0
# Thursday	0
# Friday	0
# Saturday	0
# Unknown	3

Restricted Reports in Combat Areas of Interest (continued)

C. RESTRICTED REPORTING - VICTIM SERVICE AFFILIATION		FY13 TOTALS
# Service Member VICTIMS		4
# Army victims		1
# Navy victims		0
# Marines victims		3
# Air Force victims		0
# Coast Guard		0
# Unknown		0
D. DEMOGRAPHICS FOR FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT		FY13 TOTALS
Gender of VICTIMS		4
# Male		1
# Female		3
# Unknown		0
Age of VICTIMS		4
# 16-19		1
# 20-24		2
# 25-34		1
# 35-49		0
# 50-64		0
# 65 and older		0
# Unknown		0
Grade of Service Member VICTIMS		4
# E1-E4		3
# E5-E9		1
# WO1-WO5		0
# O1-O3		0
# O4-O10		0
# Cadet/Midshipman		0
# Academy Prep School Student		0
# Unknown		0
Status of Service Member VICTIMS		4
# Active Duty		4
# Reserve (Activated)		0
# National Guard (Activated - Title 10)		0
# Cadet/Midshipman		0
# Academy Prep School Student		0
# Unknown		0
VICTIM Type		4
# Service Member		4
# DoD Contractor		0
# DoD Contractor's family		0
# Former US Government Civilian		0
# US Civilian (DoD Dependent Over Age 18)		0
# Foreign national		0
# Foreign military		0
# Unknown		0
E. RESTRICTED REPORTING FOR A SEXUAL ASSAULT THAT OCCURRED PRIOR TO JOINING SERVICE		FY13 TOTALS
# Service Member VICTIMS making a Restricted Report for Incidents Occurring Prior to Military Service		1
# Service Members Making A Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred Prior to Age 18		1
# Service Member Making a Restricted Report for an Incident that Occurred After Age 18		0
# Service Members Choosing Not to Specify		0
F. RESTRICTED REPORTS CONVERSION DATA (DSAID USE ONLY)		FY13 TOTALS
Mean # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted		
Standard Deviation of the Mean For Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted		
Mode # of Days Taken to Change to Unrestricted		
* The Restricted Reports are reports that converted to Unrestricted Reports are counted in the total number of Unrestricted Reports listed in Worksheet 1a, Section A.		

Restricted Reports in Combat Areas of Interest

USMC COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST - LOCATION OF FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS	
E. TOTAL # FY13 COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST -RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT	FY13 Totals
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSAULTS IN COMBAT AREAS OF INTEREST	4
Arabian Peninsula, Iraq, Red Sea and Africa	
Bahrain	0
Iraq	0
Jordan	0
Lebanon	0
Syria	0
Yemen	0
Djibouti	0
Egypt	0
Kuwait	0
Oman	0
Qatar	0
Uganda	0
Saudi Arabia	0
United Arab Emirates	0
Central and South Asia	
Kyrgyzstan	0
Pakistan	0
Afghanistan	4

# Support service referrals for Non-Service Members in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources (Referred by DoD)	4
# Medical	1
# Mental Health	1
# Legal	1
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	3
# Medical	0
# Mental Health	0
# Legal	0
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# Rape Crisis Center	3
# Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# Cases where SAFE kits were conducted	1
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam	0
E. FY13 RESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT FROM NON-SERVICE MEMBERS	FY13 TOTALS
# Non-Service Member victims making Restricted Report	0
# Non-Service Member victims who converted from Restricted Report to Unrestricted Report in current FY	0
# Non-Service Member victim reports remaining Restricted	0
# Restricted Reports from Non-Service Member victims in the following categories:	0
# Non-Service Member on Non-Service Member (entitled to a RR by DoD Policy)	0
# Unidentified Subject or Undisclosed Affiliation on Non-Service Member	0
Gender of Non-Service Member VICTIMS	0
# Male	0
# Female	0
# Unknown	0
Age of Non-Service Member VICTIMS	0
# 18-19	0
# 20-24	0
# 25-34	0
# 35-49	0
# 50-64	0
# 65 and older	0
# Unknown	0
VICTIM Type	0
# US Civilian	0
# US Service Member	0
# US Service Member's dependent	0
# US Civilian (DoD Dependent Over Age 18)	0
# Unknown	0
# Support service referrals for Non-Service Member VICTIMS in the following categories	
# MILITARY Resources	10
# Medical	1
# Mental Health	0
# Legal	1
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	0
# CIVILIAN Resources (Referred by DoD)	9
# Medical	0
# Mental Health	3
# Legal	2
# Chaplain/Spiritual Support	3
# Rape Crisis Center	1
# Victim Advocate	0
# DoD Safe Helpline	0
# Other	0
# Cases where SAFE kits were conducted	0
# Cases where SAFE kits or other needed supplies were not available at time of victim's exam	0

Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC														Punishments										Administrative Actions						
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
1A	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred		Dismissed														All Subject s and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol Marine Victim related both Marine Subjects had sexual intercourse with her against her will. Subsequently, command took this investigation to an Article 32 hearing. Additional legal review, including a second Article 32 hearing, was conducted by the Trial Counsel advising all charges against Subject#1 were dismissed.	
1B	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed														All Subject s and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol Marine Victim related both Marine Subjects had sexual intercourse with her against her will. Subsequently, command took this investigation to an Article 32 hearing. Additional legal review, including a second Article 32 hearing, was conducted by the Trial Counsel advising all charges against Subject#2 were dismissed.	
2A	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Indecent Acts Art. 120	YES	YES		YES	YES	YES			LOR		YES	All Subject s and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where both Marine Subject drove Marine Victim back to her home where they took turns orally sodomizing and vaginally raping her while she was unconscious. Marine Subject #1 pled guilty to violations of Article 120 (Indecent Acts) and Article 134 (Adultery), Uniform Code of Military Justice. Subject#1 was sentenced to 35 days confinement, 30 days hard labor without confinement, forfeiture of \$600.00, all letter of reprimand and 15 days restriction. Additionally, Subject#1 will be required to register as a Sex Offender upon his release from confinement.	
2B	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Indecent Acts Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	BCD	YES	YES					YES	All Subject s and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where both Marine Subject drove Marine Victim back to her home where they took turns orally sodomizing and vaginally raping her while she was unconscious. Marine Subject#2 pled guilty to violations of Article 92 (Violation of a lawful General Order); Article 111 (Driving under the influence); Article 120 (Indecent acts); Article 134 (Adultery) and Article 134 (Underage consumption), Uniform Code of Military Justice. Subject#2 was sentenced to 30 days confinement, 60 days hard labor without confinement, a reduction to E-1, forfeiture of \$1800.00, 60 days restriction and a Bad Conduct Discharge. Additionally, Subject#2 will be required to register as a Sex Offender upon his release from confinement.	
3	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Marines	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ	Federal/State/L ocal Civilian Sexual Offense Not Specified															All Subject s and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Navy Subject performed oral copulation upon Marine Victim#1 and Marine Victim#2 after they "passed out". Subject pled guilty to a misdemeanor violation of California Penal Code Section 242/243 (Oral copulation of an unconscious person). Subject received 2 years summary probation, a fine of \$785, which are suspended upon successful probation and 20 hours of community service.	
4	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed														Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim related Marine Subject raped her by force. Charges were preferred against Subject. A Victim No Prosecution Letter was provided to Command by Victim documenting her decision not to pursue the criminal prosecution of Subject. The charges against Subject were subsequently dismissed.	
5	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Multiple Services	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES		YES	BCD									Various/unknown locations where Civilian Victim#1, Marine Victim#2, Civilian Victim#3 and Civilian Victim#4 reported they were sexually assaulted by Marine Subject on multiple occasions during their recruiting process into the United States Marine Corps (USMC). Subject attended a General Court-Martial. Subject pled guilty to Violation of Article 92, UCMJ, Nonprofessional personal relationship with all the Victim, Spec 8, wrongful use of a Government vehicle. Violation of Article 107, UCMJ, False Official Statement. Violation of Article 120, UCMJ, Spec 2, Aggravated Sexual Assault of Victim#4 and Spec 4, Abusive sexual contact of Victim#4. Subject pled to 4 years confinement, reduction in rate to E-1, and a Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD).	
6	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Rape Art.120	YES	YES	YES	DD										Off-base offense where Civilian Victim advised she and Marine Subject engaged in consensual sex. According to Victim the sex became non-consensual when Subject began striking her for refusing his request to call another female to the location so they could engage in a sexual threesome. Subject was found guilty of violations of Article 120 (Rape & Aggravated Sexual Contact), Article 125 (Forcible Sodomy), Article 128 (Assault Consummated by Battery), Article 92 (Violation of a Lawful General Order) and Article 134 (Adultery) at a General Court Martial consisting of a forum of Enlisted Members held aboard Marine Corps Recruit Depot (MCRD) Parris Island, SC. Subject was sentenced to 18 years confinement, a Dishonorable Discharge, total forfeitures of all pay and allowances, and reduction in rank to E-1.
7	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	DD						YES	Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim awoke the following morning at the Marine Subject's residence with her panties pulled to the side, her vagina feeling abnormal and observing what she thought to be sperm in her vaginal area. Subject was found guilty at a General Court-Martial for violations of UCMJ Article 107 (False Official Statement), Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Assault), and Article 134 (Adultery). Subject was awarded 5 years confinement (capped at 3 and 12 years due to a pre-trial agreement), reduction to E-1, total forfeitures, a Dishonorable Discharge and will be required to register as a sex offender.		
8	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	DD						YES			On-base offense where Navy Subject performed a Pap smear and a breast examination upon Marine Victim without an observer present. Subject was not authorized to perform these examinations. At a General Courts-Martial held, Subject pled guilty to one violation of UCMJ, Article 80, attempt to engage in a sexual act; one violation of UCMJ, Article 92, willfully derelict in the performance of his duties; and 3 counts of violating UCMJ, Article 120, engaging in a sexual act. Subject was sentenced to 7 years confinement, dishonorable discharge, reduction to E-1, forfeiture of all pay and allowances, and the requirement to be a registered sex offender. However, per a pre-trial agreement, all confinement in excess of 26 months was suspended.	
9A	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Indecent Acts Art. 120	YES		YES	BCD								All Subject s and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian Victim stated that several military members engaged in sexual intercourse with her, but she did not consent and was unconscious at times. Marine Subject#1 pled guilty at a Special Court Martial to Article 120 (wrongfully committed indecent conduct). Subject#1 received 90 days confinement, a bad conduct discharge and reduction to E-1.	
9B	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120			YES	DD						YES	All Subject s and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian Victim stated that several military members engaged in sexual intercourse with her, but she did not consent and was unconscious at times. Marine Subject#2 pled guilty at General Court Martial to Article 112a (wrongful use of Marijuana), Article 120A (Having sexual intercourse with someone incapable of declining participation) and Article 120B (Engaging in a sexual act with someone incapable of declining participation). Subject#2 received 12 years confinement with 4 years to serve, a dishonorable discharge, reduction to E-1 and registration as a sex offender.		
9C	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Acquitted														All Subject s and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where a Civilian Victim stated that several Marine members engaged in sexual intercourse with her, but she did not consent and was unconscious at times. Marine Subject#3 was acquitted of all charges at a General Court Martial.	
9D	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Acquitted														All Subject s and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where a Civilian Victim stated that several Marine members engaged in sexual intercourse with her, but she did not consent and was unconscious at times. Marine Subject#4 was found not guilty of all charges at a General Court Martial.	

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC

No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Diminished at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime		
9E	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Indecent Acts Art. 120	YES		YES	BCD								All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where a Civilian Victim stated that several Marine members engaged in sexual intercourse with her, but she did not consent and was unconscious at times. Marine Subject#5 pled guilty at General Court Martial to Article 92 (Violation of lawful general order), Article 120 (Wrongfully commit indecent conduct) and Article 128 (Unlawful strike). Subject#5 received 18 months confinement, a bad conduct discharge and reduction to E-1.		
10	Art 120: Rape	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Rape Art.120	YES	YES	YES	BCD									Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim related she was lying on her bed with Marine Subject on top of her kissing her breast without her consent. Victim further stated she remembered Subject digitally penetrating her vagina. Subject "grinding" on her, and Subject forcing Victim to touch his penis. A General Court-Martial proceedings were conducted against Subject. Subject was found guilty of Article 120 (Rape), awarded a Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD), four (4) years confinement, reduction in rank to E-1, and a total forfeitures.	
11	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	YES	YES		BCD									Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Subject sexually assaulted, sodomized, and raped Marine Victim. Subject was tried via General Courts Martial where he was charged with violations of UCMJ, Articles 120(Rape, Sexual Assault, and Other Misconduct), 125(Forcible Sodomy), and 92(Failure to Obey Order). Subject pled not guilty to the aforementioned charges, and was found guilty of a violation of Article 125 (Forcible Sodomy). Subject was sentenced to one (1) year confinement, forfeiture of all pay and allowances, and awarded a bad conduct discharge (BCD).	
12	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-8	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Adultery Art. 134-2			YES										Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian Victim woke up in Marine Subject's bed without pants or underwear and not remembering any of the events of the prior evening. Victim suspects Subject sexually assaulted her. A General Court-Martial (GCM) was held and Subject was found guilty of adultery and acquitted of sexual assault. Subject was reduced in rank to E-7.	
13	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	OCONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Assaulting or willfully disobeying superior commissioned officer Art. 90								LOR						On-base offense where Marine Subject made attempts to sexually assault Marine Victim and only got as far as rubbing Victim's vagina through her clothing. Subject was found not guilty of sexual assault. Subject was found guilty of violating UCMJ Article 80 (Attempts), and Article 90 (Violation of a Lawful Command), and was given a Letter of Reprimand.	
14	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male	YES		US Civilian		Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES	YES	DD								YES			On-base offense where Civilian Victim stated Marine Subject started to rub her thigh while she was driving. Subject then grabbed the Victim's breast then forced his hand down the Victim's pants and digitally penetrated her vagina. An Article 32 hearing was held for Subject, and the Investigating Officer (IO) recommended charges be referred to a General Court Martial (GCM). Subject was found guilty of violation of UCMJ Article 120(Aggravated Sexual Assault and Abusive Sexual Contact) awarded 30 months confinement, forfeitures of all pay and allowances for 30 months, and a Dishonorable Discharge. Subject must register as a sex offender.	
15	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Assault Art. 128	Convicted		Assault Art. 128	YES	YES	YES												Off-base offense where the Civilian Victim complained that the Marine Subject rubbed her vagina with his hand on the outside of her clothing for about five minutes and also fondled her breasts. Results of Summary Court-Martial stated Subject was found guilty of violation of Article 128(Assault) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ), Specifications 1 and 2. Sentence adjudged was reduction to pay grade E-1, confinement for 30 days, and forfeiture of \$944.00 pay per month for one month.
16	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	O-2	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92													Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim stated she woke up with the Marine Subject on top of her with his penis in her vagina. In a trial by Special Court Martial, Subject was found guilty of a violation of Article 92 (Failure to Obey Order or Regulation) and Article 107 (False Official Statement) of the UCMJ. No sentence was imposed.	
17	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES	YES	YES	YES							Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Subject groped the Navy Victim's breasts and digitally penetrated her vagina with the use of lubricant. At a General Court Martial, Subject was found not guilty of all sexual assault charges and convicted of underage drinking (Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) Article 92). Subject received 90 days hard labor without confinement, reduction to E-2, forfeitures, and 60 days restriction.	
18	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Wrongful use, possession, etc. of controlled substances Art. 112a	YES	YES	YES											Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian Victim woke up she was naked, in an unknown bedroom, and being penetrated by the Marine Subject's penis in her vagina. Subject appeared before a Summary Court-Martial for drug related offenses (use of Spice) and all charges relating to the offense of rape were dismissed due to Victim declining to participate in the prosecution. Subject was awarded 25 days confinement, 2/3 forfeiture of pay for 1 month, and reduction to lowest pay grade.
19	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male	YES		Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	YES	YES	YES												On-base offense where Marine Subject would enter Marine Victim's workspace and inappropriately touch her inner thigh and kiss her neck. A General Court-Martial was held. Subject was found guilty of violating three (3), counts of Article 120, (Sexual Assault), Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). Subject was awarded eight (8), years confinement, total forfeiture, and reduction to E-1.
20	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-5	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ	Federal/State/Local Civilian Sexual Offense Not Specified													Uncharacterized				Off-base offense where the Marine Victim reported she woke up to the Marine Subject kissing her breasts. She told the Subject to stop but then he proceeded to digitally penetrate her. Commanding Officer stated Subject was administratively separated from the USMC. Subject pled guilty in the Yuma Justice Court, Yuma, AZ, for one count of ARS 12-04.4 (Aggravated Assault). Subject was awarded 60 days confinement, \$540 fine, and 12 months probation.	
21A	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120			YES							Uncharacterized			All Subjects and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim had subsequently blacked out and awoke to find herself naked and alone in a barracks' room. Marine Subject#1 and Marine Subject#2 reported that they had engaged in consensual sexual acts with Victim including oral sex; however, did not engage in actual intercourse with Victim. Marine Subject#3 video recorded some of the sexual acts with his cellular telephone through the open window of Subject#1's barracks room. An Article 32 hearing was held in which Subject#1 was charged with sodomy and participation in a sexual film with Victim. The Investigating Officer recommended that the charges be disposed of at a Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) hearing. Subject#1 received NJP which amounted to a reduction in rank to E-3/PFC, a forfeiture of \$835.00 for two (2) months for a total forfeiture of \$1,670.00, restriction and Extra Punitive Duties (EPD) for forty five (45) days with a suspension of all punishment, less the reduction in rank, for violations of Articles 86, 92 and 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). Subject#1 was separated from the USMC.	
21B	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES								Uncharacterized			All Subjects and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim had subsequently blacked out and awoke to find herself naked and alone in a barracks' room. Marine Subject#1 and Marine Subject#2 reported that they had engaged in consensual sexual acts with Victim including oral sex; however, did not engage in actual intercourse with Victim. Marine Subject#3 video recorded some of the sexual acts with his cellular telephone through the open window of Subject#1's barracks room. An Article 32 hearing was held in which Subject#2 were charged with sodomy and participation in a sexual film with Victim. The Investigating Officer recommended that the charges be disposed of at a Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) hearing. Subject#2 received NJP which amounted to forfeiture of \$745.00 for two (2) months for a total forfeiture of \$1,490.00 with a suspension of all punishment, for violations of Article 92, 120 and 112a of the UCMJ. Subject#2 separated from the USMC.	

Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC																Punishments										Administrative Actions						
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art. 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime			
21C	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		General Article Offense Art. 134		YES	YES		YES						All Subject's and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim had subsequently blacked out and awoke to find herself naked and alone in a barracks room. Marine Subject#1 and Marine Subject#2 reported that they had engaged in consensual sexual acts with Victim including oral sex; however, did not engage in actual intercourse with Victim. Marine Subject#3 video recorded some of the sexual acts with his cellular telephone through the open window of Subject#1's barracks room. Subject#3 was convicted at a Summary Court-Martial for an Article 134 violation of the UCMJ for filming sexual acts. Subject#3 was adjudged the following sentence: reduction to E-2/PFC, forfeiture of \$1133.00 pay per month for one (1) month, and forty five (45) days of restriction and hard labor without confinement.				
22A	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male	YES		Marines	E-4	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120			Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120									LOC		All Subject's and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim awoke the next morning realizing that her pants and underwear were off and Marine Subject#1 was lying next to her touching her vaginal area. Subject#1 received written counselings. Subject#1 was counseled for "committing a sexual act upon a person who was incapable of consenting". It is noted that Subject#1 was being Administratively Separated for the commission of a serious offense (COSO). However, Command advised that Subject#1 was allowed to end his active service (EAS).				
22B	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120			Adultery Art. 134-2									LOC		All Subject's and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim awoke the next morning realizing that her pants and underwear were off and Marine Subject#2 was lying next to her touching her vaginal area. Subject#2 received written counselings. Subject#2 was counseled for violation of UCMJ Article 134 (Adultery).				
23	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-1	Male			Marines	E-1	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed	Charge(s) against Subject were withdrawn without prejudice due to administrative oversight of Victim Declination Acknowledgement executed by Victim												Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim's memory of subsequent events were of Marine Subject roughly kissing her mouth, while naked on the floor propped up against a dresser. Trial Counsel advised the charge(s) against Subject were withdrawn without prejudice due to an Victim Declination Acknowledgement executed by Victim.				
24	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-8	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92			YES								Victim	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim disclosed during the summer of 2010, while at the rest stop in Marine Subject's truck, Victim alleged Subject placed his hand under her dress and began to inappropriately touch her vaginal area, then proceeded to insert his finger into her vagina. At a Summary Courts-Martial Subject was found guilty of Article 92 (Disobey an Order or Regulation) and Article 107 (False Official Statement), of the UCMJ. Subject received a reduction to E-7.				
25	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Acquitted															On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim fell asleep in the master bedroom and awoke to Marine Subject engaging in consensual sexual intercourse with her. Subject was awarded by members of General Court Martial a full acquittal of charges of violations of UCMJ Article 120 (Rape) and UCMJ Article 107 (False Official Statement).			
26	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Acquitted															Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim alleged that Marine Subject digitally penetrated her vagina against her will while riding in a vehicle. A General Court Martial was held. Subject was found not guilty of a Violation of Article 120, of the UCMJ.			
27	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Assault Art. 128	YES	YES	YES	BCD							Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian Victim stated she and Marine Subject engaged in consensual intercourse. According to Victim, she withdrew her consent after Subject began to bite her. Victim indicated she told Subject repeatedly to stop, but he continued to have intercourse with her and bite her. Subject was turned over to his command and placed in pre-trial confinement. Subject was found guilty of violating Articles 107 (False Official Statement), 128 (Assault Consummated by a Battery), and two (2) specifications of Article 134 (Adultery) at a General Courts-Martial. Subject was awarded two (2) years confinement, reduction in rank from Sgt (E-5) to Pvt (E-1), and total forfeiture of all pay and allowances, and a Bad Conduct Discharge.				
28	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim awoke to Marine Subject on top of her, kissing her and touching her upper thigh and her buttocks. Command members told Victim everyone knew about her having sex with Subject. Victim notified the Onslow County Sheriff's Office (OCSO) of the suspected rape by Subject. OCSO, assumed investigative jurisdiction regarding captioned investigation.				
29	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	DD						YES	Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim reported she was sodomized by Marine Subject. Subject plead guilty to a violation of one specification of Article 120(Abusive Sexual Contact). Subject was sentenced to 65 months confinement, reduction in rank to E-1, a \$50,000.00 fine, a Dishonorable Discharge, and will be forced to register as a sex offender. A pre-trial agreement made with the U.S. Government, in acceptance for his plea, will limit Subject's confinement to 48 months.				
30	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	O-4	Male			Navy	Cadet/Midshipman	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES						LOR		Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Navy Victim alleged Marine Subject raped her at his residence. Subject was charged with two specifications of violation of UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to obey a general order), two specifications of violations of UCMJ Article 120 (aggravated sexual assault and other lesser included sex offenses), and two specifications of violation of UCMJ Article 133 (Conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman). Subject was found not guilty to the UCMJ Article 120 specification pertaining to the aggravated sexual assault of Victim. Subject was sentenced to two months of confinement, forfeiture of \$2,500.00 per month for 24 months, and to receive a letter of reprimand.					
31	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-7	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment		Disloyal statements Art. 134-12			YES						Other	General			On-base offense where the Marine Victim reported she was raped in her office by Marine Subject. According to Victim, Subject attempted to rape her again, however, the act was not completed. The Mono County CA District Attorney's Office (MCDAO) and Mono County CA Sheriff's Office (MCSO) assumed the lead investigative role. Trial Counsel, advised a pretrial agreement was reached in which the charges were withdrawn and Subject agreed to accept Nonjudicial Punishment. Subject plead guilty to violations of UCMJ, Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation), Article 134 (Adultery) and Article 134 (False Statements). Subject received a punitive letter and forfeiture of 23rds pay for two months. Subject will be separated from the Marine Corps with a General Characterization of Service.			
32	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment		Adultery Art. 134-2			YES	YES									On-base offense where Civilian Victim reported she was raped three times by Marine Subject. An Article 32 hearing found sufficient evidence to refer Subject to a court-martial; however, it also found significant credibility issues with Victim. Subject agreed to plead guilty to Article 134 (Adultery) at Battalion-level Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) in exchange for the rape charges to be withdrawn. Subject was found guilty at Battalion NJP and awarded reduction to Cpl/E-4 and forfeiture of a half months pay for two months, totaling \$2402.00.			
33	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-1	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Dismissed	Command determined that there was not any credible evidence that a sexual offense occurred.														On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim reported Marine Subject greeted her, followed her into her room, closed and locked the door behind them, intimately caressed and kissed her feet, fondled her legs and hips, lifted her up and positioned her on her bed, fondled her breasts over the top of her dress and bra and fondled her buttocks and vagina over the top of her thong panties. Deputy Staff Judge Advocate reported captioned investigation was dismissed without prejudice.			

Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC															Punishments										Administrative Actions					Narrative of the Crime
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use		
34	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		False official statements Art. 107	YES	YES	YES										On-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim alleged she was raped by Marine Subject in her on base barracks room. A judge only General Court Martial found Subject not guilty of rape. Subject was found guilty of false official statements and sentenced to 30 days confinement, reduction to E-3, and a \$5,000.00 fine.	
35	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES		YES	BCD						YES	Some Subject's and Some Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim reported she was sexually assaulted while in the assigned barracks room of Marine Subject. Subject appeared before a judge alone General Court-Martial. Subject was found guilty of violating Article 92, Violation of a Lawful General Regulation, Article 120, Wrongful Sexual Contact, Article 107, False Official Statement, and two counts of Article 128, Assault Consummated by Battery. Subject was sentenced to 12 months confinement, reduction in rank to E-1, and received a Bad Conduct Discharge. The Results of Trial further specify Subject is required to register as a sex offender upon his release from confinement.		
36	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Not enough evidence to move forward to a General Court Martial													On-base offense where Marine Victim alleged Marine Subject had groped her bare breast and touched her vaginal area over her clothes while in her barracks room. Victim added that during this entire incident she yelled at him to stop and to get off her multiple times, but he continued despite this and was forcibly holding her down. Military Justice Officer related an Article 32 hearing was scheduled wherein it was determined there was not enough evidence to move forward to a General Court Martial. There was no further action taken against Subject.		
37	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q3	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Indecent Acts Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	BCD							All Subject's and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Victim#1 recalled waking up in the bed with her shorts and underwear pulled down to her knees and Marine Subject rubbing the outside of her vagina with his fingers. Subject alleged that he engaged in consensual anal sex, vaginal sex, and digital penetration with both Victim#1 and Victim#2. Victim#1 and Victim#2 adamantly denied being willing participants in any form of consensual sexual acts with Subject. General Court-Martial (GCM) proceedings were conducted against Subject. As a result, Subject was found guilty of Article 120 (Indecent Acts), Article 80 (Attempted Sodomy) and Article 134 (Adultery) of the UCMJ. Subject was awarded a Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD), one year confinement, reduction in rank to E-1, and total forfeitures, resulting in an estimated monetary loss of approximately \$24,177.60.		
38	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	YES		YES	BCD						YES	Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated Marine Subject grabbed her and forced her against the wall, unzipping her pajamas. Victim stated Subject then placed his right hand inside her pajamas and pulled her closer to him; subsequently fondling her breast. Victim explained Subject then penetrated her vagina with his finger. Subject was found guilty at a Special Court- Martial of one specification of violating Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact). Subject was sentenced to reduction to E-1, 90 days confinement, and a Bad Conduct Discharge. Additionally, Subject is required to register as a sex offender.		
39A	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Acquitted														On-base offense where the Marine Victim reported being sexually harassed and indecently assaulted by two (2) Marines from her command. Victim stated these Marines indecently assaulted her by grabbing her buttocks and fondling her crotch area on separate occasions. Marine Subject#1 was found not guilty of all charges.		
39B	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES			YES							On-base offense where the Marine Victim reported being sexually harassed and indecently assaulted by two (2) Marines from her command. Victim stated these Marines indecently assaulted her by grabbing her buttocks and fondling her crotch area on separate occasions. Subject#2 was found guilty of violation of Article 92 (Failure to obey a general lawful order) and Article 93 (Cruelty and maltreatment) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). Subject#2 was reduced in rank from E-4 to E-3 and sentenced to 30 days hard labor without confinement.		
40	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Female			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed	Subject was excluded as a contributor of the unknown DNA profile											Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim recalled Marine Subject began rubbing her vaginal area and breasts. Subject then pulled Victim's dress up and began having sexual intercourse with Victim. After completing their investigation Georgetown County Sheriff's Office advised Victim that the investigation was closed due to the Assistant Solicitor declining prosecution. NCIS has assumed primary investigative jurisdiction. A withdrawal and dismissal of all charges and specifications against Subject was recommended during an Article 32 Hearing. All charges against Subject were dismissed.			
41	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-7	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES		YES	BCD						Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim alleged Marine Subject admitted to having sex with her while at a party at Subject's off-base residence. Command advised no judicial or administrative action would be taken against Subject for the suspected Article 120 (Aggravated Sexual Assault) violation. Subject received three charges of suspected violations of Article 92 under the UCMJ. An Article 32 hearing was held. Subject was found guilty on two specifications of Article 92 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) and sentenced to five months confinement, reduction in rank to E-2 and a bad conduct discharge.			
42	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	OCONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Multiple Victims		Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92								LOR			Off-base offense where Victim#1 alleged Marine Subject indecently assaulted her by attempting to kiss her and attempted to place his penis in her mouth while they were parked in his vehicle at an unknown off base location. Victim#2 related while at her residence Subject indecently assaulted her on two separate occasions by grabbing her butt. A Special Court-Martial was convened for Subject. Subject was found guilty of UCMJ Article 92, Violation of a lawful general order and received a letter of reprimand.			
43	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	OCONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	BCD					YES		On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim reported she had been raped by Marine Subject in her barracks room. Victim did not recall going to bed, but was awoken with Subject on top of her asking her if she was on birth control and subsequently ejaculating on her stomach. Subject was convicted of Aggravated Sexual Assault and Burglary at a General Court Martial. Subject was sentenced to eight years confinement, reduction in rank to E-1, Bad Conduct Discharge, and forfeiture of all entitlements and allowances. Upon completion of confinement, Subject will be required to register and maintain registration as a sex offender.			
44	Art 80: Attempts to Commit Offenses	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES		YES									On-base offense where Marine Victim reported Marine Subject grabbed her and restrained her against her will, pulled her shorts and panties down and attempted to place his penis into her vagina. Subject was found not guilty of violations of the United States Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ), Articles 80 (Attempts) and 120 (Sexual Assault) but guilty of violating UCMJ Articles 92 (Failure to Obey Order or Regulation), 128 (Assault) and 134 (Prejudice of Good Order and Discipline in the Armed Forces). Subject was sentenced to forty-five days confinement and reduced to the pay grade of E-3.		
45	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-5	Male	YES		Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Indecent Acts Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	BCD								Unknown location where Marine Victim reported while in Marine Subject's vehicle, Subject exposed his penis and grabbed the back of Victim's neck in an attempt to have her perform oral sex. Victim also reported that Subject grabbed her right leg, trying to get her to spread them so that he could put his hand up her shorts. Subject underwent trial by General Courts Martial and was found guilty of the following UCMJ Articles: Article 92 (Violation of Lawful Order); Article 93 (Maltreatment); Article 107 (False Official Statement) and Article 120 (Indecent Act). Subject received a Bad Conduct Discharge, confinement for 12 months, Reduction to E-1 and forfeiture of all pay and allowances.		
46	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	False official statements Art. 107	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		False official statements Art. 107		YES	YES		YES		YES					On-base offense where Marine Victim reported Marine Subject grabbed her, pulled her into his room and prevented her from leaving. Victim stated Subject then took off his clothes in an attempt to convince her to have sex. Subject received NJP for violation of Article 92 (Failure to obey a lawful order) and Article 107 (False Official Statement). Subject was awarded forfeit of 15 days pay (\$990) for two months, restriction for forty-five(45) days and extra duty for forty-five(45)days, reduction of one rank to Lance Corporal.		

Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC														Punishments										Administrative Actions						
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art. 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
47	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													LOC					Unknown location involving alcohol where the Marine Victim stated the next thing she remembers is waking up naked next to Marine Subject unable to move. According to Victim, when she asked Subject why she couldn't move, Subject advised he had drugged her. Victim further advised that Subject had also anally raped her at a Recruiting Substation. Statute of limitations barred prosecution for all charges except for rape; rape charge was not supported by the evidence. Subject was awarded a formal letter of counseling for violation of UCMJ Article 134, (Adultery, Fraternization, Inappropriate Conduct and Misuse of Government Property), during an office visit. No further administrative or judicial action is anticipated.
48	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Coast Guard	E-1	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed followed by Art. 15 Punishment											LOC					Off-base offense wherein Coast Guard Victim reported she was forcibly raped while intoxicated by Marine Subject#1. Victim also advised an additional Marine(Subject#2) was present and participated in the alleged rape by removing Victim's clothing. LST-E advised charges were preferred against Subject#1 under Article 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). Collateral misconduct was discovered during the Article 32 proceedings, which Command determined would be the subject of a nonjudicial punishment hearing. Subject received administrative/nonjudicial punishment in the form of 6105 counseling for underage drinking and providing alcohol to a person under the age of 21.
49	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Army	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Adultery Art. 134-2		YES	YES										Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Subject got on top of Army Victim pinning her leg, removing her shorts and vaginally penetrating Victim with his penis. Subject entered into a pretrial agreement agreeing to plead guilty at a summary court-martial to violations of Article 134 (Adultery and disorderly conduct). Subject was sentenced to a reduction to SGT and forfeiture of \$2030.00.
50	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Acquitted														Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated that while they were hanging out in her room, Marine Subject forced himself on top of her and raped her. Subject's General Court Martial convened and Subject was found not guilty of Rape.	
51A	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													LOC				All Subjects and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim was able to recall fragments of the night after her blackout, which included Marine Subject#1 and Marine Subject#2 having nonconsensual sex with her. Due to Victim declining to further participate in this investigation, Subject#1 was given a 6105 counseling for their involvement in this investigation.
51B	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													LOC				All Subjects and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim was able to recall fragments of the night after her blackout, which included Marine Subject#1 and Marine Subject#2 having nonconsensual sex with her. Due to Victim declining to further participate in this investigation, Subject#2 was given a 6105 counseling for their involvement in this investigation.
52A	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Male	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													LOC				Some Subjects and Some Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated that he was dragged into his room by two people and was thrown face down on his bed. Victim stated that while he was face down on his bed he felt someone taking his shirt off and pulling his pants down halfway. Victim stated that he felt people writing on his back and later the sensation of markers being inserted in his anus. Subject#1 received an official counseling relevant this investigation.
52B	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	OCONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-3	Male	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													LOC				Some Subjects and Some Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated that he was dragged into his room by two people and was thrown face down on his bed. Victim stated that while he was face down on his bed he felt someone taking his shirt off and pulling his pants down halfway. Victim stated that he felt people writing on his back and later the sensation of markers being inserted in his anus. Subject#2 received an official counseling relevant this investigation.
53	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Administrative Discharge	Rape Art.120													Uncharacterized				On-base offense where Civilian Victim disclosed she was raped by a Marine Subject in a barracks aboard Marine Corps Base (MCB), Camp Pendleton, CA (CPC). Victim related she did not desire to pursue prosecution of Subject. The Initial Disposition Authority (IDA) Letter from Trial Counsel related Subject would be processed for Admin Separation.
54	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male		Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES		YES	DD							YES	All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim#1 awoke to Marine Subject carrying him to the bedroom but indicated he passed out again once he was laid on the bed. Victim#1 stated that he then awoke again he observed Subject orally copulating him. Subject was found guilty on numerous offenses to include one violation of Article 120 (Sexual Assault) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) for the sexual assault on Victim#1. In addition, Subject was found guilty on two violations of Article 125 (Sodomy) of the UCMJ for the sexual assaults perpetrated against Marine Victim#4 and Civilian Victim#3. Subject was also found guilty on two charges of Article 92 of UCMJ for various specifications to include providing alcohol to minors, fraternization, and sexual harassment. Subject was also found guilty of one charge of Article 134 of the UCMJ by attempting to impede an investigation. Subject was given a dishonorable discharge and he was reduced in rank to E-1. Subject was sentenced to 10 years of confinement. Per the pretrial agreement, all confinement in excess of 24 months will be suspended. Upon his release from confinement, Subject will also be required to register as sex offender.	
55	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	Afghanistan	Marines	E-7	Male			Marines	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order of regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES	YES			LOR					On-base offense where both Marine Victims detailed numerous specific incidents in disparate locations whereby Marine Subject grabbed Victim's buttocks and genitals, digitally penetrated Victim's anus through his clothing, propositioned Victim to provide Subject oral sex, and pinned Victim to his bunk while grabbing Victim's genitals and making a sexual statements. Subject pleaded guilty to two specifications of violating Article 92 (one for violating the Marine Corps Order on sexual harassment, and one for violating the Navy regulations pertaining to fraternization); one specification of maltreatment of a subordinate; one specification of using indecent language; and four specifications of assault under Article 120, of the Uniform Code of Military Justice at a Special Court-Martial. The remaining charges and specifications were withdrawn per the pre-trial agreement. Subject was sentenced to (30) days hard labor, (30) days restriction, reduction to E-5, forfeiture of \$1,000, and a letter of reprimand.
56A	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Acquitted														All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim indicated she again woke up with Marine Subject#1 on top of her having vaginal intercourse. Marine Subject#2 provided Victim a ride to work the next morning and told her they all, meaning Subject#2, Civilian Subject#3 and Subject#1, had sex the previous night. A General Court-Martial was held at Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune, NC. Subject#1 was found of not guilty on all counts. All charges against Subject were dismissed without prejudice.	
56B	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action													Other				All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim indicated she again woke up with Marine Subject#1 on top of her having vaginal intercourse. Marine Subject#2 provided Victim a ride to work the next morning and told her they all, meaning Subject#2, Civilian Subject#3 and Subject#1, had sex the previous night. Subject#2 denied having sex with Victim. Subject#2 received administrative actions pertaining to the investigation.
56C	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	US Civilian	Female				Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine/Victim indicated she again woke up with Marine Subject#1 on top of her having vaginal intercourse. Marine Subject#2 provided Victim a ride to work the next morning and told her they all, meaning Subject#2, Civilian Subject#3 and Subject#1, had sex the previous night. Subject#3 is not Subject to the UCMJ.

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC																	Punishments										Administrative Actions						
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime				
57	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim related Civilian Subject inappropriately rubbed against Victim while Subject had an erection. Victim stated that later in the night while traveling in Subject's truck Subject, without consent, repeatedly put his hand under Victim's dress attempting to penetrate Victim's vagina with his fingers. Victim stated she forcibly removed his hand from her thighs and vagina numerous times. Assistant District Attorney, Lane County District Attorney's Office stated Subject pled guilty to Sexual Harassment and was sentenced to eighteen months of probation, 100 hours of community service work and no contact with Victim.				
58	Art 120: Rape	OCONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-6	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		False official statements Art. 107			YES		YES	YES								Off-base offense where Marine Victim stated she fell asleep, but was awakened by Marine Subject digitally penetrating and rubbing her vagina and kissing her. Victim related she was awakened a second time by Subject exhibiting the same actions as the first. She stated Subject removed her shorts and panties, held her down, rolled on top of her and started to have sexual intercourse with her. Commanding Officer advised he will refer the captioned investigation to an Article 32. Subject was found Not Guilty on all sexual assault related charges. He was found Guilty of making a false official statement to SA during the official investigation, and was found Guilty of adultery, in that he knowingly had sex with a woman not his wife. The USMC Results of Trial reflect Subject received a reduction in rank to E-5 and 30 Days Hard Labor and 30 Days Restriction.			
59	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Navy	Multiple Victims	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Discharge or Resignation in Lieu of Court Martial												UOHC			All Subject s and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Subject allegedly removed Navy Victim#1 clothing and his, then had sexual intercourse with her against her will, during which he bit her breast one time and choked her. According to Navy Victim#2, she allowed Subject to remove her shirt and bra. Subject then removed the rest of Subject#2 clothing against her will and forced her to have sexual intercourse with him. Subject reportedly bit her breast and choked her. Senior Trial Counsel, Region Legal Service Office Northwest (RLSO NW) advised Subject had agreed to Separation in Lieu of Trial by General Court Martial. He was discharged from the U.S. Marine Corps under Other than Honorable conditions.			
60	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																	Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense where Victim reported she went to bed alone but woke up to find Subject had pushed her shirt and bra out of way and was touching her breasts. Senior Trial Counsel, Legal Services Support Team provided a Victim Preference Letter (VPL) signed by Victim. Review of the VPL revealed that Victim no longer wished to participate in the prosecution of Subject. Subject's Command declined to pursue charges against Subject. The Craven County, NC District Attorney dismissed the criminal case against Subject.			
61A	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charge(s) were dismissed based on insufficient evidence														All Subject s and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim stated she fell asleep and awoke to Marine Subject#1 and Marine Subject#2 kissing her mouth, breasts and touching her body. Victim stated Subject#1 and Subject#2 moved her hands to their perineals. Victim related Subject#1 then began having sexual intercourse with Victim and related when she was finally able to get up Subject#2 pulled Victim down and had sexual intercourse with her. An Article 32 Investigation was held for Subject#1. Commanding Officer dismissed the charges against Subject#1 based on insufficient evidence.			
61B	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charge(s) were dismissed based on insufficient evidence														All Subject s and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim stated she fell asleep and awoke to Marine Subject#1 and Marine Subject#2 kissing her mouth, breasts and touching her body. Victim stated Subject#1 and Subject#2 moved her hands to their perineals. Victim related Subject#1 then began having sexual intercourse with Victim and related when she was finally able to get up Subject#2 pulled Victim down and had sexual intercourse with her. An Article 32 Investigation was held for Subject#2. Commanding Officer dismissed the charges against Subject#2 based on insufficient evidence.			
62	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-5	Male	Q1	Unknown Subject																		Off-base offense where Marine Victim advised he was walking from the Navy Exchange on JEB and accepted a ride from an Unknown male, and thereafter the Unknown male drove Victim off JEB and indecently assaulted him. Efforts to identify a potential Subject have been unsuccessful and Victim declined to provide assistance in furthering this investigation. No Subject identified.			
63	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	OCONUS		US Civilian	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																		Off-base offense where Marine Victim advised she attended a party with a friend, and recalled socializing with Civilian Subject. Victim reported gaps in her memory and recalled only that she awoke the next morning in her barracks room shower with multiple bruises and covered in mud and grass. Victim advised she also discovered a small amount of blood in her underwear and opined she had been involved in some type of sexual act. Victim stated she did not want to participate in any potential future judicial proceedings. Assistant United States Attorney (AUSA), Washington D.C., declined prosecutorial jurisdiction based off the totality of facts concerning this investigation.			
64	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	Unknown	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																		On-base offense where Marine/Victim affirmed that approximately two years ago within the barracks, she was forced to having sexual intercourse against her will by a Unknown male Marine who she knew. Victim vehemently declined to provide any additional information, to include any further cooperation with the investigation. Due to the lack of information surrounding the incident, no suspect identification, and absence of logical investigative leads this investigation is closed.			
65A	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92			YES							Honorable			All Subject s and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian/Victim's next memory was of being in the living room of the residence and experiencing sharp pain in her buttocks. Victim believed that both Marine Subject#1 and Marine Subject#2 had sexually assaulted her in the residence. Subject#1 was placed in pre-trial confinement. The Record of Trial (ROT) by Summary Court-Martial depicted Subject#1 pled guilty to violating Article 92 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice, by having an unduly familiar relationship with each other by sharing the same sexual partner, an adult female, during the same sexual encounter. Subject#1 was reduced one rank and were honorably discharged from the U.S. Marine Corps.			
65B	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q1	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 93	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92			YES							Honorable			All Subject s and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian/Victim's next memory was of being in the living room of the residence and experiencing sharp pain in her buttocks. Victim believed that both Marine Subject#1 and Marine Subject#2 had sexually assaulted her in the residence. Subject#2 was placed in pre-trial confinement. The Record of Trial (ROT) by Summary Court-Martial depicted Subject#2 pled guilty to violating Article 92 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice, by having an unduly familiar relationship with each other by sharing the same sexual partner, an adult female, during the same sexual encounter. Subject#2 was reduced one rank and were honorably discharged from the U.S. Marine Corps.			
66	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Rape Art.120	YES		YES	BCD							YES			On-base offense where Victim reported Subject grabbed her against her will, threw her onto the bed and began to forcibly remove her clothing. After Subject successfully removed Victim's clothing and his own, he sat a top Victim on the bed and attempted to force his penis into Victim's mouth which was briefly successful. Following the forced oral copulation, Subject laid on Victim and forcibly inserted his penis into her vagina. At a General Court Martial, Subject was found guilty of one count of violation of Article 120 (Rape) of the UCMJ and one count of violation of Article 127 (Extortion) of the UCMJ. Subject was sentenced to 2 years confinement, was reduced to the pay grade of E-1, and he received a Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD). In addition, Subject is required to register as a sex offender.			
67	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	OCONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	False pass Art. 134-17	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment		False pass Art. 134-17		YES	YES	YES	YES									Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim recalled being in Marine Subject's hotel room with Subject providing her with oral sex and forced her to provide him with oral sex. Victim also stated Subject forced her to have vaginal sex against her will. Subject was found guilty for UCMJ Article 92, Failure to obey order or regulation and Article 134, false pass at an Non-Judicial Punishment. Subject was sentenced to reduction in rank to PVT, forfeiture of \$701.00 in pay for two months, and restriction for sixty days.		
68	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	DD									Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Victim awoke to Subject on top of her in her bed with her underwear pulled to the side and his pants around his knees. She felt as though her vaginal area was "open" the same feeling she has felt in the past after having had sex. Subject was found guilty of violating two specifications of Article 120(Aggravated Sexual Assault) and sentenced to 14 months confinement, reduction in rank to E-1, forfeiture of \$900/month for 14 months and Dishonorable Discharge from the USMC.			

Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC																															
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Diminished at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime		
69A	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Acquitted															On-base offense where Navy Victim had reported he had been tied down by his ankles and his arms to a rack in an open squad bay using duck tape and five-fty cord by Marine Subject#1, Marine Subject#2, Marine Subject#3, Marine Subject#4, and Marine Subject#5. The Marines then proceeded to expose Victim's buttocks by pulling down his trousers to just below the bottom of his buttocks and exposed the middle to lower portion of his back by pulling up his blouse. Victim said as he was lying face down on his rack, someone had smacked his buttocks about three or four times which he described as feeling like a spanking. All Marines involved in the suspected incident and were placed in the Big. Trial Counsel advised Subject#1 was acquitted of all charges by direct verdict during a Special Court-Martial.		
69B	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES	YES											On-base offense where Navy Victim had reported he had been tied down by his ankles and his arms to a rack in an open squad bay using duck tape and five-fty cord by Marine Subject#1, Marine Subject#2, Marine Subject#3, Marine Subject#4, and Marine Subject#5. The Marines then proceeded to expose Victim's buttocks by pulling down his trousers to just below the bottom of his buttocks and exposed the middle to lower portion of his back by pulling up his blouse. Victim said as he was lying face down on his rack, someone had smacked his buttocks about three or four times which he described as feeling like a spanking. All Marines involved in the suspected incident and were placed in the Big. Subject#2 pled guilty at Summary Court-Martial. Subject#2 was sentenced to reduction in rank to E-1, forfeiture of \$1010 pay per month for one month, and confinement for thirty (30) days.	
69C	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES	YES											On-base offense where Navy Victim had reported he had been tied down by his ankles and his arms to a rack in an open squad bay using duck tape and five-fty cord by Marine Subject#1, Marine Subject#2, Marine Subject#3, Marine Subject#4, and Marine Subject#5. The Marines then proceeded to expose Victim's buttocks by pulling down his trousers to just below the bottom of his buttocks and exposed the middle to lower portion of his back by pulling up his blouse. Victim said as he was lying face down on his rack, someone had smacked his buttocks about three or four times which he described as feeling like a spanking. All Marines involved in the suspected incident and were placed in the Big. Subject#3 was sentenced to reduction in pay grade to E-1, forfeiture of \$1,010 per month for one month, and one month confinement.	
69D	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES									On-base offense where Navy Victim had reported he had been tied down by his ankles and his arms to a rack in an open squad bay using duck tape and five-fty cord by Marine Subject#1, Marine Subject#2, Marine Subject#3, Marine Subject#4, and Marine Subject#5. The Marines then proceeded to expose Victim's buttocks by pulling down his trousers to just below the bottom of his buttocks and exposed the middle to lower portion of his back by pulling up his blouse. Victim said as he was lying face down on his rack, someone had smacked his buttocks about three or four times which he described as feeling like a spanking. All Marines involved in the suspected incident and were placed in the Big. Subject#4 pled guilty at Summary Court-Martial. Subject#4 was sentenced to reduction in rank to E-1, restriction for thirty (30) days, and forfeiture of \$1010 pay per month for one month.	
69E	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Navy	E-4	Male	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES	YES											On-base offense where Navy Victim had reported he had been tied down by his ankles and his arms to a rack in an open squad bay using duck tape and five-fty cord by Marine Subject#1, Marine Subject#2, Marine Subject#3, USMC Marine#4, and Marine Subject#5. The Marines then proceeded to expose Victim's buttocks by pulling down his trousers to just below the bottom of his buttocks and exposed the middle to lower portion of his back by pulling up his blouse. Victim said as he was lying face down on his rack, someone had smacked his buttocks about three or four times which he described as feeling like a spanking. All Marines involved in the suspected incident and were placed in the Big. Subject#5 pled guilty at Summary Court-Martial. Subject#5 was sentenced to reduction in pay grade to E-1, forfeiture of \$1,010 per month for one month, and one month confinement.	
70	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Foreign National		Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 96	YES		YES							UOTHC		Subject		Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Subject entered an unlocked residence and upon seeing a husband and wife (Foreign National Civilian Victim) sleeping, decided to lie down beside the female and rub her stomach area outside her clothing. Per the Status of Forces Agreement (SOFA), the Japanese Police maintained primary jurisdiction of this investigation. The Naha District Public Prosecutors Office declined to prosecute this investigation against Subject. Subject was the subject of a Summary Courts-Martial wherein he pled guilty and was found guilty for the violations of Article 92 (Failure to Obey a Lawful and General Order), Article 128 (Simple Assault), two specifications of Article 134 (Unlawful Entry) and two specifications of Article 134 (Drunk and Disorderly) of the UCMJ. Subject was awarded the reduction to pay grade E-1, thirty days confinement and will be discharged from the USMC with a Other Than Honorable characterization of service.	
71	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q1	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Indecent Acts Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	BCD								Both Victim and Subject		On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated the Marine Subject followed her along the catwalk and then pushed Victim to the ground and raped her. Subject was placed in pre-trial confinement at the time and an Article 32 Investigation was conducted. Subject pled guilty at a General Court-Martial to one specification of violating Article 107 (False Official Statement), two specifications of violating Article 120 (Indecent Acts), one specification of violating Article 128 (Assault), and one specification of violation Article 112a (Use of Marijuana). Subject was sentenced to 180 days confinement, reduction in rank to E-1, forfeiture of \$1320 for 6 months, and a Bad Conduct Discharge.	
72	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES											On-base offense where Civilian Victim said Marine Subject brought her to his billeting room at which time they began having consensual sex. However, at one point, Victim said she stopped consenting to the sex and allegedly told Subject "No" and "Stop" approximately six to ten times. Victim then stated Subject turned her over and had sexual intercourse with her again in a different position. Prior to the Summary Court-Martial, Subject entered into a pre-trial agreement in which he pleaded guilty to the following charges: a violation of Article 92 (Failure to obey an order or regulation as a result of providing alcohol to a minor), a violation of Article 107 (False official statement), and a violation of Article 134 (General Article, as a result of committing adultery). As part of Subject's pre-trial agreement, the charge for Article 120 (Rape and sexual assault) was withdrawn. Subject was sentenced to reduction to E-5/Sgt and forfeiture of 2/3 pay per month, for one month, for a total amount of \$2042.00.	
73	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES		YES							UOTHC		Both Victim and Subject		Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim was awake and discovered her pants and underwear had been removed and she felt "something was not right with her vaginal area." A fellow Marine drove Victim home and reportedly told Victim she had seen Marine Subject "on top of" Victim having sex with her while Victim was passed out. North San Diego County District Attorney's office declined prosecution based on factors citing reasonable doubt a crime occurred. Trial Counsel Legal Service Support Team Echo (LSST-E) who related Subject was the subject of a Summary Court-Martial, wherein he was found guilty of an article 92 violation and sentenced to 60 days confinement, a reduction in paygrade to E-6 and an Administrative Discharge from the United States Marine Corps.	
74	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-7	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																		Off-base offense where Civilian Victim alleged she awoke to Marine Subject laying naked beside her in a room that she had rented at his residence. Victim stated that Subject physically restrained her, penetrated her vagina with his penis and forced Victim to touch his penis with her hand. Onslow Police Department advised that they were closing this investigation regarding the sexual assault pursuant to notification from Onslow County District Attorney's (DA's) Office that the DA's Office would not prosecute the case. Command advised no punitive or judicial actions would be taken against Subject regarding the investigation.	
75A	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	OCONUS	Marines	E-3	Female			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES						All Subjects and Victims		On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim recalled regaining consciousness to Marine Subject#1 kissing her and Marine Subject#3 recording them kissing on his head. Victim stated she blacked out again and regained consciousness to Marine Subject#2 digitally penetrating her vagina. Subject#1 accepted Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for violation of three specifications of Article 92 (Failure to Obey Order or Regulation). Subject#1 was awarded 45 days restriction and extra duties, forfeiture of \$566.00 per month for two months, totaling \$1,132.00, and reduction to PFC.

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC

No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
75B	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 93	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 93		YES	YES		YES		YES					All Subject's and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim recalled regaining consciousness to Marine Subject#1 kissing her and Marine Subject#3 recording them kissing on his lap. Victim stated she blacked out again and regained consciousness to Marine Subject#2 digitally penetrating her vagina. Subject#2 accepted Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for violation of three specifications of Article 92 (Failure to Obey Order or Regulation). Subject#2 was awarded 45 days restriction and extra duties, forfeiture of \$671.00 per month for two months, totaling \$1,342, and reduction to LCpl.
75C	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 94	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 94		YES	YES		YES		YES					All Subject's and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim recalled regaining consciousness to Marine Subject#1 kissing her and Marine Subject#3 recording them kissing on his lap. Victim stated she blacked out again and regained consciousness to Marine Subject#2 digitally penetrating her vagina. Subject#3 accepted Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for violation of three specifications of Article 92 (Failure to Obey Order or Regulation). Subject#3 was awarded 45 days restriction and extra duties, forfeiture of \$671.00 per month for two months, totaling \$1,342, and reduction to LCpl.
76	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Rape Art.120	YES	YES	YES	DD							YES	Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Subject sexually assaulted Civilian Victim while she remained unconscious. Subject was placed into pre-trial confinement. Subject was found guilty at a General Courts-Martial of one specification of UCMJ Article 120 (Rape) and one specification of UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to Obey a Lawful General Order). Subject was sentenced to 15 years confinement, Reduction in rate to E-1, Sex Offender registration in accordance with 42 U.S.C 14071, Forfeiture of all pay and allowances, and a Dishonorable Discharge.
77	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed															On-base offense where Marine Subject took Marine Victim's pants off and Victim began crying while Subject had intercourse with her. An Article 32 was held, which resulted in the dismissal of charges against Subject.
78	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed														Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated while in her room Marine Subject disrobed her, watched her shower, performed oral sex on her and ultimately penetrated her vagina with his penis until he climaxed. Trial Services Chief, Legal Services Support Team, indicated an Article 32 Hearing was held for the captioned investigation. Trial Services Chief, LSST, provided Command's intention to dismiss charges in captioned investigation against Subject without prejudice.
79	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-5	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	DD					YES	Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense where Marine Victim stated that Marine Subject put his hand on her rear end and tried to kiss her, but she declined his advances and told him no. Subject kissed Victim again, and she again kissed him back, but then turned away. Victim stated before she could react, Subject pulled down Victim's pants and underwear, and started feeling her vaginal area and clitoris. She then pulled up her pants, but Subject stuck his hand down Victim's pants and inserted his finger into her vagina. Subject was found guilty at a General Court Martial of the following violations of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ): three counts of violating Article 92(Failure to obey a lawful general regulation), two counts of Article 120(Aggravated Sexual Assault), one count of violating Article 128 (Assault Consummated by Battery), one count of violation of Article 134 (Adultery), and one count of violating Article 134 (Obstruction of Justice). Subject was sentenced to receive a dishonorable discharge from the Marine Corps, reduction in Rank from E-5 to E-1, and eight (8) years confinement. He was further ordered to forfeit all pay and allowances while confined, and must register as a sex offender.		
80	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-1	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES					UOTHC		Unknown location where Marine Subject reportedly began kissing Marine Victim and grabbing her breasts underneath her bra and then grabbed and rubbed Victim's crotch over her clothing. At the time of the alleged assault, Subject was Victim's instructor at Marine Combat Training. Subsequent a Pre-trial agreement, Subject pled guilty at a Summary Court Martial for two specifications of violations of Article 92 (Disobeying a Lawful Order), Uniform Code of Military Justice. Subject was awarded a reduction to E-4, 60 Days restriction, forfeiture of two-thirds pay for one month and an Other than Honorable Discharge.	
81	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	OCONUS		US Civilian	Male			Marines	E-6	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Off-base offense where Marine Victim alleged that Marine Subject groped her breast, put his hand down her shorts, rubbed her buttocks, and external vaginal area. Marine Corps Inspector General's Office, took administrative action against Subject. Subject was ultimately terminated by MCCS, and is no longer authorized to access any military installations within Japan for a period of 20 years. Subject returned to the United States.	
82	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Assault Art. 128	Convicted		Assault Art. 128	YES		YES	BCD							Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim recalled Marine Subject kissing, groping, digitally penetrated her vagina and attempted to remove her clothing. Subject pled guilty to the lesser offenses of Article 128, and admitted to inappropriately touching Victim. Subject was sentenced via Special Court-Martial to 10 months confinement, reduction to E-1, and Bad Conduct Discharge.	
83	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	Afghanistan	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES						LOR			On-base offense Marine Victim reported while deployed to Afghanistan in October 2011 she was assaulted by Marine Subject. Victim alleged Subject forced her face-down on his desk and held her down with his forearm while he was positioned behind her. Victim related while Subject was holding her down, she heard a noise which sounded like Subject was loosening his belt to take off his pants. Subject pled guilty to violating Article 92, UCMJ at nonjudicial punishment and received a letter of reprimand and loss of 1/2 months pay for 2 months, 1/2 suspended.		
84	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES	YES	BCD	YES	YES						Victim	Unknown location where Marine Victim#1 and Marine Victim #2 reported Marine Subject forced them to shower together while Subject photographed and recorded video of them with his cellular telephone. Victim#1 and Victim#2 also reported an incident, which Subject forced Victim#1 to display his penis and masturbate on camera during an internet video communication and forced Victim#2 to draw on Victim#1's penis. Subject was adjudicated at a Special Court-Martial. Subject pled to and was found guilty of violations of Article 92 (Failure to Obey Order or Regulation) and Article 93 (Cruelty and Maltreatment) of the UCMJ. Subject was sentenced to reduction in grade from Lance Corporal (E-3) to Private (E-1), confinement for 45 days, hard labor without confinement for 60 days, restriction for 60 days, forfeiture of \$1000 for two months (\$2,000), and a Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD).
85	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	OCONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated she awoke in her own bed naked with no recollection of a sexual encounter. Victim subsequently reported to USN medical personnel that although she had no memory of the event, she believed she had engaged in sexual activity. All logical leads are exhausted, the victim has elected not to cooperate, and the suspect remains unknown.	
86	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Acquitted													Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim remembered waking up during the night to see Marine Subject performing oral sex on her. A General Court-Martial was convened regarding one specification of violation of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) Article 120 and one specification of violation of the UCMJ Article 134. The members determined Subject was not guilty on both specifications and subsequently acquitted him of all charges.	
87	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male	YES		Marines	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Assault Art. 128	YES		YES	BCD							Some Subject's and Some Victims	Off-base/On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim#1 recalled being awakened multiple times to Marine Subject was kissing her, groping her, attempting to put his hands down her pants, and attempting to remove her clothing. Marine Victim#2 alleged on three of the aforementioned occasions, Subject placed his hands on her hips and thrust his penis one time into her from behind as they boarded a bus. Subject pled guilty to the lesser offenses of Article 128, and admitted to inappropriately touching Victim#1 and Victim#2. Subject was sentenced via Special Court-Martial to 10 months confinement, reduction to E-1, and Bad Conduct Discharge.	

Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC														Punishments										Administrative Actions				Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art. 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender		
88	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Army	E-5	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed			Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120		YES	YES				YES		Uncharacterized			On-base offense where Army Victim stated that when she awoke, Marine Subject was kissing her on the lips, while he had one hand in Victim's pants and his other hand on Victim's breast. Subject received Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for the charge of Article 120 (unwanted sexual contact)of the UCMJ. Subject was awarded forfeiture of half pay for one (1) month (suspended), forty five (45) days extra duty, reduction in rank (suspended upon a written apology letter to Victim), and formal sexual assault prevention counseling. In addition, Subject was ordered to be administratively discharged from the Marine Corps.
89	Art 120: Rape	Iraq	Marines	E-8	Male			Multiple Services	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted			Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES		YES	BCD								On-base offense where Civilian Victim#1, former Marine, had been raped by an Marine Subject while serving at Al Taqaddum Airbase (TQ), Iraq. Victim#1 did not desire to cooperate with the investigation because she "wanted it all to go away." At a Special Court-Martial (SPCM), Subject was found guilty of Article 92 (Wrongfully Having an Unclear Familiar Relationship with Marine Victim#2) and Article 92 (Sexual Harassment of Marine Victim#3) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). Subject was sentenced to 89 days confinement, received a reduction to E-7 and was awarded a Bad Conduct Discharge. No charges were filed regarding the rape of Victim#1 due to lack of evidence and lack of victim cooperation.
90	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q4	Subject Deceased or Deserted																Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim reported that she awoke in the morning to discover she was undressed from the waist down and her shirt was half off. Victim advised she felt pressure around her genitals like she typically did after having sexual intercourse and her anus hurt when she used the bathroom. Marine Subject succumbed to his wounds and was pronounced deceased.
91A	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted			Conspiracy Art. 80	YES	YES	YES	BCD					YES		All Subjects and Victims	On-base offense where Civilian Victim claimed she was coerced into a barracks room by Marine Subject#2 and forced to have sexual intercourse with him. Victim conveyed while having sex with Subject#2, Marine Subject#1 also forced her to have sexual intercourse to include oral and anal sex. Marine Subject#3 was later identified as an accomplice but not actively involved in the sexual acts. Subject#1 was found guilty of conspiracy and indecent viewing at a GCM and sentenced to six months confinement, reduced to E-3, total forfeiture, Bad Conduct Discharge (BCD), and required to register as a sex offender.
91B	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted			Adultery Art. 134-2			YES	YES							All Subjects and Victims	On-base offense where Civilian Victim claimed she was coerced into a barracks room by Marine Subject#2 and forced to have sexual intercourse with him. Victim conveyed while having sex with Subject#2, Marine Subject#1 also forced her to have sexual intercourse to include oral and anal sex. Subject#3 was later identified as an accomplice but not actively involved in the sexual acts. Subject#2 pled guilty to Adultery at a SCM. Subject#2 was placed on 45 day restriction, and reduced to E-2.
91C	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted			Conspiracy Art. 80	YES	YES	YES						YES	All Subjects and Victims	On-base offense where Civilian Victim claimed she was coerced into a barracks room by Marine Subject#2 and forced to have sexual intercourse with him. Victim conveyed while having sex with Subject#2, Marine Subject#1 also forced her to have sexual intercourse to include oral and anal sex. Subject#3 was later identified as an accomplice but not actively involved in the sexual acts. Subject#3 pled guilty of conspiracy and indecent viewing at a General Court-Martial (GCM) and sentenced to six months confinement, reduced to E-2, total forfeiture, and required to register as a sex offender.	
92	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed														Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense where Marine Victim reported while engaged in consensual kissing with Marine Subject he attempted to reach into the front of her pants with his hand to touch her genital area. Victim stated Subject continued to try and touch her genital area and subsequently digitally penetrated her vagina with his fingers after she told him to stop multiple times. Victim advised Subject overpowered her by holding her when she attempted to resist. Victim alleged Subject also placed her hand on his penis without her consent. Victim subsequently refused to participate in the prosecution of Subject's Charges against Subject were dismissed by trial counsel. Command elected to pursue no further action against Subject.
93	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Acquitted													Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim had a vague recollection of briefly awakening to Marine Subject kissing her on the neck, and awoke a second time to Subject on top of her naked, further noticing her shorts and underwear had been removed. Victim stated she physically felt as though vaginal intercourse occurred. Subject was found not guilty of Article 120 (including four separate specifications) and of the additional charge of Article 128. In addition, charges of Article 107 were withdrawn.	
94	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Female			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed													Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated she was sore in her vaginal area and when she urinated that morning, she realized she was bleeding. Victim stated she knew she was sexually assaulted at some point during the night. Additionally, Victim's friend related Victim left the group with Marine Subject. A few minutes later, the Subject contacted the Victim's friend and asked for her assistance as Victim had thrown up. Victim's friend found Victim asleep on her bed, fully clothed and vomit was on her pillow. Victim's friend changed Victim's pillow and shut the interior and exterior auto-locking doors when she left. Subject left the area and gone back to the room. Charges were preferred and an Article 32 hearing was held. Legal Service Support Team (LSST), disclosed sexual assault charges of Subject were dismissed without prejudice.	
95	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted			Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES		YES	DD						Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim reported she passed out and awoke as Marine Subject was raping her and also attempting to insert his penis into her anus. Subject was advised of his Miranda rights and questioned by the SBCCO. The SBCCO declined to prosecute the matter due to lack of evidence and CLB-7 elected to pursue the matter through the military justice system for the violation of the Uniform Code of Military Justice, Article 120 (Rape). Subject was found guilty of violations of the United States Uniform Code of Military Justice, Articles 120 (Aggravated Sexual Assault) and 134 (Prejudice of Good Order and Discipline in the Armed Forces). Subject was sentenced to two years confinement, reduced to the pay grade of E-1 and dishonorably discharged from military service.	
96	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed	Dismissed due to admissible evidence												Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim reported Marine Subject knocked on the door. Her brother's girlfriend let Subject into the barracks room and her brother's girlfriend "passed back out." Victim explained shortly after Subject entered the room, he proceeded to get on top her and pin her arms down while he attempted to remove her shorts. Victim declared Subject was able to remove his pants and insert his penis into her vagina for approximately five (5) seconds until she was able to push him off and onto the floor. Victim advised she does not want to participate further in the investigation and refused to make an official statement to law enforcement. Trial Counsel related no adjudicative action will be taken against Subject, due to a lack of admissible evidence.	
97	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	OCONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed			Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES	YES			YES			Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim explained the next thing she remembers is waking up in her barracks room with Marine Subject having sex with her. NJP was held for Subject. Subject was found guilty of two counts of UCMJ Article 92, Failure to Obey Order or Regulation. Subject was sentenced to reduction in rate to Cpl, forfeiture of \$2402.00 in pay, restriction and extra duties for forty five days.	
98	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted			Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES						LOR		On-base offense where Marine Victim reported that Marine Subject penetrated her vagina with his penis on four occasions and also groped her breast and digitally penetrated her during some of the incidents. Victim reported that the first time she was sexually assaulted by Subject, she attempted to speak up but Subject covered her nose and mouth and then placed one hand on her throat and began to "choke" her, so she stopped struggling. Subsequent to a pre-trial agreement, Subject pled guilty at a Special Court-Martial to a violation of Article 92 (Violation of a General Order), Uniform Code of Military Justice. Subject was sentenced to time served (73 days), a reduction to E-2, forfeiture of \$500.00 a month for 6 months and a letter of reprimand.	

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC																Punishments										Administrative Actions					Narrative of the Crime
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use			
99	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male	YES		US Civilian	Female		Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art. 120	Convicted		Wrongful use, possession, etc. of controlled substances Art. 112a														Off-base offense where Civilian Victim stated a relationship developed between her and Marine Subject. Victim and Subject started to engage in consensual sexual intercourse; however, Victim stated she did not wish to continue because of the pain and told Subject to stop repeatedly. Victim stated Subject did not stop and placed a pillow over her face for approximately four (4) to five (5) minutes and used his other hand to hold her down by her neck. Victim stated Subject would force her to perform oral sex on him until he ejaculated. Subject was found guilty of narcotics violations. However, Sodomy charges against Subject were dismissed due to a witness refusing to cooperate with authorities. A trial by General Court-Martial (GCM), Subject was found not guilty of the rape of Victim.	
100	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male	YES		Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES						LOR					On-base offense where Marine Victim stated she voluntarily consumed approximately Thirty Six (36) tablets of Coricidin Cough and Cold (CCC) due to her addiction to over the counter medication. Victim indicated, although she does not remember how, she ended up in Marine Subject's assigned room, she laid down on Subject's bed and in a "trance" like state began to fall asleep due to the effects of the medication. Victim further stated her next memory was engaging in sexual intercourse with Subject#1 who ultimately ejaculated in her mouth. Victim, again, began to fall asleep in a "trance" like state and then remembers engaging in sexual intercourse with Marine Subject#2 who ultimately ejaculated in her mouth. At some point during the intercourse with Subject#2, Victim vaguely remembers Subject#1 either photographing or videotaping her engaged in sexual intercourse utilizing his cellular telephone. Subsequent a pre-trial agreement, Subject#1 pled guilty at a Special Court Martial to a violation of Article 92 (Violation of a General Order), Uniform Code of Military Justice. Subject was sentenced to time served (73 days pre-trial confinement), a reduction of E-2 (Private First Class), forfeiture of \$500.00 a month for 6 months and was given a letter of reprimand.	
101	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Dismissed																On-base offense where Marine Victim stated she voluntarily consumed approximately Thirty Six (36) tablets of Coricidin Cough and Cold (CCC) due to her addiction to over the counter medication. Victim indicated, although she does not remember how, she ended up in Marine Subject's assigned room, she laid down on Subject's bed and in a "trance" like state began to fall asleep due to the effects of the medication. Victim further stated her next memory was engaging in sexual intercourse with Subject#1 who ultimately ejaculated in her mouth. Victim, again, began to fall asleep in a "trance" like state and then remembers engaging in sexual intercourse with Marine Subject#2 who ultimately ejaculated in her mouth. The Investigating Officer's Report for Subject's Article 32 Hearing was received wherein a dismissal of all charges.	
102	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-5	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Nonconsensual Sodomy Art. 125	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES						LOR				Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim reported Marine Subject performed cunnilingus on her without her consent, and attempted to have sexual intercourse with her without her consent. A Trial by General Court Martial was convened. Subject pled guilty and was subsequently found guilty of violations of UCMJ Article 92 (Violation of a Lawful Order) and (Violation of a Lawful Regulation). Subject pled not guilty and was subsequently found not guilty of violation of UCMJ Article 120 (Rape, Sexual Assault, and Other Sexual Misconduct). Subject was awarded reduction to E-6, forfeiture of \$500.00 per month for five (5) months and received a letter of reprimand.	
103	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92													UOTHC		Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated she fell asleep on Marine Subject's bed while watching television and woke up to Subject hugging her in a spooning position. Victim stated she felt Subject's erect penis on her buttocks and began to move away in order for Subject to stop. Victim stated Subject then began to "grip" her by pressing his erect penis against her buttocks and touch her vagina, over her pajama bottom, with his fingers. Trial Counsel advised Subject was the subject of an administrative separation board, where it was recommended Subject received an Other than Honorable discharge from the Marine Corps.		
104	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES									On-base offense where Marine Subject grabbed Marine Victim butt with both hands and pulled her towards him and Victim then pushed Subject away. Subject then pushed open the door and grabbed Victim again and pulled her against him. Subject then grabbed Victim's face with both hands on her cheeks and kissed her forehead. Subject was tried at a Summary Court-Martial, wherein he pled to and was found guilty of violations of Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation - sexual harassment), of the Uniform Code of Military Justice. Subject was sentenced to reduction in grade from Staff Sergeant (E-6) to Sergeant (E-5), restriction for (60) days, and forfeiture of two thirds pay for one month (\$2,008).	
105	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Adultery Art. 134-2	Convicted		Adultery Art. 134-2		YES	YES											Unknown location where Dependent Wife Victim indicated she had been carrying on an online relationship with Marine Subject for some time. Victim met Subject at the Mall and had consensual sex with him in his truck. Victim stated the sex was not planned and that she really didn't want to have sex, but stated she did nothing to stop it and gave Subject no indication it was not welcomed. Later that night, during a party for Subject's wife Victim was sleeping in the guest room. Victim stated Subject advised her he had wanted to have sex with her the night before as well, but just kissed and "fingered" her. Victim stated she has no recollection of Subject touching her vagina and only knows it occurred because he told her. The Disposition Letter from the Commanding General was received wherein no punitive action related to violations of Article 120, Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) were pursued. The Pre-Trial agreement for Subject was received wherein Subject agreed to plea guilty at a Summary Court Martial for a violation of Article 134 (Adultery), UCMJ. Subject pled guilty at a Summary Court Martial and was awarded a forfeiture of 2/3 pay for one month and a reduction to E-4 (Corporal).	
106	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Male	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	False official statements Art. 107	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		False official statements Art. 107		YES	YES		YES								Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim reported Marine Subject approached him while he was laying on the spare bed in Subject's barracks and removed Victim's boxer shorts at which time the Subject performed oral sex on him. Victim stated he was unable to physically stop Subject and knew that mentally he was telling Subject no; however, he does not know if he actually told him to stop or no. Victim signed a victim preference letter declining to participate in a General Courts Martial or other disciplinary action taken against Subject. Subject received Non-Judicial Punishment for Article 107 (False Official Statements), UCMJ. Subject received 30 days restriction, reduction of one pay grade (suspended) and forfeiture of 2 months basic pay (suspended).	
107	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Dismissal after the hearing, due to insufficient evidence of criminality.													Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated Marine Subject and other Marines present at the party informed her she had sexual intercourse in the bathroom of the hotel room with Subject but she did not recall the event due to her being intoxicated. Victim stated she had no memory of having sexual intercourse with Subject, returning to the hotel room, or any event after getting into the taxi cab. Commanding Officer advised he did not plan to pursue criminal or administrative proceedings against Subject. JAG officer stated he concurred with the Commanding Officer's assessment. This investigation was forwarded to an Article 32 hearing. The Investigating Officer declined prosecution, and recommended dismissal after the hearing, due to insufficient evidence of criminality.		

Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC														Punishments										Administrative Actions					Narrative of the Crime		
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Omitted at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime		
108	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	CONUS	Navy	E-6	Male			Marines	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male	Q4		Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions												LOC					On-base offense where Navy Subject called Marine Victim#1 into his office and told Victim#1 he needed a physical. Subject instructed Victim#1 to remove his clothing and during the course of the "physical" Subject touched Victim#1's genitals. Victim#1 stated the examination did not seem like a normal physical; therefore, he asked other Marines in his section if they had received physicals. The other Marines responded that they had not been given physicals, and Victim fled a restricted report of sexual assault. Marine Victim#2 indicated Subject told him he needed to get shots prior to deploying. Victim#2 stated Subject gave him the shots, checked his ears, eyes, mouth and heart, and then told Victim#2 that he needed to conduct a testicle exam. Victim#2 advised Subject checked his testicles and penis for approximately two to three minutes. Approximately one month later, Subject told Victim#2 he needed another physical and inspected Victim#2's penis and testicles again. Marine Victim#3 indicated that he saw Subject for a physical, during which Subject grabbed both Victim#3's testicles and told him to cough. Victim#3 advised he did not report any pain or concerns about having a hernia, and he had just had a hernia exam. An Administrative Counseling and Warning (Page 13) was issued to Subject for negligence and failure to act in accordance with medical Standards Operating Procedures, specifically that Subject performed procedures outside his scope of authority. The result of these administrative actions will most likely be that Subject will be denied the opportunity to re-enlist in the USN. Command advised Subject has been temporarily reassigned to a different command while he awaits the issuance of new orders, and no further administrative action will be taken by command.	
109	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-2	Male	Q4		Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	False official statements Art. 107		Art 15 Punishment Imposed		False official statements Art. 107		YES	YES									Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated Marine Subject forcibly sodomized him in an unknown barracks room. Victim stated while he was urinating Subject began grabbing his penis and began to kiss his neck. Victim reported Subject then pulled down Victim's pants and attempted to insert his penis in Victim's anus; however, Victim related he blacked out and was unsure if his anus was actually penetrated. Victim reported when he awoke on the perpetrator's bathroom floor, his anus hurt and when he subsequently defecated he observed blood in his stool. Subject received non-judicial punishment for a violation of Article 107 (False official statements). Subject was awarded reduction in rank to E-3, forfeiture of \$1,007.00, (45) days restriction and (45) days extra punitive duties. However, the reduction in rank, restriction and extra duties were suspended for three months.
110A	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-1	Female	Q3		Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES			YES						All Subject's and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated her next memory was awakening to find an Marine Subject#2, Marine Subject #3 and Marine Subject#1 engaging in sexual intercourse with her. Victim stated she was able to push the individuals off of her and, after falling down and becoming disoriented, was able to gather her clothing and depart the hotel room. Subject#2 was awarded a Battalion level NJP for underage consumption of alcohol and was subsequently reduced one pay grade in rank to Private First Class, was fined \$849.00 per month for a period of two months, and assigned extra duties for a period of 45 days.
110B	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-1	Female	Q3		Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 93		Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 93		YES	YES			YES						All Subject's and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated her next memory was awakening to find an Marine Subject#2, Marine Subject #3 and Marine Subject#1 engaging in sexual intercourse with her. Victim stated she was able to push the individuals off of her and, after falling down and becoming disoriented, was able to gather her clothing and depart the hotel room. Subject#3 was awarded a Battalion level NJP for underage consumption of alcohol, and was subsequently reduced one pay grade in rank to Private First Class, fined \$500.00 per month for a period of two months, and assigned 45 days of extra duties.
111	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q3		Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120		Convicted		Rape Art.120	YES	YES	YES	DD						YES	Victim	On-base offense where Marine Victim reported Marine Subject had sexual intercourse with her, without her consent, while she was substantially incapacitated. Subject was subsequently placed into pre-trial confinement. Subject was found guilty at a General Court-Martial for violating UCMJ Article 120(Rape and Aggravated Sexual Assault) on three specifications. Subject was sentenced to 3 years confinement (145 days credit), reduction in rank to E-1, forfeiture of all pay and allowances and dishonorable discharge. Subject is also required to register as a sex offender.	
112	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	OCONUS	US Civilian	Male				Marines	E-3	Female	Q2		Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	Victim	On-base offense involving a Civilian Subject and a Marine Victim. Victim reported that her boyfriend at the time visited her at the hotel aboard Camp Foster where he consummated penile to vaginal penetration against her will. Victim provided that both parties consensually performed oral sex on each other but then Subject pinned her arms to her side and vaginally penetrated her with his penis without her consent. Japanese Authorities declined to open a criminal investigation and US authorities did not have jurisdiction.
113	Art 134: Indecent Assault (PreFY08 only)	CONUS	Unknown	Male				Marines	E-1	Male	Q2		Unknown Subject																	Victim	Off-base incident between an unknown Subject and a Marine Victim. Victim reported that the first assault occurred at an unknown hotel after the Subject took Victim to a bar. Victim advised that he thought he was drugged by the Subject as he could not remember details of the evening but woke up naked and in pain. Victim reported the second assault occurred on the on-board ship in a store/supply room when the Subject bear hugged and pulled the Victim back to an area with boxes where he proceeded with the assault. Victim did not provide details on the last incident. All logical investigative endeavors have been exhausted without determining the identity of the Subject.
114	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Navy	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Male	Q1		Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120		Convicted		Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	BCD									On-base offense where Navy Victim woke and felt Navy Subject put his hand inside Victim's shorts and touched his penis, skin to skin contact. Subject pled guilty at a Special Court Martial to one count of violation of UCMJ Article 120 (Sexual Assault) and was awarded 10 months confinement, forfeiture of all pay and allowances, reduction in grade to E-1 and a Bad Conduct Discharge.
115	Art 120: Rape	Afghanistan	Unknown	Male				Army	E-4	Female	Q1		Unknown Subject																		On-base incident of Rape involving and unknown Subject and an Activated Army reserve Victim while deployed to Afghanistan. Victim related she was walking from the Morale Welfare and Recreation (MWR) center aboard Camp Leatherneck, towards her assigned living quarters and the next thing she recalled was waking up in a room with an unidentified black male on top of her having sexual intercourse with her. Victim related she told the male to stop several times and began to push him off of her then he stopped and asked what was wrong and if she was okay. Victim said she then grabbed her clothes from the floor, dressed and departed. A Subject could not be identified therefore this investigation is closed.
116	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q2		Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120		Convicted		Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	YES		YES	BCD							Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Victim awoke to find Subject in bed with her, withdrawing his penis from her vagina and pulling her pants back up. The Results of Trial documentation revealed Subject pled guilty and was found guilty of a violation of Article 120 (Sexual Assault) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). He received a reduction in rank to E-1, a Bad Conduct Discharge, and fourteen (14) months confinement.	
117	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Marines	E-5	Female	Q4		Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																		On-base incident involving a US Civilian Subject and a Marine Victim. Victim reported that the Subject, who is a Police Officer On-base, forced Victim to have anal intercourse with him following consensual vaginal intercourse. Victim stated she said "No" and "I'll hurt" but that Subject held her in place and afterward said "Relax. Don't worry about it. You will get used to it." The incident allegedly occurred in Victim's bedroom at her on base residence while Subject was on duty. The Special Assistant U.S. Attorney (SAUSA) declined to prosecute this case. Subject was debriefed from base and placed on administrative leave. Due to lack of jurisdiction, this case is closed.
118	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Unknown	Male				Marines	E-3	Female	Q3		Unknown Subject																		On-base incident involving an unknown Subject and a Marine Victim. Victim advised she had been asleep in her barracks room when she was awoken by an unidentified male attempting to place his flaccid penis in her mouth. According to Victim when she attempted to scream or breathe the unidentified male forced his penis in her mouth at which time she bit down on his penis, which made him withdraw his penis from her mouth. According to Victim the unidentified male then attempted to mount and straddle her on her bed while holding her arms down by her side. Victim subsequently raised her knee and reported she struck the unidentified male in his groin area at which time he fled her room. All logical investigative leads have been exhausted without identifying a suspect; therefore, this investigation is closed.

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC

No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime
119	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Discharge or Resignation in Lieu of Court Martial					YES										Off-base offense where Civilian Victim advised Marine Subject crawled into the master bed with her and tried to coerce her into having sexual intercourse with him. Victim alleges she declined Subject's advances to have intercourse, but Subject then pinned her knees down to the mattress with his knees, pulled her shorts down, and briefly penetrated her vagina with his penis. Subject had accepted separation in lieu of trial by General Court-Martial. Subject was administrative reduced from Corporal (E-4) to Lance Corporal (E-3) and given a re-enlistment code of "RE-4".
120	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	W-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Acquitted															Off-base offense where Civilian Victim a grieving widow alleged Marine Subject raped her while she was incapacitated due to alcohol consumption the evening of the funeral. Victim stated due to her incapacitation she didn't have the ability to consent to sex. This matter was referred for trial by General Court-Martial. Subject was found not guilty on all charges.
121	Art 120: Rape	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male				Foreign National	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ													Uncharacterized				Off-base incident between a Marine Subject and a Foreign National Civilian Victim. Subject was arrested by foreign authorities for assaulting Victim by grabbing her hair and forcing her to perform oral sex on Subject. The offense occurred on a sidewalk in Naha City, Okinawa, Japan. Subject was found guilty by a Japanese jury for the charge of Bodily Injury Resulting from Indecency through Compulsion of the Japanese Penal Code and was sentenced to 4 years in a Japanese prison. Per the Status Of Forces Agreement, Subject will remain enlisted in the USMC while in Japanese custody, and upon the release of Subject he will be discharged from the USMC.
122	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES	YES	BCD									Off-base offense where Marine Victim reported the alleged rape occurred during a party at Marine Subject's off-base residence. Subject appeared before a Special Court Martial. Subject was found guilty of violating one specification of Article 134 (Adultery) of the UCMJ, and all other charges were withdrawn. Subject was found guilty of violating one specification of Article 92 (Failure to Obey Order/Regulation) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). Subject was awarded confinement for 113 days (time served), reprimand, forfeiture of pay for 12 months, reduction to the pay grade of E-1, and a Bad Conduct Discharge from the United States Marine Corps.
123	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Acquitted															On-base offense where Marine Victim reported she was in Navy Subject's assigned barracks room and was vaginally and anally raped/sodomized by Subject. An Article 32 was held at MCAS Yuma, AZ, and the investigating officer (IO) recommended a General Courts Martial (GCM) in reference to charges of sexual assault. Subject was the subject of a General Court Martial. Subject was found not guilty on all charges.
124	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Both Victim and Subject	On-base incident involving alcohol between an unknown Subject and Marine Victim. Victim stated she was outside the barracks, talking on her cellular telephone, when the Subject approached and wanted to talk. After Victim and the Subject began talking, the Subject placed one of his hands under her shirt and touched one of Victim's breasts over her sports bra. Additionally, the male used his other hand to touch Victim's vagina over her jeans. Victim pushed the Subject away saying, "What the fuck?!" The male then walked away. The Commanding Officer informed the Reporting Agent the command could not pursue judicial or administrative action against the unidentified Subject.
125	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed	Charge(s) were dismissed since Victim no longer wants to pursue criminal charges against Subject.													Subject	On base offense where involving alcohol where Marine Victim reported she had been sexually assaulted by Marine Subject in his barracks room. Victim stated she spent the night in Subject's room after hanging out with friends. Victim stated she woke up several times throughout the night and Subject was kissing her and touching her all over. Victim stated when she woke up again, Subject was kissing her and digitally penetrating her vagina. Acting Commander dropped all charges against Subject. Acting Commander stated that he has decided to take no action against Subject since Victim no longer wants to pursue criminal charges against Subject.
126	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base incident involving alcohol between a US Civilian Subject and a Marine Victim. Victim reported she went to a residence in Baltimore, MD for the weekend with friends. Victim had laid down on the living room sofa to sleep when Subject walked in, pulled her pants off, vaginally penetrated her with his penis and performed oral sexual intercourse on her. Victim told Subject "no" and "stop" several times but never attempted to physically stop Subject. Victim eventually pushed Subject off of her and ran to a friend's room for help. Victim then immediately reported to the hospital where local authorities were contacted. Local authorities ultimately declined to charge Subject, citing absence evidence of incapacitation or resistance by Victim. Due to lack of jurisdiction, closure of local authorities' case, and the lack of cooperation of Victim, this investigation is closed.
127	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	W-1	Male			Marines	O-1	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Other Sexual Misconduct Art. 120c		YES							Other			Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Subject placed both hands on Marine Victim hips and pulled her toward him and kissed her for approximately five seconds. Subject accepted a pretrial agreement and pleaded guilty to indecent exposure, sexual harassment and disorderly conduct. He was sentenced to receive a punitive letter and forfeiture of 1/2 months pay for one month, suspended.
128	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male	YES			US Civilian	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	DD								Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense where Civilian Victim alleged that she was intoxicated and she passed out on her bed with Marine Subject in the room, only to awaken a short time later with Subject raping her. Subject pleaded guilty to one violation of UCMJ Article 120, Specification 2: Abusive Sexual Contact, based upon allegations made against him by Victim. A Military Judge sentenced Subject to 65 months confinement, a Dishonorable Discharge, reduction in rank to E-1, and a \$50,000.00 fine. The plea agreement will limit Subject's confinement to 48 months.
129	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-2	Male	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92			YES	YES	YES		YES		YES				Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense where Marine Victim stated that Marine Subject came to his barracks room in an intoxicated state and began allegedly hazing him by forcing him to do things such as say nonsensical phrases, perform pushups, and step into his wall locker. At some point during the alleged hazing, Victim claimed Subject ordered him to touch his penis. Victim said he felt obligated to comply with the order because Subject is higher ranking, and consequently placed his hand on Subject's crotch over his clothing. Command found Subject to be in violation of Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation) of the UCMJ and given a Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP). Subject was reduced in rank to E-2, ordered to forfeit \$635.00 per month for two (2) months for a total of \$1,670, and put on restriction and extra duty for forty-five (45) days.
130	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Adultery Art. 134-2		YES										Victim	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Subject gave Civilian Victim(Dependent Wife) a massage, took her clothes off, fondled her breasts and then raped her. LSST-E advised Subject was found guilty at a summary court martial for a violation of Article 134 of the UCMJ for adultery. Subject was sentenced to: 1) a forfeiture of 1/3 pay (\$507.00) per month for one month, and 2) to be restricted to the limits of place of mess, duty, billet, and worship and the most direct route to and from without suspension from duty for a period of 60 days. However, regarding the latter penalty, Subject was credited with time served as a result of him serving 71 days in pretrial restriction.
131	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-9	Male			Marines	E-5	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													Other				On-base offense where Marine Victim reported that Marine Subject kissed and licked Victim on the neck. Victim pulled away from Subject and as she did, Subject ran his hands down the center of her back and her hips. As she attempted to enter the driver's side of her vehicle, Subject came up from behind her and placed his hand between Victim's legs on her upper, inner left thigh and slid his palm upward cupping her crotch with his palm. Command issued a memorandum stating Subject will receive administrative counseling for his behavior at the command event.
132	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Female			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													Other			Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim reported while standing in formation one evening Marine Subject reached down the front of Victim's shirt and placed her hand into Victim's cleavage. The initial disposition of sexual assault allegation in the case of Subject was received from the Legal Assistant.. A review of the report revealed Subject was counseled for an alcohol related incident.

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC																Punishments										Administrative Actions							
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime				
133	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Female			Marines	E-4	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120	YES		YES								YES		On-base offense where Marine Subject pinned Marine Victim to a wall, where he proceeded to put his hand underneath her outer shirt and felt her breast. Victim stated the Subject began to kiss her prior to her pushing him off of her. Subject was placed in pre-trial confinement in the brig. Subject was found guilty at the GCM of one violation of Article 120 as well as two violations of Article 107 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice. Subject was sentenced to 12 months of confinement with credit for 192 days of time served, reduction in rank to E-1, as well as Sexual Offender Notification as required per 42 U.S.C. Section 14071.				
134	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Adultery Art. 134-2	Convicted		Adultery Art. 134-2	YES	YES	YES										Off-base offense where Marine Subject entered her room, dead bolted the door, and slammed Marine Victim into the wall. Victim stated she struck Subject in the hip/groin area and verbally objected to the assault. Victim advised Subject performed oral sex on her as well as vaginally penetrated her with his penis. Subject was found guilty of violating UCMJ Article 134 (Adultery), UCMJ Article 80 (Attempts), and UCMJ Article 125 (Sodomy, lesser included offense: consensual sodomy). Subject received a reduction in rate to E-4, 30 days confinement, and forfeiture of \$1201.00 per month for three months.				
135	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Navy	E-1	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Action	Art 120: Sexual Assault												Other			Subject	Unknown location involving alcohol where Navy Victim reported Marine Subject digitally penetrated her against her will for less than one (1) minute and it was extremely painful. Executive Officer, advised Subject was administratively counseled regarding the allegation of sexual assault and the command was going to take no further action.				
136A	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	On-base abusive sexual contact offense between a civilian Subject and Marine Victim within the Victim's barracks room. Victim stated she was followed into her room by Subject who pinned Victim to the bed and forcibly kissed her lips, then placed his hand under her shirt and bra grabbing her left breast with an open hand. Victim related she was able to talk the Subject into leaving without further incident. Civilian prosecutorial authorities declined prosecution of this investigation.				
136B	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	On-base abusive sexual contact offense between a civilian Subject and Marine Victim within the Victim's barracks room. Victim stated she was followed into her room by Subject who pinned Victim to the bed and forcibly kissed her lips, then placed his hand under her shirt and bra grabbing her left breast with an open hand. Victim related she was able to talk the Subject into leaving without further incident. Civilian prosecutorial authorities declined prosecution of this investigation.				
137	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	O-2	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Discharge or Resignation in Lieu of Court Martial												UOHC	Subject	On-base offense where Civilian Victim, a dependant spouse, reported Marine Subject placed his hand up her shirt and touched her breasts against her will, and exposed his penis. Subject pled guilty to one count of violation of Article 120 (abusive sexual contact) and one count of violation of Article 133 (conduct unbecoming an Officer and Gentleman) of UCMJ. Subject submitted a Letter of Resignation and will be released from the USMC with an Other than Honorable Discharge.					
138	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Marines	E-4	Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol, between a Marine Victim and her Civilian former boyfriend (who parent one child together) which occurred at Victim's residence celebrating the Subject's birthday. Victim reportedly told Subject she was leaving the party to go to bed but later, the Subject entered her bedroom, held Victim down by her arms, forced her legs open, and vaginally penetrated her with his penis. Victim decline to participate in any criminal investigation and signed a Victim's Preference Statement. Civilian prosecutorial authorities in Charleston, SC declined to prosecute.					
139	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	O-3	Male			Marines	O-3	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES							LOR				Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marines Victim was awakened to kisses on her back and her bra being unstrapped. Marine Subject was found guilty of violation of Article 92, Violation of a Lawful General Regulation (Fraternalization) at an NJP. NJP was imposed on Subject resulting in a Punitive Letter of Reprimand and forfeiture of \$800.00 per month for two months. All forfeitures were suspended for a period of six months.				
140	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			US Civilian	Multiple Victims - Female		Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES		YES								All Subjects and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol wherein Civilian Victim claimed Marine Subject pulled her shirt down, and grabbed her breast. Victim additionally claimed Subject pushed her underwear to the side, and touched the outside of her vagina. Subject pled GUILTY at General Court-Martial to One (1) specification of Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation) and One (1) specifications of Article 120c (Other sexual misconduct) of the UCMJ. As a result, Subject was sentenced to reduction to the rank of PVT (E-1) and 6 months of confinement.					
141	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			US Civilian	Multiple Victims - Female		Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES	YES	YES						All Subjects and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim#1 said Marine Subject touched her buttocks with his hand outside her leggings and squeezed for several seconds while making comments in her ear asking when her husband was going to sleep. After she and her husband went to bed, Victim#1 said Subject climbed into their bed and placed his hand on her genital area outside her leggings and rubbed the area. Victim#1 said she appealed to her husband for help, but he was too intoxicated and responded only verbally, telling Subject to leave. Subject made the same contact with the buttocks and genitals of Victim#2 over her shorts. Commanding Officer, 26th Marine Expeditionary Unit, awarded Subject nonjudicial punishment for violation of Articles 128 (Assault) and 134 (Drunk and disorderly), of the Uniform Code of Military Justice. As a result, Subject received reduction in grade to E-1, forfeiture of \$1,516 in pay, restriction for (45) days, and extra duties for (45) days.					
142	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male	YES		Marines	E-3	Male	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	Convicted		Wrongful Sexual Contact (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	YES	YES		DD						YES		On-base offense of a re-opened cases where Marine Subject pulled Marine Victim's pants down while he was sleeping, exposing Victim's genitals. Subject then positioned himself over Victim and pressed his exposed genitalia against Victim's exposed genitalia. On 09Sep13, Subject was found guilty at a GCM of violations of Articles 120 (Touching the Genitalia of an Individual Who Was Substantially Incapacitated and Indecent Exposure), 134 (Drunk and Disorderly Behavior), 92 (Failure to Obey a Lawful Order), and 112(a) (Wrongful Use of Methyleneiodomethamphetamine). Subject was sentenced to incarceration for a period of five and a half (5 1/2) years, Dishonorable Discharge, forfeit of all pay and allowances, and required to be a registered sex offender. Due to a pretrial agreement, all confinement in excess of time served was disapproved.					
143	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Marines	E-5	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	On-base offense of a re-opened case where the Marine Victim advised she was sleeping in her hotel room when Civilian Subject came in and vaginally and anally raped her. Assistant United States Attorney (AUSA) declined to pursue criminal charges against Subject due to lack of evidence.				
144	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-5	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Dismissed															Off-base offense of a re-opened case where Marine Victim reported she took prescribed pain medication, asked Marine Subject to leave and subsequently went to sleep. Victim related she had a dream or memory of Subject having sex with her. Local law enforcement assumed primary investigative jurisdiction and conducted an investigation; however, the case was ultimately closed as being unreported. Victim reported she remembered additional details regarding her alleged rape. Victim reported she passed out and later woke up to Subject having sex with her before passing out again. An Article 32 Hearing was conducted wherein all charges and specifications were dismissed.				
145	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	OCONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	E-3	Male	Q2	Unknown Subject																	On-base offense where a Marine Victim reported an unidentified male Marine entered Victim's barracks room, restrained him and forcefully inserted two to three fingers in Victim's rectum. After about 30 seconds the male Marine inserted his penis into Victim's rectum. Due to Victim not being able to identify Subject in a photographic lineup the investigation was closed.				
146	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Administrative Discharge														UOHC	Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim stated while transporting Marine Subject in her taxi he groped her breast and shoved his hand down her pants. Subject was administratively separated from the Marine Corps for Other Than Honorable conditions, relative to drug-related misconduct.					

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC															Punishments										Administrative Actions					
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art. 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
147	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92												Other				On-base offense where the Marine Victim reported Marine Subject touched her breast and vaginal area on the outside of her clothing without her consent. Victim alleged Subject exposed his penis to her while she was with him alone in his barracks room. Trial Counsel advised Command has taken administrative action against Subject. Subject was counseled for "Conduct reflecting poor judgment" and "Fall short of what is expected of him as a United States Marine."	
148	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-5	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Assault Art. 128	Convicted		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES										Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim reported she woke up to Marine Subject laying next to her and touching her. Victim related she was not wearing pants or underwear. Jacksonville Police Department (JPD), Jacksonville, NC, assumed investigative jurisdiction. JPD related Victim indicated she did not wish to pursue the investigation any further. JPD closed their investigation. Contact was made with the Victim, who related she wished to pursue this investigation further and stated she would be willing to work with NCIS, due to JPD closing their investigation. Subject was found guilty at a Summary Court Martial for violations of Article 128(Assault), Uniform Code of Military Justice. Subject was awarded a reduction in grade and forfeiture of two thirds pay for one month.
149	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ													UOHC			Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense where involving alcohol where witnesses advised Kentucky State Trooper they opened the door of Marine Subject's vehicle and saw Subject in the act of having sexual intercourse with the Civilian Victim (juvenile female), who appeared to be incoherent. Subject was placed under arrest and placed in the Shelby County Detention Center (SCDC) where he was awaiting his arraignment. Subject was administratively separated from the Marine Corps for Commission of a Serious Offense with an Other than Honorable characterization of service.	
150	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES								Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim and Marine Subject removed their clothing and began to kiss. Victim advised she told Subject to "stop" once he attempted to touch her genitals. Subject placed his penis in Victim's vagina and began to have sexual intercourse with her. Subject pled guilty at a Summary Court-Martial to two violations of Article 92 (Disobeying a lawful order). Subject was sentence to reduction in rank to E-1, forfeiture of 2/3 months pay and 60 days restriction.
151	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-1	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Fraternization Art. 134-23	Convicted		Fraternization Art. 134-23														Off-base offense where Marine Victim reported being sexually assaulted by USMC Subject while she was a member of the Delayed Entry Program. Command declined pursuing charges against Subject for an Article 120 violation. Trial counsel proceeded with a Special Court Martial on fraternization and adultery charges unrelated to the victim in this case.
152	Art 120: Rape	OCONUS	US Civilian		Male			Marines	E-5	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim stated Marine Retired Subject pushed her down on her stomach from behind, pulled her pants and panties down around her ankles and raped her inserting his penis in her vagina. Regional Trial Counsel, USSS, MCB Camp Foster, Okinawa, Japan, provided a copy of Victim's Victim Preference Letter, wherein she supports the Command's decision not to pursue punitive actions due to the lack of evidence and the fact that the crime happened nearly five years ago.	
153	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													Other			Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Subject grabbed Civilian Victim by the arm, pulled her face up to his, and inserted his tongue in her mouth in an attempt to kiss her. Subject received counseling regarding his lack of judgement pertaining to the events that took place.	
154	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													Other			Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where PMO reportedly observed Marine Victim laying on a bed at a hotel and Marine Subject was straddled on top of her rubbing her chest over her clothing. Commanding Officer related command would not pursue criminal charges against Subject. Subject was formally counseled for an alcohol related incident.	
155	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Both Victim and Subject	Off base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim met a the unknown male Subject at a bar who claimed to be a Sergeant in the Marine Corps. The next memory Victim had was waking up in the Unknown USMC Subject's residence. The Unknown Subject solicited her for sex and when she refused the Unknown Subject punched the Victim in her face and knocked her unconscious. Victim related she was unsure what exactly took place. All investigative action have been completed without identifying a logical suspect.	
156	Art 120: Rape	OCONUS	Unknown	Unknown				Marines	E-4	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																		OCONUS unknown location where the Commanding Officer reported Victim had been the victim of rape while stationed in Okinawa, Japan. Victim reported she would not participate in the prosecution of the Subject. Victim signed a Victim Preference Letter (VPL) at the Joint Law Center (JLC) aboard MCAS Cherry Point, NC. Based on the lack of investigative leads, there was no Subject identified.
157	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Unknown	Male				Marines	E-4	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																		Off -base offense where the Marine Victim alleged the assailant used a knife to cut her underwear and tank top and while on her stomach she felt what she believe to be an erect penis penetrate her anus. Victim advised then the assailant penetrated her vagina with his penis. San Bernardino County Sheriff Department(SCSD)has not developed any viable suspect and no positive hit was made for the Combined DNA Index System(CODIS), the investigation is being placed in an inactive status.
158	Aggravated Sexual Assault (FY08 to FY12) Art. 120	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Marines	E-3	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																		On-base offense where the Marine Victim related she was assaulted sometime in December 2011 but Victim refused to provide any further details as she claimed the alleged offender was already out of the military. Victim indicated she did not want to provide further details or to participate in an investigation. Victim signed a VPS declining to participate in an investigation.No Civilian Subject was identified.
159	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	DD						YES				On-base offense where the Marine Victim was given a ride back to her command barracks as she had consumed an excessive amount of alcohol and could not drive. Victim slept in the duty hut until she was sober enough to drive home. Victim's next memory was of someone grabbing her buttocks as she was sleeping. Then she felt a hand go down the front of her pants before digitally penetrating her vagina. Marine Subject pled guilty and was found guilty of Article 120 (Sexual Assault), of the UCMJ at a GCM. Subject was sentenced to 15 years confinement, received a Dishonorable Discharge, was reduced to E-1 and received a total forfeiture of all pay and allowances. Furthermore, Subject must register as a sex offender.
160	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES		YES									On-base offense where the Marine Subject inappropriately slapped Marine Victim on her buttocks on two separate occasions. Subject received Non-Judicial Punishment(NJP) and was found guilty of Article 128 (Assault) UCMJ and was awarded reduction to E-3 (suspended for 6 months), 1/2 month pay for 1 month and 60 days restriction (suspended for 6 months).
161	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES		YES	BCD	YES	YES								On-base offense where Marine Victim#1 reported Marine Subject indecently touched her buttocks (under her clothing) and vaginal area (above her clothing), made numerous inappropriate sexual remarks to her and indecently exposed his penis to her. Marine/Victim #2 stated Subject has made indecent sexual comments to her as well. Command has reported that other command members has come forward and reported Subject has indecently exposed himself to them. Subject pled guilty at a Special Court-Martial to nine specifications of violating Article 92 of the UCMJ relative to sexual harassment; one specification of violating Article 120(a) UCMJ, relative to indecent exposure; and four specifications of violating Article 128, UCMJ, relative to assault. Subject was sentenced to (120) days confinement, (60) days hard labor, (60) days restriction, reduction in grade to E-1, and Bad Conduct Discharge. Subject is not required to register as a sex offender.
162	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-1	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Administrative Discharge													General			Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Subject reportedly approached Marine Victim from behind and struck her twice on the left side of her buttocks with his hand. Commanding Officer concluded that only non-punitive administrative actions would be taken against Subject. Subject is being administratively separated from the US Marine Corps with a General Discharge.	

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC

No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime				
163	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES								Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Subject would pull Marine Victim#1 and Marine Victim#2 into his barracks room, where he hugged, kissed, and put his head on their chest on several occasions. Subject received non-judicial punishment. He was found guilty of violating UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to Obey and Order/Regulation) for sexual harassment and was reduced in rank to Lance Corporal. Subject was also ordered to forfeit \$989 in pay and to serve 45 days restriction. The forfeiture and restriction were suspended for three months.			
164	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male	YES		Marines	E-3	Male	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES		YES										On-base offense where the Marine Victim alleges Marine Subject struck him in his genitals on three separate occasions. Subject received Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) and was found guilty of Article 128(Assault) UCMJ. Subject was sentenced to reduction in rank to L CPL, forfeiture of \$990.00 in pay for one month, and restriction for fourteen days.		
165	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-1	Female	Q2	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Dismissed followed by Art 15 Punishment		Disorderly conduct Art. 134-13					YES										On-base offense where Marine Subject indecently touched the vaginal area of Marine Victim and then digitally penetrated Victim's vagina. After an Article 32 hearing, Subject received a Non Judicial Punishment. Subject was awarded 60 days restriction to the limits of the base, for violating UCMJ Article 134 (Disorderly Conduct).		
166	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	W-2	Female			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																	Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian Victim reported to Yuma Police Department that Marine Subject sexually assaulted her by placing approximately two fingers in her vagina while the Victim was attempting to sleep on the couch. YCAO declined to prosecute Subject citing insufficient evidence and the fact that Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement, the allegations against Subject were unsubstantiated.			
167	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES							UOTHC						On-base offense where the Civilian Victim and a co-worker, were making preparations for closing the library, when she discovered Marine Subject following two or three feet behind her. Victim then quickly walked away and continued her routine when Subject walked beside her and placed his hand on Victim's buttocks over her clothing. Subject was found NOT-GUILTY of Article 120 (Sexual Assault) of the UCMJ, however was found GUILTY of Article 128 (Assault) of the UCMJ. As a result, Subject was sentenced to reduction to the rank of Pvt, forfeiture of 233 pay for one month (\$1010.00), 60 day restriction, and promotion restriction for 6 months. Consequently, Subject was separated from the U.S. Marine Corps with an other than honorable discharge.	
168	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-5	Male	Q1	Unknown Subject																				Unknown location where the Marine Victim alleged he was sexual assaulted in February 2009 and again in August 2011 by an unknown male Subject. Victim expressed his desire to not participate in an investigation. Victim did not want to provide any details pertaining to the alleged sexual assault, to include the location, time, date, or the name of the person(s) who assaulted him. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement. Command concurred with closing the investigation due to Victim's lack of cooperation, lack of prosecutive merit and no Subject was identified.	
169	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	US Civilian	Male				Marines	E-3	Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim reported she was raped by Civilian Subject at his residence in Lawrence, KS. Victim recalled Subject taking her clothes off, putting her on his bed and putting his penis inside her vagina. This case was referred to Lawrence Kansas Police Department has investigative and prosecutorial jurisdictions of this case.			
170	Art 80: Attempts to Commit Offenses	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-1	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																					On-base offense where the Marine Victim was returning from her restricted check-in and was subsequently assaulted near the woods behind the Field House by an unknown white male Subject. The Subject attempted to grab her BDU blouse which caused it to rip and pushed Victim down into a mud puddle. This investigation is closed due to no viable suspects being developed.
171	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Multiple Victims - Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	YES		YES	BCD									All Subject's and Victims	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian Victim#1 and Civilian Victim#2 reported Marine Subject attempted to kiss, touch their buttocks, vagina, and breasts over her clothing. Subject pled GUILTY at Special Court-Martial to One (1) specification of Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) and seven (7) specifications of Article 128 (Assault & Battery) of the UCMJ. As a result, Subject was sentenced to reduction to the rank of Pvt (E-1) and 12 months of confinement (6 months suspended by the pre-trial). Consequently, Subject was separated from the U.S. Marine Corps with a Bad Conduct Discharge.			
172	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES				YES										On-base offense where Civilian Victim related she walked into the duty hut, and Marine Subject walked in behind her, closed the door, and forced her against the wall behind the door. Victim related while Subject was holding her against the wall with his left forearm he began to fondle her left breast with his right hand, before he fondled her vagina under her panties. Subject was awarded NJP for violations of Article 92 (Dereliction in performance of duties) and Article 111 (Drunken or reckless operation of a vehicle) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice. The Article 111 violation is for speeding in excess of the posted speed limit on base and is not related to this investigation. Subject was reduced in rank by one paygrade, fined a total of \$1,695.00, and ordered to 45 days of additional duties.
173	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Rape Art.120	Convicted		Rape Art.120	YES			DD										Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian Victim retired alone for the evening in an adjoining barracks room and awoke to the pounding on room doors and discovered Marine Subject on top of her with his penis in her vagina. Subject was found GUILTY of violations of the United States Uniform Code of Military Justice, Articles 107 (False Official Statements), 120 (Rape) and 134 (Prejudice of Good Order and Discipline in the Armed Forces). Subject sentenced to eight years confinement and dishonorably discharged from military service.		
174	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	E-4	Male	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES									Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense where the Victim stated that while taking a unit photograph, Subject squeezed his buttocks. Victim also claimed that, later in the evening, at a bar outside of the Officers Club, Subject ran his hand up Victim's leg, squeezed his genitals. Subject was tried by Summary Court-Martial. Subject pled guilty to violations of Article 128 (Assault & Battery) of the UCMJ and two charges of violating UCMJ Article 128. Subject was reduced in rank to Corporal, ordered to forfeit \$1536.00 in pay for one month, and restricted for 60 days.		
175	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Administrative Discharge	Aggravated Sexual Contact Art. 120													Uncharacterized						Unknown location where the Civilian Victim stated she was the victim of multiple instances of unwanted sexual contact from Marine Subject. Victim reported Subject would hug, kiss and touch her buttocks and breasts without her permission, and twice pinned her down in an attempt to kiss and touch her. Subject's disposition letter depicted criminal charges would not be preferred against Subject in lieu of an administrative separation.	
176	Art 120: Sexual Assault	OCONUS		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-2	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																		Victim	On-base offense where the Marine Victim reported she had become intoxicated and blacked out and subsequently awoke in an unknown barracks room on Kadena AB wearing only a pair of boxer shorts that did not belong to her. Due to Victim's lack of cooperation with this investigation, fruitless efforts to identify a subject, and an inability to corroborate Victim's allegations, this investigation is closed.		
177	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Male	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92			YES													On-base offense where Marine Subject ordered Marine Victim#1 to clasp the clothed genitalia of Marine Victim#2 and further ordered Victim#1 to walk to the front of the squad bay, while clasp the clothed genitalia of Victim#2 until dismissed approximately five minutes later by Subject. Subject was the subject of Non Judicial Punishment (NJP) for Article 92, UCMJ and Article 83, UCMJ in which Subject was awarded reduction to the rank of Cpl(E-4), and six months suspension in which all punishment were suspended unless sooner vacated.	
178	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions																	Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian Victim reported waking up the following morning in an upstairs bedroom, but not remembering how or when she walked upstairs. Marine Subject advised Victim wanted to have sex, but Subject stopped her. Subject was counseled and awarded a non-punitive letter of caution.			
179	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																				Off-base offense where Civilian Victim reported she was raped by her ex-boyfriend (Marine Subject) while sitting in Subject's vehicle at the Oceanside Harbor boat launch ramp in Oceanside, CA. Oceanside Police Department (OPD) reported due to lack of evidence OPD closed their investigation.	

Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC														Punishments										Administrative Actions					Narrative of the Crime				
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use					
180	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS		Unknown	Female			Marines	E-5	Male	Q1	Unknown Subject																		Victim	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim alleged he blacked out and awoke to an unidentified female Subject having sexual intercourse on top of him without her consent. Due to the fact this alleged incident occurred in the proprietary jurisdiction of an unknown local law enforcement agency, unknown Subject and Victim does not desire to participate in a criminal investigation, this case is closed. No Subject was identified.		
181	Art 120: Rape	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q1	Unknown Subject																				Off-base offenses where the Marine Victim reported she had possibly been drugged, sexually assaulted and/or raped by an unknown male Subject while on leave. Victim stated she did not want Law Enforcement involved with this incident and signed a Victim Preference Statement. No Subject was identified in this investigation.	
182	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ							YES								UOTHC				Off-base offense where the Marine Subject threw Civilian Victim down on the bed and started raping her. Victim stated she was raped orally first then vaginally. Command provided a copy of the administrative separation letter discharging Subject with an Under Other than Honorable condition, discharged by reasons of Misconduct due to Commission of a Serious Offense, and administratively reducing Subject to Lance Corporal. Carteret County Sheriff's Office (CCSO) retains primary jurisdiction for this investigation.		
183	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS		US Civilian	Male	YES		Marines	E-6	Male	Q2	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																			Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim related he regained consciousness and found Civilian Subject performing oral sex on him. Victim related he then passed out again and awakened the next morning completely nude and in Subject's room. This investigation was declined prosecution due to lack of evidence. RA advised the Assistant District Attorney for Maryland declined to prosecute this case.	
184	Art 120: Sexual Assault	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92				YES											Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian/Victim recalled events which she initially believed to be a dream. Victim described Marine Subject mounted and straddled her, and then digitally penetrated her with at least one (1) of his fingers. Subject then picked her up, placed her on top of him, and engaged in sexual intercourse with her. Trial Counsel advised Subject pled GUILTY at a Special Court Martial to violations of Article 92 (Violation of a Lawful General Order) and Article 134 (Attempted Adultery). Subject received a reduction in grade from E-4 to E-3.	
185	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92										UOTHC					Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian Victim advised she awoke sometime later to Marine Subject on top of her having sex with her. Command advised Subject has been declared a deserter. Legal Services Support Team Echo, MOS CPC, advised the results of the Article 32 recommended no charges be pursued against Subject for sexual assault. Commanding Officer disposition letter revealed the pursuit of an administrative separation (UOTHC) for violations of Article 86, Unauthorized Absence, Article 92, Failure to Obey and Order or Regulation, and Article 134, Adultery.	
186	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-5	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																				Off-base offense where the Marine Victim stated Marine Subject aggressively grabbed her breasts, buttocks and attempted to take off her clothes. San Diego Police Department, responded and assumed primary investigative jurisdiction. Commanding Officer (CO), cited his decision not to take disciplinary action against Subject due to unsubstantiated allegations.	
187	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Female			US Civilian		Female	Q1	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																			Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Crestview Police Department(CPD) reported Marine Subject is a suspect in a CPD controlled rape investigation, wherein Subject and another unidentified male suspect allegedly raped Civilian Victim in a hotel room in Crestview, FL. Command advised Subject was scheduled to retire from the USMC. In consideration of Subject's pending retirement and the alleged offense having occurred in Florida, Command declined to place Subject on a legal hold or seek potential judicial or administrative action against Subject.	
188	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	Convicted		Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	YES	YES	YES	YES												On-base offense where the Marine Victim stated while sleeping, she was awakened by Marine Subject touching her thigh, at which time she told him to leave. Subject was found GUILTY at a Summary Court-Martial for violations of two specifications of Articles 120 (sexual assault) and Article 120c (other sexual contact), Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). Subject was awarded reduction to the pay grade of E-1/PVT, five days confinement, 90 days restriction, and forfeiture of 1/2 pay for one month.	
189	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Subject Deceased or Deserted																				On-base offense where Marine Victim advised Marine Subject attempted to unfasten her bra and remove her underwear, but she shook her head and said "No" three times. Subject then began rubbing his crotch against Victim's crotch, in a motion she referred to as "dry-humping." Victim stated Subject rolled over again, pinning Victim underneath him, where he continued the "dry-humping" motion. Subject was discovered hanging from a ligature in the woods. Subject was pronounced deceased.	
190	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q2	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions	General Article Offense Art. 134													Other						Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim reported Marine Subject hugged her from behind, and while doing so, grabbed and massaged her breasts. Subject received a formal counseling (6105), for violating Article 134 (General Article), UCMJ. Subject was recommended to participate in alcohol abuse counseling. No other judicial or administrative action will be taken against Subject.
191	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions														Other					All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Navy Victim related that when he woke up the next morning, Navy Subject#2 and Marine Subject#3 both showed him a series of separate photographs depicting Marine Subject#1 putting his "balls" in his mouth and moving his genital back and forth in a thrusting motion. Subject#1 was formally counseled for their actions against Victim.	
192A	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Navy	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES										All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Navy Victim related that when he woke up the next morning, Navy Subject#2 and Marine Subject#3 both showed him a series of separate photographs depicting Marine Subject#1 putting his "balls" in his mouth and moving his genital back and forth in a thrusting motion. Subject#2 appeared for a Captain's Mast for violation of Article 92 (Failure to obey order or regulation) of UCMJ. Subject was awarded 60 days restriction to base, forfeiture of one half month's pay for two (2) months, and reduction in rank from AO3 (E-4) to ASN (E-3).	
192B	Art 120: Wrongful Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Navy	E-3	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions														Other					All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Navy Victim related that when he woke up the next morning, Navy Subject#2 and Marine Subject#3 both showed him a series of separate photographs depicting Marine Subject#1 putting his "balls" in his mouth and moving his genital back and forth in a thrusting motion. Subject#3 was formally counseled for their actions against Victim.	
193	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	Afghanistan	Foreign National		Male			Marines	E-7	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																				On-base offense where Marine Victim related she shook Foreign National Civilian Subject's hand at which time he pulled her into the bunker towards him. Victim further related the individual kissed her approximately three times on the neck. Victim was provided with a photographic lineup; however, she was unable to identify the individual who kissed her. All investigative activity has been completed; therefore, this investigation is closed as unresolved.	
194	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-7	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Indecent Acts Art. 120	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Indecent Acts Art. 120									LOR	Uncharacterized					Subject	Unknown location offense in which the Marine Subject became intoxicated at a wedding and grabbed Civilian Victim's arm, buttocks, and attempted to kiss her. Subject received a Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for sexual harassment resulted in a Letter of Reprimand, issued to Subject. Administrative Separation of Subject from the USMC is anticipated, based primarily on performance issues not reported in this investigation.	
195	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																				Unknown location offense where Marine Victim advised that she was sexually assaulted while attending Marine Corps MOS school at Ft Lee Army Base in Virginia. Victim opted not to provide any details to RA regarding either sexual assault. RA then presented a Victim Preference Statement to Victim who executed the document stating her desire to not participate. Command advised that due to the lack of viable investigative leads and Victim's unwillingness to participate this investigation would be discontinued. No Subject was identified.	
196	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Male	Q2	Unknown Subject																			Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense where a third party reported Marine Victim related to her one night when he and an Unknown Marine Subject had been drinking together. Victim fell asleep and later awoke to Subject performing anal sex on him. Victim stated he could not recall if anything happened and did not recall talking with anyone about it. Victim declined to provide any details regarding the alleged incident. Victim requested to sign a Victim Preference Statement. No Subject was identified.	

Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC															Punishments										Administrative Actions						
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime		
197	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-7	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES							LOR					Off-base offense where Marine Subject led Civilian Victim to the MCGRS located inside the mall. In his office Subject pushed Victim onto his desk and kissed her. Subject received Non Judicial Punishment and was found GUILTY of violation of UCMJ Article 92 (Violation of a Lawful General Order). Subject was awarded forfeiture of \$1900.00 pay per month for two (2) months and a Letter of Reprimand.	
198	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-1	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Victim	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim reportedly awoke to an unidentified unknown male Subject on top of her. Escambia County Sheriff's Office maintains primary jurisdiction. The Florida State Attorney's Office (SAO) declined prosecution due to Victim's lack of cooperation. No Subject was identified.		
199	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES		YES		YES						Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated after she returned from the bathroom Marine Subject "grabbed" her left buttocks. It was determined by the convening authority that the touching of Victim's buttocks was not sexual assault, but simple assault. An Initial Disposition Letter dismissing the sexual assault element in this case. The findings against Subject for Article 128 (simple assault). Subject was given a non-judicial punishment of reduction in rank to PrivateE-1 and a forfeiture of \$758 pay for two months. Subject was also awarded 45 days restriction and 45 days extra duties.	
200	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																Victim	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim was awoken by an unknown Subject laying on top of her in her barracks room. Victim refused to participate in this investigation and would not provide any amplifying details. Victim was explained her victims rights and presented with a Victims Preference Statement (VPS), which Victim signed. Due to lack of participation of Victim, with no additional information available.		
201	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			US Civilian		Multiple Victims - Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																All Subjects and Victims	Off-base offense where involving alcohol Civilian Victim#2 reported while attending a party within Marine Subject's residence she awoke to find Subject attempting to penetrate her vagina with his erect penis. Victim#2 stated, out of fear, she performed oral sex on Subject against her will. Civilian Victim#1 reported Subject forcibly kissed her and attempted to insert his tongue into her mouth. Subject was arrested and placed in the Rowen County Jail, Salisbury, NC under a \$100,000.00 secured bond. Subject has been administratively separated (Under Other than Honorable Conditions) from the U. S. Marine Corps; therefore, no judicial action will be taken by U. S. Government authorities.		
202	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim woke up on several occasions to Marine Subject, groping her breasts, "dry humping her," and attempting to rub her vagina through her clothes. Victim stated she fell asleep again and woke up to Subject touching her vagina with his fingers inside her clothes. Deputy District Attorney, Los Angeles County District Attorney Office has declined prosecution in this investigation citing lack of sufficient evidence.		
203	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																	On-base offense where the Marine Victim awoke briefly and was startled awake after she felt a hand on her breast. Victim was unable to identify her assailant out of line-up. No subject identified in this case.		
204	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES		Other					Unknown location where Marine Victim disclosed she would initially consensually hug Marine Subject, but the hugs escalated with Subject rubbing her back and grabbing her buttocks against her will. Victim relayed Subject has kissed her on her cheek without her consent on numerous occasions. Subject's received a NJP. Subject acknowledges being counseled for violating UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order) with respect to inappropriate text messages to Victim. Additionally, Subject was reduced in rank to E-4, ordered to forfeit \$2304.00 in pay, and ordered to serve 45 days of restriction and 45 days extra duty. The forfeiture, restriction, and 30 days of the extra duty were suspended.	
205	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q2	Subject Deceased or Deserted																	Off-base offense where an inappropriate sexual relationship between Marine Subject and Civilian Victim of the USMC delayed entry program. Victim admitted to having oral sex with Subject and exchanging photos via text messages of each others genitals. Due to the death of Subject, CCSO's investigation has been closed.		
206	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92		YES	YES		YES		YES						On-base offense where Marine Victim indicated as Marine Subject departed her room, he kissed her on the lips. Subject received a Non-Judicial Punishment for violations of UCMJ Article 92 (Failure to Obey an Order or Regulation) and Article 128 (Assault), and was awarded a reduction in rank to E-3, forfeiture of \$2014, restriction for 45 days, and extra duty for 45 days.		
207	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim stated she was raped circa the July12. Civilian Subject's command revealed Subject was a Reservist Marine at the time of the alleged rape and would not have been in a drilling status at that time. Review by the Military Justice Office revealed Subject was not subject to the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) at the time of the alleged offense. The incident occurred within the jurisdiction of the Fort Worth, TX Police Department.		
208	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													Other				Unknown location wherein Marine Victim disclosed that Marine Subject raped her in a vehicle circa Jun-Aug10, while parked in an alley. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement (VPS) electing not to participate with this investigation. Subject received formal counseling for having sexual intercourse with Victim in a vehicle while in public.		
209	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		Assault Art. 128	YES			BCD										On-base offense where Marine Victim related Marine Subject entered the barracks room, pulled the covers off of her, and put his fingers into the waistband of her pants twice, touching her butt. Subject was found not guilty of a violation of Article 120 for the Abusive Sexual Contact of Victim, but was found guilty of a violation of Article 128 (Assault) for touching Victim. Subject was sentenced to eleven (11) months confinement and a BCD.	
210	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Dismissed																On-base offense where Marine Subject then grabbed Marine Victim and threw her onto her bed. He began to kiss her mouth, neck and chest area while groping her breasts under her shirt and putting his hands inside her pants and underwear to touch her vagina. Command decided that charges under Article 120 will no longer be pursued against Subject at this time. The Article 120 charges preferred against Subject was withdrawn and dismissed without prejudice.	
211	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Marines	E-3	Male	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Subject	Unknown location involving alcohol where Marine/Victim related Civilian Subject poked him in the butt repeatedly with his erection while he was making Victim do squats while holding his ankles. Assistant United States Attorney (AUSA), was briefed on this investigation and declined prosecution of Subject due to the lack of sufficient evidence.		
212	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																		On-base offense regarding a third party reported Marine Victim was allegedly sexually assaulted at the U.S. Military Entrance Processing Station (MEPS), Atlanta, GA. Victim stated she did not want to pursue or report the alleged incident. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement indicating she declined to participate in the furtherance of the investigation. No Subject was identified.	
213	Art 120: Sexual Assault	UNKNOWN		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-2	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																		Unknown location where Marine Victim was allegedly sexually assaulted. Victim stated she did not want to pursue or report the alleged incident. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement indicating she declined to participate in the furtherance of the investigation. No Subject was identified.	
214	Art 120: Sexual Assault	UNKNOWN		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-2	Male	Q2	Unknown Subject																		Unknown location where Marine Victim was allegedly sexually assaulted. Victim stated she did not want to pursue or report the alleged incident. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement indicating she declined to participate in the furtherance of the investigation. No Subject was identified.	
215	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-7	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																Victim	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim stated she may have been sexual assaulted by Marine Subject. Carlsbad Police Department (CPD) closed their investigation based on Victim refused prosecution and declined to participate in the investigation.		

Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC															Punishments										Administrative Actions					Narrative of the Crime
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use		
216	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Adultery Art. 134-2	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Adultery Art. 134-2		YES	YES		YES		YES						Off-base offense where Marine Subject laid down behind Civilian Victim, pushed her shorts to the side, and slid his penis between her legs touching her vagina. Victim advised she was able to jump up before Subject could penetrate her vagina with his penis. Subject pleaded guilty at Non-Judicial Punishment for violation of Article 134 (Adultery). Uniform Code of Military Justice. Subject was awarded reduction to E-1, forfeiture of \$949.00 for two months, 45 days restriction and 45 days extra duty.	
217	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			Marines	E-3	Male	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES		YES		YES					Both Victim and Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim reported that Marine Subject grabbed his groin without his consent in Victim's barracks room. Subject was subject to Non-judicial Punishment for violation of Article 128 (Assault), wherein Commanding Officer awarded Subject a reduction in rank to E-4, forfeiture of \$2,402.00, and restriction/extra duties for (45) days. The aforementioned punishment was suspended with the exception of forfeiture of \$1,201.00 and restriction/extra duties for (15) days.	
218	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Victim	On-base offense where Marine Victim disclosed during a visit on to her husband she was sexually assaulted in her barracks. Victim confirmed she does not wish to participate in this investigation. All efforts to learn the true identity of subject and details of the sexual assault allegation have been exhausted. No Subject identified.	
219	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	Unknown	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																	Off-base offense where the Marine Victim disclosed information pertaining to her being sexually assaulted to her non-commissioned officer. Victim did not provide any other details regarding her alleged sexual assault. The identity of the alleged Marine Subject was never disclosed by Victim. Investigative efforts have failed to generate anyone with knowledge of the alleged Subject. All logical leads have been completed.No Subject was identified.	
220	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																	On-base offense where Marine Victim was a victim of an alleged sexual assault. Victim was interviewed and stated she did not want to report a sexual assault. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement. Victim did not provide any information relating to where the alleged crime occurred, time frame, alleged assailant(s), and if alcohol was a contributing factor. No Subject was identified.	
221	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	OCONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			Marines	Multiple Victims	Multiple Victims - Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charges Preferred	Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	Convicted		Failure to obey order or regulation Art. 92	YES	YES											On-base offense where Marine Victim#1 stated Marine Subject touched and held his crotch to her buttocks while she was bending over and attempting to massage her bare foot without her permission. Marine Victim#2 who stated Subject touched her breast without her permission. Subject pleaded guilty to all charges, specifically Violation of a lawful General Order and was sentenced to 30 days confinement and forfeiture of \$1,100 of pay.	
222	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Female			Marines	E-3	Male	Q3	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													Other			Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Subject put her leg over the top of Marine Victim's leg, put her hand on USMC Victim's inner thigh, slid her hand up grabbing Victim crotch, and touching his penis through his clothing. Subject was provided with a Non Punitive Letter of Caution and command decided not to pursue charges against Subject.	
223	Art 125: Non-Consensual Sodomy	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-6	Male	Q3	Unknown Subject																	Off-base offense involving drugs where Marine Victim reported he attended a one night cruise where he recalls penetrating a Unknown male's anus with his penis. Victim did not know the identity of the Unknown man. Attempts to verify any of the information provided by Victim or identify a Subject met with negative results. As all logical leads have been exhausted.	
224	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Administrative Discharge															Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Civilian/Victim stated Marine Subject followed her into the master bedroom where he removed Victim's clothing and raped her. Command advised Subject will be processed for administrative separation from the Marine Corps for Commission of a Serious Offense.		
225	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ															Victim	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim remembered Civilian Subject helping her into an unknown hotel room. Victim reported she blacked out but later recalled lying in bed, feeling as if someone was digitally penetrating her vagina. Investigation efforts determined the incident actually occurred within the jurisdiction of the Craven County Sheriff's Office (CCSO). Victim was contacted and reported she did not want to participate in CCSO's investigation.		
226	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															Victim	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim reported while at a party at Marine Subject's off base residence, Subject reached down her pants and touched her vaginal area. Victim did not report any penetration of her vagina by Subject and no major injuries were sustained. San Diego County Sheriff's Department (SDCSD), reported the San Diego County District Attorney's Office (SDCDAO) declined prosecutive action against Subject based on lack of evidence.		
227	Art 120: Rape	CONUS		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-3	Female	Q2	Unknown Subject																	On-base offense where Marine Victim alleged she was sexually assaulted. Victim declined further cooperation, to include providing any substantive details, and she signed a Victim Preference Statement (VPS). Based upon the VPS execution and Victim's lack of cooperation, to include a reasonable lack of any substantive complaint or logical leads to identify the alleged unknown suspect.	
228	Sexual Assault (After 28 Jun 12) Art. 120	CONUS	Marines	E-6	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q3	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																	Off-base offense where Civilian Victim then advised she had sexual intercourse with Marine Subject while inside of Subject's residence. Civilian Victim inferred that prior to sexual intercourse with Subject, she indicated to Subject "NO" as to communicate that she did not consent to have sexual intercourse with USMC Subject. Mesquite, TX Police Department (MPD) advised during the re-interview of Victim, she admitted to providing a false police report to MPD regarding being sexually assaulted by Subject. As a result of the false allegations of sexual assault against Subject, this investigation is being closed.	
229	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-1	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q4	Sexual Assault Offense: Court-Martial Charge Preferred (Initiated)	Abusive Sexual Contact Art. 120	Convicted		General Article Offense Art. 134		YES									Subject	On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim reported when she passed Marine Subject, he reached out his left hand and grabbed her left breast. A Prenatal Agreement was drafted wherein Subject agreed to plead guilty to Article 128 (Assault) and Article 134 (Drunk and Disorderly) at a Summary Court-Martial. Subject was found not guilty, pertaining to Article 128, guilty of Article 134 (Drunk and Disorderly) and was sentenced to forfeit \$505.00 dollars per month for one month.		
230	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			US Civilian		Male	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where a witness observed Marine Subject performing fellatio on an unconscious Civilian Victim. Prince William County Police Department closed their investigation exceptionally due to the Civilian Victim's refusal to cooperate. Subject's command chose not to take action against USMC Subject.		
231	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-2	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Administrative Discharge													Uncharacterized				On-base offense where the Civilian Victim reported while walking to the mailbox, Marine Subject approached her from behind and grabbed both her breasts. Staff Judge Advocate, advised Command declined to prosecute Subject under Article 120 (Abusive Sexual Contact) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ). Subject is pending administrative separation for misconduct unrelated to this investigation.	
232	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-4	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ															Victim	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Victim stated she had sexual intercourse with Marine Subject after becoming intoxicated. A grand jury in Queen Anne's County, MD ruled there was not sufficient probable cause to charge Subject with the charges (2nd Degree Rape, 4th Degree Sexual Offense, and 3rd Degree Sexual Offense) presented. The State's Attorney's Office for Queen Anne's County also stated that due to the grand jury decision, they would not charge Subject. Subject received Non-Judicial Punishment (NJP) for violations of UCMJ Article 92, 107, and 134 (Providing alcohol to a minor, engaging in a nonprofessional relationship with potential applicant, and making false official statements).		
233	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Female			Marines	E-4	Female	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions												LOC				On-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Victim related Marine Subject entered her room by removing the screen to her window, and climbing into the room. Victim related when she woke Subject was straddling on top of her, kissing "all over" her face, her neck, and tugging on her shirt. Subject received a 6105 counselling entry for her conduct and be required to attend counseling.		
234	Art 120: Rape	CONUS		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-2	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																	Unknown location where Marine Victim disclosed the attempt to harm herself was an emotional response to being raped during the early morning hours.Victim refused to identify the alleged perpetrator or location or time of the alleged offense. Victim declined to participate in an investigation and executed a Victim's Preference Statement. No Subject was identified.	

Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC															Punishments										Administrative Actions					Narrative of the Crime
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use		
235	Art 120: Rape	CONUS		US Civilian	Unknown			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																	Off-base offense where Marine Victim reported while home on emergency leave she was sleeping at her family's residence and a known family friend utilized a key to enter the house and subsequently raped her. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement documenting her desire not to provide additional information. No Subject was identified.	
236	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																	Off-base offense where Marine Victim was a victim of an alleged sexual assault. Victim stated she did not want to pursue or report the alleged incident. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement indicating she declined to participate in the furtherance of the investigation. No Subject was identified.	
237	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Civilian Subject cut Marine Victim off by walking in front of her, grabbed her, kissed her and told her that she was beautiful and he wanted to have sex with her. Onslow County Sheriff's Office advised the aforementioned incident met the elements of a simple assault; however, the statute of limitations concerning that crime have expired.	
238	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	O-4	Male				US Civilian	Female	Q3	Subject Deceased or Deserted																Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where Marine Subject tried to take off her panties while the Civilian Victim was holding on the sides of her panties through her dress to keep Subject from pulling them off. Subject "suddenly jammed his hand up her crotch and his fingers went inside her vagina." Subject was arrested for a violation of California Penal Code (PC) 261(a)(1) (Sexual penetration with foreign object with force). USMC Subject was released on bond. Albuquerque Police Department conducted a search of the area and discovered Subject remains with an apparent single gunshot wound to the head.	
239	Art 120: Rape	UNKNOWN		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-7	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																	Unknown location where Marine Victim reported she was sexually assaulted by an unknown Subject. Victim advised she did not wish to participate in an investigation nor provide additional details surrounding the allegations. USMC Victim executed a victim preference statement. Due to the lack of any other pertinent information regarding time, place, or suspect in the assault, the investigation is closed.	
240	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-1	Male	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																Victim	Off-base offense where Marine Victim related an unknown male Subject performed oral sex on Victim against his will. San Diego Police Department (SDPD) assumed jurisdiction. SDPD reported USMC Victim did not want to participate in the investigation. SDPD closed their case.	
241	Art 120: Aggravated Sexual Assault	CONUS	Navy	Unknown	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																	Off-base offense where Marine Victim told a physician she had been sexually assaulted. Victim stated she was not ready to assist in the investigation. No Subject was identified.	
242	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	Unknown	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Victim	On-base offense involving alcohol where a witness related Marine Victim told him the first or second weekend aboard Camp Hansen, she was raped by two Marines. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement. The investigation was closed due to the inability to identify any subjects.	
243A	Art 120: Rape	CONUS	Marines	Unknown	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q3	Unknown Subject																Victim	On-base offense involving alcohol where a witness related Marine Victim told him the first or second weekend aboard Camp Hansen, she was raped by two Marines. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement. The investigation was closed due to the inability to identify any subjects.	
243B	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	Unknown	Male			Marines	E-5	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	On-base offense where the Marine Victim was sexually assaulted by an unidentified male drill instructor. Victim provided a Victim Preference Statement (VPS), and indicated she was unwilling to provide details of the alleged offense.	
244	Art 120: Rape	Iraq		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	O-4	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	On-base offense where while at a sexual assault training Marine Victim advised she had been sexually assaulted in 2004, while deployed in Iraq. Victim was reluctant to provide any further information. Victim was provided a Victim Preference Statement, and advised that she did not want this sexual assault to be investigated and declined to participate in this investigation. No Subject was identified.	
245	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-2	Male	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Nonjudicial Punishment	Assault Art. 128	Art 15 Punishment Imposed		Assault Art. 128		YES	YES		YES								On-base offense where Marine Subject walked up to Marine Victim and subsequently slapped Victim's penis over Victim's clothing with his hand. Victim related another incident occurred when Subject allegedly rubbed his hand across Victim's face and subsequently slapped Victim on the buttocks. Subject was subject to nonjudicial punishment imposed by Commanding Officer for violation of three specifications of Article 128 (Assault), of the Uniform Code of Military Justice. Subject was awarded reduction in grade to E-2, forfeiture of \$1,786.00, and restriction for (45) days. However, the reduction in grade, restriction and forfeiture of \$893.00 were suspended.	
246	Art 120: Rape	CONUS		US Civilian	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	Off-base offense where Civilian Subject pinned Marine Victim down with her head against the headboard and his arm across her neck. Civilian Subject then pushed Victim's pants/shorts to the side and penetrated her vagina with his penis against her will. San Diego Sheriff's Office (SDSO) assumed investigative jurisdiction. SDSO closed their investigation based on the lack of evidence.	
247	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	Afghanistan		Foreign National	Male			Marines	E-4	Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Not Subject to UCMJ																	On-base offense where Foreign National Civilian Subject grabbed Marine Victim's arms from behind and pushed her body up against her back in a sexual manner. Subject received a debasement letter banning him from all United States installations in the Afghanistan Combined Joint Operations Area (CJOA).	
248A	Art 120: Rape	Afghanistan		Foreign National	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	On-base offense where Marine Victim was punched and knocked unconscious and when she awoke, she was in an empty room and her hands were bound to a bed by duct tape, and her mouth was also taped shut by duct tape. Victim further stated one of the Georgian servicemen (Unknown Subject#1) held the barrel of a gun to Victim's temple, while the other male (Unknown Subject#2) lifted Victim's legs to her chest and inserted his penis into her vagina. Victim then stated in the report the Georgian servicemen then switched positions and the Subject#2 inserted his penis into her vagina. Command added due to inconsistently identified suspects, evidence with no viable leads, and persons described by Victim not under U.S. jurisdiction for prosecution no further action be taken.	
248B	Art 120: Rape	Afghanistan		Foreign National	Male			Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	On-base offense where Marine Victim was punched and knocked unconscious and when she awoke, she was in an empty room and her hands were bound to a bed by duct tape, and her mouth was also taped shut by duct tape. Victim further stated one of the Georgian servicemen (Unknown Subject#1) held the barrel of a gun to Victim's temple, while the other male (Unknown Subject#2) lifted Victim's legs to her chest and inserted his penis into her vagina. Victim then stated in the report the Georgian servicemen then switched positions and the Subject#2 inserted his penis into her vagina. Command added due to inconsistently identified suspects, evidence with no viable leads, and persons described by Victim not under U.S. jurisdiction for prosecution no further action be taken.	
249	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	Unknown	Unknown			Marines	O-2	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Unknown location where Marine Victim said she was sexually assaulted in Sep12 by a fellow Marine before she deployed to Afghanistan. Victim did not want to be interviewed regarding her sexual assault and elected to sign a Victim Preference Statement (VPS). No Subject was identified.	
250	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-4	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Victim said she may have been drugged and/or sexually assaulted. Victim did not know of any suspects who could have possibly sexually assaulted her. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department closed their investigation due to lack of evidence that a crime had been committed. No Subject was identified.	
251	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-6	Male	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Off-base offense where Marine Victim stated while urinating in the bathroom an unknown male Subject came up behind him and grabbed his penis. Command was advised this investigation was being closed due to the amount of time that has passed since the incident and no viable suspects or additional leads being developed.	
252	Art 120: Sexual Assault	UNKNOWN		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-2	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Unknown location where the Marine Victim initially made a restricted report about the sexual assault, but later disclosed it to the Command Investigating Officer. Victim advised she did not wish to report the sexual assault to law enforcement. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement documenting her desire not to participate in any investigation. Since Victim declined to provide any details regarding her sexual assault and no witnesses have come forward with any additional information, this investigation is closed. No Subject was identified.	

FY13 Service Member Sexual Assault Synopses Report: USMC																Punishments							Administrative Actions							
No.	Offense Alleged/ Investigated	Location	Subject Service	Subject Grade	Subject Gender	Subject: Prior Investigation for Sex Assault?	Subject: Moral Waiver Accession?	Victim Service	Victim Grade	Victim Gender	Quarter Disposition Completed	Case Disposition	Most Serious Offense Charged	Court Case or Article 15 Outcome	Reason Charges Dismissed at Art 32 Hearing, if applicable.	Most Serious Offense Convicted	Confinement (Court Only)	Fines and Forfeitures	Reduction in Rank	Court-Martial Discharge	Restriction	Hard Labor	Extra Duty	Correctional Custody (NJP Only)	Adverse Administrative Action Type	Administrative Discharge Type	Must Register as Sex Offender	Alcohol Use	Narrative of the Crime	
253	Art 120: Sexual Assault	OCONUS		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-3	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	On-base offense where the Marine Victim disclosed to her Command that she had been sexually assaulted approximately six (6) months prior. Victim stated she did not wish to participate in any investigation as she just wanted to 'move past it'. Victim signed a Victim Preference Statement and stated she did not desire to share any details as to the alleged assault, this investigation is closed. No Subject was identified.	
254	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-5	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Off-base offense where the Marine Victim was with three civilian males (NFI) at a residence and one of the males touched Victim against her wishes. Victim did not want to disclose details, nor did she want an investigation to be conducted. Due to Victim's unwillingness to provide further details at this time, this investigation is closed. No Subject was identified.	
255	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	CONUS	Marines	Unknown	Male			Marines	E-1	Male	Q4	Unknown Subject																	On-base offense where an Marine unidentified male Recruit spanked and squeezed Marine/Victim's buttocks while standing in formation. Command attempted to identify the subject via a line-up of all Recruits. Victim could not identify the subject.	
256	Art 80: Attempts to Commit Offenses	CONUS		Unknown	Male			Marines	E-2	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	Off-base offense where Marine Victim stated while she was leaving an unnamed "club", she was offered a ride home from an unknown male Subject. During the trip back to the base, the unknown male attempted to sexually assault her in his vehicle. Victim refused to cooperate or provide information to local law enforcement. Victim advised she had no desire to participate in any criminal investigation or judicial action pertaining to her sexual assault. No Subject was identified.	
257	Art 120: Abusive Sexual Contact	Afghanistan	Marines	E-3	Male			Marines	E-3	Male	Q4	Non-Sexual Assault Offense: Adverse Administrative Actions													LOC				On-base offense where Marine Subject got on top of the dogpile and inserted one of his fingers, over clothing, into Marine Victim's anus. Subject received a 6105 counseling for his assault of Victim. SJA further advised no further action would be taken against Subject in regards to the incident.	
258	Art 120: Rape	Afghanistan		Unknown	Unknown			Marines	E-6	Female	Q4	Unknown Subject																	On base offense where the Marine Victim stated she was raped, but could not remember the month, day, or time of the day the incident occurred. Victim was unable to tell the name, the armed service, the rate or rank, nor the race or ethnic background of the perpetrator because it was dark in the room he dragged her into and he was wearing an issued winter mask. Victim signed a Victim's Preference Waiver indicating she was not interested in pursuing the investigation. SJA stated that further investigation and the possibility of prosecution given the scarce identifying information of the perpetrator and the victim's decision to not participate further, was not viable.	
259	Art 120: Sexual Assault	CONUS	Marines	E-5	Male			US Civilian		Female	Q4	Civilian or Foreign Prosecution of Person Subject to UCMJ																Both Victim and Subject	Off-base offense involving alcohol where the Marine Subject was arrested by the San Diego Police Department (SDPD) and booked into San Diego County Jail for Sexual Assault and Burglary at an off base residence. SJA indicated Subject would be separated from the Marine Corps.	